



5GHz Dipole Calibration Certificate



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校准
CALIBRATION
CNAS L0570

Client CTTL(South Branch)

Certificate No: Z19-60293

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE			
Object	D5GHzV2 - SN: 1238		
Calibration Procedure(s)	FF-Z11-003-01 Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits		
Calibration date:	August 29, 2019		
<p>This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.</p> <p>All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.</p> <p>Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)</p>			
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106276	11-Apr-19 (CTTL, No.J19X02605)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP6A	101369	11-Apr-19 (CTTL, No.J19X02605)	Apr-20
ReferenceProbe EX3DV4	SN 3617	31-Jan-19(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan19)	Jan-20
DAE4	SN 1555	22-Aug-19(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z19-60295)	Aug-20
Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	23-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00336)	Jan-20
NetworkAnalyzerE5071C	MY46110673	24-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00547)	Jan-20
Calibrated by:	Name Zhao Jing	Function SAR Test Engineer	Signature
Reviewed by:	Name Lin Hao	Function SAR Test Engineer	Signature
Approved by:	Name Qi Dianyuan	Function SAR Project Leader	Signature
			Issued: September 2, 2019
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.			



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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

- e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5250 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters at 5250 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.71 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.7 ± 6 %	4.69 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.81 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	78.0 W/kg ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.23 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.3 W/kg ± 24.2 % (k=2)



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Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.4 ± 6 %	4.99 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.96 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	79.5 W/kg ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.27 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.7 W/kg ± 24.2 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5750 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.4	5.22 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.1 ± 6 %	5.10 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.86 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	78.4 W/kg ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.23 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.2 W/kg ± 24.2 % (k=2)



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Body TSL parameters at 5250 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.9	5.36 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	48.1 ± 6 %	5.40 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL at 5250 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.17 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	71.5 W/kg ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.04 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.3 W/kg ± 24.2 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.5	5.77 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.6 ± 6 %	5.70 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.62 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	75.9 W/kg ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.18 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.7 W/kg ± 24.2 % (k=2)



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Body TSL parameters at 5750 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.3	5.94 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.5 ± 6 %	5.78 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL at 5750 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.39 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	73.6 W/kg ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.10 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.9 W/kg ± 24.2 % (k=2)



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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.8Ω - 4.65jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.2dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.2Ω + 0.58jΩ
Return Loss	- 40.0dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.3Ω + 1.08jΩ
Return Loss	- 39.0dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5250 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.8Ω - 2.02jΩ
Return Loss	- 32.5dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.3Ω + 3.94jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.8dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5750 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.2Ω + 4.77jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.8dB



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General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.059 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 08.28.2019

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1238

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz,
Frequency: 5750 MHz,

Medium parameters used: $f = 5250$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.692$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.71$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³,
Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.992$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.42$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³,
Medium parameters used: $f = 5750$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.096$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.13$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³,

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(5.39, 5.39, 5.39) @ 5250 MHz; ConvF(5.06, 5.06, 5.06) @ 5600 MHz; ConvF(5.07, 5.07, 5.07) @ 5750 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555; Calibrated: 8/22/2019
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C ; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 69.41 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.8 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.81 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.23 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.7 W/kg

Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 70.02 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.7 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.96 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.27 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.2 W/kg

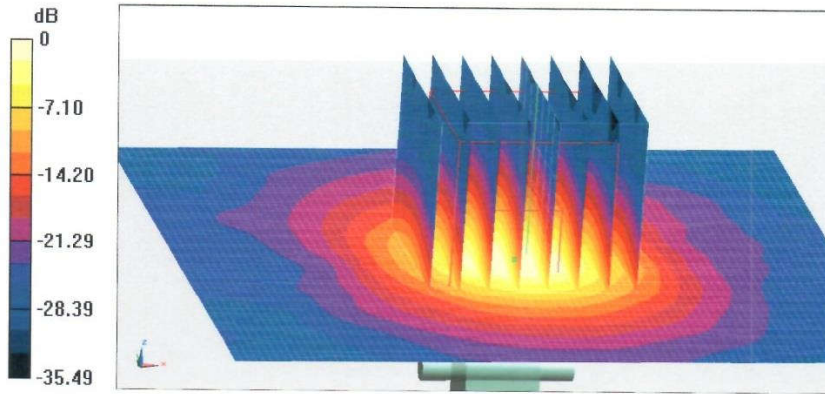
Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 68.55 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.5 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.86 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.23 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.9 W/kg



No.I21N02633-SAR



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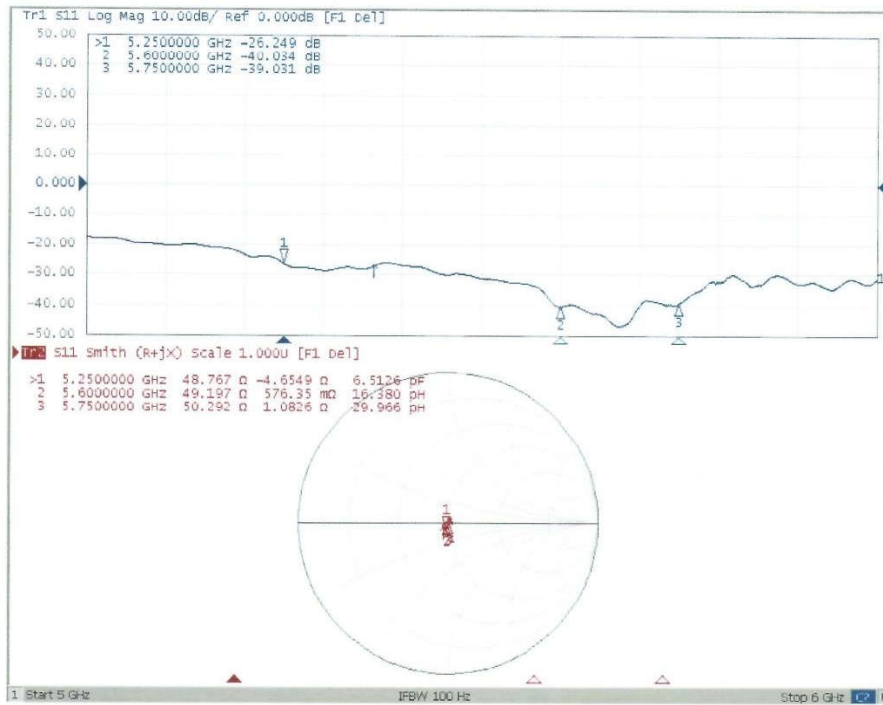


