

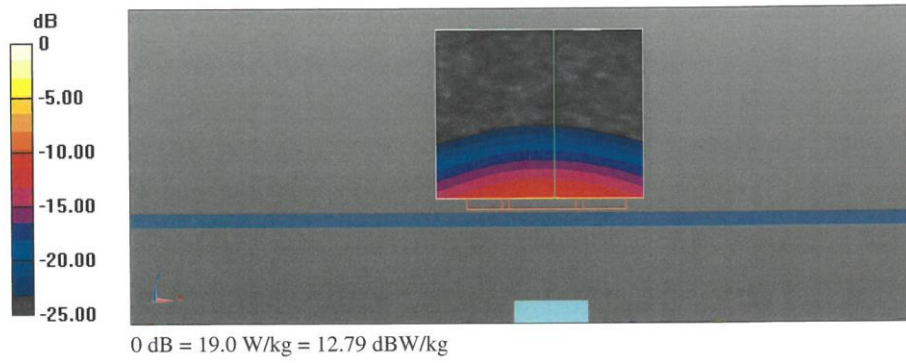
**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm  
Reference Value = 67.12 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.1 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 7.36 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.06 W/kg**  
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm  
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 66.1%  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.3 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm  
Reference Value = 68.41 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.0 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 7.86 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.17 W/kg**  
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm  
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 64.2%  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.0 W/kg

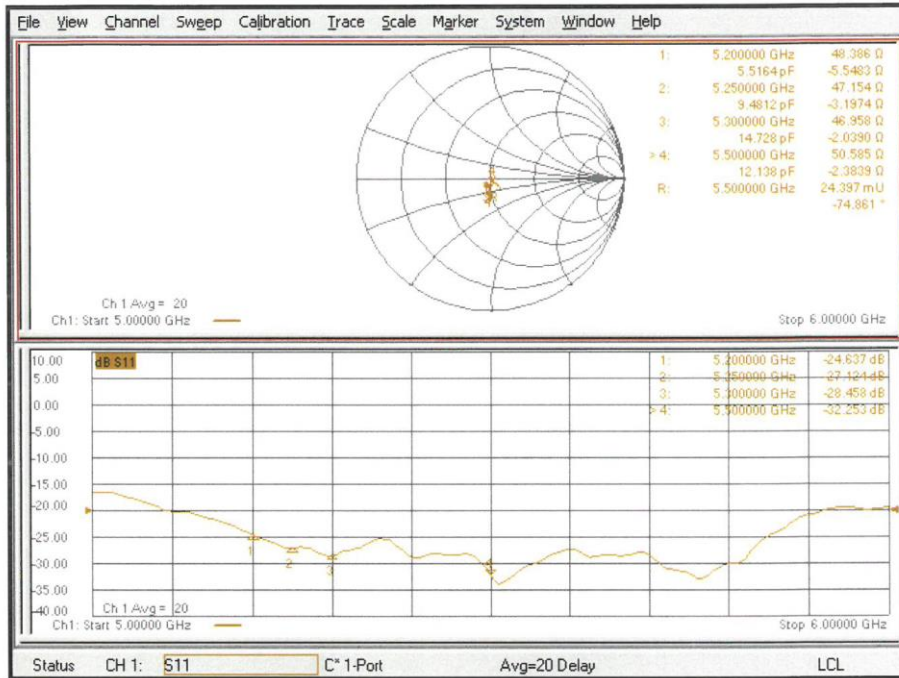
**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm  
Reference Value = 67.25 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.2 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 7.72 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.15 W/kg**  
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm  
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 63.4%  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.7 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm  
Reference Value = 65.67 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.2 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 7.61 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.11 W/kg**  
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm  
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 62%  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.7 W/kg

