ANNEX A GRAPH RESULTS

GSM850 Body 5mm ANT0

Date: 2023/8/2

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 848.8 MHz; $\sigma = 0.884 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 42.627$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM850 3TX (0) Frequency: 848.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:2.66993

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(9.84, 8.48, 8.98)

Area Scan (161x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

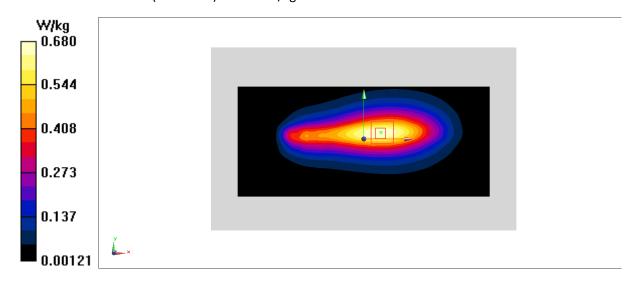
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.680 W/kg

Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 27.95 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.766 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.497 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.327 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.668 W/kg



GSM1900 Body 0mm ANT0

Date: 2023/8/4

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.459 S/m; ϵ_r = 40.915; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz GPRS-2 (0) Frequency: 1909.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:4.00037

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(8.34, 7.75, 7.97)

Area Scan (181x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

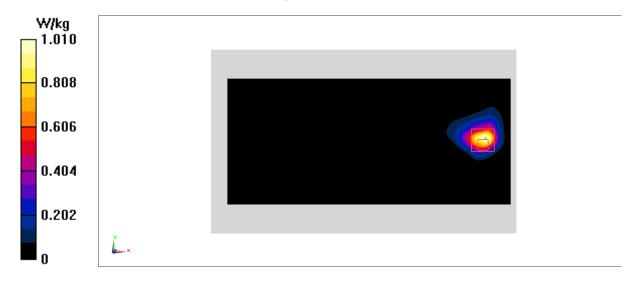
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.01 W/kg

Zoom Scan (6x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.963 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.30 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.673 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.262 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.56 W/kg



WCDMA1900 Body 20mm ANT0

Date: 2023/8/4

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.442 S/m; ϵ r = 40.953; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: WCDMA 1900 (0) Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(8.34, 7.75, 7.97)

Area Scan (181x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

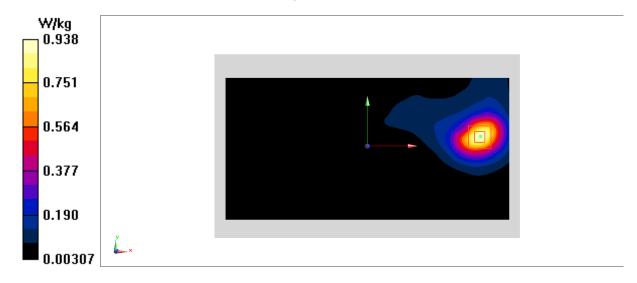
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.938 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.688 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.09 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.643 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.368 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.923 W/kg



WCDMA1700 Body 0mm ANT0

Date: 2023/7/29

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1712.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1.389$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 41.254$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: WCDMA1700(B4) (0) Frequency: 1712.4 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(8.43, 7.84, 8.08)

Area Scan (131x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

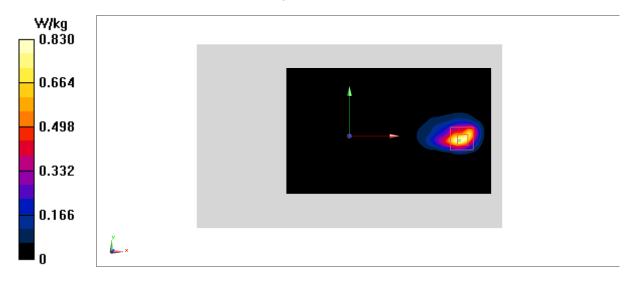
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.830 W/kg

Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.251 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.90 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.622 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.238 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.39 W/kg



WCDMA850 Body 0mm ANT0

Date: 2023/8/2

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.879$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 42.694$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: WCDMA850(B5) (0) Frequency: 836.6 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(9.84, 8.48, 8.98)

Area Scan (181x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

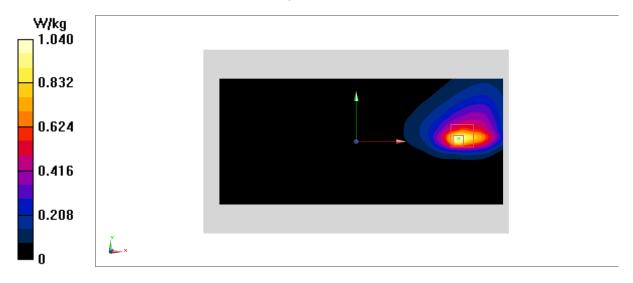
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.04 W/kg

Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.589 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.13 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.540 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.315 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.809 W/kg



LTE Band2 Body 0mm ANT0

Date: 2023/8/4

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.453 S/m; ϵ r = 40.93; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: LTE Band2(20MB) (0) Frequency: 1900 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(8.34, 7.75, 7.97)

Area Scan (191x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

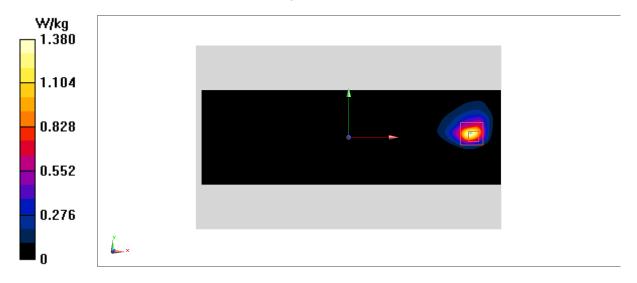
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.38 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.5700 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.24 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.483 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.209 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.887 W/kg



LTE Band4 Body 0mm ANT0

Date: 2023/7/29

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 1745 MHz; σ = 1.409 S/m; ϵ r = 41.215; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: LTE Band4 (0) Frequency: 1745 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(8.43, 7.84, 8.08)

Area Scan (191x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

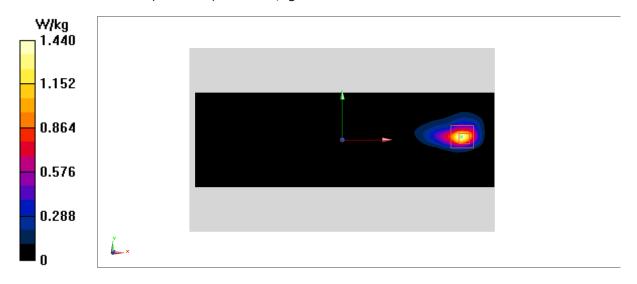
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.44 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.1020 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.31 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.552 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.245 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.935 W/kg



LTE Band4 Body 10mm ANT4

Date: 2023/7/29

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1732.5 MHz; $\sigma = 1.402$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 41.225$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: LTE Band4 (0) Frequency: 1732.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(8.43, 7.84, 8.08)

Area Scan (101x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

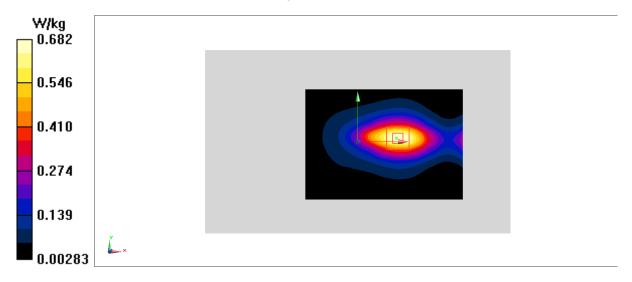
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.682 W/kg

Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.96 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.779 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.470 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.282 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.669 W/kg



LTE Band7 Body 0mm ANT1

Date: 2023/7/26

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; σ = 1.97 S/m; ϵ r = 40.71; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: LTE Band7 (0) Frequency: 2535 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7548 ConvF(7.32, 7.32, 7.32)

Area Scan (101x171x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

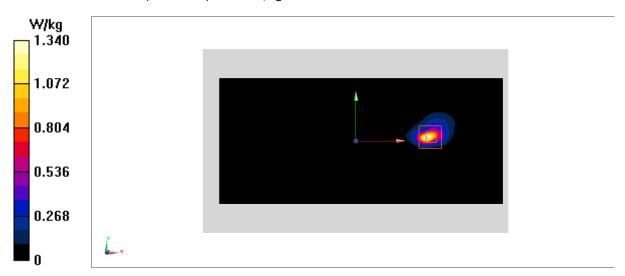
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.34 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.563 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.55 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.559 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.207 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.06 W/kg



LTE Band7 Body 19mm ANT4

Date: 2023/7/26

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; σ = 1.97 S/m; ϵ r = 40.71; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: LTE Band7 (0) Frequency: 2535 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7548 ConvF(7.32, 7.32, 7.32)

Area Scan (101x171x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

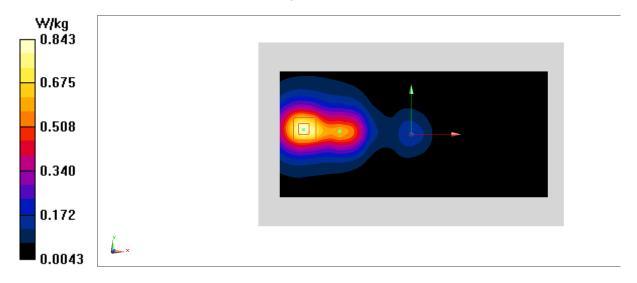
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.833 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.945 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.03 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.548 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.295 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.843 W/kg



LTE Band12 Body 0mm ANT0

Date: 2023/7/17

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 705 MHz; σ = 0.879 S/m; ϵ r = 43.352; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: LTE Band12 (0) Frequency: 707.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(9.39, 8.81, 9.17)

Area Scan (191x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

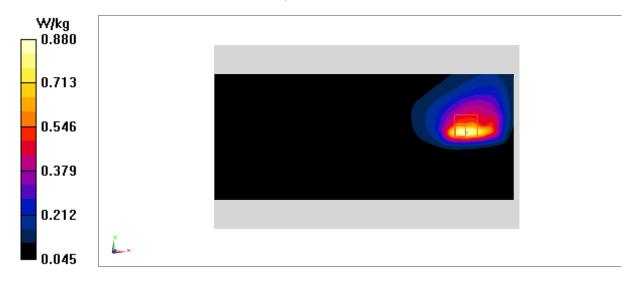
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.880 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.125 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.78 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.607 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.337 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.24 W/kg



LTE Band13 Body 0mm ANT0

Date: 2023/7/17

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 780 MHz; σ = 0.907 S/m; ϵ r = 43.024; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: LTE Band13 (0) Frequency: 782 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(9.39, 8.81, 9.17)

Area Scan (191x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

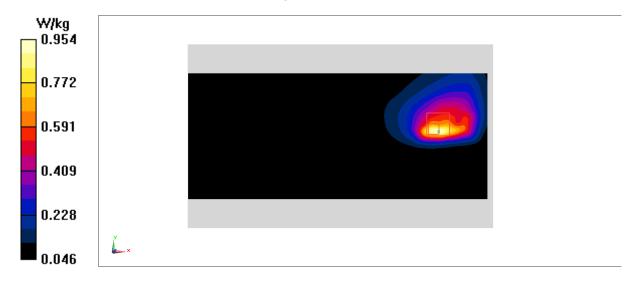
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.954 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.093 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.82 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.658 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.370 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.29 W/kg



LTE Band26 Body 0mm ANT0

Date: 2023/8/2

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 830 MHz; σ = 0.875 S/m; ϵ r = 42.763; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: LTE Band26 (0) Frequency: 831.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(9.84, 8.48, 8.98)

