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# EMC Test Report

# Application for Grant of Equipment Authorization

Industry Canada RSS-Gen Issue 3 / RSS 210 Issue 8 FCC Part 15 Subpart C

# Model: 01-0001

**IC CERTIFICATION #:** 10081A-WSI00106 FCC ID: YZO-00105 APPLICANT: Wireless Seismic, Inc. 13100 Southwest Fwy #150 Sugar Land, TX 77478 TEST SITE(S): National Technical Systems - Silicon Valley 41039 Boyce Road. Fremont, CA. 94538-2435 2845B-4 IC SITE REGISTRATION #: **REPORT DATE:** April 16, 2014 FINAL TEST DATES: March 27 and 28 and April 1, 2014 TOTAL NUMBER OF PAGES: 44

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# **REVISION HISTORY**

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#### SCOPE

An electromagnetic emissions test has been performed on the Wireless Seismic, Inc. model 01-0001, pursuant to the following rules:

Industry Canada RSS-Gen Issue 3 RSS 210 Issue 8 "Low-power Licence-exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment" FCC Part 15 Subpart C

Conducted and radiated emissions data has been collected, reduced, and analyzed within this report in accordance with measurement guidelines set forth in the following reference standards and as outlined in National Technical Systems - Silicon Valley test procedures:

ANSI C63.10-2009 FHSS test procedure DA 00-0705

The intentional radiator above has been tested in a simulated typical installation to demonstrate compliance with the relevant Industry Canada performance and procedural standards.

Final system data was gathered in a mode that tended to maximize emissions by varying orientation of EUT, orientation of power and I/O cabling, antenna search height, and antenna polarization.

Every practical effort was made to perform an impartial test using appropriate test equipment of known calibration. All pertinent factors have been applied to reach the determination of compliance.

#### **OBJECTIVE**

The primary objective of the manufacturer is compliance with the regulations outlined in the previous section.

Prior to marketing in the USA, all unlicensed transmitters and transceivers require certification. Receive-only devices operating between 30 MHz and 960 MHz are subject to either certification or a manufacturer's declaration of conformity, with all other receive-only devices exempt from the technical requirements.

Prior to marketing in Canada, Class I transmitters, receivers and transceivers require certification. Class II devices are required to meet the appropriate technical requirements but are exempt from certification requirements.

Certification is a procedure where the manufacturer submits test data and technical information to a certification body and receives a certificate or grant of equipment authorization upon successful completion of the certification body's review of the submitted documents. Once the equipment authorization has been obtained, the label indicating compliance must be attached to all identical units, which are subsequently manufactured.

Maintenance of compliance is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product which may result in increased emissions should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained (i.e., printed circuit board layout changes, different line filter, different power supply, harnessing or I/O cable changes, etc.).

#### STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The tested sample of Wireless Seismic, Inc. model 01-0001 complied with the requirements of the following regulations:

Industry Canada RSS-Gen Issue 3

RSS 210 Issue 8 "Low-power Licence-exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment" FCC Part 15 Subpart C

Maintenance of compliance is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modifications to the product should be assessed to determine their potential impact on the compliance status of the device with respect to the standards detailed in this test report.

The test results recorded herein are based on a single type test of Wireless Seismic, Inc. model 01-0001 and therefore apply only to the tested sample. The sample was selected and prepared by Bandele Adepoju of Wireless Seismic, Inc.

#### DEVIATIONS FROM THE STANDARDS

No deviations were made from the published requirements listed in the scope of this report.

## TEST RESULTS SUMMARY

FCC Rule Part	RSS Rule Part	Description	Measured Value / Comments	Limit / Requirement	Result
15.247	RSS 210	20dB Bandwidth	5.3 MHz	Channel spacing >	Complies
(a) (1)	A8.1 (1)	Channel Separation	4.0 MHz	2/3rds 20dB BW	Complies
15.247 (a) (1) (ii)	RSS 210 A8.1 (4)	Number of Channels	19	15 or more	Complies
15.247 (a) (1) (ii)	RSS 210 A8.1 (4)	Channel Dwell Time (average time of occupancy)	150ms in any 7.6 seconds	<0.4 second within a period of 0.4 x number of channels	Complies
15.247 (a) (1)	RSS 210 A8.1 (1)	Channel Utilization	All channels are used equally - refer to the operational description for full explanation	All channels shall, on average, be used equally	Complies
15.247 (b) (3)	RSS 210 A8.4 (2)	Output Power	12.9 dBm (0.019 Watts) EIRP = 0.069 W <sup>Note 1</sup>	0.125 Watts (EIRP < 500mW)	Complies
15.247(c)	RSS 210 A8.5	Spurious Emissions – 30MHz – 25GHz	All spurious emissions < -20dBc	< -20dBc	Complies
15.247(c) / 15.209	RSS 210 A8.5 Table 2, 3	Radiated Spurious Emissions 30MHz – 25GHz	65.9 dBµV/m @ 2484.9 MHz (-8.1 dB)	15.207 in restricted bands, all others < -20dBc	Complies
15.247 (a) (1)	RSS 210 A8.1(2)	Receiver bandwidth	Refer to operational description	Shall match the channel bandwidth	Complies
Note 1: EIRP c	alculated using ar	ntenna gain of 5.5 dBi			

## FREQUENCY HOPPING SPREAD SPECTRUM (2400 – 2483.5 MHz, less than 75 channels)

FCC Rule Part	RSS Rule part	Description	Measured Value / Comments	Limit / Requirement	Result (margin)
15.203	-	RF Connector	Standard N Connector – system professionally installed	Unique or integral antenna required	Complies
15.207	RSS GEN Table 4	AC Conducted Emissions	N/A - EUT is battery powered	Refer to page 17	-
15.247 (b) (5) 15.407 (f)	RSS 102	RF Exposure Requirements	Refer to MPE calculations in separate exhibit, RSS 102 declaration and User Manual statements.	Refer to OET 65, FCC Part 1 and RSS 102	Complies
-	RSP 100 RSS GEN 7.1.3	User Manual		Statement required regarding non- interference	Complies
-	RSP 100 RSS GEN 7.1.2	User Manual		Statement for products with detachable antenna	Complies

#### GENERAL REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO ALL BANDS

#### MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

ISO/IEC 17025 requires that an estimate of the measurement uncertainties associated with the emissions test results be included in the report. The measurement uncertainties given below are based on a 95% confidence level and were calculated in accordance with UKAS document LAB 34.

Measurement Type	Measurement Unit	Frequency Range	Expanded Uncertainty
RF power, conducted (power meter)	dBm	25 to 7000 MHz	± 0.52 dB
RF power, conducted (Spectrum analyzer)	dBm	25 to 7000 MHz	± 0.7 dB
Conducted emission of transmitter	dBm	25 to 26500 MHz	± 0.7 dB
Conducted emission of receiver	dBm	25 to 26500 MHz	± 0.7 dB
Radiated emission (substitution method)	dBm	25 to 26500 MHz	± 2.5 dB
Radiated emission (field strength)	dDu\//m	25 to 1000 MHz	± 3.6 dB
Raulateu emission (nelu strength)	dBµV/m	1000 to 40000 MHz	± 6.0 dB
Conducted Emissions (AC Power)	dBµV	0.15 to 30 MHz	± 2.4 dB

### EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) DETAILS

#### GENERAL

The Wireless Seismic, Inc. model 01-0001 is a frequency hopping spread spectrum radio that is for used for seismic surveys. Since the product could be placed in any location during operation, the EUT was treated as tabletop equipment during testing to simulate the end-user environment. The electrical rating of the EUT is 3.7Vdc supplied from 2 batteries.

The sample was received on March 24, 2014 and tested on March 27 and 28 and April 1, 2014. The EUT consisted of the following component(s):

Company	Model	Description	Serial Number	FCC ID
Wireless Seismic, Inc	01-0001	frequency hopping spread spectrum radio	120800000192	YZO-00105

#### ANTENNA SYSTEM

The antenna system consists of 5.5 dBi omni directional antenna

#### ENCLOSURE

The EUT enclosure measures approximately 14.5 cm wide by 23 cm deep by 7.2 cm high. It is primarily constructed of metal.

#### **MODIFICATIONS**

No modifications were made to the EUT during the time the product was at NTS Silicon Valley.

#### SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

The following equipment was used as remote support equipment for emissions testing:

Company	Model	Description	Serial Number	FCC ID
NETGEAR	WPN824 V2	Router	001B2F629C7E	PY305300021
Gateway	ZE7	Laptop	LUWZM0D00120208 50B7614	DoC
Wireless Seismic, Inc	LIU 10-0016	Line Interface Unit	0060500001100	YZO-00600

#### EUT INTERFACE PORTS

EUT					
Port	Connected To	Cable(s)			
FOIL	Connected 10	Description	Shielded or Unshielded	Length(m)	
Data	Sensor	Geophone/Sensor	Unshielded	1.5	

### The I/O cabling configuration during testing was as follows:

Support Equipment					
Port	Connected To	Cable(s)			
T OIL	Connected 10	Description	Shielded or Unshielded	Length(m)	
LIU (Data Port 1)	Router	Data to RJ45 Cable	Unshielded	1.5	
Laptop	Router	RJ45 Cable	Unshielded	1.5	
Laptop	AC Main	AC/DC power Supply	Unshielded	2	
Router	AC Main	AC/DC power Supply	Unshielded	2	
LIU (Power Port)	AC Main	AC/DC power Supply	Unshielded	2	

#### EUT OPERATION

During testing, the EUT was set to transmit continuously on the desired frequency at the maximum power setting for all tests except that hopping was enabled for evaluation of the hopping characteristics and the additional band edge check with hopping enabled.

