

Fig.56. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 39, 1GHz - 3GHz

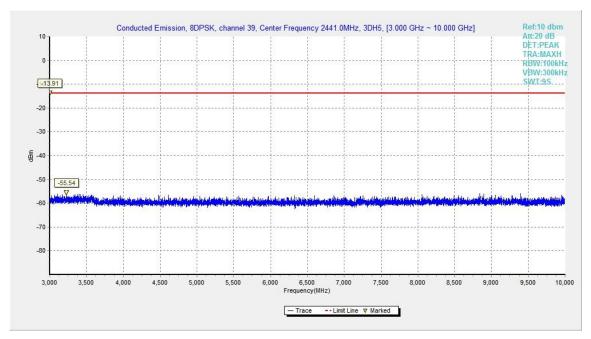


Fig.57. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 39, 3GHz - 10GHz





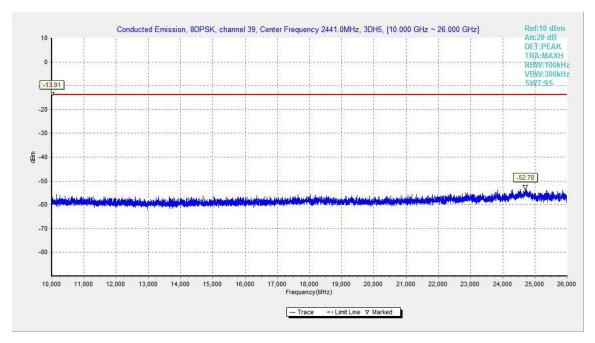


Fig.58. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 39, 10GHz – 26GHz

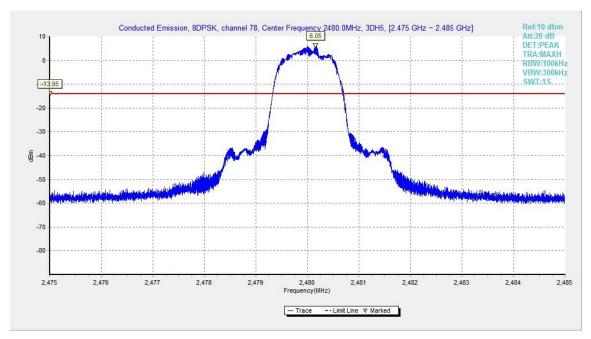


Fig.59. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 78, 2480MHz





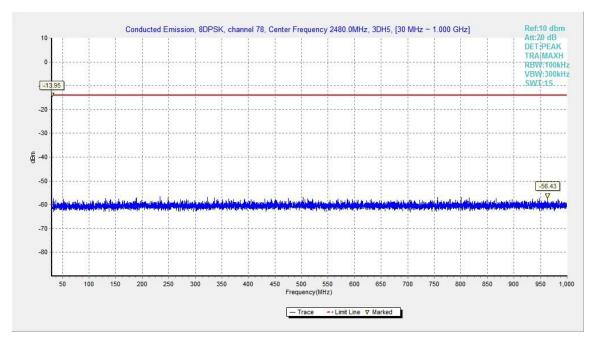


Fig.60. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 78, 30MHz - 1GHz

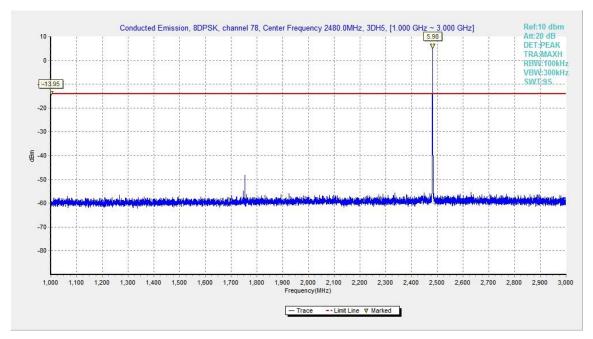


Fig.61. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 78, 1GHz - 3GHz





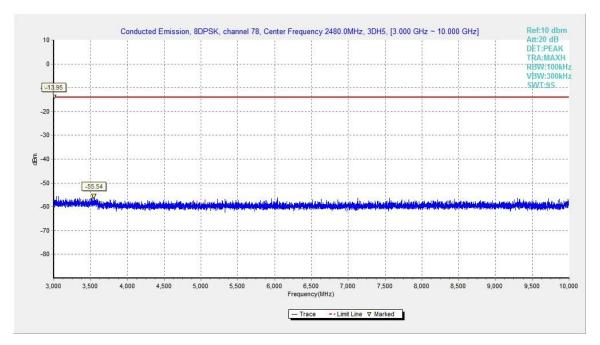


Fig.62. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 78, 3GHz - 10GHz

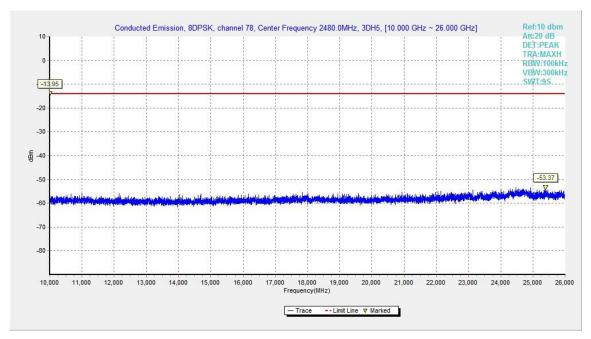


Fig.63. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 78, 10GHz - 26GHz





A.6. Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated

Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-2013-clause 6.4&6.5 & 6.6

Measurement Limit:

Standard	Limit			
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247, 15.205, 15.209	20dB below peak output power			

radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).

Limit in restricted band:

Frequency (MHz)	Field strength(µV/m)	Measurement distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30

Frequency of emission	Field strength(uV/m)	Field strength(dBuV/m)		
(MHz)				
30-88	100	40		
88-216	150	43.5		
216-960	200	46		
Above 960	500	54		

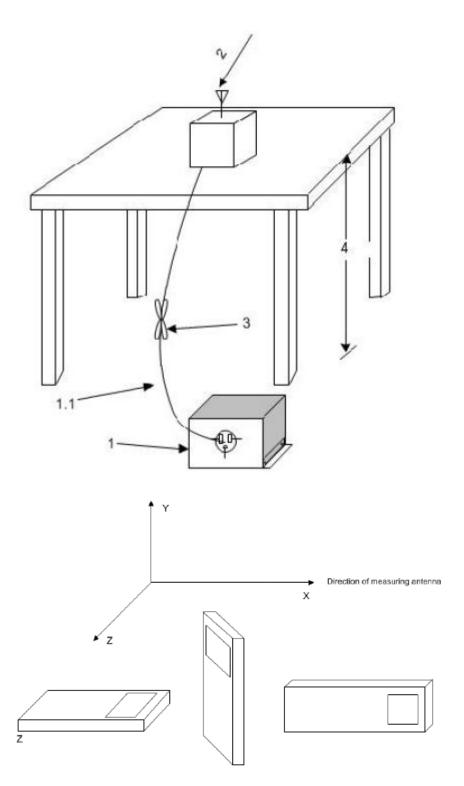
Set up:

Tabletop devices shall be placed on a non-conducting platform with nominal top surface dimensions 1 m by1.5 m. For emissions testing at or below 1 GHz, the table height shall be 80 cm above the reference groundplane. For emission measurements above 1 GHz, the table height shall be 1.5 m

The EUT and transmitting antenna shall be centered on the turntable.







Test Condition

The EUT shall be tested 1 near top, 1 near middle, and 1 near bottom. Set the unlicensed wireless device to operate in continuous transmit mode. For unlicensedwireless devices unable to be configured for 100% duty cycle even in test mode, configure the system for the maximum duty cycle supported.

