#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 19.06.2023

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

## DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1060

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5750 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz;  $\sigma = 4.53$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz;  $\sigma = 4.60$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz;  $\sigma = 4.67$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz;  $\sigma = 4.89$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz;  $\sigma = 4.97$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.08$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.11$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.0$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(5.8, 5.8, 5.8) @ 5200 MHz, ConvF(5.5, 5.5, 5.5) @ 5250 MHz, ConvF(5.49, 5.49, 5.49) @ 5300 MHz, ConvF(5.25, 5.25, 5.25) @ 5500 MHz, ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) @ 5600 MHz, ConvF(5.08, 5.08, 5.08) @ 5750 MHz, ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01) @ 5800 MHz; Calibrated: 07.03.2023
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 19.12.2022
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 76.08 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.92 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.27 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 6.9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 70.9%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.0 W/kg

#### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 75.90 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.98 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.29 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 71.8%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.0 W/kg

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# Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 76.02 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.24 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.35 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 6.8 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 70.8%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.8 W/kg

### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 75.86 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.56 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.42 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 67.3%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.1 W/kg

# Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 76.37 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.38 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 68.5%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.6 W/kg

#### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 73.46 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.28 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 66.6%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.3 W/kg

#### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 74.09 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.5 W/kg

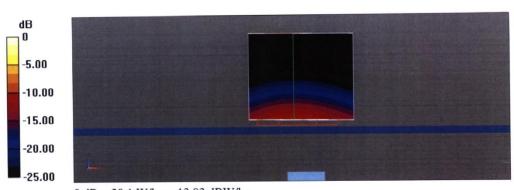
SAR(1 g) = 8.22 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.32 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 66.5%

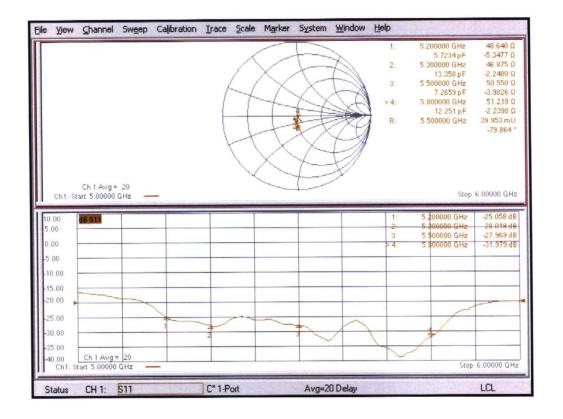
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.6 W/kg

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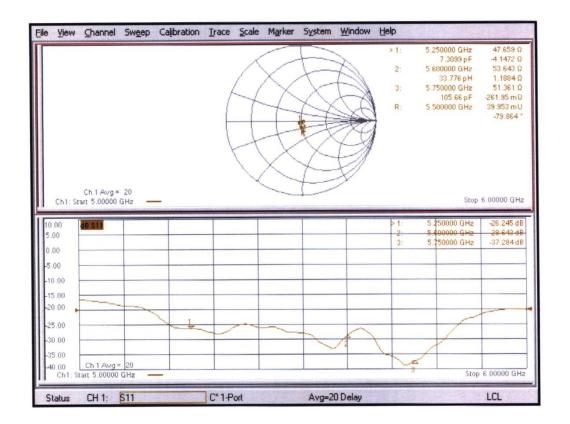


0 dB = 20.1 W/kg = 13.03 dBW/kg

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL (5200, 5300, 5500, 5800 MHz)



# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL (5250, 5600, 5750 MHz)



# **ANNEX I SAR Sensor Triggering Data Summary**

# SAR sensor position and trigger region:

Please refer to the file < The Photos of SAR test - I23Z70141>.

