

SAR EVALUATION REPORT

FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093 IEEE Std 1528-2013

For Bardcode reader with RFID and Bluetooth

> FCC ID: YRWDATECSBTIX Model Name: InfineaX

Report Number: 15U22277-S1V3 Issue Date: 3/9/2016

Prepared for DATECS Ltd. Department of Innovative Technologies 4 "Datecs" Str., 1592 Sofia, Bulgaria

Prepared by UL VERIFICATION SERVICES INC. 47173 BENICIA STREET FREMONT, CA 94538, U.S.A. TEL: (510) 771-1000 FAX: (510) 661-0888

R

NVLAP LAB CODE 200065-0

Revision History

Rev.	Date	Revisions	Revised By
V1	11/25/2015	Initial Issue	
V2	2/26/2016	Section 2: Updated KDB versions and revisions	Coltyce Sanders
V3	3/9/2016	Updated FCC ID and Model Number. Updated Sleeve BT power Updated SAR exclusion calculation Updated Simultaneous transmission SAR analysis	Dave Weaver

UL Verification Services Inc.

Page 2 of 24

Table of Contents

1.	Attestation of Test Results	. 4
2.	Test Specification, Methods and Procedures	. 5
3.	Facilities and Accreditation	. 5
4.	SAR Measurement System & Test Equipment	. 6
4.1.	SAR Measurement System	. 6
4.2.	SAR Scan Procedures	. 7
4.3.	Test Equipment	. 9
5.	Measurement Uncertainty	. 9
6.	Device Under Test (DUT) Information	10
6.1.	DUT Description	10
6.2.	Wireless Technologies	11
6.3.	Maximum Output Power	12
7.	RF Exposure Conditions (Test Configurations)	12
8.	Dielectric Property Measurements & System Check	13
8.1.	Dielectric Property Measurements	13
8.2.	System Check	15
9.	Conducted Output Power Measurements	18
10.	Measured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results	19
10.	1. Measured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results	20
10.2	2. Bluetooth (Sleeve)	21
11.	SAR Measurement Variability	22
12.	Simultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis	23
Appe	ndixes	24
15L	I22277-S1V1 SAR_App A Photos & Ant. Locations	24
15L	I22277-S1V1 SAR_App B System Check Plots	24
15L	I22277-S1V1 SAR_App C Highest Test Plots	24
15L	I22277-S1V1 SAR_App D Tissue Ingredients	24
15L	I22277-S1V1 SAR_App E Probe Cal. Certificates	24
15L	I22277-S1V1 SAR_App F Dipole Cal. Certificates	24
15L	I22277-S1V1 SAR_App G Baseline SAR Test Plots	24
	Dage 2 of 24	

UL Verification Services Inc.

Page 3 of 24

1. Attestation of Test Results

Applicant Name	DATECS Ltd.					
FCC ID	YRWDATECSBTIX					
Model Name	InfineaX					
FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093						
Applicable Standards						
	IEEE Std 1528-2013					
SAR Limits (W/Kg)						
Exposure Category	Peak spatial-average(1g of tissue)					
General population / Uncontrolled exposure	1.6					
	The Highest Ro	eported SAR (W/kg)			
Equipment Class						
RF Exposure Conditions	Licensed	DTS	U-NII	DSS (BT)		
Standalone	N/A	0.345	0.666	0.052		
Simultaneous TX	N/A	N/A	0.718	0.718		
Date Tested	11/16/2015 to 11/20/2015					
Test Results	Pass					

UL Verification Services Inc. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by UL Verification Services Inc. based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

Note: The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by UL Verification Services Inc. and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by UL Verification Services Inc. will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, any agency of the Federal Government, or any agency of any government (NIST Handbook 150, Annex A). This report is written to support regulatory compliance of the applicable standards stated above.

Approved & Released By:	Prepared By:	
Bobby Bayeni	Zay 2	
Bobby Bayani	Ray Su	
Senior Engineer	Laboratory Engineer	
UL Verification Services Inc.	UL Verification Services Inc.	

UL Verification Services Inc.

Page 4 of 24

This report shall not be reproduced without the written approval of UL Verification Services Inc.

