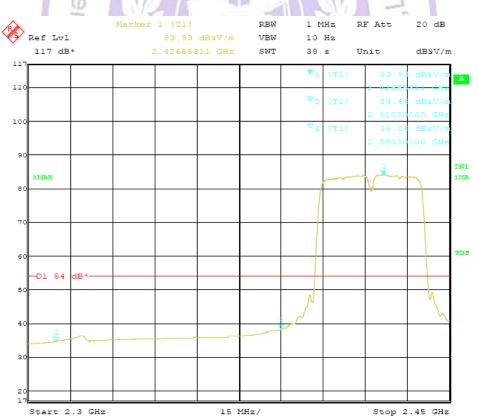
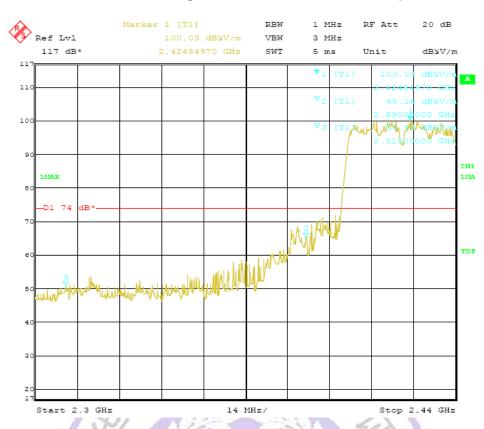


1. The field strength of any emissions which appear outside of this band shall not exceed the general radiated emission limits in Section 15.209, the peak radiated field strength shall blow 74dBµv/m. 2. Antenna Polarization vertical.

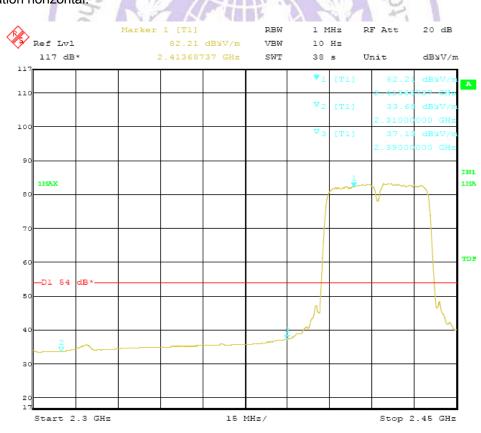


Note:

1. The field strength of any emissions which appear outside of this band shall not exceed the general radiated emission limits in Section 15.209, the average radiated field strength shall blow 54dBµv/m. 2. Antenna Polarization vertical.

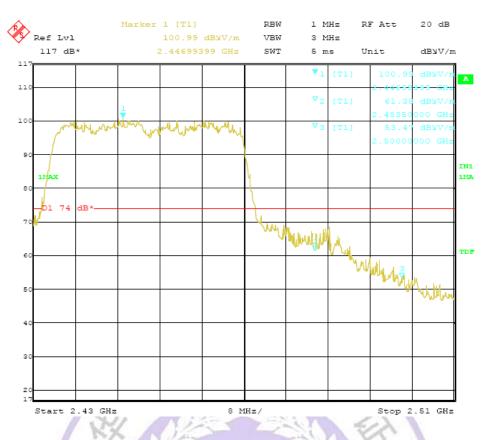


 The field strength of any emissions which appear outside of this band shall not exceed the general radiated emission limits in Section 15.209, the peak radiated field strength shall blow 74dBµv/m.
Antenna Polarization horizontal.

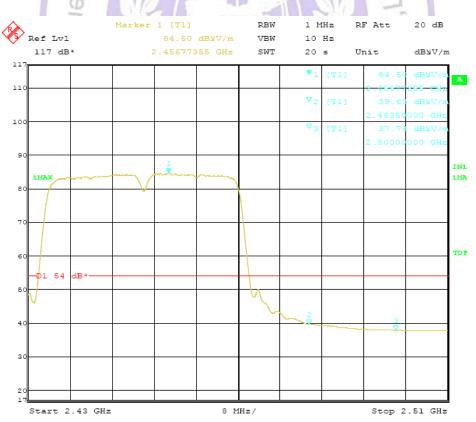


Note:

1. The field strength of any emissions which appear outside of this band shall not exceed the general radiated emission limits in Section 15.209, the average radiated field strength shall blow 54dBµv/m. 2. Antenna Polarization horizontal.

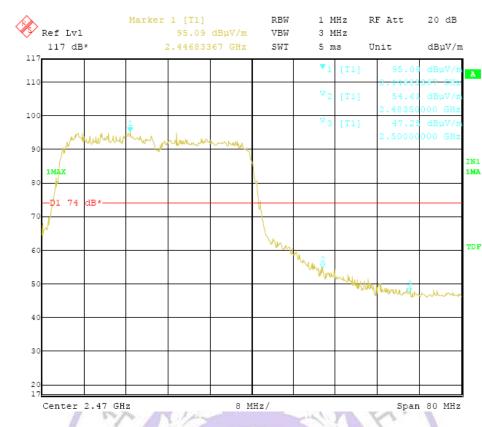


 The field strength of any emissions which appear outside of this band shall not exceed the general radiated emission limits in Section 15.209, the peak radiated field strength shall blow 74dBµv/m.
Antenna Polarization vertical.

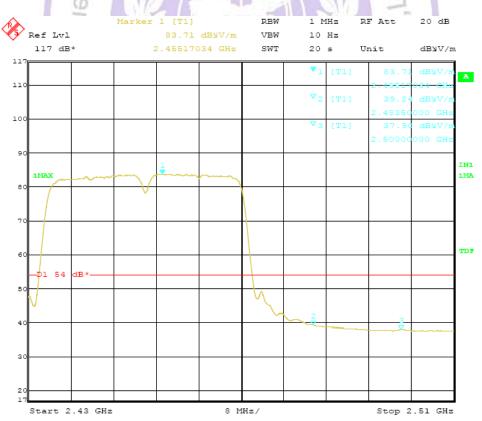




 The field strength of any emissions which appear outside of this band shall not exceed the general radiated emission limits in Section 15.209, the average radiated field strength shall blow 54dBµv/m.
Antenna Polarization vertical.



1. The field strength of any emissions which appear outside of this band shall not exceed the general radiated emission limits in Section 15.209, the peak radiated field strength shall blow 74dBµv/m. 2. Antenna Polarization horizontal.



Note:

1. The field strength of any emissions which appear outside of this band shall not exceed the general radiated emission limits in Section 15.209, the average radiated field strength shall blow 54dBµv/m.

2. Antenna Polarization horizontal.

4.6. Power Spectral Density Measurement

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

- The testing follows the FCC KDB Publication No. 558074 (Measurement Guidelines of DTS). 1.
- Set SPAN = 20 MHz (For devices with a nominal 40 MHz BW, 50 MHz span will be needed) 2.
- 3. Set REFERENCE LEVEL = 20 dBm
- 4. Set ATTENUATION = 0 dB (add internal attenuation, if necessary)
- 5. Set SWEEP TIME = Coupled
- 6. Set RBW = 3 kHz
- Set VBW = 10 kHz 7.
- 8. Set DETECTOR = Peak
- 9. Set MKR = Center Frequency
- 10. Set TRACE = CLEAR WRITE

Place the radio in continuous transmit mode. Set the TRACE to MAX HOLD, and after the trace stabilizes, the

TRACE to VIEW. Set the marker on the peak of the signal and then adjust the center frequency of the spectrum analyzer to the marker frequency. After viewing the EUT waveform on the spectrum analyzer, perform the following spectrum analyzer functions to capture the trace:

- 11. Set SPAN = 300 kHz
- 12. Set SWEEP TIME = 100 s
- 13. Set TRACE = MAX HOLD
- 14. Set MKR = PEAK SEARCH
- 15. Record the marker level for the particular mode. Repeat these steps for other device modes.

