

FCC SAR TEST REPORT

No. 130801

for

Shenzhen Ogemray Technology Co., Ltd

Wireless USB Adapter

Model Name: GWF-7A05

FCC ID: YWTWF7601U7A1

Issued Date: 2013-08-06

Note:

The test results in this test report relate only to the devices specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of GCCT.

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GENERAL SUMMARY

Product Name	Wireless USB Adapter
Model Name	GWF-7A05
Applicant	Shenzhen Ogemray Technology Co., Ltd
Manufacturer	Shenzhen Ogemray Technology Co., Ltd
Test laboratory	GCCT, Guangdong Telecommunications Terminal Products Quality Supervision and Testing Center
Reference Standards	 OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01) and Supplement C (Edition 01-01): Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits IEEE Std C95.1, 1999: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05r01: Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies FCC KDB 447498 D02 v02: SAR Measurement procedures for USB Dongle Transmitters FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r01: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz FCC KDB 248227 D01 v01r02: SAR measurement Procedures for 802.11a/b/g Transmitters IEC 62209-1: 2006: Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures, Part 1: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices - Human models, instrumentation, and procedures, Part 1: Procedure to 3 GHz) IEC 62209-2: 2010: Human exposure to radio frequency fields from handheld and body-mounted wireless communication devices - Human models, instrumentation, and procedures, Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for mandheld and body-mounted wireless communication devices - Human models, instrumentation, and procedures, Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for mobile wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency fields from handheld and body-mounted wireless communication devices - Human models, instrumentation, and procedures, Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for mobile wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Test Conclusion	This portable wireless equipment has been measured in all cases requested by the relevant standards. Test results in Chapter 7 of this test report are below limits specified in the relevant standards. General Judgment: Pass Date of issue:2013.08.06
Comment:	The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment.

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1. General Information

1.1 Testing Laboratory

Company	GCCT, Guangdong Telecommunications Terminal Products
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1.2 Application Information

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1.3 Manufacturer Information

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Email	1
Telephone	1
Fax	1



1.4 EUT Information

Product Name	Wireless USB Adapter					
Exposure Category	Uncontrolled Environment / General Population					
Model Number	GWF-7A05	GWF-7A05				
Device Type	Portable Device					
Hardware version	1					
Software version	/					
	WiFi 802.11b (tested)					
Supporting modes	WiFi 802.11g					
	WiFi 802.11n					
	Mode	1g SAR(W/Kg)				
Max. SAR (1g):	WiFi802.11b	0.539				
Antenna Type	Internal Antenna					
Used Host Products	HP dv2-1005AX					
	Lenovo 2784					
Comment	The above EUT's inform	ation was declared by manufacture.				

2. EUT Operational Conditions During Test

2.1 General Description of Test Procedures

The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (ARFCN) is allocated to 1, 6 and 11 in the case of WIFI 802.11b. The EUT is commanded to operate at maximum transmitting power by MT8820C.

When we test, the EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output. The antenna connected to the output of the base station simulator shall be placed at least 50 cm away from the EUT. The signal transmitted by the simulator to the antenna feeding point shall be lower than the output power level of the EUT by at least 30 dB.

2.2 WiFi Test Configuration

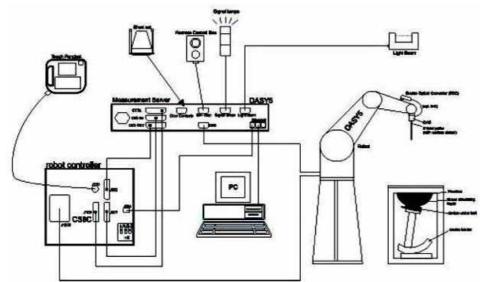
For the 802.11b/g SAR tests, a communication link is set up with the test mode software for WIFI mode test. The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (ARFCN) is allocated to 1, 6 and 11 respectively in the case of 2450 MHz. During the test, at the each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. Each channel should be tested at the lowest data rate.

802.11b/g operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band. 802.11b/g modes are tested on channels1,6,11; however, if output power reduction is necessary for channels 1 and /or 11 to meet restricted band requirements the highest output channels closest to each of these channels must be tested instead.

SAR is not required for 802.11g/n channels when the maximum average output power is less than 0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

3. SAR Measurements System Configuration

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY5 from SPEAG. The system is based on a high precision robot, which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than \pm 0.02 mm. Special E-field probes have been developed for measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines to the data acquisition unit. The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe manufactured by SPEAG, designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe has been calibrated according to the procedure described in with accuracy of better than \pm 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than \pm 0.3 dB. The phantom used was the SAM Twin Phantom and ELI4 Phantom as described in IEC 62209-1, FCC OET 065 supplement C, IEEE1528 and EN 62209-1.



3.1 Measurement System Diagram

Figure 1 System Diagram

The DASY5 system consists of the following items:

1. A standard high precision 6-axis robot (TX90XL) with St aubli CS8c robot controllers.

- 2. DASY5 Measurement Server.
- 3. Data Acquisition Electronics.

4. A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

5. Light Beam Unit.

6. The SAM phantom enabling testing left-hand right-hand and the ELI4 phantom for body usage.

7. The Position device for handheld EUT.

8. Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.

9. System validation dipoles to validate the proper functioning of the system.

10. A computer operating Windows XP.

3.2 System Components

The mobile phone under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The DASY5 software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10 g mass.

3.2.1 TX90XL

The TX90XL robot has six axes. The six axes are controlled by the St[°]aubli CS8c robot controllers. It offers the features important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)

• Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchrony motors; no stepper motors)

Low ELF

3.2.2 DASY5 Measurement Server

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz Intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chip disk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with either the DAE4 electronics box as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.



Figure 2 TX90XL



Figure 3 Measurement Server

3.2.3 Probe

For the measurements the specific dosimetric E-Field Probe ES3DV3 and EX3DV4 with following specifications is used.

Frequency: 10 MHz to 3 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB

Directivity: ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range: 10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB

Tip Diameter: 5 mm; Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 2.5 mm

Probe linearity: ±0.3 dB

Calibration range: 835 to 2500 MHz for head & body simulating liquid

3.2.4 Device holder

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard.

