

TEST REPORT

Product Name: cnPilot Home Wireless Access Point

Model Number: REG-PL-R195P FCC ID: Z8H89FT0059

Prepared for : Cambium Networks Inc.

Address : 3800 Golf Road, Suite 360 Rolling Meadows, IL 60008

USA.

Prepared by : EMTEK (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD.

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Report Number : ES200305035W02

Date(s) of Tests : March 15, 2020 to July 13, 2020

Date of issue : July 14, 2020

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1 TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

Applicant : Cambium Networks Inc.

Address: 3800 Golf Road, Suite 360 Rolling Meadows, IL 60008 USA.

Manufacturer : Cambium Networks Ltd.

Address: Unit B2 Linhay Business Park Eastern Rd Ashburton, Devon TQ13 7UP United

Kingdom

EUT : cnPilot Home Wireless Access Point

Model Name : REG-PL-R195P

Trademark : Cambium Networks

Measurement Procedure Used:

APPLICABLE STANDARDS			
STANDARD TEST RESULT			
FCC 47 CFR Part 2, Subpart J FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart E	PASS		

The above equipment was tested by EMTEK (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD. The test data, data evaluation, test procedures, and equipment configurations shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.10 (2013) and the energy emitted by the sample EUT tested as described in this report is in compliance with the requirements of FCC Rules Part 2 and Part 15.407

The test results of this report relate only to the tested sample identified in this report.

Prepared by :

Sewen Guo /Editor

Reviewer :

Approved & Authorized Signer :

March 15, 2020 to July 13, 2020

Sewen Guo /Editor

Joe Xia/Supervisor

Lisa Wang/Manager

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2 EUT TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

Characteristics	Description			
Product	cnPilot Home Wireless Access Point			
Model Number	REG-PL-R195P			
Wifi Type	□UNII-1: 5150MHz-5250Ml□UNII-2A: with 5250MHz-5□UNII-2C: with 5470MHz-5□UNII-3 with 5725MHz-585	350MHz Band 725MHz Band		
WLAN Supported	 ⊠802.11a ⊠802.11n(20MHz channel bandwidth) ⊠802.11n(40MHz channel bandwidth) ⊠802.11ac(20MHz channel bandwidth) ⊠802.11ac(40MHz channel bandwidth) ⊠802.11ac(80MHz channel bandwidth) ⊠802.11ac(80MHz channel bandwidth) 			
Data Rate	802.11a:54/48/36/24/18/12/9/6Mbps 802.11n:up to 300 Mbps 802.11ac:up to 867 Mbps			
Modulation	☑OFDM with BPSK/QPSK/16QAM/64QAM for 802.11a/n; ☑OFDM with BPSK/QPSK/16QAM/64QAM/256QAM for 802.11ac;			
	⊠UNII-1: 5150MHz-5250MHz Band			
Fraguency Pange				
Frequency Range	☑UNII-3 with 5725MHz-5850MHz Band			
				
TPC Function	Applicable		⊠Not Applicable	
Antenna Type	External Antenna			
Antenna Gain	Antenna 0: 5.0 dBi Antenna 1: 5.0 dBi			
Direction Gain	8.0 dBi			
Transmit Power	Output Power (Max.) for UNII-1 (1TX)	802.11n(HT 4 802.11ac (HT 802.11ac (HT	5dBm 0 MHz): 17.96dBm 0 MHz): 17.99dBm 20 MHz): 17.95dBm 40 MHz): 17.97dBm 80 MHz): 17.11dBm	
	Output Power (Max.) for UNII-3	802.11a: 17.5 802.11n(HT 2	0dBm 0 MHz): 18.07dBm	



	(1TX)	802.11n(HT 40 MHz): 17.99dBm 802.11ac (HT 20 MHz): 17.43dBm 802.11ac (HT 40 MHz): 17.94dBm 802.11ac (HT 80 MHz): 17.54dBm		
	Output Power (Max.) for UNII-1 (2TX)	802.11n(HT 20 MHz): 20.70dBm 802.11n(HT 40 MHz): 20.54dBm 802.11ac (HT 20 MHz): 20.92dBm 802.11ac (HT 40 MHz): 20.91dBm 802.11ac (HT 80 MHz): 20.12dBm		
	Output Power (Max.) for UNII-3 (2TX)	802.11n(HT 20 MHz): 21.03dBm 802.11n(HT 40 MHz): 20.97dBm 802.11ac (HT 20 MHz): 20.41dBm 802.11ac (HT 40 MHz): 20.88dBm 802.11ac (HT 80 MHz): 20.36dBm		
	DC 12.0V for adapter			
Power supply	Adapter 1: Model: NBS40C120300B3 Input: 100-240V,50/60Hz,1 Output: 12.0V,3.0A Adapter 2: Model: ADS-40NP-12-1 Input: 100-240V,50/60Hz,1 Output: 12.0V,3.0A			
Temperature Range	-10°C ~ +45°C			

Note: for more details, please refer to the User's manual of the EUT.

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3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT

FCC Part Clause	Test Parameter	Verdict	Remark
15.407 (a) 15.407 (e)	99% , 6dB and 26dB Bandwidth	PASS	
15.407 (a)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	PASS	
15.407 (a)	Peak Power Spectral Density	PASS	
15.407 (b)	Radiated Spurious Emission	PASS	
15.407(g)	Frequency Stability	PASS	
15.407 (b)(6) 15.207	Power Line Conducted Emission	PASS	
15.407(a) 15.203	Antenna Application	PASS	

NOTE1: N/A (Not Applicable)

NOTE2: According to FCC OET KDB 789033 D2 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01, In addition, the radiated test is also performed to ensure the emissions emanating from the device cabinet also comply with the applicable limits.

RELATED SUBMITTAL(S) / GRANT(S):

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for FCC ID: Z8H89FT0059 filing to comply with Section 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart E Rules.



4 TEST METHODOLOGY

4.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF APPLIED STANDARDS

According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

FCC 47 CFR Part 2, Subpart J

FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart E

FCC KDB 789033 D2 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01

4.2 MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

4.2.1 Conducted Emission Test Equipment

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EQUIPMENT TYPE	MFR	MODEL NUMBER	SERIAL NUMBER	LASTCAL.	DUE CAL.	
Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCS30	828985/018	05/16/2020	05/15/2021	
L.I.S.N.	Schwarzbeck	NNLK8129	8129203	05/16/2020	05/15/2021	
50Ω Coaxial Switch	Anritsu	MP59B	M20531	05/16/2020	05/15/2021	
Pulse Limiter	Rohde & Schwarz	ESH3-Z2	100006	05/16/2020	05/15/2021	
Voltage Probe	Rohde & Schwarz	TK9416	N/A	05/16/2020	05/15/2021	
I.S.N	Rohde & Schwarz	ENY22	1109.9508.02	05/16/2020	05/15/2021	

4.2.2 Radiated Emission Test Equipment

EQUIPMENT TYPE	MFR	MODEL NUMBER	SERIAL NUMBER	LAST CAL.	DUE CAL.
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU	1302.6005.26	05/16/2020	05/15/2021
Pre-Amplifier	HP	8447D	2944A07999	05/16/2020	05/15/2021
Bilog Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9163	142	05/16/2020	05/15/2021
Loop Antenna	ARA	PLA-1030/B	1029	05/16/2020	05/15/2021
Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9170	BBHA9170399	05/16/2020	05/15/2021
Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120	D143	05/16/2020	05/15/2021
Cable	Schwarzbeck	AK9513	ACRX1	05/16/2020	05/15/2021
Cable	Rosenberger	N/A	FP2RX2	05/16/2020	05/15/2021
Cable	Schwarzbeck	AK9513	CRPX1	05/16/2020	05/15/2021
Cable	Schwarzbeck	AK9513	CRRX2	05/16/2020	05/15/2021

4.2.3 Radio Frequency Test Equipment

EQUIPMENT TYPE	MFR	MODEL NUMBER	SERIAL NUMBER	LASTCAL.	DUE CAL.
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4407B	88156318	05/16/2020	05/15/2021
Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	My53470879	05/16/2020	05/15/2021
Power meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	0824006	05/16/2020	05/15/2021
Power sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	0738172	05/16/2020	05/15/2021
Temperature & Humidity Chamber	YINHE	SDH0525F	2003003	05/16/2020	05/15/2021

Remark: Each piece of equipment is scheduled for calibration once a year.

