

TEST REPORT

Applicant: Queclink Wireless Solutions Co., Ltd.

Address: No.30, Lane 500, Xinlong Road, Minhang District,

Shanghai, China

Equipment Type: Intelligent 4G Dash Camera with Full Featured

Telematics

Model Name: CV200XNA

Brand Name: QUECLINK

FCC ID: YQD-CV200XNA

Test Standard: 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C(refer section 3.1)

Sample Arrival Date: Jul. 31, 2023

Test Date: Aug. 14, 2023

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ISSUED BY:

Kunshan Balun Communications Technology Co., Ltd.

Tested by: Li Yupeng Checked by: Ye Feng Approved by: Luo Biao

(General Manager)

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Li Yupeng Ye Feng Luo Possas



Revision History

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1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Test Laboratory

	Name	Kunshan Balun Communications Technology Co., Ltd.
	Address	Room 101, Building 5, No. 1689, Zizhu Road, Yushan, Kunshan,
	Address	Jiangsu, China

1.2 Test Location

Name	Kunshan Balun Communications Technology Co., Ltd.
Location	Room 101, Building 5, No. 1689, Zizhu Road, Yushan, Kunshan, Jiangsu, China
Accreditation Certificate	The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by FCC as a accredited testing laboratory. The designation number is CN1352.



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2 PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1 Applicant Information

Applicant	Queclink Wireless Solutions Co., Ltd.
Address	No.30, Lane 500, Xinlong Road, Minhang District, Shanghai, China

2.2 Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer	Queclink Wireless Solutions Co., Ltd.
Address	No.30, Lane 500, Xinlong Road, Minhang District, Shanghai, China

2.3 Factory Information

Factory	N/A
Address	N/A

2.4 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name	Intelligent 4G Dash Camera with Full Featured Telematics		
Model Name Under Test	CV200XNA		
Series Model Name	N/A		
Description of Model	NI/A		
name differentiation	N/A		
Sample No.	SC-EC2360729-S03		
Hardware Version	N/A		
Software Version	N/A		
Dimensions (Approx.)	120*60*70mm		
Weight (Approx.)	220g		



2.5 Technical Information

	3G Network WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/DC-HSDPA/HSPA+
	Band 2/4/5
Network and Wireless	4G Network FDD LTE Band 2/4/5/7/12/13/14/17/25/26/66/71
	TDD LTE Band 41
connectivity	Bluetooth (BR+EDR+BLE)
	WIFI 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n and 802.11ac
	U-NII-1/2A/2C/3, GPS, GLONASS, BDS

The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

Modulation Technology	FHSS		
Modulation Type	GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8-DPSK		
Product Type	☐ Portable		
	Fix Location		
	DH5: 1 Mbps		
Transfer Rate	2DH5: 2 Mbps		
	3DH5: 3 Mbps		
Frequency Range	The frequency range used is 2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz.		
Number of Channel	79 (at intervals of 1 MHz)		
Tested Channel	0 (2402 MHz), 39 (2441 MHz), 78 (2480 MHz)		
Antenna Type	FPC Antenna		
Antenna Gain	-1.5 dBi (In test items related to antenna gain, the final results reflect		
Antenna Gain	this figure. This value is provided by the applicant.)		
Antenna Impedance	50Ω		
Antenna System	N/A		
(MIMO Smart Antenna)	IV/A		



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All channel was listed on the following table:

Channel	Freq.	Channel	Freq.	Channel	Freq.	Channel	Freq.
number	(MHz)	number	(MHz)	number	(MHz)	number	(MHz)
0	2402	21	2423	42	2444	63	2465
1	2403	22	2424	43	2445	64	2466
2	2404	23	2425	44	2446	65	2467
3	2405	24	2426	45	2447	66	2468
4	2406	25	2427	46	2448	67	2469
5	2407	26	2428	47	2449	68	2470
6	2408	27	2429	48	2450	69	2471
7	2409	28	2430	49	2451	70	2472
8	2410	29	2431	50	2452	71	2473
9	2411	30	2432	51	2453	72	2474
10	2412	31	2433	52	2454	73	2475
11	2413	32	2434	53	2455	74	2476
12	2414	33	2435	54	2456	75	2477
13	2415	34	2436	55	2457	76	2478
14	2416	35	2437	56	2458	77	2479
15	2417	36	2438	57	2459	78	2480
16	2418	37	2439	58	2460	-	-
17	2419	38	2440	59	2461	-	-
18	2420	39	2441	60	2462	-	-
19	2421	40	2442	61	2463	-	-
20	2422	41	2443	62	2464	-	-