# SAR sensor trigger distance:

Antenna	Trigger Position	Trigger Distance(mm)
	Bottom	24
	Front side	21 3-06-5
1# Main	Back side	23
1# Iviaiii	TOP	hehgh. 1
	Left Side	1
	Right Slide	14
2# DIV	NA	
	Bottom	/
	Front side	15
4# WIFI	Back side	22
4π WIF1	TOP	/
	Left Side	/
	Right Slide	23

Per FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04v01r02, this device was tested by the manufacturer to determine the proximity sensor triggering distances for some positions. The measured output power within  $\pm 5$ mm of the triggering points (or until touching the phantom) is included for front, rear and each applicable edge.

To ensure all production units are compliant it is necessary to test SAR at a distance 1mm less than the smallest distance from the device and SAR phantom (determined from these triggering tests according to the KDB 616217 D04v01r02) with the device at maximum output power without power reduction. These SAR tests are included in addition to the SAR tests for the device touching the SAR phantom, with reduced power.

#### Main ANT:

#### **Front**

Moving device toward the phantom:

			senso	r near or	far(KDB 6	516217 6.	2.6)				
Distance [mm] 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16											
Main antenna	Main antenna Far Far Far Far Near Near Near Near Near Near Near										

#### Moving device away from the phantom:

			senso	r near or	far(KDB 6	616217 6.	2.6)				
Distance [mm] 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26											
Main antenna											

#### Rear

Moving device toward the phantom:

			senso	r near or	far(KDB 6	516217 6.	2.6)				
Distance [mm] 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18											
Main antenna	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near

#### Moving device away from the phantom:

			senso	r near or	far(KDB 6	516217 6.	2.6)				
Distance [mm] 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28											
Main antenna Near Near Near Near Near Far Far Far Far											Far

### **Bottom Edge**

Moving device toward the phantom:

			senso	r near or	far(KDB 6	516217 6.	2.6)				
Distance [mm] 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19											
Main antenna Far Far Far Far Near Near Near Near Near Near Near											

#### Moving device away from the phantom:

			senso	r near or	far(KDB 6	516217 6.	2.6)				
Distance [mm] 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29											
Main antenna Near Near Near Near Near Far Far Far Far Far											

## **Right Edge**

Moving device toward the phantom:

			senso	r near or	far(KDB 6	516217 6.	2.6)					
Distance [mm] 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9												
Main antenna	Main antenna Far Far Far Far Near Near Near Near Near Near Near											

Moving device away from the phantom:

			senso	r near or	far(KDB 6	616217 6.	2.6)				
Distance [mm] 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19											
Main antenna	Main antenna Near Near Near Near Near Far Far Far Far										

#### **WIFI ANT:**

#### **Front**

Moving device toward the phantom:

			senso	r near or	far(KDB 6	516217 6.	2.6)				
Distance [mm] 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10											
Main antenna	Main antenna Far Far Far Far Near Near Near Near Near Near Near										

Moving device away from the phantom:

			senso	r near or	far(KDB 6	516217 6.	2.6)				
Distance [mm] 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20											
Main antenna Near Near Near Near Near Far Far Far Far Far											

#### Rear

Moving device toward the phantom:

			senso	r near or	far(KDB 6	516217 6.	2.6)				
Distance [mm] 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17											
Main antenna	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near

Moving device away from the phantom:

sensor near or far(KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm] 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27											
Main antenna	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far

### **Right Edge**

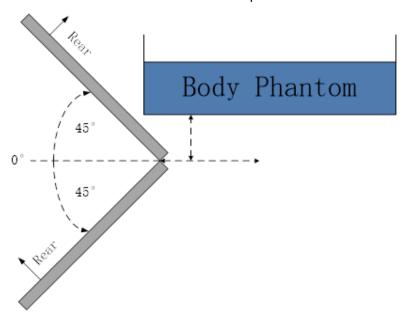
Moving device toward the phantom:

sensor near or far(KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm]	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18
Main antenna	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near