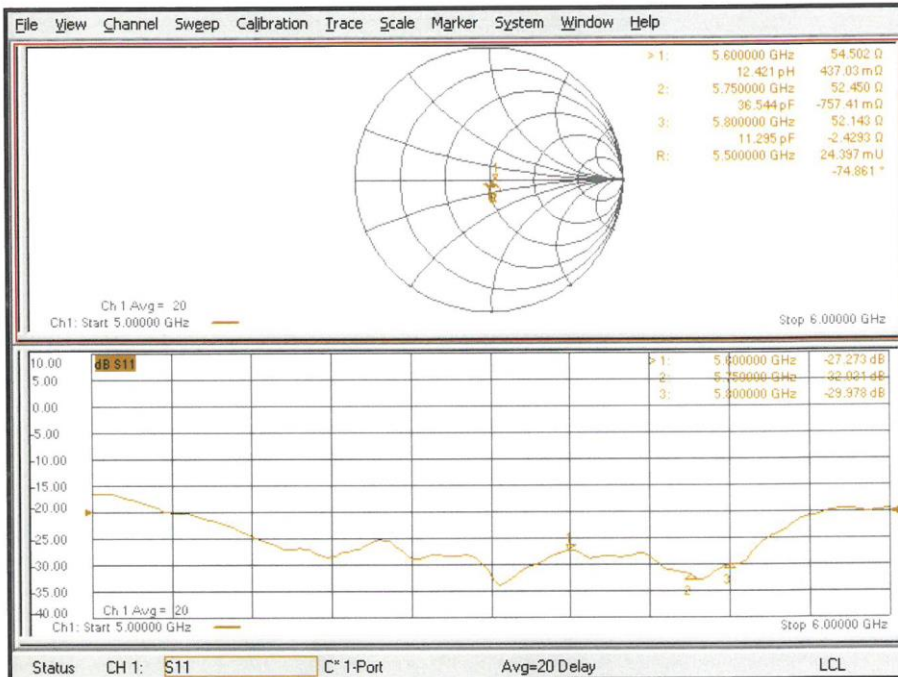
**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm  
Reference Value = 65.55 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.7 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 7.42 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.04 W/kg**  
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm  
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 62.5%  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.2 W/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL (5200, 5250, 5300, 5500 MHz)

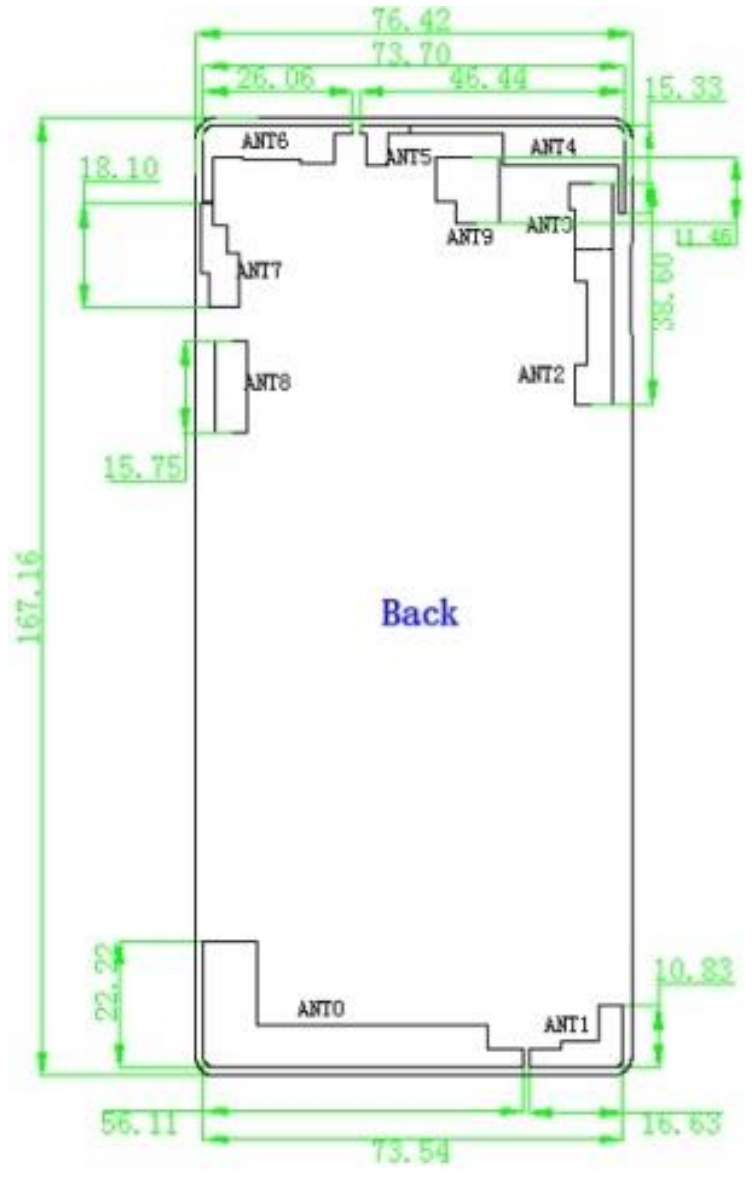


Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL (5600, 5750, 5800 MHz)



## ANNEX I Sensor Triggering Data Summary

SAR sensor trigger Diagram:



Antenna	Trigger Position	Trigger Distance (mm)
ANT0&ANT1	Rear	15
	Bottom	11
	Front	10
	Left	10
ANT3&ANT4	Rear	15
	Top	11
	Front	10
	Left	10

Per FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04v01r02, this device was tested by the manufacturer to determine the proximity sensor triggering distances for the rear and bottom edge of the device. The measured output power within  $\pm 5$ mm of the triggering points (or until touching the phantom) is included for rear and each applicable edge.