2. Test Specification, Methods and Procedures

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093, IEEE STD 1528-2013, the following FCC Published RF exposure KDB procedures:

- o 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- o 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- o 447498 D03 Supplement C Cross-Reference v01
- o 690783 D01 SAR Listings on Grants v01r03
- o 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- o 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02
- o 941225 D07 UMPC Mini Tablet v01r02

In addition to the above, the following information was used:

- o April 2014 TCB Workshop "Handset Sleeve & Accessory Guidance"
- Guidance provided in a KDB enquiry to support the testing.

3. Facilities and Accreditation

The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at

47173 Benicia Street	47266 Benicia Street
SAR Lab A	SAR Lab 1
SAR Lab B	SAR Lab 2
SAR Lab C	SAR Lab 3
SAR Lab D	SAR Lab 4
SAR Lab E	SAR Lab 5
SAR Lab F	
SAR Lab G	
SAR Lab H	

UL Verification Services Inc. is accredited by NVLAP, Laboratory Code 200065-0.

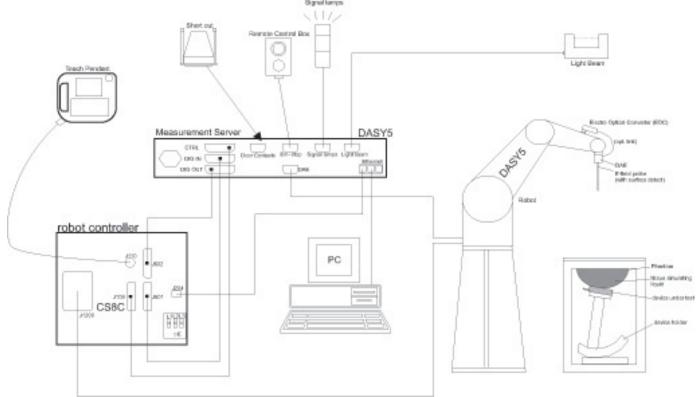
UL Verification Services Inc.

Page 5 of 24

4. SAR Measurement System & Test Equipment

4.1. SAR Measurement System

The DASY5 system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, ADconversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

UL Verification Services Inc.

Page 6 of 24

4.2. SAR Scan Procedures

Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 2.1 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE Standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

	\leq 3 GHz	> 3 GHz		
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	$5 \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$		
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^\circ\pm1^\circ$	$20^\circ\pm1^\circ$		
	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	$\begin{array}{l} 3-4 \ \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 12 \ \mathrm{mm} \\ 4-6 \ \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 10 \ \mathrm{mm} \end{array}$		
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}		tation, is smaller than the above, ion must be \leq the corresponding est device with at least one		

Page 7 of 24

Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

			\leq 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}			$\leq 2 \text{ GHz:} \leq 8 \text{ mm}$ 2 - 3 GHz: $\leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$
	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		\leq 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 2 \text{ mm}$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	on,	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	\leq 4 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 3 mm $4 - 5$ GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm $5 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	grid $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	X V Z		\geq 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz} \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz} \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz} \ge 22 \text{ mm}$

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

^{*} When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based *1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

Step 4: Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

Step 5: Z-Scan (FCC only)

The Z Scan measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a one-dimensional grid. In order to get a reasonable extrapolation the extrapolated distance should not be larger than the step size in Z-direction.

UL Verification Services Inc.

Page 8 of 24

4.3. Test Equipment

The measuring equipment used to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturers' recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

Dielectric i roperty measurements	3			
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial No.	Cal. Due Date
Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753ES	MY40000980	4/17/2016
Dielectric Probe kit	SPEAG	DAK-3.5	1087	11/11/2015
Shorting block	SPEAG	DAK-3.5 Short	SM DAK 200 BA	N/A
Thermometer	Traceable Calibration Control Co.	4242	140562250	8/24/2016
System Check	•			
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial No.	Cal. Due Date
Synthesized Signal Generator	HP	8665B	3744A01084	5/8/2016
Power Meter	Keysight	N1912A	MY55196004	7/1/2016
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9323A	MY53070007	3/2/2016
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9323A	MY53070005	4/29/2016
Amplifier	MITEQ	AMF-4D-00400600-50-30P	1795093	N/A
Directional coupler	Werlatone	C8060-102	2149	N/A
DC Power Supply	AMETEK	XT 15-4	1319A02778	N/A
Synthesized Signal Generator	HP	8665B	3744A01155	3/18/2016
Power Meter	HP	437B	3125U16345	6/15/2016
Power Meter	HP	437B	3125U12345	7/31/2016
Power Sensor	HP	8481A	2702A76223	9/3/2016
Power Sensor	HP	8481A	1926A27048	8/3/2016
Amplifier	MITEQ	AMF-4D-00400600-50-30P	1795092	N/A
Directional coupler	Werlatone	C8060-102	2141	N/A
DC Power Supply	BK PRECISION	1611	215-02292	N/A
E-Field Probe (SAR Lab A)	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3901	1/27/2016
E-Field Probe (SAR Lab B)	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3686	8/28/2016
Data Acquisition Electronics (SAR Lab A)	SPEAG	DAE4	1357	2/20/2016
Data Acquisition Electronics (SAR Lab B)	SPEAG	DAE4	1360	3/12/2016
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	748	2/20/2016
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	1138	9/23/2016
<u>Other</u>				
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial No.	Cal. Due Date
Power Meter	Agilent	N1911A	MY55196017	7/6/2016
Power Sensor	Agilent	N1921A	MY55200002	7/6/2016

5. Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

Page 9 of 24

6. Device Under Test (DUT) Information

6.1. DUT Description

The InfineaX is a small handheld barcode reader with RFID and Bluetooth. This terminal is designed to operate with an iPhone 5, iPhone 5S, iPod touch 5^{th} generation, iPod touch 6^{th} generation.

	Overall (Length x Width x Depth): 148 mm x 72 mm x 31 mm
Device Dimension	Overall Diagonal: 157 mm
	Display Diagonal: 120 mm
Battery Options	Standard – Lithium-polymer battery, Rating 3.7 Vdc, 1900 mAh

Page 10 of 24

6.2. Wireless Technologies

InfineaX Device

Wireless technologies	Frequency bands	Operating mode	Duty Cycle used for SAR testing
Bluetooth	2.4 GHz	Version 2.1 + EDR Basic Rate	N/A
RFID	13.56 MHz	ASK Type A (100%) or ASK Type B (10%)	N/A

Host Device

Wireless technologies	Frequency bands	Operating mode	Duty Cycle used for SAR testing
		802.11b	
	2.4 GHz	802.11g	100%
		802.11n (HT20)	
		802.11a	
Wi-Fi	5 GHz	802.11n (HT20)	100%
		802.11n (HT40)	
	Does this device support	t bands 5.60 ~ 5.65 GHz? 🛛 Yes 🗆 No	
	Does this device suppor	t Band gap channel(s)? 🛛 Yes 🗆 No	
Bluetooth	2.4 GHz	Version 4.2 LE	77.5% (DH5)

6.3. Maximum Output Power

InfineaX Device

Upper limit (dB):	3.0	Max. RF Outpu	t Pow er (dBm)
RF Air interface	Mode	Target	Max. tune-up tolerance limit
Blue	etooth	-33.0	-30.0

Host Device

All nominal and maximum output power measurements for WLAN are as documented in report 12U14485-8A.

7. RF Exposure Conditions (Test Configurations)

Baseline measurements are performed on the worse case positions for all bands on the host device and compared to the results reported in the original granted SAR report.

As per the interim sleeve procedure, the highest SAR configuration among the different wireless modes in each frequency band and any SAR configuration in the original report > 75% of the SAR limit; should be measured separately for head, body-worn accessories and hotspot modes when applicable on the host device. When the measured SAR values of the highest SAR configurations are identical (before rounding up), select the configuration with the highest maximum output power. The SAR results should be scaled with respect to the power level tested in order to determine compliance.

After completing the baseline measurements on the host device, the tests are repeated with the sleeve attached. Section 10 contains the SAR test results obtained with and without the sleeve attached, as well as, the deviation in the results with respect to the results in the original report 12U14485-8A.

Page 12 of 24

8. Dielectric Property Measurements & System Check

8.1. Dielectric Property Measurements

The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium used during measurement must also be within 18° C to 25° C and within $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized.

The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 3 - 4 days of use; or earlier if the dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance; for example, when the parameters are marginal at the beginning of the measurement series.

Tissue dielectric parameters were measured at the low, middle and high frequency of each operating frequency range of the test device.

