

## Appendix F:

## MPE Calculation

OET Bulletin No. 65, Supplement C 01-01

### 47 CFR §§1.1307, 2.1091 and RSS-102

Radio frequency radiation exposure evaluation: mobile devices.

For purposes of these requirements mobile devices are defined by the FCC and Industry Canada as transmitters designed to be used in other than fixed locations and to generally be used in such a way that a separation distance of at least 20 centimeters is normally maintained between radiating structures and the body of the user or nearby persons. These devices are normally evaluated for exposure potential with relation to the MPE limits. As the 20cm separation specified under FCC and Industry Canada rules may not be achievable under normal operation of the EUT, an RF exposure calculation is needed to show the minimum distance required to be less than  $0.6\text{mW}/\text{cm}^2$  ( $60\text{W}/\text{m}^2$  for Industry Canada) power density limit, as required under FCC and IC rules

### Prediction of MPE limit at a given distance

Equation from page 20 of OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01

$$S = \frac{1.64ERP}{4\pi R^2} \text{ re - arranged } R = \sqrt{\frac{1.64ERP}{S4\pi}}$$

where:

S = power density

R = distance to the centre of radiation of the antenna

ERP = EUT Maximum power

Result

Prediction Frequency (MHz)	Maximum ERP (mW)	Power density limit (S) ( $\text{mW}/\text{cm}^2$ )	Distance (R) cm required to be less than $0.6\text{mW}/\text{cm}^2$
915.8	0.22	0.61	0.22