When required for unlicensed wireless devices, measurements of the variation of the input power or theradiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission, as appropriate, shall be performed with the supply voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the ©Copyright. All rights reserved by CTTL. Page 57of 93.





nominal rated supply voltage.

Exploratory radiated emissions measurements

Exploratory radiated measurements shall be performed at the measurement distance or at a closer distancethan that specified for compliance to determine the emission characteristics of the EUT and, if applicable, the EUT configuration that produces the maximum level of emissions. The frequencies of maximumemission may be determined by manually positioning the antenna close to the EUT, and then moving theantenna over all sides of the EUT while observing a spectral display. It is advantageous to have priorknowledge of the frequencies of emissions, although this may be determined from such a near-field scan. The near-field scan shall only be used to determine the frequency but not the amplitude of the emissions. Where exploratory measurements are not adequate to determine the worst-case operating modes and areused only to identify the frequencies of the highest emissions, additional preliminary tests can be required. For emissions from the EUT, the maximum level shall be determined by rotating the EUT and itsantenna through 0° to 360°. For each mode of operation required to be tested, the frequency spectrum(based on findings from exploratory measurements) shall be monitored. Broadband antennas and a spectrum analyzer or a radio-noise meter with a panoramic display are oftenuseful in this type of test. If either antenna height or EUT azimuth are not fully measured duringexploratory testing, then complete testing can be required at the OATS or semi-anechoic chamber when thefinal full spectrum testing is performed.

Final radiated emissions measurements

The final measurements are using the orientation and equipment arrangement of the EUT based on the measurement results found during the preliminary(exploratory) measurements, the EUT arrangement, appropriate modulation, and modes of operation that produce the emissions that have the highest amplitude relative to the limit shall be selected for the final measurement. For each mode of operation required to be tested, the frequency spectrum (based on findings from exploratory measurements) shall be monitored. The highest signal levels relative to the limit shall be determined by rotating the EUT from 0° to 360° and with varying the measurement antenna height between 1 m and 4 m in vertical and horizontal polarizations.

For each mode selected, record the frequency and amplitude of thehighest fundamental emission (if applicable), as well as the frequency and amplitude of the six highestspurious emissions relative to the limit. Emissions more than 20 dB below the limit do not need to bereported.

This maximization process was repeated with the EUT positioned in each of its three orthogonal orientations.

The receiver references:

Frequency of emission	RBW/VBW	Sweep Time(s)		
(MHz)				
30-1000	100KHz/300KHz	5		
1000-4000	1MHz/3MHz	15		
4000-18000	1MHz/3MHz	40		
18000-26500	1MHz/3MHz	20		





 P_{Mea} is the field strength recorded from the instrument. The measurement results are obtained as described below: Result= P_{Mea} +Cable Loss+Antenna Factor Where:

P_{Mea} field strength recorded from the instrument

Peak Measurement results GFSK Ch 0

Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Result (dBμV/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Pol. (H/V)	Turntable angle (deg)
2380.266	60.17	2.9	32.0	25.31	74.0	13.8	Н	22
2389.170	60.18	2.9	32.0	25.30	74.0	13.8	Н	44
4804.000	41.25	-33.3	34.1	40.40	74.0	32.7	V	0
7206.000	42.30	-31.2	35.7	37.72	74.0	31.7	Н	0
9608.000	44.70	-30.6	36.7	38.52	74.0	29.3	V	22
12010.000	46.11	-28.9	38.9	36.14	74.0	27.9	Н	176

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Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Result (dBμV/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Pol. (H/V)	Turntable angle (deg)
2356.600	43.54	-35.3	32.0	46.91	74.0	30.5	Н	22
2540.200	44.37	-34.8	32.2	46.90	74.0	29.6	Н	242
4882.000	40.11	-33.3	34.2	39.27	74.0	33.9	V	44
7323.000	42.79	-30.9	35.8	37.94	74.0	31.2	Н	88
9764.000	43.72	-30.3	36.9	37.13	74.0	30.3	V	176
12205.000	45.85	-28.0	38.9	34.93	74.0	28.2	Н	0

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	0.00.00									
Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Result (dBμV/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Pol. (H/V)	Turntable angle (deg)		
2484.340	60.94	2.9	32.2	25.83	74.0	13.1	Н	0		
2488.060	60.62	2.9	32.2	25.50	74.0	13.4	Н	22		
4960.000	40.30	-33.6	34.2	39.72	74.0	33.7	V	352		
7440.000	42.55	-31.7	35.8	38.45	74.0	31.5	V	352		
9920.000	43.25	-30.0	37.1	36.14	74.0	30.7	Н	176		
12400.000	45.75	-28.1	39.0	34.86	74.0	28.3	V	176		





π/4 DQPSK Ch 0

Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Result (dBμV/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Pol. (H/V)	Turntable angle (deg)
2381.848	60.42	2.9	32.0	25.55	74.0	13.6	Н	0
2388.316	60.78	2.9	32.0	25.89	74.0	13.2	Н	22
4804.000	39.43	-33.3	34.1	38.57	74.0	34.6	Н	88
7206.000	41.08	-31.2	35.7	36.50	74.0	32.9	V	22
9608.000	43.82	-30.6	36.7	37.64	74.0	30.2	V	132
12010.000	45.49	-28.9	38.9	35.52	74.0	28.5	Н	352

$\pi/4$ DQPSK Ch 39

Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Result (dBμV/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Pol. (H/V)	Turntable angle (deg)
2298.000	43.93	-35.4	31.9	47.44	74.0	30.1	Н	22
2541.200	44.34	-34.8	32.2	46.88	74.0	29.7	Н	0
4882.000	40.49	-33.3	34.2	39.65	74.0	33.5	٧	44
7323.000	42.24	-30.9	35.8	37.39	74.0	31.8	Н	22
9764.000	42.93	-30.3	36.9	36.34	74.0	31.1	V	0
12205.000	45.65	-28.0	38.9	34.72	74.0	28.4	٧	44

π/4 DQPSK Ch 78

Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Result (dBμV/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Pol. (H/V)	Turntable angle (deg)
2487.385	60.75	2.9	32.2	25.63	74.0	13.3	Н	88
2491.315	61.09	2.9	32.2	25.96	74.0	12.9	Н	22
4960.000	41.81	-33.6	34.2	41.22	74.0	32.2	V	220
7440.000	41.24	-31.7	35.8	37.14	74.0	32.8	V	242
9920.000	43.94	-30.0	37.1	36.83	74.0	30.1	V	44
12400.000	44.44	-28.1	39.0	33.55	74.0	29.6	V	66





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Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Result (dBμV/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Pol. (H/V)	Turntable angle (deg)
2372.412	60.19	2.9	32.0	27.03	74.0	13.8	Н	110
2377.396	60.50	2.9	32.0	26.49	74.0	13.5	V	132
4804.000	39.89	-33.3	34.1	26.69	74.0	34.1	Н	242
7206.000	41.53	-31.2	35.7	26.46	74.0	32.5	V	264
9608.000	42.57	-30.6	36.7	26.85	74.0	31.4	V	286
12010.000	45.68	-28.9	38.9	26.67	74.0	28.3	V	308

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Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Result (dBμV/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Pol. (H/V)	Turntable angle (deg)
2306.800	42.36	-35.4	31.9	27.03	74.0	31.6	Н	22
2554.600	44.96	-34.8	32.2	26.49	74.0	29.0	Н	44
4882.000	41.83	-33.3	34.2	26.69	74.0	32.2	٧	88
7323.000	42.13	-30.9	35.8	26.46	74.0	31.9	V	0
9764.000	44.13	-30.3	36.9	26.85	74.0	29.9	Н	110
12205.000	44.45	-28.0	38.9	26.67	74.0	29.6	Н	132