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4.3 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT has been tested under its typical operating condition.

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner which intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

The Transmitter was operated in the normal operating mode. The TX frequency was fixed which was for the purpose of the measurements.

Test of channel included the lowest and middle and highest frequency to perform the test, then record on this report.

Pre-defined engineering program for regulatory testing used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode is programmed.

⊠Wifi 5G with U-NII - 1

Frequency and Channel list for 802.11a/n (HT20)/802.11ac (HT20):

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
36	5180	44	5220		
40	5200	48	5240		

Frequency and Channel list for 802.11n (HT40)/ 802.11ac (HT40):

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
38	5190				
46	5230				

Frequency and Channel list for 802.11ac (HT80):

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
42	5210		1		

Test Frequency and Channel for 802.11a/n (HT20)/802.11ac (HT20):

rest i requeries and	d Onarmer for 602.1	14/11 (11120)/00	32.11ac (11120).		
Lowest Frequency		Middle F	requency	Highest Frequency	
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
36	5180	40	5200	48	5240

Test Frequency and channel for 802.11n (HT40)/802.11ac (HT40):

Lowest Frequency		Middle Frequency		Highest Frequency	
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
38	5190	N/A	N/A	46	5230

Test Frequency and channel for 802.11ac (HT80):

Lowest Frequency		Middle Frequency		Highest Frequency	
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
42	5210	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

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☑ Wifi 5G with U-NII -3

Frequency and Channel list for 802.11a/n (HT20)/802.11ac (HT20):

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
149	5745	157	5785	165	5825
153	5765	161	5805		

Frequency and Channel list for 802.11n (HT40)/802.11ac (HT40):

. roquono, and	Onamornot or	<i>y</i> •			
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
151	5755				
159	5795				

Frequency and Channel list for 802.11ac (HT80):

	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	00=:::00 (:::00	<i>/</i> ·		
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
155	5775				

Test Frequency and Channel for 802.11a/n (HT20)/802.11ac (HT20):

Lowest Frequency		Middle Frequency		Highest Frequency	
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
149	5745	157	5785	165	5825

Test Frequency and channel for 802.11n (HT40)/802.11ac (HT40):

Tool 1 Toquettoy and					
Lowest Frequency		Middle Frequency		Highest Frequency	
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
151	5755	N/A	N/A	159	5795

Test Frequency and channel for 802.11ac (HT80):

Lowest Frequency		Middle Frequency		Highest Frequency	
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
155	5775		, ,		,

The 5G WIFI has two antennas and support Multiple Outputs for 802.11n/ac mode for this report; Antenna 0 Gain is 5.0dBi; Ant 1 Gain is 5.0dBi; For this function is belong to Correlated Categorization equipment

According to KDB 662911, for Unequal antenna gains,

Directional gain = G_{ANT} + 10 log(N_{ANT}) dBi =5.0+10log(2) dBi=8.0 dBi

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5 FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS 5.1 FACILITIES

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at

Building 69, Majialong Industry Zone District, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, China The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.7, ANSI C63.10 and CISPR Publication 22.

5.2 LABORATORY ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTINGS

Site Description

EMC Lab. : Accredited by CNAS, 2018.11.30

The certificate is valid until 2022.10.28

The Laboratory has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with

CNAS-CL01:2006 (identical to ISO/IEC 17025:2017)

The Certificate Registration Number is L2291

Accredited by FCC, August 09, 2018

Designation Number: CN1204

Test Firm Registration Number: 882943 Accredited by A2LA, August 08, 2018

The Certificate Registration Number is 4321.01

Accredited by Industry Canada, November 09, 2018 The Conformity Assessment Body Identifier is CN0008

Name of Firm EMTEK(SHENZHEN) CO., LTD. Site Location

Building 69, Majialong Industry Zone,

Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

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6 TEST SYSTEM UNCERTAINTY

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

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Parameter	Uncertainty
Radio Frequency	±1x10^-5
Maximum Peak Output Power Test	±1.0dB
Conducted Emissions Test	±2.0dB
Radiated Emission Test	±2.0dB
Power Density	±2.0dB
Occupied Bandwidth Test	±1.0dB
Band Edge Test	±3dB
All emission, radiated	±3dB
Antenna Port Emission	±3dB
Temperature	±0.5°C
Humidity	±3%

Measurement Uncertainty for a level of Confidence of 95%



7 SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

7.1 RADIO FREQUENCY TEST SETUP

The WLAN component's antenna ports(s) of the EUT are connected to the measurement instrument per an appropriate attenuator. The EUT is controlled by PC/software to emit the specified signals for the purpose of measurements.

EUT Attenuator Measurement Instrument

7.2 RADIO FREQUENCY TEST SETUP

The test site semi-anechoic chamber has met the requirement of NSA tolerance 4 dB according to the standards: ANSI C63.10. The test distance is 3m.The setup is according to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.10-2013 and CAN/CSA-CEI/IEC CISPR 22.

Below 30MHz:

The EUT is placed on a turntable 0.8 meters above the ground in the chamber, 3 meter away from the antenna (loop antenna). The Antenna should be positioned with its plane vertical at the specified distance from the EUT and rotated about its vertical axis for maximum response at each azimuth about the EUT. The center of the loop shall be 1 m above the ground. For certain applications, the loop antenna plane may also need to be positioned horizontally at the specified distance from the EUT.

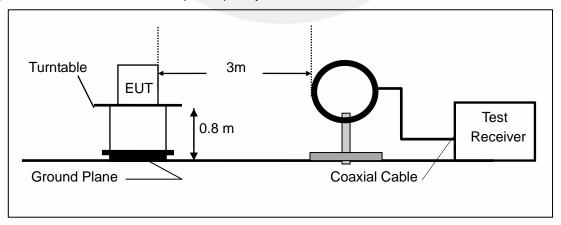
Above 30MHz:

The EUT is placed on a turntable 0.8 meters above the ground in the chamber, 3 meter away from the antenna. The maximal emission value is acquired by adjusting the antenna height, polarisation and turntable azimuth. Normally, the height range of antenna is 1 m to 4 m, the azimuth range of turntable is 0° to 360°, and the receive antenna has two polarizations Vertical (V) and Horizontal (H).

Above 1GHz:

(Note: the FCC's permission to use 1.5m as an alternative per TCBC Conf call of Dec. 2, 2014.) The EUT is placed on a turntable 1.5 meters above the ground in the chamber, 3 meter away from the antenna. The maximal emission value is acquired by adjusting the antenna height, polarisation and turntable azimuth. Normally, the height range of antenna is 1 m to 4 m, the azimuth range of turntable is 0° to 360°, and the receive antenna has two polarizations Vertical (V) and Horizontal (H).