It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales are the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles. The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity =3 and loss tangent =0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



Figure 4 Probe



Figure 5 Device Holder

3.2.5 Phantom

The SAM Twin Phantom and the ELI4 Phantom are constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is in compliance with the specification set in IEEE P1528 and CENELEC EN62209-1. The SAM Twin phantom enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage and the ELI4 phantom enables the dosimetric evaluation of body mounted usage. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot.

Shell thickness: 2 mm +/-0.2 mm

Filling Volume: Approx. 25 liters

Dimensions (H x L x W): 850 x 1000 x 500 mm



Figure 6 SAM Twin Phantom and ELI Phantom

3.2.6 Data Acquisition Electronics

DAE4 consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. Input impedance: 200MOhm, symmetrical and floating.

Common mode rejection: > 80 dB.

3.2.7 Validation dipoles

SPEAG has a full range of dipoles corresponding to the frequencies defines by the standards: 835, 900, 1800, 1900, 2000, 2450MHz

Maximum input Power: 100W

Connectors: SMA

Dimensions: (depends on the dipole frequency)





Figure 8 Validation Dipoles

Figure 7 DAE4

3.3 Equivalent Tissues

The relative permittivity and conductivity of the tissue material should be within $\pm 5\%$ of the values given in the table below recommended by the FCC OET 65 supplement C.

Target Frequency	Hea	ad	Body		
(MHz)	٤r	σ (S/m)	٤r	σ (S/m)	
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80	
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92	
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94	
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97	
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05	
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06	
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30	
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40	
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52	
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95	
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73	
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00	

(ϵr = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m[°])

4. Evaluation Procedures

4.1 Data Evaluation

The DASY5 software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity Normi, ai₀, ai₁, ai₂

- Conversion factor ConvFi

- Diode compression point dcpi

Device parameters: - Frequency f

- Crest factor cf

Media parameters: - Conductivity σ

- Density ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$\mathbf{V}_{i} = U_{i} + U_{i}^{2} \bullet \frac{cf}{dcpi}$$

with Vi = Compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

Ui = Input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

cf = Crest factor of exciting field (DASY5 parameter)

dcpi = Diode compression point (DASY5 parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes: $E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$

H-field probes: $H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$ With *Vi* = Compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z) *Normi* = Sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z) *ConvF*= Sensitivity enhancement in solution *aij* = Sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes *f* = Carrier frequency (GHz) *Ei* = Electric field strength of channel i in V/m *Hi* = Magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components give the total field strength:

$$E_{\text{tot}} = \sqrt{E_{\text{x}}^2 + E_{\text{y}}^2 + E_{\text{z}}^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

With SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

 E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

ρ= equivalent tissue density in g/cm

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field as a free space field.

$$P_{\text{pwe}} = \frac{E_{\text{tot}}^2}{3770} \text{ Or } P_{\text{pwe}} = H_{\text{tot}}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

With Ppwe = Equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²

E_{tot} = total electric field strength in V/m

 H_{tot} = total magnetic field strength in A/m

4.2 SAR Evaluation Procedures

The procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

Power Reference Measurement

The reference and drift jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a

user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method.

Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a finer measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY5 software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. The scan area is defined by an editable grid. This grid is anchored at the grid reference point of the selected section in the phantom. When the area scan's property sheet is brought-up, grid was at to 15 mm by 15 mm and can be edited by a user.

Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default zoom scan measures 7 x 7 x 7 points within a cube whose base faces are centered around the maximum found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. If the preceding Area Scan job indicates more then one maximum, the number of Zoom Scans has to be enlarged accordingly (The default number inserted is 1).

Power Drift Measurement

The drift job measures the field at the same location as the most recent reference job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last reference measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. In the properties of the Drift job, the user can specify a limit for the drift and have DASY5 software stop the measurements if this limit is exceeded.

4.3 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the IEC62209-1 standard. It can be conducted for 1 g and 10 g. The DASY5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

maximum search extrapolation

boundary correction

Peak search for averaged SAR

During a maximum search, global and local maximum searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation. Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space. They are used in the Cube Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation. For a grid using 7x7x7 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1 g and 10 g cubes.

Boundary effect

For measurements in the immediate vicinity of a phantom surface, the field coupling effects between the probe and the boundary influence the probe characteristics. Boundary effect errors of different dosimetric probe types have been analyzed by measurements and using a numerical probe model. As expected, both methods showed an enhanced sensitivity in the immediate vicinity of the boundary. The effect strongly depends on the probe dimensions and disappears with increasing distance from the boundary. The sensitivity can be approximately given as:

$$S \approx S_o + S_b exp(-\frac{z}{a}) cos(\pi \frac{z}{\lambda})$$

Since the decay of the boundary effect dominates for small probes (a<< λ), the cos-term can be omitted. Factors *Sb* (parameter Alpha in the DASY5 software) and *a* (parameter Delta in the DASY5 software) are assessed during probe calibration and used for numerical compensation of the boundary effect. Several simulations and measurements have confirmed that the compensation is valid for different field and

boundary configurations.

This simple compensation procedure can largely reduce the probe uncertainty near boundaries. It works well as long as:

the boundary curvature is small

the probe axis is angled less than 30° to the boundary normal

the distance between probe and boundary is larger than 25% of the probe diameter

the probe is symmetric (all sensors have the same offset from the probe tip) Since all of these requirements are fulfilled in a DASY5 system, the correction of the probe boundary effect in the vicinity of the phantom surface is performed in a fully automated manner via the measurement data extraction during post processing.

5. Test Laboratory Environment

Temperature	Min. = 20°C, Max. = 25 °C					
Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%					
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω					
Ambient noise is checked and	d found very low and in compliance with requirement of					
standards. Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with						
requirement of standards.						

6. Conducted Output Power Measurement

During the process of testing, the EUT was controlled via MT7601USB test mode software to ensure the maximum power transmission and proper modulation. The conducted output power of each antenna port and the total power are as follow.