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3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C	Intentional Radiators
2	ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices
	KDB 558074 D01 15.247	Guidance for compliance measurements on digital transmission
3	Meas Guidance v05r02	system, frequency hopping spread spectrum system, and hybrid
	Meas Guidance vooroz	system devices operating under section 15.247 of the FCC rules



3.2 Test Verdict

No.	Description	FCC Part No.	Channel	Test Result	Verdict	Remark
1	Antenna Requirement	15.203	N/A	-1	Pass	Note ¹
2	Number of Hopping Frequencies	15.247(a)	Hopping Mode	ANNEX A.1	Pass	Note ²
3	Peak Output Power	15.247(b)	Low/Middle/High	ANNEX A.2	Pass	
4	Occupied Bandwidth	15.247(a)	Low/Middle/High	ANNEX A.3	Pass	Note ²
5	Carrier Frequency Separation	15.247(a)	Hopping Mode	ANNEX A.4	Pass	Note ²
6	Time of Occupancy (Dwell 15.247(a) time)		Hopping Mode	ANNEX A.5	Pass	Note ²
7	Conducted Spurious Emission & Authorized-band band-edge	15.247(d)	Hopping Mode, Low/Middle/High	ANNEX A.6	Pass	Note ²
8	Conducted Emission	15.207	Low/Middle/High	ANNEX A.7	Pass	Note ²
9	Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209 15.247(d)	Hopping Mode, Low/Middle/High	ANNEX A.8	Pass	Note ²
10	Band Edge(Restricted- band band-edge)	15.209 15.247(d)	Hopping Mode, Low/Middle/High	ANNEX A.9	Pass	Note ²
11	Receiver Spurious Emissions				N/A	Note ³

Note 1: Please refer to section 5.1

Note 2 : $\pi/4$ -DQPSK is the EDR 2M rate mode, 8-DPSK is the EDR 3M rate mode. The consistency of test results in $\pi/4$ -DQPSK and 8-DPSK is very high. So we chose 8-DPSK as a typical representative to appear on the report. Another we will show all the modes on the RF output power test item.

Note ³: Compared with the EUT of test report No. DDT-B21122007-1E02 (FCC ID: XMR2019SC600NA), the EUT of this report the RF module installed is electronically and mechanically identical, Therefore, only the two test cases, which include Radiated Spurious Emission and Band Edge(Restricted-band bandedge) were retested in this report.

The other test cases in this report please refer to test report No. DDT-B21122007-1E02 (FCC ID: XMR2019SC600NA) which issued by TianJin Dongdian Testing Service Co.,Ltd. on Jan. 10, 2022.



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4 GENERAL TEST CONFIGURATIONS

4.1 Test Environments

During the measurement, the normal environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Relative Humidity	46% to 51%			
Temperature	NT (Normal Temperature)	+24.5°C to +25.9°C		
Working Voltage of the EUT	NV (Normal Voltage)	12 V		

4.2 Test Equipment List

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due	
EMI Receiver	KEYSIGHT	N9038A	MY55330122	2022.11.19	2023.11.18	
Test Antenna-	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519	1519-177	2023.06.21	2026.06.20	
Loop(9 kHz-30 MHz)	SOHWARZBLOK	T MZD 1319	1319-177	2023.00.21	2020.00.20	
Test Antenna-	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9163	9163-1203	2021.12.30	2024.12.29	
Bi-Log(30 MHz-3 GHz)	SURWANZBEUN	VOLD 9103	9103-1203	2021.12.30	2024.12.29	
Test Antenna-	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA	9120D-1987	2021.12.27	2024.12.27	
Horn(1-18 GHz)	SURWARZBEUK	9120D	91200-1907	2021.12.27	ZUZ4.1Z.Z1	
Test Antenna-	A INFO	LB-180400-	1044060207	2022 02 20	2025 02 27	
Horn (18-40 GHz)	A-INFO	KF	J211060307	2022.02.28	2025.02.27	
Anechoic Chamber	,		N/A	2022.07.22	2025.07.21	

4.3 Test Software List

Description	Manufacturer	Software Version	Serial No.	Applicable Test Setup
BL410E	_410E BALUN V21.919		N/A	The section 4.5.3&4.5.4&4.5.5



4.4 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2.