Area Scan (191x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

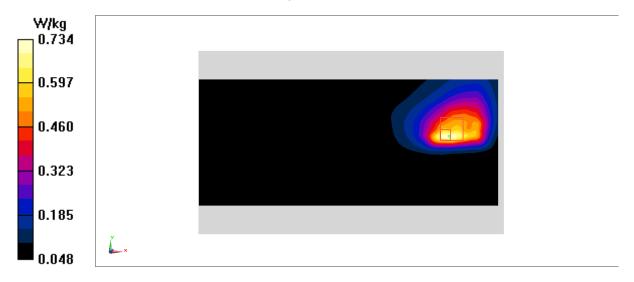
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.734 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.097 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.21 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.534 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.331 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.864 W/kg



LTE Band38 Body 20mm ANT1

Date: 2023/7/26

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 2595 MHz; σ = 2.024 S/m; ϵ r = 40.61; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: LTE Band38 20M (0) Frequency: 2595 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1.5787

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7548 ConvF(7.12, 7.12, 7.12)

Area Scan (101x171x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

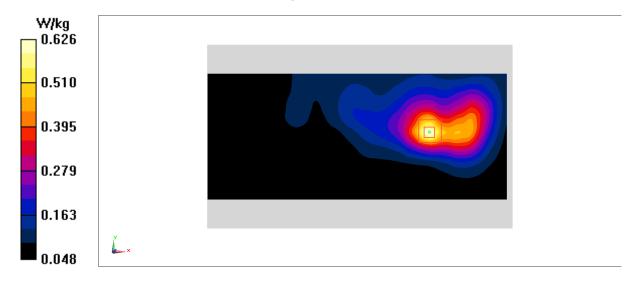
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.626 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.332 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.818 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.437 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.256 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.663 W/kg



LTE Band38 Body 19mm ANT4

Date: 2023/7/26

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 2610 MHz; σ = 2.035 S/m; ϵ r = 40.59; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3oC Liquid Temperature: 22.5oC

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band38 20M (0) Frequency: 2610 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1.5787

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7548 ConvF(7.12, 7.12, 7.12)

Area Scan (101x171x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

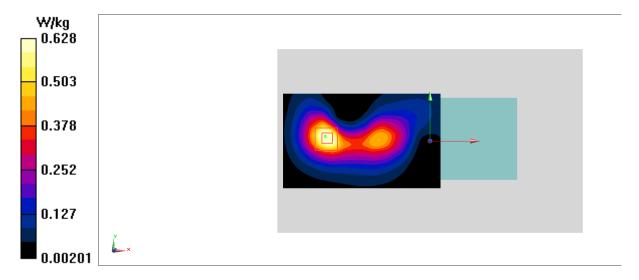
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.668 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.180 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.801 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.405 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.208 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.628 W/kg



LTE Band41 Body 0mm ANT1

Date: 2023/7/26

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 2550 MHz; σ = 1.983 S/m; ϵ r = 40.659; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3oC Liquid Temperature: 22.5oC

Communication System: LTE Band41 PC2 (0) Frequency: 2549.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1.5787

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7548 ConvF(7.32, 7.32, 7.32)

Area Scan (101x171x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

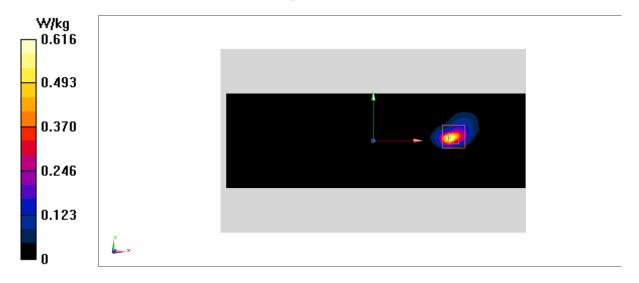
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.616 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.981 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.763 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.259 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.093 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.471 W/kg



LTE Band41 Body 0mm ANT4

Date: 2023/7/26

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2593 MHz; $\sigma = 2.024$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 40.61$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3oC Liquid Temperature: 22.5oC

Communication System: LTE Band41 PC2 (0) Frequency: 2593 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1.5787

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7548 ConvF(7.12, 7.12, 7.12)

Area Scan (101x171x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

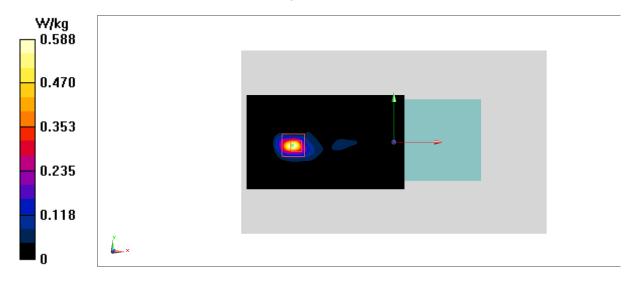
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.588 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.012 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.858 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.309 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.116 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.570 W/kg



LTE Band66 Body 0mm ANT0

Date: 2023/8/14

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 1770 MHz; σ = 1.414 S/m; ϵ r = 40.328; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: LTE Band66 (0) Frequency: 1770 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(8.43, 7.84, 8.08)

Area Scan (191x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

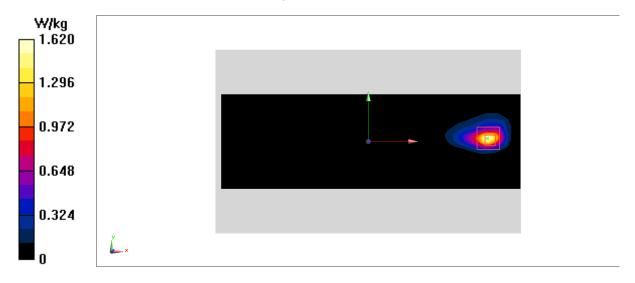
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.62 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.6000 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.45 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.605 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.265 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.03 W/kg



LTE Band66 Body 10mm ANT4

Date: 2023/8/14

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 1745 MHz; σ = 1.395 S/m; ϵ r = 40.366; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: LTE Band66 (0) Frequency: 1745 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(8.43, 7.84, 8.08)

Area Scan (181x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

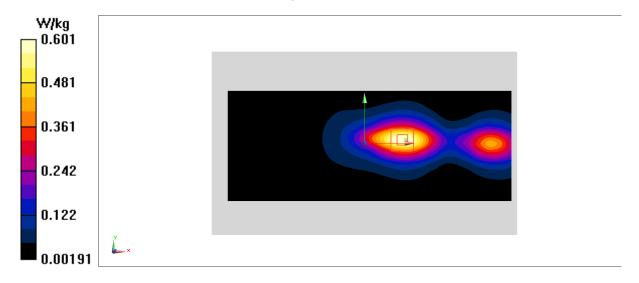
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.601 W/kg

Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.85 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.604 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.361 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.215 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.514 W/kg



N5 Body 0mm ANT0

Date: 2023/7/13

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.933$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 43.068$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, 5G N5 (0) Frequency: 836.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7548 ConvF(10.3, 10.3, 10.3)

Area Scan (181x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

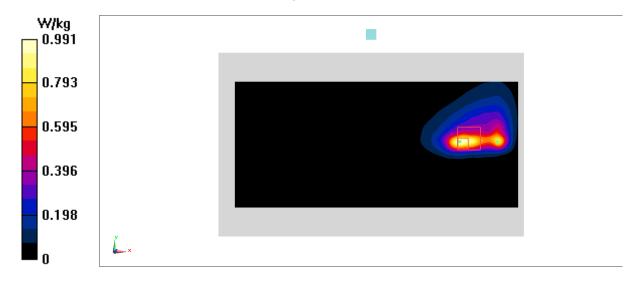
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.991 W/kg

Zoom Scan (6x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.099 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.43 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.487 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.251 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.762 W/kg



N7 Body 0mm ANT1

Date: 2023/7/26

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; σ = 1.97 S/m; ϵ r = 40.71; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3oC Liquid Temperature: 22.5oC

Communication System: UID 0, 5G N7 (0) Frequency: 2535 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7548 ConvF(7.32, 7.32, 7.32)

Area Scan (101x171x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

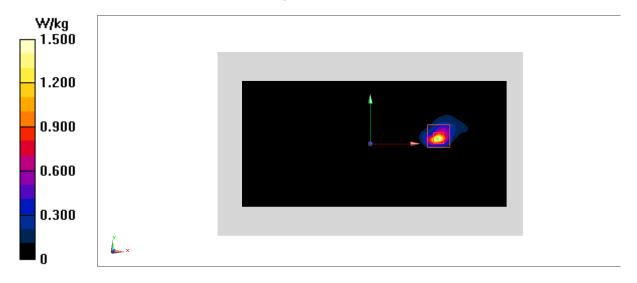
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.50 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.485 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.30 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.575 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.182 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.26 W/kg



N7 Body 0mm ANT4

Date: 2023/7/26

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; σ = 1.97 S/m; ϵ r = 40.71; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3oC Liquid Temperature: 22.5oC

Communication System: UID 0, 5G N7 (0) Frequency: 2535 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7548 ConvF(7.32, 7.32, 7.32)

Area Scan (101x171x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

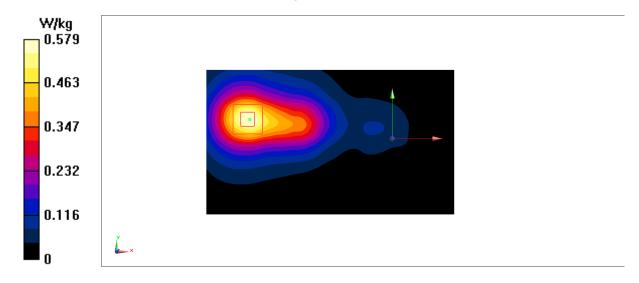
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.581 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.937 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.706 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.373 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.201 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.579 W/kg



N38 Body 0mm ANT4

Date: 2023/7/26

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 2595 MHz; σ = 2.024 S/m; ϵ r = 40.61; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: n38 (0) Frequency: 2595 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7548 ConvF(7.12, 7.12, 7.12)

Area Scan (101x171x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

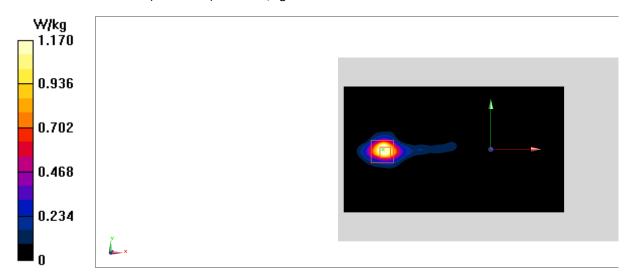
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.50 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.251 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.92 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.659 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.254 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.17 W/kg



N41 Body 0mm ANT4

Date: 2023/7/26

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2592.99 MHz; σ = 2.024 S/m; ϵ r = 40.61; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3oC Liquid Temperature: 22.5oC

Communication System: 5G N41 (0) Frequency: 2592.99 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7548 ConvF(7.12, 7.12, 7.12)

Area Scan (101x171x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

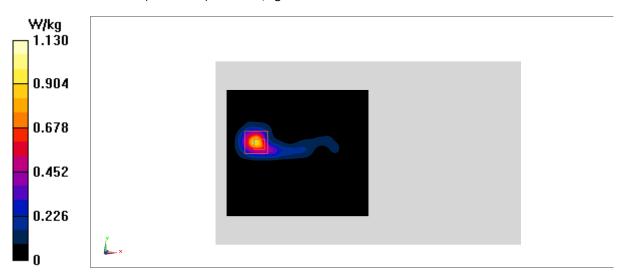
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.893 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.9190 V/m; Power Drift = 2.68 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.71 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.647 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.250 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.13 W/kg