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Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Result (dBμV/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Pol. (H/V)	Turntable angle (deg)
2493.290	60.26	2.9	32.2	27.03	74.0	13.7	Н	88
2495.445	61.49	2.9	32.2	26.49	74.0	12.5	Н	132
4960.000	39.64	-33.6	34.2	26.69	74.0	34.4	Н	0
7440.000	41.86	-31.7	35.8	26.46	74.0	32.1	Н	66
9920.000	44.77	-30.0	37.1	26.85	74.0	29.2	V	44
12400.000	45.98	-28.1	39.0	26.67	74.0	28.0	Н	242





Average Measurement results GFSK Ch 0

Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Result (dBμV/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Pol. (H/V)	Turntable angle (deg)
2388.900	46.44	2.9	32.0	11.56	54.0	7.6	Н	24
2390.000	46.41	2.9	32.0	11.53	54.0	7.6	Н	46
4804.500	29.85	-33.3	34.1	29.00	54.0	24.1	Н	6
7206.000	32.10	-31.2	35.7	27.52	54.0	21.9	Н	5
9607.500	33.26	-30.6	36.7	27.08	54.0	20.7	Н	25
12010.500	36.18	-28.9	38.9	26.20	54.0	17.8	Н	184

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Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Result (dBμV/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Pol. (H/V)	Turntable angle (deg)
2429.700	46.62	2.9	32.1	11.64	54.0	7.4	Н	28
2453.100	46.63	2.9	32.1	11.60	54.0	7.4	Н	248
4882.500	39.78	-33.3	34.2	38.94	54.0	14.2	Н	38
7323.000	32.46	-30.9	35.8	27.60	54.0	21.5	Н	98
9763.500	33.40	-30.3	36.9	26.81	54.0	20.6	Н	183
12205.500	36.91	-28.0	38.9	25.99	54.0	17.1	Н	356

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Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Result (dBμV/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Pol. (H/V)	Turntable angle (deg)
2483.500	47.52	2.9	32.2	12.41	54.0	6.5	Н	354
2483.700	47.11	2.9	32.2	12.00	54.0	6.9	Н	28
4960.500	29.69	-33.6	34.2	29.10	54.0	24.3	Н	348
7440.000	31.67	-31.7	35.8	27.57	54.0	22.3	Н	345
9919.500	33.70	-30.0	37.1	26.59	54.0	20.3	Н	184
12400.500	36.85	-28.1	39.0	25.97	54.0	17.2	Н	182





π/4 DQPSK Ch 0

Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Result (dBμV/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Pol. (H/V)	Turntable angle (deg)
2388.400	46.42	2.9	32.0	11.54	54.0	7.6	Н	6
2389.100	46.47	2.9	32.0	11.59	54.0	7.5	Н	26
4804.500	29.89	-33.3	34.1	29.03	54.0	24.1	Н	92
7206.000	32.09	-31.2	35.7	27.52	54.0	21.9	Н	24
9607.500	33.28	-30.6	36.7	27.10	54.0	20.7	Н	136
12010.500	36.13	-28.9	38.9	26.16	54.0	17.9	Н	356

$\pi/4$ DQPSK Ch 39

Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Result (dBμV/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Pol. (H/V)	Turntable angle (deg)
2429.600	46.51	2.9	32.1	11.54	54.0	7.5	Н	18
2450.000	46.62	2.9	32.1	11.59	54.0	7.4	Н	4
4882.500	29.76	-33.3	34.2	28.92	54.0	24.2	Н	20
7323.000	32.39	-30.9	35.8	27.53	54.0	21.6	Н	28
9763.500	33.38	-30.3	36.9	26.80	54.0	20.6	Н	4
12205.500	36.97	-28.0	38.9	26.05	54.0	17.0	Н	40

π/4 DQPSK Ch 78

Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Result (dBμV/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Pol. (H/V)	Turntable angle (deg)
2483.500	47.62	2.9	32.2	12.52	54.0	6.4	Н	92
2483.700	47.24	2.9	32.2	12.13	54.0	6.8	Н	26
4960.500	29.69	-33.6	34.2	29.10	54.0	24.3	Н	222
7440.000	31.66	-31.7	35.8	27.56	54.0	22.3	Н	248
9919.500	33.68	-30.0	37.1	26.58	54.0	20.3	Н	46
12400.500	36.89	-28.1	39.0	26.00	54.0	17.1	Н	68





8DPSK Ch 0

Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Result (dBμV/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Pol. (H/V)	Turntable angle (deg)
2388.000	46.42	2.9	32.0	11.54	54.0	7.6	Н	24
2389.900	46.50	2.9	32.0	11.61	54.0	7.5	Н	336
4804.500	29.86	-33.3	34.1	29.01	54.0	24.1	Н	248
7206.000	32.02	-31.2	35.7	27.44	54.0	22.0	Н	268
9607.500	33.20	-30.6	36.7	27.02	54.0	20.8	Н	290
12010.500	36.13	-28.9	38.9	26.15	54.0	17.9	Н	300

8DPSK Ch 39

Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Result (dBμV/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Pol. (H/V)	Turntable angle (deg)
2432.600	46.53	2.9	32.1	11.54	54.0	7.5	Н	16
2450.700	46.64	2.9	32.1	11.61	54.0	7.4	Н	48
4882.500	29.84	-33.3	34.2	29.01	54.0	24.2	Н	80
7323.000	32.43	-30.9	35.8	27.57	54.0	21.6	Н	8
9763.500	33.34	-30.3	36.9	26.75	54.0	20.7	Н	102
12205.500	37.02	-28.0	38.9	26.09	54.0	17.0	Н	118

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Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Result (dBμV/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Pol. (H/V)	Turntable angle (deg)
2483.500	47.72	2.9	32.2	12.61	54.0	6.3	Н	92
2483.600	47.52	2.9	32.2	12.41	54.0	6.5	Н	136
4960.500	29.66	-33.6	34.2	29.07	54.0	24.3	Н	8
7440.000	31.68	-31.7	35.8	27.58	54.0	22.3	Н	70
9919.500	33.76	-30.0	37.1	26.66	54.0	20.2	Н	48
12400.500	37.01	-28.1	39.0	26.13	54.0	17.0	Н	246

Conclusion: Pass





A.7. Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 7.8.4

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel
- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW ≥ RBW
- Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel
- Detector function = peak
- Trace = max hold

Measure a pulse time in time domain at middle frequency and then count the hopping number in 31.6s(which equals with 0.4 multiply 79) of middle frequency ,then multiply the pulse time and hopping number and record them.

Measurement Limit:

Standard	Limit (ms)
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247(a) (1)(iii)	< 400

Measurement Result:

For GFSK

Channel	Packet	Pulse time (ms)		Number of Transmissions		Dwell Time (ms)	Conclusion
	DH1	Fig.64	0.38	Fig.65	319	121.22	Р
39	DH3	Fig.66	1.64	Fig.67	104	170.56	Р
	DH5	Fig.68	2.88	Fig.69	61	175.68	Р

For π/4 DQPSK

Channel	Packet	Pulse time (ms)		Numb Transm	oer of nissions	Dwell Time (ms)	Conclusion
	2DH1	Fig.70	0.39	Fig.71	322	125.58	Р
39	2DH3	Fig.72	1.64	Fig.73	119	195.16	Р
	2DH5	Fig.74	2.89	Fig.75	67	193.63	Р





For 8DPSK

Channel	Packet	Pulse tii	me (ms)		oer of nissions	Dwell Time (ms)	Conclusion
	3DH1	Fig.76	0.38	Fig.77	320	121.6	Р
39	3DH3	Fig.78	1.64	Fig.79	106	173.84	Р
	3DH5	Fig.80	2.89	Fig.81	55	158.95	Р

Conclusion: PASS
Test graphs as below:

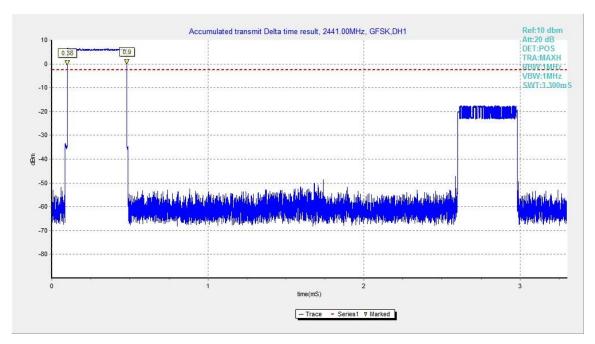


Fig.64. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet DH1





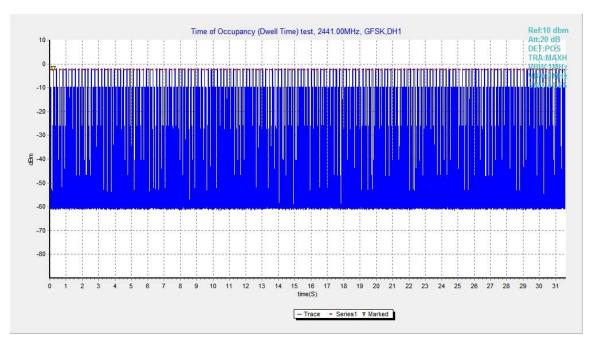


Fig.65. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet DH1

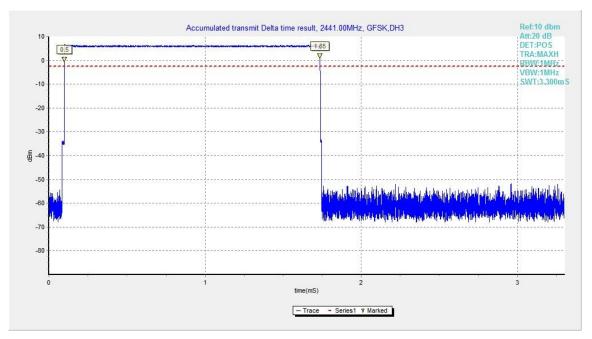


Fig.66. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet DH3





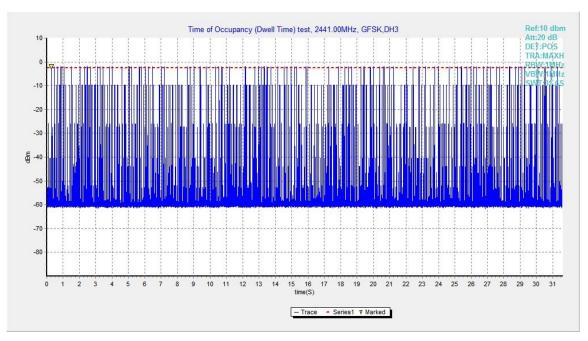


Fig.67. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet DH3

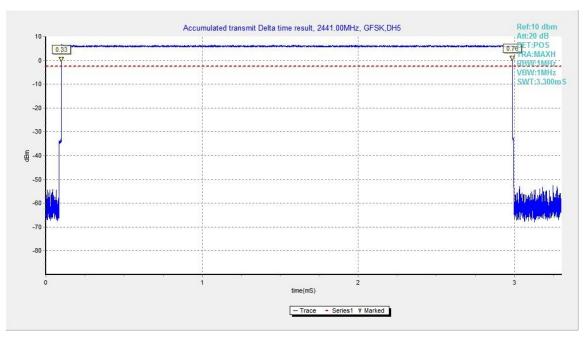


Fig.68. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet DH5





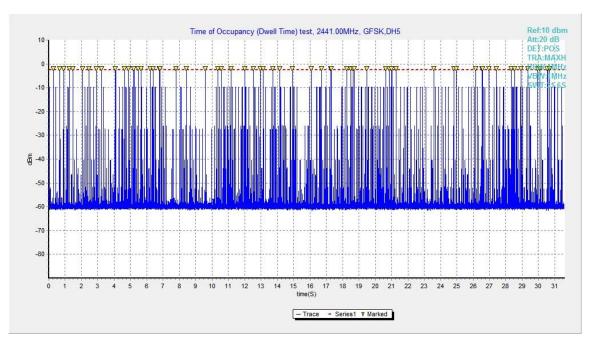


Fig.69. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet DH5

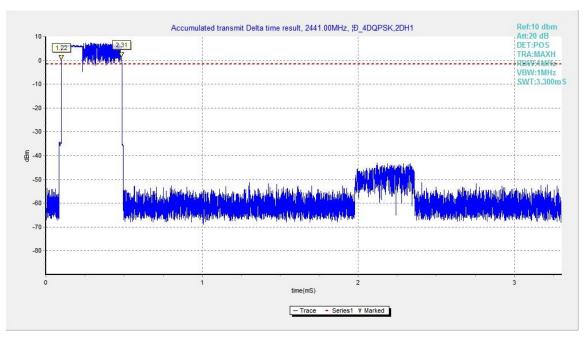


Fig.70. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet 2-DH1





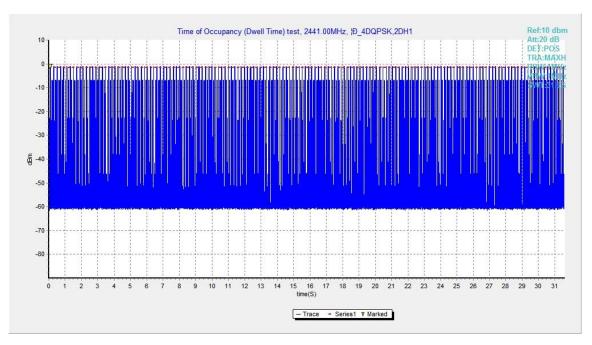


Fig.71. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet 2-DH1

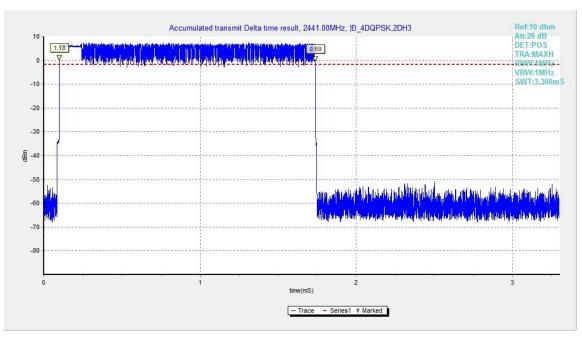


Fig.72. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet 2-DH3





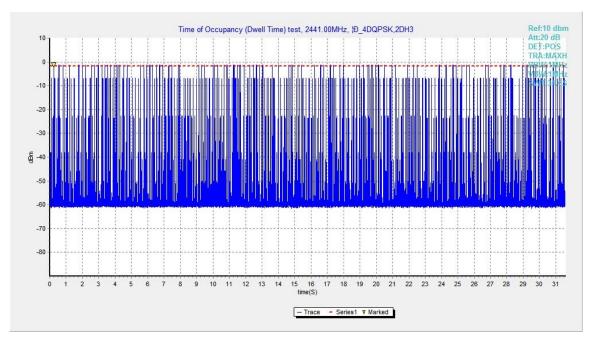


Fig.73. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet 2-DH3

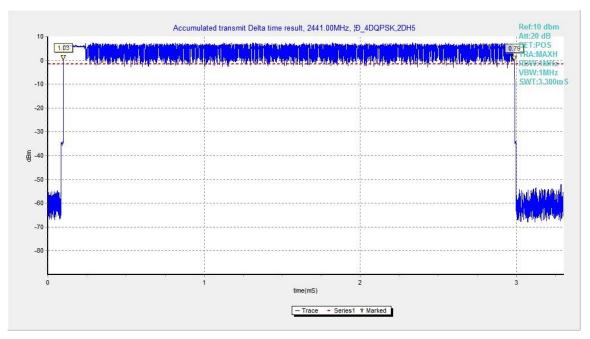


Fig.74. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet 2-DH5





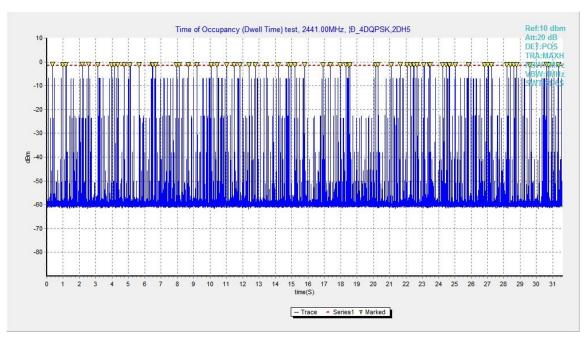


Fig.75. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet 2-DH5

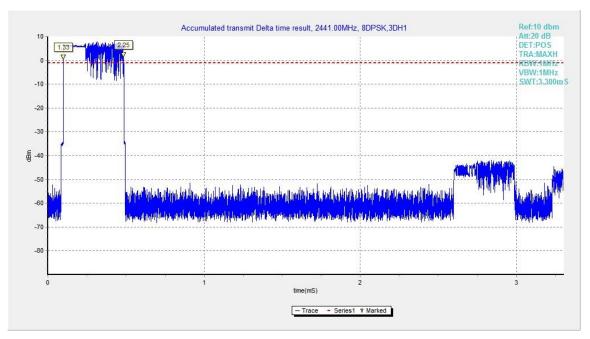


Fig.76. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet 3-DH1





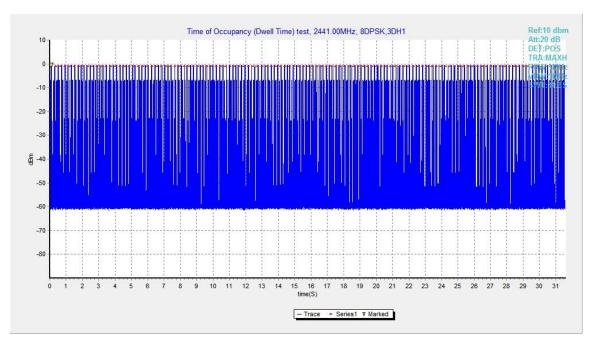


Fig.77. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet 3-DH1

