

# **TEST REPORT**

For

Applicant : BRAVEN LC

Address: 6001 Oak Canyon, Irvine, CA 92618 USA

- Product Name : Portable wireless speaker
  - Model Name : KSNYBTS
    - Remark : N/A
  - Brand Name : BRAVEN
    - FCC ID: Z7RBKS
    - Report No. : MTE/DYY/A15101345
  - Date of Issue : Oct. 19, 2015
    - Issued by : Most Technology Service Co., Ltd.
      - Address : No.5, 2nd Langshan Road, North District, Hi-tech Industrial Park, Nanshan, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
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## **1. VERIFICATION OF CONFORMITY**

Equipment Under Test:	Portable wireless speaker
Brand Name:	BRAVEN
Model Number:	KSNYBTS
FCC ID:	Z7RBKS
Applicant:	BRAVEN LC
	6001 Oak Canyon, Irvine, CA 92618 USA
Manufacturer:	Plastoform Electronics (Shenzhen) Company Limited.
	Building No. 16, 21 B Zone, The 1st Industrial Zone, Gonghe Community, Shajing Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen City, Guangdong, P.R.C
Technical Standards:	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C
File Number:	MTE/DYY/A15101345
Date of test:	Oct. 10-16, 2015
Deviation:	None
Condition of Test Sample:	Normal
Test Result:	PASS

The above equipment was tested by Most Technology Service Co., Ltd. for compliance with the requirements set forth in FCC rules and the Technical Standards mentioned above. This said equipment in the configuration described in this report shows the maximum emission levels emanating from equipment and the level of the immunity endurance of the equipment are within the compliance requirements.

The test results of this report relate only to the tested sample identified in this report.

Prepared by (+ signature):	Daisy	
	Daisy Yu	Oct. 10-16, 2015
Review by (+ signature):	Henry	APPROVED
	Henry Chen	* EMC & OCT 19, 2015
Approved by (+ signature):	this	
	Yvette Zhou(Mana	ger) Oct. 19, 2015

## 2. GENERAL INFORMATION

## **2.1 Product Information**

Product	Portable wireless speaker			
Brand Name	BRAVEN			
Model Number	KSNYBTS			
Series Model Name: N/A				
Series Model Difference description:	N/A			
Power Supply	1. DC 5V by USB port 2. DC 3.7V by battery			
Frequency Range	2402MHz -2480MHz			
Modulation Type:	GFSK, $\pi$ /4-DQPSK, 8DPSK			
Modulation Technique	FHSS			
Channel Number	79			
Antenna Type	Chip Antenna, 2.66 dBi			
Temperature Range	-10°C ~ +50°C			

## NOTE:

1. For a more detailed features description about the EUT, please refer to User's Manual.

## 2.2 Objective

The objective of the report is to perform tests according to FCC Part 15 Subpart C for the EUT FCC ID Certification:

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 15	Radio Frequency Devices
2	DA00-705	Filing and Measurement Guidelines for Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Systems.

No.	Section	Test Items	Result	Date of Test
1	FCC 15.247 (i)	RF EXPOSURE	PASS	2015-10-14
2	FCC 15.203	Antenna Requirement	PASS	2015-10-12
3	FCC15.207 (a)	AC Power Line Conducted Emission	PASS	2015-10-10
4	FCC15.209, 15.247(d)	Radiated Emission	PASS	2015-10-10
5	FCC 15.247 (b)(1)	Conducted Peak Output Power	PASS	2015-10-12
6	FCC 15.247 (a)(1)	20dB Emission Bandwidth	PASS	2015-10-12
7	FCC 15.247 (a)(1)	Carrier Frequency Separation	PASS	2015-10-12
8	FCC 15.247 (a)(1)(iii)	Number of Hopping Channel	PASS	2015-10-12
9	FCC 15.247 (a)(1) (iii)	Dwell Time	PASS	2015-10-14
10	FCC15.247(d)	Band Edge and Conducted Spurious Emissions	PASS	2015-10-12
11	FCC15.247(d)	Restricted Frequency Bands	PASS	2015-10-14
Rema	rk: N/A means not applicabl	e		

## 2.3 Test Standards and Results

Note: 1. The test result judgment is decided by the limit of measurement standard 2. The information of measurement uncertainty is available upon the customer's request.

## 2.4 Environmental Conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

- Temperature: 15-35°C
- Humidity: 30-60 %
- Atmospheric pressure: 86-106 kPa

## **3. TEST METHODOLOGY**

## 3. 1TEST FACILITY

Maat Taabaalaan Carries Carries Ital
Most Technology Service Co., Ltd
No.5, Langshan 2nd Rd., North Hi-Tech Industrial park, Nanshan, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
There is one 3m semi-anechoic an area test sites and two line conducted labs for final
test. The Open Area Test Sites and the Line Conducted labs are constructed and
calibrated to meet the FCC requirements in documents ANSI C63.4:2009 and CISPR
16 requirements.
The FCC Registration Number is 490827. The IC Registration Number is 7103A-1.
The site description is on file with the Federal Communications
Commission, 7435 Oakland Mills Road, Columbia, MD 21046.
All measuring equipment is in accord with ANSI C63.4:2009 and CISPR 16
requirements that meet industry regulatory agency and accreditation agency
requirement.
Two conductive reference ground planes were used during the Line Conducted
Emission, one in vertical and the other in horizontal. The dimensions of these ground
planes are as below. The vertical ground plane was placed distancing 40 cm to the
rear of the wooden test table on where the EUT and the support equipment were
placed during test. The horizontal ground plane projected 50 cm beyond the footprint
of the EUT system and distanced 80 cm to the wooden test table. For Radiated
Emission Test, one horizontal conductive ground plane extended at least 1m beyond
the periphery of the EUT and the largest measuring antenna, and covered the entire
area between the EUT and the antenna.

## **3.2 GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES**

#### Radiated Emissions

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the maximum emissions, exploratory radiated emission measurements were made according to the requirements in Section 8.3.1 of ANSI C63.4:2009.

#### **Conducted Emissions**

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 7.3 of ANSI C63.4:2009, Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

## 4. SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

## **4.1 SETUP CONFIGURATION OF EUT**

See test photographs attached in Appendix 1 for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

## **4.2 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT**

Device Type	Manufacturer	Model Name	Serial No.	Input	Output
Adapter		STC-A515A-Z		100-240V~ 50/60Hz	dc 5.0V 1500 mA

Remark:

All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.

## **4.3 TEST EQUIPMENT LIST**

**Instrumentation:** The following list contains equipment used at Most for testing. The equipment conforms to the CISPR 16-1 / ANSI C63.2 Specifications for Electromagnetic Interference and Field Strength Instrumentation from 10 kHz to 1.0 GHz or above.

No.	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	S/N	Calibration date	Calibration Interval
1	Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI	100492	2015/03/10	1 Year
2	Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E7405A	US44210471	2015/03/14	1 Year
3	L.I.S.N.	Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216	100093	2015/03/10	1 Year
4	Coaxial Switch	Anritsu Corp	MP59B	6200283933	2015/03/07	1 Year
5	Terminator	Hubersuhner	50Ω	No.1	2015/03/07	1 Year
6	RF Cable	SchwarzBeck	N/A	No.1	2015/03/07	1 Year
7	Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESPI	101202	2015/03/10	1 Year
8	Bilog Antenna	Sunol	JB3	A121206	2015/03/14	1 Year
9	Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9120D	756	2015/03/14	1 Year
10	Horn Antenna	Penn Engineering	9034	8376	2015/03/14	1 Year
11	Cable	Resenberger	N/A	NO.1	2015/03/07	1 Year
12	Cable	SchwarzBeck	N/A	NO.2	2015/03/07	1 Year
13	Cable	SchwarzBeck	N/A	NO.3	2015/03/07	1 Year
14	Single Phase Power Line Filter	DuoJi	FNF 202B30	N/A	2015/03/07	1 Year
15	Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI	100492	2015/03/10	1 Year
16	Loop antenna	ARA	PLA-1030/B	1039	2015/03/14	1 Year

**NOTE:** Equipments listed above have been calibrated and are in the period of validation.

## 5. 47 CFR Part 15 C Requirements

## 5.1 RF EXPOSURE

## 5.1.1 Applicable Standard

According to§15.247(i) and §1.1310, systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensure that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guideline.