To ensure all production units are compliant it is necessary to test SAR at a distance 1mm less than the smallest distance from the device and SAR phantom (determined from these triggering tests according to the KDB 616217 D04v01r02) with the device at maximum output power without power reduction. These SAR tests are included in addition to the SAR tests for the device touching the SAR phantom, with reduced power.

We tested the power and got the different proximity sensor triggering distances for rear, bottom, front and left edge for ANT0&ANT1. The manufacturer has declared 15mm is the most conservative triggering distance for ANT0&ANT1 with rear edge. The 11mm distance for bottom edge. The 10mm distance for front and left edge. So base on the most conservative triggering distance of 15/11/10/10mm, additional SAR measurements were required at 14/10/9/9mm from the highest SAR position between rear/bottom/front/left edge of main antenna.

We tested the power and got the different proximity sensor triggering distances for rear, bottom, front and left edge for ANT3&ANT4. The manufacturer has declared 15mm is the most conservative triggering distance for ANT3&ANT4 with rear edge. The 11mm distance for top edge. The 10mm distance for front and left edge. So base on the most conservative triggering distance of 15/11/10/10mm, additional SAR measurements were required at 14/10/9/9mm from the highest SAR position between rear/top/front/left edge of main antenna.

**Main antenna - ANTO**
**Rear**

Moving device toward the phantom:

sensor near or far(KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm]	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10
Main antenna	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near

Moving device away from the phantom:

sensor near or far(KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm]	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Main antenna	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far

**Bottom**

Moving device toward the phantom:

sensor near or far(KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm]	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6
Main antenna	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near

Moving device away from the phantom:

sensor near or far(KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm]	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Main antenna	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far

**Front Edge**

Moving device toward the phantom:

sensor near or far(KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm]	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5
Main antenna	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near

Moving device away from the phantom:

sensor near or far(KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm]	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Main antenna	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far

**Left Edge**

Moving device toward the phantom:

sensor near or far(KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm]	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5
Main antenna	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near

Moving device away from the phantom:

sensor near or far(KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm]	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Main antenna	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far

**Main antenna– ANT4**
**Rear**

Moving device toward the phantom:

sensor near or far(KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm]	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10
Main antenna	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near

Moving device away from the phantom:

sensor near or far(KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm]	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Main antenna	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far

**Bottom**

Moving device toward the phantom:

sensor near or far(KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm]	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6
Main antenna	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near

Moving device away from the phantom:

sensor near or far(KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm]	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Main antenna	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far



### Front Edge

Moving device toward the phantom:

sensor near or far(KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm]	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5
Main antenna	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near

Moving device away from the phantom:

sensor near or far(KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm]	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Main antenna	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far

### Left Edge

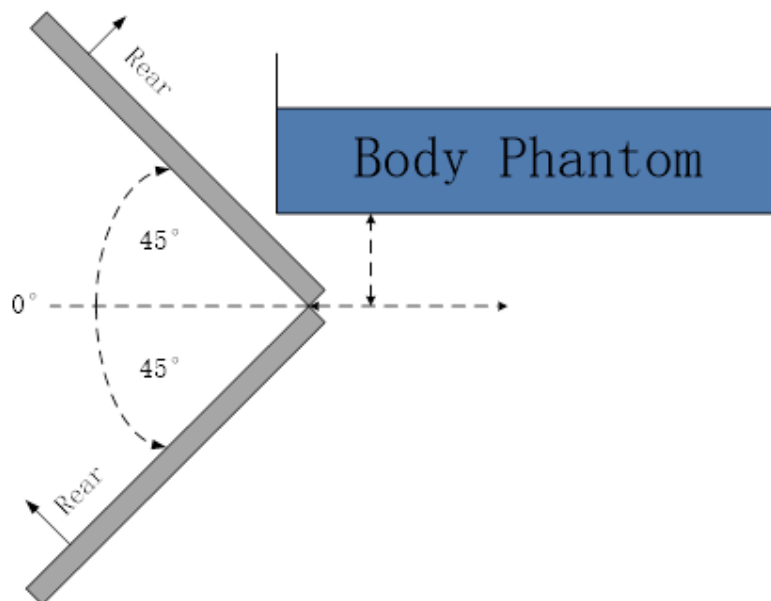
Moving device toward the phantom:

sensor near or far(KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm]	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5
Main antenna	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near