## TEST SITE

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

Final test measurements were taken at the test sites listed below. Pursuant to section 2.948 of the FCC's Rules and section 3.3 of RSP-100, construction, calibration, and equipment data has been filed with the Commission and with industry Canada.

Site	Designation / Registration Numbers		Location
One	FCC	Canada	Location
Chamber 4	US0027	2845B-4	41039 Boyce Road Fremont, CA 94538-2435

ANSI C63.4 recommends that ambient noise at the test site be at least 6 dB below the allowable limits. Ambient levels are below this requirement. The test site(s) contain separate areas for radiated and conducted emissions testing. Considerable engineering effort has been expended to ensure that the facilities conform to all pertinent requirements of ANSI C63.4.

#### CONDUCTED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS

Conducted emissions testing is performed in conformance with ANSI C63.10. Measurements are made with the EUT connected to the public power network through a nominal, standardized RF impedance, which is provided by a line impedance stabilization network, known as a LISN. A LISN is inserted in series with each current-carrying conductor in the EUT power cord.

#### RADIATED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS

The FCC has determined that radiation measurements made in a shielded enclosure are not suitable for determining levels of radiated emissions. Radiated measurements are performed in an open field environment or in a semi-anechoic chamber. The test sites are maintained free of conductive objects within the CISPR defined elliptical area incorporated in ANSI C63.4 guidelines and meet the Normalized Site Attenuation (NSA) requirements of ANSI C63.4.

#### **MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION**

#### RECEIVER SYSTEM

An EMI receiver as specified in CISPR 16-1-1 is used for emissions measurements. The receivers used can measure over the frequency range of 9 kHz up to 2000 MHz. These receivers allow both ease of measurement and high accuracy to be achieved. The receivers have Peak, Average, and CISPR (Quasi-peak) detectors built into their design so no external adapters are necessary. The receiver automatically sets the required bandwidth for the CISPR detector used during measurements. If the repetition frequency of the signal being measured is below 20Hz, peak measurements are made in lieu of Quasi-Peak measurements.

For measurements above the frequency range of the receivers, a spectrum analyzer is utilized because it provides visibility of the entire spectrum along with the precision and versatility required to support engineering analysis. Average measurements above 1000MHz are performed on the spectrum analyzer using the linear-average method with a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz and a video bandwidth of 10 Hz, unless the signal is pulsed in which case the average (or video) bandwidth of the measuring instrument is reduced to onset of pulse desensitization and then increased.

#### INSTRUMENT CONTROL COMPUTER

The receivers utilize either a Rohde & Schwarz EZM Spectrum Monitor/Controller or contain an internal Spectrum Monitor/Controller to view and convert the receiver measurements to the field strength at an antenna or voltage developed at the LISN measurement port, which is then compared directly with the appropriate specification limit. This provides faster, more accurate readings by performing the conversions described under Sample Calculations within the Test Procedures section of this report. Results are printed in a graphic and/or tabular format, as appropriate. A personal computer is used to record all measurements made with the receivers.

The Spectrum Monitor provides a visual display of the signal being measured. In addition, the controller or a personal computer run automated data collection programs which control the receivers. This provides added accuracy since all site correction factors, such as cable loss and antenna factors are added automatically.

#### LINE IMPEDANCE STABILIZATION NETWORK (LISN)

Line conducted measurements utilize a fifty microhenry Line Impedance Stabilization Network as the monitoring point. The LISN used also contains a 250 uH CISPR adapter. This network provides for calibrated radio frequency noise measurements by the design of the internal low pass and high pass filters on the EUT and measurement ports, respectively.

#### FILTERS/ATTENUATORS

External filters and precision attenuators are often connected between the receiving antenna or LISN and the receiver. This eliminates saturation effects and non-linear operation due to high amplitude transient events.

#### ANTENNAS

A loop antenna is used below 30 MHz. For the measurement range 30 MHz to 1000 MHz either a combination of a biconical antenna and a log periodic or a bi-log antenna is used. Above 1000 MHz, horn antennas are used. The antenna calibration factors to convert the received voltage to an electric field strength are included with appropriate cable loss and amplifier gain factors to determine an overall site factor, which is then programmed into the test receivers or incorporated into the test software.

#### ANTENNA MAST AND EQUIPMENT TURNTABLE

The antennas used to measure the radiated electric field strength are mounted on a nonconductive antenna mast equipped with a motor-drive to vary the antenna height. Measurements below 30 MHz are made with the loop antenna at a fixed height of 1m above the ground plane.

ANSI C63.10 specifies that the test height above ground for table mounted devices shall be 80 centimeters. Floor mounted equipment shall be placed on the ground plane if the device is normally used on a conductive floor or separated from the ground plane by insulating material from 3 to 12 mm if the device is normally used on a non-conductive floor as specified in ANSI C63.4. During radiated measurements, the EUT is positioned on a motorized turntable in conformance with this requirement.

#### INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

All test equipment is regularly checked to ensure that performance is maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications. All antennas are calibrated at regular intervals with respect to tuned half-wave dipoles. An exhibit of this report contains the list of test equipment used and calibration information.

#### **TEST PROCEDURES**

#### EUT AND CABLE PLACEMENT

The regulations require that interconnecting cables be connected to the available ports of the unit and that the placement of the unit and the attached cables simulate the worst case orientation that can be expected from a typical installation, so far as practicable. To this end, the position of the unit and associated cabling is varied within the guidelines of ANSI C63.10, and the worst-case orientation is used for final measurements.

#### CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

Conducted emissions are measured at the plug end of the power cord supplied with the EUT. Excess power cord length is wrapped in a bundle between 30 and 40 centimeters in length near the center of the cord. Preliminary measurements are made to determine the highest amplitude emission relative to the specification limit for all the modes of operation. Placement of system components and varying of cable positions are performed in each mode. A final peak mode scan is then performed in the position and mode for which the highest emission was noted on all current carrying conductors of the power cord.

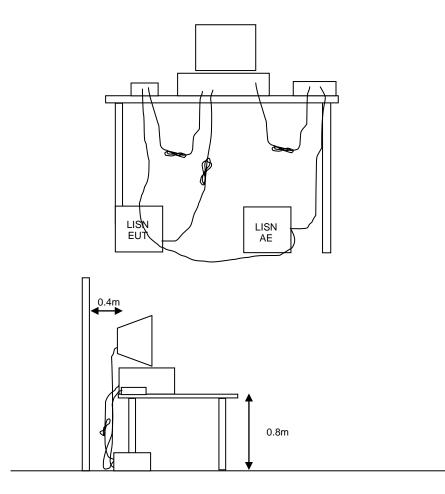


Figure 1 Typical Conducted Emissions Test Configuration

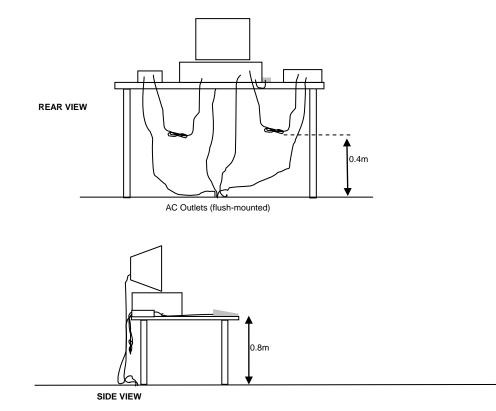
#### RADIATED EMISSIONS

A preliminary scan of the radiated emissions is performed in which all significant EUT frequencies are identified with the system in a nominal configuration. At least two scans are performed, one scan for each antenna polarization (horizontal and vertical; loop parallel and perpendicular to the EUT). During the preliminary scans, the EUT is rotated through 360°, the antenna height is varied (for measurements above 30 MHz) and cable positions are varied to determine the highest emission relative to the limit. Preliminary scans may be performed in a fully anechoic chamber for the purposes of identifying the frequencies of the highest emissions from the EUT.

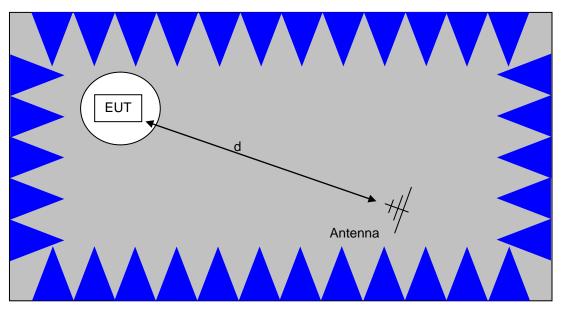
A speaker is provided in the receiver to aid in discriminating between EUT and ambient emissions. Other methods used during the preliminary scan for EUT emissions involve scanning with near field magnetic loops, monitoring I/O cables with RF current clamps, and cycling power to the EUT.

Final maximization is a phase in which the highest amplitude emissions identified in the spectral search are viewed while the EUT azimuth angle is varied from 0 to 360 degrees relative to the receiving antenna. The azimuth, which results in the highest emission is then maintained while varying the antenna height from one to four meters (for measurements above 30 MHz, measurements below 30 MHz are made with the loop antenna at a fixed height of 1m). The result is the identification of the highest amplitude for each of the highest peaks. Each recorded level is corrected in the receiver using appropriate factors for cables, connectors, antennas, and preamplifier gain.

When testing above 18 GHz, the receive antenna is located at 1 meter from the EUT and the antenna height is restricted to a maximum of 2.5 meters.

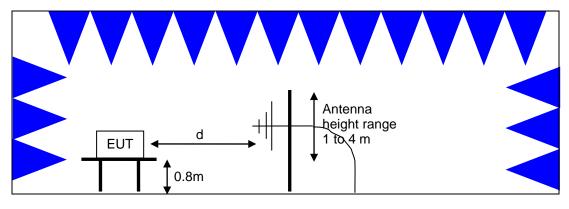


Typical Test Configuration for Radiated Field Strength Measurements



The anechoic materials on the walls and ceiling ensure compliance with the normalized site attenuation requirements of CISPR 16 / CISPR 22 / ANSI C63.4 for an alternate test site at the measurement distances used.