According to KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance,

mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\le 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where

f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation

The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as the numeric thresholds in the step 2 below

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is  $\leq$  50 mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according to 5) in section 4.1 is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

#### 5.1.2 Measurement Result

The maximum conducted output power= 4.829 dBm (3.0402 mW) at 2480 MHz [(max. power of channel, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] [ $\sqrt{f}$ (GHz)]

=3.0402/5\*(\day2.480) = 0.96< 3.0

So the stand-alone SAR evaluation is not necessary.

## 5.2 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

## 5.2.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC § 15.203, An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of §15.211, §15.213, §15.217, §15.219, or §15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with §15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

## 5.2.2 Evaluation Criteria

(a) Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.

(b) Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.

Unit must be professionally installed, Installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

## 5.2.3 Result: Compliance.

The EUT has one integral antenna arrangement, which was permanently attached and the antenna gain is 2.66dBi, fulfill the requirement of this section.

# **5.3 AC Power Line Conducted Emission** 5.3.1Requirement

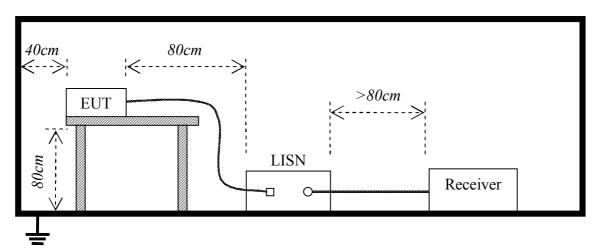
A radio apparatus that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line shall ensure that the radio frequency voltage, which is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the and 150 kHz-30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table:

Frequency	Maximum RF Line Voltage			
riequency	Q.P.( dBuV)	Average( dBuV)		
150kHz-500kHz	66-56	56-46		
500kHz-5MHz	56	46		
5MHz-30MHz	60	50		

\*\*Note: 1. the lower limit shall apply at the band edges.

2. The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.50 MHz

## 5.3.2 Block Diagram of Test Setup



## 5.3.3 Test procedure

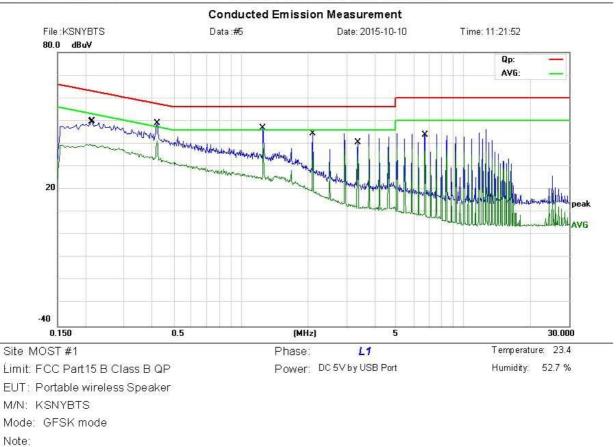
- 1. The E.U.T and simulators are connected to the main power through a line impedance stabilization network (L.I.S.N.). This provides a 50ohm/50uH coupling impedance for the measuring equipment.
- 2. Exploratory measurements were made to identify the frequency of the emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit;
- 3. The peripheral devices are also connected to the main power through a LISN that provides a 50ohm/50uH coupling impedance with 50ohm termination. (Please refer to the block diagram of the test setup and photographs).
- 4. Both sides of A.C. line are checked for maximum conducted interference. In order to find the maximum emission, the relative positions of equipment and all of the interface cables must be changed according to ANSI C63.4: 2009 on conducted measurement.
- 5. The bandwidth of test receiver (ESCI) set at 9 KHz.
- 6. All data was recorded in the Quasi-peak and average detection mode.

## 5.3.4 Test Result

Pass

Note: All test modes are performed, only the worst case is recorded in this report.



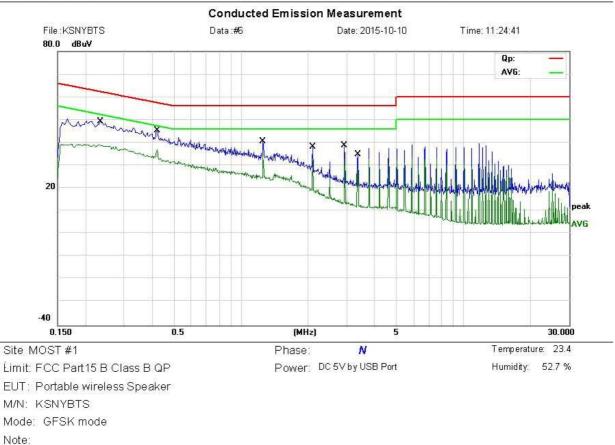


No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over		
		MHz	dBu∨	dB	dBuV	dBu∨	dB	Detector	Comment
1		0.2100	27.84	11.93	39.77	53.21	-13.44	AVG	
2		0.2128	37.57	11.91	49.48	63.10	-13.62	QP	
3		0.4220	38.30	10.52	48.82	57.41	-8.59	QP	
4	*	0.4220	30.72	10.52	41.24	47.41	-6.17	AVG	
5		1.2620	37,16	9.74	46.90	56.00	-9.10	QP	
6		1.2620	30.00	9.74	39.74	46.00	-6.26	AVG	
7		2.1060	35.30	9.11	44.41	56.00	-11.59	QP	
8		2.1060	28.26	9.11	37.37	46.00	-8.63	AVG	
9		3.3660	30.19	10.37	40.56	56.00	-15.44	QP	
10		3.3660	25.29	10.37	35.66	46.00	-10.34	AVG	
11		6.7300	25.98	10.96	36.94	50.00	-13.06	AVG	
12		6.7340	32.98	10.96	43.94	60.00	-16.06	QP	

\*:Maximum data x:Over limit I:over margin

Engineer Signature: zhang fei





No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over		
		MHz	dBu∨	dB	dBu∨	dBu∨	dB	Detector	Comment
1		1.2620	30.86	9.74	40.60	56.00	-15.40	QP	
2		1.2620	23.53	9.74	33.27	46.00	-12.73	AVG	
3		2.1060	29.06	9,11	38,17	56.00	-17.83	QP	
4		2.1060	23.08	9.11	32.19	46.00	-13.81	AVG	
5		3.3660	24.34	10.37	34.71	56.00	-21.29	QP	
6		3.3660	18.02	10.37	28.39	46.00	-17.61	AVG	
7		2.9460	28.82	9.95	38.77	56.00	-17.23	QP	
8		2.9460	22.73	9.95	32.68	46.00	-13.32	AVG	
9	*	0.4220	26.33	10.52	36.85	47.41	-10.56	AVG	
10		0.4220	34.84	10.52	45.36	57.41	-12.05	QP	
11		0.2340	37.37	11.77	49.14	62.31	-13,17	QP	
12		0.2300	27.54	11.80	39.34	52.45	-13.11	AVG	

\*:Maximum data x:Over limit I:over margin

Engineer Signature: zhang fei

## 5.4 Radiated Emission 5.4.1Requirement

According to FCC section 15.247(d), In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

According to FCC section 15.209(a), Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m at 3-meter)	Test Distance (m)	Field Strength (dBµV/m at 3-meter)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300	
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30	
1.705-30	30	30	
30-88	100	3	40
88-216	150	3	43.5
216-960	200	3	46
Above 960	500	3	54

Note:

1. For Above 1000MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20dB above the maximum permitted average limit.

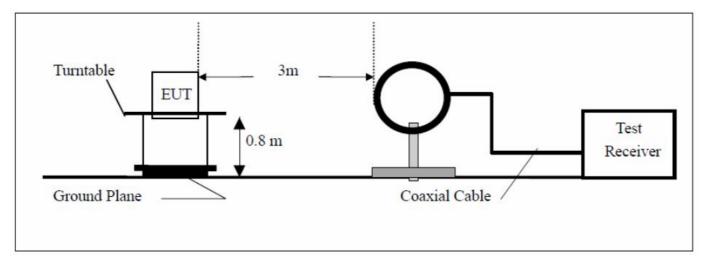
2. For above 1000MHz, limit field strength of harmonics: 54dBuV/m@3m (AV) and 74dBuV/m@3m (PK)