N66 Body 0mm ANT0

Date: 2023/8/14

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 1745 MHz; σ = 1.395 S/m; ϵ r = 40.366; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: 5G N66 (0) Frequency: 1745 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(8.43, 7.84, 8.08)

Area Scan (141x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

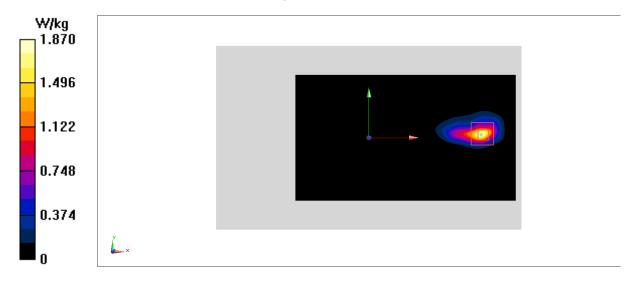
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.87 W/kg

Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.256 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.77 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.666 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.282 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.26 W/kg



N66 Body 10mm ANT4

Date: 2023/8/14

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 1745 MHz; σ = 1.374 S/m; ϵ r = 42.031; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3oC Liquid Temperature: 22.5oC

Communication System: 5G N66 (0) Frequency: 1745 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(8.43, 7.84, 8.08)

Area Scan (101x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

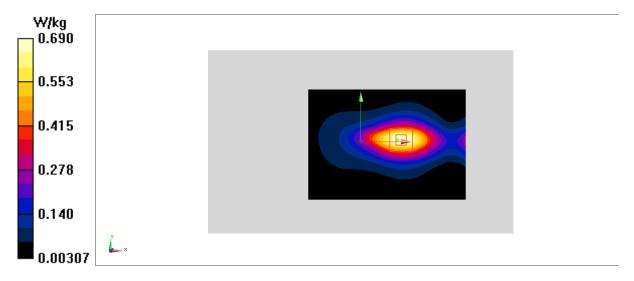
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.690 W/kg

Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.37 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.783 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.471 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.281 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.665 W/kg



N77L Body 0mm ANT5

Date: 2023/8/28

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 3500.01 MHz; $\sigma = 2.804$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 39.281$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3oC Liquid Temperature: 22.5oC

Communication System: N77 (0) Frequency: 3500.01 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:2.49977

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(6.9, 6.34, 6.53)

Area Scan (121x211x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

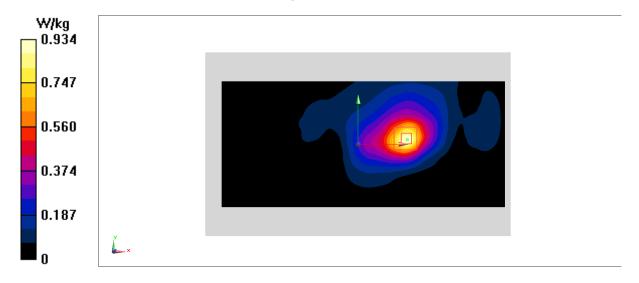
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.934 W/kg

Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 10.56 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.27 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.512 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.254 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.955 W/kg



N77H Body 0mm ANT5

Date: 2023/8/28

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 3762 MHz; $\sigma = 3.026$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 38.86$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3oC Liquid Temperature: 22.5oC Communication System: 5G (0) Frequency: 3762 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(6.74, 6.21, 6.39)

Area Scan (121x211x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

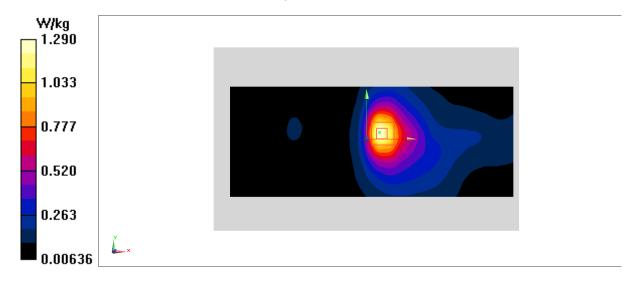
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.29 W/kg

Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 14.73 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.67 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.686 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.324 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.19 W/kg



N78L Body 0mm ANT5

Date: 2023/8/28

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 3500.01 MHz; σ = 2.804 S/m; ϵ r = 39.281; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3oC Liquid Temperature: 22.5oC

Communication System: 5G N78 (0) Frequency: 3500.01 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(6.9, 6.34, 6.53)

Area Scan (121x211x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

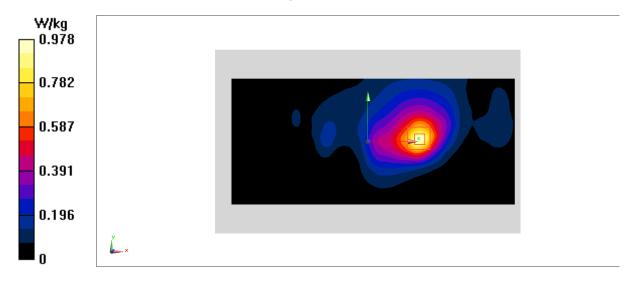
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.978 W/kg

Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 10.43 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.26 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.533 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.245 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.938 W/kg



N78H Body 19mm ANT5

Date: 2023/8/28

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 3750 MHz; σ = 3.017 S/m; ϵ r = 38.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3oC Liquid Temperature: 22.5oC

Communication System: 5G n78 (0) Frequency: 3750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(6.74, 6.21, 6.39)

Area Scan (121x211x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

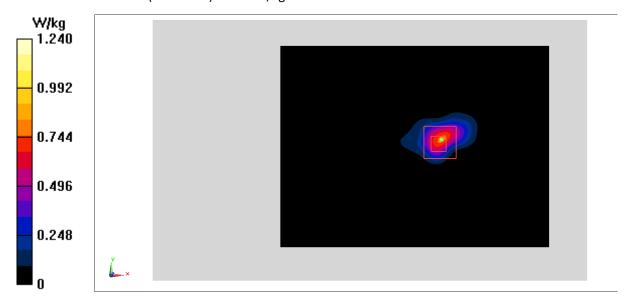
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.779 W/kg

Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 1.910 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.51 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.626 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.186 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.24 W/kg



WIFI2.4G Body 10mm ANT5

Date: 2023/8/7

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 2460 MHz; σ = 1.875 S/m; ϵ r = 40.395; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3oC Liquid Temperature: 22.5oC

Communication System: WLan 2450 (0) Frequency: 2462 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(7.75, 7.16, 7.37)

Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

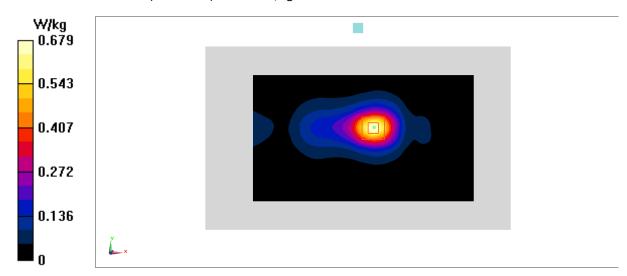
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.679 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.94 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.829 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.441 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.228 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.677 W/kg



WIFI5G Body 10mm ANT7

Date: 8/26/2023

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 5775 MHz; σ = 5.124 S/m; ϵ r = 34.118; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3oC Liquid Temperature: 22.5oC

Communication System: UID 0, WLan 11a (0) Frequency: 5775 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(5.16, 4.72, 4.83)

Area Scan (121x211x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

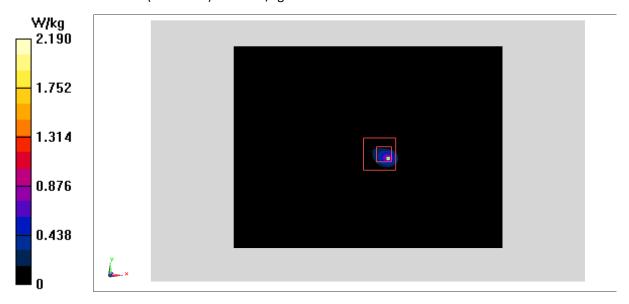
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.898 W/kg

Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 2.848 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 9.17 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.506 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.075 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.19 W/kg



BT Body 10mm ANT6

Date: 2023/8/7

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 2441 MHz; σ = 1.857 S/m; ϵ r = 40.444; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3oC Liquid Temperature: 22.5oC

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0) Frequency: 2441 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(7.75, 7.16, 7.37)

Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

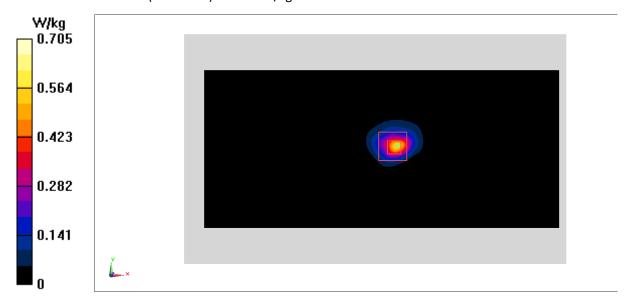
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.563 W/kg

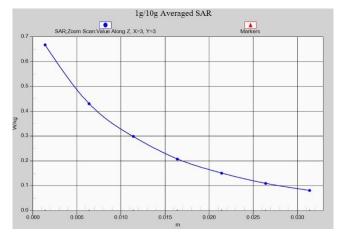
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.944 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB

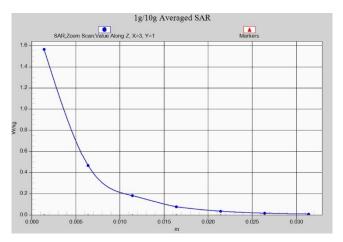
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.01 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.289 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.105 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.705 W/kg

