



SAR TEST REPORT

No. 23T04Z70647-008

For

Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.

Notebook PC

Model name:

**NP750XGL, NP750XGP, NP751XGL, NP751XGP, NP754XGL, NP754XGP,
NP750XGK, NP750XGQ, NP754XGK, NP751XGK, NP751XGQ, NP754XGQ**

With

Hardware Version: REV1.0

Software Version: Windows11

FCC ID: ZCANP750XGL

Issued Date: 2024-1-16

Note:

The test results in this test report relate only to the devices specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of CTTL.

The report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the U.S. Government.

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**REPORT HISTORY**

Report Number	Revision	Issue Date	Description
23T04Z70647-008	Rev.0	2024-1-4	Initial creation of test report
23T04Z70647-008	Rev.1	2024-1-16	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Revise a typo on page27.2. Add relative description to justify which mode is chosen for test and the reason on page31.

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1 Test Laboratory

1.1 Introduction & Accreditation

Telecommunication Technology Labs, CAICT is an ISO/IEC 17025:2017 accredited test laboratory under American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) with lab code 7049.01, and is also an FCC accredited test laboratory (CN1349), and ISED accredited test laboratory (CAB identifier:CN0066). The detail accreditation scope can be found on A2LA website.

1.2 Testing Location

Company Name:	CTTL
Address:	No. 52, Huayuan North Road, Haidian District, Beijing, P. R. China 100191.

1.3 Testing Environment

Temperature:	18°C~25°C,
Relative humidity:	30%~ 70%
Ground system resistance:	< 0.5 Ω
Ambient noise & Reflection:	< 0.012 W/kg

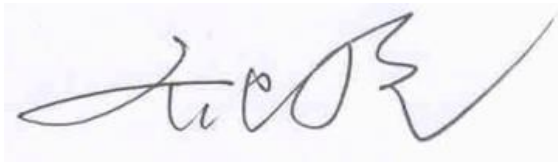
1.4 Project Data

Project Leader:	Qi Dianyuan
Test Engineer:	Yao Juming
Testing Start Date:	December 27, 2023
Testing End Date:	December 30, 2023

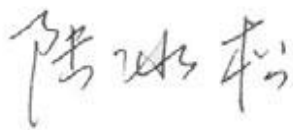
1.5 Signature



Yao Juming
(Prepared this test report)



Qi Dianyuan
(Reviewed this test report)



Lu Bingsong
Deputy Director of the laboratory
(Approved this test report)

2 Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. Notebook PC NP750XGL, NP750XGP, NP751XGL, NP751XGP, NP754XGL, NP754XGP, NP750XGK, NP750XGQ, NP754XGK, NP751XGK, NP751XGQ, NP754XGQ are as follows:

Table 2.1: Highest Reported SAR (1g)

Exposure Configuration	Technology Band	Highest Reported SAR 1g(W/kg)	Equipment Class
Body	WLAN 2.4 GHz Main. Antenna	0.68	DTS
	WLAN 2.4 GHz Aux Antenna	0.50	
	WLAN 2.4 GHz MIMO Antenna	0.55	
	WLAN 5 GHz Main. Antenna	0.44	NII
	WLAN 5 GHz Aux Antenna	0.48	
	WLAN 5 GHz MIMO Antenna	0.61	
		BT	0.03

The SAR values found for the Mobile Phone are below the maximum recommended levels of 1.6 W/Kg as averaged over any 1g tissue according to the ANSI C95.1-1992.

For body operation, this device has been tested and meets FCC RF exposure guidelines when used with any accessory that contains no metal and which provides a minimum separation distance of 0mm between this device and the body of the user. Use of other accessories may not ensure compliance with FCC RF exposure guidelines.

The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output.

The measurement together with the test system set-up is described in annex C of this test report. A detailed description of the equipment under test can be found in chapter 4 of this test report. The highest reported SAR value is obtained at the case of **(Table 2.1)**, and the values is:

Body SAR 0.68 W/kg (1g).

Table 2.2: The sum of reported SAR values for WIFI2.4GHz (Main Antenna) and BT

	Position	WIFI2.4GHz	BT	Sum
Maximum reported SAR value for Body	Rear 0mm	0.68	0.03	0.71

Table 2.3: The sum of reported SAR values for WIFI5GHz (Main Antenna) and WIFI5GHz (Aux Antenna) and BT

	Position	WIFI5GHz Main	WIFI5GHz Aux	BT	Sum
Maximum reported SAR value for Body	Rear 0mm	0.44	0.48	0.03	0.95

According to the above tables, the highest sum of reported SAR values is **0.95 W/kg (1g)**. The detail for simultaneous transmission consideration is described in chapter 13.



3 Client Information

3.1 Applicant Information

Company Name:	Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.
Address/Post:	19 Chapin Rd., Building D Pine Brook, NJ 07058
Contact Person:	Jenni Chun
Contact Email:	j1.chun@samsung.com
Telephone:	+1-201-937-4203

3.2 Manufacturer Information

Company Name:	Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.
Address/Post:	Samsung R5, Maetan dong 129, Samsung ro Youngtong gu, Suwon city 443 742, Korea
Contact Person:	Minji Son
E-mail:	minji28.son@samsung.com
Telephone:	+82-10-3130-2080
Fax:	/

4 Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

4.1 About EUT

Description:	Notebook PC
Model name:	NP750XGL, NP750XGP, NP751XGL, NP751XGP, NP754XGL, NP754XGP, NP750XGK, NP750XGQ, NP754XGK, NP751XGK, NP751XGQ, NP754XGQ
Operating mode(s):	BT, Wi-Fi 2.4G/5G
Tested Tx Frequency:	2412 – 2462 MHz (Wi-Fi 2.4G)
	2402 – 2480 MHz (Bluetooth)
	5150-5250 MHz (U-NII-1)
	5250-5350 MHz (U-NII-2A)
	5470-5725 MHz (U-NII-2C)
5725-5825 MHz (U-NII-3)	
Test device Production information:	Production unit
Device type:	Portable device
Antenna type:	Integrated antenna

4.2 Internal Identification of EUT used during the test

EUT ID*	IMEI	HW	SW Version
EUT1	23T04Z70647UT18a	REV1.0	Windows11
EUT2	23T04Z70647UT25a	REV1.0	Windows11
EUT3	23T04Z70647UT42a	REV1.0	Windows11

*EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

Note: It is performed to test SAR with the EUT1~2 and conducted power with the EUT3.

4.3 Internal Identification of AE used during the test

AE ID*	Description	Model	SN	Manufacturer
AE1	Battery	AA-PBSN4AT	/	SAMSUNG SDI Co., LTD.

*AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

5 TEST METHODOLOGY

5.1 Applicable Limit Regulations

ANSI C95.1–1992: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.

It specifies the maximum exposure limit of **1.6 W/kg** as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.

5.2 Applicable Measurement Standards

IEEE 1528–2013: Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

KDB616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Notebook and Tablet Computers.

KDB648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03: SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets.

KDB248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02: SAR GUIDANCE FOR IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) TRANSMITTERS

KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

KDB865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02: RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations

6 Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = c \left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t} \right)$$

Where: C is the specific heat capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

7 Tissue Simulating Liquids

7.1 Targets for tissue simulating liquid

Table 7.1: Targets for tissue simulating liquid

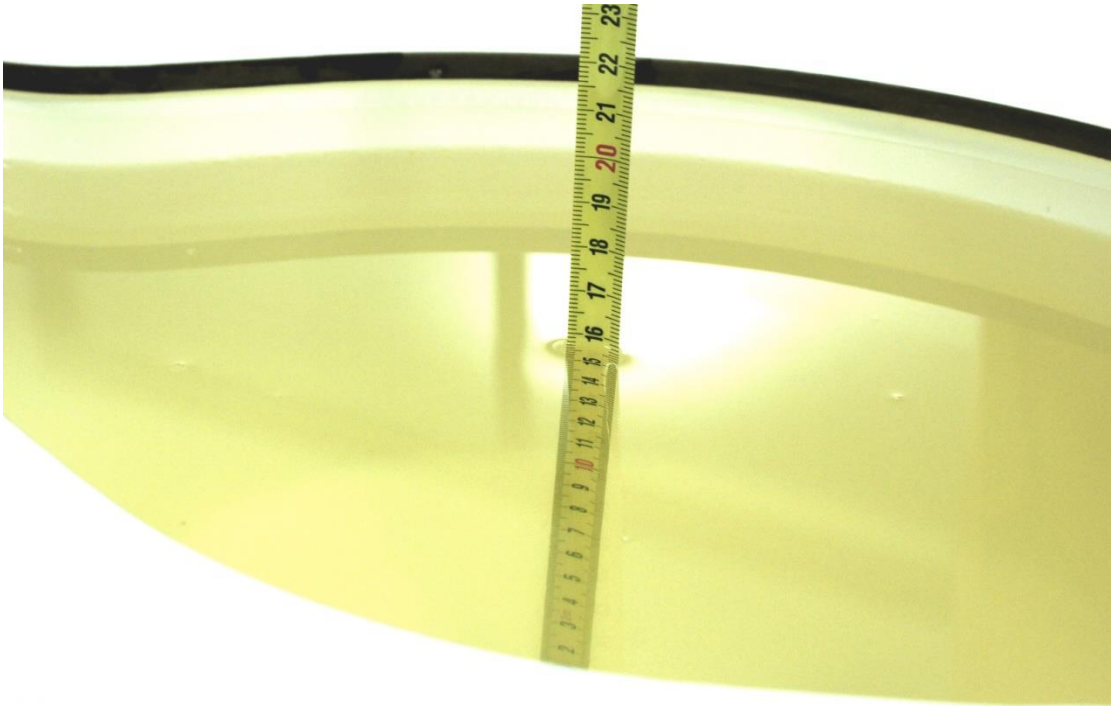
Frequency(MHz)	Liquid Type	Conductivity(σ)	$\pm 10\%$ Range	Permittivity(ϵ)	$\pm 10\%$ Range
2450	Head	1.80	1.62~1.98	39.2	35.28~43.12
5250	Head	4.71	4.47~4.95	35.93	34.13~37.73
5600	Head	5.07	4.82~5.32	35.53	33.8~37.3
5750	Head	5.22	4.96~5.48	35.36	33.59~37.13

7.2 Dielectric Performance

Table 7.3: Dielectric Performance of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Measurement Date yyyy/mm/dd	Frequency	Type	Permittivity ϵ	Drift (%)	Conductivity σ (S/m)	Drift (%)
2023/12/27	2450 MHz	Head	40.123	2.35	1.754	-2.56
2023/12/28	5250 MHz	Head	35.632	-0.83	4.636	-1.57
2023/12/29	5600 MHz	Head	35.462	-0.19	4.984	-1.70
2023/12/30	5750 MHz	Head	35.42	0.17	5.174	-0.88

Note: The liquid temperature is 22.0°C



Picture 7-1 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (2450MHz)

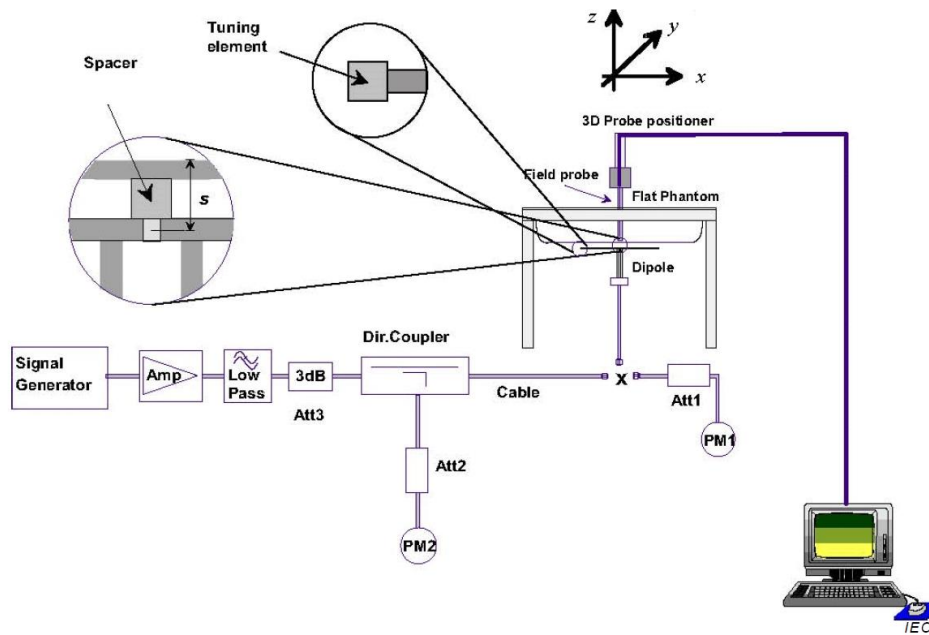


Picture 7-2 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (5GHz)

8 System verification

8.1 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:



Picture 8.1 System Setup for System Evaluation



Picture 8.2 Photo of Dipole Setup

8.2 System Verification

SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device.

Table 8.1: System Verification of Head

Measurement Date (yyyy-mm-dd)	Frequency	Target value (W/kg)		Measured value (W/kg)		Deviation	
		10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average
2023/12/27	2450 MHz	24.7	52.1	24.44	51.68	-1.05%	-0.81%
2023/12/28	5250 MHz	22.8	79.6	22.9	79.8	0.44%	0.25%
2023/12/29	5600 MHz	23.8	83.6	23.4	82.5	-1.68%	-1.32%
2023/12/30	5750 MHz	22.7	80.5	22.5	80.1	-0.88%	-0.50%

9 Measurement Procedures

9.1 Tests to be performed

In order to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR of a handset, all device positions, configurations and operational modes shall be tested for each frequency band according to steps 1 to 3 below. A flowchart of the test process is shown in picture 9.1.