In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

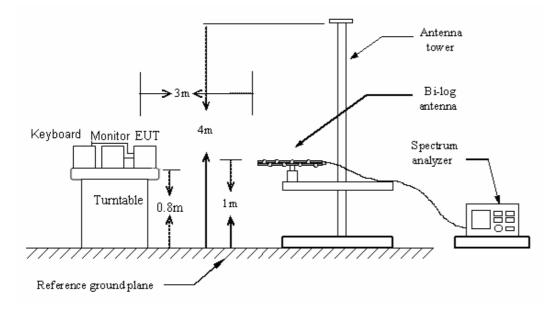
## 5.4.2 Test Configuration

#### **Test Setup:**

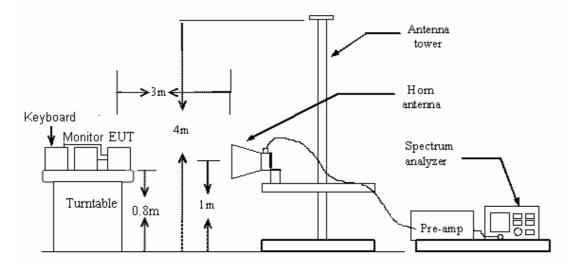
1) For radiated emissions from 9kHz to 30MHz



#### 2) For radiated emissions from 30MHz to1GHz



#### 3) For radiated emissions above 1GHz



#### 5.4.3 Test Procedure:

- 1. For frequencies above 1GHz, the frequencies of maximum emission was recorded by manually positioning the antenna close to the EUT and by moving the antenna over all sides of the EUT while observing a spectral display.
- 2. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter chamber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- 3. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- 4. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- 5. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rote table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.

6. For frequencies above 1GHz, horn antenna mouth should face to the EUT all the time when rise or fall.

7. Set the spectrum analyzer in the following setting as:

Below 1GHz: PEAK: RBW=100 kHz / VBW=300 kHz / Sweep=AUTO QP: RBW=120 kHz / Sweep=AUTO Above 1GHz: (a)PEAK: RBW=VBW=1MHz / Sweep=AUTO (b)AVERAGE: RBW=1MHz / VBW=10Hz / Sweep=AUTO

The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.

8. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.

#### 5.4.4 Test Result

Pass

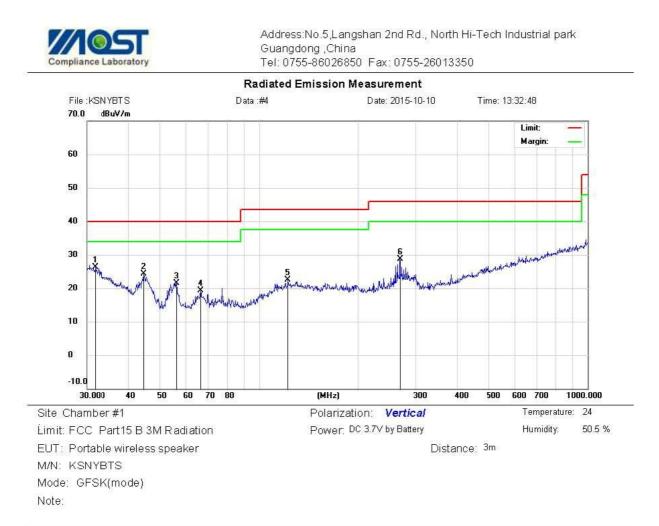
#### Remark:

1. During the test, pre-scan the GFSK,  $\pi$ /4-QPSK, 8DPSK modulation, and found the GFSK modulation which it is worse case in above 1GHz and the GFSK Low channel modulation which it is worse case in below 1GHz.

2. Pre-scan all kind of the place mode (X-axis, Y-axis, Z-axis), and found the Y-axis which it is worse case.

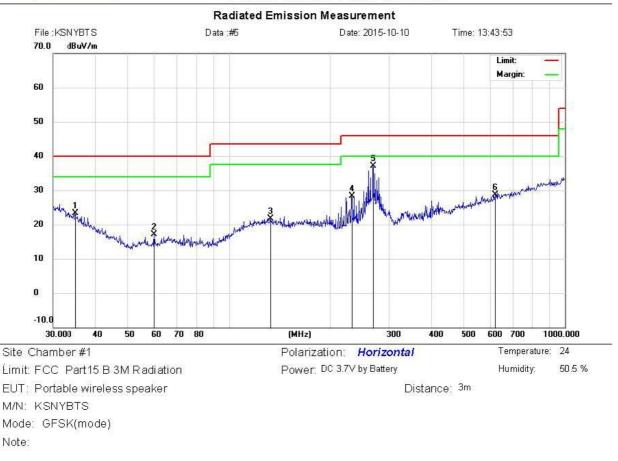
Please refer the following pages.

#### **Below 1GHz:**



No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over		Antenna Height	Table Degree	
		MHz	dBu∨	dB	dBu∨/m	dBuV/m	dB	Detector	cm	degree	Comment
1	*	31.8427	4.52	21.87	26.39	40.00	-13.61	QP			
2		44.7433	11.06	13.30	24.36	40.00	-15.64	QP			
3		56.1974	10.83	10.61	21.44	40.00	-18.56	QP			
4		66.4989	7.84	11.38	19.22	40.00	-20.78	QP			
5		122.4040	4.97	17.55	22.52	43.50	-20.98	QP			
6	1	268.4853	9.94	18.70	28.64	46.00	-17.36	QP			



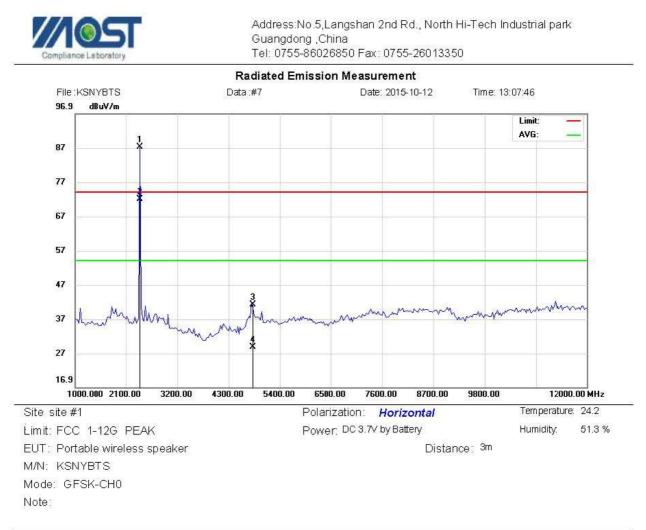


No.	Mk	. Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over		Antenna Height	Table Degree	
		MHz	dBu∨	dB	dBu∨/m	dBuV/m	dB	Detector	cm	degree	Comment
1		34.8823	4.59	18.78	23.37	40.00	-16.63	QP			
2		60.0691	6.21	10.80	17.01	40.00	-22.99	QP			
3		133.1511	4.18	17.54	21.72	43.50	-21,78	QP			
4		231.7179	11.59	16.62	28.21	46.00	-17.79	QP			
5	*	268.4853	18.39	18.70	37.09	46.00	-8.91	QP			
6		620.7096	5.11	23.52	28.63	46.00	-17.37	QP			

\*:Maximum data x:Over limit 1:over margin

Engineer Signature: HUZONGY

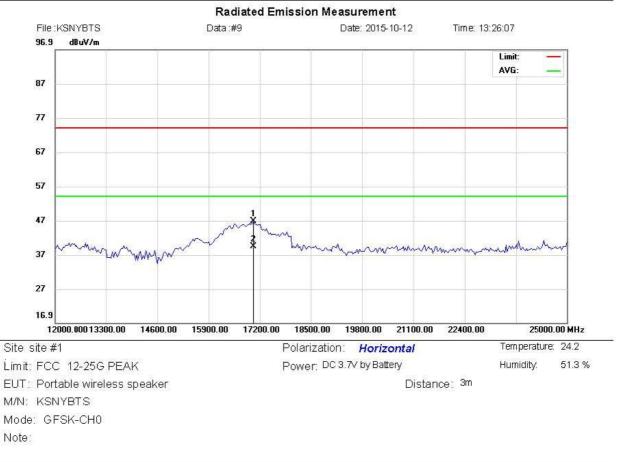
#### Above 1GHz:



No.	Mk	. Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over		Antenna Height	Table Degree	
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	Detector	cm	degree	Comment
1	Х	2402.000	95.62	-8.43	87.19	74.00	13.19	peak			
2	*	2402.000	80.51	-8.43	72.08	54.00	18.08	AVG			
3		4804.000	47.29	-6.15	41.14	74.00	-32.86	peak			
4		4804.000	34.97	-6.15	28.82	54.00	-25.18	AVG			

\*:Maximum data x:Over limit 1:over margin



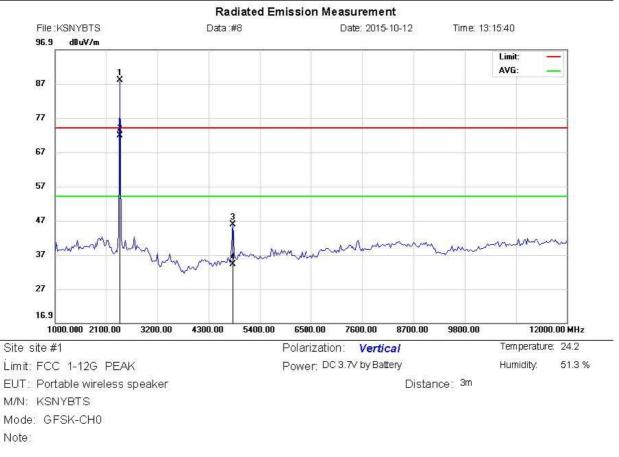


No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over		Antenna Height	Table Degree	
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBu∀/m	dBuV/m	dB	Detector	cm	degree	Comment
1	1	17037.50	40.04	6.73	46.77	74.00	-27.23	peak			
2	*	17037.50	32.74	6.73	39.47	54.00	-14.53	AVG			

\*:Maximum data x:Over limit I:over margin

Engineer Signature: lide gan



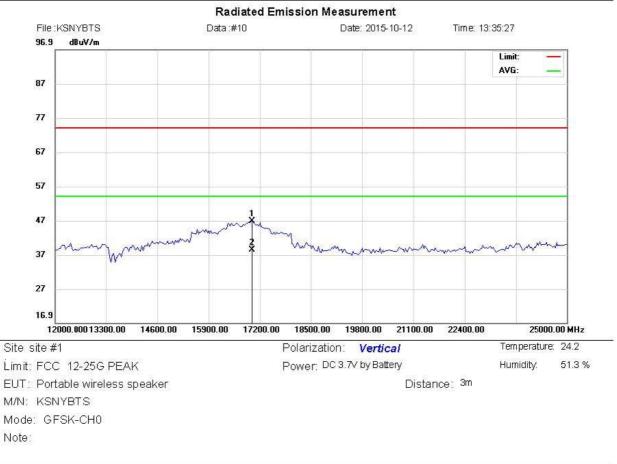


No.	Mk	. Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over		Antenna Height	Table Degree	
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	Detector	cm	degree	Comment
1	Х	2402.000	96.43	-8.43	88.00	74.00	14.00	peak			
2	*	2402.000	80.22	-8.43	71.79	54.00	17.79	AVG			
3		4804.000	51.86	-6.15	45.71	74.00	-28.29	peak			
4		4804.000	40.42	-6.15	34.27	54.00	-19.73	AVG			

\*:Maximum data x:Over limit I:over margin

Engineer Signature: lide gan





No.	Mk	. Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over		Antenna Height	Table Degree	
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBu∨/m	dBuV/m	dB	Detector	cm	degree	Comment
1		17005.00	39.85	6.90	46.75	74.00	-27.25	peak			
2	*	17005.00	31.52	6.90	38.42	54.00	-15.58	AVG			

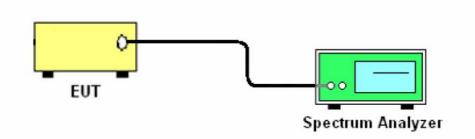
\*:Maximum data x:Over limit I:over margin

Engineer Signature: lide gan

## 5.5 Conducted Peak Output Power 5.5.1 Requirement

According to FCC Section 15.247(b)(1), for frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725- 5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts

## 5.5.2 Block Diagram of Test Setup



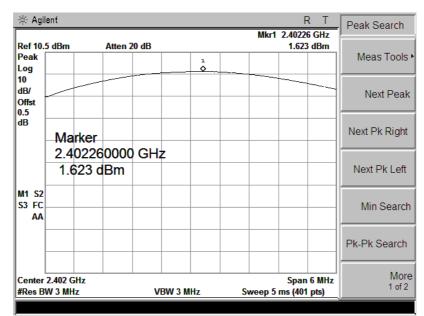
## 5.5.3 Test Procedure

- 1. Place the EUT on a bench and set in transmitting mode.
- 2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to an EMI test receiver.
- 3. Add a correction factor to the display.

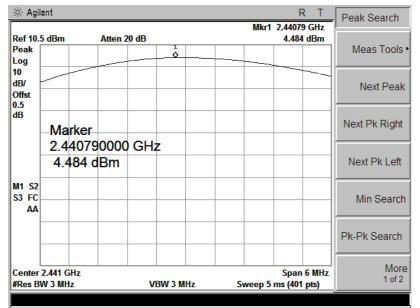
#### 5.5.4 Test Result

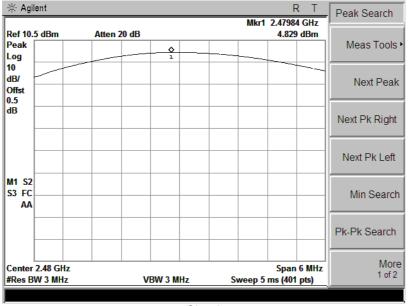
Test Item:	Peak Output Power	Temperature :	21°C
Test Engineer:	Kang	Relative Humidity :	59%

Mode	Channel	Frequenc v	Peak Output	Lir	nit	Pass/Fail
		(MHz)	Power(dBm)	(mW)	(dBm)	
	Low	2402	1.623	125	20.97	Pass
BDR (GFSK)	Middle	2441	4.484	125	20.97	Pass
(0. 01)	High	2480	4.829	125	20.97	Pass
	Low	2402	-1.152	125	20.97	Pass
EDR (π/4-DQPSK)	Middle	2441	1.978	125	20.97	Pass
	High	2480	2.221	125	20.97	Pass
	Low	2402	-0.642	125	20.97	Pass
EDR (8DPSK)	Middle	2441	2.259	125	20.97	Pass
	High	2480	2.526	125	20.97	Pass



Ch 0





Ch 78

🔆 Agili	ent								F		Peak Search
Ref 10.5 Peak	ō dBm		Atten 2	0 dB				Mkr1	2.4022 -1.152		, Meas Tools I
Log 10 dB/ Offst - 0.5						1 \$				~~~~~	Next Peak
dB	Ma	rker									Next Pk Right
			0000	GHz	z						
	-1.1	152 d	Bm								Next Pk Left
M1 S2 S3 FC AA											Min Search
											Pk-Pk Search
Center : #Res B\				V	BW 3 M	Hz	Sı	weep 5		6 MHz pts)	More 1 of 2

#### π/4-DQPSK Mode

Ch 0

🔆 Agile	ent							F		Peak Search
Ref 10.5	dBm	Atten 2	0 dB				Mkr1	2.4409 1.978	0 GHz 8 dBm	
Peak Log				\$						Meas Tools
10 dB/									~~~~_	Next Peak
dB	Marker 2.44090	0000								Next Pk Right
-	1.978 c		GHZ	2						Next Pk Left
M1 S2 S3 FC AA										Min Search
-										Pk-Pk Search
	2.441 GHz V 3 MHz		v	BW 3 MI	Hz	Sı	weep 5		6 MHz pts)	More 1 of 2

🔆 Agile	ent							F		Peak Search
Ref 10.5	ō dBm	Atten 2	0 dB				Mkr1	2.4798 2.221	7 GHz dBm	,
Peak Log				1 0						Meas Tools •
10 dB/ Offst 0.5										Next Peak
dB	Marker									Next Pk Right
	2.47987		GHz	z						
	2.221 d	Bm								Next Pk Left
M1 S2 S3 FC AA										Min Search
-										Pk-Pk Search
	2.48 GHz N 3 MHz		vi	BW 3 M	Hz	Sı	veep 5	Span ms (401	6 MHz pts)	More 1 of 2