This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

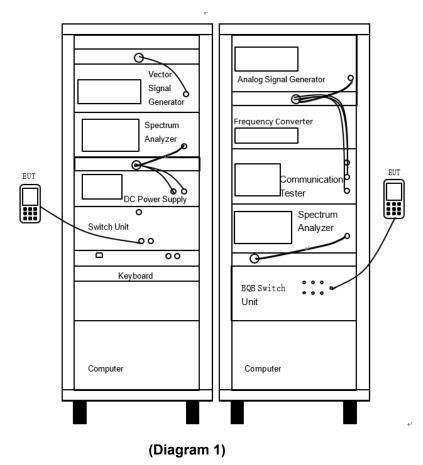
Parameters	Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	2.4 %
RF output power, conducted	0.408 dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	1.739 dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	1.738 dB
All emissions, radiated	4.568 dB
Temperature	0.82 °C
Humidity	4.08 %

4.5 Description of Test Setup

4.5.1 For Antenna Port Test

Conducted value (dBm) = Measurement value (dBm) + cable loss (dB)

For example: the measurement value is 10 dBm and the cable 0.5dBm used, then the final result of EUT: Conducted value (dBm) = 10 dBm + 0.5 dB = 10.5 dBm

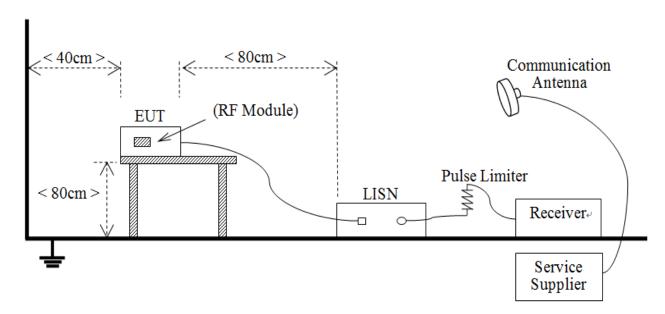


Tel: 86-512-57873002 Web: www.titcgroup.com E-mail: ks_qc@baluntek.com Template No.: TRP6-EC-08 V1.0

Add: Room 101, Building 5, No. 1689, Zizhu Road, Yushan, Kunshan, Jiangsu, China

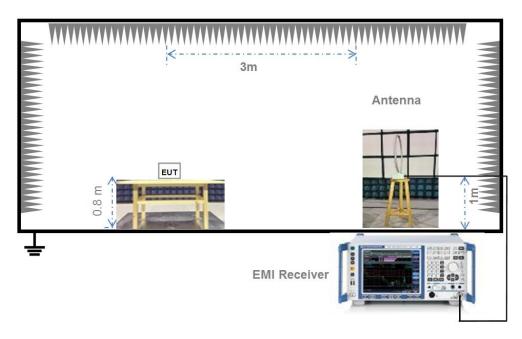


4.5.2For AC Power Supply Port Test



(Diagram 2)

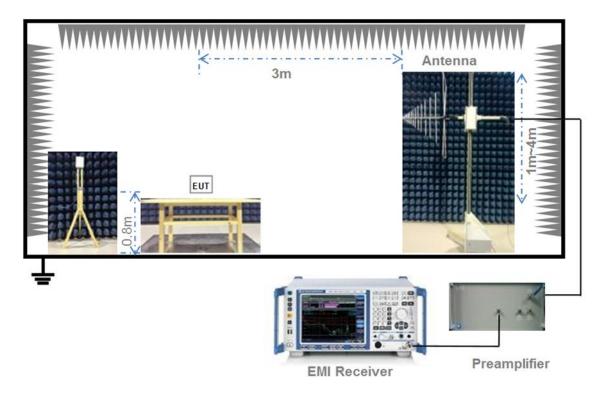
4.5.3For Radiated Test (Below 30 MHz)



(Diagram 3)