Test CH	Maximum Conducted Output Power (dBm)						
	802.11b	802.11g	802.11n(H20)	802.11n(H40)			
Lowest	17.37	15.81	14.01	14.03			
Middle	17.75	15.87	14.41	14.22			
Highest	17.87	16.21	14.50	14.32			
TUNE UP	17 \pm 1 dBm	16 \pm 1 dBm	14 \pm 1 dBm	14 \pm 1 dBm			

The maximum power number are marks in bold.

7. SAR Measurement Results

7.1 Liquid Measurement Results

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the dielectric parameters are within the tolerances of the specified target values.

Freq. [MHz]	Date	Liquid Type	Liquid Temp. [°C]	Ambient Temp. [°C]	Relative Humidity	Para.	Target Value	Measured Value	Deviation [%]	Limit [%]
2450	Aug	Body	21.5	21	56%	٤r	52.7	50.71	-3.78	±5
2400	05, 2013	БОЦУ	21.5	21		σ	1.95	2.02	3.59	±5

7.2 System Performance Check

System Performance Check Measurement conditions

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with head and body simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The DASY5 system with an E-field probe was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 15 mm (below 1 GHz) and 10 mm (above 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 5x5x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration (dx= 8 mm, dy= 8 mm, dz= 5 mm).
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2.5 mm.



The depth of Liquid must above 15cm



System Performance Check Results

Freq. [MHz]	Date	Liquid Type	Liquid Temp. [°C]	Amb. Temp . [°C]	Input Power (mW)	Measured SAR_1g (W/Kg)	250mW Target SAR_1g (W/Kg)	Dev. [%]	Limit [%]
2450	Aug 05, 2013	Body	21.5	21	250	14.1	13.4	5.22	±10

7.3 Measurement Results

WiFi											
Test configuration				Freq.	Powe	r (dBm)	1g SAR (W/Kg)	Power Drift		
		Mode	Ch#.	[MHz]	Tune-up limit	Measured	Measured	Scaled	(dB)		
Body	Back	802.11b	11	2462	18	17.87	0.523	0.539	-0.01		
Body	Front	802.11b	11	2462	18	17.87	0.418	0.431	0.01		
Body	Left	802.11b	11	2462	18	17.87	0.389	0.401	-0.00		
Body	Right	802.11b	11	2462	18	17.87	0.233	0.240	0.05		
Body	Тор	802.11b	11	2462	18	17.87	0.177	0.182	-0.01		

Note:

1) SAR is not required for 802.11g/n channels when the maximum average output power is less than 0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

8. Measurement Uncertainty

Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+-%)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	Vi
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	6.55	Ν	1.0	1.0	1.0	6.55	6.55	8
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	0.29	0.29	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.5	8
Boundary effect	E.2.3	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	0.46	0.46	8
Linearity	E.2.4	0.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	0.35	0.35	8
System detection limits	E.2.5	0.25	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	0.14	0.14	8
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.35	Ν	1	1.0	1.0	0.35	0.35	8
Reponse Time	E.2.7	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	0	0	8
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.5	8
RF ambient Conditions-Noise	E.6.1	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	0	0	8
RF ambient Conditions-Reflections	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	8
Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	1.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	0.87	0.87	8
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	1.67	1.67	8
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algoritms for Max. SAR	E.5	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	0.58	0.58	8
Test sample Related									
Test Sample Positioning	E.4.2	4.6	Ν	1.0	1.0	1.0	4.6	4.6	N-1
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1	5.2	Ν	1.0	1.0	1.0	5.2	5.2	N-1
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	2.89	2.89	8
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	2.31	2.31	8
Liquid conductivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	8
Liquid conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	2.5	N	1.0	0.64	0.43	1.60	1.08	М
Liquid permitivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.73	1.42	8
Liquid permitivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	2.5	N	1.0	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.23	М
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS	1	I	1	11.3	11.0	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			К				23	22	

9. Picture of EUT and Host Products



Wireless USB Adapter



HP dv2-1005AX Close



Wireless USB Adapter



HP dv2-1005AX Open



Lenovo 2784 Close



Lenovo 2784 Open



Lenovo 2784 with Vertical USB slot

HP dv2-1005AX with horizontal USB slot



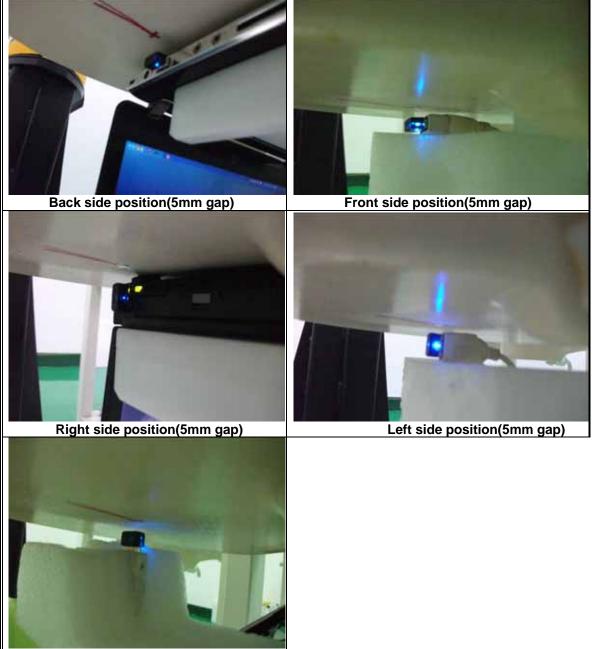
A 22.3 cm USB cable

Note:

During the test, HP dv2-1005AX and Lenovo 2784 laptop were used as an assistant to help to setup communication.