🔆 Agil	lent				RT	Peak Search
Ref 10.	5 dBm	Atten 20 dB		Mkr1	2.40203 GHz -0.642 dBm	
Peak Log			1			Meas Tools
10 dB/ Offst 0.5						Next Peak
dB						Next Pk Right
						Next Pk Left
M1 S2 S3 FC AA						Min Search
						Pk-Pk Search
	2.402 GHz W 3 MHz		VBW 3 MHz	Sweep 5	Span 6 MHz ms (401 pts)	More 1 of 2

8DPSK Mode

Ch 0

🔆 Agilı	ent							F	<u>τ</u>	Peak Search
Ref 10.5		Atten 2					Mkr1	2.4409	3 GHz ) dBm	
Peak Log		Atten 2	U ab	^1				2.205	abm	Meas Tools
10 dB/ _ Offst 0.5									~~~ <u>_</u>	Next Peak
dB	Marker	0000								Next Pk Right
	2.44093 2.259 d		GH	2						Next Pk Left
M1 S2 S3 FC AA										Min Search
-										Pk-Pk Search
	2.441 GHz N 3 MHz		VI	BW 3 M	Hz	Si	veep 5	Span ms (401	6 MHz pts)	More 1 of 2

🔆 Agilı	ent								F	<u> </u>	Peak Search
Ref 10.5			Au	a				Mkr1	2.4800		
Peak Log	) abm		Atten 2	U ab	·	1 \$			2.32t	6 dBm	Meas Tools
10 dB/ _ Offst 0.5									 		Next Peak
dB	Marl										Next Pk Right
	2.48	006	0000	GHz	z						
	2.52	26 d	Bm								Next Pk Left
M1 S2 S3 FC AA											Min Search
-											Pk-Pk Search
	2.48 GHz N 3 MHz			vi	BW 3 M	Hz	Sv	veep 5	Span ms (401	6 MHz pts)	More 1 of 2

## 5.6 20dB Emission Bandwidth

## 5.6.1 Test Requirement

The bandwidth of a frequency hopping channel is the -20 dB emission bandwidth, measured with the hopping stopped.

## 5.6.2 Test Procedure

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT on the test table without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value.
- 3. Measure the frequency difference of two frequencies that were attenuated 20 dB from the reference level. Record the frequency difference as the emission bandwidth.
- 4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

#### 5.6.3 Test Result

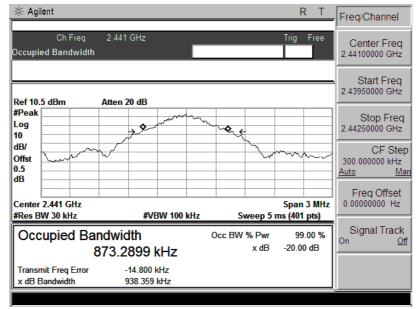
Test Item:	20dB Emission Bandwidth	Temperature :	23°C
Test Engineer:	Kang	Relative Humidity :	65%

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth(MHz)
	Low	2402	0.948
BDR (GFSK)	Middle	2441	0.938
	High	2480	0.945
	Low	2402	1.263
EDR (π/4-DQPSK)	Middle	2441	1.275
	High	2480	1.262
	Low	2402	1.273
EDR (8DPSK)	Middle	2441	1.273
	High	2480	1.283

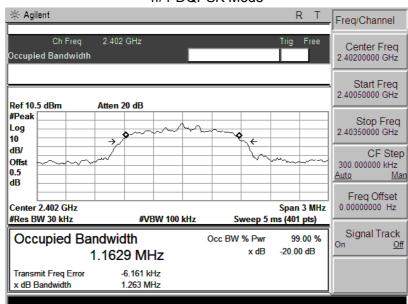
GFSK Mod	е
----------	---

🔆 Agi	lent			R T	Freq/Channel
Occupi	Ch Freq ed Bandwidth	2.402 GHz		Trig Free	Center Freq 2.40200000 GHz
Ref 10.	5 dBm	Atten 20 dB			Start Freq 2.40050000 GHz
#Peak Log 10					Stop Freq 2.40350000 GHz
dB/ Offst 0.5 dB	~~~~~~			~~~/	CF Step 300.000000 kHz <u>Auto Ma</u>
Center	2.402 GHz W 30 kHz	#VBW 100 F	KHz Sweep 5	Span 3 MHz ms (401 pts)	Freq Offset 0.00000000 Hz
Occ	upied Ba	ndwidth 866.3289 kHz	Occ BW % Pwr x dB	99.00 % -20.00 dB	Signal Track <sup>On <u>Of</u></sup>
	nit Freq Error Bandwidth	1.903 kHz 948.123 kHz			

Ch 0

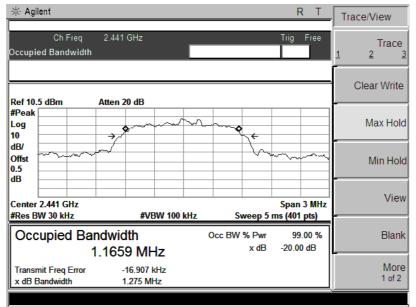


🔆 Agilent			RT	Trace/View
Ch Freq Occupied Bandwidth	2.48 GHz		Trig Free	Trace 1 2 <u>3</u>
Ref 10.5 dBm	Atten 20 dB			Clear Write
#Peak Log 10	and the second	₩ ₩ ₩		Max Hold
dB/ Offst			~~~~~	Min Hold
Center 2.48 GHz #Res BW 30 kHz	#VBW 100 kH	Iz Sweep 5 I	Span 3 MHz ms (401 pts)	View
Occupied Bar 8	ndwidth 64.0389 kHz	Occ BW % Pwr x dB	99.00 % -20.00 dB	Blank
Transmit Freq Error x dB Bandwidth	-15.080 kHz 944.513 kHz			More 1 of 2

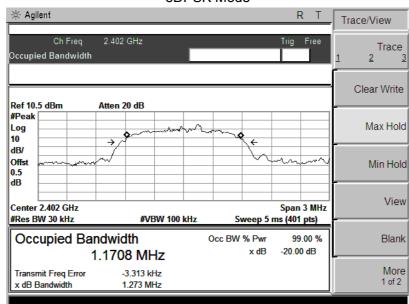


#### π/4-DQPSK Mode

Ch 0

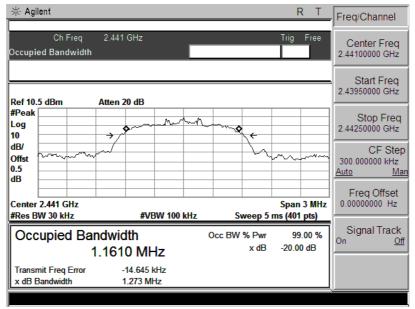


☆ Agilent			RT	Trace/View
Ch Freq Occupied Bandwidth	2.48 GHz		Trig Free	Trace 1 <u>2 3</u>
Ref 10.5 dBm	Atten 20 dB			Clear Write
#Peak Log 10		~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		Max Hold
dB/ Offst 0.5 dB			~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	Min Hold
Center 2.48 GHz #Res BW 30 kHz	#VBW 100 I	kHz Sweep 5	Span 3 MHz ms (401 pts)	View
Occupied Ba	ndwidth 1.1614 MHz	Occ BW % Pwr x dB	99.00 % -20.00 dB	Blank
Transmit Freq Error x dB Bandwidth	-16.326 kHz 1.262 MHz			More 1 of 2



8DPSK Mode

Ch 0



🔆 Agilent			RT	Trace/View
Ch Freq Occupied Bandwidth	2.48 GHz		Trig Free	Trace <u>1 2 3</u>
Ref 10.5 dBm	Atten 20 dB			Clear Write
#Peak Log 10	→ / ···································	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		Max Hold
dB/ Offst 0.5 dB			~~~~~	Min Hold
Center 2.48 GHz #Res BW 30 kHz	#VBW 100 kH	z Sweep 5 i	Span 3 MHz ms (401 pts)	View
Occupied Bar 1	ndwidth .1694 MHz	Occ BW % Pwr x dB	99.00 % -20.00 dB	Blank
Transmit Freq Error x dB Bandwidth	-14.729 kHz 1.283 MHz			More 1 of 2

# 5.7 Carrier Frequency Separation 5.7.1 Test Requirement

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.50 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

## 5.7.2 Test Procedure

1.Set the EUT in transmitting mode, spectrum Bandwidth was set at 30 kHz, maxhold the channel.