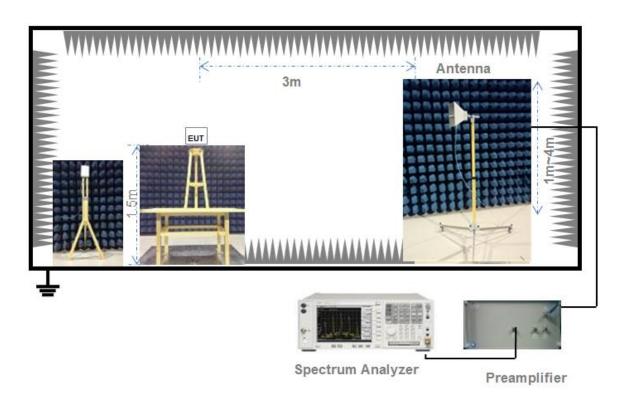


4.5.4For Radiated Test (30 MHz-1 GHz)



(Diagram 4)

4.5.5 For Radiated Test (Above 1 GHz)



(Diagram 5)



4.6 Measurement Results Explanation Example

4.6.1 For conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss and attenuator factor.

Offset = RF cable loss + attenuator factor.



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5 TEST ITEMS

5.1 Antenna Requirements

5.1.1 Relevant Standards

FCC §15.203 & 15.247(b)

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of § 15.211, § 15.213, § 15.217, § 15.219, or § 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with § 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6 dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6 dBi. For the fixed point-to-point operation, the power shall be reduced by one dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.

5.1.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction

The Antenna Anti-Replacement as following method:

Protected Method	Description
The antenna is embedded in the	An embedded-in antenna design is used.
product.	

Reference Documents	Item
Photo	Please refer to the EUT Photo documents.

5.1.3 Antenna Gain

The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.



5.2 Frequency Hopping Systems

5.2.1 Relevant Standards

FCC §15.247(a) (1) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv); FCC §15.247(g); FCC §15.247(h)

Describe how the hopping sequence is generated. Provide an example of the hopping sequence channels, to demonstrate that the sequence meets the requirement specified in the definition of an FHSS system. Per the definition in Section 2.1(c), the hop set shall appear as random in the near term, shall appear as evenly distributed in the long term, and sequential hops shall be randomly distributed in both direction and magnitude of change.

Describe how each individual EUT meets the requirement that each of its hopping channels is used equally on average (e.g., that each new transmission event begins on the next channel in the hopping sequence after the final channel used in the previous transmission event).

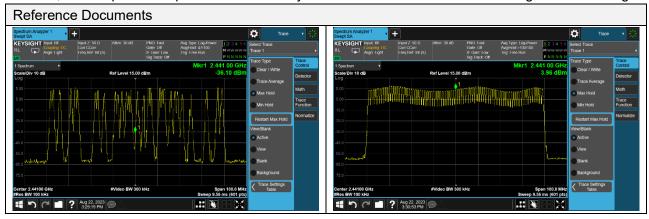
Describe how the associated receiver(s) complies with the requirement that the input bandwidth (either RF or IF) matches the bandwidth of the transmitted signal.

Describe how the associated receiver(s) has the ability to shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

For short burst systems, describe how the EUT complies with the requirement that it be designed to be capable of operating as a true frequency hopping system. Specifically, the device shall comply with the equal frequency use and pseudorandom hopping sequence requirement when transmitting in short bursts, and shall be designed to comply when presented with continuous data (or information) stream. Describe how the EUT complies with the requirement that it not have the ability to be coordinated with other FHSS systems in an effort to avoid the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters.

5.2.2 Description of the systems

- According to the preset procedure of the whole network, all the stations in the automatic control
 network synchronously change the frequency multiple times within one second, and temporarily stay
 on each frequency hopping channel. Periodic synchronization signaling is sent from the primary
 station, instructing all slaves to simultaneously change the operating frequency, then the hopping
 sequence is generated.
- 2. The hop set shall appear as random in the near term, shall appear as evenly distributed in the long term, and sequential hops shall be randomly distributed in both direction and magnitude of change.





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- 3. Channels are classified into two categories, used and unused, where used channels are part of the hopping sequence and unused channels are replaced in the hopping sequence by used channels in a pseudo-random way. Make each individual EUT meets the requirement that each of its hopping channels is used equally on average.
- 4. The input bandwith and transmitted bandwith are both 1MHz, the associated receiver(s) complies with the requirement that the input bandwidth matches the bandwidth of the transmitted signal.
- 5. Connected devices communicate on the same physical channel by synchronizing with a common clock and hopping sequence.
- 6. EUT isn't short burst systems.
- 7. EUT can't have the ability to be coordinated with other FHSS systems in an effort.