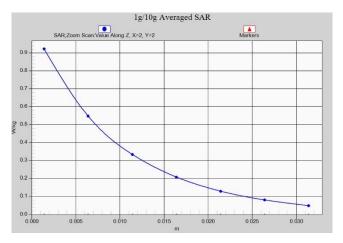




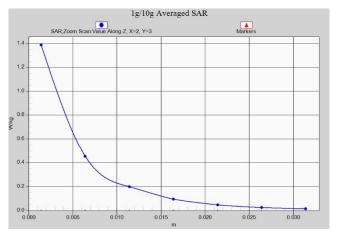
GSM850 Body 5mm ANT0



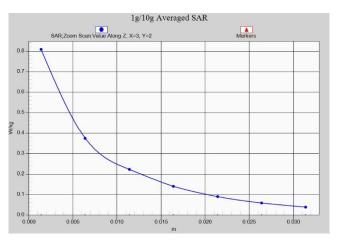
GSM1900 Body 0mm ANT0



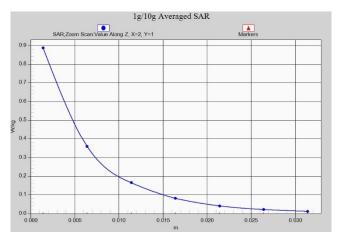
WCDMA1900 Body 20mm ANT0



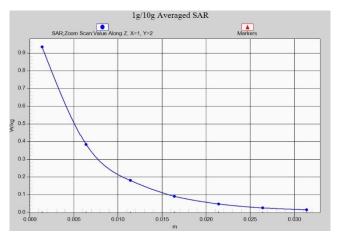
WCDMA1700 Body 0mm ANT0



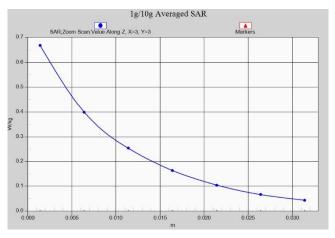
WCDMA850 Body 0mm ANT0



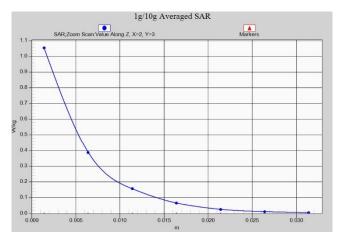
LTE Band2 Body 0mm ANT0



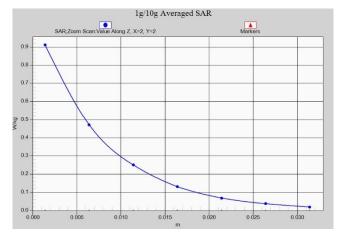
LTE Band4 Body 0mm ANT0



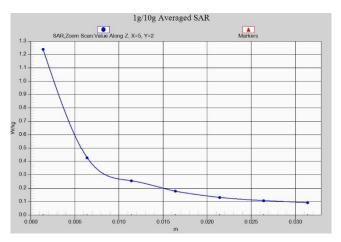
LTE Band4 Body 10mm ANT4



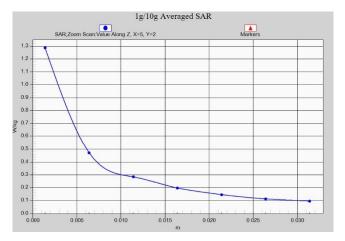
LTE Band7 Body 0mm ANT1



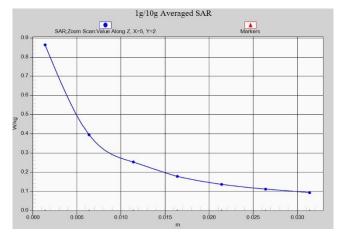
LTE Band7 Body 19mm ANT4



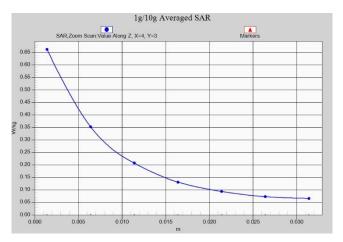
LTE Band12 Body 0mm ANT0



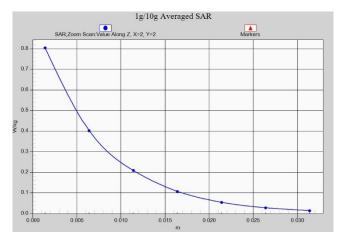
LTE Band13 Body 0mm ANT0



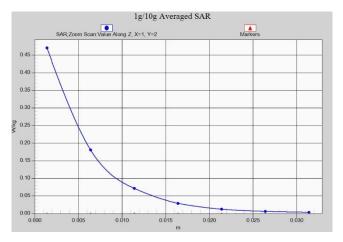
LTE Band26 Body 0mm ANT0



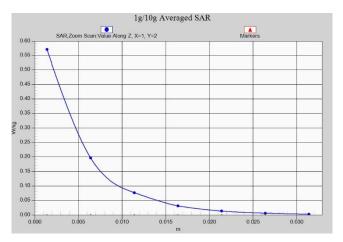
LTE Band38 Body 20mm ANT1



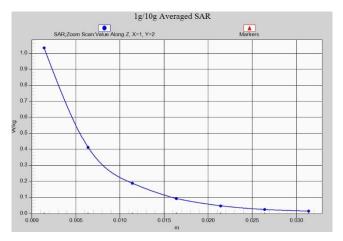
LTE Band38 Body 19mm ANT4



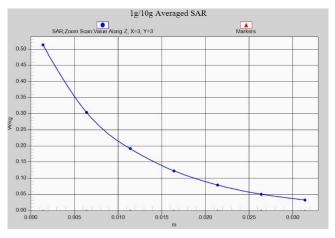
LTE Band41 Body 0mm ANT1



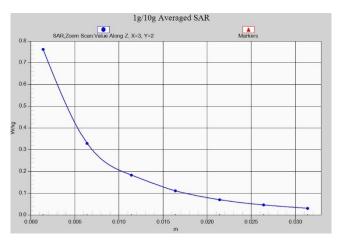
LTE Band41 Body 0mm ANT4



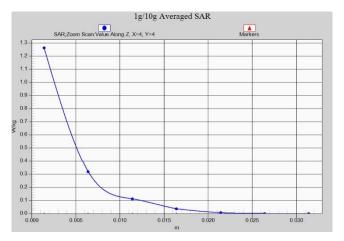
LTE Band66 Body 0mm ANT0



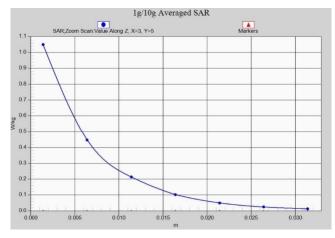
LTE Band66 Body 10mm ANT4



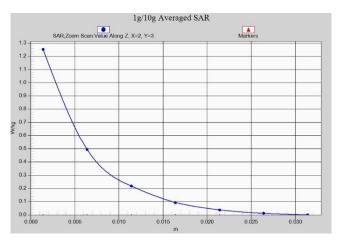
N5 Body 10mm ANT0



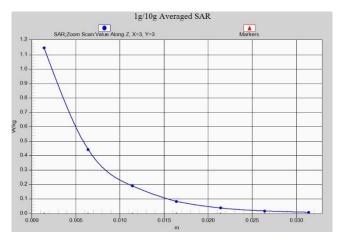
N7 Body 0mm ANT1



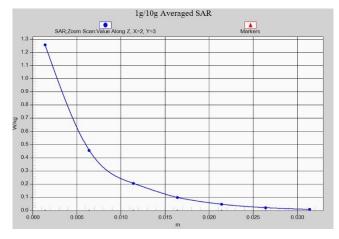
N7 Body 19mm ANT4



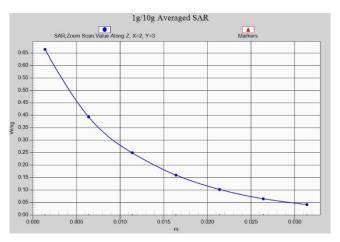
N38 Body 0mm ANT4



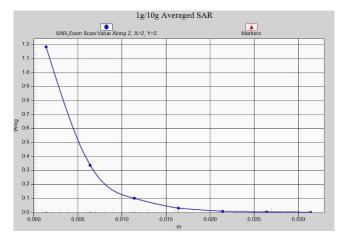
N41 Body 0mm ANT4



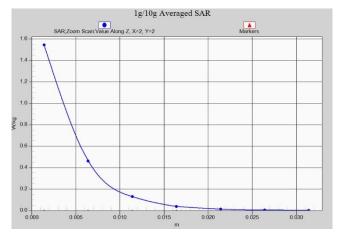
N66 Body 0mm ANT0



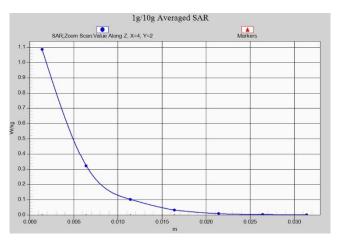
N66 Body 10mm ANT4



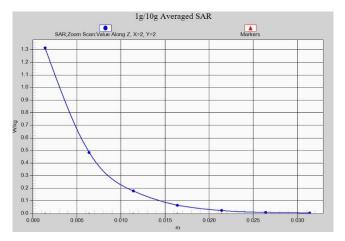
N77L Body 0mm ANT5



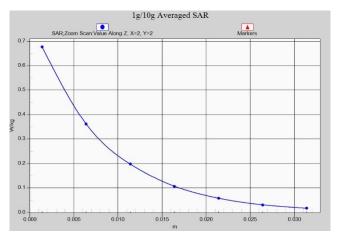
N77H Body 0mm ANT5



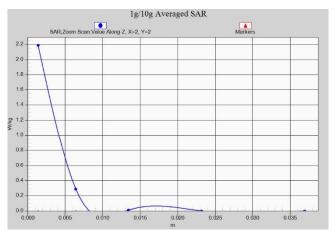
N78L Body 0mm ANT5



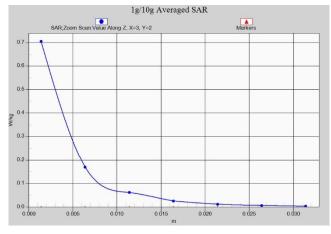
N78H Body 19mm ANT5



WIFI2.4G Body 17mm



WIFI5G Body 0mm



BT Body 0mm

ANNEX B SYSTEM VALIDATION RESULTS

750 MHz

Date: 2023/7/17

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; $\sigma = 0.896$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 43.15$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C Communication System: CW (0) Frequency: 750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(9.39, 8.81, 9.17)

Area Scan (131x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

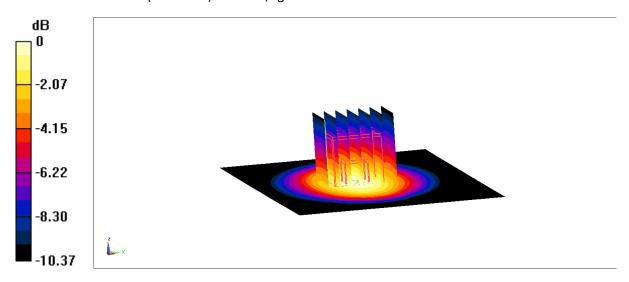
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.79 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.71 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.12 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.11 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.41 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.74 W/kg



0 dB = 2.74 W/kg = 4.38 dBW/kg

Date: 2023/8/2

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.878 S/m; ϵ r = 42.7; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C Communication System: CW (0) Frequency: 835 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(9.84, 8.48, 8.98)

Area Scan (131x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

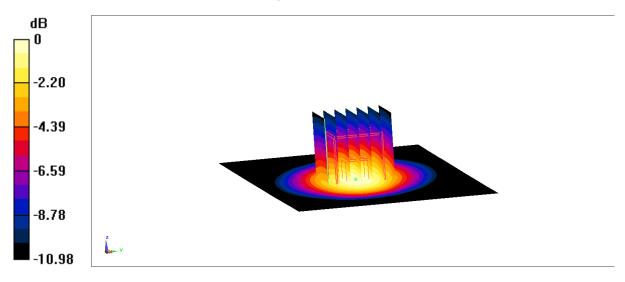
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.25 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 59.97 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.65 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.43 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.19 W/kg



0 dB = 3.19 W/kg = 5.04 dBW/kg

Date: 2023/7/13

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.932 S/m; ϵ r = 43.07; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 835 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7548 ConvF(10.3, 10.3, 10.3)

Area Scan (131x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

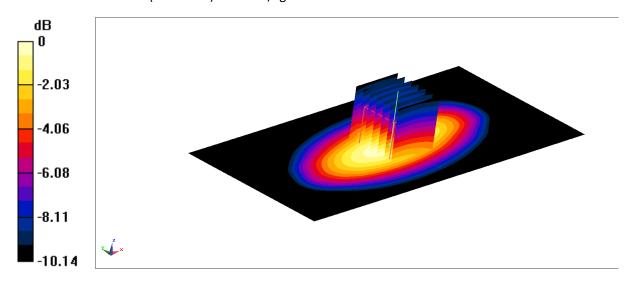
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.08 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 59.77 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.55 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.46 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.66 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.11 W/kg



0 dB = 3.11 W/kg = 4.93 dBW/kg

Date: 2023/7/29

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; σ = 1.412 S/m; ϵ r = 41.21; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW (0) Frequency: 1750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(8.43, 7.84, 8.08)

Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

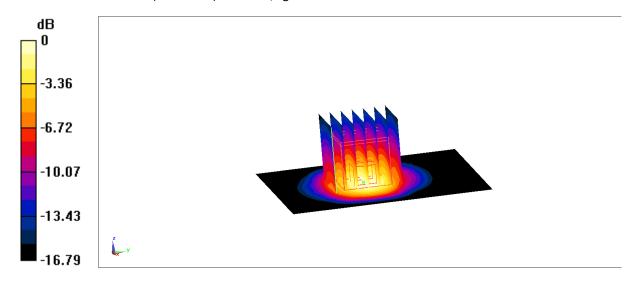
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.9 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 93.02 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.25 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.92 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.2 W/kg



0 dB = 14.2 W/kg = 11.52 dBW/kg

Date: 2023/8/14

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.398$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 40.36$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C Communication System: CW (0) Frequency: 1750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(8.43, 7.84, 8.08)

Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

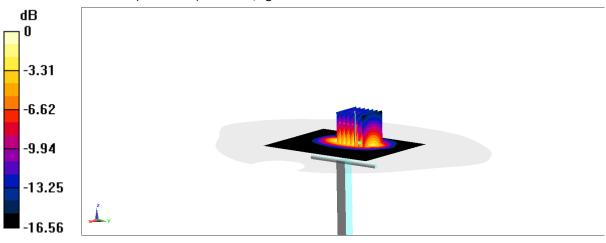
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.9 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.01 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.08 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.91 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.9 W/kg



0 dB = 12.9 W/kg = 11.11 dBW/kg

Date: 2023/8/4

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.453 S/m; ϵ r = 40.93; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C Communication System: CW (0) Frequency: 1900 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(8.34, 7.75, 7.97)

Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

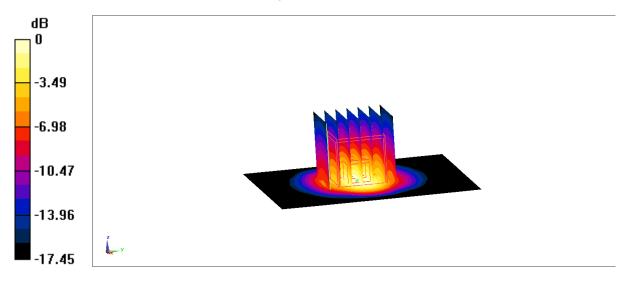
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.4 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 100.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.83 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.08 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.5 W/kg



0 dB = 15.5 W/kg = 11.90 dBW/kg

Date: 2023/8/7

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.865 S/m; ϵ r = 40.43; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C Communication System: CW (0) Frequency: 2450 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(7.75, 7.16, 7.37)

Area Scan (81x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

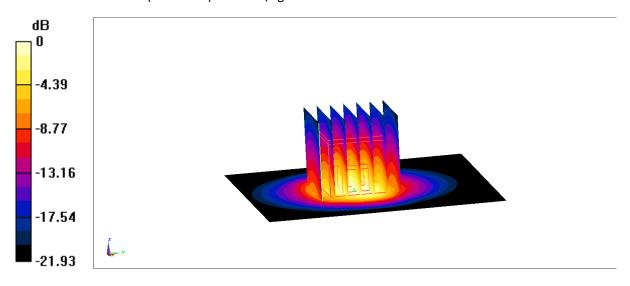
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.8 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.79 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.21 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.9 W/kg



0 dB = 21.9 W/kg = 13.40 dBW/kg

Date: 2023/7/26

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; σ = 2.028 S/m; ϵ r = 40.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW (0) Frequency: 2600 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7548 ConvF(7.12, 7.12, 7.12)

Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

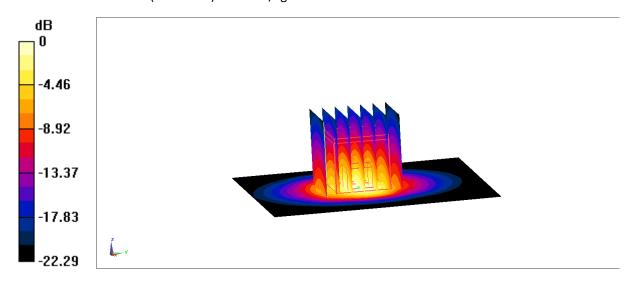
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.2 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.22 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.16 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.2 W/kg



0 dB = 23.2 W/kg = 13.65 dBW/kg

Date: 2023/8/28

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 3500 MHz; σ = 2.804 S/m; ϵ r = 39.28; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C Communication System: CW (0) Frequency: 3500 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(6.9, 6.34, 6.53)

Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.4 W/kg

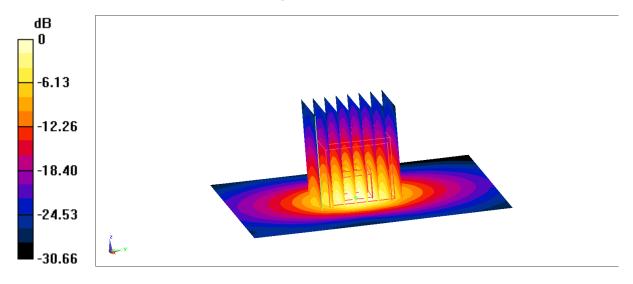
Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 67.42 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 6.53 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.48 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.1 W/kg



0 dB = 12.1 W/kg = 10.83 dBW/kg

Date: 2023/8/28

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 3700 MHz; σ = 2.983 S/m; ϵ r = 38.94; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C Communication System: CW (0) Frequency: 3700 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(6.74, 6.21, 6.39)

Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

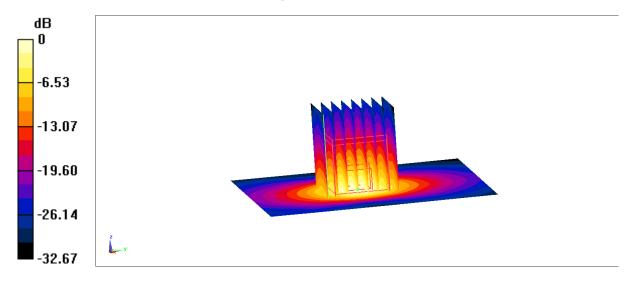
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.2 W/kg

Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 63.84 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 6.68 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.53 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.3 W/kg



0 dB = 12.3 W/kg = 10.90 dBW/kg

Date: 2023/8/28

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 3900 MHz; σ = 3.168 S/m; ϵ r = 38.62; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW (0) Frequency: 3900 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(6.67, 6.12, 6.31)

Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.9 W/kg

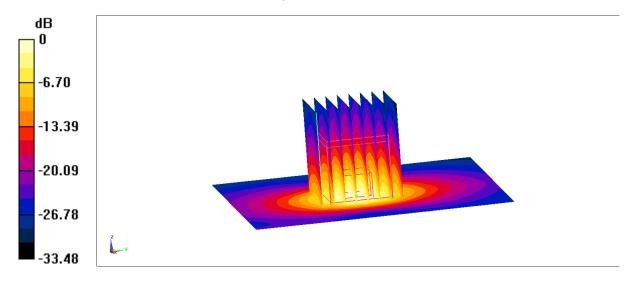
Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 64.05 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 6.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.42 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.4 W/kg



0 dB = 12.4 W/kg = 10.93 dBW/kg

Date: 2023/8/28

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 4200 MHz; σ = 3.466 S/m; ϵ r = 38.15; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 4200 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(6.71, 6.12, 6.35)

Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.2 W/kg

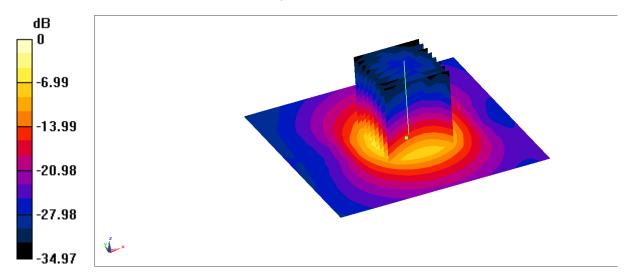
Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 62.41 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 6.52 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.18 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.1 W/kg



0 dB = 13.1 W/kg = 11.17 dBW/kg

Date: 2023/8/26

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz; σ = 4.561 S/m; ϵ r = 35.07; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C Communication System: CW (0) Frequency: 5250 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7517 ConvF(5.83, 5.28, 5.47)

Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

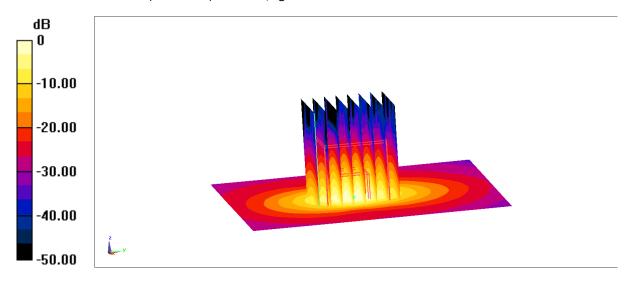
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.8 W/kg

Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 67.88 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.02 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.36 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.5 W/kg



0 dB = 18.5 W/kg = 12.67 dBW/kg

Date: 2023/8/26

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; σ = 4.931 S/m; ϵ r = 34.39; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW (0) Frequency: 5600 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7517 ConvF(4.91, 4.55, 4.63)

Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.1 W/kg

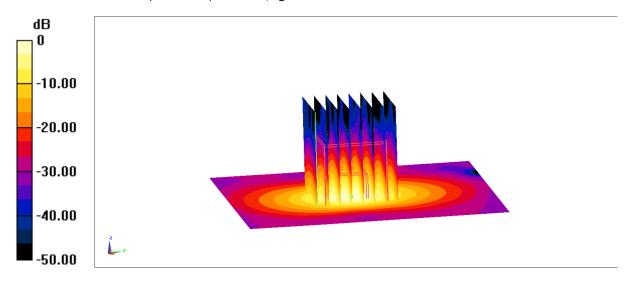
Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 68.93 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.42 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.8 W/kg



0 dB = 19.8 W/kg = 12.97 dBW/kg

Date: 2023/8/26

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz; σ = 5.099 S/m; ϵ r = 34.18; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW (0) Frequency: 5750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7517 ConvF(5.16, 4.72, 4.83)

Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

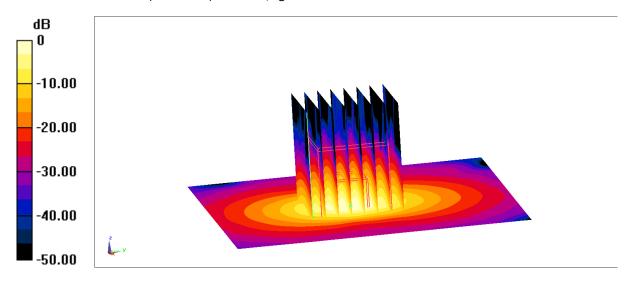
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.5 W/kg

Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 66.08 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 37.1 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.31 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.6 W/kg

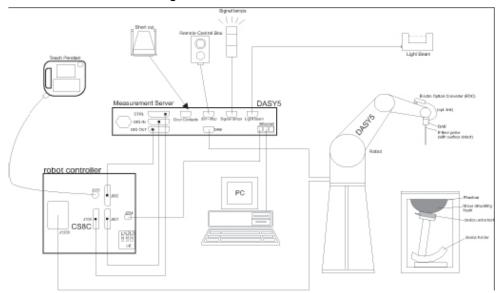


0 dB = 19.6 W/kg = 12.92 dBW/kg

ANNEX C SAR Measurement Setup

C.1 Measurement Set-up

The Dasy5 or DASY6 system for performing compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:



Picture C.1SAR Lab Test Measurement Set-up

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (StäubliTX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the E[™]C.
- The Electro-optical converter (E°C) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the E°C is required. The E°C signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP and the DASY5 or DASY6 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as
- warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

C.2 Dasy5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multifiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. It is connected to the E° box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY5 or DASY6 software reads the reflection durning a software approach and looks for the maximum using 2^{nd} ord curve fitting. The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.