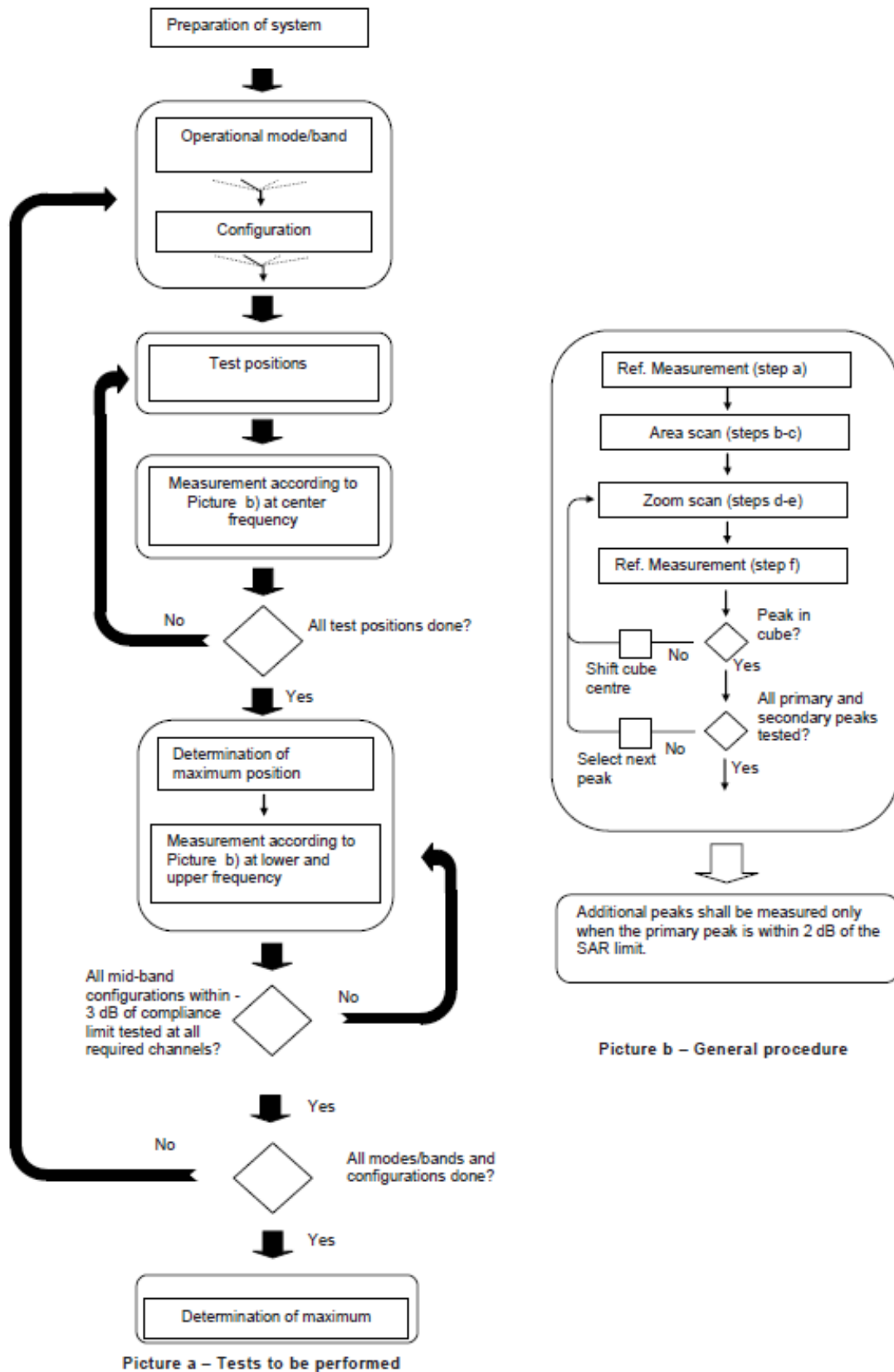
Step 1: The tests described in 9.2 shall be performed at the channel that is closest to the centre of the transmit frequency band (f_c) for:

- a) all device positions (cheek and tilt, for both left and right sides of the SAM phantom, as described in annex D),
- b) all configurations for each device position in a), e.g., antenna extended and retracted, and
- c) all operational modes, e.g., analogue and digital, for each device position in a) and configuration in b) in each frequency band.

If more than three frequencies need to be tested according to 11.1 (i.e., $N_c > 3$), then all frequencies, configurations and modes shall be tested for all of the above test conditions.

Step 2: For the condition providing highest peak spatial-average SAR determined in Step 1, perform all tests described in 9.2 at all other test frequencies, i.e., lowest and highest frequencies. In addition, for all other conditions (device position, configuration and operational mode) where the peak spatial-average SAR value determined in Step 1 is within 3 dB of the applicable SAR limit, it is recommended that all other test frequencies shall be tested as well.

Step 3: Examine all data to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR found in Steps 1 to 2.



Picture 9.1 Block diagram of the tests to be performed

9.2 General Measurement Procedure

The area and zoom scan resolutions specified in the table below must be applied to the SAR measurements and fully documented in SAR reports to qualify for TCB approval. Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013. The results should be documented as part of the system validation records and may be requested to support test results when all the measurement parameters in the following table are not satisfied.

		≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface		5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location		$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}		≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
		When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}		≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details. * When zoom scan is required and the <i>reported</i> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.			

9.3 Bluetooth & Wi-Fi Measurement Procedures for SAR

Normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 transmitters in general. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure that the results are consistent and reliable.

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in a test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

9.4 Power Drift

To control the output power stability during the SAR test, DASY5 system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test position. These drift values can be found in section 14 labeled as: (Power Drift [dB]). This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within 5%.

10 Conducted Output Power

10.1 Wi-Fi and BT Measurement result

The maximum output power of BT antenna is 10.46dBm.

The maximum tune up of BT antenna is 10.5dBm.

WIFI 2.4G conducted power- Main Antenna:

802.11b								
Channel\data rate	1Mbps	2Mbps	5.5Mbps	11Mbps				
11(2462MHz)	17.31	17.14	17.09	17.06				
6(2437(MHz)	17.29	/	/	/				
1(2412MHz)	17.20	/	/	/				
Tune up	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00				
802.11g								
Channel\data rate	6Mbps	9Mbps	12Mbps	18Mbps	24Mbps	36Mbps	48Mbps	54Mbps
11(2462MHz)	14.91	/	14.97	/	/	/	/	/
Tune up	16.00	/	16.00	/	/	/	/	/
6(2437(MHz)	16.88	16.85	17.11	17.06	16.98	15.51	15.41	15.38
Tune up	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	17.00	17.00	17.00
1(2412MHz)	14.95	/	14.02	/	/	/	/	/
Tune up	16.00	/	16.00	/	/	/	/	/
802.11n-20MHz								
Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
11(2462MHz)	14.97	/	/	15.06	/	/	/	/
Tune up	16.00	/	/	16.00	/	/	/	/
6(2437(MHz)	16.94	17.25	17.26	17.27	16.79	15.77	15.92	16.03
Tune up	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	17.00	17.00	17.00
1(2412MHz)	14.94	/	/	15.09	/	/	/	/
Tune up	16.00	/	/	16.00	/	/	/	/
802.11n-40MHz								
Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
9(2452MHz)	12.15	/	/	12.19	/	/	/	/
Tune up	13.00	/	/	13.00	/	/	/	/
6(2437MHz)	15.62	15.64	15.66	15.74	15.74	15.66	15.69	15.69
Tune up	16.50	16.50	16.50	16.50	16.50	16.50	16.50	16.50
3(2422MHz)	12.07	/	/	12.02	/	/	/	/
Tune up	13.00	/	/	13.00	/	/	/	/

802.11ax-20MHz								
Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
11(2462MHz)	14.85	/	14.97	/	/	/	/	/
Tune up	16.00	/	16.00	/	/	/	/	/
6(2437(MHz)	16.83	17.16	17.17	17.15	17.13	17.12	17.11	17.09
Tune up	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00
1(2412MHz)	14.81	/	14.92	/	/	/	/	/
Tune up	16.00	/	16.00	/	/	/	/	/
802.11ax-40MHz								
Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
9(2452MHz)	11.82	/	/	/	/	11.87	/	/
Tune up	13.00	/	/	/	/	13.00	/	/
6(2437MHz)	15.84	15.88	15.83	16.05	16.07	16.11	16.13	16.16
Tune up	17.00	17.00	17.00	17.00	17.00	17.00	17.00	17.00
3(2422MHz)	11.88	/	/	/	/	11.92	/	/
Tune up	13.00	/	/	/	/	13.00	/	/

WIFI 2.4G conducted power- Aux. Antenna:

802.11b								
Channel\data rate	1Mbps	2Mbps	5.5Mbps	11Mbps				
11(2462MHz)	17.41	17.39	17.28	17.18				
6(2437(MHz)	17.33	/	/	/				
1(2412MHz)	17.37	/	/	/				
tune up	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00				
802.11g								
Channel\data rate	6Mbps	9Mbps	12Mbps	18Mbps	24Mbps	36Mbps	48Mbps	54Mbps
11(2462MHz)	15.29	/	15.38	/	/	/	/	/
tune up	16.00	/	16.00	/	/	/	/	/
6(2437(MHz)	17.01	16.97	17.25	17.21	17.14	15.93	15.79	15.82
tune up	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00
1(2412MHz)	15.17	/	15.32	/	/	/	/	/
tune up	16.00	/	16.00	/	/	/	/	/
802.11n-20MHz								
Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
11(2462MHz)	15.18	/	15.42	/	/	/	/	/
tune up	16.00	/	16.00	/	/	/	/	/
6(2437(MHz)	16.98	17.29	17.33	17.31	17.24	16.38	16.37	16.35
tune up	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00
1(2412MHz)	15.16	/	15.37	/	/	/	/	/
tune up	16.00	/	16.00	/	/	/	/	/

802.11n-40MHz								
Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
9(2452MHz)	9.87	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
tune up	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
6(2437MHz)	17.27	17.26	17.25	17.23	17.12	17.11	17.12	17.09
tune up	17.50	17.50	17.50	17.50	17.50	17.50	17.50	17.50
3(2422MHz)	6.75	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
tune up	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
802.11ax-20MHz								
Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
11(2462MHz)	12.53	/	/	/	/	12.58	/	/
tune up	13.00	/	/	/	/	13.00	/	/
6(2437(MHz)	15.79	15.81	15.74	15.86	15.84	15.88	15.81	15.84
tune up	16.50	16.50	16.50	16.50	16.50	16.50	16.50	16.50
1(2412MHz)	12.45	/	/	/	/	12.52	/	/
tune up	13.00	/	/	/	/	13.00	/	/
802.11ax-40MHz								
Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
9(2452MHz)	12.14	/	/	/	/	/	12.30	/
tune up	13.00	/	/	/	/	/	13.00	/
6(2437MHz)	16.00	15.99	16.03	16.13	16.21	16.23	16.26	16.21
tune up	17.00	17.00	17.00	17.00	17.00	17.00	17.00	17.00
3(2422MHz)	12.13	/	/	/	/	/	12.25	/
tune up	13.00	/	/	/	/	/	13.00	/

WiFi2.4G - MIMO conducted power:

802.11n-20MHz								
Channel\data rate	MCS8	MCS9	MCS10	MCS11	MCS12	MCS13	MCS14	MCS15
11(2462MHz)	18.26	/	18.52	/	/	/	/	/
tune up	19.00	/	19.00	/	/	/	/	/
6(2437(MHz)	19.12	19.43	19.47	19.45	19.36	19.36	19.41	19.42
tune up	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00
1(2412MHz)	18.15	/	18.41	/	/	/	/	/
tune up	19.00	/	19.00	/	/	/	/	/

802.11n-40MHz								
Channel\data rate	MCS8	MCS9	MCS10	MCS11	MCS12	MCS13	MCS14	MCS15
9(2452MHz)	16.52	/	/	/	/	/	16.58	/
tune up	17.00	/	/	/	/	/	17.00	/
6(2437MHz)	17.41	17.45	17.41	17.40	17.44	17.42	17.47	17.38
tune up	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00
3(2422MHz)	15.42	/	/	/	/	/	15.48	/
tune up	16.00	/	/	/	/	/	16.00	/



802.11ax-20MHz								
Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
11(2462MHz)	16.11	/	/	/	/	/	16.42	/
tune up	17.00	/	/	/	/	/	17.00	/
6(2437(MHz)	18.95	19.24	19.30	19.33	19.24	19.26	19.35	19.32
tune up	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00
1(2412MHz)	16.55	/	/	/	/	/	16.86	/
tune up	17.50	/	/	/	/	/	17.50	/
802.11ax-40MHz								
Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
9(2452MHz)	16.16	/	/	/	/	/	16.36	/
tune up	17.00	/	/	/	/	/	17.00	/
6(2437MHz)	17.18	17.18	17.15	17.34	17.33	17.35	17.39	17.38
tune up	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00
3(2422MHz)	16.17	/	/	/	/	/	16.30	/
tune up	17.00	/	/	/	/	/	17.00	/

Tune up power for WIFI 5G- SISO:

802.11a	Channel\data rate	6Mbps	9Mbps	12Mbps	18Mbps	24Mbps	36Mbps	48Mbps	54Mbps
Tune up	36 (5180MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
	52 (5260MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
	64 (5320MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
	100 (5500MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
	132 (5660MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
165 (5825MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
802.11n (20M)	Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
Tune up	36 (5180MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
	52 (5260MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
	64 (5320MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
	100 (5500MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
	132 (5660MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
165 (5825MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
802.11n (40M)	Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
Tune up	38 (5190MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
	54 (5270MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
	62 (5310MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
	102 (5510MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
	134 (5670MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
159 (5795MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00

802.11ac (20M)	Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8
Tune up	36 (5180MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
	52 (5260MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
	64 (5320MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
	100 (5500MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
	132 (5660MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
165 (5825MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00

802.11ac (40M)	Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	MCS9
Tune up	38 (5190MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
	54 (5270MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
	62 (5310MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
	102 (5510MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
	134 (5670MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
159 (5795MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
802.11ac (80M)	Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	MCS9
Tune up	42 (5210MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
	58 (5290MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
	106 (5530MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
	138 (5690MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
155 (5775MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
802.11ac (160M)	Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	MCS9
Tune up	50 (5250MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
	114 (5570MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00

802.11ax (20M)	Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	MCS9	MCS10	MCS11
Tune up	36 (5180MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
	52 (5260MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
	64 (5320MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
	100 (5500MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
	132 (5660MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
165 (5825MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	
802.11ax (40M)	Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	MCS9	MCS10	MCS11
Tune up	38 (5190MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
	54 (5270MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
	62 (5310MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
	102 (5510MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
	134 (5670MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
159 (5795MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	
802.11ax (80M)	Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	MCS9	MCS10	MCS11
Tune up	42 (5210MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
	58 (5290MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
	106 (5530MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
	138 (5690MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
155 (5775MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	
802.11ax (160M)	Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	MCS9	MCS10	MCS11
Tune up	50 (5250MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
	114 (5570MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00

Tolerance: -1.0 dB ~ +1.0 dB

Tune up power for WIFI 5G- MIMO:

802.11n (20M)		Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7				
Tune up	36 (5180MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00				
	52 (5260MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00				
	64 (5320MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00				
	100 (5500MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00				
	132 (5660MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00				
802.11n (40M)		Channel\data rate	MCS8	MCS9	MCS10	MCS11	MCS12	MCS13	MCS14	MCS15				
Tune up	38 (5190MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00				
	54 (5270MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00				
	62 (5310MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00				
	102 (5510MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00				
	134 (5670MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00				
802.11ac (20M)		Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8			
Tune up	36 (5180MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00			
	52 (5260MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00			
	64 (5320MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00			
	100 (5500MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00			
	132 (5660MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00			
802.11ac (40M)		Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	MCS9		
Tune up	38 (5190MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00		
	54 (5270MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00		
	62 (5310MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00		
	102 (5510MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00		
	134 (5670MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00		
802.11ac (80M)		Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	MCS9		
Tune up	42 (5210MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00		
	58 (5290MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00		
	106 (5530MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00		
	138 (5690MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00		
802.11ac (160M)		Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	MCS9		
Tune up	50 (5250MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00		
802.11ax (20M)		Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	MCS9	MCS10	MCS11
Tune up	36 (5180MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	
	52 (5260MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	
	64 (5320MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	
	100 (5500MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	
	132 (5660MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	
802.11ax (40M)		Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	MCS9	MCS10	MCS11
Tune up	38 (5190MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	
	54 (5270MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	
	62 (5310MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	
	102 (5510MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	
	134 (5670MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	
802.11ax (80M)		Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	MCS9	MCS10	MCS11
Tune up	42 (5210MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	
	58 (5290MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	
	106 (5530MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	
	138 (5690MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	
802.11ax (160M)		Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	MCS9	MCS10	MCS11
Tune up	50 (5250MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	
		114 (5570MHz)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	