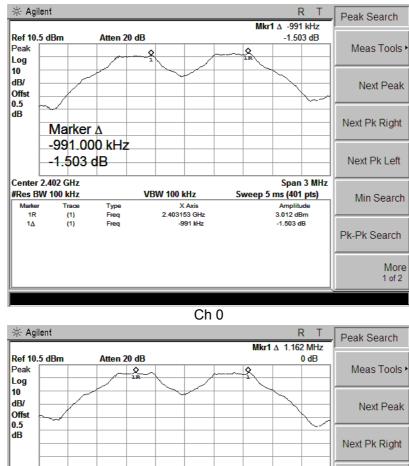
2.Set the adjacent channel of the EUT maxhold another trace

3.Measure the channel separation.

## 5.7.3 Test Result

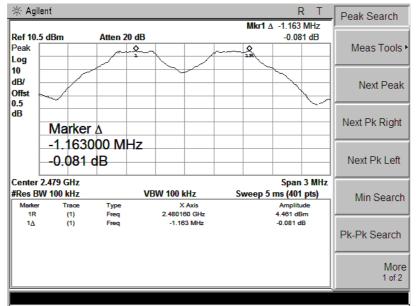
Test Item:	Carrier Frequency Separation	Temperature :	23°C
Test Engineer:	Kang	Relative Humidity :	65%

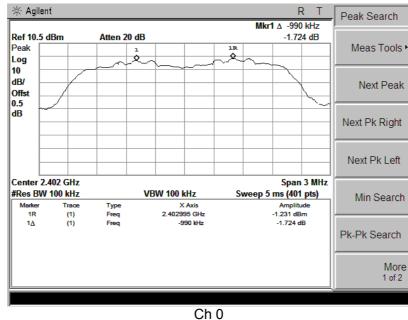
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel Separation (MHz)	Limit (MHz)	Result
BDR (GFSK)	Low	2402	0.991	0.632	Pass
	Middle	2441	1.162	0.625	Pass
	High	2480	1.163	0.630	Pass
EDR (π/4-DQPSK)	Low	2402	0.990	0.842	Pass
	Middle	2441	1.005	0.850	Pass
	High	2480	0.991	0.841	Pass
EDR (8DPSK)	Low	2402	1.005	0.849	Pass
	Middle	2441	1.005	0.849	Pass
	High	2480	0.998	0.855	Pass



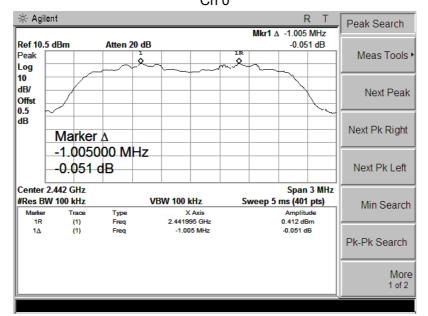
GFSK Mode

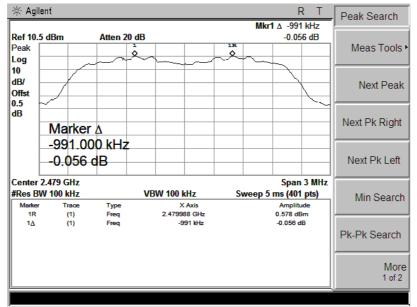
Next Pk Left Center 2.442 GHz Span 3 MHz #Res BW 100 kHz VBW 100 kHz Sweep 5 ms (401 pts) Min Search X Axis 2.440998 GHz Trace Туре Amplitude 4.203 dBm M 1R (1) (1) Freq Freq 1Δ 1.162 MHz 0 dB Pk-Pk Search More 1 of 2





#### π/4-DQPSK Mode





Next Pk Left

Min Search

More 1 of 2

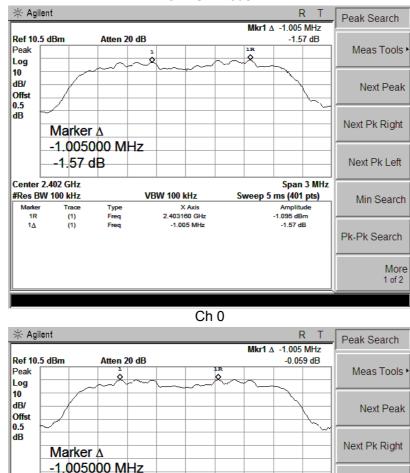
Pk-Pk Search

Span 3 MHz

Sweep 5 ms (401 pts)

Amplitude 0.415 dBm

-0.059 dB



VBW 100 kHz

X Axis 2.441830 GHz

-1.005 MHz

-0.059 dB

Trace

(1) (1) Туре

Freq

Center 2.442 GHz

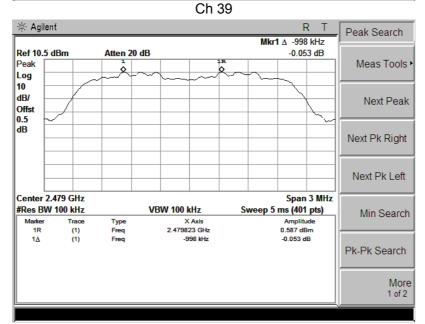
#Res BW 100 kHz

Marke

1R

1Δ

8DPSK Mode



# 5.8 Number of Hopping Channel 5.8.1 Test Requirement

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

## 5.8.2 Test Procedure

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument (SA) using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Set the EUT in hopping mode from first channel to last.
- 3. By using the Max-Hold function record the Quantity of the channel.

## 5.8.3 Test Result

Test Item:	Number of Hopping Channel	Temperature :	23°C
Test Engineer:	Kang	Relative Humidity :	65%

Mode	Frequency Range (MHz)	Number of Hopping Channel	Limit
GFSK	2400-2483.5	79	≥15
π /4-DQPSK	2400-2483.5	79	≥15
8DPSK	2400-2483.5	79	≥15

🔆 Agili	ent								F	R T	. T	race/View
Ref 10.5 Peak Log	ō dBm		Atten 2	0 dB							1	Trace
10 dB/ Offst 0.5	₩₩Į		WWW WWW	NWW T	WW		WIMI	WWW				Clear Write
dB	Sta		0000		-							Max Hold
-	2.4	0000		GU	<u>د</u>							Min Hold
M1 S2 S3 FC AA										М		View
												Blank
Start 2.4 #Res B\		(Hz		#VE	3W 300	kHz	Sweep	St p 8.651 i	op 2.48 ms (401			More 1 of 2

# GFSK Mode

🔆 Agil	ent								R	T	Tra	ice/View
Ref 10.: Peak Log			Atten 2								1	Trace
10 dB/ Offst 0.5	NMMW	WWW	www.w	γwww	MMMM	WWWW	W WW	AYVAA M	rwww.	NWW1		Clear Write
dB												Max Hold
										-		Min Hole
M1 S2 S3 FC AA												Viev
												Blank
Start 2. #Res Bl	4 GHz W 100 k	Hz		#VE	300 W	kHz	Sweep		op 2.483 ms (401			More 1 of 2

# π/4-DQPSK

🔆 Agil	ent								F	<b>ξ</b> Τ	- TI	race/V	iew
Ref 10. Peak	5 dBm		Atten 2	0 dB							1	2	Trace
Log 10 dB/ Offst 0.5	/w/W	WW4/W4	444444444	WWWW	MMMM	VWWW	WWWW	WWWWW	MMW	AMMI 		Clea	r Write
dB												Ma	ax Hold
												M	lin Hole
M1 S2 S3 FC AA										1			Viev
													Blank
Start 2. #Res B		kHz		#VE	3W 300	kHz	Sweep		top 2.483 ms (401				More 1 of 2

8DPSK Mode

# 5.9 Dwell Time 5.9.1 Test Requirement

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

# 5.9.2 Test Procedure

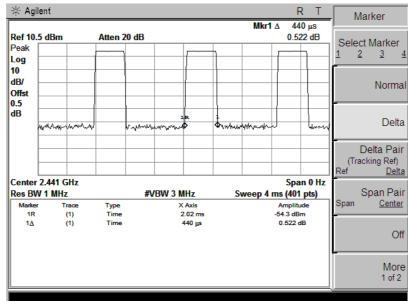
The EUT was worked in channel hopping; Spectrum SPAN was set as 0. Sweep was set as 0.4 \* channel no. (s), the quantity of pulse was get from single sweep. In addition, the time of single pulses was tested.