Tissue Dielectric Parameters

FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Target Frequency (MHz)		Head	Bc	dy
Target Trequency (MTZ)	ε _r	σ (S/m)	ε _r	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5000	36.2	4.45	49.3	5.07
5100	36.1	4.55	49.1	5.18
5200	36.0	4.66	49.0	5.30
5300	35.9	4.76	48.9	5.42
5400	35.8	4.86	48.7	5.53
5500	35.6	4.96	48.6	5.65
5600	35.5	5.07	48.5	5.77
5700	35.4	5.17	48.3	5.88
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

IEEE Std 1528-2013

Refer to Table 3 within the IEEE Std 1528-2013

UL Verification Services Inc.

Page 13 of 24

Dielectric Property Measurements Results:

SAR Lab A

Date	Freq. (MHz)		Liqu	uid Parameters	Measured	Target	Delta (%)	Limit ±(%)
	Body 5180	e'	47.0200	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	47.02	49.05	-4.13	5
	BOUY 5180	e"	18.2900	Conductivity (σ):	5.27	5.27	-0.07	5
	Body 5200	e'	46.9800	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	46.98	49.02	-4.16	5
	B00y 5200	e"	18.3300	Conductivity (σ):	5.30	5.29	0.10	5
11/16/2015	Body 5600	e'	46.3600	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	46.36	48.48	-4.37	5
11/10/2013	Body 5000	e"	18.6900	Conductivity (σ):	5.82	5.76	1.02	5
	Body 5800	e'	46.0900	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	46.09	48.20	-4.38	5
	Body 3000	e"	18.8900	Conductivity (σ):	6.09	6.00	1.53	5
	Body 5825	e'	46.0200	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	46.02	48.20	-4.52	5
	B00y 3023	e"	18.8300	Conductivity (σ):	6.10	6.00	1.65	5
	Body 5180	e'	48.5700	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	48.57	49.05	-0.97	5
	BOUY 5180	e"	18.7000	Conductivity (σ):	5.39	5.27	2.18	5
	Body 5200	e'	48.4700	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	48.47	49.02	-1.12	5
	BOUY 5200	e"	18.6700	Conductivity (σ):	5.40	5.29	1.95	5
11/19/2015	Body 5600	e'	47.6700	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	47.67	48.48	-1.67	5
11/19/2015	BOUY 5000	e"	19.1300	Conductivity (σ):	5.96	5.76	3.40	5
	Body 5800	e'	47.2400	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	47.24	48.20	-1.99	5
	BOUY 5800	e"	19.3200	Conductivity (σ):	6.23	6.00	3.84	5
	Pody 5925	e'	47.4100	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	47.41	48.20	-1.64	5
	Body 5825	e"	19.3700	Conductivity (σ):	6.27	6.00	4.56	5

SAR Lab B

Date	Freq. (MHz)		Liq	uid Parameters	Measured	Target	Delta (%)	Limit ±(%)
	Body 2450	e'	51.4500	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	51.45	52.70	-2.37	5
	B00y 2430	e"	14.9000	Conductivity (σ):	2.03	1.95	4.09	5
11/16/2015	Body 2410	e'	51.5500	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	51.55	52.76	-2.29	5
11/10/2013	B00y 2410	e"	14.7800	Conductivity (σ):	1.98	1.91	3.83	5
	Body 2475	e'	51.3600	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	51.36	52.67	-2.48	5
	B00y 2473	e"	14.9100	Conductivity (σ):	2.05	1.99	3.36	5
	Body 2450	e'	51.6500	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	51.65	52.70	-1.99	5
	B00y 2430	e"	14.8900	Conductivity (σ):	2.03	1.95	4.02	5
11/19/2015	Body 2410	e'	51.7700	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	51.77	52.76	-1.88	5
11/19/2015	B00y 2410	e"	14.7800	Conductivity (σ):	1.98	1.91	3.83	5
	Body 2475	e'	51.5900	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	51.59	52.67	-2.05	5
	B00y 2475	e"	14.9500	Conductivity (σ):	2.06	1.99	3.64	5

Page 14 of 24

This report shall not be reproduced without the written approval of UL Verification Services Inc.

8.2. System Check

SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device. The same SAR probe(s) and tissue-equivalent media combinations used with each specific SAR system for system verification must be used for device testing. When multiple probe calibration points are required to cover substantially large transmission bands, independent system verifications are required for each probe calibration point. A system verification must be performed before each series of SAR measurements using the same probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium. Additional system verification should be considered according to the conditions of the tissue-equivalent medium and measured tissue dielectric parameters, typically every three to four days when the liquid parameters are re-measured or sooner when marginal liquid parameters are used at the beginning of a series of measurements.

