



Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 68.18 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.0 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.52 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.13 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.4 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 69.45 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.7 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.23 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.1 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 68.13 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.9 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.87 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.22 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.8 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 67.49 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.1 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.79 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.18 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.0 W/kg

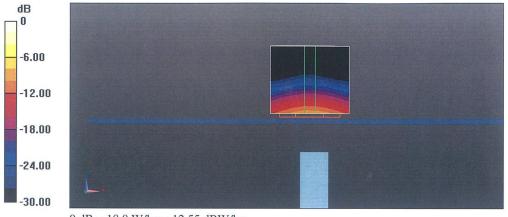
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 66.59 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.0 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.51 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.09 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.0 W/kg

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0 dB = 18.0 W/kg = 12.55 dBW/kg

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10.0 5.0 5.0 -10. -15. -20. -25. -30. -35. -40.	Ch1: Sta 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	art 5.00000 (20							2: 3: 4:	5.25 5.30 5.50	00000 GHz 00000 GHz 00000 GHz 00000 GHz 00000 GHz	-24.777 dB -29.089 dB -33.128 dB

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL (5200, 5250, 5300, 5500, 5600 MHz)

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File View Channel Sweep Calibration Trace Scale Marker System Window Help 5.750000 GHz 22.141 pH 5.800000 GHz 14.931 pF 52.337 Ω 799.92 mΩ 52.894 Ω -1.8378 Ω 6 >7: Ch 1 Avg = 20 Ch1: Start 5.00000 GHz Stop 6.00000 GHz dB S11 10.00 50000 GHz 99999 GHz -32.346 dB 28.548 dB 6 5.00 0.00 -5.00 -10.00 -15.00 -20.00 25.00 30.00 × 35.00 40.00 Ch 1 Avg = 20 Ch1: Start 5.00000 GHz Stop 6.00000 GHz Status CH 1: S11 C* 1-Port Avg=20 LCL

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL (5750, 5800 MHz)

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ANNEX I Sensor Triggering Data Summary

Antenna	Trigger Position	Trigger Distance(mm)				
	Rear	20				
1# Main Antenna	Bottom	20				
Main Ancenna	Front	16				

According to the above description, this device was tested by the manufacturer to determine the SAR sensor triggering distances for the front, rear and bottom edge of the device. The measured power state within \pm 5mm of the triggering points (or until touching the phantom) is included for rear and each applicable edge.

To ensure all production units are compliant it is necessary to test SAR at a distance 1mm less than the smallest distance from the device and SAR phantom with the device at maximum output power without power reduction.

We tested the power and got the different proximity sensor triggering distances for front, rear and bottom edge. But the manufacturer has declared 16/20mm is the most conservative triggering distance for main antenna. So base on the most conservative triggering distance of 15/19mm, additional SAR measurements were required at 15mm from the highest SAR position between rear and bottom edge of main antenna.

Rear

Moving device toward the phantom:

The power state													
Distance [mm] 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 1										15			
Main antenna	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low		

Moving device away from the phantom:

	The power state													
Distance [mm] 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25										25				
Main antenna	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal			

Bottom Edge

Moving device toward the phantom:

	The power state													
Distance [mm]	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15			
Main antenna	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low			

Moving device away from the phantom: ©Copyright. All rights reserved by CTTL.





	The power state													
Distance [mm]	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25			
Main antenna	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal			

Front

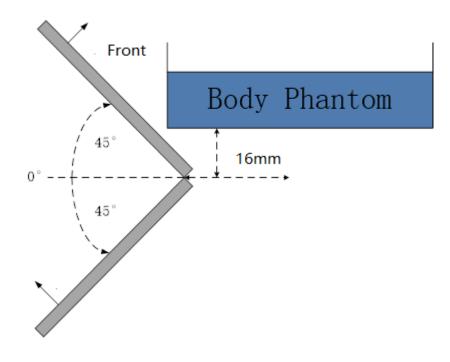
Moving device toward the phantom:

	The power state													
Distance [mm]	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11			
Main antenna	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low			

Moving device away from the phantom:

	The power state													
Distance [mm] 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21										21				
Main antenna	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal			

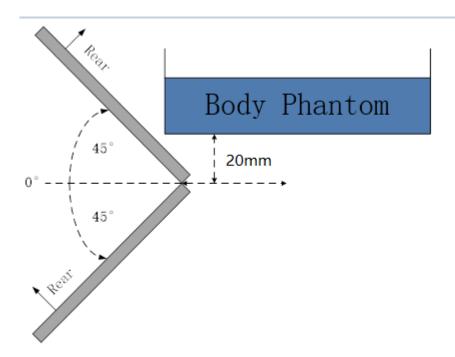
The influence of table tilt angles to proximity sensor triggering is determined by positioning each edge that contains a transmitting antenna, perpendicular to the flat phantom, at the smallest sensor triggering test distance by rotating the device around the edge next to the phantom in $\leq 10^{\circ}$ increments until the tablet is ±45° or more from the vertical position at 0°.



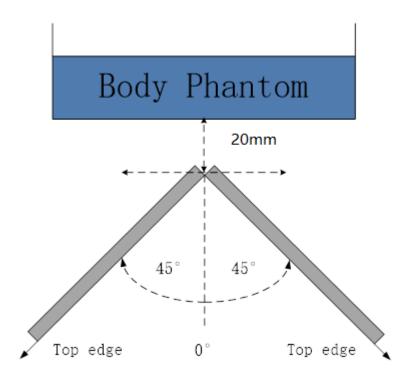








The Rear evaluation for main antenna



The bottom edge evaluation for main antenna

Based on the above evaluation, we come to the conclusion that the sensor triggering is not released and normal maximum output power is not restored within the $\pm 45^{\circ}$ range at the smallest sensor triggering test distance declared by manufacturer.





ANNEX J Accreditation Certificate