0 dB = 18.9 W/kg = 12.76 dBW/kg



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 08.29.2019

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1238

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5750 MHz,

Medium parameters used: $f = 5250$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.402$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.05$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.703$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.61$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5750$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.782$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.49$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³,

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(4.76, 4.76, 4.76) @ 5250 MHz; ConvF(4.23, 4.23, 4.23) @ 5600 MHz; ConvF(4.36, 4.36, 4.36) @ 5750 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555; Calibrated: 8/22/2019
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C ; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 54.85 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.17 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.04 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.4 W/kg

Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 56.17 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.62 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.18 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.4 W/kg

Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 55.47 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

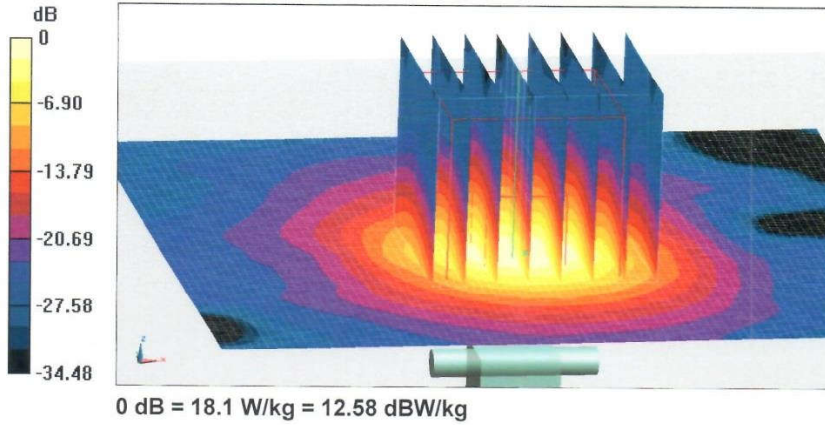
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.2 W/kg

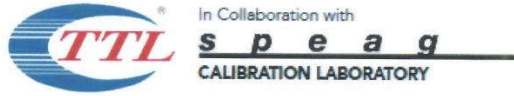
SAR(1 g) = 7.39 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.1 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.1 W/kg



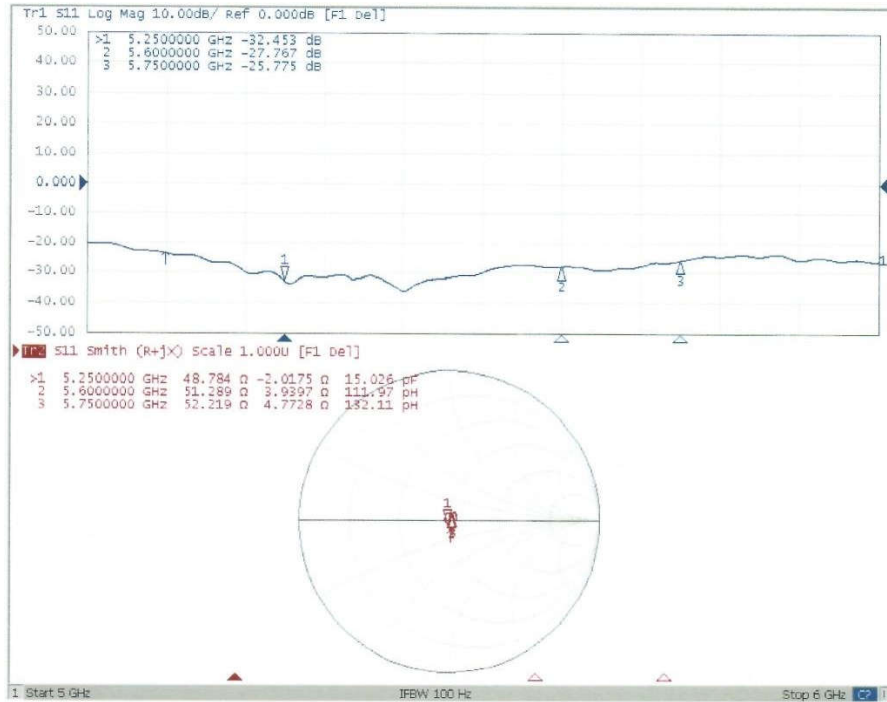
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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



ANNEX J: Extended Calibration SAR Dipole

Referring to KDB865664 D01, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dBm, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

Justification of Extended Calibration SAR Dipole D750V3– serial no.1163

Head						
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (johm)	Delta (johm)
2019-09-03	-26.9	/	50.5	/	-4.53	/
2020-09-01	-25.8	4.1	51.2	0.7	-4.29	0.24
2021-08-30	-25.2	6.3	51.7	1.2	-4.16	0.37

Justification of Extended Calibration SAR Dipole D835V2– serial no.4d057

Head						
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (johm)	Delta (johm)
2018-10-09	-27.7	/	49.6	/	-4.08	/
2019-10-06	-26.9	2.9	50.1	0.5	-3.95	0.13
2020-10-05	-25.4	8.3	56.7	1.8	-2.15	0.15