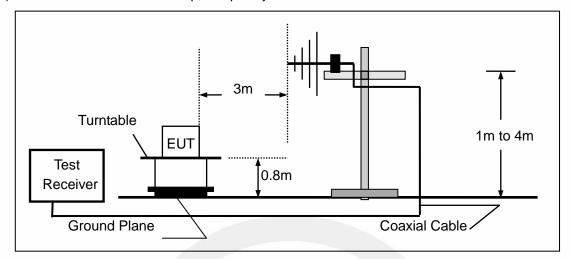
(a) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency Below 30MHz



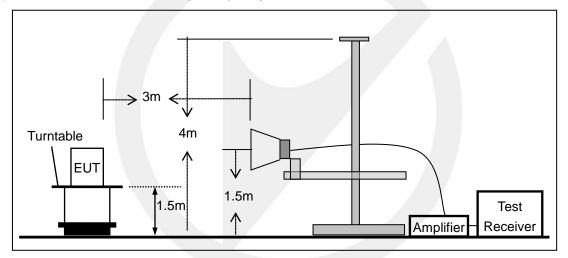
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(b) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency Below 1000MHz



(c) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency above 1000MHz



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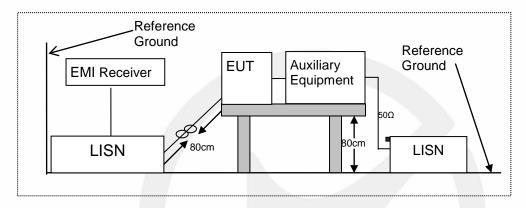


7.3 CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST SETUP

The mains cable of the EUT (maybe per AC/DC Adapter) must be connected to LISN. The LISN shall be placed 0.8 m from the boundary of EUT and bonded to a ground reference plane for LISN mounted on top of the ground reference plane. This distance is between the closest points of the LISN and the EUT. All other units of the EUT and associated equipment shall be at least 0.8m from the LISN.

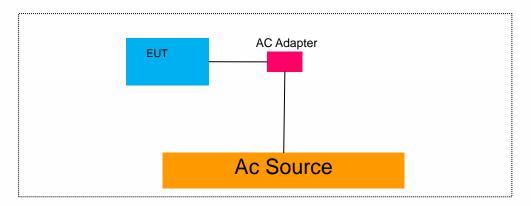
Ground connections, where required for safety purposes, shall be connected to the reference ground point of the LISN and, where not otherwise provided or specified by the manufacturer, shall be of same length as the mains cable and run parallel to the mains connection at a separation distance of not more than 0.1 m.

According to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.10-2013 Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30 MHz using CISPR Quasi-Peak and average detector mode.





7.4 BLOCK DIAGRAM CONFIGURATION OF TEST SYSTEM



7.5 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

EUT Cable List and Details					
Cable Description	Length (m)	Shielded/Unshielded	With / Without Ferrite		
DC cable	1.5	Unshielded	Without Ferrite		
RJ45	1.5	Unshielded	Without Ferrite		

Auxiliary Cable List and Details					
Cable Description	Length (m) Shielded/Unshielded		With / Without Ferrite		
/	/	1	/		

Auxiliary Equipment List and Details					
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number		
Notebook	acer	ZR1	LXTECOCO76643158 372500		

Notes:

- 1. All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test.
- 2. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.

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8 TEST REQUIREMENTS

8.1 BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT

8.1.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.407(a)(1) for UNII Band I

According to FCC Part 15.407(a)(2) for UNII Band II-A and UNII Band II-C

According to FCC Part 15.407(a)(3) for UNII Band III

According to FCC Part 15.407(e) for UNII Band III

According to 789033 D02 Section II(C)

According to 789033 D02 Section II(D)

8.1.2 Conformance Limit

- (1) For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz.
- (iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
- (2) For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
- (3) For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.
- (e) Within the 5.725-5.85 GHz band, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz.

8.1.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 6.1 radio frequency test setup

8.1.4 Test Procedure

According to 789033 D02 v02r01 section C&D, the following is the measurement procedure.

- 1. Emission Bandwidth (EBW)
- a) Set RBW = approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth.
- b) Set the VBW > RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Trace mode = max hold.
- e) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the maximum of the emission.

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Compare this with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1%.

2. Minimum Emission Bandwidth for the band 5.725-5.85 GHz

Section 15.407(e) specifies the minimum 6 dB emission bandwidth of at least 500 KHz for the band 5.715-5.85 GHz. The following procedure shall be used for measuring this bandwidth:

- a) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- b) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) \geq 3 \times RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Trace mode = max hold.
- e) Sweep = auto couple.
- f) Allow the trace to stabilize.
- g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

Note: The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver may be employed if it implements the functionality described above.

D. 99 Percent Occupied Bandwidth

The 99-percent occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5 % of the total mean power of the given emission. Measurement of the 99-percent occupied bandwidth is required only as a condition for using the optional band-edge measurement techniques described in section II.G.3.d). Measurements of 99-percent occupied bandwidth may also optionally be used in lieu of the EBW to 789033 D02 v01r02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01 define the minimum frequency range over which the spectrum is integrated when measuring maximum conducted output power as described in section II.E. However, the EBW must be measured to determine bandwidth dependent limits on maximum conducted output power in accordance with 15.407(a).

The following procedure shall be used for measuring (99 %) power bandwidth:

- 1. Set center frequency to the nominal EUT channel center frequency.
- 2. Set span = 1.5 times to 5.0 times the OBW.
- 3. Set RBW = 1 % to 5 % of the OBW
- 4. Set VBW ≥ 3 RBW
- 5. Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used.
- 6. Use the 99 % power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available).
- 7. If the instrument does not have a 99 % power bandwidth function, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in power units. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5 % of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until 99.5 % of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The 99% occupied bandwidth is the difference between these two frequencies.

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8.1.5 Test Results

5150-5250MHz

Test Mode	Test Channel MHz		26 dB Bandwidth MHz	99% Bandwidth MHz	Verdict
802.11a	CH36	5180	26.89	17.059	Pass
	CH40	5200	25.64	16.980	Pass
	CH48	5240	21.28	16.800	Pass
802.11n-HT20	CH36	5180	20.43	17.682	Pass
	CH40	5200	20.39	17.648	Pass
	CH48	5240	20.38	17.612	Pass
802.11ac(HT20)	CH36	5180	20.35	17.616	Pass
	CH40	5200	20.15	17.638	Pass
	CH48	5240	20.04	17.581	Pass
802.11n-HT40	CH38	5190	39.45	36.082	Pass
	CH46	5230	39.21	36.009	Pass
802.11ac(HT40)	CH38	5190	39.52	36.079	Pass
	CH46	5230	39.26	36.008	Pass
802.11ac(HT80)	CH42	5210	80.35	75.205	Pass



Emission Bandwidth&99% Occupied Bandwidth U-NII - 1
Test Model 802.11a Frequency(MHz) 5180



Emission Bandwidth&99% Occupied Bandwidth U-NII - 1
Test Model 802.11a Frequency(MHz

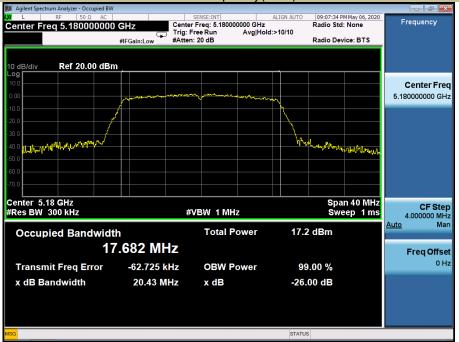




Emission Bandwidth&99% Occupied Bandwidth U-NII - 1
Test Model 802.11a Frequency(MHz) 5240