Dwell Time= time slot length \* hope rate/ number of hopping channels \* 31.6s Hop rate=1600/s

# 5.9.3 Test Result

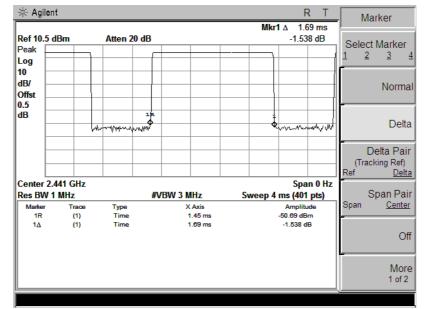
Test Item:	Dwell Time	Temperature :	25°C
Test Engineer:	Henry	Relative Humidity :	65%

Mode	Packet	Pulse Time (ms)	Dwell Time(ms)	Limit(ms)	Result						
	DH1	0.44	140.8	400	Pass						
GFSK	DH3	1.69	270.4	400	Pass						
	DH5	2.94	313.6	400	Pass						
	2DH1	0.45	144.0	400	Pass						
π /4DQPSK	2DH3	1.70	272.0	400	Pass						
	2DH5	2.95	314.8	400	Pass						
	3DH1	0.45	144.0	400	Pass						
8DPSK	3DH3	1.70	272.0	400	Pass						
	3DH5	2.95	314.8	400	Pass						
Note: DH1/2D	Note: DH1/2DH1/3DH1: Dwell Time=Pulse Time(ms)X[(1600/2/79)X31.6]										
DH3/2D	H3/3DH3: Dwell Tim	e= Pulse Time(ms)>	X[(1600/4/79)X31	.6]							
DH5/2D	DH5/2DH5/3DH5: Dwell Time= Pulse Time(ms)X[(1600/6/79)X31.6]										



#### GFSK Mode

DH1



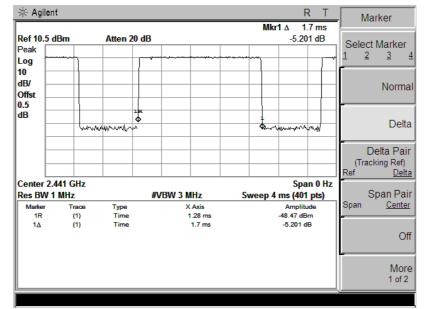
DH3





#### π/4-DQPSK Mode

DH1



DH3



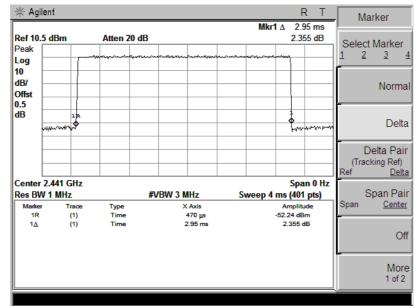
🔆 Agi	lent						<b>λ</b> Τ	M	arker
Ref 10.	5 dBm	Atten 20	1B		Mkr	ιΔ 45 -0.52	i0μs GdB	,	
Peak		Auen zu				-0.52		00.00	t Marker
Log			- mm					<u>1</u> <u>2</u>	<u>3</u>
10								r	
dB/									
Offst						l			Norma
0.5 dB			- (						
						1			Delta
	Marker	M. Marker Mark	~~* *	where where	NM	www	www.wee		Della
		00000 J							
			ເອ					[	Delta Pai
	-0.525	dB –						(Trac	cking Ref)
								Ref	Delta
Center	2.441 GHz					Spa	n 0 Hz		
Res BV	V 1 MHz		#VBW 3 M	Hz	Sweep 4	ms (401	pts)		Span Pai
Marker	Trace	Type	x	Axis		Amplitu		Span	Center
1R	(1)	Time		1.5 ms		-52.21 dB	m		
1∆	(1)	Time	4	l50 μs		-0.525 d	в		
									Of
									Mor
									1 of 2

#### 8DPSK Mode

DH1



DH3



# 5.9 Band Edge and Conducted Spurious Emissions

# 5.9.1 Test Requirement

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required.

# 5.9.2 Test Procedure

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect to a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to a EMI test receiver, then turn on the EUT and make it operate in transmitting mode. Then set it to Low Channel and High Channel within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- 3. Set both RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100 kHz bandwidth from band edge.
- 4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
- 5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

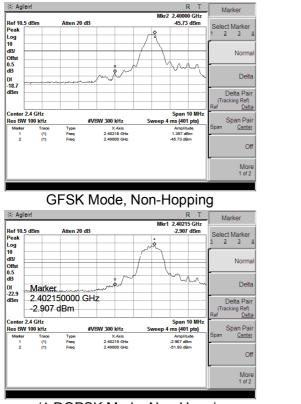
# 5.9.3 Test Result

Pass

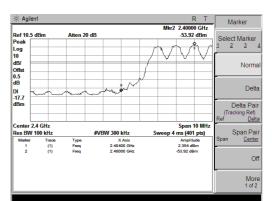
#### Remark:

During the Conducted Spurious Emissions test, pre-scan the GFSK,  $\pi/4$ -QPSK, 8DPSK modulation, and found the GFSK modulation which it is worse case.

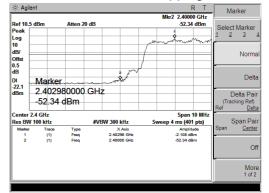
Test Item:	Band Edge	Temperature :	23°C
Test Engineer:	Kang	Relative Humidity :	65%