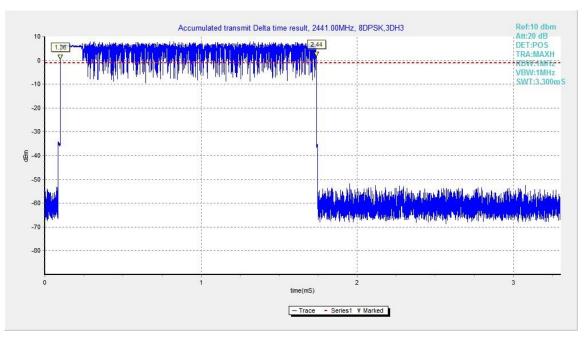


Fig.78. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet 3-DH3





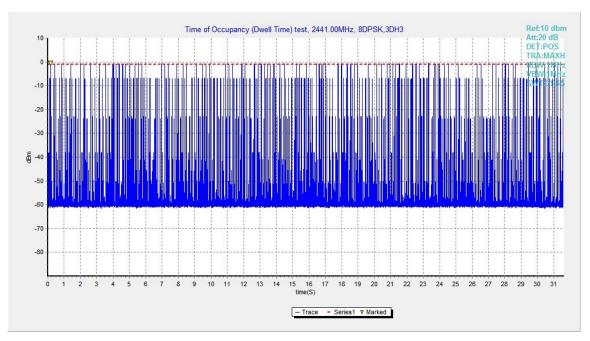


Fig.79. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet 3-DH3

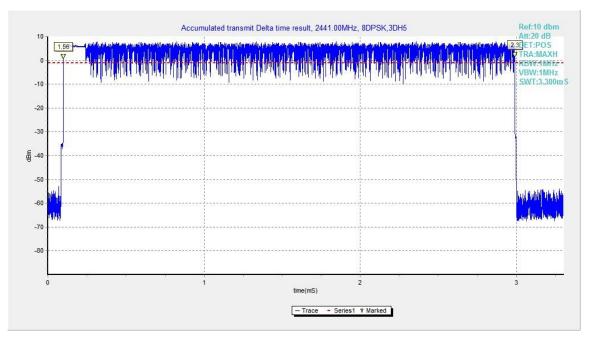


Fig.80. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet 3-DH5





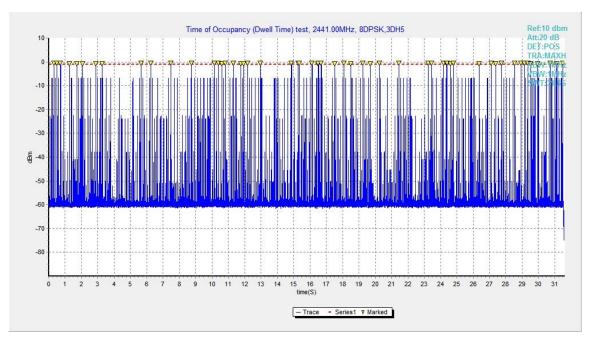


Fig.81. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet 3-DH5





A.8. 20dB Bandwidth

Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 6.9.2

Measurement Procedure - Unwanted Emissions

- 1. Set RBW = 30kHz.
- 2. Set VBW = 100 kHz.
- 3. Set span to 3MHz
- 4. Detector = peak.
- 5. Trace Mode = max hold.
- 6. Sweep = auto couple.
- 7. Allow the trace to stabilize (this may take some time, depending on the extent of the span).

Measurement Limit:

Standard	Limit
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247(a)(1)	NA *

Use NdB Down function of the SA to measure the 20dB Bandwidth

* Comment: This test case is not required according to the latest FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247. But the test results are necessary for "carrier frequency separation" test case, in Annex A.8.

Measurement Results:

For GFSK

Channel	20dB Bandwidth (kHz)		Conclusion
0	Fig.82	926.25	NA
39	Fig.83	925.50	NA
78	Fig.84	918.75	NA

Forπ/4 DQPSK

Channel	20dB Bandwidth (kHz)		Conclusion
0	Fig.85	1279.50	NA
39	Fig.86	1281.00	NA
78	Fig.87	1281.75	NA

For 8DPSK

Channel	20dB Bandwidth (kHz)		Conclusion
0	Fig.88	1282.50	NA
39	Fig.89	1298.25	NA
78	Fig.90	1296.00	NA

Conclusion: NA

Test graphs as below:





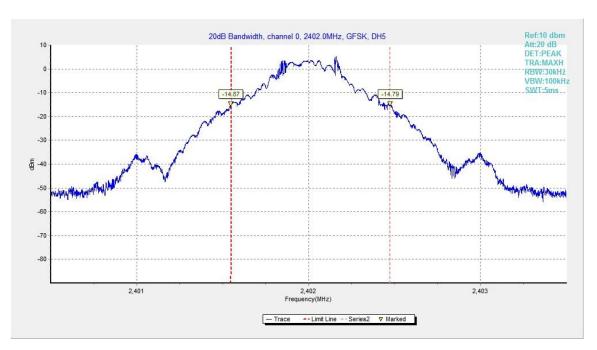


Fig.82. 20dB Bandwidth: GFSK, Channel 0

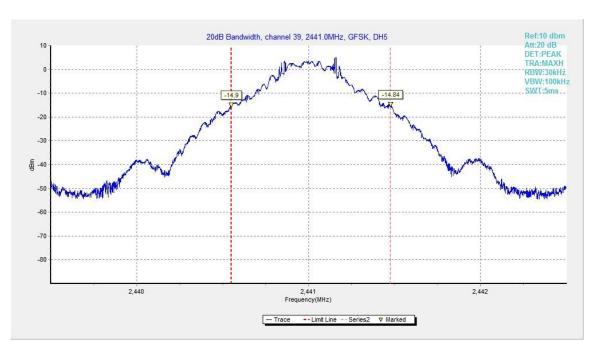


Fig.83. 20dB Bandwidth: GFSK, Channel 39





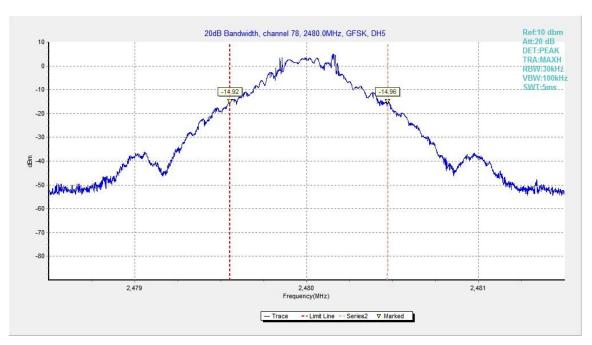


Fig.84. 20dB Bandwidth: GFSK, Channel 78

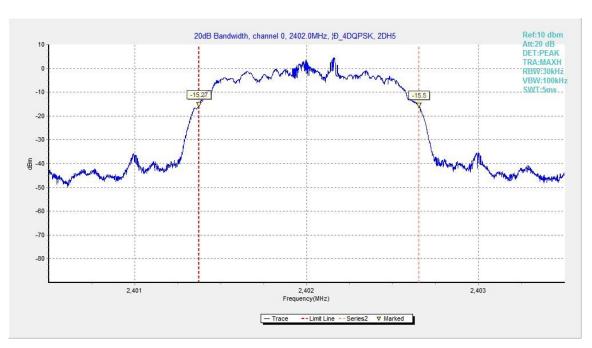


Fig.85. 20dB Bandwidth: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 0





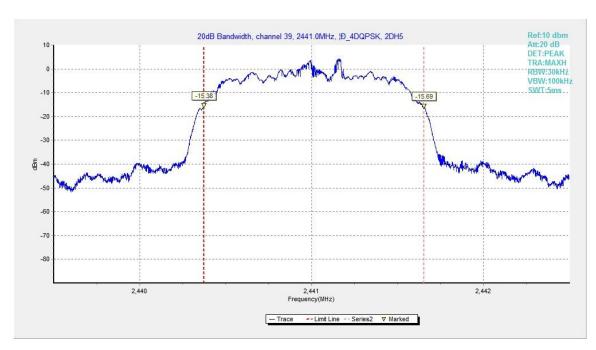


Fig.86. 20dB Bandwidth: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 39

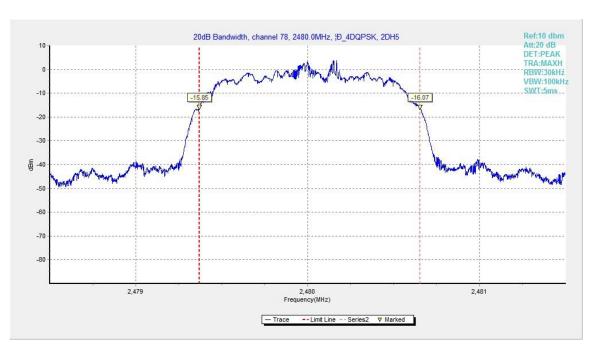


Fig.87. 20dB Bandwidth: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 78





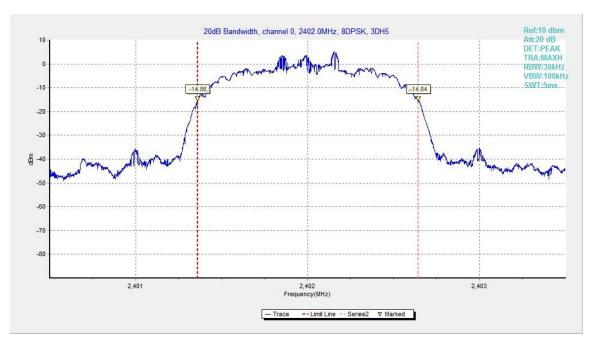


Fig.88. 20dB Bandwidth: 8DPSK, Channel 0

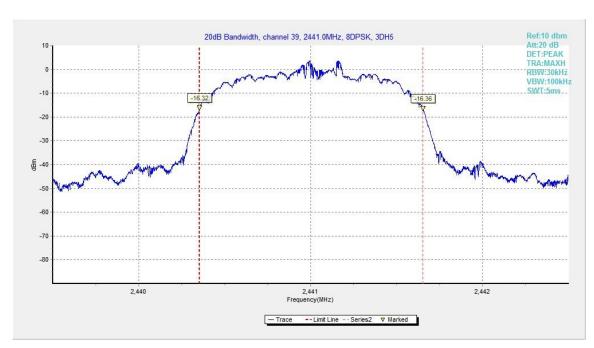


Fig.89. 20dB Bandwidth: 8DPSK, Channel 39





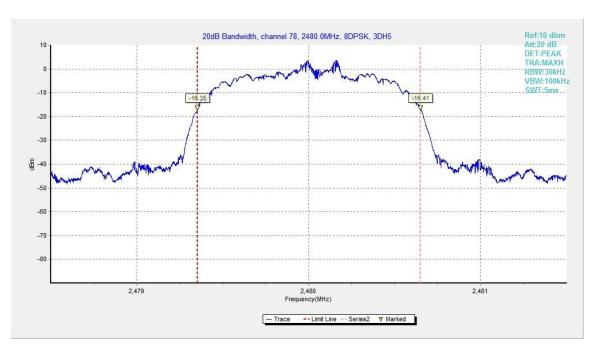


Fig.90. 20dB Bandwidth: 8DPSK, Channel 78





A.9. Carrier Frequency Separation

Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 7.8.2

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- Span = 3MHz
- RBW=300kHz
- VBW=300kHz
- Sweep = auto
- Detector function = peak
- Trace = max hold
- Allow the trace to stabilize

Search the peak marks of the middle frequency and adjacent channel, then record the separation between them.

* Comment: This limit should be over 25 kHz or (2/3) * 20dB bandwidth, whichever is greater.

Measurement Limit:

Standard	Limit(kHz)
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247(a)(1)	over 25 kHz or (2/3) * 20dB bandwidth

Measurement Result:

For GFSK

Channel	Carrier frequency separation (kHz)		Conclusion
39	Fig.91	857.25	Р

For π/4 DQPSK

Channel	Carrier frequency separation (kHz)		Conclusion
39	Fig.92	1311.75	Р

For 8DPSK

Channel	Carrier frequency	Conclusion	
39	Fig.93	1164.00	Р

Conclusion: PASS

Test graphs as below:





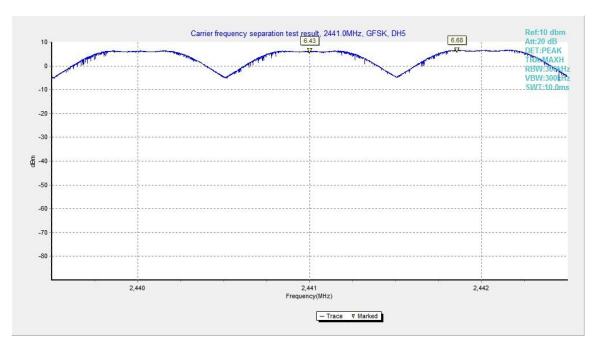


Fig.91. Carrier frequency separation measurement: GFSK, Channel 39

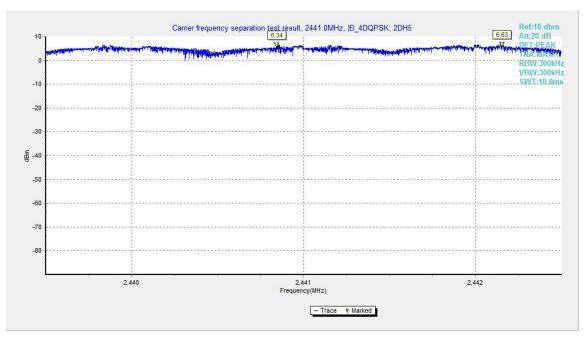


Fig.92. Carrier frequency separation measurement: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 39