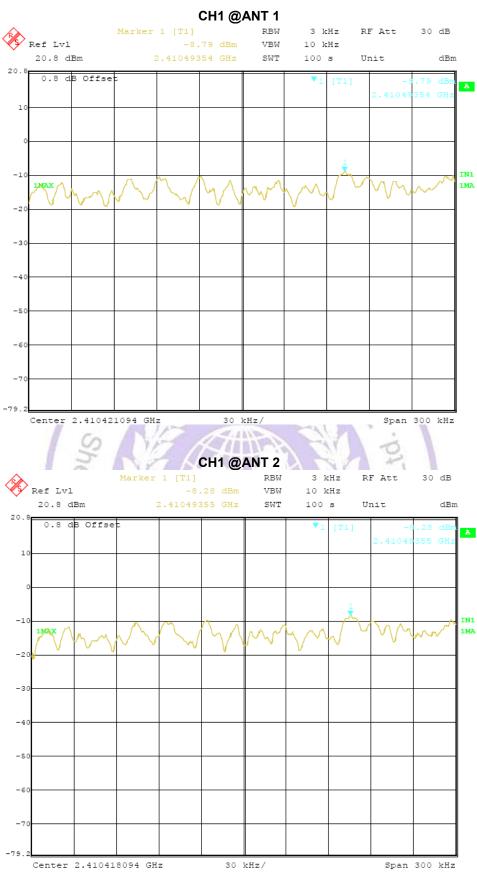
LIMIT

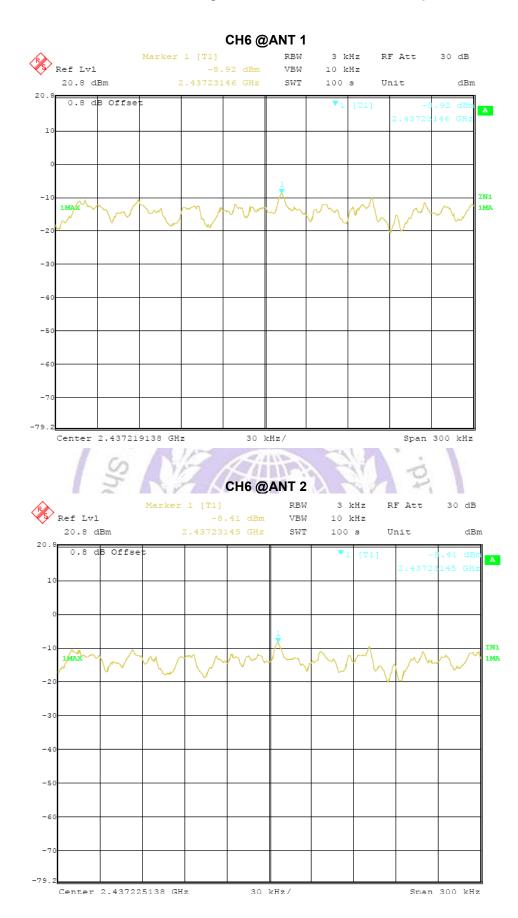
For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

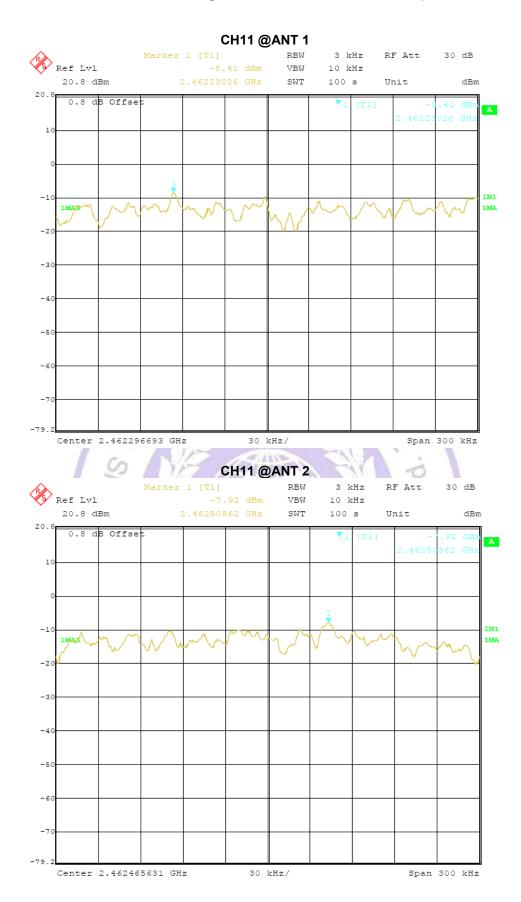
TEST RESULTS

TEST RESULTS	<u>i</u>	Sloct,	rom	NIC TOCI		
Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	RF power level in 3 KHz BW (dBm)			Maximum limit (dBm)	PASS / FAIL
		Ant1	Ant 2	Total		
1	2412	-8.79	-8.28	N/A	8	PASS
6	2437	-8.92	-8.41	N/A	8	PASS
11	2462	-8.41	-7.92	N/A	8	PASS
1	2412	-13.31	-13.27	N/A	8	PASS
6	2437	-13.86	-12.84	N/A	8	PASS
11	2462	-12.45	-12.02	N/A	8	PASS
1	2412	-14.21	-14.21	-11.20	8	PASS
6	2437	-12.84	-15.26	-10.87	8	PASS
11	2462	-12.74	-13.85	-10.25	8	PASS
3	2422	-17.58	-18.42	-14.97	8	PASS
6	2437	-17.16	-18.12	-14.60	8	PASS
9	2452	-17.05	-18.50	-14.70	8	PASS

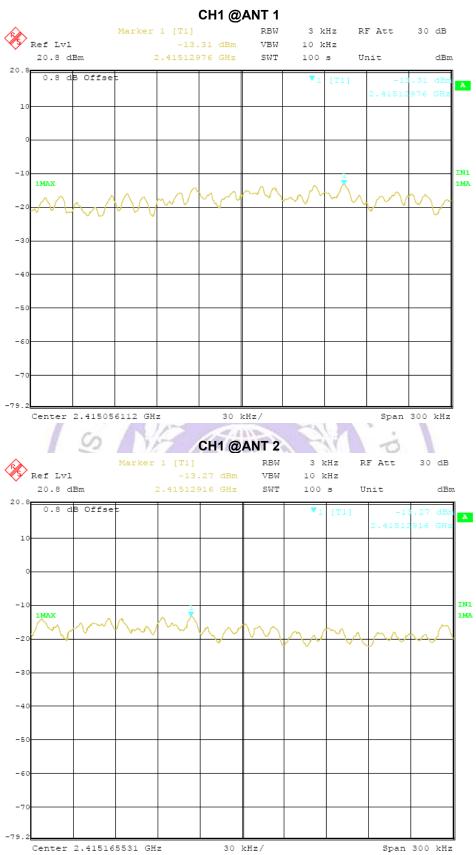
For 802.11b Mode:

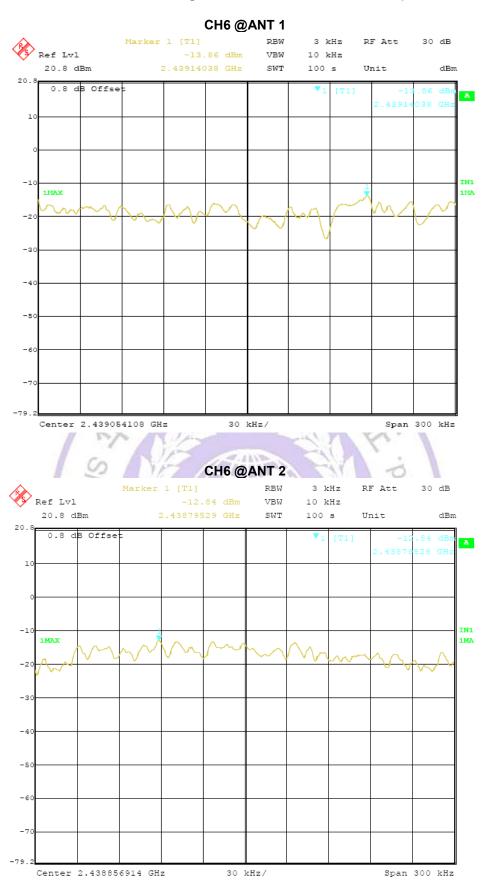


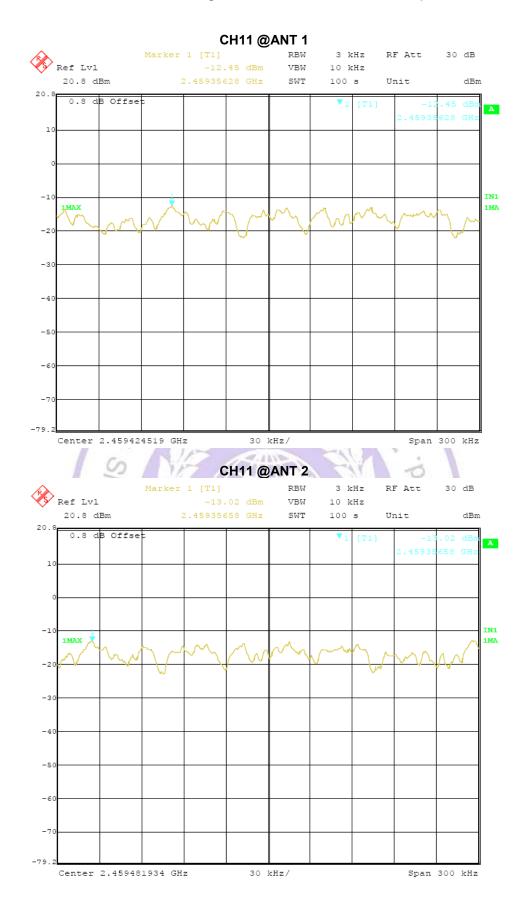




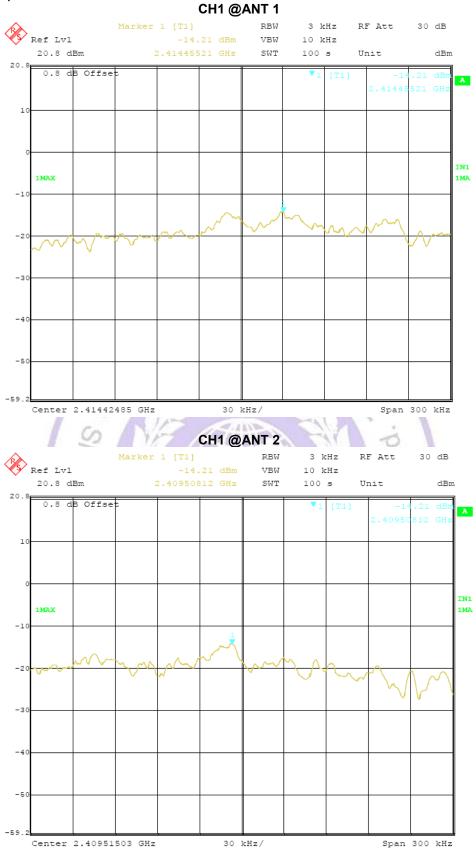
For 802.11g Mode:



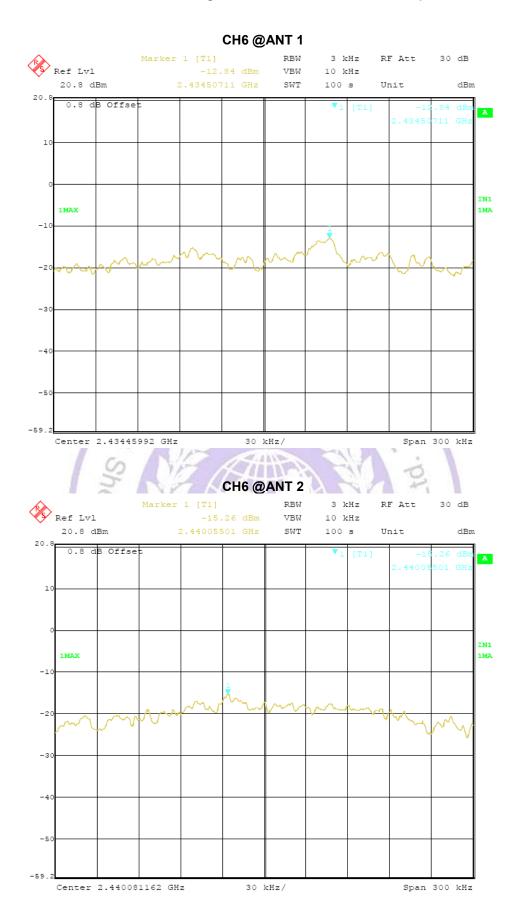


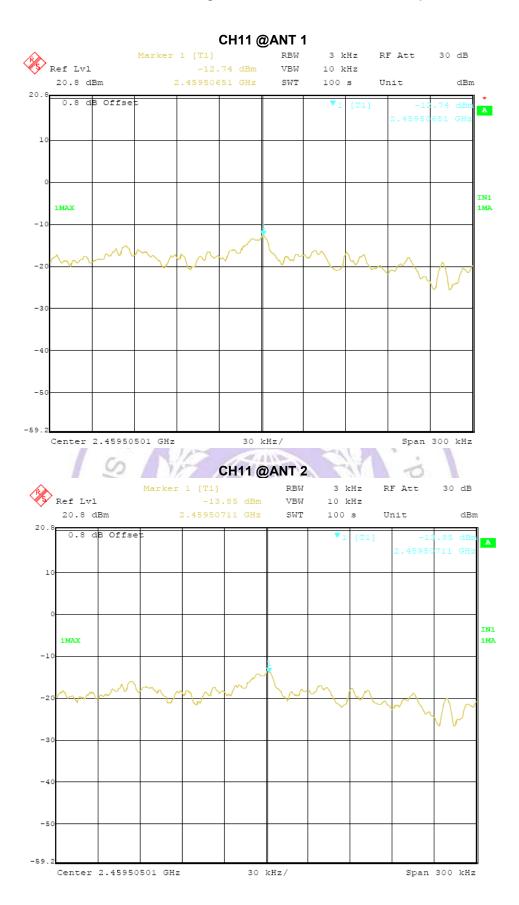


For 802.11n (20MHz) Mode:

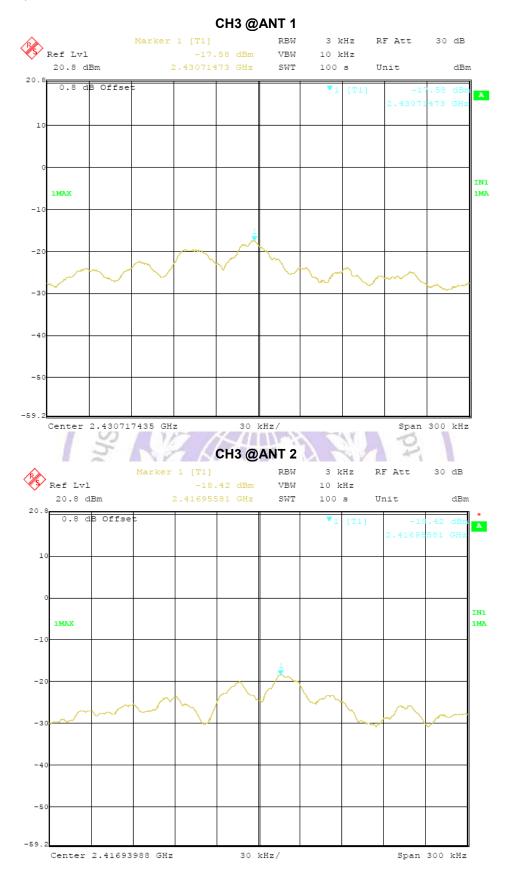


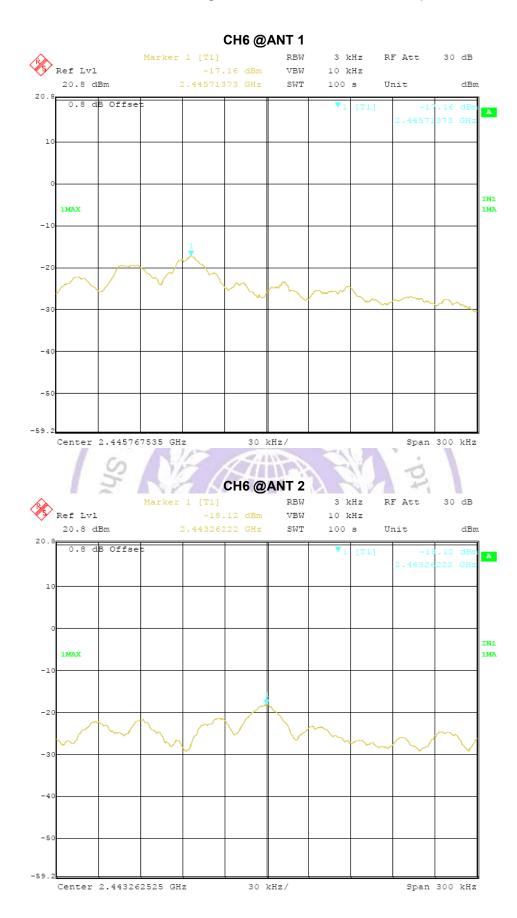
V1.0

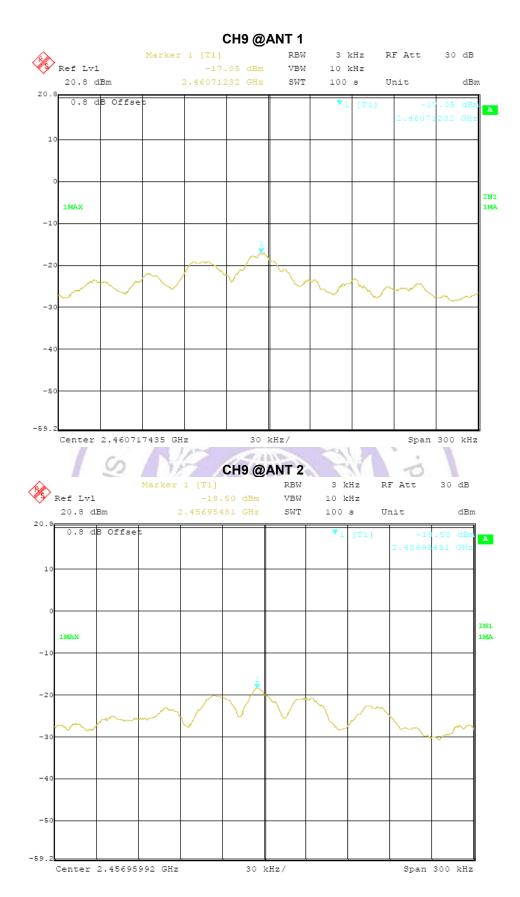




For 802.11n (40MHz) Mode:

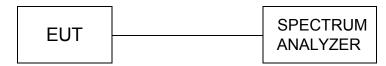






4.7. Spurious RF Conducted Emission

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

The Spurious RF conducted emissions compliance of RF radiated emission should be measured by following the guidance in ANSI C63.10-2009 with respect to maximizing the emission by rotating the EUT, measuring the emission while the EUT is situated in three orthogonal planes (if appropriate), adjusting the measurement antenna height and polarization etc. Set RBW=100kHz and VBM= 300KHz to measure the peak field strength, and measure frequeny range from 30MHz to 26.5GHz.

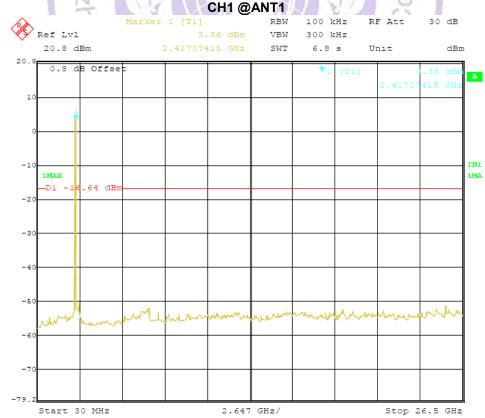
LIMIT

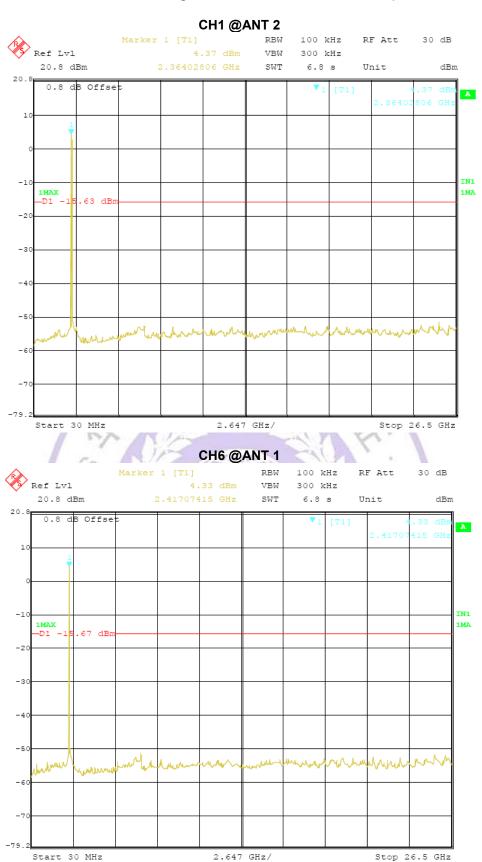
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits.