Probe Specifications:

Model: ES3DV3, EX3DV4

Frequency 10MHz — 6.0GHz(EX3DV4) Range: 10MHz — 4GHz(ES3DV3)

Calibration: In head and body simulating tissue at

Frequencies from 835 up to 5800MHz

Linearity: \pm 0.2 dB(30 MHz to 6 GHz) for EX3DV4

± 0.2 dB(30 MHz to 4 GHz) for ES3DV3 DynamicRange: 10 mW/kg — 100W/kg

Probe Length: 330 mm

Probe Tip

Length: 20 mm Body Diameter: 12 mm

Tip Diameter: 2.5 mm (3.9 mm for ES3DV3)
Tip-Center: 1 mm (2.0mm for ES3DV3)

Application: SAR Dosimetry Testing

Compliance tests ofmobile phones

Dosimetry in strong gradient fields

Picture C.3E-field Probe

C.3 E-field Probe Calibration

Each E-Probe/Probe Amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. A TEM cell calibration pr°C edure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm²) using an RF Signal generator, TEM cell, and RF Power Meter.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and inn a waveguide or



Picture C.2Near-field Probe



other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1 mW/cm².

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where:

 $\Delta t = \text{Exposure time (30 seconds)},$

C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

 ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

$$SAR = \frac{\left|E\right|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:

 σ = Simulated tissue conductivity,

 ρ = Tissue density (kg/m³).

C.4 Other Test Equipment

C.4.1 Data Acquisition Electronics(DAE)

The data acquisition electronics consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the cl $^{\circ}$ Ck.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



PictureC.4: DAE

C.4.2 Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY5: RX160L) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- > High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchron motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)



Picture C.5 DASY 5

C.4.3 Measurement Server

The Measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU broad with CPU (DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chipdisk (DASY5: 128MB), RAM DASY5: 128MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O broad, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU broad.

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical pr Cesses. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized pinout, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.



Picture C.6 Server for DASY 5

C.4.4 Device Holder for Phantom

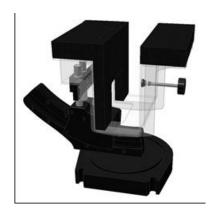
The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ±0.5mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of ±20%. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales are the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles. The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\ell=3$ and loss tangent $\delta=0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered. <Laptop Extension Kit>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin-SAM and ELI phantoms.



Picture C7-1: Device Holder



Picture C.7-2: Laptop Extension Kit

C.4.5 Phantom

The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to

Represent the 90th percentile of the population. The phantom enables the dissymmetric evaluation of SAR for both left and right handed handset usage, as well as body-worn usage using the flat phantom region. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. The shell phantom has a 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6 mm).

Shell Thickness: 2±0. 2 mm

Filling Volume: Approx. 25 liters

Dimensions: 810 x 1000 x 500 mm (H x L x W)

Available: Special

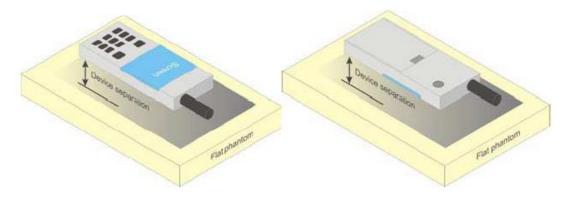


Picture C.8: SAM Twin Phantom

ANNEX D Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

D.1 Body-worn device

A typical example of a body-worn device is a mobile phone, wireless enabled PDA or other battery operated wireless device with the ability to transmit while mounted on a person's body using a carry accessory approved by the wireless device manufacturer.

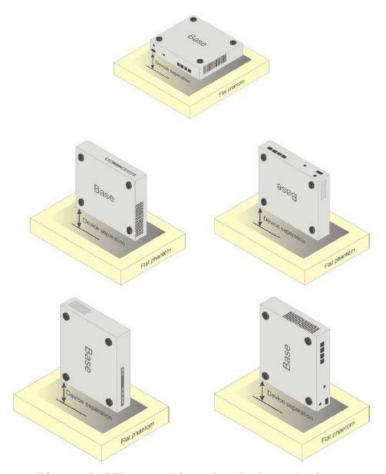


Picture D.4Test positions for body-worn devices

D.2 Desktop device

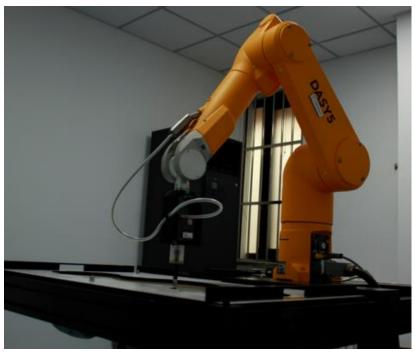
A typical example of a desktop device is a wireless enabled desktop computer placed on a table or desk when used.

The DUT shall be positioned at the distance and in the orientation to the phantom that corresponds to the intended use as specified by the manufacturer in the user instructions. For devices that employ an external antenna with variable positions, tests shall be performed for all antenna positions specified. Picture 8.5 show positions for desktop device SAR tests. If the intended use is not specified, the device shall be tested directly against the flat phantom.



Picture D.5 Test positions for desktop devices

D.3 DUT Setup Photos



Picture D.6

ANNEX E Equivalent Media Recipes

The liquid used for the frequency range of 800-3000 MHz consisted of water, sugar, salt, preventol, glycol monobutyl and Cellulose. The liquid has been previously proven to be suited for worst-case. The Table E.1 shows the detail solution. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209.

TableE.1: Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter

| Frequency | 835Hea | 835Bod | 1900 | 1900 | 2450 | 2450 | 5800 | 5800 | | |
|-------------------|--------------------------|------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--|--|
| (MHz) | d | у | Head | Body | Head | Body | Head | Body | | |
| Ingredients (% by | ngredients (% by weight) | | | | | | | | | |
| Water | 41.45 | 52.5 | 55.242 | 69.91 | 58.79 | 72.60 | 65.53 | 65.53 | | |
| Sugar | 56.0 | 45.0 | \ | \ | \ | \ | \ | \ | | |
| Salt | 1.45 | 1.4 | 0.306 | 0.13 | 0.06 | 0.18 | \ | \ | | |
| Preventol | 0.1 | 0.1 | \ | \ | \ | \ | \ | \ | | |
| Cellulose | 1.0 | 1.0 | \ | \ | \ | \ | \ | \ | | |
| Glycol | \ | \ | 44.452 | 20.06 | 41.15 | 27.22 | \ | \ | | |
| Monobutyl | \ | \ | 44.432 | 29.96 | 41.13 | 21.22 | \ | \ | | |
| Diethylenglycol | | | | | | | | | | |
| monohexylethe | \ | \ | \ | \ | \ | \ | 17.24 | 17.24 | | |
| r | | | | | | | | | | |
| Triton X-100 | \ | \ | \ | \ | \ | \ | 17.24 | 17.24 | | |
| Dielectric | ε=41.5 | ε=55.2 | ε=40.0 | ε=53.3 | ε=39.2 | ε=52.7 | ε=35.3 | ε=48.2 | | |
| Parameters | $\sigma = 0.90$ | ε=55.2 σ=0.97 | σ=1.4 | σ=1.5 | σ=1.8 | σ=1.9 | σ=5.2 | σ=6.0 | | |
| Target Value | 0-0.90 | 0-0.91 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 7 | 0 | | |

Note: There are a little adjustment respectively for 750, 1750, 2600, 5200, 5300 and 5600 based on the recipe of closest frequency in table E.1.

ANNEX F System Validation

The SAR system must be validated against its performance specifications before it is deployed. When SAR probes, system components or software are changed, upgraded or recalibrated, these must be validated with the SAR system(s) that operates with such components.

Table F.3: System Validation for 7517

| Probe SN. | Liquid name | Validation date | Frequency point | Status (OK or Not) |
|-----------|--------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| 7517 | Head 13MHz | February 24,2023 | 13MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 64MHz | February 24,2023 | 64MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 150MHz | February 24,2023 | 150MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 300MHz | February 24,2023 | 300MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 450MHz | February 24,2023 | 450MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 750MHz | February 24,2023 | 750MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 835MHz | February 24,2023 | 835MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 900MHz | February 24,2023 | 900MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 1450MHz | February 24,2023 | 1450MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 1750MHz | February 25,2023 | 1750MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 1810MHz | February 25,2023 | 1810MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 1900MHz | February 25,2023 | 1900MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 2000MHz | February 25,2023 | 2000MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 2100MHz | February 25,2023 | 2100MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 2300MHz | February 25,2023 | 2300MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 2450MHz | February 25,2023 | 2450MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 2600MHz | February 25,2023 | 2600MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 3300MHz | February 26,2023 | 3300MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 3500MHz | February 26,2023 | 3500MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 3700MHz | February 26,2023 | 3700MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 3900MHz | February 26,2023 | 3900MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 4100MHz | February 26,2023 | 4100MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 4200MHz | February 26,2023 | 4200MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 4400MHz | February 26,2023 | 4400MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 4600MHz | February 26,2023 | 4600MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 4800MHz | February 26,2023 | 4800MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 4950MHz | February 26,2023 | 4950MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 5200MHz | February 27,2023 | 5200MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 5250MHz | February 27,2023 | 5250MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 5300MHz | February 27,2023 | 5300MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 5500MHz | February 27,2023 | 5500MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 5600MHz | February 27,2023 | 5600MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 5750MHz | February 27,2023 | 5750MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 5800MHz | February 27,2023 | 5800MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 6500MHz | February 27,2023 | 6500MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 7000MHz | February 27,2023 | 7000MHz | OK |

Table F.2: System Validation for 7548

| Probe SN. | Liquid name | Validation date | Frequency point | Status (OK or Not) |
|-----------|--------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| 7548 | Head 750MHz | August.2,2022 | 750 MHz | OK |
| 7548 | Head 900MHz | August.2,2022 | 900 MHz | OK |
| 7548 | Head 1450MHz | August.2,2022 | 1450 MHz | OK |
| 7548 | Head 1750MHz | August.2,2022 | 1750 MHz | OK |
| 7548 | Head 1900MHz | August.2,2022 | 1900 MHz | OK |
| 7548 | Head 2000MHz | August.3,2022 | 2000 MHz | OK |
| 7548 | Head 2300MHz | August.3,2022 | 2300 MHz | OK |
| 7548 | Head 2450MHz | August.3,2022 | 2450 MHz | OK |
| 7548 | Head 2600MHz | August.3,2022 | 2600 MHz | OK |
| 7548 | Head 3300MHz | August.3,2022 | 3300 MHz | OK |
| 7548 | Head 3500MHz | August.3,2022 | 3500 MHz | OK |
| 7548 | Head 3700MHz | August.3,2022 | 3700 MHz | OK |
| 7548 | Head 5250MHz | August.4,2022 | 5250 MHz | OK |
| 7548 | Head 5600MHz | August.4,2022 | 5600 MHz | OK |
| 7548 | Head 5750MHz | August.4,2022 | 5750 MHz | OK |

ANNEX G PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Probe 7517 Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





- Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
- S Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura
- Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

CTTL (Auden)

Certificate No

EX-7517_Jan23

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:7517

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v10, QA CAL-12.v10, QA CAL-14.v7, QA CAL-23.v6,