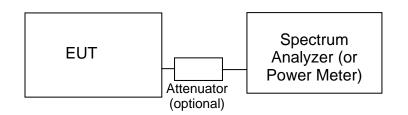
Floor-standing equipment is placed on the floor with insulating supports between the unit and the ground plane.



<u>Test Configuration for Radiated Field Strength Measurements</u> <u>Semi-Anechoic Chamber, Plan and Side Views</u>

#### CONDUCTED EMISSIONS FROM ANTENNA PORT

Direct measurements of power, bandwidth and power spectral density are performed, where possible, with the antenna port of the EUT connected to either the power meter or spectrum analyzer via a suitable attenuator and/or filter. These are used to ensure that the front end of the measurement instrument is not overloaded by the fundamental transmission.



#### Test Configuration for Antenna Port Measurements

Measurement bandwidths (video and resolution) are set in accordance with the relevant standards and NTS Silicon Valley's test procedures for the type of radio being tested. When power measurements are made using a resolution bandwidth less than the signal bandwidth the power is calculated by summing the power across the signal bandwidth using either the analyzer channel power function or by capturing the trace data and calculating the power using software. In both cases the summed power is corrected to account for the equivalent noise bandwidth (ENBW) of the resolution bandwidth used.

If power averaging is used (typically for certain digital modulation techniques), the EUT is configured to transmit continuously. Power averaging is performed using either the built-in function of the analyzer or, if the analyzer does not feature power averaging, using external software. In both cases the average power is calculated over a number of sweeps (typically 100). When the EUT cannot be configured to continuously transmit then either the analyzer is configured to perform a gated sweep to ensure that the power is averaged over periods that the device is transmitting or power averaging is disabled and a max-hold feature is used.

If a power meter is used to make output power measurements the sensor head type (peak or average) is stated in the test data table.

#### **BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENTS**

The 6dB, 20dB, 26dB and/or 99% signal bandwidth are measured using the bandwidths recommended by ANSI C63.10 and RSS GEN.

#### SPECIFICATION LIMITS AND SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

The limits for conducted emissions are given in units of microvolts, and the limits for radiated emissions are given in units of microvolts per meter at a specified test distance. Data is measured in the logarithmic form of decibels relative to one microvolt, or dB microvolts (dBuV). For radiated emissions, the measured data is converted to the field strength at the antenna in dB microvolts per meter (dBuV/m). The results are then converted to the linear forms of uV and uV/m for comparison to published specifications.

For reference, converting the specification limits from linear to decibel form is accomplished by taking the base ten logarithm, then multiplying by 20. These limits in both linear and logarithmic form are as follows:

#### CONDUCTED EMISSIONS SPECIFICATION LIMITS: FCC 15.207; FCC 15.107(a), RSS GEN

The table below shows the limits for the emissions on the AC power line from an intentional radiator and a receiver.

Frequency (MHz)	Average Limit (dBuV)	Quasi Peak Limit (dBuV)
0.150 to 0.500	Linear decrease on logarithmic frequency axis between 56.0 and 46.0	Linear decrease on logarithmic frequency axis between 66.0 and 56.0
0.500 to 5.000	46.0	56.0
5.000 to 30.000	50.0	60.0

#### GENERAL TRANSMITTER RADIATED EMISSIONS SPECIFICATION LIMITS

The table below shows the limits for the spurious emissions from transmitters that fall in restricted bands<sup>1</sup> (with the exception of transmitters operating under FCC Part 15 Subpart D and RSS 210 Annex 9), the limits for all emissions from a low power device operating under the general rules of RSS 310 (tables 3 and 4), RSS 210 (table 2) and FCC Part 15 Subpart C section 15.209.

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limit (uV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m @ 3m)
0.009-0.490	2400/F <sub>KHz</sub> @ 300m	67.6-20*log <sub>10</sub> (F <sub>KHz</sub> ) @ 300m
0.490-1.705	24000/F <sub>KHz</sub> @ 30m	87.6-20*log <sub>10</sub> (F <sub>KHz</sub> ) @ 30m
1.705 to 30	30 @ 30m	29.5 @ 30m
30 to 88	100 @ 3m	40 @ 3m
88 to 216	150 @ 3m	43.5 @ 3m
216 to 960	200 @ 3m	46.0 @ 3m
Above 960	500 @ 3m	54.0 @ 3m

#### **RECEIVER RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS SPECIFICATION LIMITS**

The table below shows the limits for the spurious emissions from receivers as detailed in FCC Part 15.109, RSS 210 Table 2, RSS GEN Table 1 and RSS 310 Table 3. Note that receivers operating outside of the frequency range 30 MHz – 960 MHz are exempt from the requirements of 15.109.

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limit (uV/m @ 3m)	Limit (dBuV/m @ 3m)
30 to 88	100	40
88 to 216	150	43.5
216 to 960	200	46.0
Above 960	500	54.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The restricted bands are detailed in FCC 15.203, RSS 210 Table 1 and RSS 310 Table 2

#### **OUTPUT POWER LIMITS – FHSS SYSTEMS**

The table below shows the limits for output power based on the number of channels available for the hopping system.

Operating Frequency (MHz)	Number of Channels	Output Power
902 – 928	≥ 50	1 Watt (30 dBm)
902 – 928	25 to 49	0.25 Watts (24 dBm)
2400 – 2483.5	≥ 75	1 Watt (30 dBm)
2400 - 2483.5	< 75	0.125 Watts (21 dBm)
5725 – 5850	75	1 Watt (30 dBm)

The maximum permitted output power is reduced by 1dB for every dB the antenna gain exceeds 6dBi. Fixed point-to-point applications using the 5725 - 5850 MHz band are not subject to this restriction.

#### TRANSMIT MODE SPURIOUS RADIATED EMISSIONS LIMITS – FHSS and DTS SYSTEMS

The limits for unwanted (spurious) emissions from the transmitter falling in the restricted bands are those specified in the general limits sections of FCC Part 15 and RSS 210. All other unwanted (spurious) emissions shall be at least 20dB below the level of the highest in-band signal level (30dB if the power is measured using the sample detector/power averaging method).

#### SAMPLE CALCULATIONS - CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

Receiver readings are compared directly to the conducted emissions specification limit (decibel form) as follows:

$$R_r - S = M$$

where:

 $R_r =$ Receiver Reading in dBuV

S = Specification Limit in dBuV

M = Margin to Specification in +/- dB

#### SAMPLE CALCULATIONS - FIELD STRENGTH TO EIRP CONVERSION

Where the radiated electric field strength is expressed in terms of the equivalent isotropic radiated power (eirp), or where a field strength measurement of output power is made in lieu of a direct measurement, the following formula is used to convert between eirp and field strength at a distance of d (meters) from the equipment under test:

 $E = 1000000 \sqrt{30 P}$  microvolts per meter

ł

where P is the eirp (Watts)

For a measurement at 3m the conversion from a logarithmic value for field strength (dBuV/m) to an eirp power (dBm) is -95.3dB.

#### SAMPLE CALCULATIONS - RADIATED EMISSIONS

Receiver readings are compared directly to the specification limit (decibel form). The receiver internally corrects for cable loss, preamplifier gain, and antenna factor. The calculations are in the reverse direction of the actual signal flow, thus cable loss is added and the amplifier gain is subtracted. The Antenna Factor converts the voltage at the antenna coaxial connector to the field strength at the antenna elements.

A distance factor, when used for electric field measurements above 30MHz, is calculated by using the following formula:

$$F_d = 20*LOG_{10} (D_m/D_s)$$

where:

 $F_d$  = Distance Factor in dB  $D_m$  = Measurement Distance in meters  $D_s$  = Specification Distance in meters

For electric field measurements below 30MHz the extrapolation factor is either determined by making measurements at multiple distances or a theoretical value is calculated using the formula:

$$F_d = 40*LOG_{10} (D_m/D_s)$$

Measurement Distance is the distance at which the measurements were taken and Specification Distance is the distance at which the specification limits are based. The antenna factor converts the voltage at the antenna coaxial connector to the field strength at the antenna elements.

The margin of a given emission peak relative to the limit is calculated as follows:

$$R_c = R_r + F_d$$

and

 $M = R_c - L_s$ 

where:

 $R_r$  = Receiver Reading in dBuV/m

 $F_d$  = Distance Factor in dB

 $R_c$  = Corrected Reading in dBuV/m

- $L_S$  = Specification Limit in dBuV/m
- M = Margin in dB Relative to Spec

Manufacturer Padiated Emissions	<u>Description</u> 1,000 - 18,000 MHz, 24-Mar-14	Model	<u>Asset #</u>	Cal Due
EMCO	Antenna, Horn, 1-18GHz	3115	868	6/19/2014
Rohde & Schwarz Hewlett Packard	EMI Test Receiver, 20 Hz-7 GHz Microwave Preamplifier, 1- 26.5GHz	ESIB7 8449B	1630 2199	6/22/2014 2/20/2015
Micro-Tronics	Band Reject Filter, 2400-2500 MHz	BRM50702-02	2238	9/18/2014
Hewlett Packard	SpecAn 9 kHz - 40 GHz, (SA40) Purple	8564E (84125C)	2415	2/27/2015
	1,000 - 18,000 MHz, 24-Mar-14			
EMCO Rohde & Schwarz	Antenna, Horn, 1-18GHz EMI Test Receiver, 20 Hz-7 GHz	3115 ESIB7	868 1630	6/19/2014 6/22/2014
Hewlett Packard	Microwave Preamplifier, 1- 26.5GHz	8449B	2199	2/20/2015
Micro-Tronics	Band Reject Filter, 2400-2500 MHz	BRM50702-02	2238	9/18/2014
Hewlett Packard	SpecAn 9 kHz - 40 GHz, (SA40) Purple	8564E (84125C)	2415	2/27/2015
Hewlett Packard	High Pass filter, 8.2 GHz (Red System)	P/N 84300-80039 (84125C)	1152	8/2/2014
	30 - 1,000 MHz, 24-Mar-14			
Rohde & Schwarz Sunol Sciences	EMI Test Receiver, 20 Hz-7 GHz Biconilog, 30-3000 MHz	ESIB7 JB3	1630 2237	6/22/2014 8/23/2014
Micro-Tronics	Biconnog, 30-3000 Min2 Band Reject Filter, 2400-2500 MHz	BRM50702-02	2238	9/18/2014
Hewlett Packard	9KHz-1300MHz pre-amp	8447F	2777	3/5/2015
	30 - 1,000 MHz, 25-Mar-14			_ / /
Rohde & Schwarz Sunol Sciences	EMI Test Receiver, 20 Hz-7 GHz Biconilog, 30-3000 MHz	ESIB7 JB3	1630 2237	6/22/2014 8/23/2014
Micro-Tronics	Band Reject Filter, 2400-2500 MHz	BRM50702-02	2238	9/18/2014
Hewlett Packard	9KHz-1300MHz pre-amp	8447F	2777	3/5/2015
	30 - 26,500 MHz, 27-Mar-14			
Rohde & Schwarz Rohde & Schwarz	Power Meter, Single Channel Power Sensor 100 uW - 2 Watts	NRVS NRV-Z32	1422 1423	1/24/2015 9/17/2014
	use with 20dB attenuator sn:1031.6959.00 only		1425	5/17/2014
Rohde & Schwarz	Signal Analyzer 20 Hz - 26.5 GHz	FSQ26	2327	4/25/2014
Radiated Emissions,	30 - 18,000 MHz, 28-Mar-14			
EMCO	Antenna, Horn, 1-18 GHz	3115	487	7/19/2014
Sunol Sciences Rohde & Schwarz	Biconilog, 30-3000 MHz EMI Test Receiver, 20 Hz-7 GHz	JB3 ESIB7	1548 1756	8/9/2014 6/8/2014
Hewlett Packard	Microwave Preamplifier, 1- 26.5GHz	8449B	2199	2/20/2015
Micro-Tronics	Band Reject Filter, 2400-2500 MHz	BRM50702-02	2249	10/3/2014
Hewlett Packard	SpecAn 9 kHz - 40 GHz, (SA40) Purple	8564E (84125C)	2415	2/27/2015
Com-Power	Preamplifier, 1-1000 MHz	PAM-103	2885	11/1/2014

# Appendix A Test Equipment Calibration Data

Test Report Report Date: April 16, 2014

			Report Date: Ap	oril 16, 2014
<b>Manufacturer</b>	Description	<u>Model</u>	<u>Asset #</u>	<u>Cal Due</u>
-	, 30 - 6,500 MHz, 01-Apr-14			- / / / .
EMCO	Antenna, Horn, 1-18 GHz (SA40-Red)	3115	1142	8/23/2014
Rohde & Schwarz	ÈMI Test Receiver, 20 Hz-7 GHz	ESIB7	1756	6/8/2014

# Appendix B Test Data

T94651 Pages 24 to 43



# EMC Test Data

Client:	Wireless Seismic, Inc.	Job Number:	J94578
Product	01-0001	T-Log Number:	T94651
		Project Manager:	Deepa Shetty
Contact:	Bandele Adepoju	Project Coordinator:	-
Emissions Standard(s):	FCC 15.247 / RSS-210	Class:	-
Immunity Standard(s):	-	Environment:	-

# **EMC** Test Data

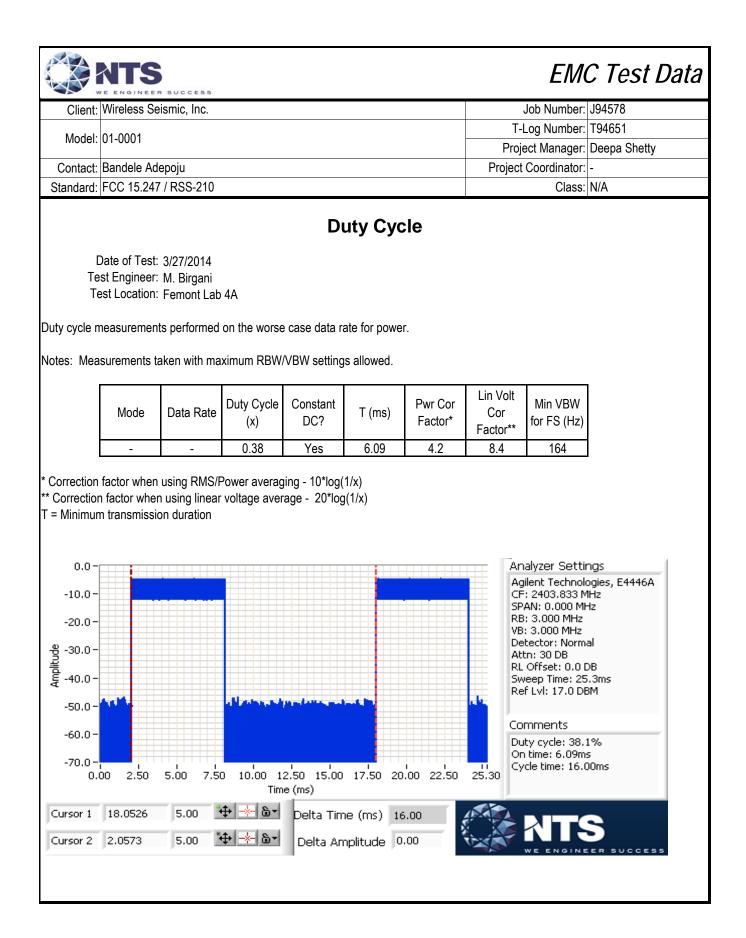
For The

# Wireless Seismic, Inc.

Product

# 01-0001

Date of Last Test: 3/28/2014



# EMC Test Data

N N	E ENGINEER SUCCESS		
Client:	Wireless Seismic, Inc.	Job Number:	J94578
Madal	01-0001	T-Log Number:	T94651
woder.		Project Manager:	Deepa Shetty
Contact:	Bandele Adepoju	Project Coordinator:	-
Standard:	FCC 15.247 / RSS-210	Class:	N/A

# RSS 210 and FCC 15.247 (DTS) Radiated Spurious Emissions

### Test Specific Details

Objective: The objective of this test session is to perform final qualification testing of the EUT with respect to the specification listed above.

#### General Test Configuration

NTS

The EUT and all local support equipment were located on the turntable for radiated spurious emissions testing. For radiated emissions testing the measurement antenna was located 3 meters from the EUT, unless otherwise noted.

		3/28/2014	4/1/2014
Ambient Conditions:	Temperature:	24 °C	20 °C
	Rel. Humidity:	43 %	41 %

#### Summary of Results - Device Operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz Band

Run #	Mode	Channel	Power Setting	Measured Power	Test Performed	Limit	Result / Margin
1a		2403 MHz	9	12.5	Restricted Band Edge (2390 MHz)	FCC Part 15.209 / 15.247( c)	60.7 dBµV/m @ 2364.9 MHz (-13.3 dB)
la	-	2403 10172	9	12.5	Radiated Emissions, 1 - 26 GHz	FCC Part 15.209 / 15.247( c)	44.6 dBµV/m @ 10624.1 MHz (-9.4 dB)
1b	-	2439 MHz	9	12.9	Radiated Emissions, 30-26000MHz	FCC Part 15.209 / 15.247( c)	44.8 dBµV/m @ 10741.0 MHz (-9.2 dB)
1c	_	2475 MHz	9	12.8	Restricted Band Edge (2483.5 MHz)	FCC Part 15.209 / 15.247( c)	65.9 dBµV/m @ 2484.9 MHz (-8.1 dB)
	-	247510112	9	12.8	Radiated Emissions, 1 - 26 GHz	FCC Part 15.209 / 15.247( c)	44.8 dBµV/m @ 10673.7 MHz (-9.2 dB)

## Modifications Made During Testing

No modifications were made to the EUT during testing

#### **Deviations From The Standard**

No deviations were made from the requirements of the standard.



# EMC Test Data

N N	E ENGINEER SUCCESS		
Client:	Wireless Seismic, Inc.	Job Number:	J94578
Model	01-0001	T-Log Number:	T94651
MOUEI.	01-0001	Project Manager:	Deepa Shetty
Contact:	Bandele Adepoju	Project Coordinator:	-
Standard:	FCC 15.247 / RSS-210	Class:	N/A
		Project Coordinator:	-

#### Procedure Comments:

Measurements performed in accordance with FCC KDB 558074

Peak measurements performed with: RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz, peak detector, max hold, auto sweep time

Unless otherwise stated/noted, emission has duty cycle ≥ 98% and was measured using RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz, peak detector, linear average mode, auto sweep time, max hold.