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5.3 Number of Hopping Frequencies

5.3.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a) (1) (iii)

Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz bands shall use at least 15 hopping frequencies.

5.3.2Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.3.3 Test Procedure

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = The frequency band of operation

RBW = To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller.

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize

5.3.4Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.1.



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5.4 Peak Output Power

5.4.1 Test Limit

FCC § 15.247(b)

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

5.4.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.4.3 Test Procedure

The Module operates at hopping-off test mode. The lowest, middle and highest channels are selected to perform testing to verify the conducted RF output peak power of the Module.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = approximately 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel

RBW > the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize.

5.4.4Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.2.



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5.5 Occupied Bandwidth

5.5.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a)

Measurement of the 20dB bandwidth of the modulated signal.

5.5.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.5.3 Test Procedure

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = approximately 2 to 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel

RBW = in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

The EUT should be transmitting at its maximum data rate, Allow the trace to stabilize.

5.5.4Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.3.



5.6 Carrier Frequency Separation

5.6.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a)

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 2/3 of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

5.6.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.6.3 Test Procedure

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels

Resolution (or IF) Bandwidth (RBW) ≥ 1% of the span

Video (or Average) Bandwidth (VBW) ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels.

5.6.4Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.4.

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5.7 Time of Occupancy (Dwell time)

5.7.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a)

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400 MHz - 2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 non-overlapping channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

5.7.2Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.7.3 Test Procedure

The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span: Zero span, centered on a hopping channel

RBW shall be \leq channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set >> 1 / T, where T is the expected dwell time per channel

Sweep: As necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel; where possible use a video trigger and trigger delay so that the transmitted signal starts a little to the right of the start of the plot. The trigger level might need slight adjustment to prevent triggering when the system hops on an adjacent channel; a second plot might be needed with a longer sweep time to show two successive hops on a channel

Detector function: Peak

Trace: Max hold

Use the marker-delta function to determine the transmit time per hop. If this value varies with different modes of operation (data rate, modulation format, number of hopping channels, etc.), then repeat this test for each variation in transmit time.

The average time of occupancy on any channel within the Period can be calculated with formulas:

For GFSK and 8-DPSK:

For DH1 package type

{Total of Dwell} = {Pulse Time} * (1600 / 2) / {Number of Hopping Frequency} * {Period}

{Period} = 0.4 s * {Number of Hopping Frequency}

For DH3 package type

{Total of Dwell} = {Pulse Time} * (1600 / 4) / {Number of Hopping Frequency} * {Period}

{Period} = 0.4 s * {Number of Hopping Frequency}

For DH5 package type

{Total of Dwell} = {Pulse Time} * (1600 / 6) / {Number of Hopping Frequency} * {Period}

{Period} = 0.4 s * {Number of Hopping Frequency}

For AFH Mode:

For DH1 package type

{Total of Dwell} = {Pulse Time} * (800 / 2) / {Number of Hopping Frequency} * {Period}



{Period} = 0.4 s * {Number of Hopping Frequency} For DH3 package type {Total of Dwell} = {Pulse Time} * (800 / 4) / {Number of Hopping Frequency} * {Period} {Period} = 0.4 s * {Number of Hopping Frequency}

For DH5 package type

{Total of Dwell} = {Pulse Time} * (800 / 6) / {Number of Hopping Frequency} * {Period}

{Period} = 0.4 s * {Number of Hopping Frequency}

The lowest, middle and highest channels are selected to perform testing to record the dwell time of each occupation measured in this channel, which is called Pulse Time here.

5.7.4Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.5.



5.8 Conducted Spurious Emission & Authorized-band band-edge

5.8.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d)

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

5.8.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.8.3 Test Procedure

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic. Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.

RBW = 100 kHz

VBW = 300 kHz

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize

5.8.4Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.6.