Tolerance: +2.0 dB ~ +4.0 dB

WIFI 5G conducted power - Main Antenna:

802.11ac(dBm)-80MHz										
Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	MCS9
42(5210 MHz)	12.01	11.55	11.54	11.42	11.51	11.53	11.52	11.53	11.38	11.47
155(5775 MHz)	12.09	12.03	12.09	11.98	11.95	12.01	12.04	11.96	11.79	11.76
Tune up	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00

802.11ac(dBm)-160MHz										
Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	MCS9
50(5250 MHz)	12.18	11.86	11.75	11.81	11.75	11.66	11.61	11.72	11.74	11.69
114(5570 MHz)	12.16	12.13	12.08	11.98	11.86	11.88	11.87	11.82	11.79	11.77
Tune up	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00

WIFI 5G conducted power - Aux. Antenna:

802.11ac(dBm)-80MHz										
Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	MCS9
42(5210 MHz)	12.35	12.31	12.31	12.18	12.22	12.28	12.27	12.34	12.14	12.16
155(5775 MHz)	12.12	11.91	11.93	11.83	11.87	11.89	11.81	11.84	11.72	11.68
Tune up	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00

802.11ac(dBm)-160MHz										
Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	MCS9
50(5250 MHz)	12.66	12.55	12.61	12.52	12.49	12.39	12.38	12.45	12.44	12.41
114(5570 MHz)	12.45	12.40	12.41	12.42	12.31	12.34	12.35	12.34	12.29	12.25
Tune up	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00



WIFI5G-MIMO conducted power:

802.11ac(dBm)-160MHz MIMO										
Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	MCS9
50(5250 MHz)	15.36	15.35	15.31	15.17	15.11	15.14	15.11	15.18	15.01	15.03
114(5570 MHz)	15.08	15.00	15.00	14.89	14.91	14.90	14.95	14.89	14.83	14.79
Tune up	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00

802.11ac(dBm)-80MHz MIMO										
Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	MCS9
42(5210 MHz)	15.61	15.59	15.49	15.40	15.29	15.26	15.21	15.19	15.11	15.03
155(5775 MHz)	15.59	15.57	15.47	15.37	15.33	15.26	15.23	15.18	15.11	15.02
Tune up	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00

11 Simultaneous TX SAR Considerations

11.1 Transmit Antenna Separation Distances

Please refer to the picture of antenna locations in the document: "The Photos of SAR test-23T04Z70647-008"

11.2 SAR Measurement Positions

According to the KDB616217 D04, the edges with less than 2.5 cm distance to the antennas need to be tested for SAR.

SAR measurement positions						
Mode	Front	Rear	Left edge	Right edge	Top edge	Bottom edge
WLAN	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No

12 Evaluation of Simultaneous

Table 12.1: The sum of reported SAR values for WIFI2.4GHz (Main Antenna) and BT

	Position	WIFI2.4GHz	BT	Sum
Maximum reported SAR value for Body	Rear 0mm	0.68	0.03	0.71

Table 12.2: The sum of reported SAR values for WIFI5GHz (Main Antenna) and WIFI5GHz (Aux Antenna) and BT

	Position	WIFI5GHz Main	WIFI5GHz Aux	BT	Sum
Maximum reported SAR value for Body	Rear 0mm	0.44	0.48	0.03	0.95

Conclusion:

According to the above tables, the sum of reported SAR values is $< 1.6\text{W/kg}$. So the simultaneous transmission SAR with volume scans is not required.

13 SAR Test Result

It is determined by user manual for the distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom.
The distance are 0mm, and just applied to the condition of body worn accessory.

The calculated SAR is obtained by the following formula:

$$\text{Reported SAR} = \text{Measured SAR} \times 10^{(P_{\text{Target}} - P_{\text{Measured}})/10}$$

Where P_{Target} is the power of manufacturing upper limit;

P_{Measured} is the measured power in chapter 11.

The maximum output power specified for production units are determined for all applicable 802.11 transmission modes in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. Maximum output power is measured for the highest maximum output power configuration(s) in each frequency band according to the default power measurement procedures.

When the same transmission mode configurations have the same maximum output power on the same channel for the 802.11 a/g/n/ac/ax modes, the channel in the lower order/sequence 802.11 mode (i.e. a, g, n ac then ax) is selected.

SAR Test reduction was applied from KDB 248227 guidance, when the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration, for each frequency band. Additional output power measurements were not deemed necessary.

13.1 WLAN Evaluation for 2.4G

Main Antenna:

Table 13.1-1: SAR Values (WiFi 802.11b – Body)

Frequency		Test Position	Figure No./ Note	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g)(W/kg)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz									
11	2462	Front	Note1	17.31	18	0.27	0.32	0.114	0.13	-0.08
11	2462	Rear	Note1	17.31	18	0.517	0.61	0.214	0.25	0.17
6	2437	Rear	Note1	17.29	18	0.528	0.62	0.217	0.26	0.03
1	2412	Rear	Note1/Fig.1	17.2	18	0.556	0.67	0.228	0.27	0.01
11	2462	Front	Note2	17.31	18	0.256	0.30	0.11	0.13	0.13
11	2462	Rear	Note2	17.31	18	0.456	0.53	0.187	0.22	0.01
6	2437	Rear	Note2	17.29	18	0.442	0.52	0.181	0.21	-0.04
1	2412	Rear	Note2	17.2	18	0.416	0.50	0.171	0.21	0.07

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 0mm.

Note1: The supplier of Antenna is Awan.

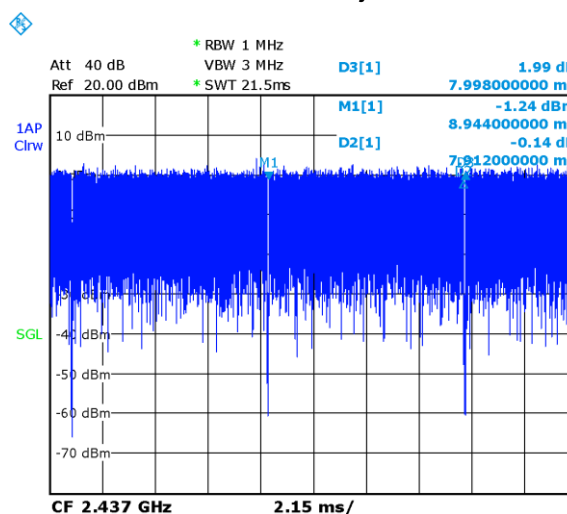
Note2: The supplier of Antenna is innowave.

According to the KDB248227 D01, The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. The scaled reported SAR is presented as below.

Table 13.1-2: SAR Values (WLAN - Body) – 802.11b (Scaled Reported SAR)

Frequency		Test Position	Actual duty factor	maximum duty factor	Reported SAR (1g)(W/kg)	Scaled reported SAR (1g)(W/kg)
Ch.	MHz					
1	2412	Rear	98.9%	100%	0.67	0.68

SAR is not required for OFDM because the 802.11b adjusted SAR ≤ 1.2 W/kg.



Picture 13.1 Duty factor plot for 2.4G

Aux. antenna:

Table 13.1-3: SAR Values (WiFi 802.11b – Body)

Frequency		Test Position	Figure No./ Note	Ambient Temperature: 23.1 °C		Liquid Temperature: 22.2 °C		Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz			Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)			
11	2462	Front	Note1	17.41	18	0.302	0.35	0.139	0.16	0.01
11	2462	Rear	Note1	17.41	18	0.313	0.36	0.143	0.16	0.05
6	2437	Rear	Note1	17.33	18	0.318	0.37	0.151	0.18	-0.04
1	2412	Rear	Note1	17.37	18	0.333	0.38	0.152	0.18	0.05
11	2462	Front	Note2/Fig.2	17.41	18	0.432	0.49	0.186	0.21	0.09
11	2462	Rear	Note2	17.33	18	0.411	0.48	0.175	0.20	0.12
6	2437	Rear	Note2	17.37	18	0.357	0.41	0.142	0.16	-0.2
1	2412	Rear	Note2	17.41	18	0.362	0.41	0.167	0.19	-0.11

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 0mm.

Note1: The supplier of Antenna is Awan.

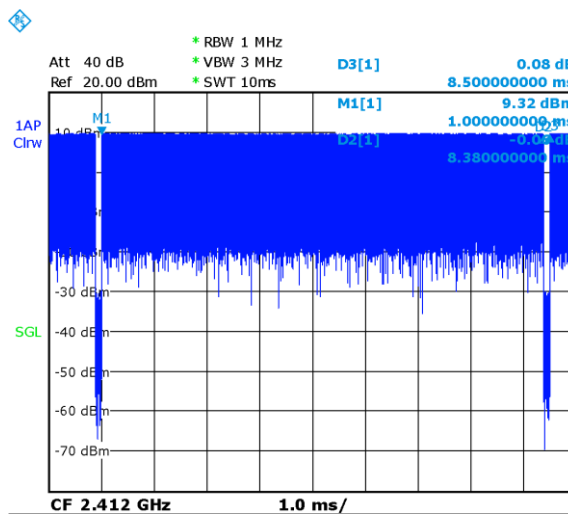
Note2: The supplier of Antenna is innowave.

According to the KDB248227 D01, The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. The scaled reported SAR is presented as below.

Table 13.1-4: SAR Values (WLAN - Body) – 802.11b (Scaled Reported SAR)

Frequency		Test Position	Ambient Temperature: 23.1 °C		Liquid Temperature: 22.2 °C	
Ch.	MHz		Actual duty factor	maximum duty factor	Reported SAR (1g)(W/kg)	Scaled reported SAR (1g)(W/kg)
11	2462	Rear	98.6%	100%	0.49	0.50

SAR is not required for OFDM because the 802.11b adjusted SAR \leq 1.2 W/kg.



Picture 13.2 Duty factor plot for 2.4G

MIMO:
Table 13.1-5: SAR Values (WiFi 802.11n-20M – Body)

Frequency		Test Position	Figure No./ Note	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g)(W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz									
6	2437	Front	Note1	19.47	20	0.448	0.51	0.191	0.22	0.13
6	2437	Rear	Note1/Fig.3	19.47	20	0.476	0.54	0.197	0.22	0.16
6	2437	Front	Note2	19.47	20	0.314	0.35	0.131	0.15	-0.18
6	2437	Rear	Note2	19.47	20	0.4	0.45	0.17	0.19	0.02

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 0mm.

Note1: The supplier of Antenna is Awan.

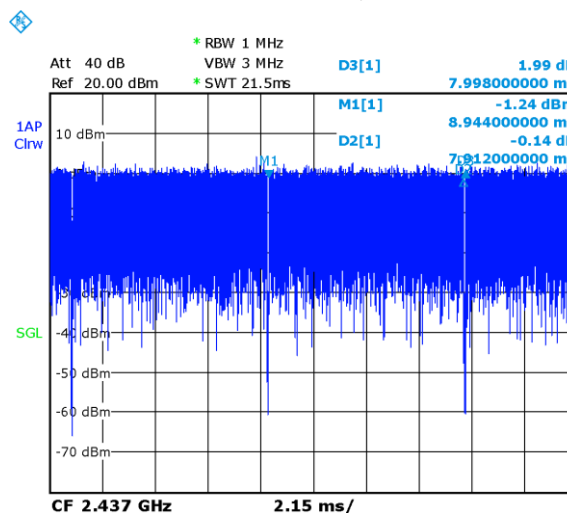
Note2: The supplier of Antenna is innowave.

According to the KDB248227 D01, The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. The scaled reported SAR is presented as below.

Table 13.1-6: SAR Values (WLAN - Body) – 802.11b (Scaled Reported SAR)

Frequency		Test Position	Actual duty factor	maximum duty factor	Reported SAR (1g)(W/kg)	Scaled reported SAR (1g)(W/kg)
Ch.	MHz					
6	2437	Rear	98.9%	100%	0.54	0.55

SAR is not required for OFDM because the 802.11b adjusted SAR ≤ 1.2 W/kg.


Picture 13.3 Duty factor plot for 2.4G

13.2 WLAN Evaluation For 5G

Table 13.2-11: SAR Values (WLAN - Body) – Main antenna

Frequency		Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g)(W/kg)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz									
50	5250	Front	Note1	12.18	13	0.326	0.39	0.095	0.11	0.06
50	5250	Rear	Note1	12.18	13	0.286	0.35	0.085	0.10	-0.11
114	5570	Front	Note1	12.16	13	0.256	0.31	0.079	0.10	0.2
114	5570	Rear	Note1/Fig.4	12.16	13	0.363	0.44	0.106	0.13	0.01
155	5775	Front	Note1	12.09	13	0.257	0.32	0.095	0.12	0.1
155	5775	Rear	Note1	12.09	13	0.259	0.32	0.081	0.10	0.18
50	5250	Front	Note2	12.18	13	0.179	0.22	0.056	0.07	0.04
50	5250	Rear	Note2	12.18	13	0.174	0.21	0.053	0.06	0.07
114	5570	Front	Note2	12.16	13	0.28	0.34	0.08	0.10	-0.02
114	5570	Rear	Note2	12.16	13	0.182	0.22	0.059	0.07	0.03
155	5775	Front	Note2	12.09	13	0.316	0.39	0.101	0.12	0.01
155	5775	Rear	Note2	12.09	13	0.291	0.36	0.087	0.11	0.13

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 0mm.

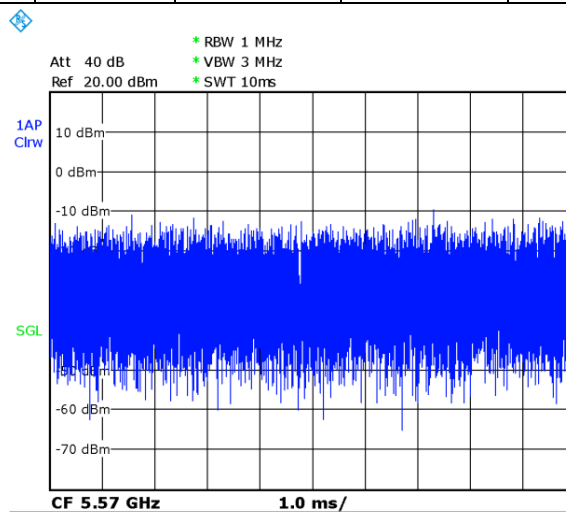
Note1: The supplier of Antenna is Awan.

Note2: The supplier of Antenna is innowave.

According to the KDB248227 D01, The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. The scaled reported SAR is presented as below.

Table 13.2-12: SAR Values (WLAN - Body) – 802.11a (Scaled Reported SAR)

Frequency		Test Position	D (mm)	Actual duty factor	maximum duty factor	Reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Scaled reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)
Ch.	MHz						
114	5570	Rear	0	100%	100%	0.44	0.44



Picture 13.4 Duty factor plot for 5G

Table 13.2-13: SAR Values (WLAN - Body) – Aux antenna

Frequency		Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz									
50	5250	Front	Note1	12.66	13	0.365	0.39	0.139	0.15	-0.14
50	5250	Rear	Note1	12.66	13	0.417	0.45	0.12	0.13	0.1
114	5570	Front	Note1	12.45	13	0.398	0.45	0.134	0.15	0.08
114	5570	Rear	Note1/Fig.5	12.45	13	0.424	0.48	0.124	0.14	0.09
155	5775	Front	Note1	12.12	13	0.342	0.42	0.136	0.17	0.17
155	5775	Rear	Note1	12.12	13	0.385	0.47	0.106	0.13	0.15
50	5250	Front	Note2	12.66	13	0.319	0.34	0.096	0.10	0.15
50	5250	Rear	Note2	12.66	13	0.426	0.46	0.131	0.14	0.04
114	5570	Front	Note2	12.45	13	0.287	0.33	0.084	0.10	0.06
114	5570	Rear	Note2	12.45	13	0.334	0.38	0.096	0.11	-0.12
155	5775	Front	Note2	12.12	13	0.301	0.37	0.093	0.11	0.02
155	5775	Rear	Note2	12.12	13	0.26	0.32	0.073	0.09	0.06

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 0mm.