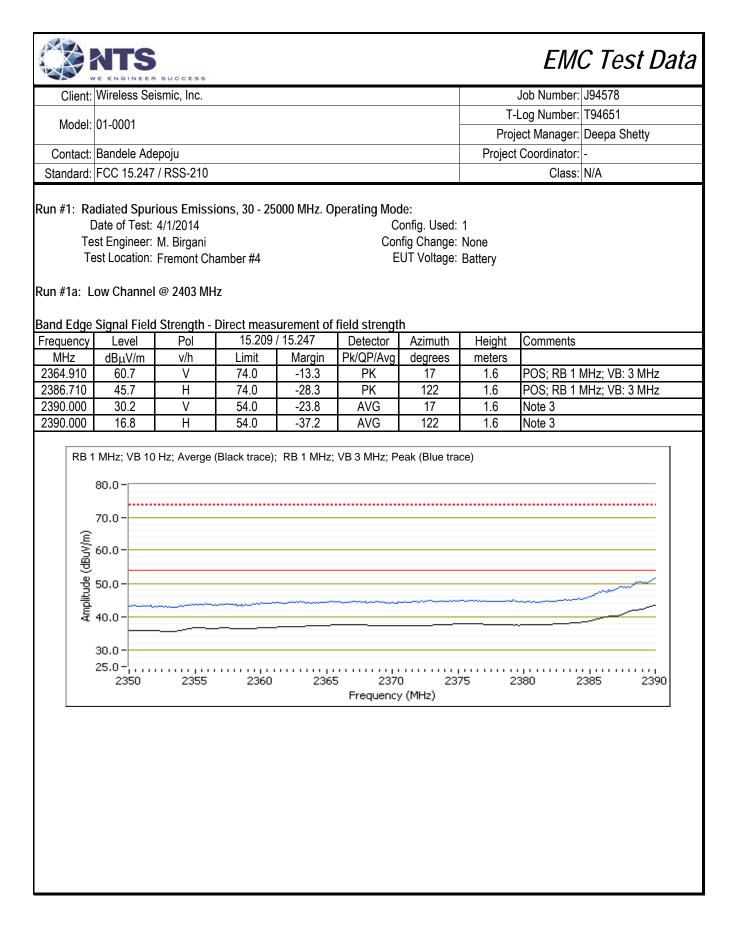
Mode	Data Rate	Duty Cycle (x)	Constant DC?	T (ms)	Pwr Cor Factor*	Lin Volt Cor Factor**	Min VBW for FS (Hz)
-	-	0.38	Yes	6.09	4.2	8.4	164

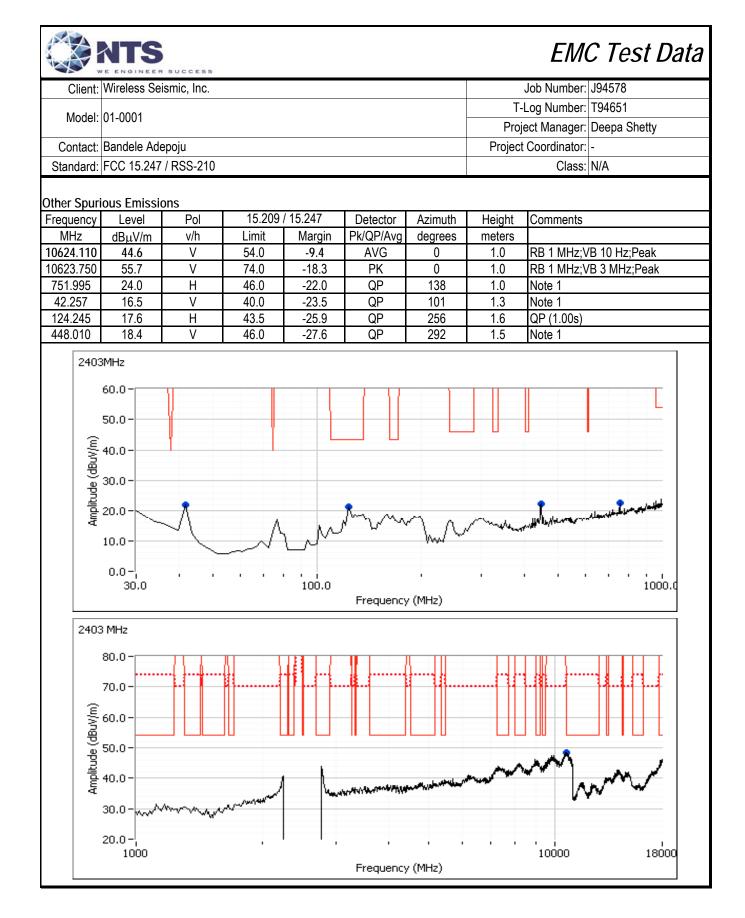
Sample Notes

Sample S/N: 0120800000154 - w/o Ferrite Driver: 2.40 b16 Antenna: 5.5dBi omni

## Measurement Specific Notes:

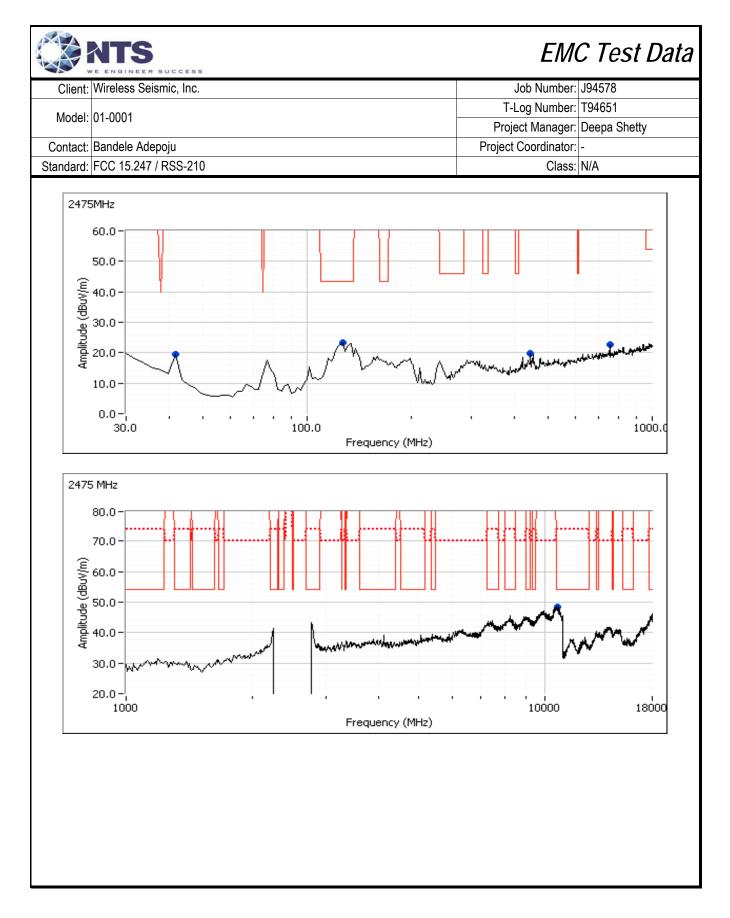
Note 1:	Emission in non-restricted band, but limit of 15.209 used.
Note 2:	Emission in non-restricted band, the limit was set 30dB below the level of the fundamental and measured in 100kHz.
Note 2:	Emission has duty cycle ≥ 98%, average measurement performed: RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz, RMS, Power averaging, auto
Note 2.	sweep, trace average 100 traces
	Emission has duty cycle < 98%, but constant, average measurement performed: RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz, peak detector,
Note 3:	linear averaging, auto sweep, trace average 100 traces, measurement corrected by Linear Voltage correction factor. The
	hopping sequence allows a 24.4 dB reduction in the average value (20*log(6/100).
Note 4:	Emission has duty cycle < 98% and is NOT constant, average measurement performed: RBW=1MHz, VBW> 1/T, peak
NOLE 4.	detector, linear average mode, sweep time auto, max hold. Max hold for 50*(1/DC) traces
Note 5:	Emission has duty cycle < 98%, but constant, average measurement performed: RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz, RMS, Power
Note 5.	averaging, auto sweep, trace average 100 traces, measurement corrected by Pwr correction factor
Note 6:	Plots of the average and peak bandedge do not account for any duty cycle correction. Refer to the tabluar results for final
Note 0.	measurements.
Note:	Scans made between 18 - 26 GHz with the measurement antenna moved around the card and its antennas 20-50cm from
NOLE.	the device indicated there were no significant emissions in this frequency range
l	





	WE ENGINEER	SUCCESS				I			104570
Client:	Wireless Seis	smic, Inc.						Job Number:	
Model:	01-0001					-		Log Number:	
									Deepa Shetty
	Bandele Ade						Project	Coordinator:	
Standard:	FCC 15.247	RSS-210						Class:	N/A
	Center Chann			45.047		A : (1			
requency		Pol	15.209 /		Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments	
MHz 0740.950	dBμV/m 44.8	v/h H	Limit 54.0	Margin -9.2	Pk/QP/Avg AVG	degrees 59	meters 1.3		/B 10 Hz;Peak
0740.950		п Н	54.0 74.0	-9.2 -18.4	PK	59 59	1.3		/B 3 MHz;Peak
751.995	24.2	H	46.0	-21.8	QP	143	1.0	Note 1	
42.400	16.6	V	40.0	-23.4	QP	168	1.0	Note 1	
448.010	22.1	V	46.0	-23.9	QP	11	1.5	Note 1	
128.998	16.2	Н	43.5	-27.3	QP	276	2.0	QP (1.00s)	
litude (dBuV/m)	40.0-	Υ •	1		U			u I	9
Amplitude (dBuV/m)	40.0 - 30.0 - 20.0 - 10.0 - 0.0 - 30.0				Frequency	/ (MHz)			iooo.c
	10.0 - 0.0 - 30.0				Frequency	/	, ,		
2439	10.0 - 0.0 - 30.0 9 MHz		I 	 	Frequency	/ (MHz)	, <sup>Mana</sup> ana (1997) ,		
2439	10.0 - 0.0 - 30.0			100.0	Frequency	/ (MHz)	,		
2439	10.0 - 0.0 - 30.0 9 MHz			'100.0	Frequency	/ (MHz)	·		
2439	10.0 - 0.0 - 30.0 9 MHz 80.0 - 70.0 -			'100.0	Frequency	/ (MHz)			
2439	10.0 - 0.0 - 30.0 9 MHz 80.0 - 70.0 -			'100.0	Frequency	/ (MHz)			
2439 (m//m)	10.0 - 0.0 - 30.0 9 MHz 80.0 - 70.0 - 60.0 - 50.0 -			100.0	Frequency	/ (MHz)			
2439 (m//m)	10.0 - 0.0 - 30.0 9 MHz 80.0 - 70.0 -			100.0		(MHz)			