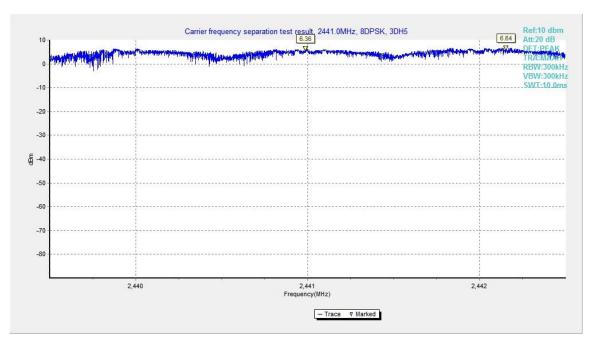


Fig.93. Carrier frequency separation measurement: 8DPSK, Channel 39





A.10. Number of Hopping Channels

Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 7.8.3

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- Span = the frequency band of operation
- RBW = 500kHz
- VBW = 500kHz
- Sweep = auto
- Detector function = peak
- Trace = max hold
- Allow the trace to stabilize

It might prove necessary to break the span up into subranges to show clearly all of the hopping frequencies. Compliance of an EUT with the appropriate regulatory limit shall be determined for the number of hopping channels. A plot of the data shall be included in the test report.

Measurement Limit:

Standard	Limit
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247(a) (1)(iii)	At least 15 non-overlapping channels

Measurement Result:

For GFSK

Channel	Number of hop	Conclusion	
0~39	Fig.94	70	D
40~78	Fig.95	79	P

Forπ/4 DQPSK

Channel	Number of hop	Conclusion	
0~39	Fig.96	70	В
40~78	Fig.97	79	Р

For 8DPSK

Channel	Number of hop	Conclusion	
0~39	Fig.98	70	D
40~78	Fig.99	79	P

Conclusion: PASS
Test graphs as below:





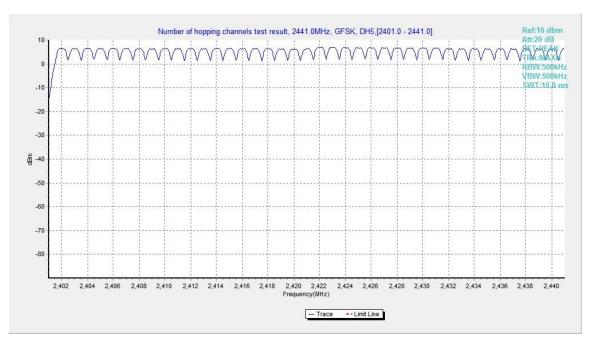


Fig.94. Number of hopping frequencies: GFSK, Channel 0 - 39

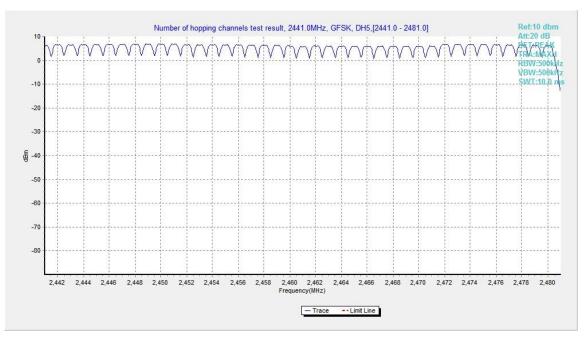


Fig.95. Number of hopping frequencies: GFSK, Channel 40 - 78





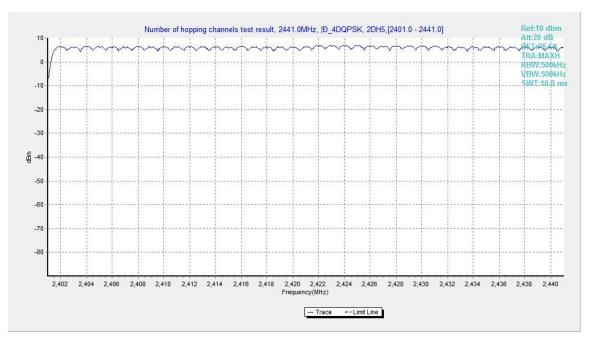


Fig.96. Number of hopping frequencies: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 0 - 39

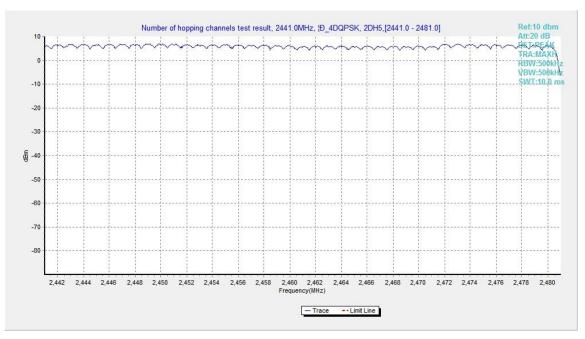


Fig.97. Number of hopping frequencies: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 40 - 78





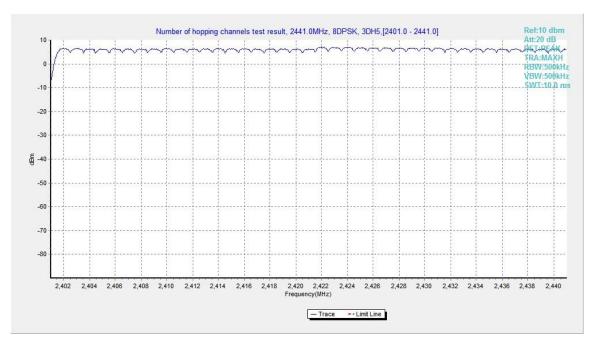


Fig.98. Number of hopping frequencies: 8DPSK, Channel 0 - 39

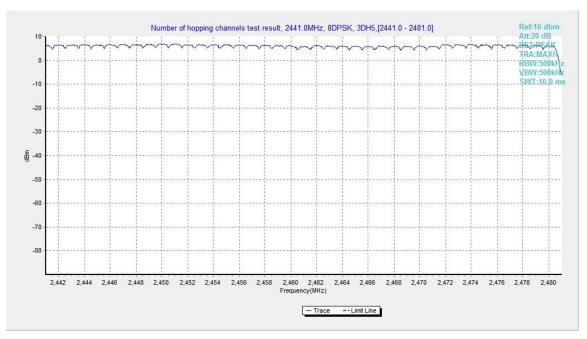


Fig.99. Number of hopping frequencies: 8DPSK, Channel 40 - 78



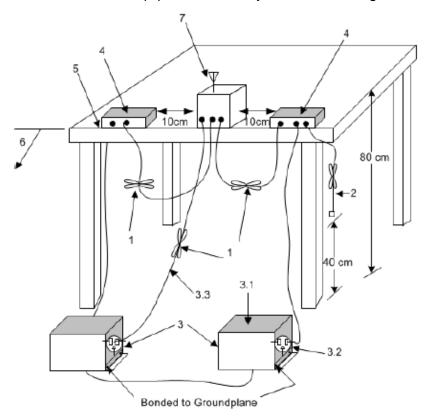


A.11. AC Powerline Conducted Emission Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 6.2

Setup:

A stand-alone EUT shall be placed in the center along the back edge of the tabletop. For multiunit tabletopsystems, the EUT shall be centered laterally (left to right facing the tabletop) on the tabletop and its rearshall be flush with the rear of the table.