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5.9 Conducted Emission

5.9.1 Limit

FCC §15.207

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a $50\mu\text{H}/50\Omega$ line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency range	Conducted Limit (dBµV)				
(MHz)	Quai-peak	Average			
0.15 - 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46			
0.50 - 5	56	46			
0.50 - 30	60	50			

5.9.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.2 for test setup description for the AC power supply port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.9.3 Test Procedure

The maximum conducted interference is searched using Peak (PK), if the emission levels more than the AV and QP limits, and that have narrow margins from the AV and QP limits will be re-measured with AV and QP detectors. Tests for both L phase and N phase lines of the power mains connected to the EUT are performed. Refer to recorded points and plots below.

Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 50/60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. A device rated for 50/60 Hz operation need not be tested at both frequencies provided the radiated and line conducted emissions are the same at both frequencies.

5.9.4Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.7.



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5.10 Radiated Spurious Emission

5.10.1 Test Setup

See section 4.5.3 to 4.5.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.10.2 Test Procedure

The measurement frequency range is from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for f ≥ 1 GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

For measurement below 1GHz, If the emission level of the EUT measured by the peak detector is 3 dB lower than the applicable limit, the peak emission level will be reported, Otherwise, the emission measurement will be repeated using the quasi-peak detector and reported.

5.10.3 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d)

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

According to FCC section 15.209 (a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960 200		3



Above 060	500	2
Above 960	500	3

Note:

- 1. Field Strength ($dB\mu V/m$) = 20*log[Field Strength ($\mu V/m$)].
- 2. In the emission tables above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.
- For Above 1000 MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation 3. employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20dB above the maximum permitted average limit.
- 4. For above 1000 MHz, limit field strength of harmonics: 54dBuV/m@3m (AV) and 74dBuV/m@3m (PK).

5.10.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.8.



5.11 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

5.11.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d)

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

5.11.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.3 to 4.5.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.11.3 Test Procedure

The measurement frequency range is from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for $f \ge 1$ GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

For measurement below 1GHz, If the emission level of the EUT measured by the peak detector is 3 dB lower than the applicable limit, the peak emission level will be reported, Otherwise, the emission measurement will be repeated using the quasi-peak detector and reported.

5.11.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.9.



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ANNEX A TEST RESULT

A.1 Number of Hopping Frequency

Note: The Number of Hopping Frequency please refer to the test report No. DDT-B21122007-1E02 issued by TianJin Dongdian Testing Service Co.,Ltd. on Jan. 10, 2022, **Appendix 7 Hopping Channel Number**.

A.2 Peak Output Power

Note: The Peak Output Power please refer to the test report No. DDT-B21122007-1E02 issued by TianJin Dongdian Testing Service Co.,Ltd. on Jan. 10, 2022, **Appendix 4 Conducted Peak Output Power**.

A.3 20 dB and 99% bandwidth

Note: The 20 dB and 99% bandwidth please refer to the test report No. DDT-B21122007-1E02 issued by TianJin Dongdian Testing Service Co.,Ltd. on Jan. 10, 2022, **Appendix 5 20dB Emission Bandwidth & 99% Occupied Bandwidth**.

A.4 Hopping Frequency Separation

Note: The Hopping Frequency Separation please refer to the test report No. DDT-B21122007-1E02 issued by TianJin Dongdian Testing Service Co.,Ltd. on Jan. 10, 2022, **Appendix 6 Carrier Frequencies Separation**.

A.5 Average Time of Occupancy

Note: The Average Time of Occupancy please refer to the test report No. DDT-B21122007-1E02 issued by TianJin Dongdian Testing Service Co.,Ltd. on Jan. 10, 2022, **Appendix 8 Dwell Time**.

A.6 Conducted Spurious Emissions & Authorized-band band-edge

Note: The Conducted Spurious Emissions & Authorized-band band-edge please refer to the test report No. DDT-B21122007-1E02 issued by TianJin Dongdian Testing Service Co.,Ltd. on Jan. 10, 2022, Appendix 10 Spurious RF Conducted Emission and Appendix 9 Band-edge for RF Conducted Emission.

A.7 Conducted Emissions

Note: The Conducted Emissions please refer to the test report No. DDT-B21122007-1E02 issued by TianJin Dongdian Testing Service Co.,Ltd. on Jan. 10, 2022, **Appendix 3 AC Power Line Conducted Emissions**.



A.8 Radiated Spurious Emission

Note ¹: The symbol of "--" in the table which means not application.