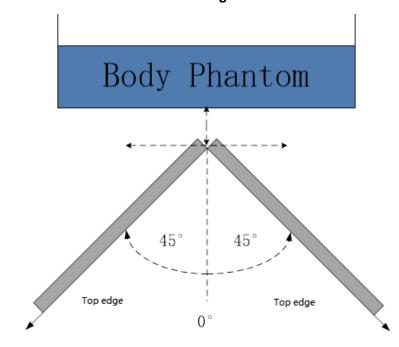
Moving device away from the phantom:

			•								
sensor near or far(KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm]	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
Main antenna	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far

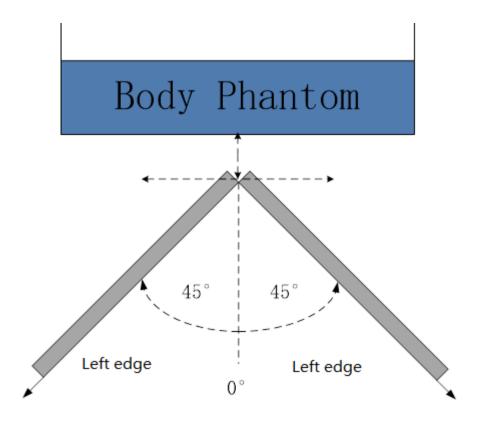
Per FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04v01r02, the influence of table tilt angles to proximity sensor triggering is determined by positioning each edge that contains a transmitting antenna, perpendicular to the flat phantom, at the smallest sensor triggering test distanceby rotating the device around the edge next to the phantom in ≤ 10° increments until the tablet is ±45° or more from the vertical position at 0°.



The front/rear edge evaluation



The bottom edge evaluation



The right edge evaluation

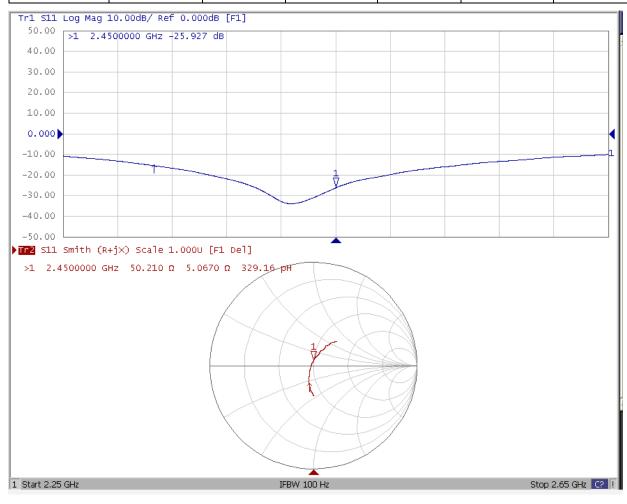
Based on the above evaluation, we come to the conclusion that the sensor triggering is not released and normal maximum output power is not restored within the  $\pm 45^{\circ}$  range at the smallest sensor triggering test distance declared by manufacturer.

# **ANNEX J** Extended Calibration SAR Dipole

Referring to KDB865664 D01, if dipoles are verified in return loss ( <-20dBm, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance ( within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

Justification of Extended Calibration SAR Dipole D2450V2- serial no.853

Head						
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (johm)	Delta (johm)
2022-7-20	2022-7-20 -24.3		54.3	\	4.7	\
2023-6-29	-25.927	-6.7	50.21	-4.09	5.067	0.367



## **ANNEX K Accreditation Certificate**

United States Department of Commerce National Institute of Standards and Technology



# Certificate of Accreditation to ISO/IEC 17025:2017

**NVLAP LAB CODE: 600118-0** 

### **Telecommunication Technology Labs, CAICT**

Beijing China

is accredited by the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for specific services, listed on the Scope of Accreditation, for:

#### **Electromagnetic Compatibility & Telecommunications**

This laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognized International Standard ISO/IEC 17025:2017.

This accreditation demonstrates technical competence for a defined scope and the operation of a laboratory quality management system (refer to joint ISO-ILAC-IAF Communique dated January 2009).

2022-10-01 through 2023-09-30

Effective Dates



For the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program