Justification of Extended Calibration SAR Dipole D1750V2– serial no.1152

Head						
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (johm)	Delta (johm)
2019-08-30	-38.1	/	49.1	/	-0.84	/
2020-08-28	-36.5	4.2	50.2	1.1	-0.49	0.35
2021-08-26	-35.7	6.3	50.8	1.7	-0.42	0.42

Justification of Extended Calibration SAR Dipole D1900V2– serial no.5d088

Head						
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (johm)	Delta (johm)
2018-10-24	-23.2	/	52.7	/	6.63	/
2019-10-22	-22.9	1.3	53.5	0.8	6.86	0.23
2020-10-20	-20.7	10.8	54.4	1.7	6.95	0.32



Justification of Extended Calibration SAR Dipole D2450V2– serial no.873

Head						
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (johm)	Delta (johm)
2018-10-26	-28.0	/	53.5	/	2.11	/
2019-10-22	-27.3	2.5	54.4	0.9	2.29	0.18
2020-10-20	-24.9	11.1	55.1	1.6	2.46	0.35

Justification of Extended Calibration SAR Dipole D5GHzV2– serial no.1238

Head						
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (johm)	Delta (johm)
5250MHz						
2019-08-29	-26.2	/	48.8	/	-4.65	/
2020-08-28	-25.1	4.2	49.7	0.9	-4.26	0.39
2021-08-26	-24.7	5.7	50.2	1.4	-4.01	0.64
5600MHz						
2019-08-29	-40.0	/	49.2	/	0.58	/
2020-08-28	-38.1	4.8	50.3	1.1	0.85	0.27
2021-08-26	-37.7	5.7	50.8	1.6	0.92	0.34
5750MHz						
2019-08-29	-39.0	/	50.3	/	1.08	/
2020-08-28	-37.7	3.3	51.1	0.8	1.44	0.36
2021-08-26	-37.2	4.6	51.6	1.3	1.53	0.45

The Return-Loss is <-20dB, and within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the value result should support extended cabration.



ANNEX K: Sensor Triggering Data Summary

Per FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04, this device was tested by the manufacturer to determine the proximity sensor triggering distances for all applicable sides and edges of the device. The measured output power at distances within ± 5 mm of the triggering points (or until touching the phantom) is included for back side and each applicable edge per Step i) in Section 6.2 of the KDB. The technical descriptions in the filing contain the complete set of triggering data required by Section 6 of FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04.

To ensure all production units are compliant, it is necessary to test SAR at a distance 1 mm less than the smallest distance between the device and SAR phantom with the device at the maximum output power (without power reduction). These SAR tests are included in addition to the SAR tests for the device touching the SAR phantom (at the reduced output power level).

We tested the power and got the different proximity sensor triggering distances for rear side, left side and bottom side. The manufacturer has declared 15mm is the most conservative triggering distance for main antenna with rear side, 15mm distance for left side and 5mm distance for bottom side.

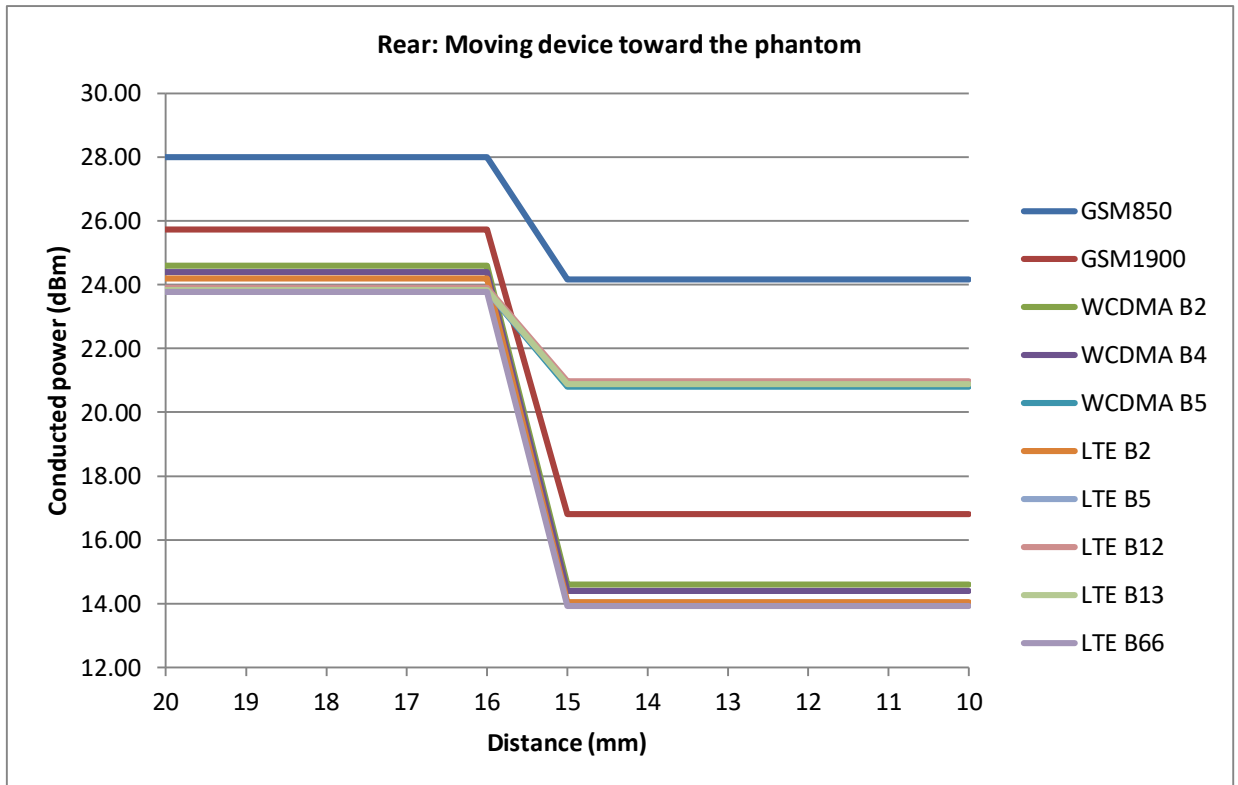
The operational description contains information explaining how this device remains compliant in the event of a sensor malfunction.