Note 2: For the test data above 1 GHz, according the ANSI C63.10-2013, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

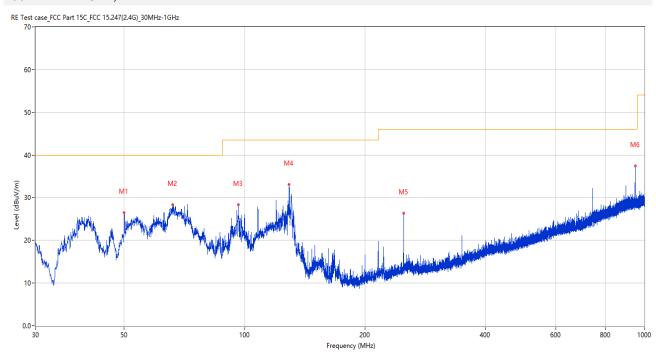
Note 3: The EUT is working in the Normal link mode below 1 GHz. All modes have been tested and DH5-Hopping mode is the worst.

Note 4: Results (dBuV/m) = Original reading level of Spectrum Analyzer (dBuV/m) + Factor (dB)

The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30 MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20 dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

Test Data and Plots

30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT V

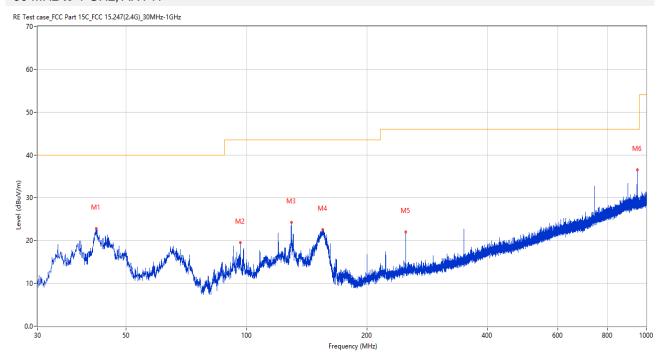


No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	49.982	26.47	-25.10	40.0	13.53	Peak	70.00	100	Vertical	Pass
2	66.181	28.33	-28.27	40.0	11.67	Peak	266.00	100	Vertical	Pass
3	96.445	28.39	-27.31	43.5	15.11	Peak	302.00	100	Vertical	Pass
4	129.328	33.06	-29.29	43.5	10.44	Peak	278.00	100	Vertical	Pass
5	249.996	26.32	-24.59	46.0	19.68	Peak	79.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6	948.833	37.43	-8.59	46.0	8.57	Peak	0.00	200	Vertical	Pass

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30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT H



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	42.077	22.81	-26.10	40.0	17.19	Peak	220.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	96.493	19.46	-27.30	43.5	24.04	Peak	52.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
3	129.376	24.26	-29.29	43.5	19.24	Peak	341.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
4	155.227	22.51	-29.50	43.5	20.99	Peak	228.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
5	249.996	22.00	-24.59	46.0	24.00	Peak	23.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
6	948.833	36.51	-8.59	46.0	9.49	Peak	93.00	100	Horizontal	Pass

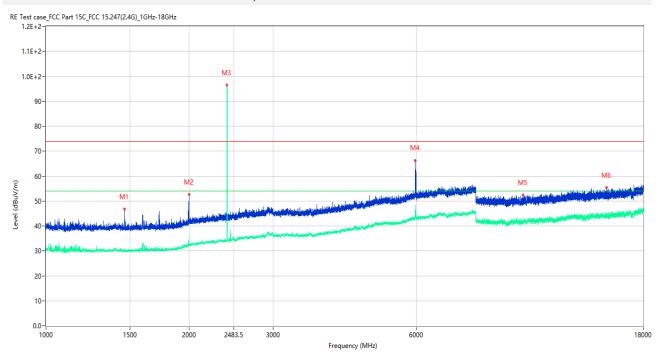
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Note 1: The marked spikes near 2400 MHz with circle should be ignored because they are Fundamental signal.

Note 2: The spurious from 18GHz-25GHz is noise only, do not show on the report.