Emission Bandwidth&99% Occupied Bandwidth U-NII - 1
Test Model 802.11n-HT20 Frequency(MHz) 5180





Emission Bandwidth&99% Occupied Bandwidth U-NII - 1
Test Model 802.11n-HT20 Frequency(MHz) 5200



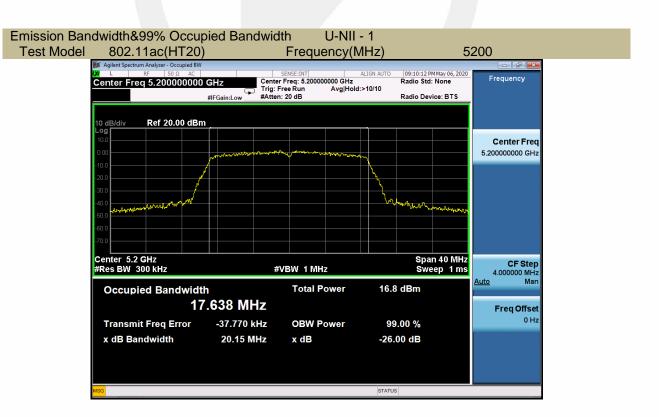
Emission Bandwidth&99% Occupied Bandwidth U-NII - 1
Test Model 802.11n-HT20 Frequency(MHz) 5240



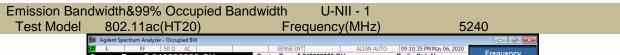




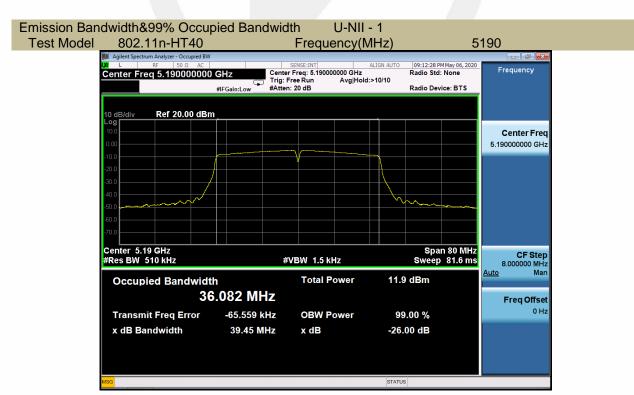






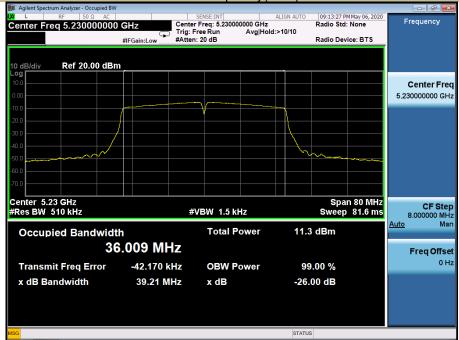




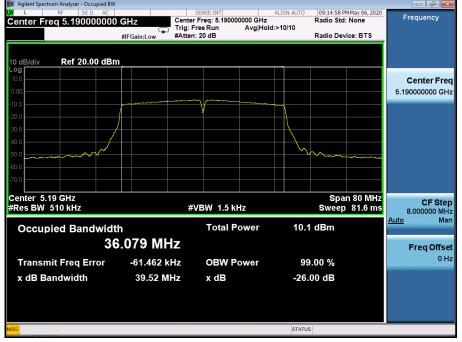














Emission Bandwidth&99% Occupied Bandwidth U-NII - 1
Test Model 802.11ac(HT40) Frequency(MHz) 5230 5230



Emission Bandwidth&99% Occupied Bandwidth U-NII - 1
Test Model 802.11ac 80 Frequency(MHz) 5210



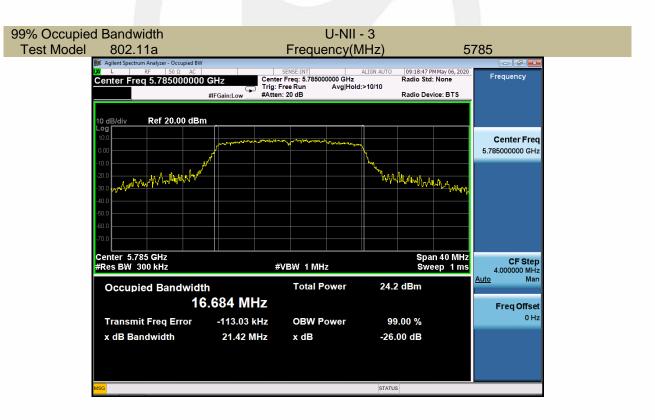


5725-5850MHz

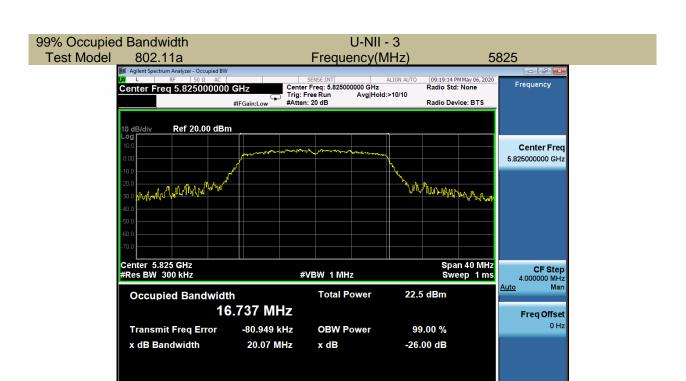
Test Mode	Test Channel MHz		6 dB Bandwidth MHz	26dB Bandwidth MHz	99% Bandwidth MHz	Limit kHz
802.11a	CH149	5745	15.16	23.39	16.764	≥500
	CH157	5785	14.65	21.42	16.684	≥500
	CH165	5825	14.50	20.07	16.737	≥500
802.11n-HT20	CH149	5745	15.45	20.55	17.736	≥500
	CH157	5785	15.11	21.13	17.708	≥500
	CH165	5825	15.05	20.35	17.708	≥500
802.11ac(HT20)	CH149	5745	15.15	20.26	17.647	≥500
	CH157	5785	15.70	20.17	17.643	≥500
	CH165	5825	15.06	20.31	17.659	≥500
802.11n-HT40	CH151	5755	35.20	40.56	36.114	≥500
	CH159	5795	35.17	40.22	36.045	≥500
802.11ac(HT40)	CH151	5755	35.17	41.02	36.130	≥500
	CH159	5795	35.10	40.78	36.085	≥500
802.11ac(HT80)	CH155	5775	70.16	79.69	74.775	≥500