Note1: The supplier of Antenna is Awan.

Note2: The supplier of Antenna is innowave.

According to the KDB248227 D01, The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. The scaled reported SAR is presented as below.

Table 13.2-14: SAR Values (WLAN - Body) – 802.11a (Scaled Reported SAR)

Frequency		Test Position	D (mm)	Actual duty factor	maximum duty factor	Reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Scaled reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)
Ch.	MHz						
114	5570	Rear	0	100%	100%	0.48	0.48

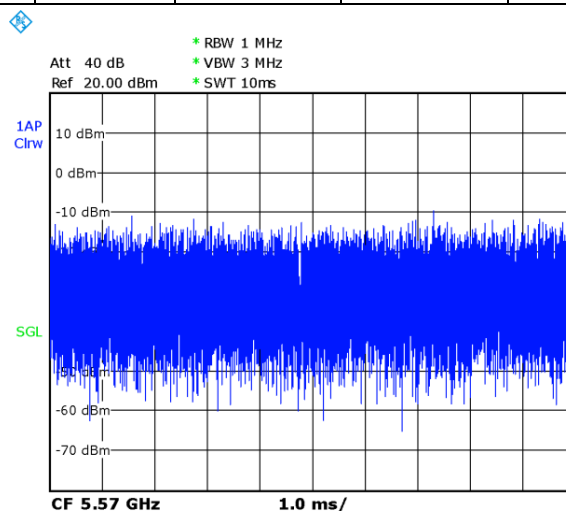

Picture 13.5 Duty factor plot for 5G

Table 13.2-15: SAR Values (WLAN - Body) – MIMO antenna

Frequency		Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch.	MHz									
50	5250	Front	Note1	15.36	16	0.394	0.46	0.149	0.17	-0.06
50	5250	Rear	Note1	15.36	16	0.43	0.50	0.135	0.16	0.03
114	5570	Front	Note1	15.08	16	0.394	0.49	0.138	0.17	-0.18
114	5570	Rear	Note1	15.08	16	0.443	0.55	0.143	0.18	-0.19
155	5775	Front	Note1	15.59	16	0.463	0.51	0.172	0.19	-0.04
155	5775	Rear	Note1	15.59	16	0.506	0.56	0.159	0.17	0.03
50	5250	Front	Note2	15.36	16	0.418	0.48	0.127	0.15	-0.07
50	5250	Rear	Note2/Fig.6	15.36	16	0.526	0.61	0.164	0.19	0.01
114	5570	Front	Note2	15.08	16	0.361	0.45	0.107	0.13	-0.07
114	5570	Rear	Note2	15.08	16	0.427	0.53	0.139	0.17	-0.14
155	5775	Front	Note2	15.59	16	0.404	0.44	0.128	0.14	-0.06
155	5775	Rear	Note2	15.59	16	0.434	0.48	0.131	0.14	-0.11

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 0mm.

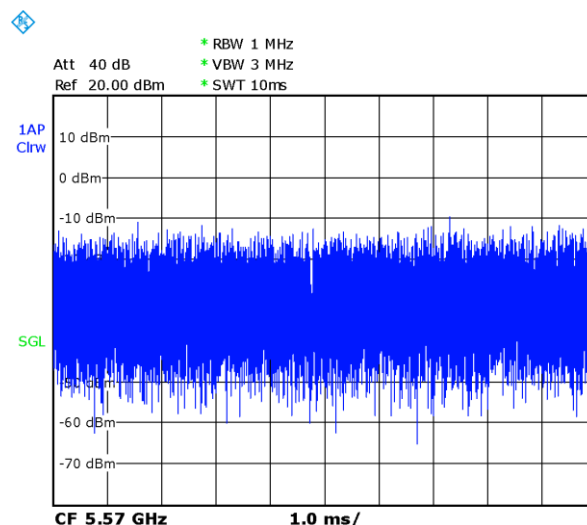
Note1: The supplier of Antenna is Awan.

Note2: The supplier of Antenna is innowave.

According to the KDB248227 D01, The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. The scaled reported SAR is presented as below.

Table 13.2-16: SAR Values (WLAN - Body) – 802.11a (Scaled Reported SAR)

Frequency		Test Position	D (mm)	Actual duty factor	maximum duty factor	Reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Scaled reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)
Ch.	MHz						
50	5250	Rear	0	100%	100%	0.61	0.61


Picture 13.6 Duty factor plot for 5G

13.3 SAR Results for BT

Table 13.3-1: SAR Values (Bluetooth - Body)

Frequency		Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g)(W/kg)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
Ch	MHz									
Ambient Temperature: 23.1 °C						Liquid Temperature: 22.2 °C				
39	2441	Front	Note1	10.46	10.5	0.023	0.02	0.011	0.01	-0.09
39	2441	Rear	Note1/Fig.7	10.46	10.5	0.032	0.03	0.013	0.01	0.07
39	2441	Front	Note2	10.46	10.5	0.023	0.02	0.005	0.01	-0.05
39	2441	Rear	Note2	10.46	10.5	0.03	0.03	0.012	0.01	0.08

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 0mm.

Note1: The supplier of Antenna is Awan.

Note2: The supplier of Antenna is innowave.

14 SAR Measurement Variability

SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium.

The following procedures are applied to determine if repeated measurements are required.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 .

15 Measurement Uncertainty

15.1 Measurement Uncertainty for Normal SAR Tests (300MHz~3GHz)

No.	Error Description	Type	Uncertainty value	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	Degree of freedom
Measurement system										
1	Probe calibration	B	6.0	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
2	Isotropy	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
3	Boundary effect	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
4	Linearity	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
5	Detection limit	B	1.0	N	1	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
6	Readout electronics	B	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
7	Response time	B	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
8	Integration time	B	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
9	RF ambient conditions-noise	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
10	RF ambient conditions-reflection	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
11	Probe positioned mech. restrictions	B	0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
12	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	B	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
13	Post-processing	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Test sample related										
14	Test sample positioning	A	3.3	N	1	1	1	3.3	3.3	71
15	Device holder uncertainty	A	3.4	N	1	1	1	3.4	3.4	5
16	Drift of output power	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom and set-up										
17	Phantom uncertainty	B	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
18	Liquid conductivity (target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
19	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	2.06	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.32	0.89	43
20	Liquid permittivity (target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
21	Liquid permittivity (meas.)	A	1.6	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.0	0.8	521

Combined standard uncertainty	$u_c' = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{21} c_i^2 u_i^2}$							9.55	9.43	257
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)	$u_e = 2u_c$							19.1	18.9	

15.2 Measurement Uncertainty for Normal SAR Tests (3~6GHz)

No.	Error Description	Type	Uncertainty value	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	Degree of freedom
Measurement system										
1	Probe calibration	B	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.55	6.55	∞
2	Isotropy	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
3	Boundary effect	B	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
4	Linearity	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
5	Detection limit	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
6	Readout electronics	B	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
7	Response time	B	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
8	Integration time	B	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
9	RF ambient conditions-noise	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
10	RFambient conditions-reflection	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
11	Probe positioned mech. restrictions	B	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
12	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	B	6.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9	∞
13	Post-processing	B	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Test sample related										
14	Test sample positioning	A	3.3	N	1	1	1	3.3	3.3	71
15	Device holder uncertainty	A	3.4	N	1	1	1	3.4	3.4	5
16	Drift of output power	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom and set-up										
17	Phantom uncertainty	B	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
18	Liquid conductivity (target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
19	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	2.06	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.32	0.89	43
20	Liquid permittivity (target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞

21	Liquid permittivity (meas.)	A	1.6	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.0	0.8	521
Combined standard uncertainty		$u_c = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{21} c_i^2 u_i^2}$						10.7	10.6	257
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)		$u_e = 2u_c$						21.4	21.1	

16 MAIN TEST INSTRUMENTS

Table 16.1: List of Main Instruments

No.	Name	Type	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Valid Period
01	Network analyzer	E5071C	MY46110673	January 5, 2023	One year
02	Power sensor	NRP110T	101139	January 13, 2023	One year
03	Power sensor	NRP110T	101159	January 13, 2023	One year
04	Signal Generator	E4438C	MY49071430	January 19, 2023	One year
05	Amplifier	60S1G4	0331848	No Calibration Requested	
06	E-field Probe	SPEAG EX3DV4	7727	June 5, 2023	One year
07	DAE	SPEAG DAE4	1807	May 15, 2023	One year
08	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D2450V2	853	July 11, 2023	One year
09	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D5GHzV2	1060	June 19, 2023	One year

END OF REPORT BODY

ANNEX A Graph Results

WLAN2450-Main Antenna_CH1 Rear 0mm

Date: 12/27/2023

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1807

Medium: Head 2450MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.723$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.958$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.2°C

Communication System: WIFI 2450 Frequency: 2412 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7727 ConvF(8.08,8.08,8.08)

Area Scan (131x251x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.772 W/kg

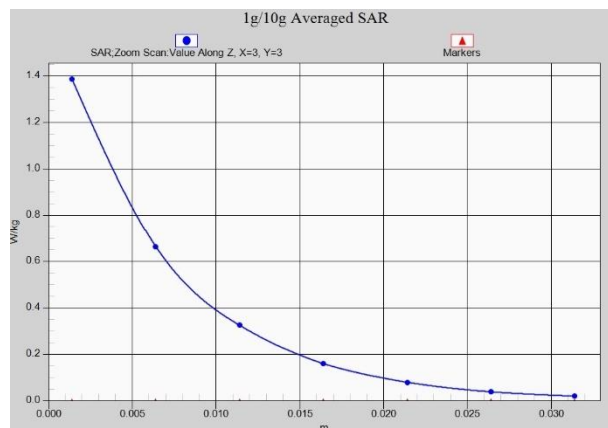
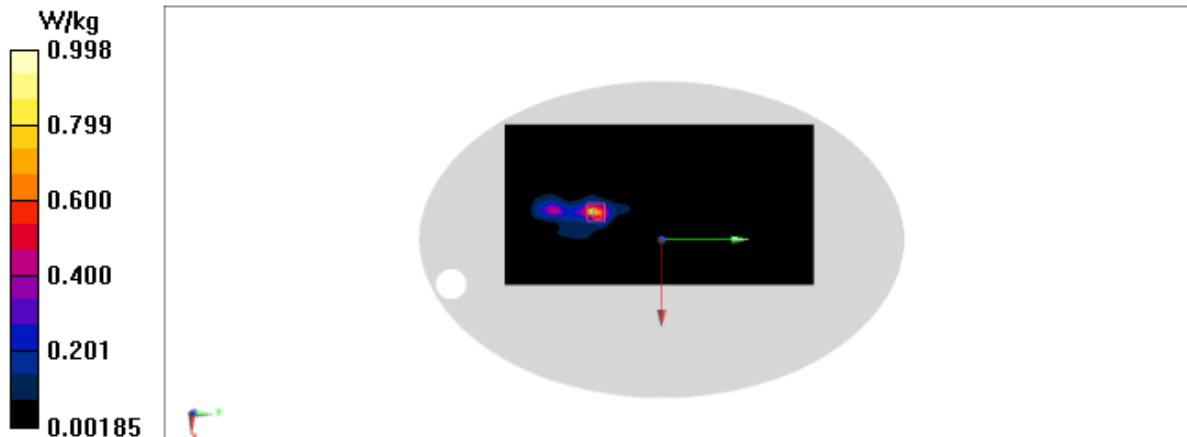
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.57 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.33 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.556 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.228 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.998 W/kg



WLAN2450-Aux Antenna_CH11 Front 0mm

Date: 12/27/2023

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1807

Medium: Head 2450MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.759$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.113$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.2°C

Communication System: WIFI 2450 Frequency: 2462 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7727 ConvF(8.08,8.08,8.08)

Area Scan (131x251x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.614 W/kg

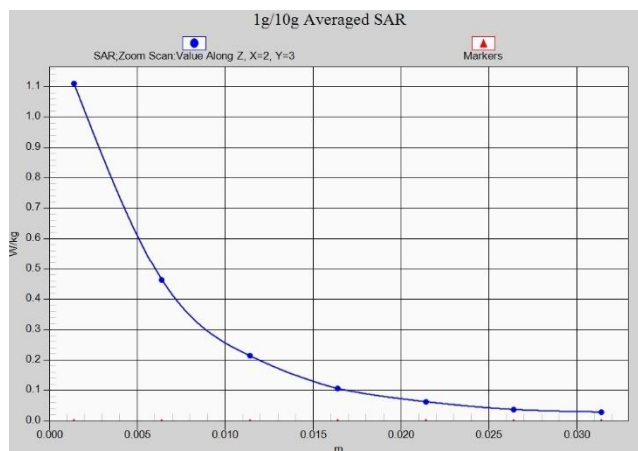
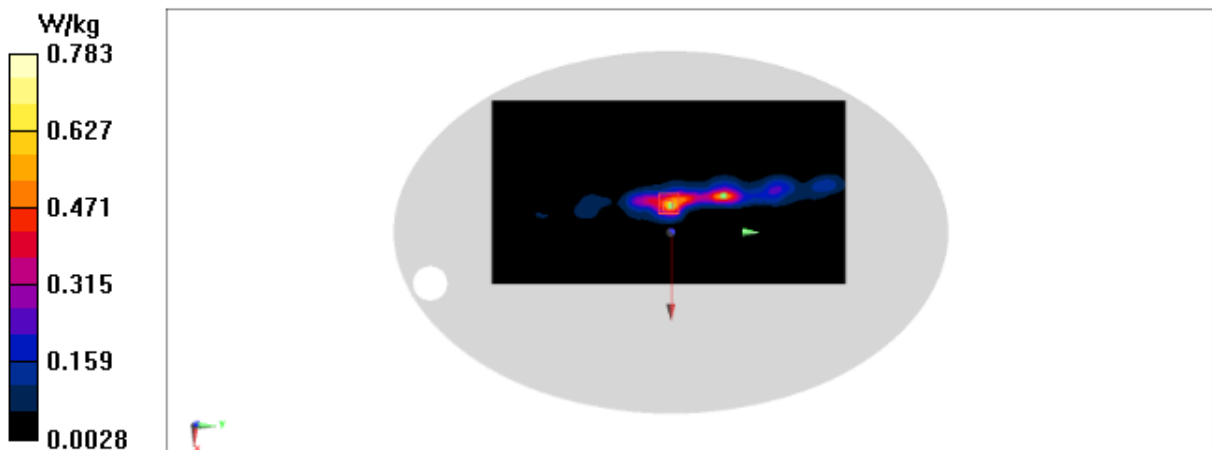
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.831 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.07 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.432 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.186 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.783 W/kg



WLAN2450-MIMO_CH6 Rear 0mm

Date: 12/27/2023

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1807

Medium: Head 2450MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.745$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.132$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.2°C