GFSK LOW CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V

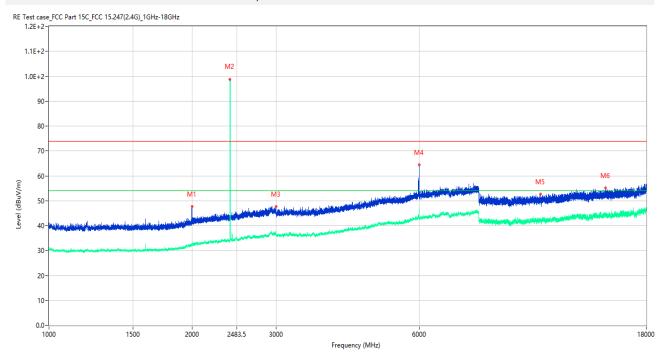


No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1463.750	46.70	-15.20	74.0	27.30	Peak	47.00	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	1463.750	29.82	-15.20	54.0	24.18	AV	47.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2	1997.000	52.61	-13.25	74.0	21.39	Peak	76.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2**	1997.000	33.89	-13.25	54.0	20.11	AV	76.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3	2402.250	96.58	-11.53	74.0	-22.58	Peak	131.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3**	2402.250	96.23	-11.53	54.0	-42.23	AV	131.00	150	Vertical	N/A
4	5975.000	66.20	1.19	74.0	7.80	Peak	58.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	5975.000	43.19	1.19	54.0	10.81	AV	58.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	10058.000	52.53	2.02	74.0	21.47	Peak	0.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5**	10058.000	41.00	2.02	54.0	13.00	AV	0.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6	15073.500	55.26	4.29	74.0	18.74	Peak	119.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6**	15073.500	44.78	4.29	54.0	9.22	AV	119.00	150	Vertical	Pass

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GFSK LOW CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1999.000	47.74	-13.14	74.0	26.26	Peak	328.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1999.000	32.22	-13.14	54.0	21.78	AV	328.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2402.250	98.86	-11.53	74.0	-24.86	Peak	154.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2402.250	98.39	-11.53	54.0	-44.39	AV	154.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	2997.500	47.79	-7.52	74.0	26.21	Peak	21.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	2997.500	37.33	-7.52	54.0	16.67	AV	21.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	6000.000	64.43	1.28	74.0	9.57	Peak	62.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4**	6000.000	43.85	1.28	54.0	10.15	AV	62.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	10776.001	52.67	2.21	74.0	21.33	Peak	283.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5**	10776.001	42.67	2.21	54.0	11.33	AV	283.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	14771.000	55.05	4.14	74.0	18.95	Peak	217.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6**	14771.000	44.54	4.14	54.0	9.46	AV	217.00	150	Horizontal	Pass



A.9 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

Note ¹: The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify the band edge emissions. Please refer to the following the plots for emissions values.

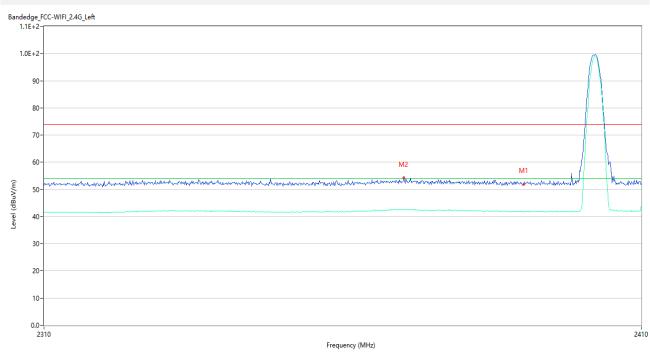
Note ²: The test data all are tested in the vertical and horizontal antenna which the trace is max hold. So these plots have shown the worst case.

Note ³: According the ANSI C63.10-2013, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

Note 4: The Level (dBuV/m) has been corrected by factor.

Test Data and Plots

GFSK LOW CHANNEL



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	2390.000	52.00	-3.73	74.0	22.00	Peak	94.88	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2390.000	41.70	-3.73	54.0	12.30	AV	94.88	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2369.700	54.36	-2.85	74.0	19.64	Peak	95.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2369.700	42.68	-2.85	54.0	11.32	AV	95.00	150	Horizontal	Pass



ANNEX B TEST SETUP PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-EC2370017-AR.PDF".

ANNEX C EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-EC2370017-AW.PDF".

ANNEX D EUT INTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-EC2370017-AI.PDF".



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