Client:	Wireless Se	ismic, Inc.						Job Number:	J94578
							T-Log Number: T946		T94651
Model:	01-0001					Proj	ect Manager:	Deepa Shetty	
Contact:	Bandele Ad	epoju					Project	t Coordinator:	-
Standard:	ard: FCC 15.247 / RSS-210						Class:	N/A	
un #1c: H	igh Channe	@ 2475 MH	z						
					field strengt				
requency	Level	Pol		/ 15.247	Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments	
MHz 2484.920	dBµV/m 65.9	v/h V	Limit 74.0	Margin -8.1	Pk/QP/Avg PK	degrees 148	meters 1.5		MHz; VB: 3 MHz
2490.210	48.3	V H	74.0	-0.1	PK	140	1.5		MHz; VB: 3 MHz
2483.530	34.4	V	54.0	-19.6	AVG	148	1.5	Note 3	
2483.530	18.7	H	54.0	-35.3	AVG	139	1.4	Note 3	
Amplitude (dBuV/m)	70.0 - 60.0 - 50.0 - 40.0 -	~	~~ <u>~</u> ~~		vu-~~vb~~~			www.	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
Amplitude (dBuV/m)	60.0 - 50.0 - 40.0 - 30.0 -					2.0 249			
	60.0	2486	.0 2488	····	0.0 249	2.0 249			
ther Spur requency MHz	60.0 - 50.0 - 40.0 - 30.0 - 25.0 - 2483.5 ious Emissi Level dBμV/m	ons Pol v/h	.0 2488 15.209 Limit		0.0 249 Frequency Detector	2.0 249 7 (MHz) Azimuth degrees		496.0 24	98.0 2500
her Spur requency MHz 0673.710	60.0 - 50.0 - 40.0 - 25.0 - 25.0 - 2483.5 ious Emissi Level dBµV/m 44.8	ons Pol Vh	.0 2488 15.209 Limit 54.0		0.0 249 Frequency Detector Pk/QP/Avg AVG	2.0 249 7 (MHz) Azimuth degrees 312	Height 2.5	Comments	198.0 2500 B 10 Hz;Peak
her Spur equency MHz 1673.710 1673.730	60.0 - 50.0 - 40.0 - 30.0 - 25.0 - 2483.5 ious Emissi Level dBμV/m 44.8 55.9	ons Pol Vh V	15.209 Limit 54.0 74.0		0.0 249 Frequency Detector Pk/QP/Avg AVG PK	Azimuth degrees 312 312	Height meters 2.5 2.5	Comments RB 1 MHz;V RB 1 MHz;V	98.0 2500
ner Spur equency MHz 673.710 673.730 42.257	60.0 - 50.0 - 40.0 - 30.0 - 25.0 - 2483.5 ious Emissi Level dBμV/m 44.8 55.9 16.7	ons Pol Vh V V	15.209 Limit 54.0 74.0 40.0	/ 15.247 Margin -9.2 -18.1 -23.3	0.0 249 Frequency Detector Pk/QP/Avg AVG PK QP	Azimuth degrees 312 92	Height meters 2.5 2.5 2.3	Comments RB 1 MHz;V RB 1 MHz;V Note 1	198.0 2500 B 10 Hz;Peak
ner Spur equency MHz 673.710 673.730 42.257 51.995	60.0 - 50.0 - 40.0 - 30.0 - 25.0 - 2483.5 ious Emissi Level dBμV/m 44.8 55.9 16.7 22.3	ons 2486 Vh V V V V H	15.209 Limit 54.0 74.0 40.0 46.0	/ 15.247 Margin -9.2 -18.1 -23.3 -23.7	Detector Pk/QP/Avg QP QP	Azimuth degrees 312 92 0	Height meters 2.5 2.5 2.3 1.1	Comments RB 1 MHz;V RB 1 MHz;V Note 1 Note 1	198.0 2500 B 10 Hz;Peak
ner Spur equency MHz 673.710 673.730 42.257 51.995 27.256	60.0 - 50.0 - 40.0 - 30.0 - 25.0 - 2483.5 ious Emissi Level dBμV/m 44.8 55.9 16.7 22.3 16.1	ons Pol V/h V V V V H H	15.209 Limit 54.0 74.0 40.0 46.0 43.5	/ 15.247 Margin -9.2 -18.1 -23.3 -23.7 -27.4	0.0 249 Frequency Pk/QP/Avg AVG PK QP QP QP	Azimuth degrees 312 92 0 300	Height meters 2.5 2.3 1.1 1.2	Comments RB 1 MHz;V RB 1 MHz;V Note 1 Note 1 QP (1.00s)	198.0 2500 B 10 Hz;Peak
ner Spur equency MHz 673.710 673.730 42.257	60.0 - 50.0 - 40.0 - 30.0 - 25.0 - 2483.5 ious Emissi Level dBμV/m 44.8 55.9 16.7 22.3	ons 2486 Vh V V V V H	15.209 Limit 54.0 74.0 40.0 46.0	/ 15.247 Margin -9.2 -18.1 -23.3 -23.7	Detector Pk/QP/Avg QP QP	Azimuth degrees 312 92 0	Height meters 2.5 2.5 2.3 1.1	Comments RB 1 MHz;V RB 1 MHz;V Note 1 Note 1	198.0 2500 B 10 Hz;Peak



Client:	Wireless Seismic, Inc.	Job Number:	J94578
Madal	Model: 01-0001 T-Log Number: 7	T94651	
wouer.	01-0001	Project Manager:	Deepa Shetty
Contact:	Bandele Adepoju	Project Coordinator:	-
Standard:	FCC 15.247 / RSS-210	Class:	N/A

# FCC 15.247 FHSS - Power, Bandwidth and Spurious Emissions

#### Test Specific Details

Objective: The objective of this test session is to perform final qualification testing of the EUT with respect to the specification listed above.

Config. Used: 1 Config Change: 1

EUT Voltage: 3.7V

Date of Test: 3/27/2014 Test Engineer: M. Birgani Test Location: Femont Lab 4A

### General Test Configuration

The EUT and all local support equipment were located on the turntable for radiated spurious emissions testing.

For radiated emissions testing the measurement antenna was located 3 meters from the EUT.

When measuring the conducted emissions from the EUT's antenna port, the antenna port of the EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer or power meter via a suitable attenuator to prevent overloading the measurement system. All measurements are corrected to allow for the external attenuators used. (See block diagram below)

Unless stated otherwise the EUT was operating such that it constantly hopped on either the low, center or high channels.

Ambient Conditions:	Temperature:	18-20 °C
	Rel. Humidity:	30-35 %

#### Summary of Results

Run # Test Performed		Limit	Pass / Fail	Result / Margin	
1	30 - 25000 MHz - Transmitter	FCC Part 15.247( c)	Pass	All signals were below 20dBc margin	
	Conducted Spurious Emissions		1 400		
2	Output Power	15.247(b)	Pass	12.9 dBm ( 0.019 W)	
3	20dB Bandwidth	15.247(a)	Pass	5.3 MHz	
3	Channel Occupancy	15.247(a)	Pass	150 ms in any 7.6 s period	
3	Number of Channels	15.247(a)	Pass	19	

#### Modifications Made During Testing:

No modifications were made to the EUT during testing

#### Deviations From The Standard

No deviations were made from the requirements of the standard.

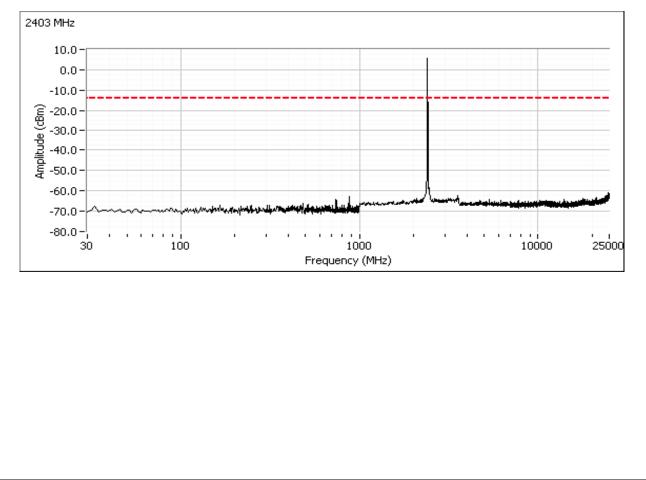
	NTS WE ENGINEER SUCCESS	EMO	EMC Test Data			
Client:	Wireless Seismic, Inc.	Job Number:	J94578			
Madal	01 0001	T-Log Number:	T94651			
Model.	: 01-0001	Project Manager:	Deepa Shetty			
Contact:	Bandele Adepoju	Project Coordinator:	-			
Standard:	FCC 15.247 / RSS-210	Class:	N/A			
Sample N	<b>lotes</b> Sample S/N: 0120800000157 Driver: 2.40 b16					