10. EUT Test Positions

Test position:



Top side position(5mm gap)

11. Equipment List & Calibration Status

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal. Date	Calibration Due
PC	HP	d7900eC	CZC9312JJ4	N/A	N/A
E-field Probe	SPEAG	ES3DV3	SN 3221	2012-9-27	2013-9-26
DAE	SPEAG	DAE4-SD 000 D04 BJ	SN 893	2012-9-27	2013-9-26
Device Holder	Stäubli	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
SAM Phantom	SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	TP-1545/TP-1548	N/A	N/A
6 Axis Robot	Stäubli	Robot TX90XL	F09/5B9UA1/A/01	N/A	N/A
DIPOLE 2450MHz	SPEAG	D2450V2	815	2012-9-26	2013-9-25
Wireless Communication Test Set	Anritsu	MT8820C	6201060976	2012-8-27	2013-8-26
Signal Generator	Agilent	5183A	MY49060563	2012-8-27	2013-8-26
Power Meter	Agilent	E4419B	MY45104719	2012-8-27	2013-8-26
Power Sensor	Agilent	N8481H	MY48100148	2012-8-27	2013-8-26
Directional couplers	Agilent	778D	MY48220223	N/A	N/A
Power amplifier	mini-circuits	ZHL-42W	QA0940002	N/A	N/A
Power supply	Topward	3303d	796708	2012-8-27	2013-8-26
Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46108263	2012-8-27	2013-8-26
Liquid Calibration Kit	Agilent	85070E	N/A	N/A	N/A



12. Attachments

Exhibit	Content
1	System Performance Check Plots
2	SAR Test Plots
3	Probe calibration report
4	Dipole calibration report
5	DAE calibration report

ANNEXE 1 System Performance Check Plots

Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Aug.05, 2013

System 2450 MHz dipole

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 2.02 mho/m; ϵ_r = 50.71; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(4.31, 4.31, 4.31); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

2450 Body/System check/Area Scan (31x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value = 87.861 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.3 W/kg

2450 Body/System check/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

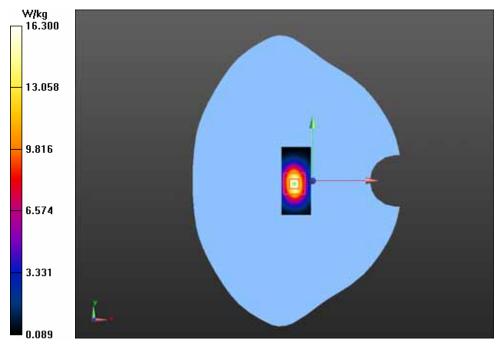
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 87.861 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.252 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 14.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.56 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.0 W/kg



ANNEXE 2 SAR Test Plots

Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Aug.05, 2013

802.11b- Back side/High

DUT: Ogemray; Type: GWF-7A05

Communication System: 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz ; Communication System Band: 2450; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2462 MHz; σ = 2.048 mho/m; ϵ_r = 50.622; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(4.31, 4.31, 4.31); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Back side/High/Area Scan (41x41x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.8000 mm, dy=0.8000 mm

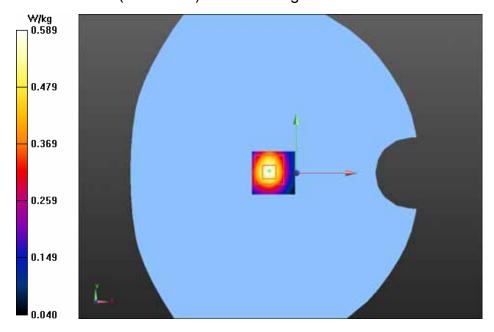
Reference Value = 9.395 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.589 W/kg

Back side/High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.395 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.254 mW/g SAR(1 g) = 0.523 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.237 mW/g

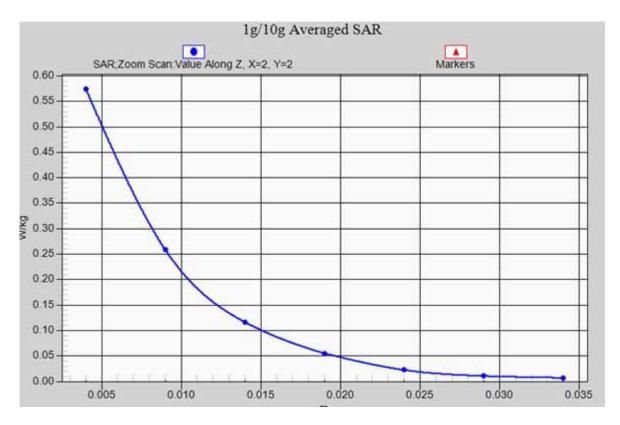
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.575 W/kg





Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Aug.05, 2013



WIFI 802.11b- Back side/High_ z-axis scan



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Aug.05, 2013

802.11b- Front side High

DUT: Ogemray; Type: GWF-7A05

Communication System: 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz ; Communication System Band: 2450; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2462 MHz; σ = 2.048 mho/m; ϵ_r = 50.622; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(4.31, 4.31, 4.31); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Front side High/Area Scan (41x41x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.8000 mm, dy=0.8000 mm

Reference Value = 14.605 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.470 W/kg

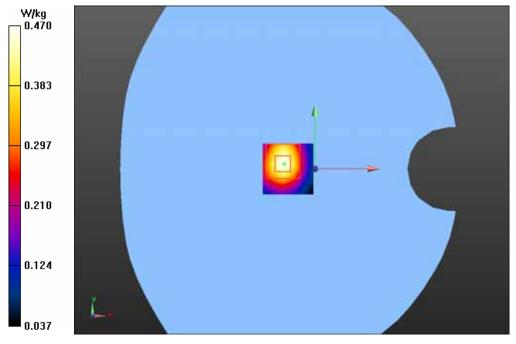
Front side High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.605 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

```
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.961 mW/g
```

SAR(1 g) = 0.418 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.195 mW/g Maximum value of SAP (massured) = 0.460 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.460 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Aug.05, 2013

802.11b- Left side High

DUT: Ogemray; Type: GWF-7A05

Communication System: 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz ; Communication System Band: 2450; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2462 MHz; σ = 2.048 mho/m; ϵ_r = 50.622; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(4.31, 4.31, 4.31); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Left side High/Area Scan (31x41x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.8000 mm, dy=0.8000 mm