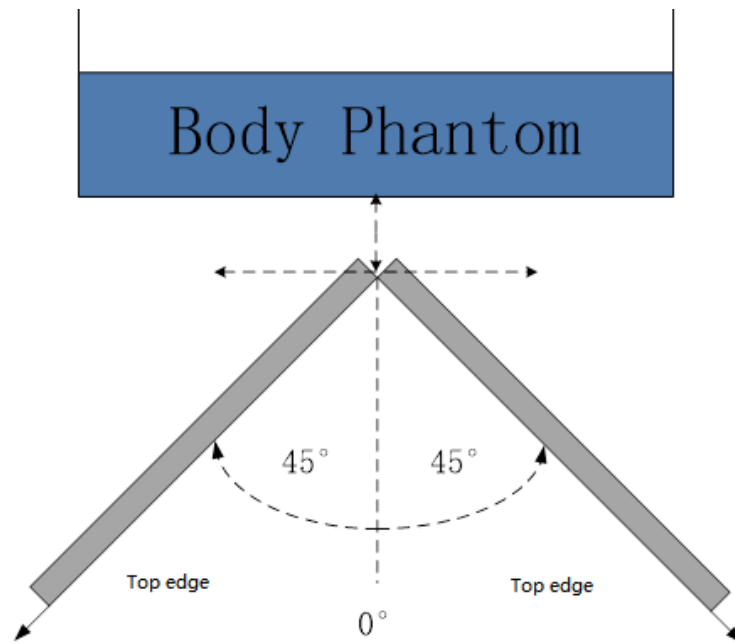
Moving device away from the phantom:

sensor near or far(KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm]	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Main antenna	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far

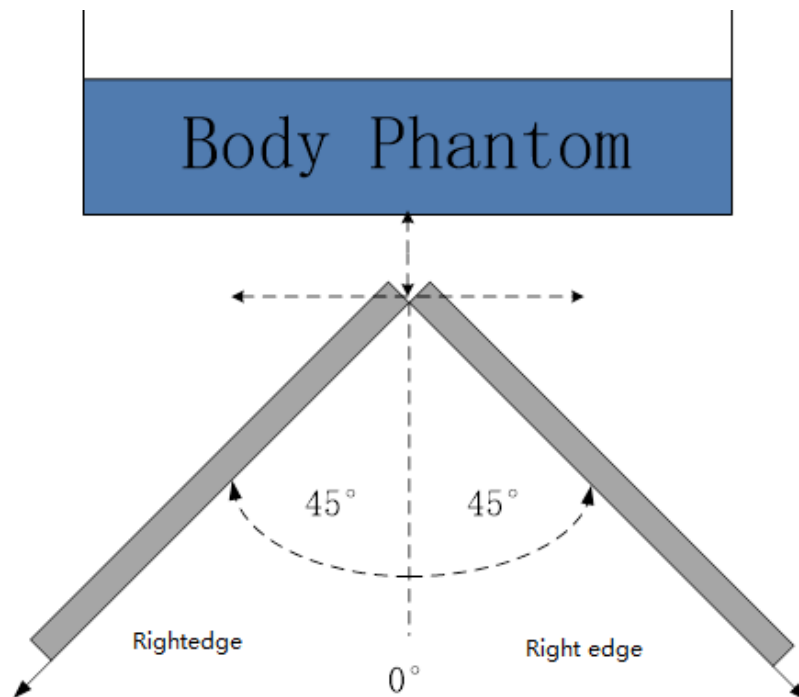
Per FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04v01r02, the influence of table tilt angles to proximity sensor triggering is determined by positioning each edge that contains a transmitting antenna, perpendicular to the flat phantom, at the smallest sensor triggering test distance by rotating the device around the edge next to the phantom in  $\leq 10^\circ$  increments until the tablet is  $\pm 45^\circ$  or more from the vertical position at  $0^\circ$ .



The front/rear evaluation



**The bottom/top edge evaluation**



**The Left edge evaluation**

Based on the above evaluation, we come to the conclusion that the sensor triggering is not released and normal maximum output power is not restored within the  $\pm 45^\circ$  range at the smallest sensor triggering test distance declared by manufacturer.

**ANNEX J Accreditation Certificate**

<b>United States Department of Commerce National Institute of Standards and Technology</b>	
 	
<hr/> <b>Certificate of Accreditation to ISO/IEC 17025:2017</b> <hr/>	
NVLAP LAB CODE: 600118-0	
<b>Telecommunication Technology Labs, CAICT</b> Beijing China	
<i>is accredited by the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for specific services, listed on the Scope of Accreditation, for:</i>	
<b>Electromagnetic Compatibility &amp; Telecommunications</b>	
<i>This laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognized International Standard ISO/IEC 17025:2017. This accreditation demonstrates technical competence for a defined scope and the operation of a laboratory quality management system (refer to joint ISO-ILAC-IAF Communiqué dated January 2009).</i>	
2020-09-29 through 2021-09-30 <i>Effective Dates</i>	  <i>For the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program</i>