Main Antenna

Rear Side

Moving device toward the phantom:

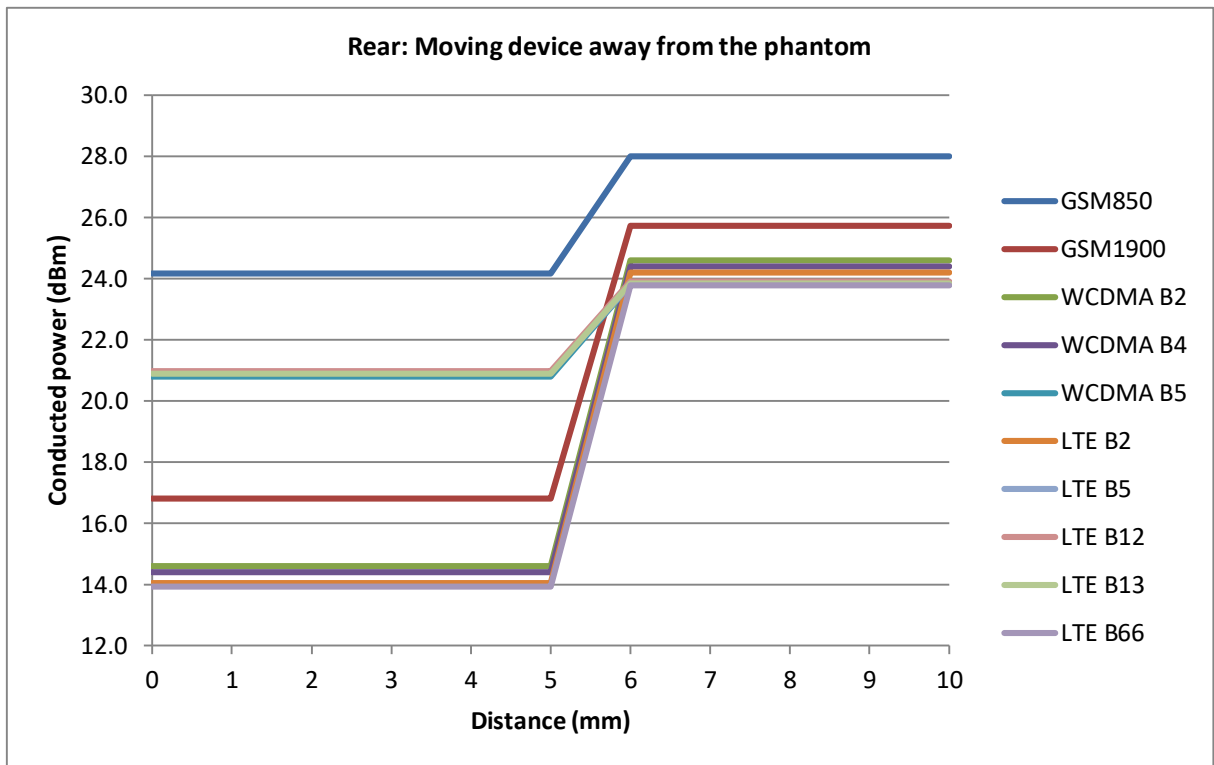
/	Distance(mm)	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10
Power	GPRS850	28.00	28.00	28.00	28.00	28.00	24.17	24.17	24.17	24.17	24.17	24.17
	GPRS1900	25.73	25.73	25.73	25.73	25.73	16.81	16.81	16.81	16.81	16.81	16.81
	WCDMA B2	24.60	24.60	24.60	24.60	24.60	14.60	14.60	14.60	14.60	14.60	14.60
	WCDMA B4	24.40	24.40	24.40	24.40	24.40	14.40	14.40	14.40	14.40	14.40	14.40
	WCDMA B5	23.80	23.80	23.80	23.80	23.80	20.80	20.80	20.80	20.80	20.80	20.80
	LTE B2	24.20	24.20	24.20	24.20	24.20	14.05	14.05	14.05	14.05	14.05	14.05
	LTE B5	23.80	23.80	23.80	23.80	23.80	20.92	20.92	20.92	20.92	20.92	20.92
	LTE B12	23.91	23.91	23.91	23.91	23.91	20.98	20.98	20.98	20.98	20.98	20.98
	LTE B13	23.84	23.84	23.84	23.84	23.84	20.89	20.89	20.89	20.89	20.89	20.89
	LTE B66	23.78	23.78	23.78	23.78	23.78	13.93	13.93	13.93	13.93	13.93	13.93



Rear Side

Moving device away from the phantom:

/	Distance(mm)	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Power	GPRS850	24.17	24.17	24.17	24.17	24.17	24.17	28.00	28.00	28.00	28.00	28.00
	GPRS1900	16.81	16.81	16.81	16.81	16.81	16.81	25.73	25.73	25.73	25.73	25.73
	WCDMA B2	14.60	14.60	14.60	14.60	14.60	14.60	24.60	24.60	24.60	24.60	24.60
	WCDMA B4	14.40	14.40	14.40	14.40	14.40	14.40	24.40	24.40	24.40	24.40	24.40
	WCDMA B5	20.80	20.80	20.80	20.80	20.80	20.80	23.80	23.80	23.80	23.80	23.80
	LTE B2	14.05	14.05	14.05	14.05	14.05	14.05	24.20	24.20	24.20	24.20	24.20
	LTE B5	20.92	20.92	20.92	20.92	20.92	20.92	23.80	23.80	23.80	23.80	23.80
	LTE B12	20.98	20.98	20.98	20.98	20.98	20.98	23.91	23.91	23.91	23.91	23.91
	LTE B13	20.89	20.89	20.89	20.89	20.89	20.89	23.84	23.84	23.84	23.84	23.84
	LTE B66	13.93	13.93	13.93	13.93	13.93	13.93	23.78	23.78	23.78	23.78	23.78