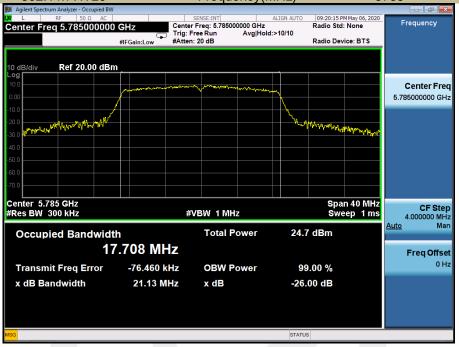


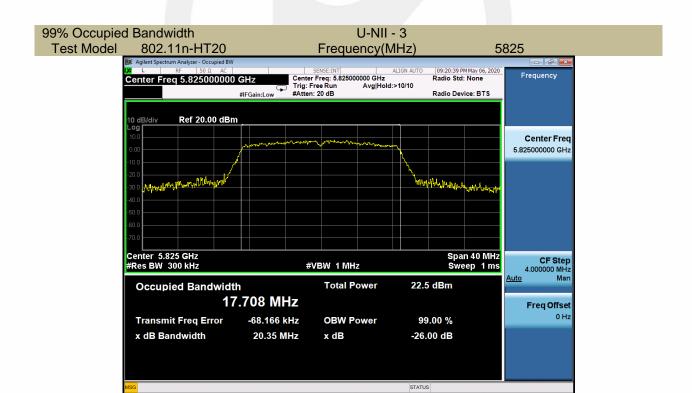




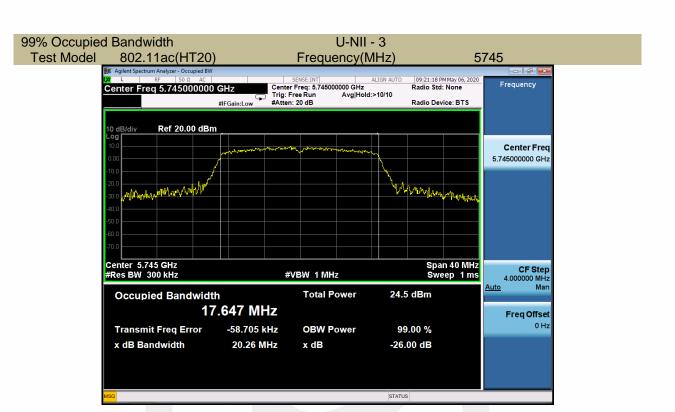


99% Occupied Bandwidth U-NII - 3
Test Model 802.11n-HT20 Frequency(MHz) 5785



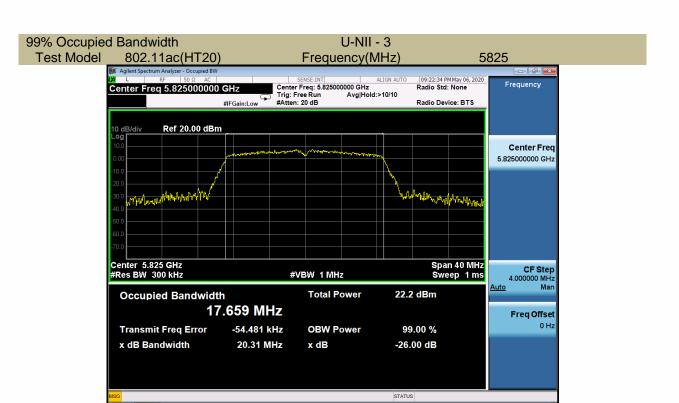


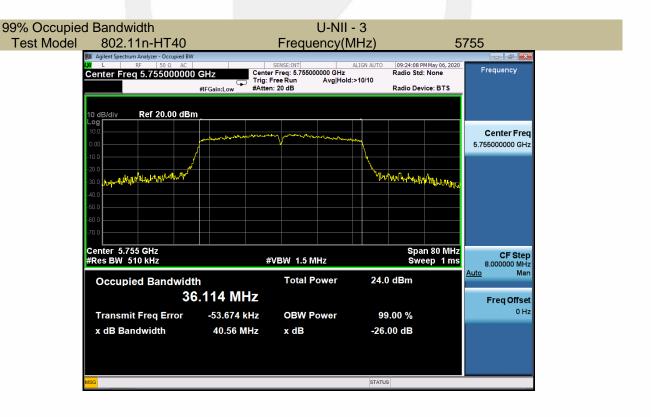




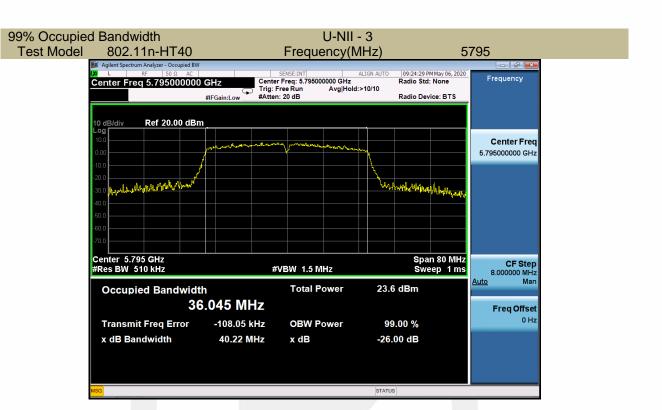


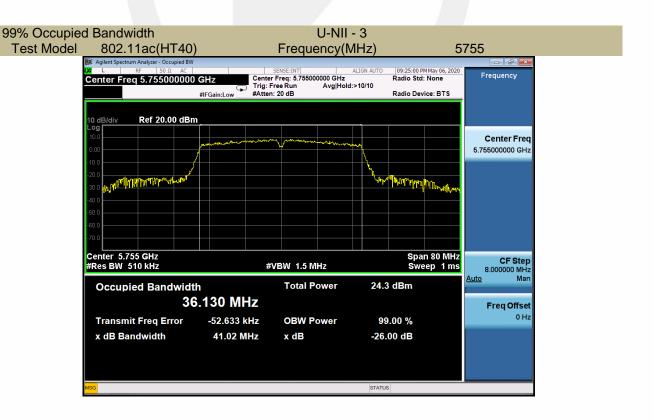




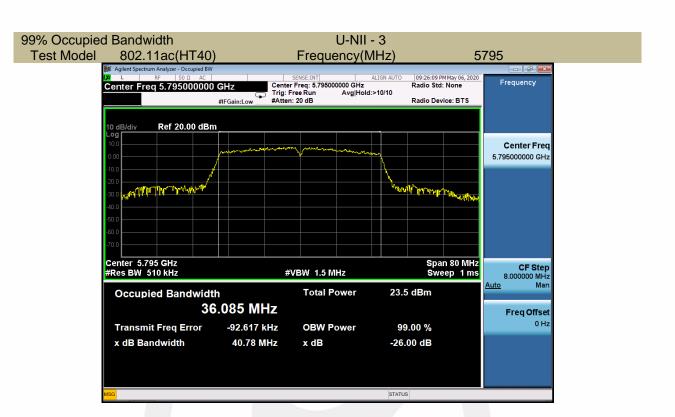


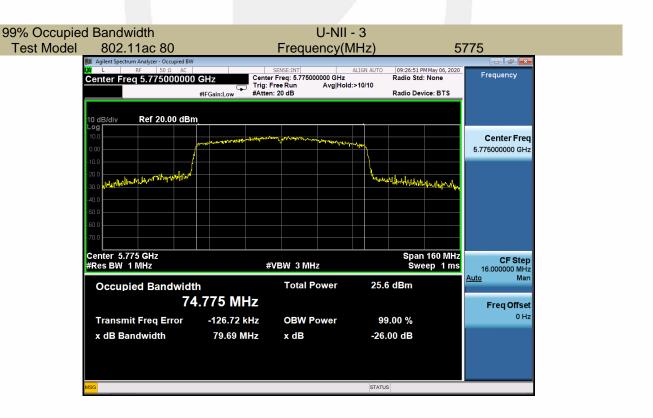




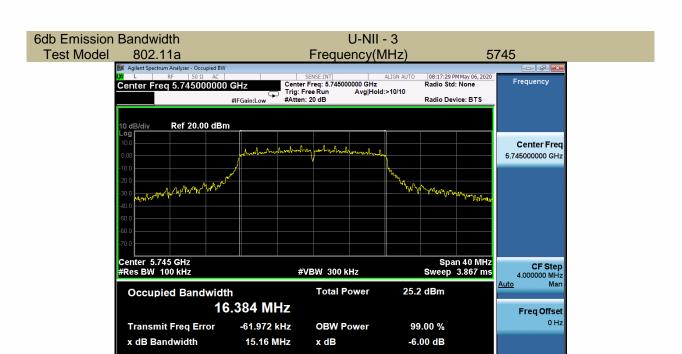


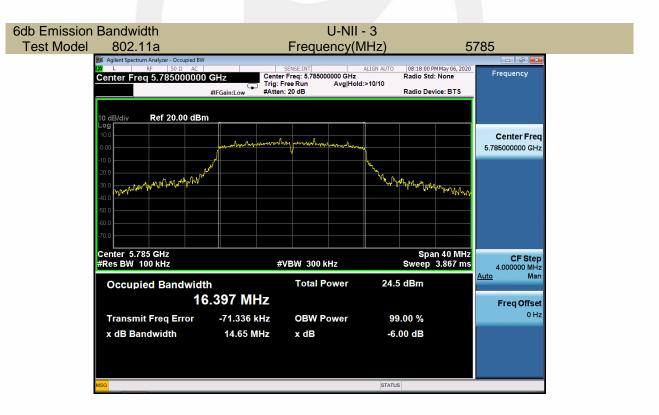






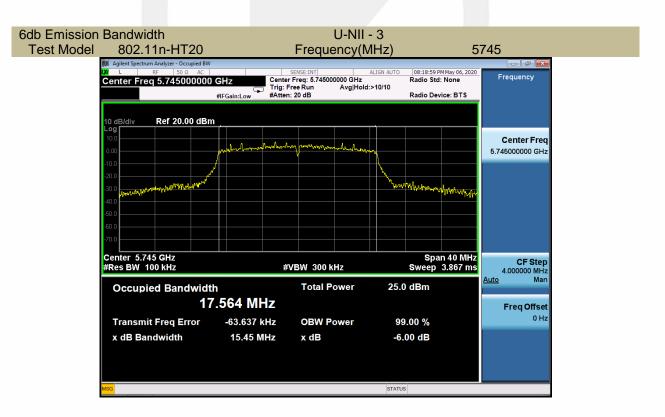




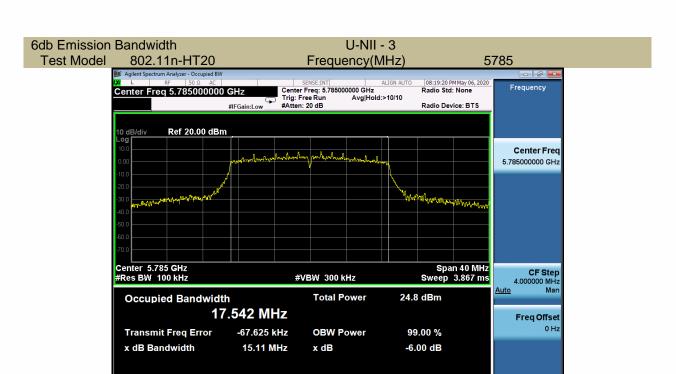


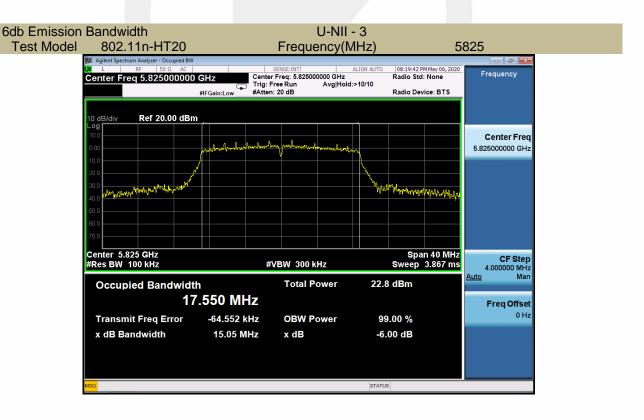




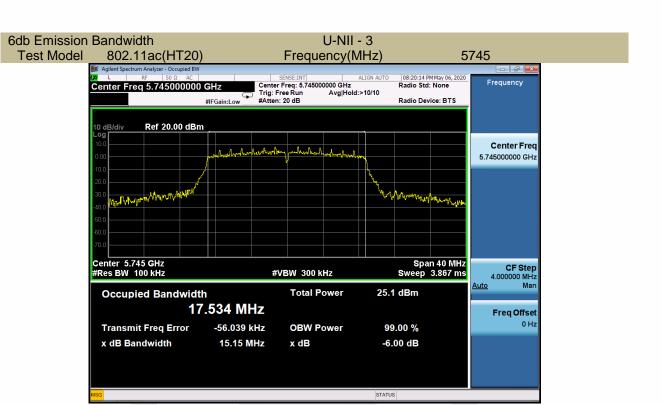


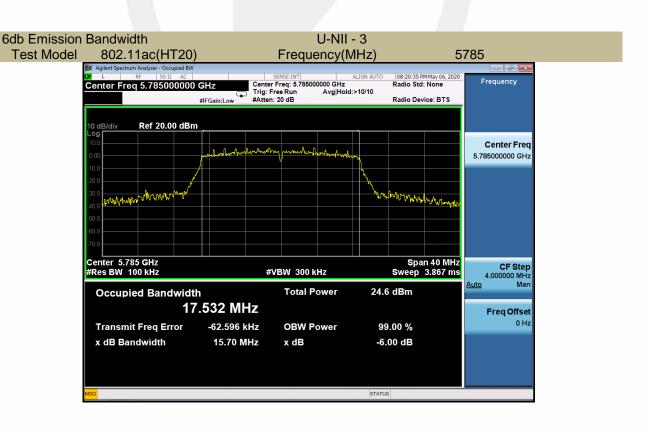




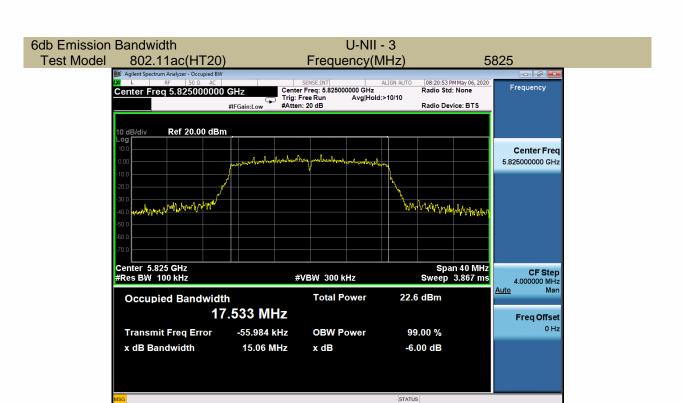


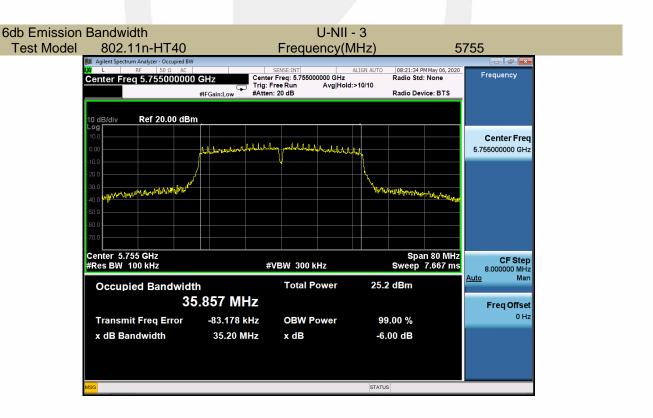




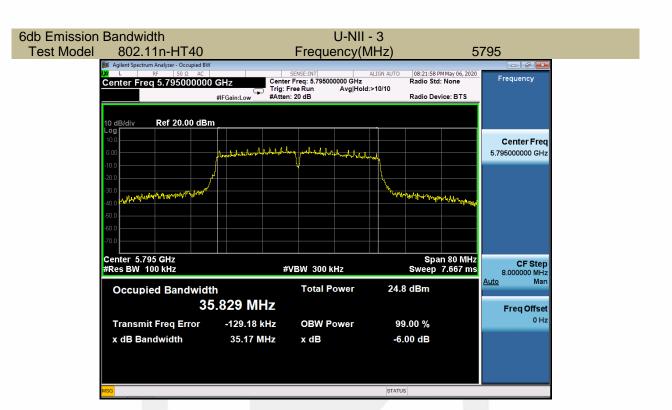


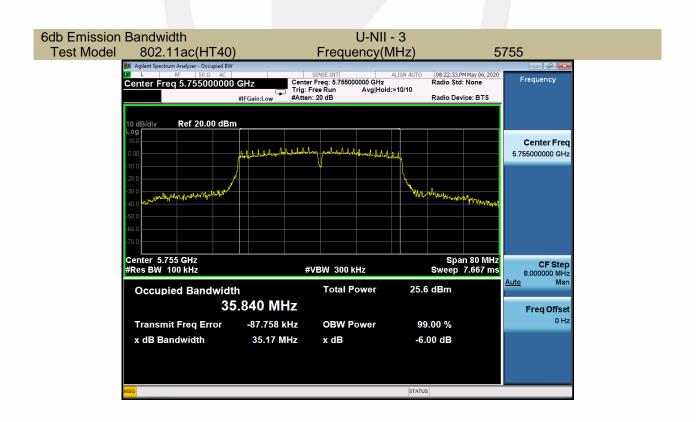




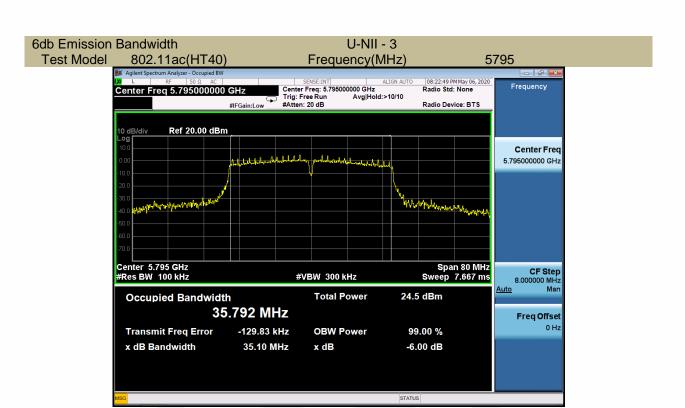


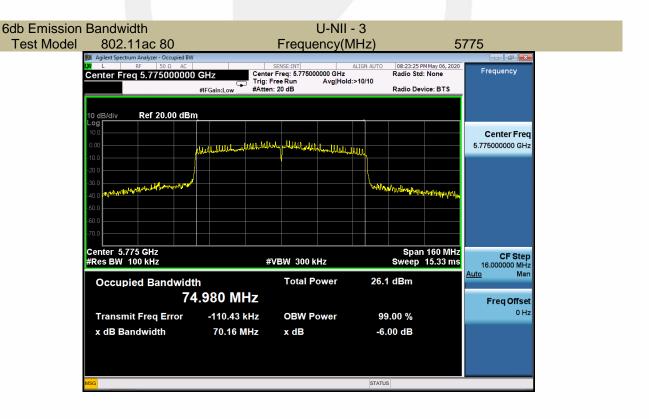














8.2 MAXIMUM CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER

8.2.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.407(a)(1) for UNII Band I
According to FCC Part 15.407(a)(2) for UNII Band II-A and UNII Band II-C
According to FCC Part 15.407(a)(3) for UNII Band III
According to 789033 D02 Section II(E)

8.2.2 Conformance Limit

- For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz,
 - (i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).
 - (ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
 - (iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power or maximum power spectral density. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum conducted output power and maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.