Reference Value = 13.317 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

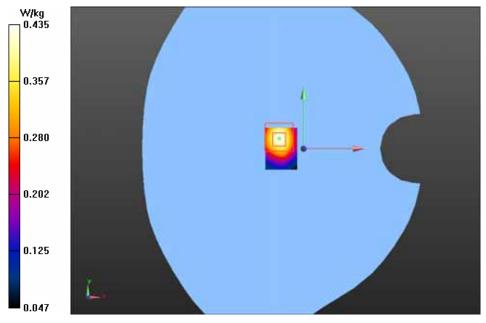
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.435 W/kg

Left side High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.317 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.950 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.389 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.181 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.424 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Aug.05, 2013

802.11b-Right side/High

DUT: Ogemray; Type: GWF-7A05

Communication System: 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz ; Communication System Band: 2450; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2462 MHz; σ = 2.048 mho/m; ϵ_r = 50.622; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(4.31, 4.31, 4.31); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Right side/High/Area Scan (31x41x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.8000 mm, dy=0.8000 mm

Reference Value = 11.271 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

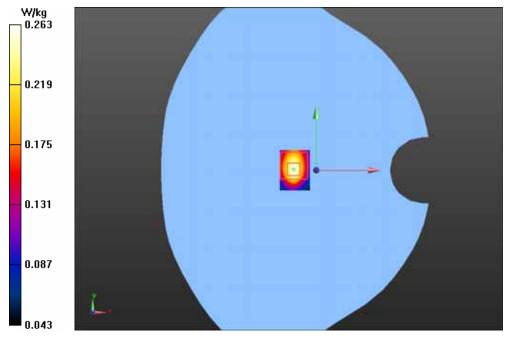
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.263 W/kg

Right side/High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.271 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.614 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.233 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.103 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.253 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Aug.05, 2013

802.11b-Top side/High

DUT: Ogemray; Type: GWF-7A05

Communication System: 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz ; Communication System Band: 2450; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2462 MHz; σ = 2.048 mho/m; ϵ_r = 50.622; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(4.31, 4.31, 4.31); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Top side/High/Area Scan (31x41x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.8000 mm, dy=0.8000 mm

Reference Value = 9.395 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

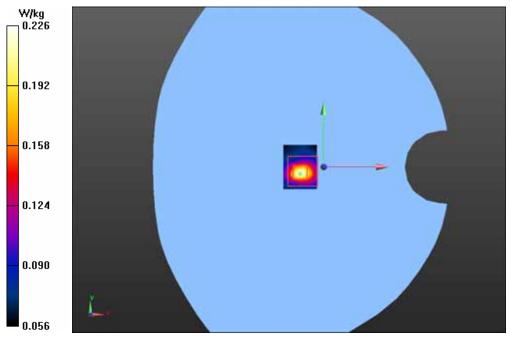
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.226 W/kg

Top side/High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.395 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.552 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.177 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.069 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.230 W/kg





No.130801 Page 34 of 60

ANNEXE 3 Probe calibration report

No.130801 Page 35 of 60

ughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zuri		Hac MRA (PRISS) S C S	Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service
ccredited by the Swiss Accredit he Swiss Accreditation Servic ultilateral Agreement for the	ce is one of the signatories	s to the EA	lo.: SCS 108
lient GCCT (Auden			ES3-3221_Sep12
CALIBRATION	CERTIFICATE		
Dbject	ES3DV3 - SN:32	21	
Calibration procedure(s)		A CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v4 dure for dosimetric E-field probes	
Calibration date:	September 27, 2012		
		obability are given on the following pages and y facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3)°C a	
All calibrations have been cond	ucted in the closed laborator		
All calibrations have been cond Calibration Equipment used (M	ucted in the closed laborator		
All calibrations have been cond Calibration Equipment used (Me Primary Standards	ucted in the closed laborator &TE critical for calibration)	y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)*C a	and humidity < 70%.
All calibrations have been cond Calibration Equipment used (Mi Primary Standards Power meter E44198	ucted in the closed laborator &TE critical for calibration)	y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)*C a Cal Date (Certificate No.)	ind humidity < 70%.
All calibrations have been cond Calibration Equipment used (Me Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A	ucted in the closed laborator &TE oritical for calibration) ID GB41293874	y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)*C a Cal Date (Certificate No.) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)	Ind humidity < 70%.
All calibrations have been cond Calibration Equipment used (M Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator	Ucted in the closed laborator &TE critical for calibration) ID GB41293874 MY41498087	y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)*C a Cal Date (Certificate No.) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-13 Apr-13
All calibrations have been cond Calibration Equipment used (M Primary Standards	Ucted in the closed laborator &TE critical for calibration) ID GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c)	y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)*C a Cal Date (Certificate No.) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13
All calibrations have been cond Calibration Equipment used (Me Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator	Ucted in the closed laborator &TE critical for calibration) ID GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b)	y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)*C a Cal Date (Certificate No.) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01529)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13
All calibrations have been cond Calibration Equipment used (Me Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES30V2	Ucted in the closed laborator &TE critical for calibration) ID GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S5084 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b)	y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)*C a Cal Date (Certificate No.) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01531) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01529) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01529)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13
All calibrations have been cond Calibration Equipment used (Me Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES30V2 DAE4	ucted in the closed laborator &TE critical for calibration) GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013	y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)*C a Cal Date (Certificate No.) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01531) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01529) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01532) 29-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3013_Dec11)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-12
All calibrations have been cond Calibration Equipment used (M Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator	ucted in the closed laborator &TE critical for calibration) GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S5084 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660	y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)*C a Cal Date (Certificate No.) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01531) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01529) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01529) 29-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3013_Dec11) 20-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-660_Jun12)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-12 Jun-13
All calibrations have been cond Calibration Equipment used (M/ Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES30V2 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C	ucted in the closed laborator &TE critical for calibration) GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S5084 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID	y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)*C a Cal Date (Certificate No.) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01531) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01529) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01529) 29-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3013_Dec11) 20-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-660_Jun12) Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-12 Jun-13 Scheduled Check
All calibrations have been cond Calibration Equipment used (M/ Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference 9 obs ES30V2 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C	ucted in the closed laborator &TE critical for calibration) GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID US3642U01700	y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)*C a Cal Date (Certificate No.) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01529) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01529) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01529) 29-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3013_Dec11) 20-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-660_Jun12) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-11)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-12 Jun-13 Scheduled Check In house check: Apr-13
All calibrations have been cond Calibration Equipment used (M/ Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C Network Analyzer HP 8753E	ucted in the closed laborator &TE critical for calibration) ID GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S5084 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID US3642U01700 US37390585	y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)*C a Cal Date (Certificate No.) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01531) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01529) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01532) 29-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3013_Dec11) 20-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-660_Jun12) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-11) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-12 Jun-13 Scheduled Check In house check: Apr-13 In house check: Oct-12
All calibrations have been cond Calibration Equipment used (M/ Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator MP 8648C	ucted in the closed laborator &TE critical for calibration) ID GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S5084 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID US3642U01700 US37390585 Name	y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)*C a Cal Date (Certificate No.) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01531) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01529) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01532) 29-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3013_Dec11) 20-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-660_Jun12) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-11) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11) Function	Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-12 Jun-13 Scheduled Check In house check: Apr-13 In house check: Oct-12
All calibrations have been cond Calibration Equipment used (M/ Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C Network Analyzer HP 8753E Calibrated by:	ucted in the closed laborator &TE critical for calibration) ID GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S5084 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID US3642U01700 US37390585 Name Jeton Kastrati	y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)*C a Cal Date (Certificate No.) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01531) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01529) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01529) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01532) 29-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3013_Dec11) 20-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-660_Jun12) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-11) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Apr-11) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11) Function Laboratory Technician	Scheduled Calibration Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-12 Jun-13 Scheduled Check In house check: Apr-13 In house check: Oct-12