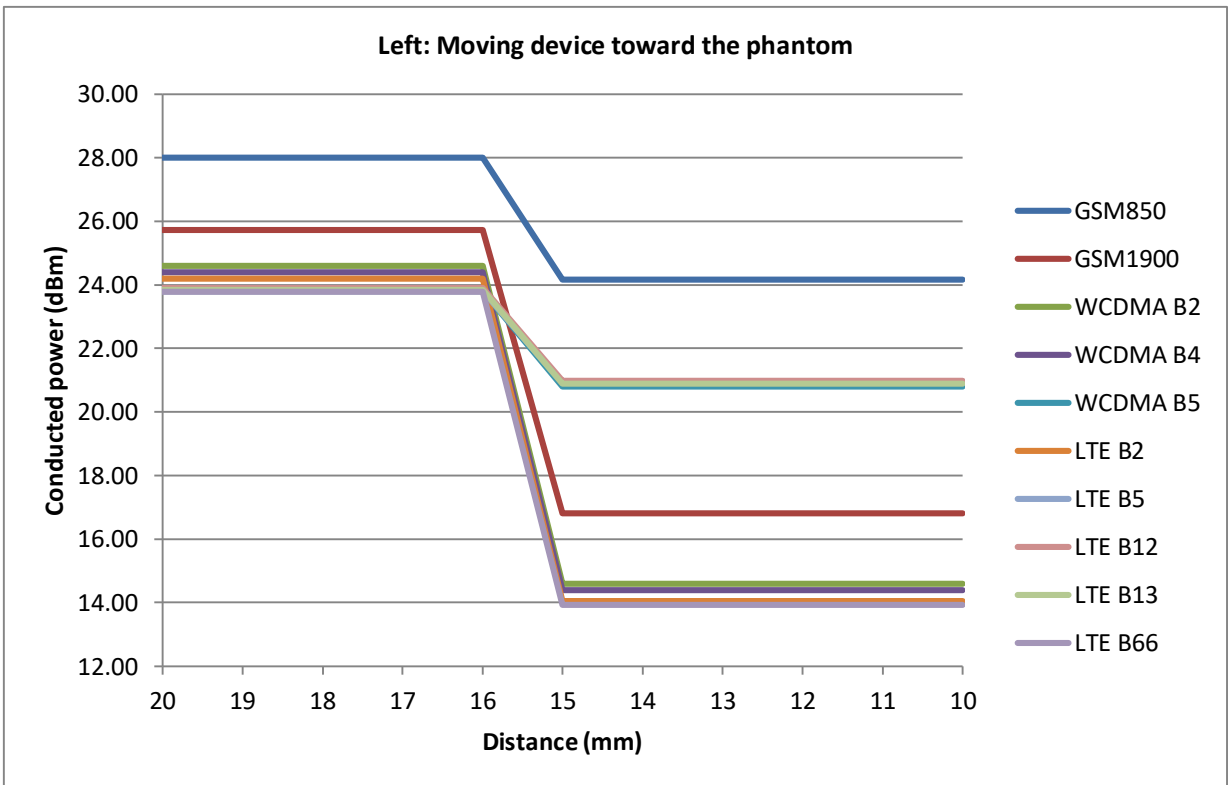


Based on the most conservative measured triggering distance of 15 mm, additional SAR measurements were required at 14 mm from the Rear side for the above modes.

Left Side

Moving device toward the phantom:

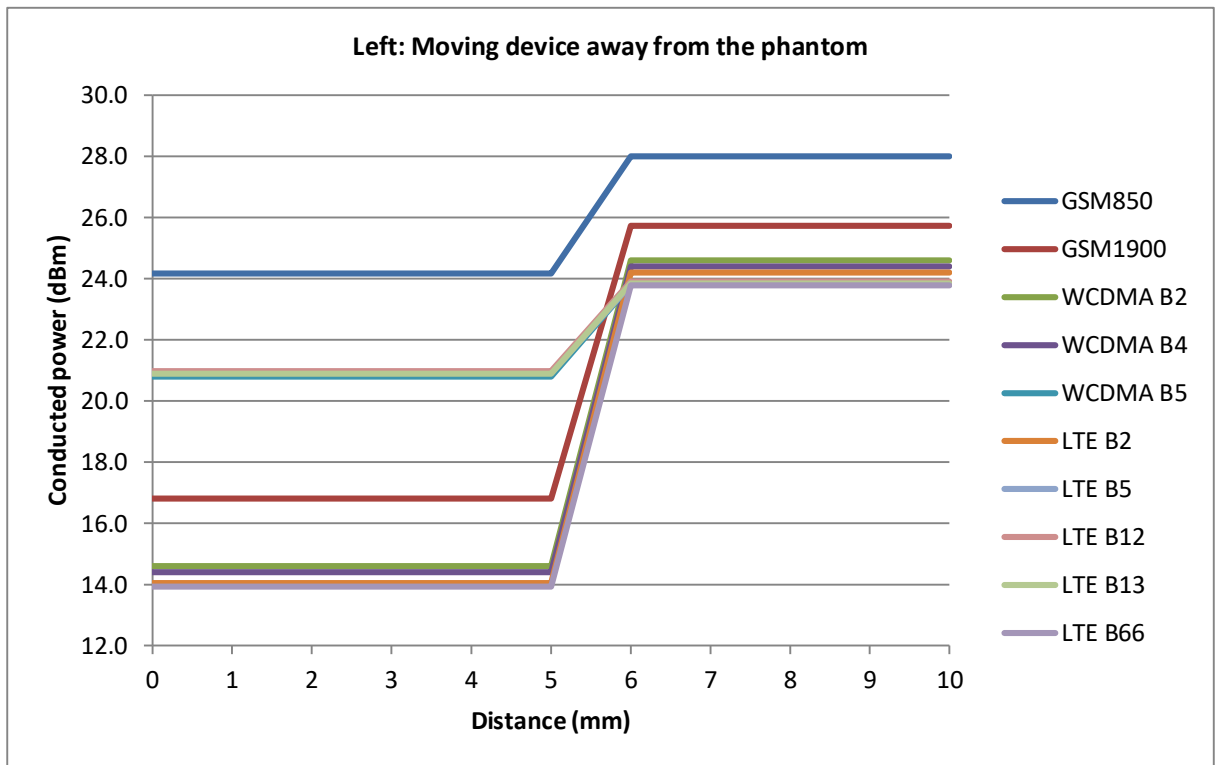
/	Distance(mm)	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10
Power	GPRS850	28.00	28.00	28.00	28.00	28.00	24.17	24.17	24.17	24.17	24.17	24.17
	GPRS1900	25.73	25.73	25.73	25.73	25.73	16.81	16.81	16.81	16.81	16.81	16.81
	WCDMA B2	24.60	24.60	24.60	24.60	24.60	14.60	14.60	14.60	14.60	14.60	14.60
	WCDMA B4	24.40	24.40	24.40	24.40	24.40	14.40	14.40	14.40	14.40	14.40	14.40
	WCDMA B5	23.80	23.80	23.80	23.80	23.80	20.80	20.80	20.80	20.80	20.80	20.80
	LTE B2	24.20	24.20	24.20	24.20	24.20	14.05	14.05	14.05	14.05	14.05	14.05
	LTE B5	23.80	23.80	23.80	23.80	23.80	20.92	20.92	20.92	20.92	20.92	20.92
	LTE B12	23.91	23.91	23.91	23.91	23.91	20.98	20.98	20.98	20.98	20.98	20.98
	LTE B13	23.84	23.84	23.84	23.84	23.84	20.89	20.89	20.89	20.89	20.89	20.89
	LTE B66	23.78	23.78	23.78	23.78	23.78	13.93	13.93	13.93	13.93	13.93	13.93



Left Side

Moving device away from the phantom:

/	Distance(mm)	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Power	GPRS850	24.17	24.17	24.17	24.17	24.17	24.17	28.00	28.00	28.00	28.00	28.00
	GPRS1900	16.81	16.81	16.81	16.81	16.81	16.81	25.73	25.73	25.73	25.73	25.73
	WCDMA B2	14.60	14.60	14.60	14.60	14.60	14.60	24.60	24.60	24.60	24.60	24.60
	WCDMA B4	14.40	14.40	14.40	14.40	14.40	14.40	24.40	24.40	24.40	24.40	24.40
	WCDMA B5	20.80	20.80	20.80	20.80	20.80	20.80	23.80	23.80	23.80	23.80	23.80
	LTE B2	14.05	14.05	14.05	14.05	14.05	14.05	24.20	24.20	24.20	24.20	24.20
	LTE B5	20.92	20.92	20.92	20.92	20.92	20.92	23.80	23.80	23.80	23.80	23.80
	LTE B12	20.98	20.98	20.98	20.98	20.98	20.98	23.91	23.91	23.91	23.91	23.91
	LTE B13	20.89	20.89	20.89	20.89	20.89	20.89	23.84	23.84	23.84	23.84	23.84
	LTE B66	13.93	13.93	13.93	13.93	13.93	13.93	23.78	23.78	23.78	23.78	23.78