System Performance Check Measurement Conditions:

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the TWIN SAM or ELI phantom, shell thickness: 2.0 ±0.2 mm (bottom plate) filled with Body or Head simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be ≥ 15.0 cm for SAR measurements ≤ 3 GHz and ≥ 10.0 cm for measurements > 3 GHz.
- The DASY system with an E-Field Probe was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10 mm (above 1 GHz) and 15 mm (below 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15 mm was aligned with the dipole. For 5 GHz band - The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10 mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 7x7x7 (below 3 GHz) and/or 8x8x7 (above 3 GHz) fine cube was chosen for the cube.
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 3 mm.
 For 5 GHz band Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2.5 mm
- The dipole input power (forward power) was 100 mW.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

UL Verification Services Inc.

Page 15 of 24

Reference Target SAR Values

The reference SAR values can be obtained from the calibration certificate of system validation dipoles

Sustam Dinala	Serial No.	Cal. Date		Та	rget SAR Values ('	W/kg)
System Dipole	Senar No.	Cal. Dale	Freq. (MHz)	1g/10g	Head	Body
D2450V2	748	2/20/2015	2450	1g	52.7	50.3
D2430V2	740	2/20/2013	2450	10g	24.6	23.5
			5200	1g	81.7	76.9
			0200	10g	23.5	21.5
D5GHzV2	1138	9/23/2015	5600	1g	84.7	81.6
	D5GHZV2 1138		5000	10g	24.2	22.8
			5800	1g	81.6	77.9
			0000	10g	23.1	21.6

Page 16 of 24

UL Verification Services Inc.

Doc. No.: 1.0 This report shall not be reproduced without the written approval of UL Verification Services Inc.

System Check Results

The 1-g and 10-g SAR measured with a reference dipole, using the required tissue-equivalent medium at the test frequency, must be within 10% of the manufacturer calibrated dipole SAR target.

SAR Lab A

	System	Dipole	то		Measured	d Results	Torrat	Dalta	Diet
Date Tested	Туре	Serial #	T.S. Liquid		Zoom Scan to 100 mW	Normalize to 1 W	Target (Ref. Value)	Delta ±10 %	Plot No.
11/16/2015	D5GHzV2	1138	Body	1g	7.71	77.1	76.9	0.26	
11/10/2013	(5200 MHz)	1150	Body	10g	2.16	21.6	21.5	0.47	
11/16/2015	D5GHzV2	1138	Body	1g	8.32	83.2	81.6	1.96	
11/10/2013	(5600 MHz)	1150	Body	10g	2.29	22.9	22.8	0.44	
11/16/2015	D5GHzV2	1138	Body	1g	7.60	76.0	77.9	-2.44	
11/10/2013	(5800 MHz)	1150	Body	10g	2.11	21.1	21.6	-2.31	
11/19/2015	D5GHzV2	1138	Body	1g	7.19	71.9	77.9	-7.70	1,2
11/13/2013	(5800 MHz)	1130	Body	10g	2.00	20.0	21.6	-7.41	1,2

SAR Lab B

	System Dipole		то		Measured	Results	Townst	Dalta	Dist
Date Tested	Туре	Serial #	T.S. Liquid		Zoom Scan to 100 mW	Normalize to 1 W	Target (Ref. Value)	Delta ±10 %	Plot No.
11/16/2015	D2450V2	748	Body	1g	5.14	51.4	50.3	2.19	
11/10/2015	D2450V2	740	Воцу	10g	2.35	23.5	23.5	0.00	
11/19/2015	D2450V2	748	Body	1g	5.36	53.6	50.3	6.56	3,4
11/19/2015	D2450V2	740	Воцу	10g	2.48	24.8	23.5	5.53	3,4

Page 17 of 24

9. Conducted Output Power Measurements

Please refer to Sec. 10 for the measured output power results alongside SAR measurement results. Per the interim sleeve procedure, Wi-Fi maximum output power was within 1.5 dB of those reported in the original SAR report.

UL Verification Services Inc.