Communication System: WIFI 2450 Frequency: 2437 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7727 ConvF(8.08,8.08,8.08)

Area Scan (131x251x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.723 W/kg

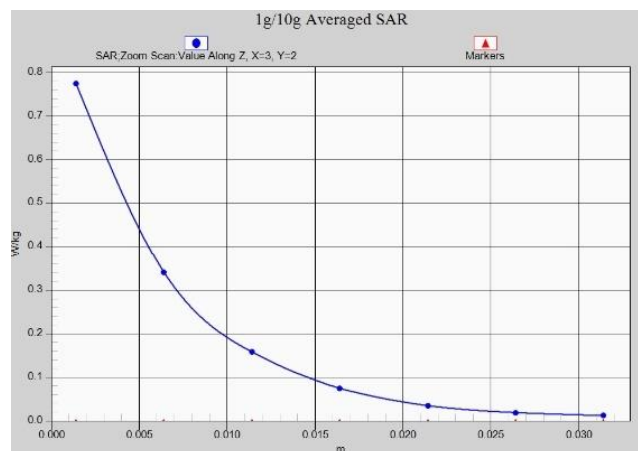
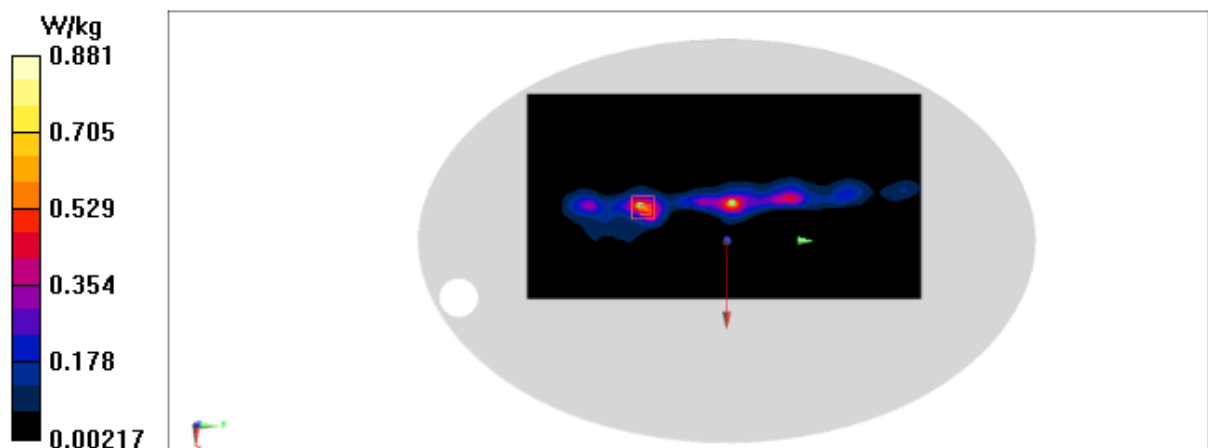
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.143 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.942 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.476 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.197 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.683 W/kg



WLAN5G-Main Antenna_CH114 Rear

Date: 12/29/2023

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head 5GHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 5570$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.962$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.456$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.2°C

Communication System: WLAN5G 5570 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7548 ConvF(5.25,5.25, 5.25)

Area Scan (131x251x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.13 W/kg

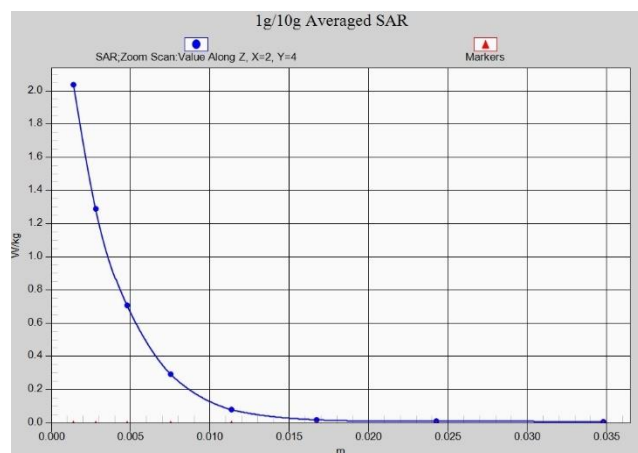
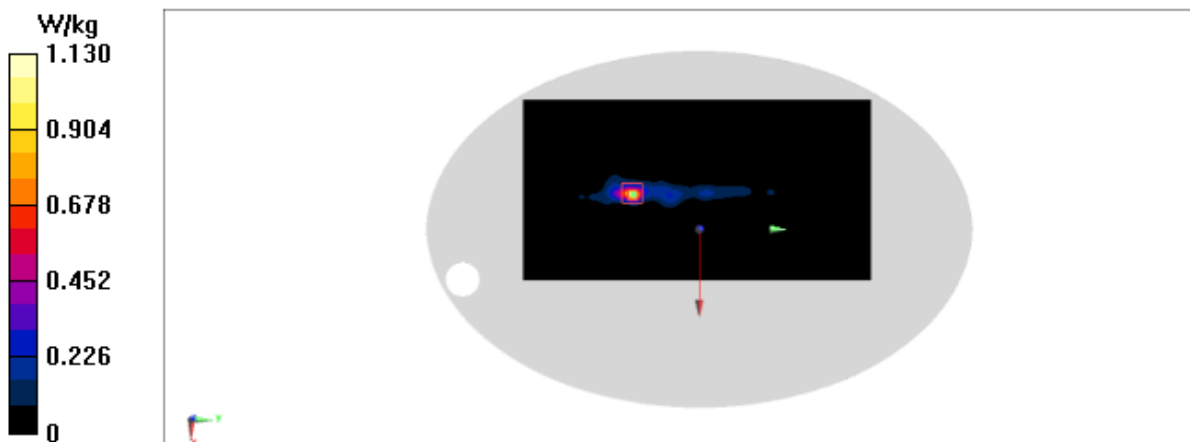
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 2.16 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.31 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.363 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.106 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.857 W/kg



WLAN5G-Aux. Antenna_CH114 Rear

Date: 12/29/2023

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head 5GHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 5570$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.962$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.456$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.2°C

Communication System: WLAN5G Frequency: 5570 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7548 ConvF(5.25, 5.25, 5.25)

Area Scan (131x251x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.920 W/kg

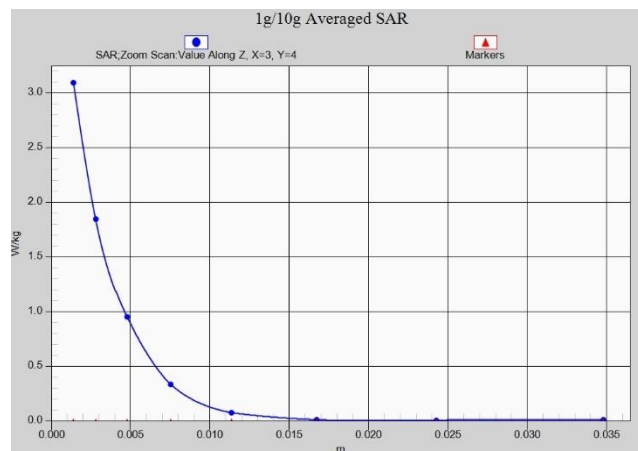
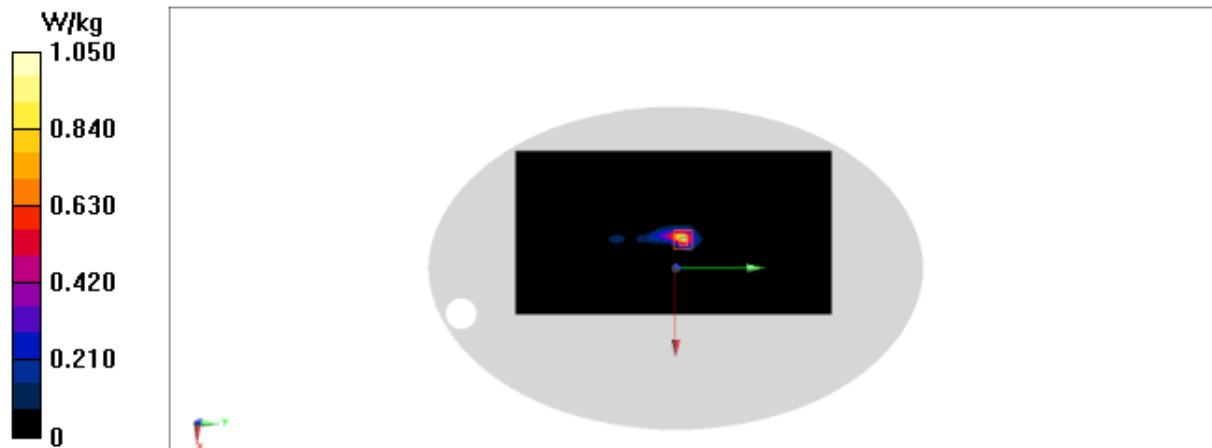
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 1.487 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.72 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.424 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.124 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.05 W/kg



WLAN5G-MIMO_CH50 Rear

Date: 12/28/2023

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1807

Medium: Head 5GHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 5250$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.636$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.632$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.2°C

Communication System: WLAN 11a Frequency: 5250 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7727 ConvF(5.77, 5.77, 5.77)

Area Scan (131x251x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.932 W/kg

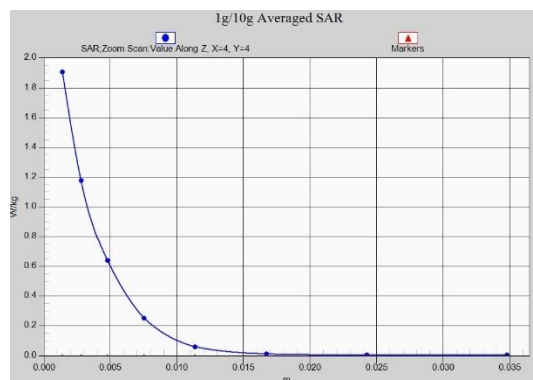
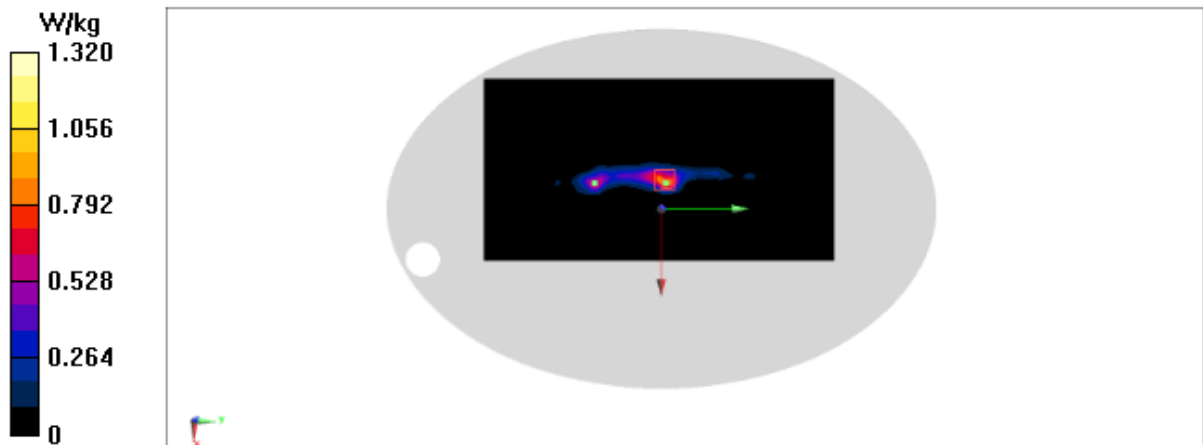
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 2.354 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.29 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.526 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.164 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.32 W/kg



BT_CH39 Rear

Date: 12/27/2023

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1807

Medium: Head 2450MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2441$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.75$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.128$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.2°C

Communication System: Bluetooth Frequency: 2441 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7727 ConvF(8.08,8.08,8.08)

Area Scan (131x251x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0627 W/kg

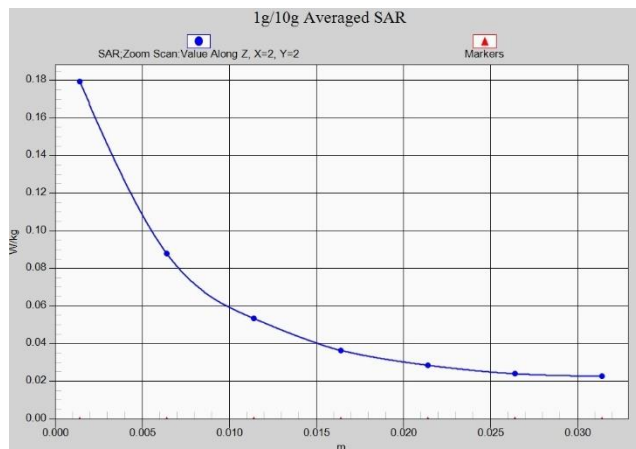
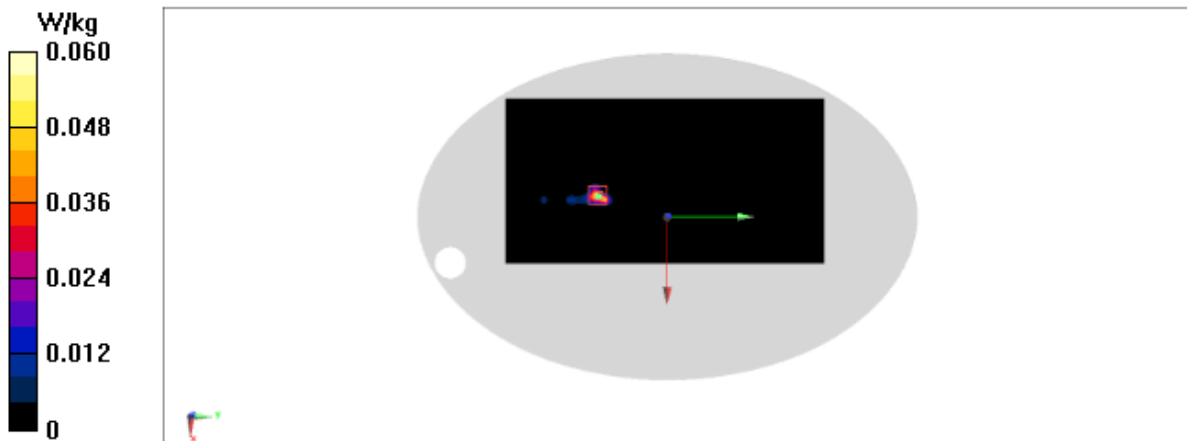
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 0.581 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0750 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.032 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.013 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0602 W/kg



ANNEX B System Verification Results

2450MHz

Date: 12/27/2023

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1807

Medium: Head 2450MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450\text{MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.754 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.123$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.2°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 2450MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7727 ConvF(8.08, 8.08, 8.08)

System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Reference Value = 113.36 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 12.85 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.14 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.14 W/kg