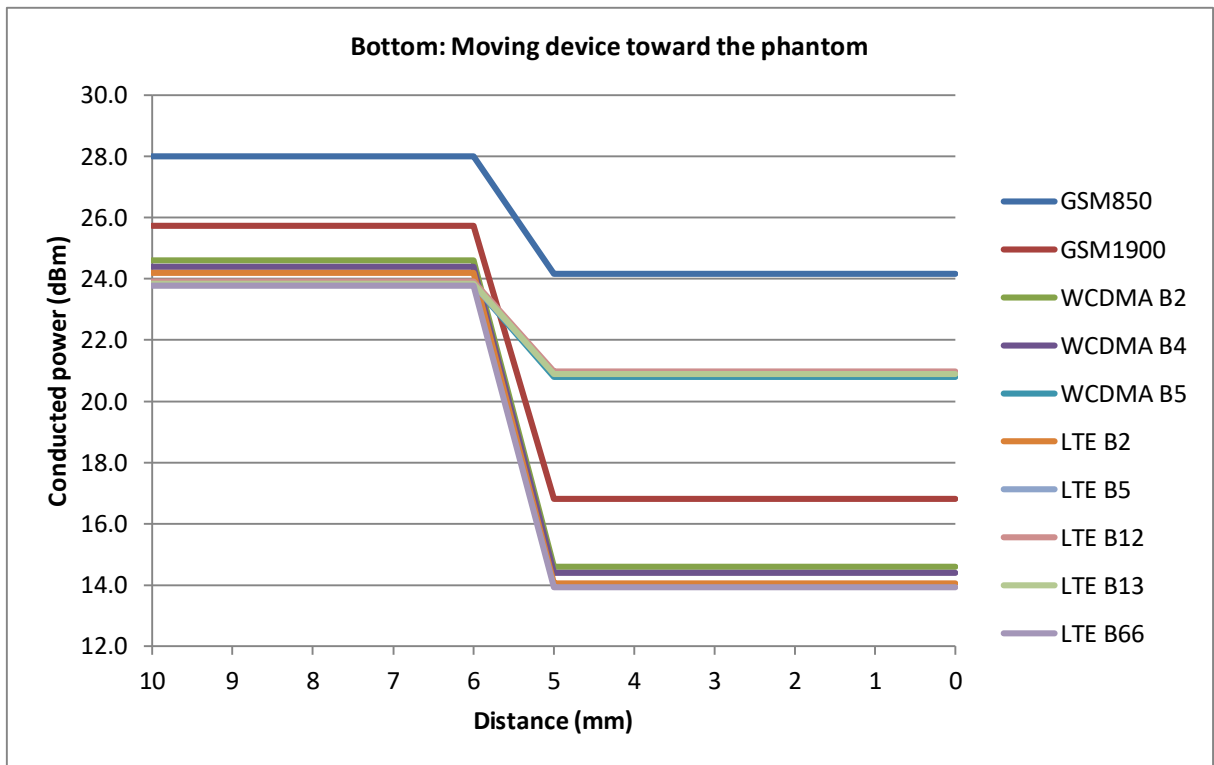


Based on the most conservative measured triggering distance of 15 mm, additional SAR measurements were required at 14 mm from the left side for the above modes.

Bottom Side

Moving device toward the phantom:

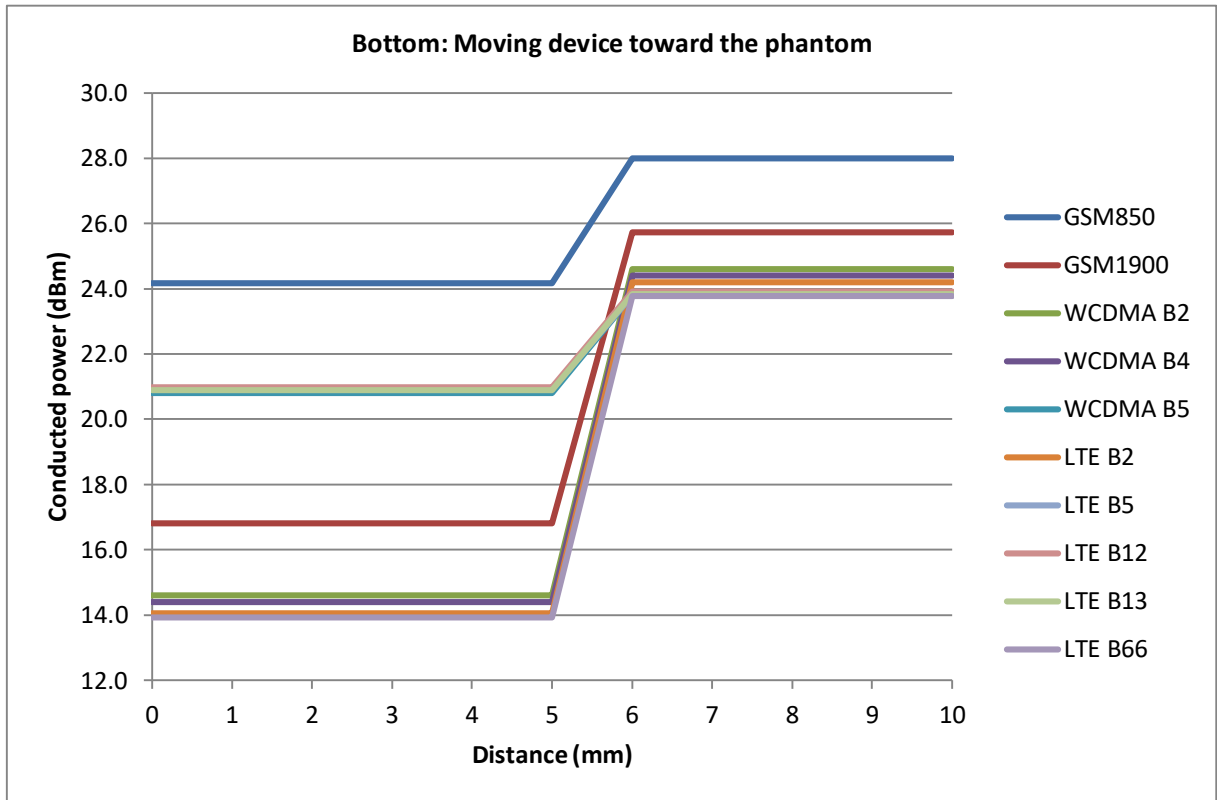
/	Distance(mm)	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Power	GPRS850	28.00	28.00	28.00	28.00	28.00	24.17	24.17	24.17	24.17	24.17	24.17
	GPRS1900	25.73	25.73	25.73	25.73	25.73	16.81	16.81	16.81	16.81	16.81	16.81
	WCDMA B2	24.60	24.60	24.60	24.60	24.60	14.60	14.60	14.60	14.60	14.60	14.60
	WCDMA B4	24.40	24.40	24.40	24.40	24.40	14.40	14.40	14.40	14.40	14.40	14.40
	WCDMA B5	23.80	23.80	23.80	23.80	23.80	20.80	20.80	20.80	20.80	20.80	20.80
	LTE B2	24.20	24.20	24.20	24.20	24.20	14.05	14.05	14.05	14.05	14.05	14.05
	LTE B5	23.80	23.80	23.80	23.80	23.80	20.92	20.92	20.92	20.92	20.92	20.92
	LTE B12	23.91	23.91	23.91	23.91	23.91	20.98	20.98	20.98	20.98	20.98	20.98
	LTE B13	23.84	23.84	23.84	23.84	23.84	20.89	20.89	20.89	20.89	20.89	20.89
	LTE B66	23.78	23.78	23.78	23.78	23.78	13.93	13.93	13.93	13.93	13.93	13.93