Accessories that are part of an EUT system tested on a tabletop shall be placed in a test arrangement on oneor both sides of the host with a 10 cm separation between the nearest points of the cabinets. The rear of the host and accessories shall be flush with the back of the supporting tabletop unless that would not be typical of normal use. If more than two accessories are present, then an equipment testarrangement shall be chosen that maintains 10 cm spacing between cabinets unless the equipment is normally located closer together.



Exploratory ac power-line conducted emission measurements

Exploratory measurements shall be used to identifythe frequency of the emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit by operating the EUT in arange of typical modes of operation, cable positions, and with a typical system equipment configuration andarrangement. For each mode of operation and for each ac power current-carrying conductor, cablemanipulation shall be performed within the range of likely configurations. For this measurement or seriesof measurements, the frequency spectrum of interest shall be monitored looking for the emission that hasthe highest amplitude relative to the limit. Once that emission is found for each current-carrying conductorof each power cord associated with the EUT (but not the cords associated with non-EUT equipment in theoverall system), the one configuration and arrangement and mode of operation that produces the emissionclosest to the limit over all of the measured conductors shall be ©Copyright. All rights reserved byCTTL.Page89of93.





recorded.

Final ac power-line conducted emission measurements

Based on the exploratory tests of the EUT, the one EUT cable configuration and arrangement and mode of operation that produced the emission with the highest amplitude relative to the limit is selected for the final measurement, while applying the appropriate modulating signal to the EUT. If the EUT is relocated from an exploratory test site to a final test site, the highest emissions shall be remaximized at the final test location before final ac power-line conducted emission measurements are performed. The final test on all current-carrying conductors of all of the power cords to the equipment that comprises the EUT (but not the cords associated with other non-EUT equipment in the system) is thenperformed for the full frequency range for which the EUT is being tested for compliance without furthervariation of the EUT arrangement, cable positions, or EUT mode of operation. If the EUT is composed of equipment units that have their own separate ac power connections (e.g., floor-standing equipment withindependent power cords for each shelf that are able to connect directly to the ac power network), then each current-carrying conductor of one unit is measured while the other units are connected to a second (ormore) LISN(s). All units shall be measured separately. If a power strip is provided by the manufacturer, tosupply all of the units making up the EUT, only the conductors in the power cord of the power strip shall bemeasured.

Test Condition:

Voltage (V)	Frequency (Hz)		
120	60		

Measurement Result and limit:

EUT ID: EUT1

Bluetooth (Quasi-peak Limit)

Frequency range (MHz)	Quasi-peak Limit (dBμV)	Conclusion
0.15 to 0.5	66 to 56	
0.5 to 5	56	Р
5 to 30	60	

NOTE: The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.5 MHz.

Bluetooth (Average Limit)

Frequency range (MHz)	Average Limit (dBμV)	Conclusion
0.15 to 0.5	56 to 46	
0.5 to 5	46	Р
5 to 30	50	

NOTE: The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.5 MHz.

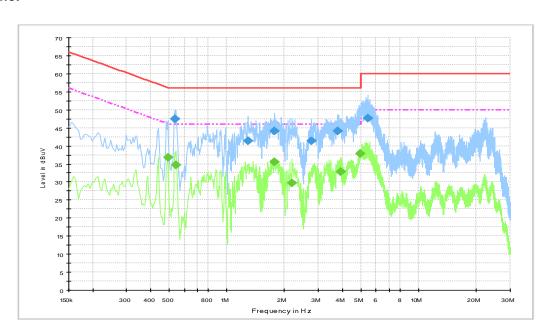
The measurement is made according to ANSI C63.10





Conclusion: Pass Test graphs as below:

Traffic:



AC Power line Conducted Emission-Traffic

Note1: The graphic result above is the maximum of the measurements for both phase line and neutral line.

Final Result 1

Frequency	QuasiPeak	Meas. Time	Bandwidth	Line	Corr.	Margin	Limit
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(ms)	(kHz)		(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV)
0.537000	47.5	10000.0	9.000	L1	20.0	8.5	56.0
1.288500	41.4	10000.0	9.000	L1	19.8	14.6	56.0
1.779000	44.1	10000.0	9.000	L1	19.8	11.9	56.0
2.751000	41.5	10000.0	9.000	L1	19.8	14.5	56.0
3.799500	44.1	10000.0	9.000	L1	19.8	11.9	56.0
5.451000	47.6	10000.0	9.000	L1	19.8	12.4	60.0

Final Result 2

Frequency	Average	Meas. Time	Bandwidth	Line	Corr.	Margin	Limit
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(ms)	(kHz)		(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV)
0.492000	36.7	10000.0	9.000	L1	20.0	9.5	46.1
0.546000	34.6	10000.0	9.000	L1	20.0	11.4	46.0
1.779000	35.4	10000.0	9.000	L1	19.8	10.6	46.0
2.184000	29.7	10000.0	9.000	L1	19.8	16.3	46.0
3.939000	32.9	10000.0	9.000	L1	19.8	13.1	46.0
4.951500	37.8	10000.0	9.000	L1	19.8	8.2	46.0

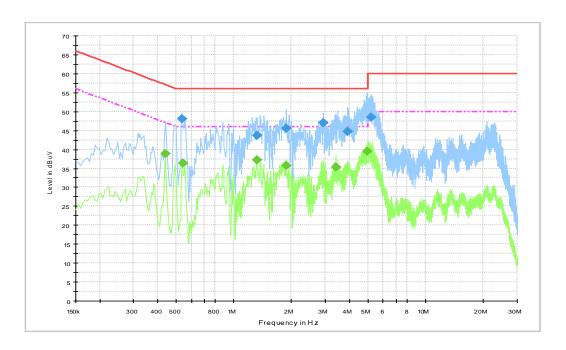
Note2: The measurement results showed here are worst cases of the combinations of different cables and chargers.

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Idle:



AC Power line Conducted Emission-Idle

Note1: The graphic result above is the maximum of the measurements for both phase line and neutral line.

Final Result 1

Frequency	QuasiPeak	Meas. Time	Bandwidth	Line	Corr.	Margin	Limit
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(ms)	(kHz)		(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV)
0.537000	48.0	10000.0	9.000	L1	20.0	8.0	56.0
1.324500	43.6	10000.0	9.000	L1	19.8	12.4	56.0
1.873500	45.6	10000.0	9.000	L1	19.8	10.4	56.0
2.935500	47.1	10000.0	9.000	L1	19.8	8.9	56.0
3.916500	44.6	10000.0	9.000	L1	19.8	11.4	56.0
5.185500	48.4	10000.0	9.000	L1	19.8	11.6	60.0

Final Result 2

Frequency	Average	Meas. Time	Bandwidth	Line	Corr.	Margin	Limit
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(ms)	(kHz)		(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV)
0.438000	38.9	10000.0	9.000	L1	20.0	8.2	47.1
0.541500	36.3	10000.0	9.000	L1	20.0	9.7	46.0
1.315500	37.2	10000.0	9.000	L1	19.8	8.8	46.0
1.873500	35.8	10000.0	9.000	L1	19.8	10.2	46.0
3.417000	35.3	10000.0	9.000	L1	19.8	10.7	46.0
4.969500	39.6	10000.0	9.000	L1	19.8	6.4	46.0

Note2: The measurement results showed here are worst cases of the combinations of different cables and chargers.

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ANNEX B: Accreditation Certificate

United States Department of Commerce National Institute of Standards and Technology



Certificate of Accreditation to ISO/IEC 17025:2005

NVLAP LAB CODE: 600118-0

Telecommunication Technology Labs, CAICT

Beijing China

is accredited by the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for specific services, listed on the Scope of Accreditation, for:

Electromagnetic Compatibility & Telecommunications

This laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognized International Standard ISO/IEC 17025:2005.

This accreditation demonstrates technical competence for a defined scope and the operation of a laboratory quality management system (refer to joint ISO-ILAC-IAF Communique dated January 2009).

2019-09-26 through 2020-09-30

Effective Dates



For the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program

END OF REPORT