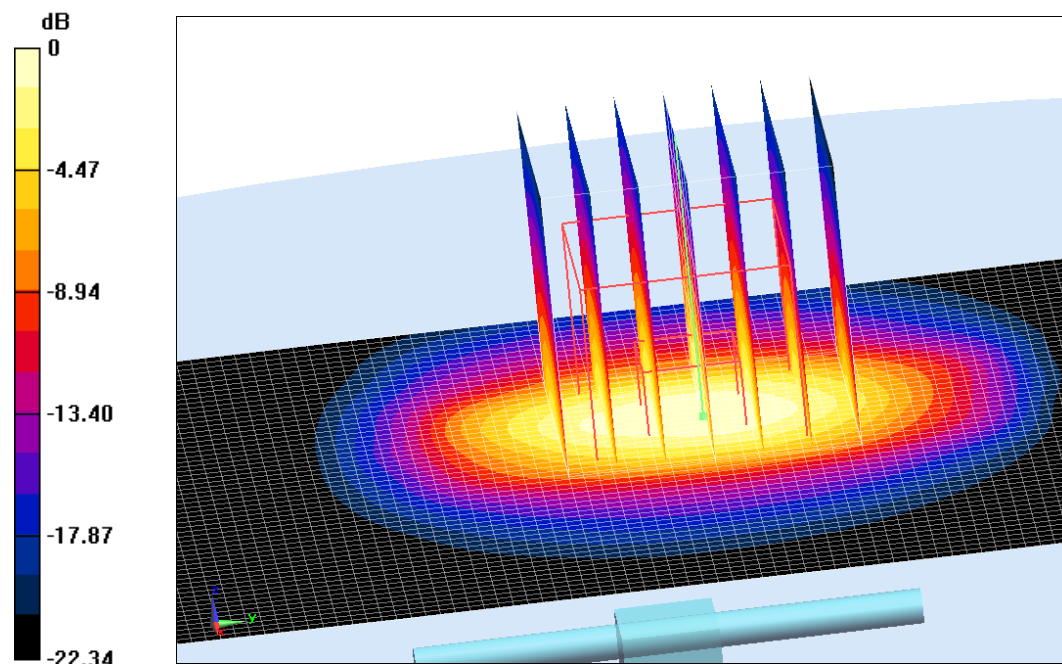
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 111.23 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 21.35 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.92 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.11 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.35 W/kg



0 dB = 22.35W/kg = 13.49 dB W/kg

Fig.B.1 validation 2450MHz 250mW

5250 MHz

Date: 12/28/2023

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1807

Medium: Head 5250 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 5250$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.636$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.632$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.2°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 5250 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7727 ConvF(5.77, 5.77, 5.77)

Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

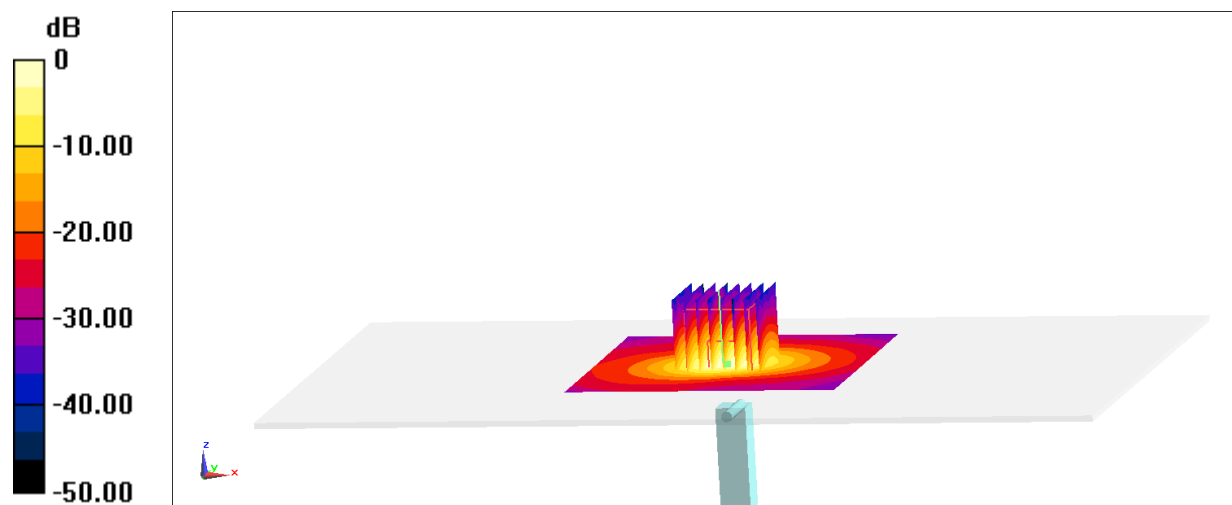
Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 68.36V/m; Power Drift = 0.15

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.37 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.98W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.29 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.95 W/kg



0 dB = 10.95 W/kg = 10.39 dBW/kg

Fig.B.2 validation 5250 MHz 100mW

5600 MHz

Date: 12/29/2023

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1807

Medium: Head 5600 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.984$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.462$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.2°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 5600 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7727 ConvF(5.25, 5.25, 5.25)

Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

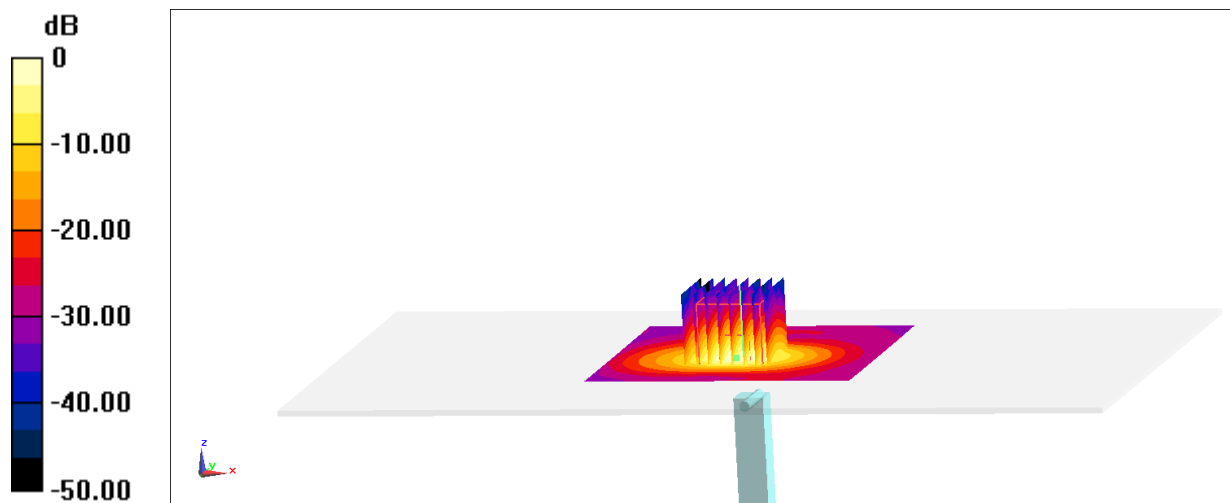
Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
 $dx=4$ mm, $dy=4$ mm, $dz=1.4$ mm

Reference Value = 62.67 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 13.67 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.25 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.34 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.77 W/kg



0 dB = 10.77 W/kg = 10.32 dBW/kg

Fig.B.3 validation 5600 MHz 100mW

5750 MHz

Date: 12/30/2023

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1807

Medium: Head 5750 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 5750$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.174$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.42$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.2°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 5750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7727 ConvF(5.33,5.33,5.33)

Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

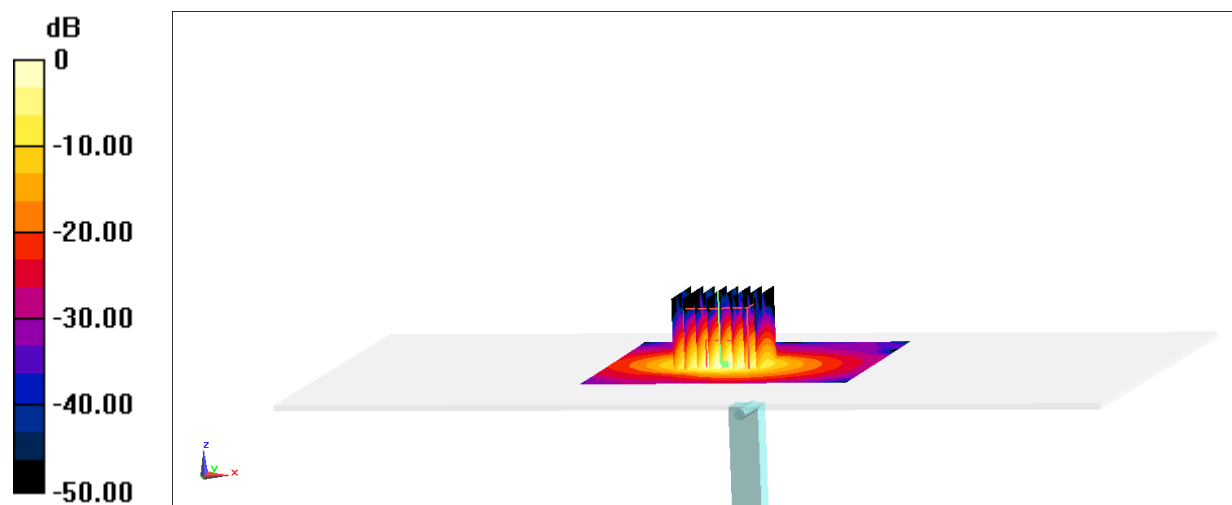
Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 68.24 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 21.34 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.01 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.25 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.34 W/kg



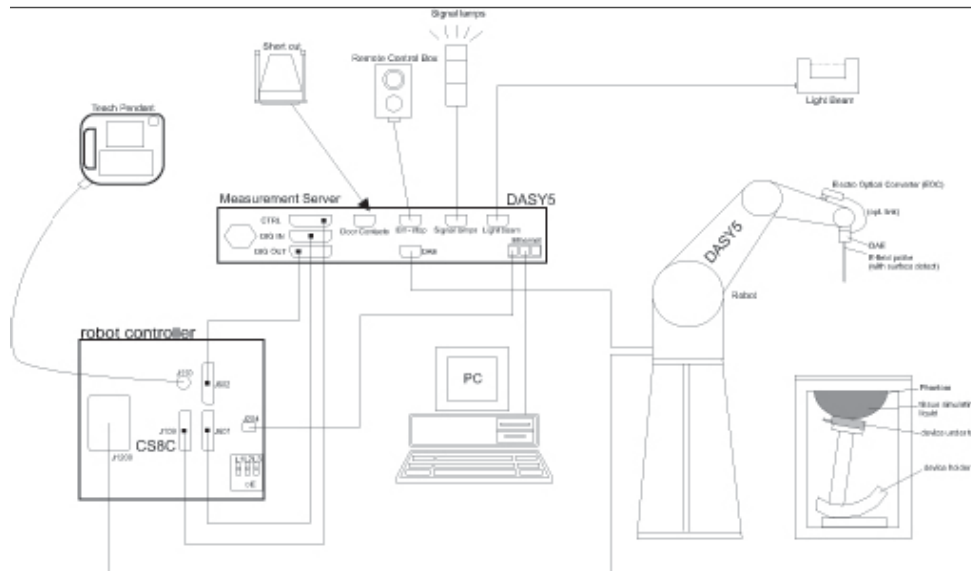
0 dB = 13.34 W/kg = 11.25 dBW/kg

Fig.B.4 validation 5750 MHz 100mW

ANNEX C SAR Measurement Setup

C.1 Measurement Set-up

The Dasy4 or DASY5 system for performing compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:



Picture C.1 SAR Lab Test Measurement Set-up

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (StäubliTX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP and the DASY4 or DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as
- warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

C.2 Dasy4 or DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multifiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY4 or DASY5 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using 2nd ord curve fitting. The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.

Probe Specifications:

Model:	ES3DV3, EX3DV4
Frequency	10MHz — 6.0GHz(EX3DV4)
Range:	10MHz — 4GHz(ES3DV3)
Calibration:	In head and body simulating tissue at Frequencies from 835 up to 5800MHz
Linearity:	± 0.2 dB(30 MHz to 6 GHz) for EX3DV4 ± 0.2 dB(30 MHz to 4 GHz) for ES3DV3
DynamicRange:	10 mW/kg — 100W/kg
Probe Length:	330 mm
Probe Tip	
Length:	20 mm
Body Diameter:	12 mm
Tip Diameter:	2.5 mm (3.9 mm for ES3DV3)
Tip-Center:	1 mm (2.0mm for ES3DV3)
Application:	SAR Dosimetry Testing Compliance tests of mobile phones Dosimetry in strong gradient fields



Picture C.2Near-field Probe



Picture C.3E-field Probe

C.3 E-field Probe Calibration

Each E-Probe/Probe Amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. A TEM cell calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm^2) using an RF Signal generator, TEM cell, and RF Power Meter.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and in a waveguide or other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed

in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1 mW/cm².

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where:

Δt = Exposure time (30 seconds),

C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:

σ = Simulated tissue conductivity,

ρ = Tissue density (kg/m³).

C.4 Other Test Equipment

C.4.1 Data Acquisition Electronics(DAE)

The data acquisition electronics consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



PictureC.4: DAE

C.4.2 Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY4: RX90XL; DASY5: RX160L) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchron motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)



Picture C.5 DASY 4



Picture C.6 DASY 5

C.4.3 Measurement Server

The Measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with CPU (dasy4: 166 MHz, Intel Pentium; DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chipdisk (DASY4: 32 MB; DASY5: 128MB), RAM (DASY4: 64 MB, DASY5: 128MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized pinout, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.



Picture C.7 Server for DASY 4



Picture C.8 Server for DASY 5

C.4.4 Device Holder for Phantom

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of $\pm 0.5\text{mm}$ would produce a SAR uncertainty of $\pm 20\%$. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

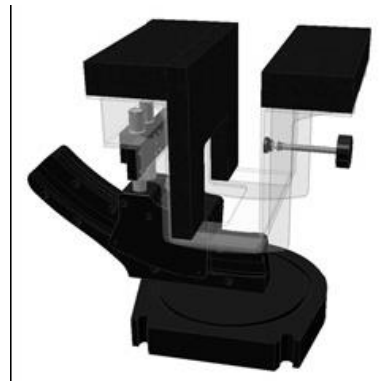
The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales are the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles. The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

<Laptop Extension Kit>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin-SAM and ELI phantoms.



Picture C.9-1: Device Holder



Picture C.9-2: Laptop Extension Kit

C.4.5 Phantom

The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to

Represent the 90th percentile of the population. The phantom enables the dissymmetric evaluation of SAR for both left and right handed handset usage, as well as body-worn usage using the flat phantom region. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. The shell phantom has a 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6 mm).

