## Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 76.02 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.24 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.35 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 6.8 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 70.8%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.8 W/kg

## Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 75.86 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.56 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.42 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 67.3%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.1 W/kg

## Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 76.37 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.38 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 68.5%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.6 W/kg

#### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 73.46 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.28 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 66.6%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.3 W/kg

#### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 74.09 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.22 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.32 W/kg

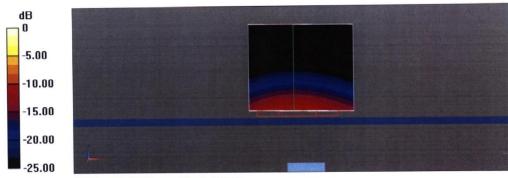
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 66.5%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.6 W/kg

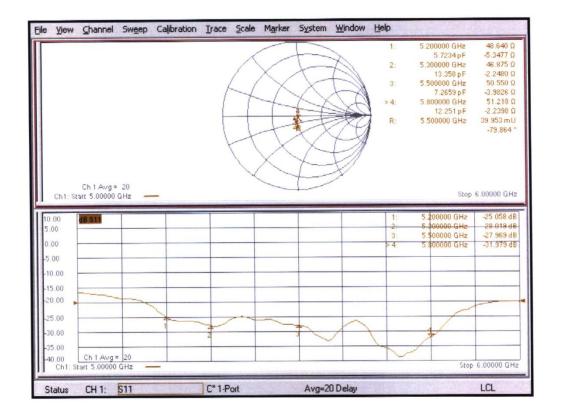
Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1060\_Jun23

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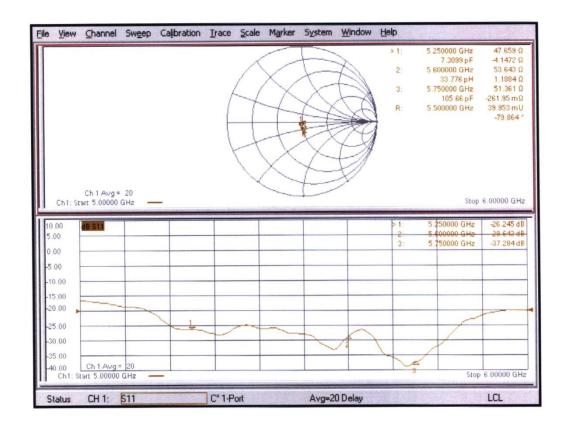


0 dB = 20.1 W/kg = 13.03 dBW/kg

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL (5200, 5300, 5500, 5800 MHz)



# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL (5250, 5600, 5750 MHz)



# **ANNEX I SAR Sensor Triggering Data Summary**

	WIFI 2.4	G/5G (ANT3/4)	
		Distance	Corresponding SAR test scenario
sar sensor trigger	Front(mm)	10mm	Body SAR & Head SAR Front side
sar sensor trigger	Top(mm)	13mm	Body SAR & Head SAR top side
sar sensor trigger	back(mm)	13mm	Body SAR& Head SAR back side

	GSM/WCDM	1A/LTE (ANT2	)
		Distance	Corresponding SAR test scenario
sar sensor trigger	Front(mm)	12mm	Body SAR & Head SAR Front side
sar sensor trigger	Top(mm)	16mm	Body SAR & Head SAR Top side
sar sensor trigger	Back(mm)	16mm	Body SAR & Head SAR Back side
sar sensor trigger	Left(mm)	13mm	Body SAR& Head SAR Left side

Per FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04v01r02, this device was tested by the manufacturer to determine the proximity sensor triggering distances for some positions. The measured output power within  $\pm 5$ mm of the triggering points (or until touching the phantom) is included for front, rear and each applicable edge.

To ensure all production units are compliant it is necessary to test SAR at a distance 1mm less than the smallest distance from the device and SAR phantom (determined from these triggering tests according to the KDB 616217 D04v01r02) with the device at maximum output power without power reduction. These SAR tests are included in addition to the SAR tests for the device touching the SAR phantom, with reduced power.

