DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 19.06.2023

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1060

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5750 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 4.53$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 35.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz; $\sigma = 4.60$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 35.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz; $\sigma = 4.67$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 35.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz; $\sigma = 4.89$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 35.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 4.97$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 35.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz; $\sigma = 5.08$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 35.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz; $\sigma = 5.11$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 35.0$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(5.8, 5.8, 5.8) @ 5200 MHz, ConvF(5.5, 5.5, 5.5) @ 5250 MHz, ConvF(5.49, 5.49, 5.49) @ 5300 MHz, ConvF(5.25, 5.25, 5.25) @ 5500 MHz, ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) @ 5600 MHz, ConvF(5.08, 5.08, 5.08) @ 5750 MHz, ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01) @ 5800 MHz; Calibrated: 07.03.2023
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 19.12.2022
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 76.08 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.3 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.92 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.27 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 6.9 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 70.9% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.0 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 75.90 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.7 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.98 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.29 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 71.8% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.0 W/kg

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Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 76.02 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.5 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.24 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.35 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 6.8 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 70.8% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.8 W/kg

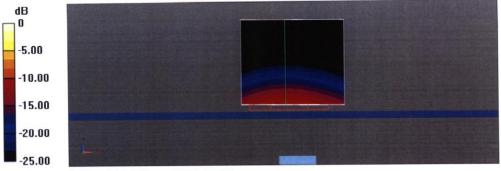
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 75.86 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.2 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.56 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.42 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 67.3% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.1 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 76.37 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.3 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.38 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 68.5% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.6 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 73.46 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.9 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.28 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 66.6% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.3 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 74.09 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.5 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.22 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.32 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 66.5% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.6 W/kg

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1060_Jun23

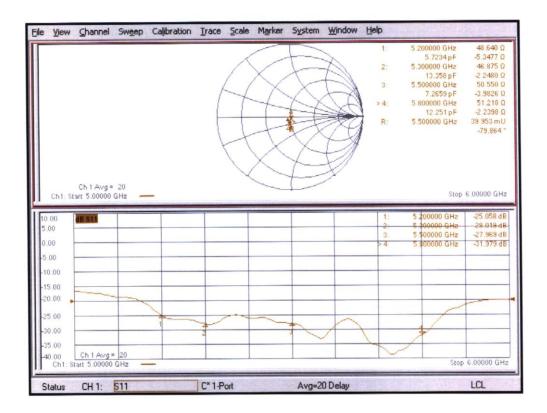


0 dB = 20.1 W/kg = 13.03 dBW/kg

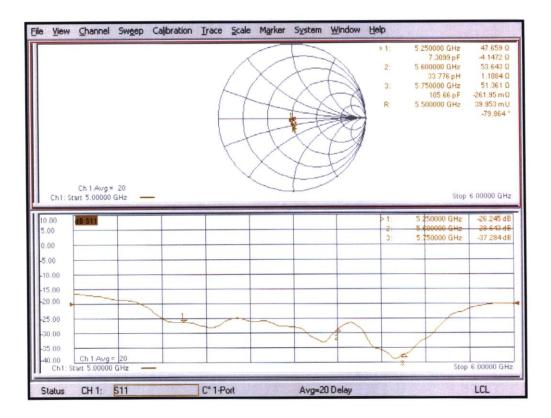
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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL (5200, 5300, 5500, 5800 MHz)



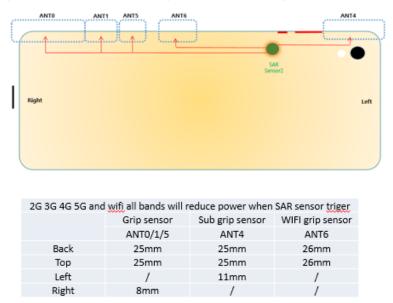
Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL (5250, 5600, 5750 MHz)



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ANNEX I Sensor Triggering Data Summary

The SAR sensor is connected to each antenna through a hardware circuit, so it obtains the antenna induction signal by itself, and the detection position is the sensor position. as the picture shows:



Per FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04v01r02, this device was tested by the manufacturer to determine the proximity sensor triggering distances for the rear and bottom edge of the device. The measured output power within \pm 5mm of the triggering points (or until touching the phantom) is included for rear and each applicable edge.

To ensure all production units are compliant it is necessary to test SAR at a distance 1mm less than the smallest distance from the device and SAR phantom (determined from these triggering tests according to the KDB 616217 D04v01r02) with the device at maximum output power without power reduction. These SAR tests are included in addition to the SAR tests for the device touching the SAR phantom, with reduced power.

