

### RF Exposure

The equipment under test (EUT) is a Wireless Subwoofer with 2.4G technology operating in 2402-2481MHz. The EUT is powered by AC 100-240V~ 50/60Hz. For more detail information pls. refer to the user manual.

#### Standalone SAR evaluation for 2.4G function

Antenna Type: Integral antenna

Antenna Gain: 1.7 dBi max

Modulation Type: GFSK

The nominal conducted output power specified: -5.7dBm (+/-3dB).

The nominal radiated output power (e.i.r.p) specified: -4dBm (+/- 3dB).

According to the KDB 447498 V06:

The maximum peak radiated emission for the EUT is 92.2dB $\mu$ V/m at 3m in the frequency 2402MHz

The EIRP =  $[(FS * D)^2 / 30]$  mW = -3.03dBm

which is within the production variation.

The minimum peak radiated emission for the EUT is 88.6dB $\mu$ V/m at 3m in the frequency 2481MHz

The EIRP =  $[(FS * D)^2 / 30]$  mW = -6.63dBm

which is within the production variation.

According to FCC Part 2.1091, this unlicensed transmitting devices is categorically excluded from routine environmental evaluation for RF exposure prior to equipment authorization or use, According to the KDB 447498 V06 and OET 65, the simple calculation as below:

The source-based time averaged maximum radiated power = -1 dBm = 0.79 mW

From above data, the exposed power density at a distance (R) of 20cm from the center of radiation of the antenna for 5.3 EDR mode can be calculated according to OET 65 as follow:

$$= 0.79 \text{ mW} / 4\pi R^2$$

$$= 0.00016 \text{ mW/cm}^2$$

$$< 1 \text{ mW/cm}^2$$

The MPE limit is 1.0 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> for general population and uncontrolled exposure in the Bluetooth frequency range according to FCC Part 1.1310. As the measured power density at 20cm from the transmitter is lower than the MPE limit, the compliance to the MPE limit can be ensured by indicating the minimum 20cm separation between the transmitter's radiating structure and body of the user or nearby persons.