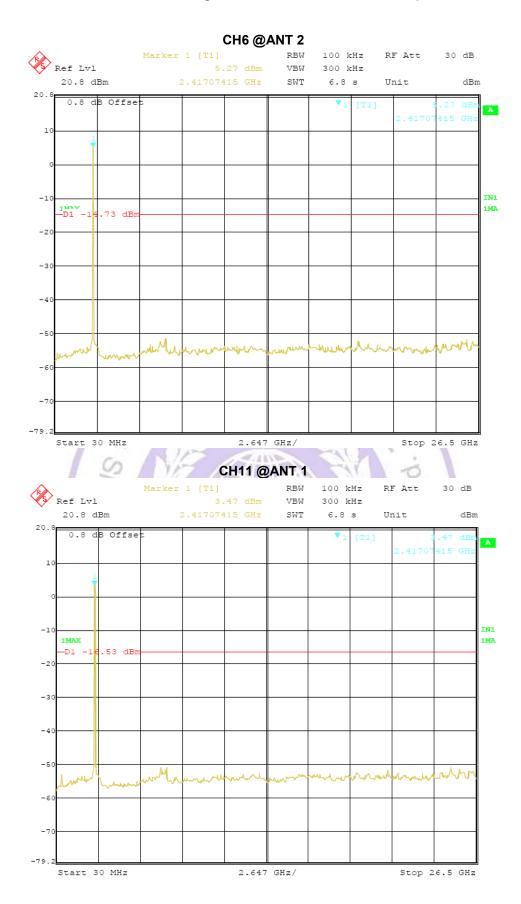
TEST RESULTS

Photos of Spurious RF Conducted Emission Measurement

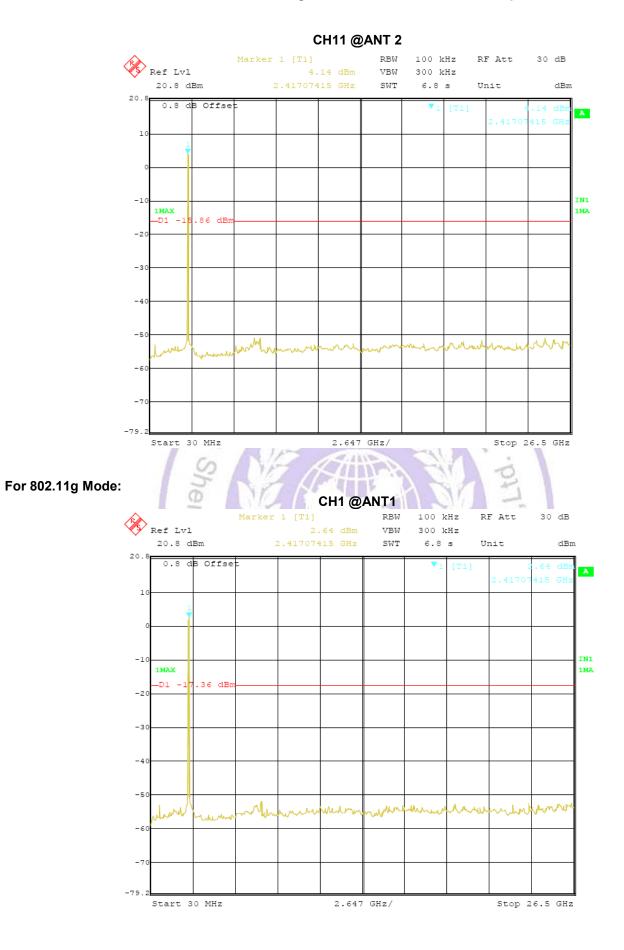
For 802.11b Mode:

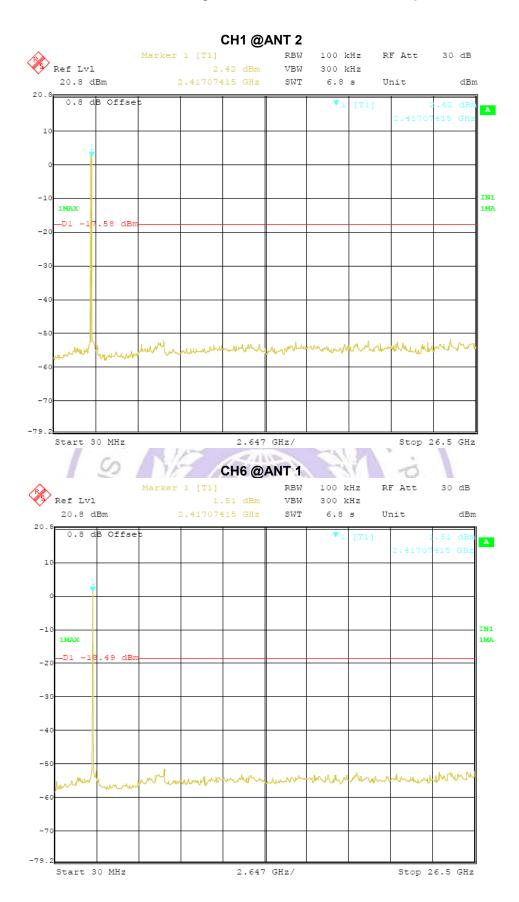




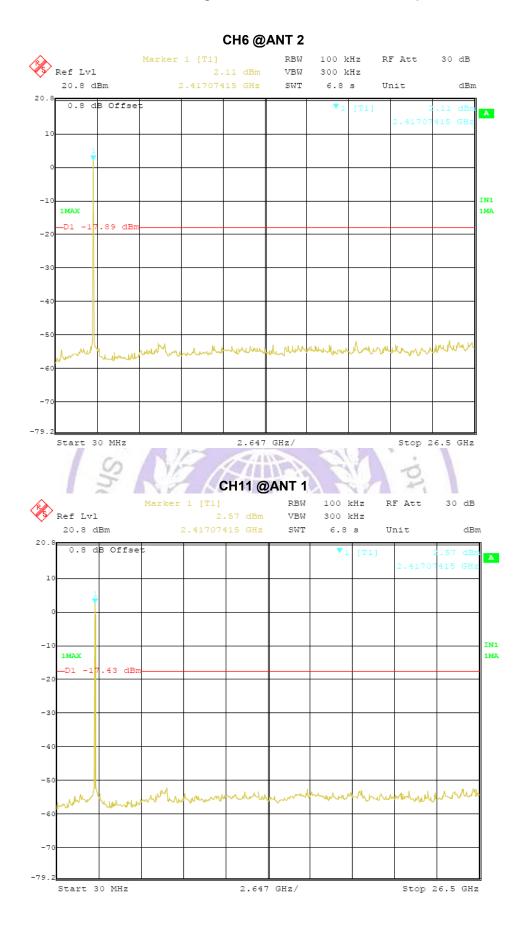


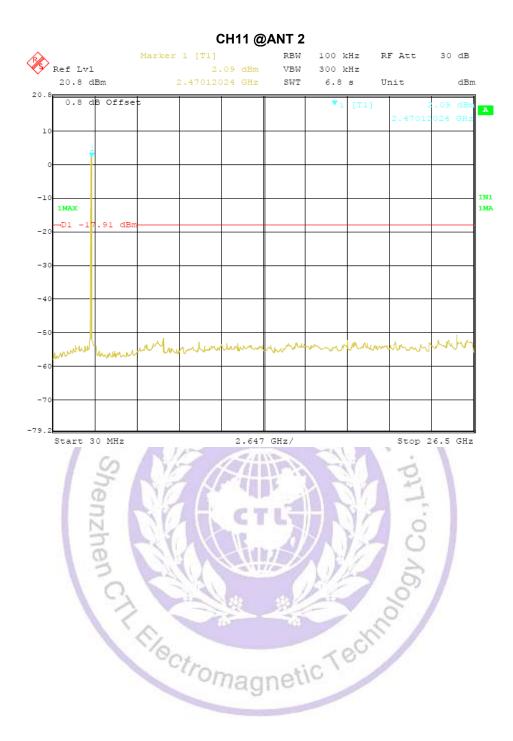
V1.0





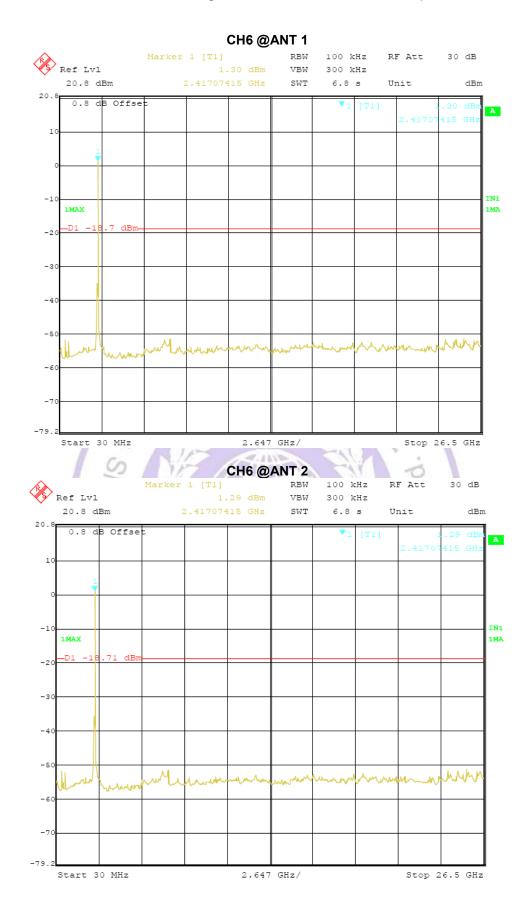
V1.0

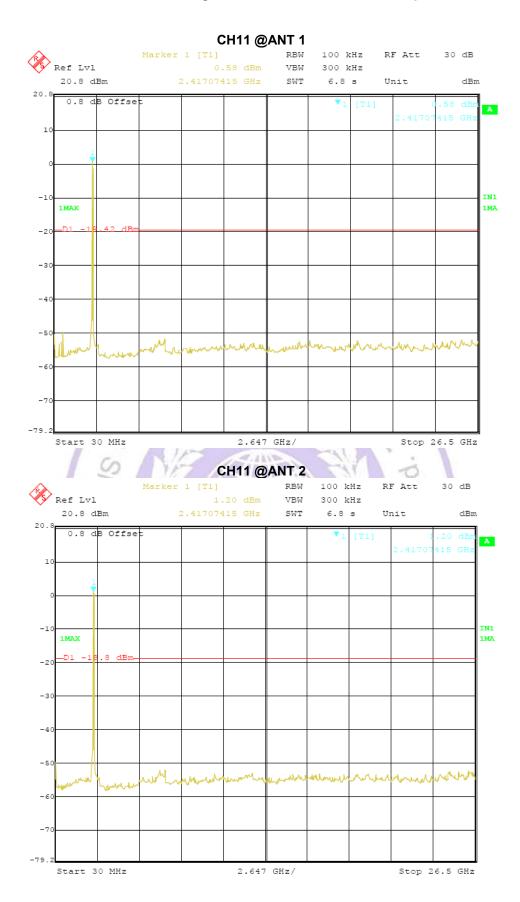




CH1 @ANT1 Marker 1 [T1] RBW 100 kHz RF Att 30 dB Ŵ Ref Lvl 1.89 dBm VBW 300 kHz 20.8 dBm 2.41707415 GHz SWT 6.8 s Unit dBm 20. 0.8 dB Offset A 1 IN1 -1 1MAX 1MA -D1 -1 .11 dBr -20 -30 -4 -5 MM when m Non when M -6 -7 -79.2 Start 30 MHz 2.647 GHz/ Stop 26.5 GHz 5 CH1 @ANT 2 11 18 -0 Marker 1 [T1] RBW 100 kHz RF Att 30 dB Ref Lvl VBW 300 kHz 2.41707415 GHz 20.8 dBm SWT 6.8 s dBm Unit 20.8 dB Offset 0.8 **V** 1 A 10 IN1 -1 1MAX 1MA -20 -30 -40 -50 Manhananan wN in menorhad MAR -6 -7 -79.2 Start 30 MHz 2.647 GHz/ Stop 26.5 GHz

For 802.11n (20MHz) Mode:

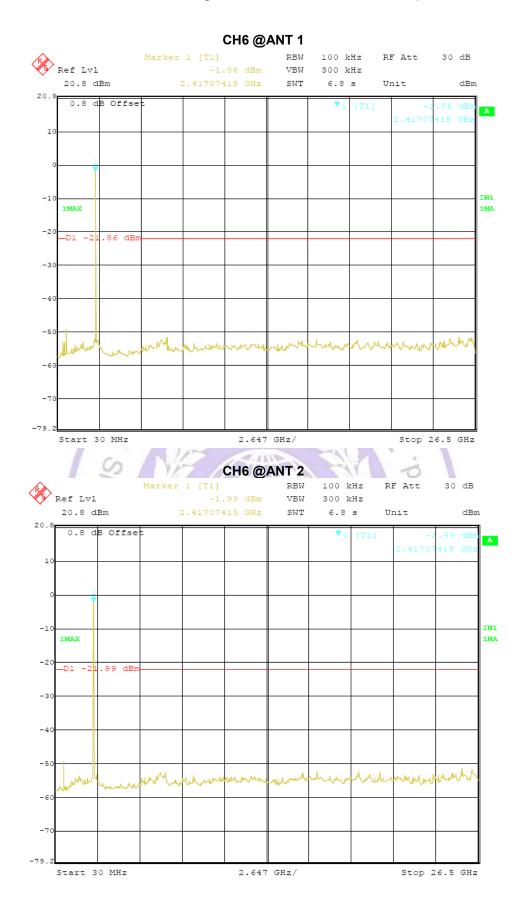


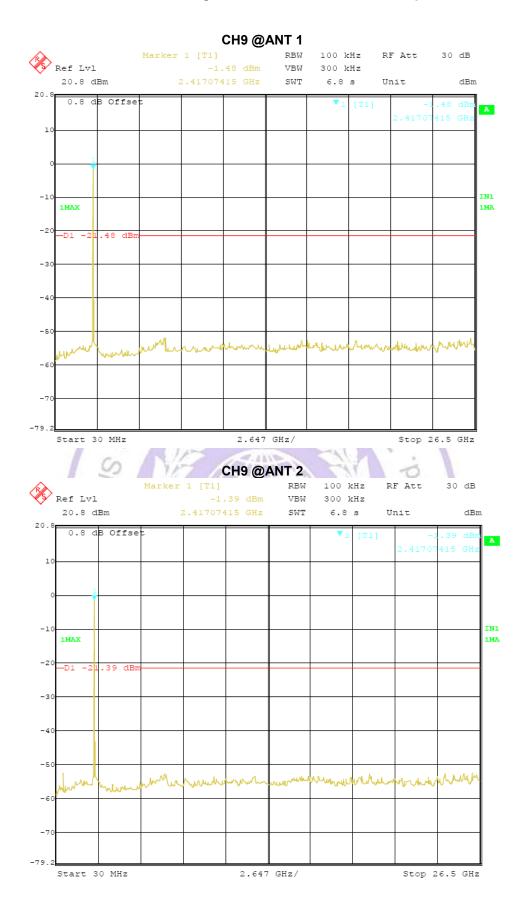


CH3 @ANT1 Marker 1 [T1] RBW 100 kHz RF Att 30 dB X, Ref Lvl -0.99 dBm VBW 300 kHz 20.8 dBm 2.36402806 GHz dBm SWT 6.8 s Unit 20. 0.8 dB Offse A 1 IN1 -1 1MAX 1MA -20 -30 -40 -50 Mar M mon nha As.L -60 -7 -79.2 Start 30 MHz 2.647 GHz/ Stop 26.5 GHz CANN. 5 CH3 @ANT 2 -0 11 Marker 1 [T1] RBW 100 kHz RF Att 30 dB Ref Lvl -1.33 dBm VBW 300 kHz 20.8 dBm 2.36402806 GHz SWT dBm 6.8 s Unit 20.8 0.8 dB Offse A 10 -1 IN1 1MAX 1MA -20 33 dB -30 -40 -50 Jul when unitaly when me Mr. a merel and no whyt -6 -79.2 Start 30 MHz 2.647 GHz/ Stop 26.5 GHz

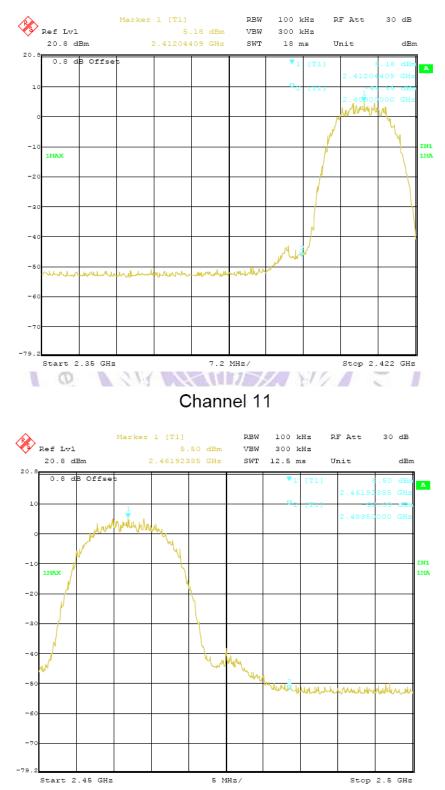
For 802.11n (40MHz) Mode:

V1.0

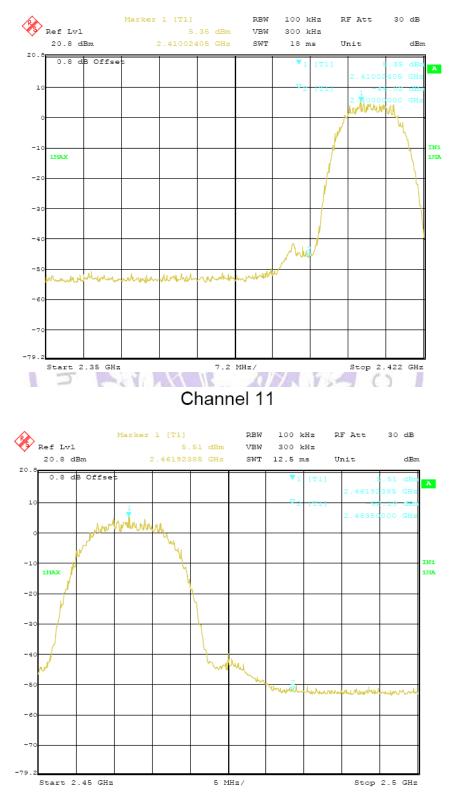




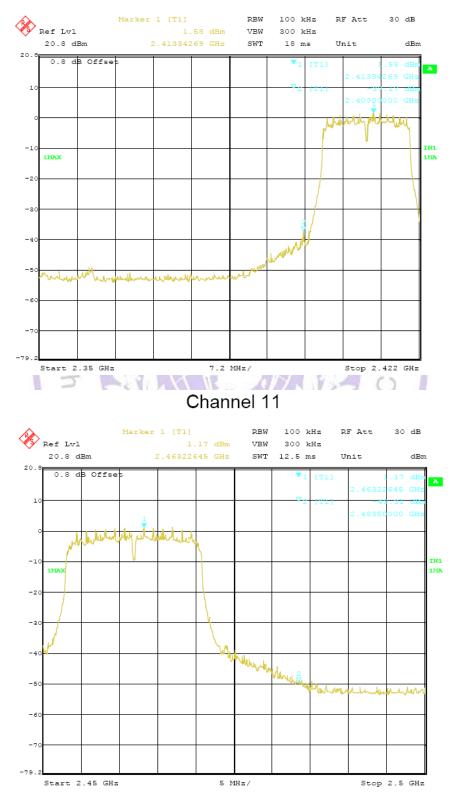
Test mode	Frequency	Delta peak to band emission	Limit(dBc)
802.11b Ant 1	2400MHz	51.74	20
	2483.5MHz	57.59	20



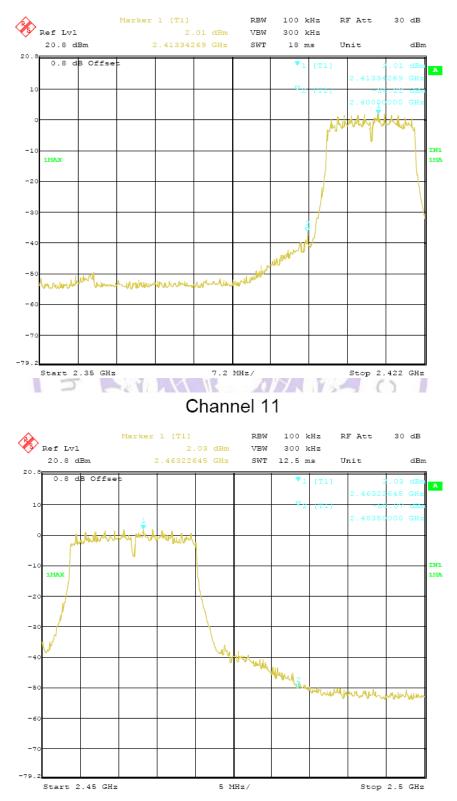
Test mode	Frequency	Delta peak to band emission	Limit(dBc)
802.11b Ant 2	2400MHz	51.37	20
	2483.5MHz	57.70	20