 - (iv) For client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
- For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands
 For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

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■ For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz

For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

8.2.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 6.1 radio frequency test setup

8.2.4 Test Procedure

The maximum average conducted output power can be measured using Method PM-G (Measurement using a gated RF average power meter):

Measurements may be performed using a wideband gated RF power meter provided that the gate parameters are adjusted such that the power is measured only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level. Since the measurement is made only during the ON time of the transmitter, no duty cycle correction factor is required.

- a. The Transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the power meter.
- b. Turn on the EUT and power meter and then record the power value.
- c. Repeat above procedures on all channels needed to be tested.

8.2.5 Test Results

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1T1R - Antenna 0

111R - Antenna U									
Band	Channel Number	Channel Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict				
	CH36	5180	17.36	30	Pass				
U-NII - 1	CH40	5200	17.59	30	Pass				
	CH48	5240	17.75	30	Pass				

Band	Channel Number	Channel Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict			
	CH36	5180	17.67	30	Pass			
U-NII - 1	CH40	5200	17.77	30	Pass			
	CH48	5240	17.58	30	Pass			

Band	Channel Number	Channel Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict			
	CH36	5180	17.21	30	Pass			
U-NII - 1	CH40	5200	17.18	30	Pass			
	CH48	5240	17.86	30	Pass			

Band	Channel Number	Channel Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict			
U-NII - 1	CH38	5190	17.99	30	Pass			
U-INII - I	CH46	5230	17.49	30	Pass			

Band	Channel Number	Channel Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict				
U-NII - 1	CH38	5190	17.97	30	Pass				
U-INII - I	CH46	5230	17.46	30	Pass				

⊠ 802.11 ac (HT80)							
Band	Channel Number	Channel Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict		
U-NII - 1	CH42	5210	17.10	30	Pass		

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		⊠ 802.	11a mode					
Band	Channel Number	Channel Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict			
	CH149	5745	17.32	30	Pass			
U-NII – 3	CH157	5785	17.42	30	Pass			
	CH165	5825	17.50	30	Pass			
		M 000	44 : LITOO		·			
		_	11n-HT20					
Band	Channel Number	Channel Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict			
	CH149	5745	17.73	30	Pass			
U-NII – 3	CH157	5785	17.96	30	Pass			
	CH165	5825	17.68	30	Pass			
		M 222 11	(11700)					
		⊠ 802.11	ac (HT20)					
Band	Channel Number	Channel Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict			
	CH149	5745	17.42	30	Pass			
U-NII – 3	CH157	5785	17.14	30	Pass			
	CH165	5825	17.36	30	Pass			
		⋈ •02 •	11n-HT40					
Band	Channel Number	Channel Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict			
U-NII – 3	CH151	5755	17.54	30	Pass			
0-IVII — 3	CH159	5795	17.93	30	Pass			
		⊠ 802 11	ac (HT40)					
Danel	Ohamad			Limit				
Band	Channel Number	Channel Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict			
U-NII – 3	CH151	5755	17.17	30	Pass			
0 1111 0	CH159	5795	17.80	30	Pass			
Band	Channel Number	Channel Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict			