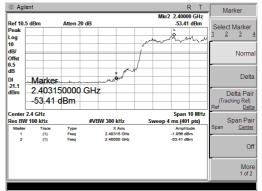
## Band Edge, Left Side



GFSK Mode, Hopping

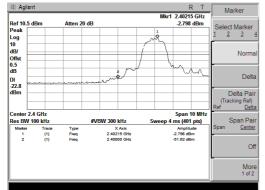


π/4-DQPSK Mode, Hopping

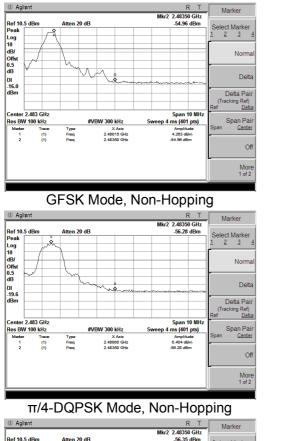


8DPSK Mode, Hopping

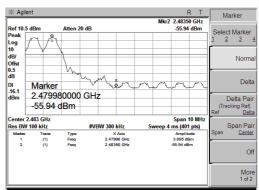
## $\pi/4$ -DQPSK Mode, Non-Hopping

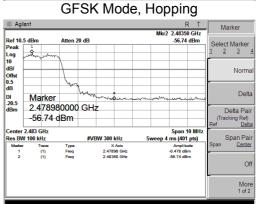


8DPSK Mode, Non-Hopping

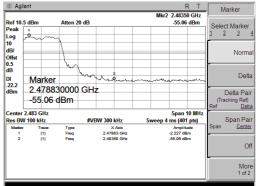








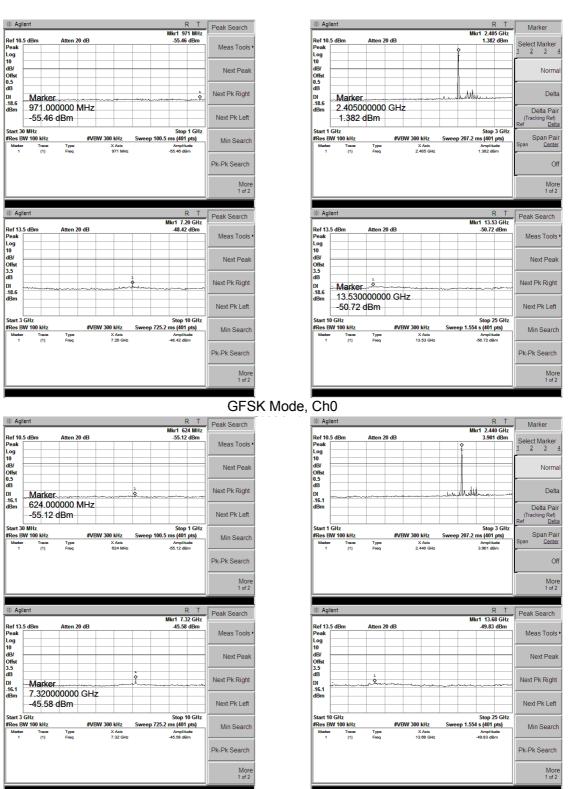
π/4-DQPSK Mode, Hopping



8DPSK Mode, Hopping

·洪 Agil	lent								F	• •	. 1	Mark	er
								Mkr2	2.4835				
Ref 10. Peak Log	5 dBm	. m.	Atten 2	0 dB					-56.35	dBm		ect M 2	larker <u>3</u> 4
10 dB/ Offst 0.5													Norma
dB DI -19.5		rker	~~~	him	min				······				Delta
dBm		7983 .35 c	0000 IBm	GH	z						(Tr Ref		ta Pair 1g Ref) <u>Delta</u>
	V 100 kl			#VE	3W 300	kHz	Si	weep 4	Span 1 ms (401		-	Spi	an Pair
Marker 1		race (1)	Type Freq			(Axis 183 GHz			Amplita 0.534 dE		Span		Center
2	1	(1)	Freq		2.483	50 GHz			-56.35 dB	m			Off
													More 1 of 2

8DPSK Mode, Non-Hopping



# Conducted Spurious Emissions





# Conducted Spurious Emissions

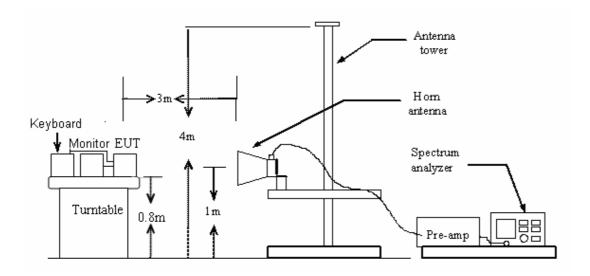
GFSK Mode, Ch78

# 5.10 Restricted Frequency Bands 5.10.1 Test Requirement

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

# 5.10.2 Test Configuration

#### **Test Setup:**



# 5.10.3 Test Procedure:

1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter chamber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.

2. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.

3. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.

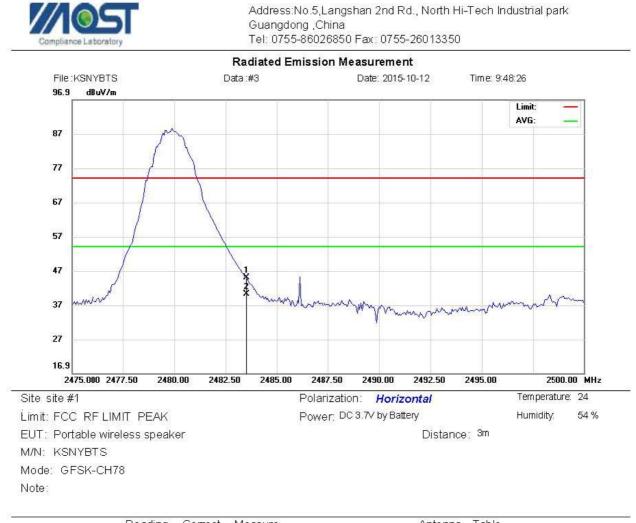
4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.

# 5.10.4 Test Result

Pass

Note: All test modes are performed, only the worst case is recorded in this report.

Please refer the following plots.

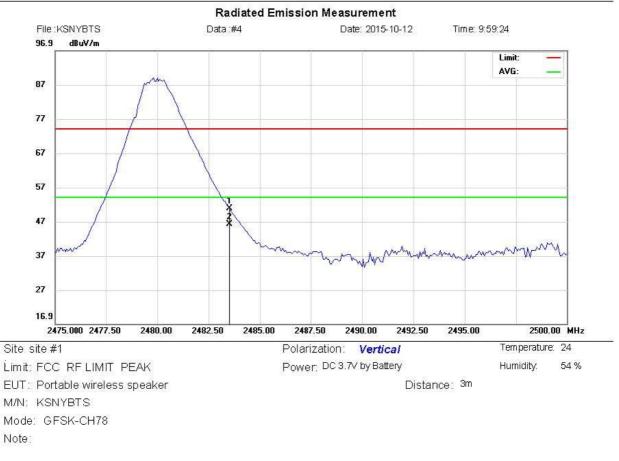


No.	Mk	. Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over		Antenna Height	Table Degree	
		MHz	dBư∨	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	Detector	cm	degree	Comment
1		2483.500	53,38	-8.29	45.09	74.00	-28.91	peak			
2	*	2483.500	48.52	-8.29	40.23	54.00	-13.77	AVG			

\*:Maximum data x:Over limit 1:over margin



Address:No.5,Langshan 2nd Rd., North Hi-Tech Industrial park Guangdong ,China Tel: 0755-86026850 Fax: 0755-26013350

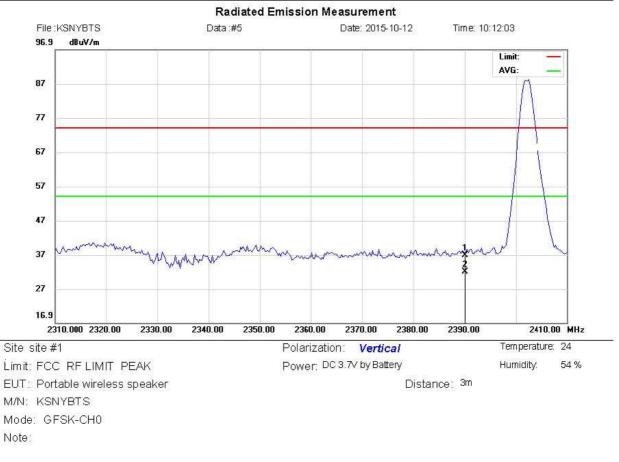


No.	Mk	. Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over		Antenna Height	Table Degree	
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBu∀/m	dBuV/m	dB	Detector	cm	degree	Comment
1		2483.500	59.14	-8.29	50.85	74.00	-23.15	peak			
2	*	2483.500	54.55	-8.29	46.26	54.00	-7.74	AVG			

\*:Maximum data x:Over limit I:over margin



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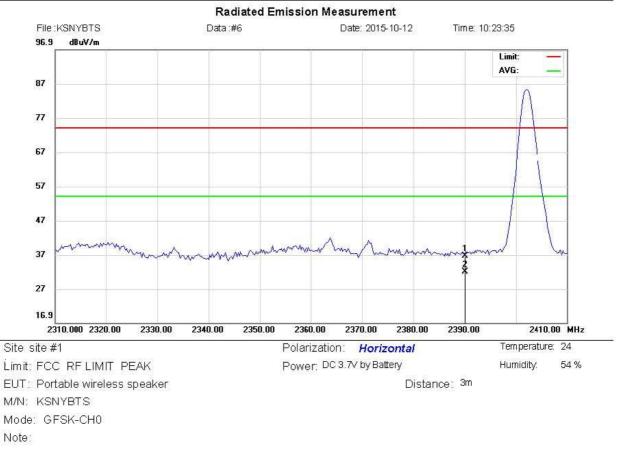


No.	Mk	. Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over		Antenna Height	Table Degree	
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBu∀/m	dBuV/m	dB	Detector	cm	degree	Comment
1		2390.000	45.24	-8.43	36.81	74.00	-37.19	peak			
2	*	2390.000	40.37	-8.43	31.94	54.00	-22.06	AVG			

\*:Maximum data x:Over limit I:over margin



Address:No.5,Langshan 2nd Rd., North Hi-Tech Industrial park Guangdong ,China Tel: 0755-86026850 Fax: 0755-26013350



No.	Mk	. Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over		Antenna Height	Table Degree	
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBu∀/m	dBuV/m	dB	Detector	cm	degree	Comment
1		2390.000	45.10	-8.43	36.67	74.00	-37.33	peak			
2	*	2390.000	40.38	-8.43	31.95	54.00	-22.05	AVG			

\*:Maximum data x:Over limit I:over margin