### ANT2:

### **Front**

Moving device toward the phantom:

sensor near or far(KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm]	Distance [mm] 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7										
Main antenna	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near

Moving device away from the phantom:

sensor near or far(KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm]	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Main antenna	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far

#### Rear

Moving device toward the phantom:

sensor near or far(KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm]	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11
Main antenna	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near

Moving device away from the phantom:

			senso	r near or	far(KDB 6	616217 6.	2.6)				
Distance [mm]	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Main antenna	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far

## Left Edge

Moving device toward the phantom:

sensor near or far(KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm]	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
Main antenna	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near

Moving device away from the phantom:

			senso	r near or	far(KDB 6	616217 6.	2.6)				
Distance [mm]	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Main antenna	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far

## Top Edge

Moving device toward the phantom:

	sensor near or far(KDB 616217 6.2.6)										
Distance [mm]	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11
Main antenna	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near

Moving device away from the phantom:

sensor near or far(KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm]	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Main antenna	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far

### ANT3/ANT4:

### **Front**

Moving device toward the phantom:

	sensor near or far(KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm] 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5											5	
Main antenna	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	

Moving device away from the phantom:

sensor near or far(KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm] 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15											15
Main antenna	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far

### Rear

Moving device toward the phantom:

sensor near or far(KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm]	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
Main antenna	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near

Moving device away from the phantom:

sensor near or far(KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm] 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18										18	
Main antenna	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far

## **Top Edge**

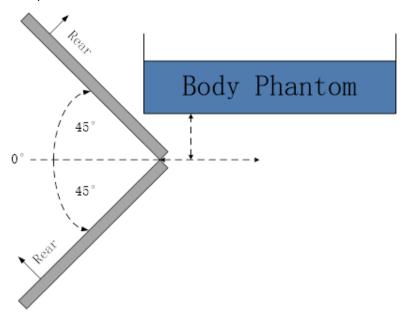
Moving device toward the phantom:

sensor near or far(KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm]	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
Main antenna	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near

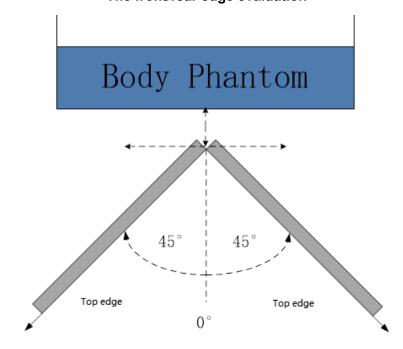
Moving device away from the phantom:

sensor near or far(KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm] 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18										18	
Main antenna	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far

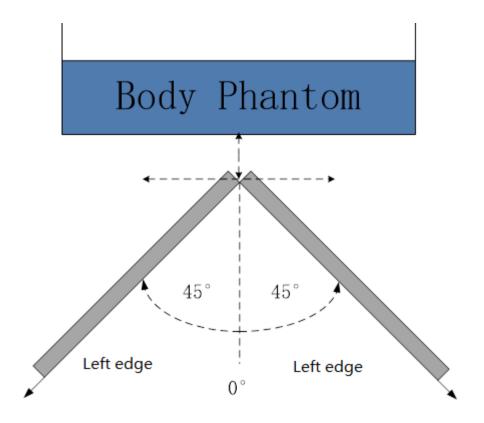
Per FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04v01r02, the influence of table tilt angles to proximity sensor triggering is determined by positioning each edge that contains a transmitting antenna, perpendicular to the flat phantom, at the smallest sensor triggering test distance by rotating the device around the edge next to the phantom in  $\leq 10^{\circ}$  increments until the tablet is  $\pm 45^{\circ}$  or more from the vertical position at  $0^{\circ}$ .



The front/rear edge evaluation



The bottom/top edge evaluation



The left/right edge evaluation

Based on the above evaluation, we come to the conclusion that the sensor triggering is not released and normal maximum output power is not restored within the  $\pm 45^{\circ}$  range at the smallest sensor triggering test distance declared by manufacturer.

## **ANNEX J Accreditation Certificate**



# **Accredited Laboratory**

A2LA has accredited

# TELECOMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY LABS, CAICT

Beijing, People's Republic of China

for technical competence in the field of

## **Electrical Testing**

This laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognized International Standard ISO/IEC 17025:2017

General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories. This accreditation demonstrates technical competence for a defined scope and the operation of a laboratory quality management system (refer to joint ISO-ILAC-IAF Communiqué dated April 2017).



Presented this 26th day of June 2023.

Mr. Trace McInturff, Vice President, Accreditation Services For the Accreditation Council Certificate Number 7049.01

Valid to July 31, 2024

For the tests to which this accreditation applies, please refer to the laboratory's Electrical Scope of Accreditation.