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura

Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Cleaser

Glossary:	
TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization ϕ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization 9	9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),
	i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)*, February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx, v, z; DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z, VRx,y,z: A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx, y, z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Certificate No: ES3-3221 Sep12



No.130801 Page 37 of 60

ES3DV3 - SN:3221

September 27, 2012

Probe ES3DV3

SN:3221

Manufactured: Repaired: Calibrated: September 1, 2009 September 11, 2012 September 27, 2012

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: ES3-3221_Sep12

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September 27, 2012

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3221

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (µV/(V/m) ²) ^A	1.11	1.38	1.06	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	103.6	100.4	103.1	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dB	C dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	0.00	Х	0.00	0.00	1.00	144.5	±3.5 %
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	122.0	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	143.2	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^ The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

[®] Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required. ^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



September 27, 2012

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3221

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
835	41.5	0.90	6.20	6.20	6.20	0.25	2.17	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	6.17	6.17	6.17	0.27	1.99	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.60	5.60	5.60	0.80	1.16	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	5.39	5.39	5.39	0.62	1.40	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	5.34	5.34	5.34	0.76	1.22	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.68	4.68	4.68	0.80	1.24	± 12.0 %

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. ^T At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.



September 27, 2012

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3221

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
835	55.2	0.97	6.23	6.23	ô.23	0.37	1.80	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	6.17	6.17	6.17	0.80	1.16	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	5.17	5.17	5.17	0.59	1.46	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.87	4.87	4.87	0.46	1.73	± 12.0 %
2000	53.3	1.52	4.89	4.89	4.89	0.64	1.49	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.31	4.31	4.31	0.68	1.16	± 12.0 %

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

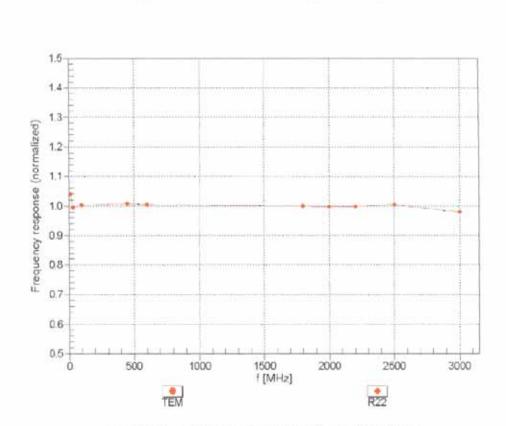
.

^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. ^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to

² At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

ES3DV3-SN:3221

September 27, 2012



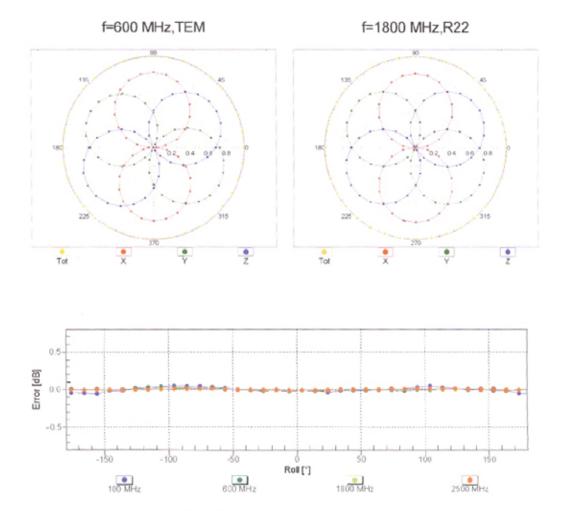
Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

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September 27, 2012

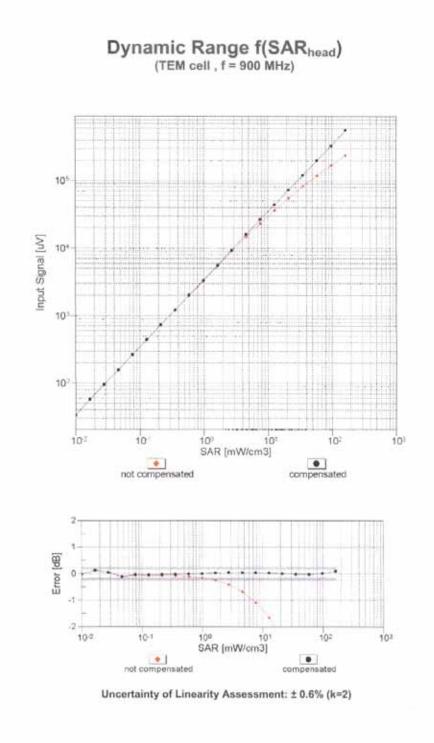


Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)