Page 18 of 24

10. Measured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results

SAR Test Reduction criteria are as follows:

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance:

Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
- ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

KDB 248227 D01 SAR meas for 802.11 v02r01:

SAR test reduction for 802.11 Wi-Fi transmission mode configurations are considered separately for DSSS and OFDM. An initial test position is determined to reduce the number of tests required for certain exposure configurations with multiple test positions. An initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band according to maximum output power, channel bandwidth, wireless mode configurations and other operating parameters to streamline the measurement requirements. For 2.4 GHz DSSS, either the initial test position or DSSS procedure is applied to reduce the number of SAR tests; these are mutually exclusive. For OFDM, an initial test position is only applicable to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations, which is tested using the initial test configuration to facilitate test reduction. For other exposure conditions with a fixed test position, SAR test reduction is determined using only the initial test configuration.

The multiple test positions require SAR measurements in head, hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet configurations may be reduced according to the highest reported SAR determined using the *initial test position(s)* by applying the DSSS or OFDM SAR measurement procedures in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). The *initial test position(s)* is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). When the *reported* SAR for the *initial test position* is:

- ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and wireless mode combination within the frequency band or aggregated band. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures.
- > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated using the same wireless mode test configuration tested in the <u>initial test position</u> to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the <u>reported</u> SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test positions are tested.
 - For subsequent test positions with equivalent test separation distance or when exposure is dominated by coupling conditions, the position for maximum coupling condition should be tested.
 - When it is unclear, all equivalent conditions must be tested.
- For all positions/configurations tested using the *initial test position* and subsequent test positions, when the <u>reported</u> SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, measure the SAR for these positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the <u>reported</u> SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required test channels are considered.
 - The additional power measurements required for this step should be limited to those necessary for identifying subsequent highest output power channels to apply the test reduction.
- When the specified maximum output power is the same for both UNII 1 and UNII 2A, begin SAR measurements in UNII 2A with the channel with the highest measured output power. If the reported SAR for UNII 2A is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for UNII 1; otherwise treat the remaining bands separately and test them independently for SAR.
- When the specified maximum output power is different between UNII 1 and UNII 2A, begin SAR with the band that has
 the higher specified maximum output. If the highest reported SAR for the band with the highest specified power is ≤
 1.2 W/kg, testing for the band with the lower specified output power is not required; otherwise test the remaining bands
 independently for SAR.

To determine the *initial test position*, Area Scans were performed to determine the position with the *Maximum Value of SAR* (*measured*). The position that produced the highest *Maximum Value of SAR* is considered the worst case position; thus used as the *initial test position*.

KDB 941225 D07 UMPC Mini Tablet v01r02:

UMPC mini-tablet devices must be tested for 1-g SAR on all surfaces and side edges with a transmitting antenna located at \leq 25 mm from that surface or edge, at 5 mm separation from a flat phantom, for the data modes, wireless technologies and frequency bands supported by the device to determine SAR compliance.

UL Verification Services Inc.

Page 19 of 24

This report shall not be reproduced without the written approval of UL Verification Services Inc.

Doc. No.: 1.0

10.1. Measured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results

					Origina	I Values		Baseline wit	h Host Device		Host Devic	e + Sleeve		
Technology / Band	Test Position	Mode	Ch. No.	Freq. (MHz)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Highest 1g <u>Reported</u> SAR (W/kg)	Measured Power (dBm)	1g SAR Meas. (W/kg)	Scaled 1g SAR <u>Reported</u> (W/kg)	Scaled Baseline vs Orig. Reported SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR Meas. (W/kg)	Scaled 1g SAR <u>Reported</u> (W/kg)*	Final 1g SAR <u>Reported</u> (W/kg)*	Plot No.
Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz	Front (5 mm)	802.11b	11	2462.0	16.50	1.100	16.50	1.12	1.12	1.8%	0.345	0.345	0.345	1
		802.11a	36	5180.0	14.00	1.090	14.00	1.16	1.16	6.4%	0.662	0.662	0.662	2
Wi-Fi 5 GHz	Front (5 mm)	802.11a	64	5320.0	13.50	1.160	13.50	1.1	1.1	-5.2%	0.632	0.632	0.666	3
WI-FI 5 GHZ		802.11a	124	5620.0	13.00	1.130	13.00	0.927	0.927	-18.0%	0.478	0.478	0.583	4
		802.11a	149	5745.0	13.50	1.150	13.50	1.07	1.07	-7.0%	0.488	0.488	0.524	5
Bluetooth	Rear (0 mm)	GFSK	39	2441.0	13.50	0.204	13.50	0.119	0.119	-41.7%	0.031	0.031	0.052	6