ANT0/1/5:

Rear Edge

Moving device toward the phantom:

			senso	or near or	far(KDB 6	616217 6.2	2.6)				
Distance [mm]	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20
Main antenna	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near
Moving devi	ce away	from the	e phanto	om:							
			senso	or near or	far(KDB 6	616217 6.2	2.6)				
Distance [mm]	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Main antenna	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far
Top Edge											
Moving devi	ce towa	rd the ph	nantom:								
			senso	or near or	far(KDB 6	616217 6.2	2.6)	_	_	_	
Distance [mm]	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20
Main antenna	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near
Moving devi	ce away	from the	e phanto	om:							
			senso	or near or	far(KDB 6	616217 6.2	2.6)				
Distance [mm]	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Main antenna	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far
Right Edge											
Moving devi	ce towa	rd the ph	nantom:								
			senso	or near or	far(KDB 6	616217 6.2	2.6)				
Distance [mm]	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3
Main antenna	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near
Moving devi	ce away	from the	e phanto	om:							
			senso	or near or	far(KDB 6	516217 6.2	2.6)				
Distance [mm]	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Main antenna	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far

ANT4:

Rear Edge

Moving device toward the phantom:

			senso	or near or	far(KDB 6	516217 6.2	2.6)				
Distance [mm]	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20
Main antenna	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near
Moving dev	ice away	from the	e phanto	om:							
			senso	or near or	far(KDB 6	516217 6.2	2.6)				
Distance [mm]	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Main antenna	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far
Top Edge											
Moving dev	ice towa	rd the ph	antom:								
			senso	or near or	far(KDB 6	616217 6.2	2.6)				
Distance [mm]	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20
Main antenna	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near
Moving dev	ice away	from the	e phanto	om:							
			senso	or near or	far(KDB 6	616217 6.2	2.6)				
Distance [mm]	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Main antenna	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far
Left Edge											
Moving dev	ice towa	rd the ph	antom:								
	1	r	senso	or near or	far(KDB 6	616217 6.2	2.6)	1	1	r	[
Distance [mm]	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6
Main antenna	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near
Moving dev	ice away	from the	e phanto	om:							
			senso	or near or	far(KDB 6	516217 6.2	2.6)				
Distance [mm]	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Main antenna	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far

ANT6:

Rear Edge

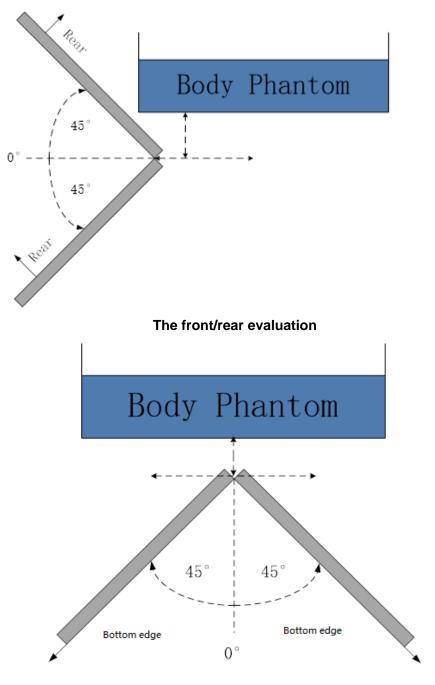
Moving device toward the phantom:

			senso	or near or	far(KDB 6	16217 6.2	2.6)				
Distance [mm]	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20
Main antenna	Far	Far	Far	Far	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near
Moving devi	ce away	from the	e phanto	m:							
			senso	or near or	far(KDB 6	616217 6.2	2.6)				
Distance [mm]	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Main antenna	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Far	Far	Far	Far
Top Edge											
Moving device	ce towar	rd the ph	antom:								
			senso	or near or	far(KDB 6	616217 6.2	2.6)				
Distance [mm]	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20
Main antenna	Far	Far	Far	Far	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near

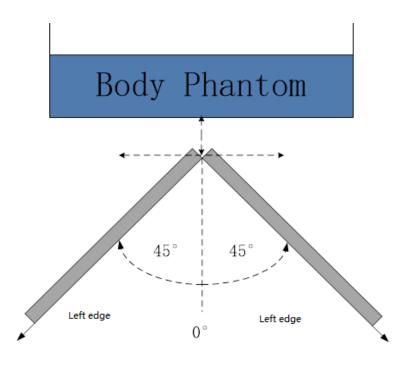
Moving device away from the phantom:

sensor near or far(KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm]	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Main antenna	Near	Far	Far	Far	Far						

Per FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04v01r02, the influence of table tilt angles to proximity sensor triggering is determined by positioning each edge that contains a transmitting antenna, perpendicular to the flat phantom, at the smallest sensor triggering test distance by rotating the device around the edge next to the phantom in $\leq 10^{\circ}$ increments until the tablet is $\pm 45^{\circ}$ or more from the vertical position at 0°.



The top/bottom edge evaluation



The right edge evaluation

Based on the above evaluation, we come to the conclusion that the sensor triggering is not released and normal maximum output power is not restored within the $\pm 45^{\circ}$ range at the smallest sensor triggering test distance declared by manufacturer.

ANNEX J Accreditation Certificate





Accredited Laboratory

A2LA has accredited

TELECOMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY LABS, CAICT

Beijing, People's Republic of China

for technical competence in the field of

Electrical Testing

This laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognized International Standard ISO/IEC 17025:2017 General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories. This accreditation demonstrates technical competence for a defined scope and the operation of a laboratory quality management system (refer to joint ISO-ILAC-IAF Communiqué dated April 2017).



Presented this 26th day of June 2023.

Mr. Trace McInturff, Vice President, Accreditation Services For the Accreditation Council Certificate Number 7049.01 Valid to July 31, 2024

For the tests to which this accreditation applies, please refer to the laboratory's Electrical Scope of Accreditation.