Bottom Side

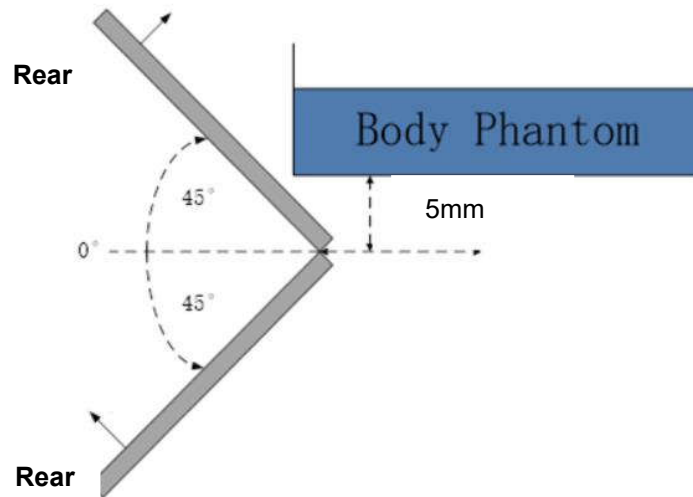
Moving device away from the phantom:

/	Distance(mm)	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Power	GPRS850	24.17	24.17	24.17	24.17	24.17	24.17	28.00	28.00	28.00	28.00	28.00
	GPRS1900	16.81	16.81	16.81	16.81	16.81	16.81	25.73	25.73	25.73	25.73	25.73
	WCDMA B2	14.60	14.60	14.60	14.60	14.60	14.60	24.60	24.60	24.60	24.60	24.60
	WCDMA B4	14.40	14.40	14.40	14.40	14.40	14.40	24.40	24.40	24.40	24.40	24.40
	WCDMA B5	20.80	20.80	20.80	20.80	20.80	20.80	23.80	23.80	23.80	23.80	23.80
	LTE B2	14.05	14.05	14.05	14.05	14.05	14.05	24.20	24.20	24.20	24.20	24.20
	LTE B5	20.92	20.92	20.92	20.92	20.92	20.92	23.80	23.80	23.80	23.80	23.80
	LTE B12	20.98	20.98	20.98	20.98	20.98	20.98	23.91	23.91	23.91	23.91	23.91
	LTE B13	20.89	20.89	20.89	20.89	20.89	20.89	23.84	23.84	23.84	23.84	23.84
	LTE B66	13.93	13.93	13.93	13.93	13.93	13.93	23.78	23.78	23.78	23.78	23.78

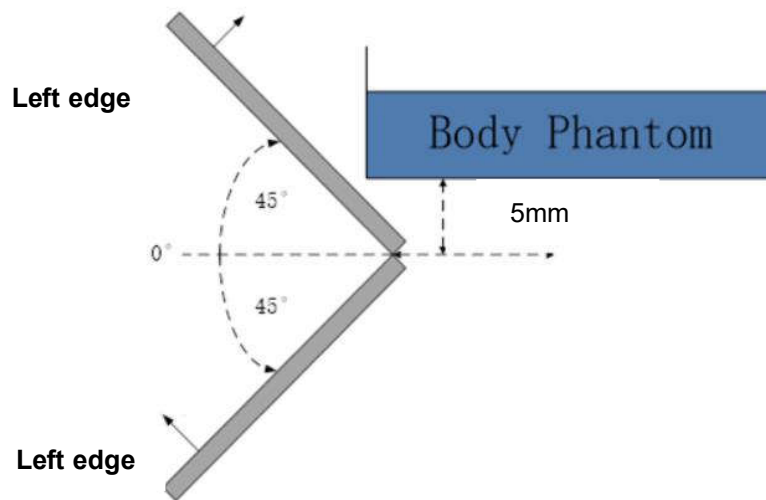


Based on the most conservative measured triggering distance of 5 mm, additional SAR measurements were required at 4 mm from the bottom side for the above modes.

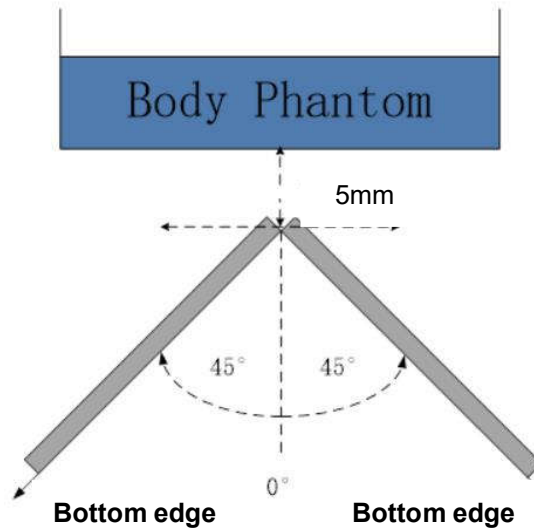
The influence of table tilt angles to proximity sensor triggering is determined by positioning each edge that contains a transmitting antenna, perpendicular to the flat phantom, at the smallest sensor triggering test distance by rotating the device around the edge next to the phantom in $\leq 10^\circ$ increments until the tablet is $\pm 45^\circ$ or more from the vertical position at 0° .



The Rear evaluation



The Left edge evaluation



The Bottom edge evaluation

Based on the above evaluation, we come to the conclusion that the sensor triggering is not released and normal maximum output power is not restored within the $\pm 45^\circ$ range at the smallest sensor triggering test distance declared by manufacturer.

*****END OF REPORT*****