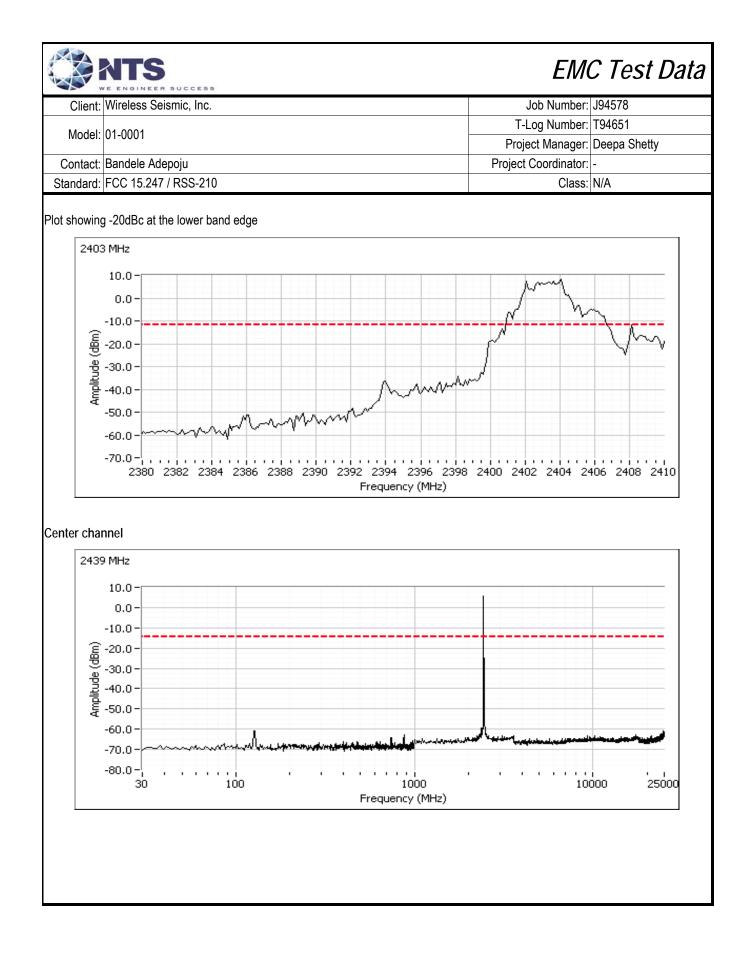
Antenna: 5.5 dBi

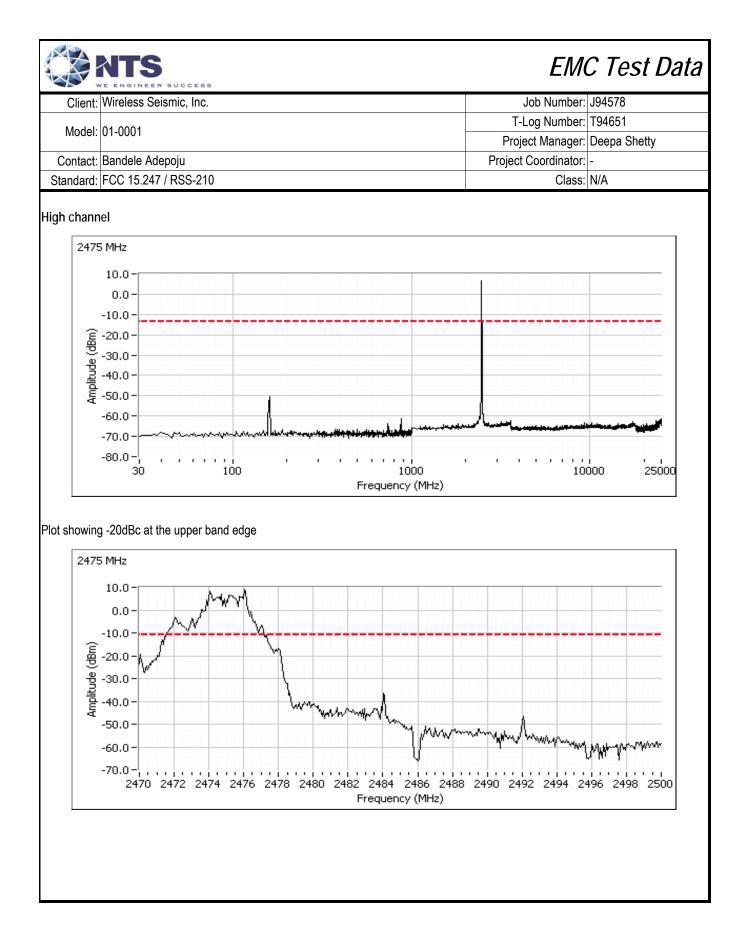
Run #1: Antenna Conducted Spurious Emissions, 30 - 25000 MHz.

Refer to plots below. Scans made using RBW=100kHz/VBW=300kHz with the limit line set at 20dB below the highest in-band signal level with the hopping feature disabled.

Low channel





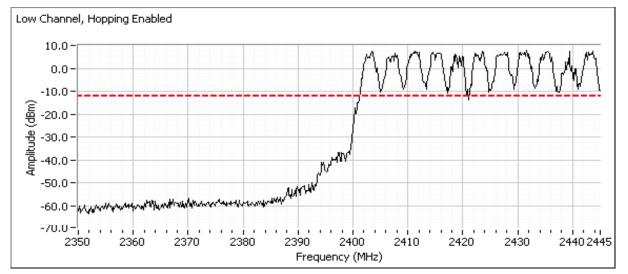


	NTS	EM	EMC Test Data			
Client:	Wireless Seismic, Inc.	Job Number:	J94578			
Madal	01-0001	T-Log Number:	T94651			
	01-0001	Project Manager:	Deepa Shetty			
Contact:	Bandele Adepoju	Project Coordinator:	-			
Standard:	FCC 15.247 / RSS-210	Class:	N/A			

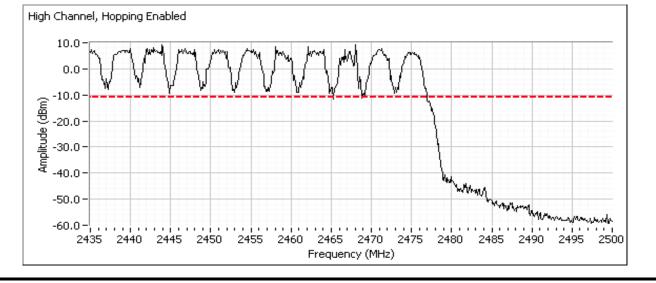
Refer to plots below. Scans made using RBW=100kHz/VBW=300kHz with the limit line set at 20dB below the highest in-band signal level with the hopping feature enabled to show compliance with the -20dBc requirement at the allocated band edge. The spectrum analyzer is left in max hold mode until the trace stabilizes.

## Low channel, hopping enabled

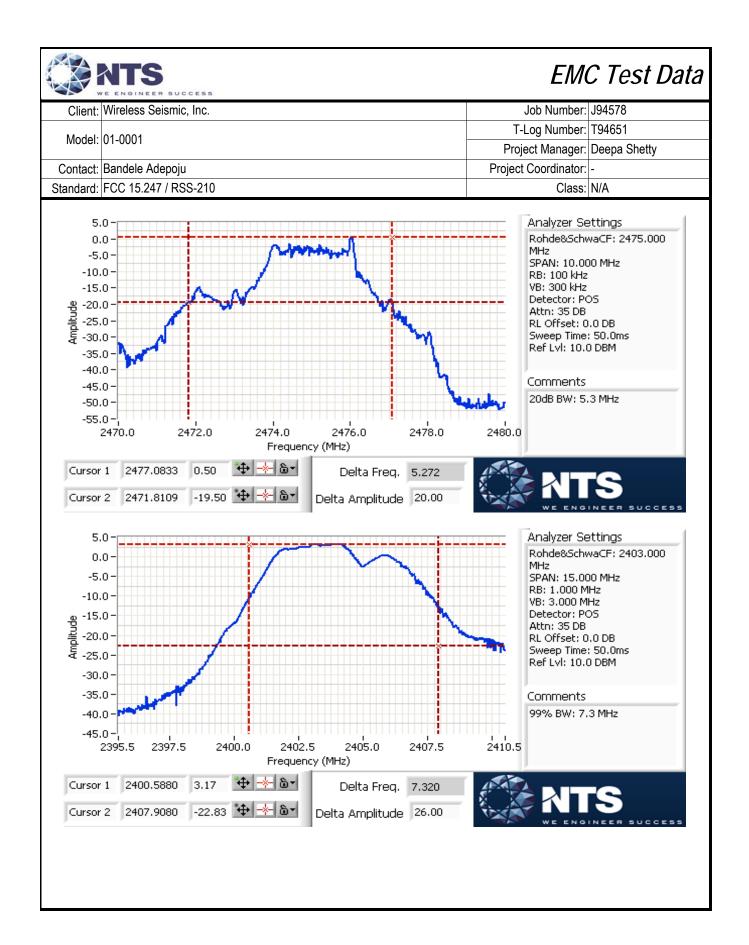
Plot showing -20dBc at the lower band edge