September 27, 2012

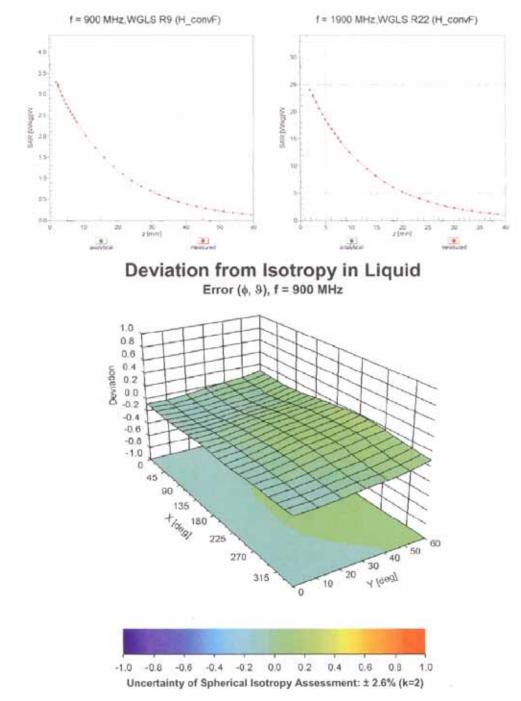


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September 27, 2012







September 27, 2012

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3221

.

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	34
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm



ANNEXE 4 Dipole calibration report



ccredited by the Swiss Accreditz	tion Service (SAS)	Accreditatio	n No.: SCS 108
he Swiss Accreditation Servic ultilateral Agreement for the r	그는 사람은 아니는 것을 가지 않는 것을 가지 않는 것을 하는 것을 하는 것을 수가 있다. 것을 가지 않는 것을 하는 것을 수가 있다. 말을 하는 것을 하는 것을 하는 것을 수가 있는 것을 수가 있는 것을 수가 있는 것을 수가 있는 것을 수가 있다. 말을 수가 있는 것을 수가 있다. 말을 수가 있는 것을 수가 있다. 말을 수가 있는 것을 수가 있다. 말을 수가 있는 것을 수가 있다. 말을 수가 있는 것을 수가 있다. 말을 수가 있는 것을 수가 있다. 말을 수가 있는 것을 수가 있다. 말을 수가 있는 것을 수가 있다. 말을 수가 있는 것을 수가 있는 것을 수가 않는 것을 수가 있는 것을 수가 있다. 말을 수가 있는 것을 수가 있는 것을 것을 수가 있는 것을 수가 있는 것을 수가 있는 것을 수가 있는 것을 것을 수가 있는 것을 수가 있는 것을 수가 있는 것을 것을 수가 있다. 것을 것을 수가 있는 것을 것을 수가 있는 것을 것을 수가 있는 것을 것을 수가 있는 것을 수가 있다. 않아 있는 것을 수가 있다. 않아 있는 것을 것을 수가 있는 것을 수가 있다. 않아 같이 같이 같이 같이 같이 같이 않아? 것을 수가 있는 것을 수가 있다. 것을 것을 것을 것을 수가 있는 것을 수가 있는 것을 수가 있다. 것을 것을 것을 것을 것을 것 같이 같이 같이 것을 수가 있는 것을 수가 있는 것을 수가 있는 것을 수가 있는 것을 것을 것 같이 않아. 것을 것 같이 같이 같이 것 같이 않아. 것을 것 같이 것 같이 않아. 것 같이 것 같이 않아. 것 같이 않아. 않아 있는 것 같이 않아. 것 않아. 것 같이 않아. 것 같이 않아. 않아. 것 같이 않아. 않아. 것 않아. 것 않아. 않이 않아. 것 않아. 않아. 않아. 않아. 않이 않아. 않아.		
ilent GCCT (Auden)		Certificate N	o: D2450V2-815_Sep12
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	Galibration proce	dure for dipole validation kits ab	ove 700 MHz
Calibration date:	September 26, 20	012	
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Certificate No: D2450V2-815_Sep12

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



SNISS CP Z Z PRIGRATI

S

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst

C Service suisse d'étalonnage

Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D2450V2-815_Sep12



Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	$39.9 \pm 6 \%$	1.84 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	53.2 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured	condition 250 mW input power	6.24 mW / g

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.0 ± 6 %	2.01 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		,

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	50.9 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.06 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.9 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D2450V2-815_Sep12

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.4 Ω + 3.0 jΩ
Return Loss	- 29.7 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.7 Ω + 4.7 jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.1 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.158 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	October 23, 2007

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 26.09.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 815

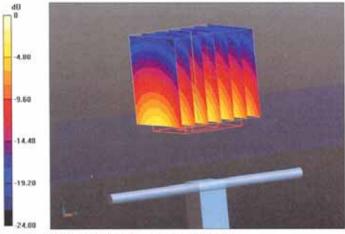
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.84 mho/m; ϵ_r = 39.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.2(969); SEMCAD X 14.6.6(6824)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 99.653 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.468 mW/g SAR(1 g) = 13.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.24 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.9 W/kg



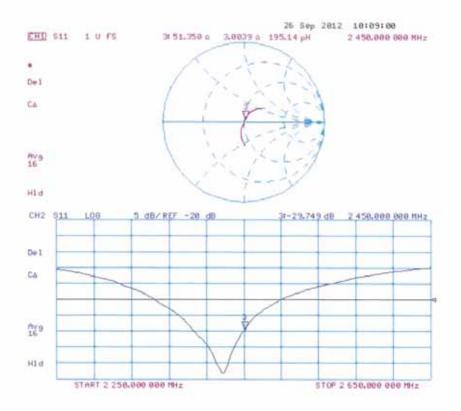
0 dB = 16.9 W/kg = 24.56 dB W/kg

Certificate No: D2450V2-815_Sep12

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: D2450V2-815_Sep12

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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 26.09.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 815