Shell Thickness: 2 ± 0.2 mm

Filling Volume: Approx. 25 liters

Dimensions: 810 x 1000 x 500 mm (H x L x W)

Available: Special



Picture C.10: SAM Twin Phantom

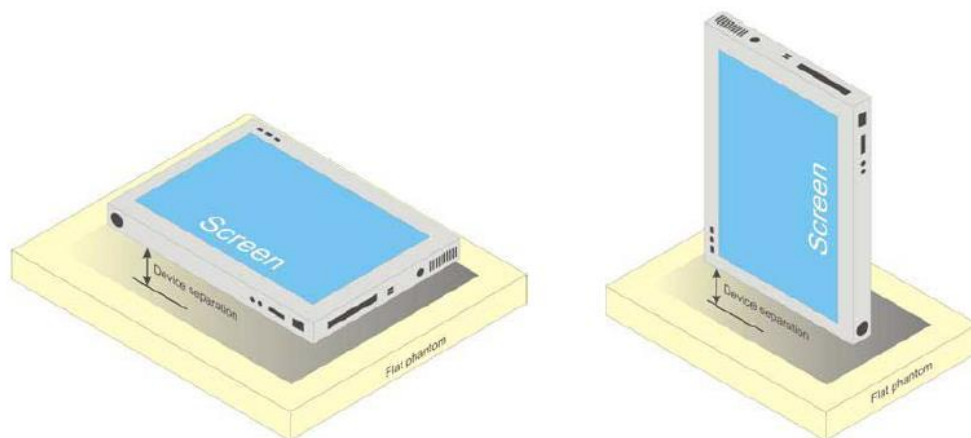
ANNEX D Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

D.1 Body-supported device

Other devices that fall into this category include tablet type portable computers and credit card transaction authorisation terminals, point-of-sale and/or inventory terminals. Where these devices may be torso or limb-supported, the same principles for body-supported devices are applied. The example in Picture D.1 shows a tablet form factor portable computer for which SAR should be separately assessed with

- a) each surface and
- b) the separation distances

positioned against the flat phantom that correspond to the intended use as specified by the manufacturer. If the intended use is not specified in the user instructions, the device shall be tested directly against the flat phantom in all usable orientations.



Picture D.1 Tablet form factor portable computer

D.2 DUT Setup Photos



Picture D.2

ANNEX E Equivalent Media Recipes

The liquid used for the frequency range of 800-3000 MHz consisted of water, sugar, salt, preventol, glycol monobutyl and Cellulose. The liquid has been previously proven to be suited for worst-case. The Table E.1 shows the detail solution. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209.

TableE.1: Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter

Frequency (MHz)	835Head	835Body	1900 Head	1900 Body	2450 Head	2450 Body	5800 Head	5800 Body
Ingredients (% by weight)								
Water	41.45	52.5	55.242	69.91	58.79	72.60	65.53	65.53
Sugar	56.0	45.0	\	\	\	\	\	\
Salt	1.45	1.4	0.306	0.13	0.06	0.18	\	\
Preventol	0.1	0.1	\	\	\	\	\	\
Cellulose	1.0	1.0	\	\	\	\	\	\
Glycol Monobutyl	\	\	44.452	29.96	41.15	27.22	\	\
Diethylenglycol monohexylether	\	\	\	\	\	\	17.24	17.24
Triton X-100	\	\	\	\	\	\	17.24	17.24
Dielectric Parameters	$\epsilon=41.5$	$\epsilon=55.2$	$\epsilon=40.0$	$\epsilon=53.3$	$\epsilon=39.2$	$\epsilon=52.7$	$\epsilon=35.3$	$\epsilon=48.2$
Target Value	$\sigma=0.90$	$\sigma=0.97$	$\sigma=1.40$	$\sigma=1.52$	$\sigma=1.80$	$\sigma=1.95$	$\sigma=5.27$	$\sigma=6.00$

Note: There are a little adjustment respectively for 750, 1750, 2600, 5G based on the recipe of closest frequency in table E.1.

ANNEX F System Validation

The SAR system must be validated against its performance specifications before it is deployed. When SAR probes, system components or software are changed, upgraded or recalibrated, these must be validated with the SAR system(s) that operates with such components.

Table F.1: System Validation for 7727

Probe SN.	Liquid name	Validation date	Frequency point	Status (OK or Not)
7727	H650-7000M	July.8,2023	750 MHz	OK
7727	H650-7000M	July.8,2023	900 MHz	OK
7727	H650-7000M	July.8,2023	1450 MHz	OK
7727	H650-7000M	July.8,2023	1750 MHz	OK
7727	H650-7000M	July.9,2023	1900 MHz	OK
7727	H650-7000M	July.9,2023	2100 MHz	OK
7727	H650-7000M	July.9,2023	2300 MHz	OK
7727	H650-7000M	July.11,2023	2450 MHz	OK
7727	H650-7000M	July.11,2023	2600 MHz	OK
7727	H650-7000M	July.11,2023	3500 MHz	OK
7727	H650-7000M	July.11,2023	3700 MHz	OK
7727	H650-7000M	July.11,2023	3900 MHz	OK
7727	H650-7000M	July.12,2023	5250 MHz	OK
7727	H650-7000M	July.12,2023	5600 MHz	OK
7727	H650-7000M	July.12,2023	5800 MHz	OK



ANNEX G Probe Calibration Certificate

Probe 7727 Calibration Certificate



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中国认可
国际互认
校准
CALIBRATION
CNAS L0570



Client **CTTL**

Certificate No: **J23Z60233**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: EX3DV4 - SN : 7727

Calibration Procedure(s): FF-Z11-004-02
Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date: June 05, 2023

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

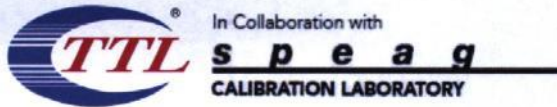
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	101919	14-Jun-22(CTTL, No.J22X04181)	Jun-23
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	14-Jun-22(CTTL, No.J22X04181)	Jun-23
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101548	14-Jun-22(CTTL, No.J22X04181)	Jun-23
Reference 10dBAttenuator	18N50W-10dB	19-Jan-23(CTTL, No.J23X00212)	Jan-25
Reference 20dBAttenuator	18N50W-20dB	19-Jan-23(CTTL, No.J23X00211)	Jan-25
OCP DAK-3.5	SN 1040	18-Jan-23(SPEAG, No.OCP-DAK3.5-1040_Jan23)	Jan-24
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 7517	27-Jan-23(SPEAG, No.EX-7517_Jan23)	Jan-24
DAE4	SN 1555	25-Aug-22(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1555_Aug22)	Aug-23
Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SignalGenerator MG3700A	6201052605	14-Jun-22(CTTL, No.J22X04182)	Jun-23
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	10-Jan-23(CTTL, No.J23X00104)	Jan-24
Reference 10dBAttenuator	BT0520	11-May-23(CTTL, No.J23X04061)	May-25
Reference 20dBAttenuator	BT0267	11-May-23(CTTL, No.J23X04062)	May-25

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: June 09, 2023

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A,B,C,D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization Φ	Φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization θ	θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i $\theta=0$ is normal to probe axis

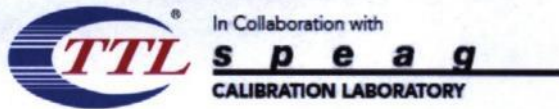
Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}:** Assessed for E-field polarization $\theta=0$ ($f \leq 900\text{MHz}$ in TEM-cell; $f > 1800\text{MHz}$: waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not effect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z}* frequency_response** (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}:** DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR:** PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}:** A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:** Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800\text{MHz}$) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800\text{MHz}$. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z}* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from $\pm 50\text{MHz}$ to $\pm 100\text{MHz}$.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy):** in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset:** The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle:** The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_x (no uncertainty required).



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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 7727

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A	0.47	0.48	0.38	$\pm 10.0\%$
DCP(mV) ^B	102.0	105.2	100.5	

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Max Dev.	Max Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	168.3	$\pm 2.5\%$	$\pm 4.7\%$
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		172.7		
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		145.7		
10352-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	1.45	60.00	5.24	10.00	60	$\pm 3.6\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	1.58	60.61	5.86		60		
		Z	1.36	60.00	5.66		60		
10353-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	46.00	72.00	7.00	6.99	80	$\pm 2.2\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	0.80	60.00	4.25		80		
		Z	6.00	68.00	7.00		80		
10354-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	0.00	69.85	39.37	3.98	95	$\pm 3.0\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	0.07	160.00	18.62		95		
		Z	0.00	159.90	19.34		95		
10355-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	0.00	113.74	99.96	2.22	120	$\pm 3.3\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	0.00	64.51	42.10		120		
		Z	0.51	85.10	0.67		120		
10387-AAA	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	0.89	160.00	87.59	1.00	150	$\pm 3.1\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	20.00	142.19	41.78		150		
		Z	20.00	154.70	47.89		150		
10388-AAA	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	20.00	134.83	42.45	0.00	150	$\pm 2.4\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	11.01	103.50	28.52		150		
		Z	20.00	115.38	32.38		150		
10396-AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	2.75	83.44	29.81	3.01	150	$\pm 1.4\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	1.92	69.46	20.49		150		
		Z	1.88	69.78	21.20		150		
10414-AAA	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz	X	5.32	75.63	21.26	0.00	150	$\pm 3.3\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	4.17	69.30	17.33		150		
		Z	4.31	70.05	17.92		150		

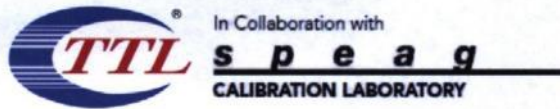
Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 7727

Sensor Model Parameters

	C1 fF	C2 fF	α V ⁻¹	T1 ms.V ⁻²	T2 ms.V ⁻¹	T3 ms	T4 V ⁻²	T5 V ⁻¹	T6
X	7.64	55.26	34.90	0.92	0.00	4.90	0.00	0.01	1.01
Y	7.95	57.30	33.78	2.12	0.00	4.90	0.02	0.03	1.01
Z	7.87	57.93	35.18	1.93	0.00	4.90	0.00	0.00	1.01

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	156.2
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable
Probe Overall Length	337mm
Probe Body Diameter	10mm
Tip Length	9mm
Tip Diameter	2.5mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4mm



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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN:7727

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.31	10.31	10.31	0.15	1.35	±12.7%
900	41.5	0.97	9.97	9.97	9.97	0.16	1.35	±12.7%
1450	40.5	1.20	8.97	8.97	8.97	0.12	1.33	±12.7%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.65	8.65	8.65	0.20	1.09	±12.7%
1900	40.0	1.40	8.47	8.47	8.47	0.24	1.05	±12.7%
2100	39.8	1.49	8.45	8.45	8.45	0.22	1.11	±12.7%
2300	39.5	1.67	8.30	8.30	8.30	0.61	0.66	±12.7%
2450	39.2	1.80	8.08	8.08	8.08	0.55	0.72	±12.7%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.90	7.90	7.90	0.41	0.86	±12.7%
3300	38.2	2.71	7.44	7.44	7.44	0.38	1.02	±13.9%
3500	37.9	2.91	7.23	7.23	7.23	0.42	1.00	±13.9%
3700	37.7	3.12	7.02	7.02	7.02	0.41	1.00	±13.9%
3900	37.5	3.32	6.91	6.91	6.91	0.35	1.35	±13.9%
4100	37.2	3.53	6.82	6.82	6.82	0.30	1.38	±13.9%
4200	37.1	3.63	6.72	6.72	6.72	0.30	1.50	±13.9%
4400	36.9	3.84	6.62	6.62	6.62	0.30	1.50	±13.9%
4600	36.7	4.04	6.54	6.54	6.54	0.40	1.30	±13.9%
4800	36.4	4.25	6.55	6.55	6.55	0.30	1.80	±13.9%
4950	36.3	4.40	6.20	6.20	6.20	0.40	1.38	±13.9%
5250	35.9	4.71	5.77	5.77	5.77	0.40	1.45	±13.9%
5600	35.5	5.07	5.25	5.25	5.25	0.45	1.40	±13.9%
5750	35.4	5.22	5.33	5.33	5.33	0.40	1.50	±13.9%

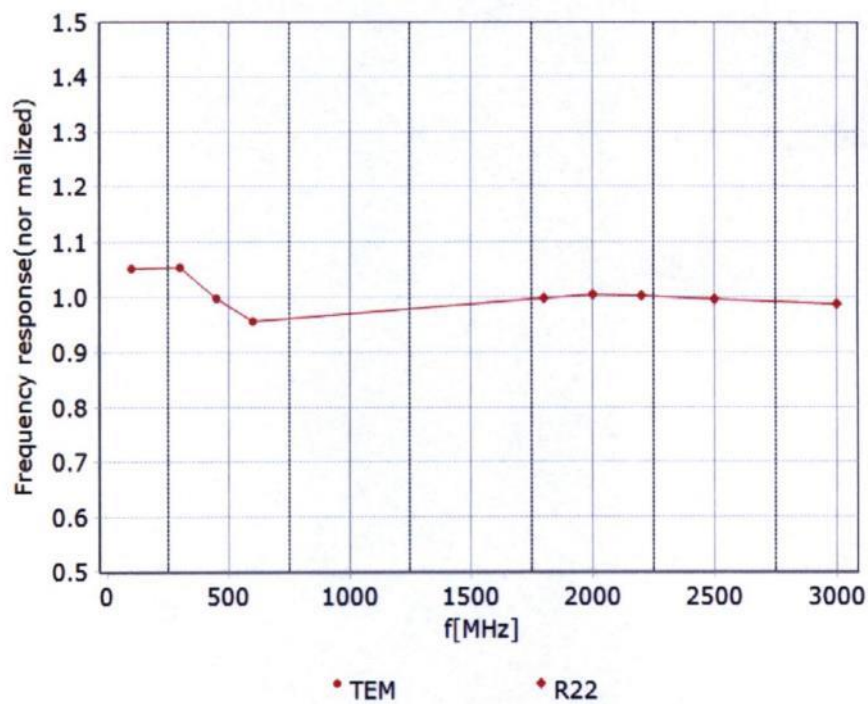
^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

^F At frequency up to 6 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



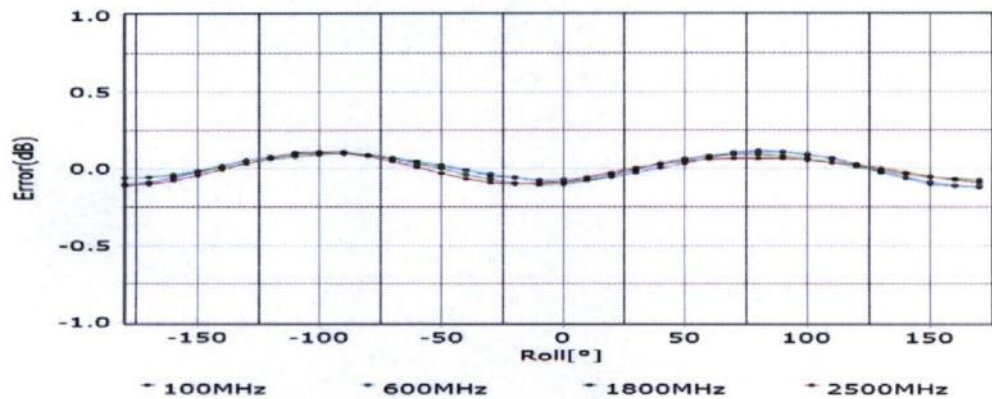
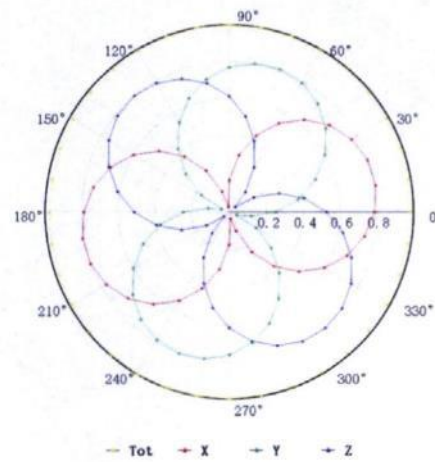
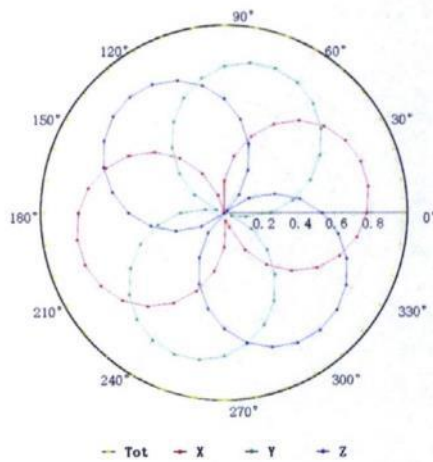
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 7.4\%$ ($k=2$)