Note(s):

*Scaled 1g Reported SAR is calculated based on the following KDB inquiry response:

- 1. When the <u>reported</u> SAR of the test sample measured without accessory (sleeve) attached is equal to or higher than the <u>reported</u> SAR of the same test configuration in the original equipment certification filing, the measured SAR of the test sample with accessory (sleeve) attached is used as the reported SAR result of the test configuration.
- 2. When the <u>reported</u> SAR of the test sample measured without accessory (sleeve) attached is lower than the <u>reported</u> SAR of the same test configuration in the original equipment certification filing, adjust the <u>reported</u> SAR of the test sample with accessory (sleeve) attached by the ration of <u>reported</u> SAR in the original filing to the <u>reported</u> SAR of the test sample without the accessory (sleeve) attached as the SAR result of the test configuration.
- 3. When the original and baseline SAR values differ by more than 15% the SAR distribution and peak location were compared to ensure that they were similar. The baseline SAR plots for these situations are provided in Appendix G. The SAR distributions and peak locations were considered similar.

10.2. Bluetooth (Sleeve)

Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Considerations & Estimated SAR

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f(GHz)}$] \leq 3.0, for 1-g SAR and \leq 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- f_(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is \leq 50 mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

When the standalone SAR test exclusion is applied to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

- (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)]·[√f_{(GH2}/x] W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm;
 - where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
- 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

Max. tune-up	tolerance limit	Min. test separation	Frequency	SAR test	Test	Estimated 1-q SAR
(dBm)	(dBm) (mW) c		(GHz)	exclusion Result*	Configuration	(W/kg)
-30.0	0	5	2.480	0.0	Front/Rear	0.0

Conclusion:

*: The computed value is \leq 3; therefore, Bluetooth qualifies for Standalone SAR test exclusion.

Page 21 of 24

11. SAR Measurement Variability

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is <1.6 or 2 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively); steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 or 2 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively), repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or 3 (1-g or 10-g respectively) or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 or 3.6 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g or 10-g respective SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first, or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 or 3.75 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively) and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 or 3 (1-g or 10-g respectively).

Frequency			Test Position	-	Highest	Fir Repe		Sec Repe		Third Repeated
Band (MHz)	Air Interface	RF Exposure Conditions			Measured SAR (W/kg)	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio	Measured SAR (W/kg)
2400	Wi-Fi 802.11b/g/n	Body	Front	No	0.345	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2400	Bluetooth	Body	Rear	No	0.031	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
5200	Wi-Fi 802.11a/n/ac	Body	Front	No	0.662	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
5300	Wi-Fi 802.11a/n/ac	Body	Front	No	0.632	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
5500	Wi-Fi 802.11a/n/ac	Body	Front	No	0.478	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
5800	Wi-Fi 802.11a/n/ac	Body	Front	No	0.488	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Page 22 of 24

12. Simultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis

Sum of the SAR for Wi-Fi & BT

		Host De	evice with Sleeve A	ttached		Sleeve			
RF Exposure conditions		2	3	② · U-NII	+③ +BT	(4)	② + (3 WWAN + 1	3) + (4) U-NII + B T	
	DTS U-NII B		ВТ	∑ 1-g SAR (mW/g)	SPLSR (Yes/No)	ВТ	∑1-g SAR (mW/g)	SPLSR (Yes/No)	
Worst case standalone	0.345	0.666	0.052	0.718	No	0.0	0.718	No	

Note(s):

1. DTS Radio cannot transmit simultaneously with Bluetooth Radio.

2. U-NII Radio can transmit simultaneously with Bluetooth Radio.

UL Verification Services Inc.

Page 23 of 24

Appendixes

Refer to separated files for the following appendixes.

15U22277-S1V1 SAR_App A Photos & Ant. Locations

15U22277-S1V1 SAR_App B System Check Plots

15U22277-S1V1 SAR_App C Highest Test Plots

15U22277-S1V1 SAR_App D Tissue Ingredients

15U22277-S1V1 SAR_App E Probe Cal. Certificates

15U22277-S1V1 SAR_App F Dipole Cal. Certificates

15U22277-S1V1 SAR_App G Baseline SAR Test Plots

END OF REPORT

UL Verification Services Inc.

Page 24 of 24