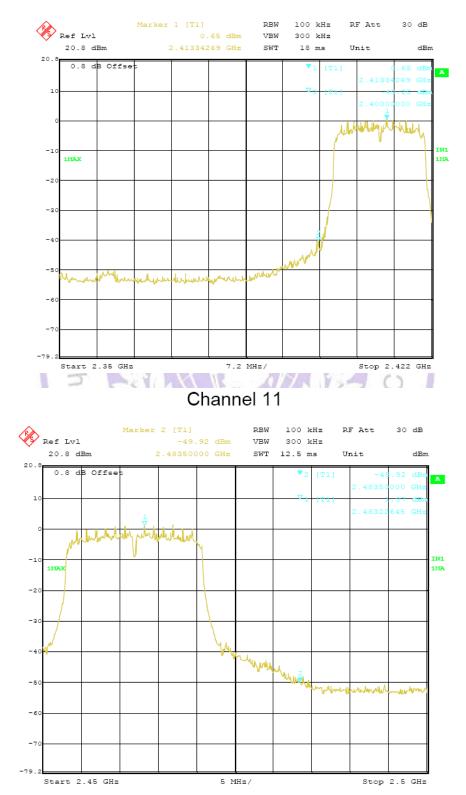
Test mode	Frequency	Delta peak to band emission	Limit(dBc)
802.11g	2400MHz	38.75	20
Ant 1	2483.5MHz	50.48	20



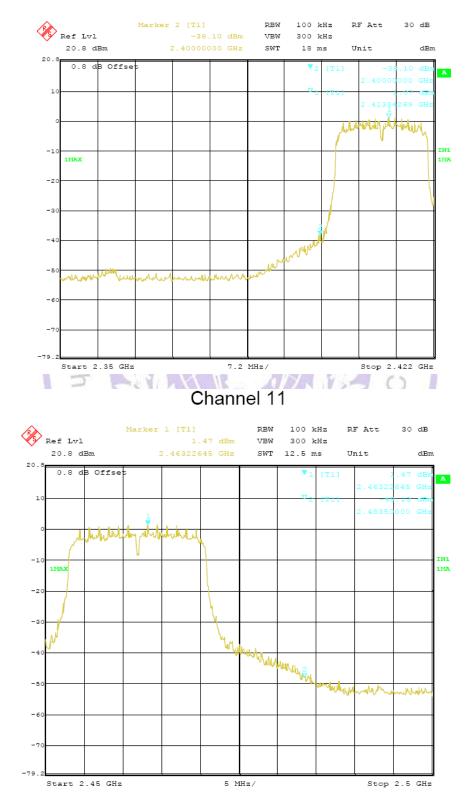
Test mode	Frequency	Delta peak to band emission	Limit(dBc)
802.11g	2400MHz	38.23	20
Ant 2	2483.5MHz	52.10	20
Channel 1			



Test mode	Frequency	Delta peak to band emission	Limit(dBc)
802.11N 20M-ANT1	2400MHz	40.90	20
	2483.5MHz	50.99	20

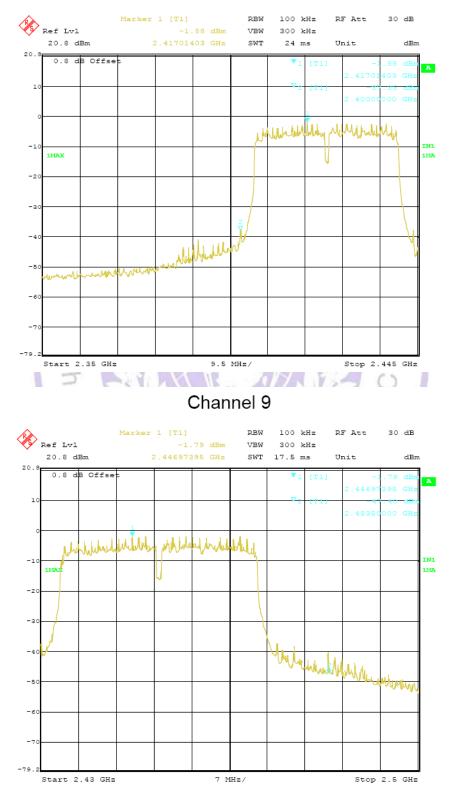


Test mode	Frequency	Delta peak to band emission	Limit(dBc)
802.11N 20M-ANT2	2400MHz	39.17	20
	2483.5MHz	49.60	20

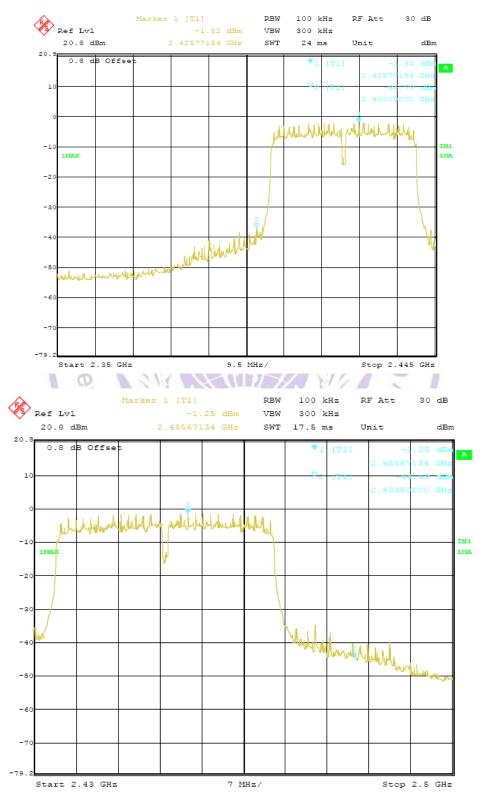


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Test mode	Frequency	Delta peak to band emission	Limit(dBc)
802.11N 40M-ANT1	2400MHz	35.97	20
	2483.5MHz	45.61	20



Test mode	Frequency	Delta peak to band emission	Limit(dBc)
802.11N 40M-ANT2	2400MHz	34.96	20
	2483.5MHz	43.24	20



4.8. Antenna Requirement

STANDARD APPLICABLE

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

And according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.247 (c), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

Refer to statement below for compliance.

The manufacturer may design the unit so that the user can replace a broken antenna, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed.

ANTENNA CONNECTED CONSTRUCTION

The directional gains of antenna used for transmitting is 2.0 dBi, and the antenna connector is designed with permanent attachment and no consideration of replacement. Please see EUT photo for details.



5. Test Setup Photos of the EUT



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6. External and Internal Photos of the EUT



V1.0

Internal Photos





.....End of Report.....