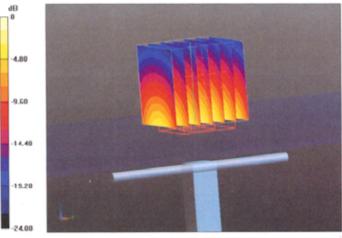
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 2.01 mho/m; ϵ_r = 51; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.26, 4.26, 4.26); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- · Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- · Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.2(969); SEMCAD X 14.6.6(6824)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

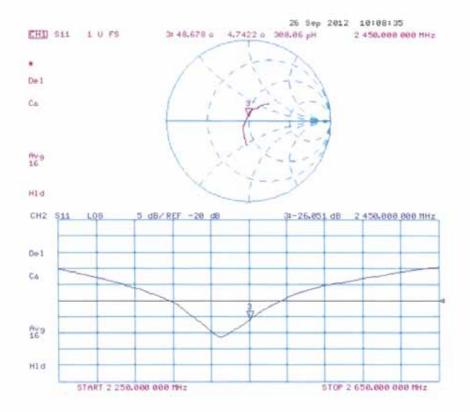
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 95.205 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.024 mW/g SAR(1 g) = 13 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.06 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.0 W/kg



0 dB = 17.0 W/kg = 24.61 dB W/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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ANNEXE 5 DAE calibration report

credited by the Swiss Accredit e Swiss Accreditation Servic			ation No.: SCS 108
luitilateral Agreement for the r lient GCCT (Auden)			te No: DAE4-893_Sep12
CALIBRATION			
Object	DAE4 - SD 000 D	04 BJ - SN: 893	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-06.v25 Calibration proced	lure for the data acquisition	electronics (DAE)
Calibration date:	September 27, 20	12	
The measurements and the unc	ertainties with confidence pro	nal standards, which realize the physic bability are given on the following pag facility: environment temperature (22	es and are part of the certificate.
The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M8	ertainties with confidence pro icted in the closed laboratory ITE critical for calibration)	bability are given on the following pag facility: environment temperature (22	es and are part of the certificate. ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.
The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M8 Primary Standards	ertainties with confidence pro- icted in the closed laboratory ITE critical for calibration)	bability are given on the following pag facility: environment temperature (22 Cal Date (Certificate No.)	es and are part of the certificate. ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration
The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M8 Primary Standards	ertainties with confidence pro icted in the closed laboratory ITE critical for calibration)	bability are given on the following pag facility: environment temperature (22	es and are part of the certificate. ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.
The measurements and the unc	ertainties with confidence pro acted in the closed laboratory ICE critical for calibration) ID # SN: 0810278 ID #	bability are given on the following pag facility: environment temperature (22 Cal Date (Certificate No.)	es and are part of the certificate. ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration
The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M8 Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Secondary Standards	ertainties with confidence pro acted in the closed laboratory ICE critical for calibration) ID # SN: 0810278 ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 28-Sep-11 (No:11460) Check Date (in house)	es and are part of the certificate. ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Sep-12 Scheduled Check
The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M8 Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Secondary Standards	ertainties with confidence pro acted in the closed laboratory ICE critical for calibration) ID # SN: 0810278 ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 28-Sep-11 (No:11460) Check Date (in house)	es and are part of the certificate. ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Sep-12 Scheduled Check
The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M8 Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Secondary Standards	ertainties with confidence pro acted in the closed laboratory LTE critical for calibration) ID # SN: 0810278 ID # SE UWS 053 AA 1001	bability are given on the following pag facility: environment temperature (22 Cal Date (Certificate No.) 28-Sep-11 (No:11460) Check Date (in house) 05-Jan-12 (in house check)	es and are part of the certificate. ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Sep-12 Scheduled Check In house check: Jan-13

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





- S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage
- C Service suisse d'etalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary

DAE Connector angle data acquisition electronics information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

Certificate No: DAE4-893_Sep12



DC Voltage Measurement A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

 AVD - Converter Resolution nominal

 High Range:
 1LSB =
 6.1μV ,
 full range =
 -100...+300 mV

 Low Range:
 1LSB =
 61nV ,
 full range =
 -1.....+3mV

 DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec;
 Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	х	Y	Z
High Range	406.225 ± 0.1% (k=2)	406.084 ± 0.1% (k=2)	405.117 ± 0.1% (k=2)
Low Range	4.01000 ± 0.7% (k=2)	4.02161 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.98512 ± 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	174.5 ° ± 1 °

Appendix

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	199995.97	-2.11	-0.00
Channel X + Input	20003.49	2.31	0.01
Channel X - Input	-19996.34	3.89	-0.02
Channel Y + Input	199996.46	-1.92	-0.00
Channel Y + Input	19999.56	-1.41	-0.01
Channel Y - Input	-20000.29	0.07	-0.00
Channel Z + Input	199997.57	-0.73	-0.00
Channel Z + Input	19998.79	-2.14	-0.01
Channel Z - Input	-20001.40	-1.01	0.01

Low Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2003.38	2.07	0.10
Channel X + Input	202.34	0.57	0.28
Channel X - Input	-197.99	0.01	-0.01
Channel Y + Input	2002.03	0.81	0.04
Channel Y + Input	200.97	-0.69	-0.34
Channel Y - Input	-198.23	0.01	-0.01
Channel Z + Input	2002.07	0.82	0.04
Channel Z + Input	201.75	0.14	0.07
Channel Z - Input	-200.05	-1.79	0.90

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (µV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	17.36	15.93
	- 200	-15.52	-16.86
Channel Y	200	7.39	6.92
	- 200	-8.23	-8.65
Channel Z	200	5.62	5.64
	- 200	-8.03	-8.06

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (µV)	Channel Y (µV)	Channel Z (µV)
Channel X	200	-	3.18	-3.22
Channel Y	200	8.71	-	3.65
Channel Z	200	9.66	6.68	-

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4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16472	14639
Channel Y	16065	13652
Channel Z	15699	15904

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec Input $10 M \Omega$

	Average (µV)	min. Offset (µV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	0.78	-1.09	2.36	0.66
Channel Y	-0.06	-2.31	2.02	0.70
Channel Z	-0.52	-2.78	1.43	0.74

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25/A

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9	
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6	

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9