17.54

30

Pass

5775

U-NII – 3

CH155



1T1R - Antenna 1

	ITTN - Aliterilia I								
Band	Channel Number	Channel Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict				
	CH36	5180	17.35	30	Pass				
U-NII - 1	CH40	5200	17.60	30	Pass				
	CH48	5240	17.72	30	Pass				

Band	Channel Number	Channel Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict			
	CH36	5180	17.71	30	Pass			
U-NII - 1	CH40	5200	17.28	30	Pass			
	CH48	5240	17.59	30	Pass			

Band	Channel Number	Channel Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict			
	CH36	5180	17.38	30	Pass			
U-NII - 1	CH40	5200	17.27	30	Pass			
	CH48	5240	17.95	30	Pass			

⊠ 802.11n-HT40									
Band	Channel Number	Channel Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict				
U-NII - 1	CH38	5190	17.01	30	Pass				
U-INII - I	CH46	5230	17.53	30	Pass				

Band	Channel Number	Channel Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict				
U-NII - 1	CH38	5190	17.82	30	Pass				
U-INII - I	CH46	5230	17.35	30	Pass				

		⊠ 802.11	l ac (HT80)		
Band	Channel Number	Channel Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict
U-NII - 1	CH42	5210	17.11	30	Pass

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		802.	11a mode		
Band	Channel Number	Channel Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict
	CH149	5745	17.33	30	Pass
U-NII – 3	CH157	5785	17.43	30	Pass
	CH165	5825	17.04	30	Pass
		N	44 11700		
			11n-HT20		
Band	Channel Number	Channel Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict
	CH149	5745	17.81	30	Pass
U-NII – 3	CH157	5785	18.07	30	Pass
	CH165	5825	17.77	30	Pass
		M 000 44	(LITOO)		
			ac (HT20)		
Band	Channel Number	Channel Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict
	CH149	5745	17.06	30	Pass
U-NII – 3	CH157	5785	17.26	30	Pass
	CH165	5825	17.43	30	Pass
		× 802.	11n-HT40		
					1
Band	Channel Number	Channel Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict
U-NII – 3	CH151	5755	17.63	30	Pass
U-IVII — 3	CH159	5795	17.99	30	Pass
		N 000 44	(11740)		
		⊠ 802.11	ac (HT40)		
Band	Channel Number	Channel Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict
U-NII – 3	CH151	5755	17.29	30	Pass
U-IVII — 3	CH159	5795	17.94	30	Pass
Do:l	Charriel		, ,	l insit	
Band	Channel Number	Channel Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict

17.15

30

Pass

5775

U-NII – 3

CH155

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For 2T2R

⊠ 802.11n-HT20						
Band	Channel Number	Channel Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict	
	CH36	5180	20.70	28	Pass	
U-NII - 1	CH40	5200	20.54	28	Pass	
	CH48	5240	20.60	28	Pass	

Band	Channel Number	Channel Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict		
	CH36	5180	20.31	28	Pass		
U-NII - 1	CH40	5200	20.24	28	Pass		
	CH48	5240	20.92	28	Pass		

<u>⊠</u> 802.11n-H140						
Band	Channel Number	Channel Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict	
U-NII - 1	CH38	5190	20.54	28	Pass	
U-INII - I	CH46	5230	20.52	28	Pass	

Band	Channel Number	Channel Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict	
U-NII - 1	CH38	5190	20.91	28	Pass	
0-1111 - 1	CH46	5230	20.42	28	Pass	

⊠ 802.11 ac (HT80)						
Band	Channel Number	Channel Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict	
U-NII - 1	CH42	5210	20.12	28	Pass	

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			11n-HT20		
Band	Channel Number	Channel Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict
	CH149	5745	20.78	28	Pass
U-NII – 3	CH157	5785	21.03	28	Pass
	CH165	5825	20.74	28	Pass
·		⊠ 802.11	00 (LIT20)		
_			ac (HT20)		
Band	Channel Number	Channel Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict
	CH149	5745	20.25	28	Pass
U-NII – 3	CH157	5785	20.21	28	Pass
	CH165	5825	20.41	28	Pass
		⊠ 802.	11n-HT40		
Band	Channel Number	Channel Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict
II NIII - O	CH151	5755	20.60	28	Pass
U-NII – 3	CH159	5795	20.97	28	Pass
		⊠ 802.11	ac (HT40)		
Band	Channel Number	Channel Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict
	CH151	5755	20.24	28	Pass
U-NII – 3	CH159	5795	20.88	28	Pass
•				•	1
		⊠ 802.11	ac (HT80)		
Band	Channel Number	Channel Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict

U-NII – 3

CH155

5775

20.36

28

Pass



8.3 MAXIMUM PEAK POWER DENSITY

8.3.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.407(a)(1) for UNII Band I
According to FCC Part 15.407(a)(2) for UNII Band II-A and UNII Band II-C
According to FCC Part 15.407(a)(3) for UNII Band III
According to 789033 D02 Section II(F)

8.3.2 Conformance Limit

- For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz.
 - (i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).
 - (ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
 - (iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power or maximum power spectral density. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum conducted output power and maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.
 - (iv) For client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
- For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands
 For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the
 frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B
 is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density
 shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain
 greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power
 spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna
 exceeds 6 dBi.

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■ For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz

For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

8.3.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 6.1 radio frequency test setup

8.3.4 Test Procedure

Methods refer to FCC KDB 789033

For devices operating in the bands 5.15-5.25 GHz, 5.25-5.35 GHz, and 5.47-5.725 GHz, the above procedures make use of 1 MHz RBW to satisfy directly the 1 MHz reference bandwidth specified in § 15.407(a)(5). For devices operating in the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the rules specify a measurement bandwidth of 500 kHz. Many spectrum analyzers do not have 500 kHz RBW, thus a narrower RBW may need to be used. The rules permit the use of a RBWs less than 1 MHz, or 500 kHz, "provided that the measured power is integrated over the full reference bandwidth" to show the total power over the specified measurement bandwidth (i.e., 1 MHz, or 500 kHz). If measurements are performed using a reduced resolution bandwidth (< 1 MHz, or < 500 kHz) and integrated over 1 MHz, or 500 KHz bandwidth, the following adjustments to the procedures apply:

- a) Set RBW $\geq 1/T$, where T is defined in section II.B.l.a).
- b) Set VBW \geq 3 RBW.
- c) If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 500 kHz, add 10log(500kHz/RBW) to the measured result, whereas RBW (< 500 KHz) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer set during measurement.
- d) If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 1 MHz, add 10log(1MHz/RBW) to the measured result, whereas RBW (< 1 MHz) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of spectrum analyzer set during measurement.
- e) Care must be taken to ensure that the measurements are performed during a period of continuous transmission or are corrected upward for duty cycle.

Note: As a practical matter, it is recommended to use reduced RBW of 100 KHz for the sections

5.c) and 5.d) above, since RBW=100 KHZ is available on nearly all spectrum analyzers.

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8.3.5 Test Results

For 1T1R-Antenna 0

5150-5250MHz

Operating mode	Test Channel	Power Spectral Density dBm/MHz	Limit (dBm/MHz)
	5180	6.645	17
802.11a	5200	6.400	17
	5240	7.949	17
	5180	5.414	17
802.11n-HT20	5200	5.098	17
	5240	6.594	17
	5180	5.961	17
802.11ac(HT20)	5200	5.490	17
	5240	7.142	17
902 44 n UT40	5190	3.575	17
802.11n-HT40	5230	3.609	17
902 44 co/UT40\	5190	3.851	17
802.11ac(HT40)	5230	4.486	17
802.11ac(HT80)	5210	-0.129	17