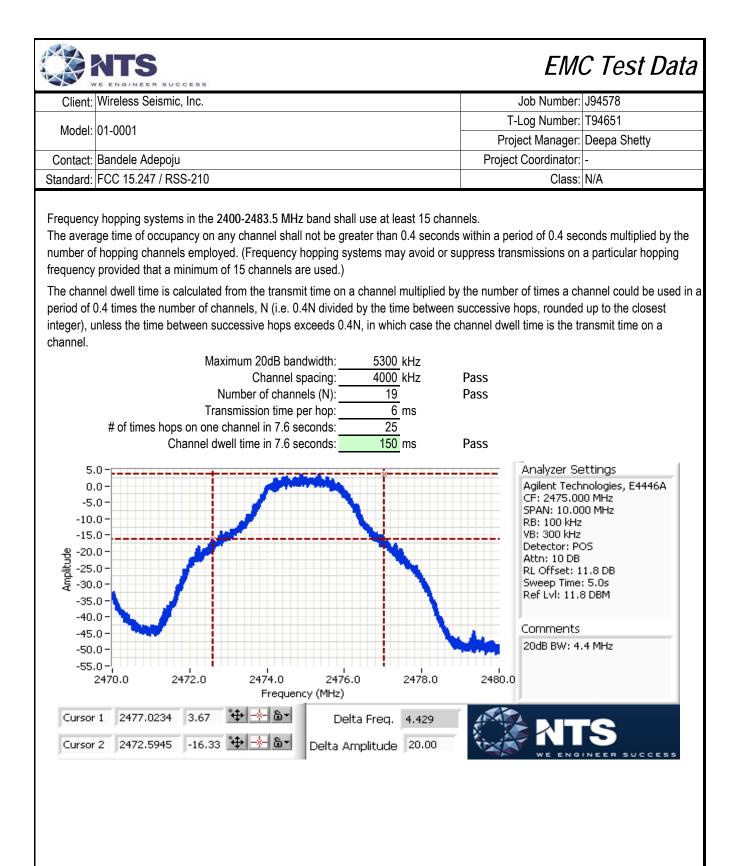


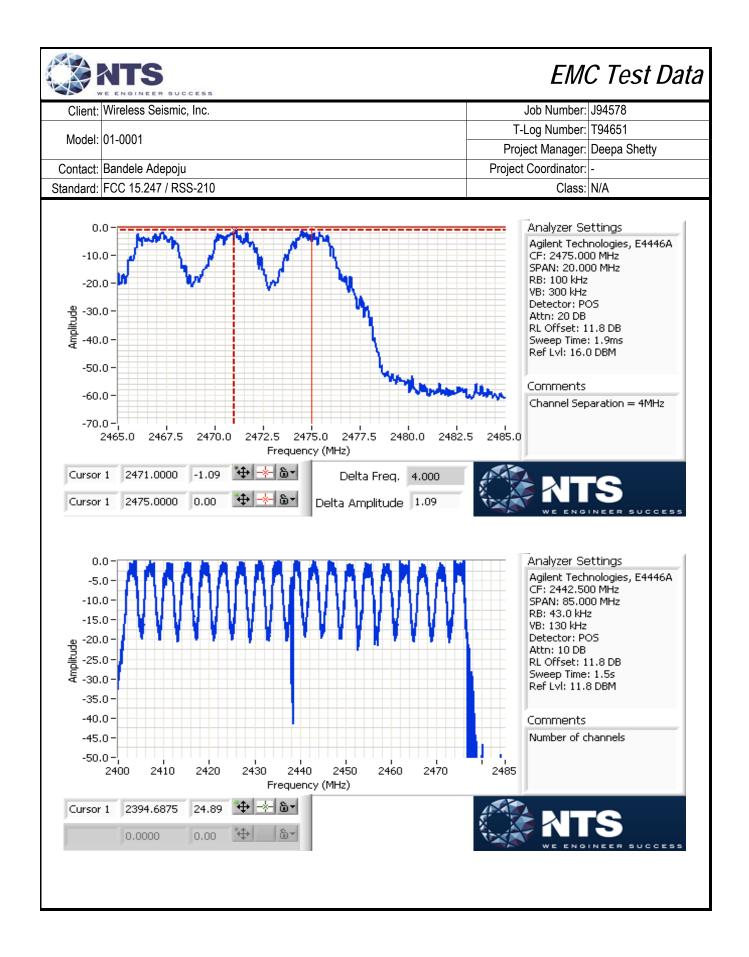
#### High channel, hopping enabled Plot showing -20dBc at the upper band edge

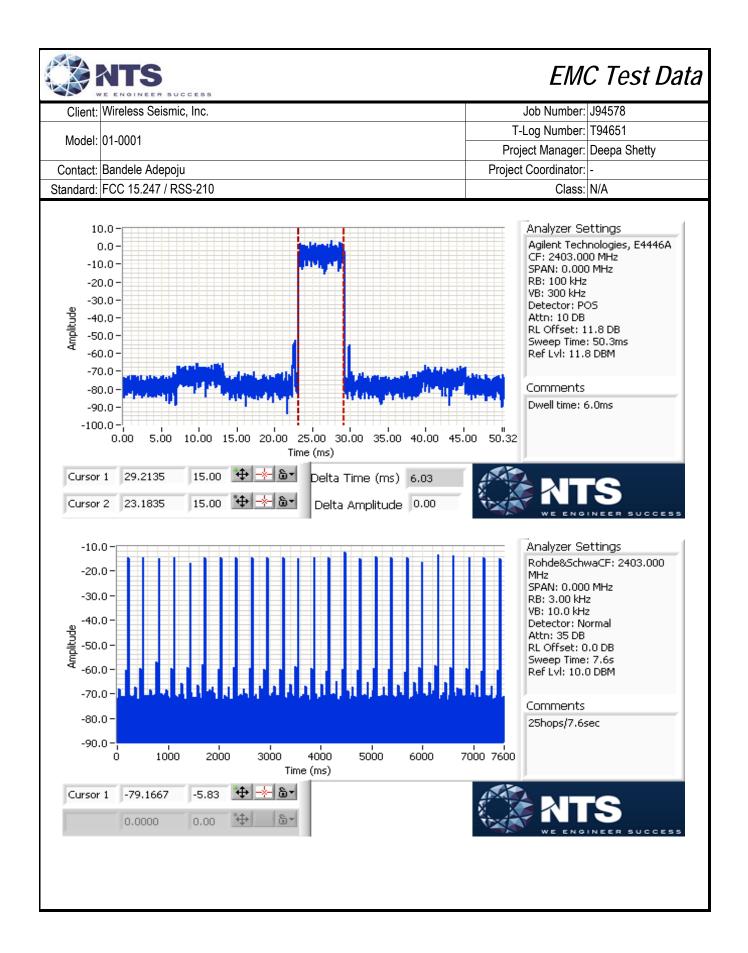


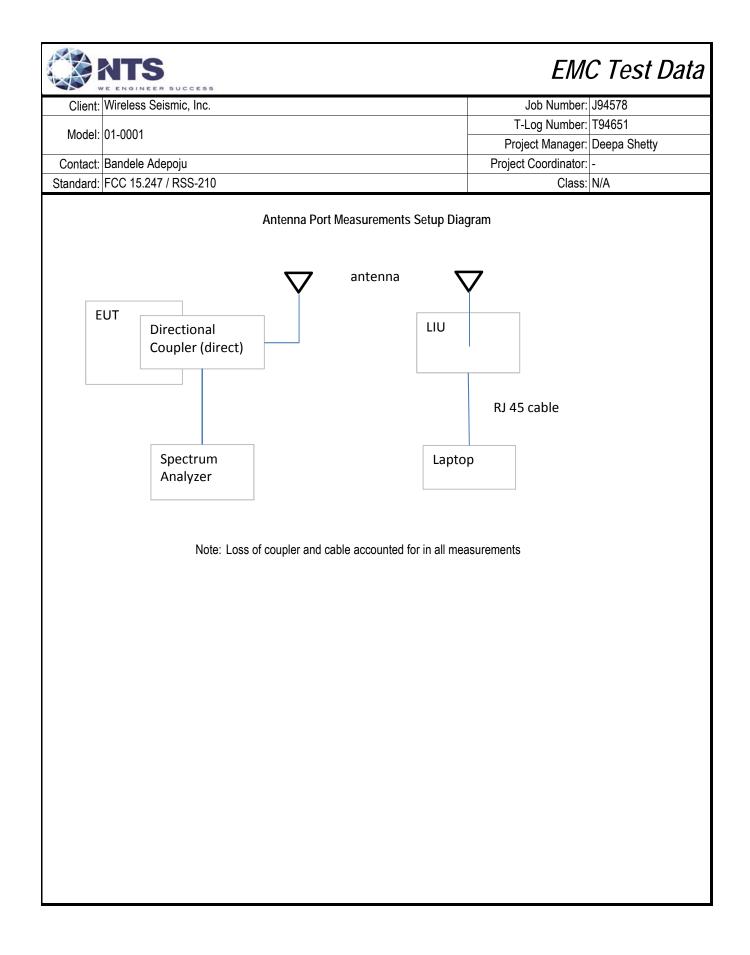
EMC Test Data									
Client: Wireless Seismic, Inc.				Job Number: J94578					
				T-Log Number: T94651					
Model: 01-0001				Project Manager: Deepa Shetty					
Contact: Bandele Adepoju				Project Coordinator: -					
Standard: FCC 15.247 / RSS-210				Class: N/A					
Stanuaru. 100 15.247 / 105-210						01055. N/A			
Run #4: 0	utput Power	(Power setting: 9)							
For frequen	cy hopping sy	stems in the 2400-2483.	5 MHz band,	, using less than 75 non-o	verlapping cl	nannels: 0.1	25 watts.		
	Maximum ar	tenna gain: 5.5	dBi						
	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Res BW	Output Power (dBm)	Output P	ower (W)	EIRP (W)		
	Low	2403	-	12.5		)18	0.063		
	Mid	2439	-	12.9		)19	0.069		
	High	2475	-	12.8	0.0	)19	0.068		
Note 1:	Dowor mooo	ured using wideband Pe	ak Dowar ma	tor					
Run #3: Ba	ndwidth, Cha	annel Occupancy, Spac	cing and Nur Resolution Bandwidth	mber of Channels 20dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Resolution Bandwidth (MHz)				
	Low	2403	100kHz	5.2	1MHz		7.3		
	Mid	2439	100kHz	5.2	1MHz		7.3	-	
	High	2475	100kHz	5.3	1MHz	7	7.0		
Note 1:		dth measured using RB							
Note 2:	[99% bandwid	<u>tth measured using RB =</u>	<u>= 1MHz, VB =</u>	<u>= 3MHz (VB &gt;=3RB)</u>					











# End of Report

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