QA CAL-25.v8

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date

January 27, 2023

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22±3) ℃ and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|----------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Power meter NRP | SN: 104778 | 04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525/03524) | Apr-23 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103244 | 04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03524) | Apr-23 |
| OCP DAK-3.5 (weighted) | SN: 1249 | 20-Oct-22 (OCP-DAK3.5-1249_Oct22) | Oct-23 |
| OCP DAK-12 | SN: 1016 | 20-Oct-22 (OCP-DAK12-1016_Oct22) | Oct-23 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: CC2552 (20x) | 04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03527) | Apr-23 |
| DAE4 | SN: 660 | 10-Oct-22 (No. DAE4-660_Oct22) | Oct-23 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2 | SN: 3013 | 06-Jan-23 (No. ES3-3013_Jan23) | Jan-24 |

| Secondary Standards | ID | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
|-------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter E4419B | SN: GB41293874 | 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22) | In house check: Jun-24 |
| Power sensor E4412A | SN: MY41498087 | 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22) | In house check: Jun-24 |
| Power sensor E4412A | SN: 000110210 | 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22) | In house check: Jun-24 |
| RF generator HP 8648C | SN: US3642U01700 | 04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-22) | In house check: Jun-24 |
| Network Analyzer E8358A | SN: US41080477 | 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-22) | In house check: Oct-24 |

| | Name | Function | Signature |
|---------------|----------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| Calibrated by | Jeton Kastrati | Laboratory Technician | - lu |
| Approved by | Sven Kühn | Technical Manager | Cho |

Issued: February 03, 2023

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S

C

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is

normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices – Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal. DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- · PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of
 power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum
 calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ±50 MHz to ±100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis).
 No tolerance required.
- · Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7517

Basic Calibration Parameters

| | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k = 2) |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|----------|-------------|
| Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$ | 0.48 | 0.51 | 0.54 | ±10.1% |
| DCP (mV) B | 96.0 | 95.0 | 97.0 | ±4.7% |

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

| UID | Communication System Name | | A dB | $^{ m B}_{ m dB}\sqrt{\mu V}$ | С | D dB | VR mV | Max dev. | Max Unc ^E k = 2 |
|-------|-----------------------------|---|---------|-------------------------------|-------|---------|----------|-------------|----------------------------------|
| 0 | CW | X | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | 114.5 | ±2.4% | ±4.7% |
| | | Y | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | | 120.2 | | |
| | | Z | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | | 143.2 | | |
| 10352 | Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%) | X | 5.12 | 73.33 | 13.52 | 10.00 | 60.0 | ±3.1% | ±9.6% |
| | | Y | 2.09 | 63.63 | 8.90 | 1 | 60.0 | | |
| | | Z | 20.00 | 88.14 | 18.44 | 1 | 60.0 | | |
| 10353 | Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%) | X | 20.00 | 86.91 | 16.39 | 6.99 | 80.0 | ±2.1% | ±9.6% |
| | | Y | 1.23 | 62.23 | 7.44 | 1 | 80.0 | | |
| | | Z | 20.00 | 89.91 | 17.98 | 1 | 80.0 | 1 | |
| 10354 | Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%) | X | 20.00 | 87.17 | 15.04 | 3.98 | 95.0 | ±1.3% | ±9.6% |
| | | Y | 0.67 | 61.60 | 6.49 | 1 | 95.0 | 1 | |
| | | Z | 20.00 | 93.97 | 18.38 | 1 | 95.0 | | |
| 10355 | Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%) | X | 20.00 | 84.43 | 12.64 | 2.22 | 120.0 | ±1.1% | ±9.6% |
| | | Y | 0.59 | 63.73 | 7.01 | 1 | 120.0 | | |
| | | Z | 20.00 | 96.54 | 18.21 | | 120.0 | | |
| 10387 | QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz | X | 1.54 | 67.24 | 14.89 | 1.00 | 150.0 | ±3.0% | ±9.6% |
| | | Y | 1.46 | 66.17 | 14.39 | 1 | 150.0 | | |
| | | Z | 1.41 | 65.65 | 14.01 | | 150.0 | | |
| 10388 | QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz | X | 2.05 | 67.83 | 15.64 | 0.00 | 150.0 | ±1.1% | ±9.6% |
| | | Y | 1.94 | 66.59 | 15.05 | | 150.0 | | |
| | | Z | 1.90 | 66.31 | 14.84 | | 150.0 | | |
| 10396 | 64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz | X | 2.64 | 69.92 | 18.57 | 3.01 | 150.0 | ±1.4% | ±9.6% |
| | | Y | 2.12 | 65.93 | 16.62 | | 150.0 | | |
| | | Z | 2.10 | 65.89 | 16.87 | | 150.0 | | |
| 10399 | 64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz | X | 3.38 | 67.04 | 15.73 | 0.00 | 150.0 | ±2.1% | ±9.6% |
| | | Y | 3.30 | 66.42 | 15.40 | | 150.0 | | |
| | | Z | 3.27 | 66.26 | 15.31 | | 150.0 | | |
| 10414 | WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40 MHz | X | 4.67 | 65.69 | 15.56 | 0.00 | 150.0 | ±3.8% | ±9.6% |
| | | Y | 4.57 | 65.30 | 15.32 | | 150.0 | | |
| | | Z | 4.57 | 65.21 | 15.29 | | 150.0 | | |

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 to 7).

B Linearization parameter uncertainty for maximum specified field strength.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7517

Sensor Model Parameters

| | C1 fF | C2 fF | α V ⁻¹ | T1 ms V ⁻² | T2 ms V ⁻¹ | T3 ms | T4 V ⁻² | T5 V ⁻¹ | T6 |
|---|----------|----------|----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|----------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------|
| X | 33.3 | 248.62 | 35.47 | 6.24 | 0.08 | 5.04 | 1.01 | 0.20 | 1.01 |
| у | 31.4 | 232.68 | 35.06 | 9.43 | 0.00 | 4.97 | 0.38 | 0.21 | 1.00 |
| Z | 32.2 | 242.61 | 36.05 | 6.15 | 0.00 | 5.05 | 0.00 | 0.25 | 1.01 |

Other Probe Parameters

| Sensor Arrangement | Triangular |
|---|------------|
| Connector Angle | 17.5° |
| Mechanical Surface Detection Mode | enabled |
| Optical Surface Detection Mode | disabled |
| Probe Overall Length | 337 mm |
| Probe Body Diameter | 10 mm |
| Tip Length | 9 mm |
| Tip Diameter | 2.5 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point | 1 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point | 1 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point | 1 mm |
| Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface | 1.4 mm |

Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3-4 mm for an Area Scan job.

Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7517

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

| f (MHz) ^C | Relative Permittivity ^F | Conductivity ^F (S/m) | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha ^G | Depth ^G (mm) | Unc (k = 2) |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|----------------------------|-------------|
| 13 | 55.0 | 0.75 | 18.20 | 18.20 | 18.20 | 0.00 | 1.25 | ±13.3% |
| 64 | 54.2 | 0.75 | 13.30 | 13.30 | 13.30 | 0.00 | 1.25 | ±13.3% |
| 150 | 52.3 | 0.76 | 12.22 | 12.22 | 12.22 | 0.00 | 1.25 | ±13.3% |
| 300 | 45.3 | 0.87 | 11.41 | 11.41 | 11.41 | 0.09 | 1.00 | ±13.3% |
| 450 | 43.5 | 0.87 | 10.53 | 10.53 | 10.53 | 0.16 | 1.30 | ±13.3% |
| 750 | 41.9 | 0.89 | 9.39 | 8.81 | 9.17 | 0.40 | 1.27 | ±12.0% |
| 835 | 41.5 | 0.90 | 9.84 | 8.48 | 8.98 | 0.39 | 1.27 | ±12.0% |
| 900 | 41.5 | 0.97 | 9.36 | 9.08 | 9.25 | 0.40 | 1.27 | ±12.0% |
| 1450 | 40.5 | 1.20 | 8.28 | 7.60 | 7.84 | 0.40 | 1.27 | ±12.0% |
| 1640 | 40.2 | 1.31 | 8.28 | 7.42 | 7.59 | 0.40 | 1.27 | ±12.0% |
| 1750 | 40.1 | 1.37 | 8.43 | 7.84 | 8.08 | 0.28 | 1.27 | ±12.0% |
| 1810 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 8.42 | 7.76 | 8.00 | 0.29 | 1.27 | ±12.0% |
| 1900 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 8.34 | 7.75 | 7.97 | 0.29 | 1.27 | ±12.0% |
| 2000 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 8.05 | 7.46 | 7.73 | 0.29 | 1.27 | ±12.0% |
| 2100 | 39.8 | 1.49 | 8.20 | 7.54 | 7.85 | 0.30 | 1.27 | ±12.0% |
| 2300 | 39.5 | 1.67 | 7.92 | 7.31 | 7.58 | 0.30 | 1.27 | ±12.0% |
| 2450 | 39.2 | 1.80 | 7.75 | 7.16 | 7.37 | 0.30 | 1.27 | ±12.0% |
| 2600 | 39.0 | 1.96 | 7.75 | 7.17 | 7.36 | 0.30 | 1.27 | ±12.0% |
| 3300 | 38.2 | 2.71 | 6.84 | 6.29 | 6.48 | 0.33 | 1.27 | ±14.0% |
| 3500 | 37.9 | 2.91 | 6.90 | 6.34 | 6.53 | 0.34 | 1.27 | ±14.0% |
| 3700 | 37.7 | 3.12 | 6.74 | 6.21 | 6.39 | 0.34 | 1.27 | ±14.0% |
| 3900 | 37.5 | 3.32 | 6.67 | 6.12 | 6.31 | 0.36 | 1.27 | ±14.0% |
| 4100 | 37.2 | 3.53 | 6.66 | 6.11 | 6.31 | 0.37 | 1.27 | ±14.0% |
| 4200 | 37.1 | 3.63 | 6.71 | 6.12 | 6.35 | 0.36 | 1.27 | ±14.0% |
| 4400 | 36.9 | 3.84 | 6.49 | 5.93 | 6.14 | 0.37 | 1.27 | ±14.0% |
| 4600 | 36.7 | 4.04 | 6.60 | 6.01 | 6.24 | 0.37 | 1.27 | ±14.0% |
| 4800 | 36.4 | 4.25 | 6.74 | 6.12 | 6.35 | 0.38 | 1.27 | ±14.0% |
| 4950 | 36.3 | 4.40 | 5.97 | 5.43 | 5.58 | 0.43 | 1.36 | ±14.0% |

C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10 , 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

The probes are calibrated using tissue simulating liquids (TSL) that deviate for ϵ and σ by less than $\pm 5\%$ from the target values (typically better than $\pm 3\%$) and are valid for TSL with deviations of up to $\pm 10\%$. If TSL with deviations from the target of less than $\pm 5\%$ are used, the calibration uncertainties are 11.1% for 0.7-3 GHz and 0.1% for 0.7-3 GHz.

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^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less $than \pm 1\% \ for \ frequencies \ below \ 3 \ GHz \ and \ below \ \pm 2\% \ for \ frequencies \ between \ 3-6 \ GHz \ at \ any \ distance \ larger \ than \ half \ the \ probe \ tip \ diameter \ from \ the \ probe \ tip \ tip$ boundary.

Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7517

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

| f (MHz) ^C | Relative Permittivity ^F | Conductivity ^F (S/m) | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha ^G | Depth ^G (mm) | Unc (k = 2) |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|----------------------------|-------------|
| 5200 | 36.0 | 4.66 | 5.78 | 5.32 | 5.48 | 0.38 | 1.60 | ±14.0% |
| 5250 | 35.9 | 4.71 | 5.83 | 5.28 | 5.47 | 0.34 | 1.62 | ±14.0% |
| 5300 | 35.9 | 4.76 | 5.50 | 5.17 | 5.32 | 0.38 | 1.66 | ±14.0% |
| 5500 | 35.6 | 4.96 | 5.06 | 4.69 | 4.71 | 0.46 | 1.61 | ±14.0% |
| 5600 | 35.5 | 5.07 | 4.91 | 4.55 | 4.63 | 0.44 | 1.67 | ±14.0% |
| 5750 | 35.4 | 5.22 | 5.16 | 4.72 | 4.83 | 0.43 | 1.75 | ±14.0% |
| 5800 | 35.3 | 5.27 | 5.00 | 4.59 | 4.69 | 0.44 | 1.78 | +14.0% |

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is \pm 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4–9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9–19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz.

F The probes are calibrated using tissue simulating liquids (TSL) that deviate for ϵ and σ by less than \pm 5% from the target values (typically better than \pm 3%) and are valid for TSL with deviations of up to \pm 10%. If TSL with deviations from the target of less than \pm 5% are used, the calibration uncertainties are 11.1% for 3 - 3 GHz and 13.1% for 3 - 8 GHz

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for 0.7 - 3 GHz and 13.1% for 3 - 6 GHz.

G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than $\pm 1\%$ for frequencies below 3 GHz and below $\pm 2\%$ for frequencies between 3–6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7517

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

| f (MHz) ^C | Relative Permittivity ^F | Conductivity ^F (S/m) | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha ^G | Depth ^G (mm) | Unc (k = 2) |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|----------------------------|-------------|
| 6500 | 34.5 | 6.07 | 5.42 | 4.77 | 4.86 | 0.20 | 2.50 | ±18.6% |
| 7000 | 33.9 | 6.65 | 5.79 | 4.99 | 5.24 | 0.20 | 2.50 | ±18.6% |

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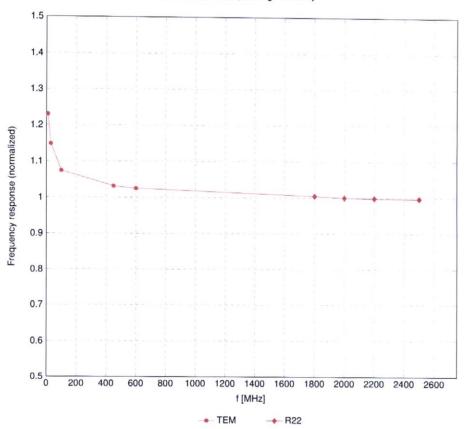
^C Frequency validity at 6.5 GHz is -600/+700 MHz, and ± 700 MHz at or above 7 GHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

F The probes are calibrated using tissue simulating liquids (TSL) that deviate for ε and σ by less than $\pm 10\%$ from the target values (typically better than $\pm 6\%$) and are valid for TSL with deviations of up to $\pm 10\%$.

G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ±1% for frequencies below 3 GHz; below ±2% for frequencies between 3–6 GHz; and below ±4% for frequencies between 6–10 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

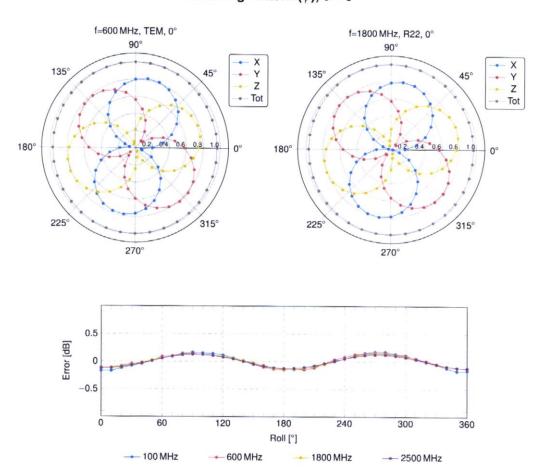
Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide:R22)



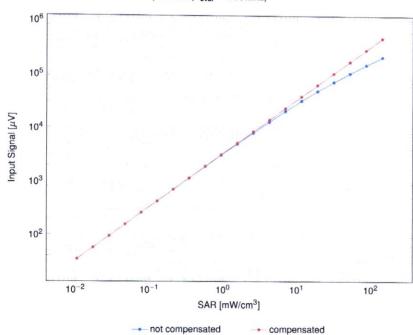
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ (k=2)

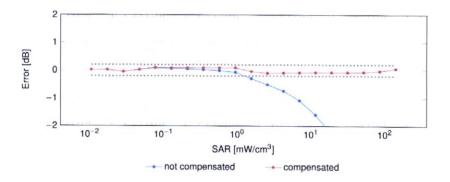
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta=0^{\circ}$



$\ \, \textbf{Dynamic Range f}(\textbf{SAR}_{\textbf{head}}) \\$

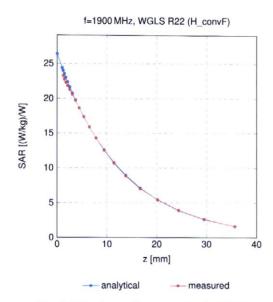
(TEM cell, f_{eval} = 1900 MHz)





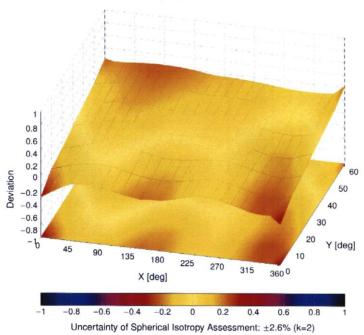
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid





Appendix: Modulation Calibration Parameters

| UID Rev | | Communication System Name | Group | PAR (dB) | $Unc^{E} k = 2$ |
|---------|------|---|-----------|----------|-----------------|
| 10010 | CAP | CW | CW | 0.00 | ±4.7 |
| | CAB | SAR Validation (Square, 100 ms, 10 ms) | Test | 10.00 | ±9.6 |
| 0011 | CAC | UMTS-FDD (WCDMA) | WCDMA | 2.91 | ±9.6 |
| 0012 | CAB | IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps) | WLAN | 1.87 | ±9.6 |
| 0013 | DAC | IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps) | WLAN | 9.46 | ±9.6 |
| 0021 | DAC | GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK) | GSM | 9.39 | ±9.6 |
| 0023 | DAC | GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0) | GSM | 9.57 | ±9.6 |
| 0025 | DAC | GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1) | GSM | 6.56 | ±9.6 |
| 0025 | DAC | EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0) | GSM | 12.62 | ±9.6 |
| 0020 | DAC | EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1) | GSM | 9.55 | ±9.6 |
| 0027 | DAC | GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2) | GSM | 4.80 | ±9.6 |
| 0029 | DAC | GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2-3) | GSM | 3.55 | ±9.6 |
| 0030 | CAA | EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1-2) | GSM | 7.78 | ±9.6 |
| 0030 | CAA | IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH1) | Bluetooth | 5.30 | ±9.6 |
| 0032 | CAA | IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH3) | Bluetooth | 1.87 | ±9.6 |
| 0032 | CAA | IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH5) | Bluetooth | 1.16 | ±9.6 |
| 0034 | CAA | IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH1) | Bluetooth | 7.74 | ±9.6 |
| 0035 | CAA | IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH3) | Bluetooth | 4.53 | ±9.6 |
| 0036 | CAA | IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH5) | Bluetooth | 3.83 | ±9.6 |
| 036 | CAA | IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH1) | Bluetooth | 8.01 | ±9.6 |
| 037 | CAA | IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH3) | Bluetooth | 4.77 | ±9.6 |
| 039 | CAA | IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH5) | Bluetooth | 4.10 | ±9.6 |
| | | CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1) | CDMA2000 | 4.57 | ±9.6 |
| 0042 | CAB | IS-54 / IS-136 FDD (TDMA/FDM, PI/4-DQPSK, Halfrate) | AMPS | 7.78 | ±9.6 |
| 0044 | CAA | IS-91/EIA/TIA-553 FDD (FDMA, FM) | AMPS | 0.00 | ±9.6 |
| 0048 | 2000 | DECT (TDD, TDMA/FDM, GFSK, Full Slot, 24) | DECT | 13.80 | ±9.6 |
| _ | CAA | DECT (TDD, TDMA/FDM, GFSK, Double Slot, 12) | DECT | 10.79 | ±9.6 |
| 0056 | CAA | UMTS-TDD (TD-SCDMA, 1.28 Mcps) | TD-SCDMA | 11.01 | ±9.6 |
| 0058 | DAC | EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1-2-3) | GSM | 6.52 | ±9.6 |
| 059 | CAB | IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 2 Mbps) | WLAN | 2.12 | ±9.6 |
| 0060 | CAB | IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 5.5 Mbps) | WLAN | 2.83 | ±9.6 |
| 0061 | CAB | IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps) | WLAN | 3.60 | ±9.6 |
| 0062 | CAD | IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps) | WLAN | 8.68 | ±9.6 |
| 0063 | CAD | IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 9 Mbps) | WLAN | 8.63 | ±9.6 |
| 0064 | CAD | IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 12 Mbps) | WLAN | 9.09 | ±9.6 |
| 0065 | CAD | IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 18 Mbps) | WLAN | 9.00 | ±9.6 |
| 0066 | CAD | IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 24 Mbps) | WLAN | 9.38 | ±9.6 |
| 0067 | CAD | IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 36 Mbps) | WLAN | 10.12 | ±9.6 |
| 0068 | CAD | IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 48 Mbps) | WLAN | 10.24 | ±9.6 |
| 0069 | CAD | IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 54 Mbps) | WLAN | 10.56 | ±9.6 |
| 0071 | CAB | IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 9 Mbps) | WLAN | 9.83 | ±9.6 |
| 0072 | CAB | IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 12 Mbps) | WLAN | 9.62 | ±9.6 |
| 0073 | CAB | IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 18 Mbps) | WLAN | 9.94 | ±9.6 |
| 0074 | CAB | IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 24 Mbps) | WLAN | 10.30 | ±9.6 |
| 075 | CAB | IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 36 Mbps) | WLAN | 10.77 | ±9.6 |
| 0076 | CAB | IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 48 Mbps) | WLAN | 10.94 | ±9.6 |
| 0077 | CAB | IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 54 Mbps) | WLAN | 11.00 | ±9.6 |
| | CAB | CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3) | CDMA2000 | 3.97 | ±9.6 |
| 0082 | DAC | IS-54 / IS-136 FDD (TDMA/FDM, PI/4-DQPSK, Fullrate) | AMPS | 4.77 | ±9.6 |
| 0090 | CAC | GPRS-FDD (HSDPA) | GSM | 6.56 | ±9.6 |
| | CAC | UMTS-FDD (HSUPA Subtration | WCDMA | 3.98 | ±9.6 |
| 0098 | DAC | UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 2) | WCDMA | 3.98 | ±9.6 |
| 100 | CAF | EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-4) | GSM | 9.55 | ±9.6 |
| | | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) | LTE-FDD | 5.67 | ±9.6 |
| 0101 | CAF | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM) | LTE-FDD | 6.42 | ±9.6 |
| 102 | CAH | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM) | LTE-FDD | 6.60 | ±9.6 |
| | | LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) | LTE-TDD | 9.29 | ±9.6 |
| 0104 | CAH | LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM) | LTE-TDD | 9.97 | ±9.6 |
| 0105 | CAH | LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM) | LTE-TDD | 10.01 | ±9.6 |
| 0108 | CAH | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK) | LTE-FDD | 5.80 | ±9.6 |
| 0109 | CAH | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM) | LTE-FDD | 6.43 | ±9.6 |
| 0110 | CAH | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK) | LTE-FDD | 5.75 | ±9.6 |
| 0111 | CAH | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5MHz, 16-QAM) | LTE-FDD | 6.44 | ±9.6 |