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Receiving Pattern (Φ), $\theta=0^\circ$

f=600 MHz, TEM

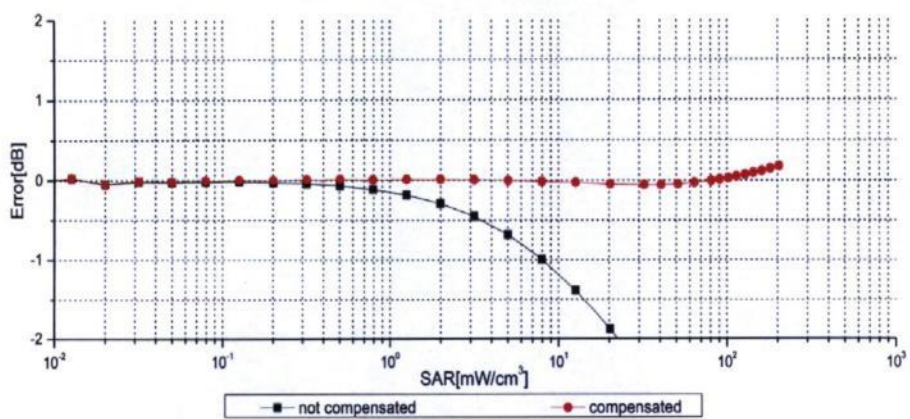
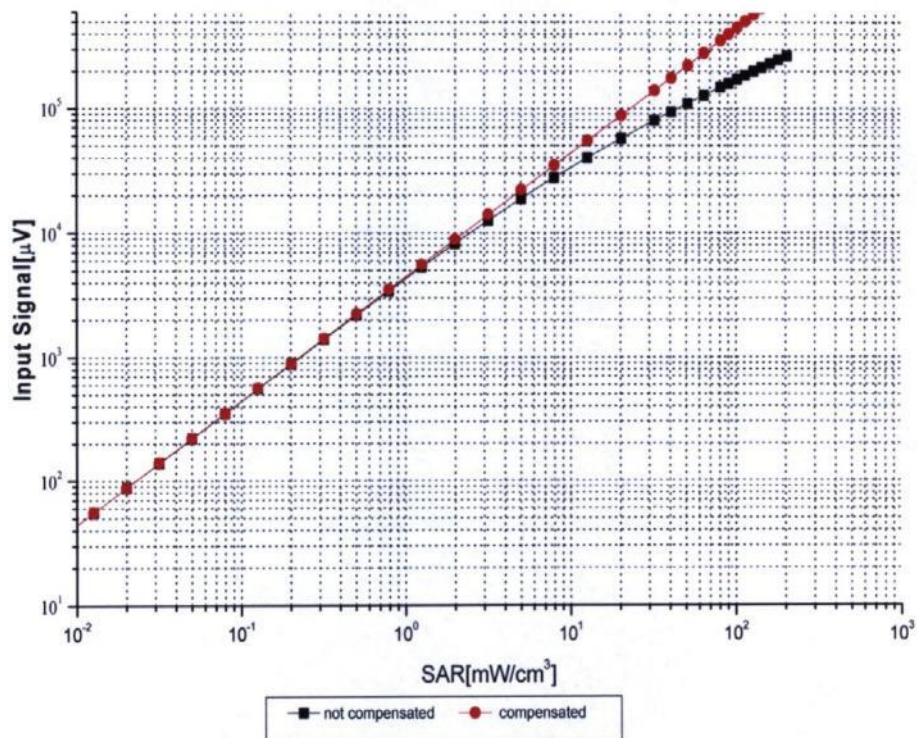
f=1800 MHz, R22



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 1.2\%$ ($k=2$)

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Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)



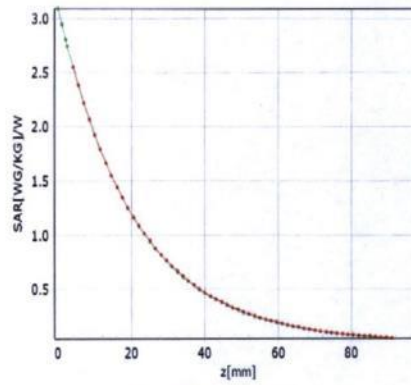
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.9\%$ ($k=2$)

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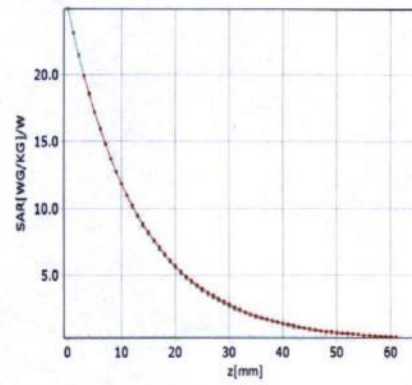
Conversion Factor Assessment

f=750 MHz,WGLS R9(H_convF)

f=1750 MHz,WGLS R22(H_convF)

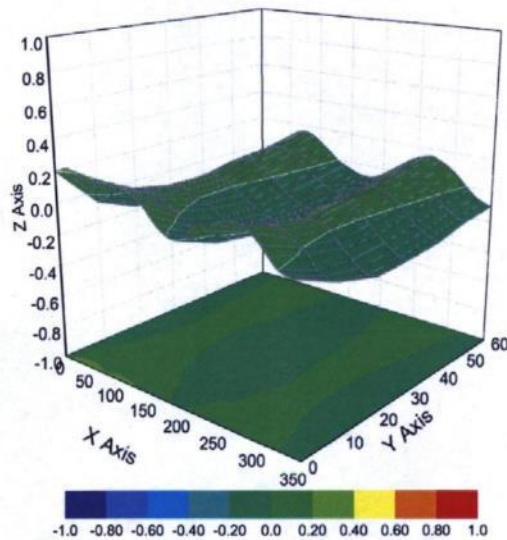


* analytical * measured

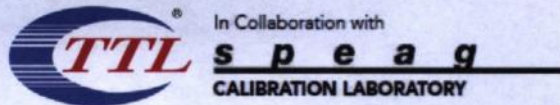


* analytical * measured

Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 3.2\%$ ($k=2$)

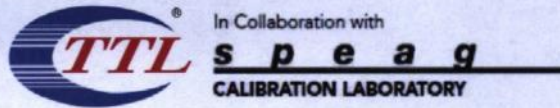


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Appendix: Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Rev	Communication System Name	Group	PAR (dB)	UncE (k=2)
0		CW	CW	0.00	± 4.7 %
10010	CAA	SAR Validation (Square, 100ms, 10ms)	Test	10.00	± 9.6 %
10011	CAB	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	WCDMA	2.91	± 9.6 %
10012	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	WLAN	1.87	± 9.6 %
10013	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps)	WLAN	9.46	± 9.6 %
10021	DAC	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	GSM	9.39	± 9.6 %
10023	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0)	GSM	9.57	± 9.6 %
10024	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1)	GSM	6.56	± 9.6 %
10025	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0)	GSM	12.62	± 9.6 %
10026	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1)	GSM	9.55	± 9.6 %
10027	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2)	GSM	4.80	± 9.6 %
10028	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	GSM	3.55	± 9.6 %
10029	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1-2)	GSM	7.78	± 9.6 %
10030	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH1)	Bluetooth	5.30	± 9.6 %
10031	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH3)	Bluetooth	1.87	± 9.6 %
10032	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH5)	Bluetooth	1.16	± 9.6 %
10033	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH1)	Bluetooth	7.74	± 9.6 %
10034	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH3)	Bluetooth	4.53	± 9.6 %
10035	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH5)	Bluetooth	3.83	± 9.6 %
10036	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH1)	Bluetooth	8.01	± 9.6 %
10037	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH3)	Bluetooth	4.77	± 9.6 %
10038	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH5)	Bluetooth	4.10	± 9.6 %
10039	CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1)	CDMA2000	4.57	± 9.6 %
10042	CAB	IS-54 / IS-136 FDD (TDMA/FDM, PI/4-DQPSK, Halfrate)	AMPS	7.78	± 9.6 %
10044	CAA	IS-91/EIA/TIA-553 FDD (FDMA, FM)	AMPS	0.00	± 9.6 %
10048	CAA	DECT (TDD, TDMA/FDM, GFSK, Full Slot, 24)	DECT	13.80	± 9.6 %
10049	CAA	DECT (TDD, TDMA/FDM, GFSK, Double Slot, 12)	DECT	10.79	± 9.6 %
10056	CAA	UMTS-TDD (TD-SCDMA, 1.28 Mcps)	TD-SCDMA	11.01	± 9.6 %
10058	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	GSM	6.52	± 9.6 %
10059	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 2 Mbps)	WLAN	2.12	± 9.6 %
10060	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 5.5 Mbps)	WLAN	2.83	± 9.6 %
10061	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps)	WLAN	3.60	± 9.6 %
10062	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps)	WLAN	8.68	± 9.6 %
10063	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 9 Mbps)	WLAN	8.63	± 9.6 %
10064	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 12 Mbps)	WLAN	9.09	± 9.6 %
10065	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 18 Mbps)	WLAN	9.00	± 9.6 %
10066	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 24 Mbps)	WLAN	9.38	± 9.6 %
10067	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 36 Mbps)	WLAN	10.12	± 9.6 %
10068	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 48 Mbps)	WLAN	10.24	± 9.6 %
10069	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 54 Mbps)	WLAN	10.56	± 9.6 %
10071	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 9 Mbps)	WLAN	9.83	± 9.6 %
10072	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 12 Mbps)	WLAN	9.62	± 9.6 %
10073	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 18 Mbps)	WLAN	9.94	± 9.6 %
10074	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 24 Mbps)	WLAN	10.30	± 9.6 %
10075	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 36 Mbps)	WLAN	10.77	± 9.6 %
10076	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 48 Mbps)	WLAN	10.94	± 9.6 %
10077	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 54 Mbps)	WLAN	11.00	± 9.6 %
10081	CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3)	CDMA2000	3.97	± 9.6 %
10082	CAB	IS-54 / IS-136 FDD (TDMA/FDM, PI/4-DQPSK, Fullrate)	AMPS	4.77	± 9.6 %
10090	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-4)	GSM	6.56	± 9.6 %
10097	CAC	UMTS-FDD (HSDPA)	WCDMA	3.98	± 9.6 %
10098	DAC	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 2)	WCDMA	3.98	± 9.6 %
10099	CAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-4)	GSM	9.55	± 9.6 %
10100	CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.67	± 9.6 %
10101	CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.42	± 9.6 %

10102	CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.60	± 9.6 %
10103	DAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.29	± 9.6 %
10104	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.97	± 9.6 %
10105	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.01	± 9.6 %
10108	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.80	± 9.6 %
10109	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.43	± 9.6 %
10110	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.75	± 9.6 %
10111	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.44	± 9.6 %
10112	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.59	± 9.6 %
10113	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.62	± 9.6 %
10114	CAG	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.10	± 9.6 %
10115	CAG	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 81 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.46	± 9.6 %
10116	CAG	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 135 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.15	± 9.6 %
10117	CAG	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.07	± 9.6 %
10118	CAD	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 81 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.59	± 9.6 %
10119	CAD	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 135 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.13	± 9.6 %
10140	CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.49	± 9.6 %
10141	CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.53	± 9.6 %
10142	CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10143	CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.35	± 9.6 %
10144	CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.65	± 9.6 %
10145	CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.76	± 9.6 %
10146	CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.41	± 9.6 %
10147	CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.72	± 9.6 %
10149	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.42	± 9.6 %
10150	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.60	± 9.6 %
10151	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.28	± 9.6 %
10152	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.92	± 9.6 %
10153	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.05	± 9.6 %
10154	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.75	± 9.6 %
10155	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.43	± 9.6 %
10156	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.79	± 9.6 %
10157	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.49	± 9.6 %
10158	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.62	± 9.6 %
10159	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.56	± 9.6 %
10160	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.82	± 9.6 %
10161	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.43	± 9.6 %
10162	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.58	± 9.6 %
10166	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.46	± 9.6 %
10167	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.21	± 9.6 %
10168	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.79	± 9.6 %
10169	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10170	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10171	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.49	± 9.6 %
10172	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.21	± 9.6 %
10173	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 %
10174	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	± 9.6 %
10175	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.72	± 9.6 %
10176	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10177	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10178	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10179	AAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %
10180	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %
10181	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.72	± 9.6 %
10182	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10183	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %
10184	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10185	CAI	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.51	± 9.6 %
10186	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %



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10187	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10188	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10189	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %
10193	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.09	± 9.6 %
10194	AAD	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 39 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.12	± 9.6 %
10195	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 65 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.21	± 9.6 %
10196	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.10	± 9.6 %
10197	AAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 39 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.13	± 9.6 %
10198	CAF	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 65 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.27	± 9.6 %
10219	CAF	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 7.2 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.03	± 9.6 %
10220	AAF	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 43.3 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.13	± 9.6 %
10221	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 72.2 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.27	± 9.6 %
10222	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 15 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.06	± 9.6 %
10223	CAD	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 90 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.48	± 9.6 %
10224	CAD	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 150 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.08	± 9.6 %
10225	CAD	UMTS-FDD (HSPA+)	WCDMA	5.97	± 9.6 %
10226	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.49	± 9.6 %
10227	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.26	± 9.6 %
10228	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.22	± 9.6 %
10229	DAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 %
10230	CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	± 9.6 %
10231	CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.19	± 9.6 %
10232	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 %
10233	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	± 9.6 %
10234	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.21	± 9.6 %
10235	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 %
10236	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	± 9.6 %
10237	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.21	± 9.6 %
10238	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 %
10239	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	± 9.6 %
10240	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.21	± 9.6 %
10241	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.82	± 9.6 %
10242	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.86	± 9.6 %
10243	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.46	± 9.6 %
10244	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.06	± 9.6 %
10245	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.06	± 9.6 %
10246	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.30	± 9.6 %
10247	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.91	± 9.6 %
10248	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.09	± 9.6 %
10249	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.29	± 9.6 %
10250	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.81	± 9.6 %
10251	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.17	± 9.6 %
10252	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.24	± 9.6 %
10253	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.90	± 9.6 %
10254	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.14	± 9.6 %
10255	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.20	± 9.6 %
10256	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.96	± 9.6 %
10257	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.08	± 9.6 %
10258	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.34	± 9.6 %
10259	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.98	± 9.6 %
10260	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.97	± 9.6 %
10261	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.24	± 9.6 %
10262	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.83	± 9.6 %
10263	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.16	± 9.6 %
10264	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.23	± 9.6 %
10265	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.92	± 9.6 %
10266	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.07	± 9.6 %
10267	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.30	± 9.6 %
10268	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.06	± 9.6 %