# RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE

## **LIMIT**

Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See §1.1307(b)(1) of this chapter.

**EUT Specification** 

EUT	802.11b/g Module
Frequency band (Operating)	<ul> <li>✓ WLAN: 2.400GHz ~ 2.483GHz</li> <li>✓ WLAN: 5.18GHz ~ 5.32GHz / 5.50GHz ~ 5.70GHz</li> <li>✓ WLAN: 5.745GHz ~ 5825GHz</li> <li>✓ Others</li> </ul>
Device category	☐ Portable (<20cm separation) ☐ Mobile (>20cm separation) ☐ Others
Exposure classification	Occupational/Controlled exposure $(S = 5mW/cm^2)$ General Population/Uncontrolled exposure $(S=1mW/cm^2)$
Antenna diversity	☐ Single antenna ☐ Multiple antennas ☐ Tx diversity ☐ Rx diversity ☐ Tx/Rx diversity
Max. output power	16.81dBm (47.97mW)
Antenna gain (Max)	0.5dBi (Numeric gain:0.42)
Evaluation applied	<ul><li>✓ MPE Evaluation</li><li>✓ SAR Evaluation</li></ul>
Note:	
1. The maximum output power is <u>16.81dBm (47.97mW)</u> at <u>2462MHz</u> (with <u>0.42 numeric</u>	
antenna gain.)	
2. For mobile or fixed location transmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The minimum	
separation generally be used is at least 20 cm, even if the calculations indicate that the	
MPE distance would be lesser.	

# **TEST RESULT**

No non-compliance noted.

### Calculation

$$E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \& S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$$

Where E = Field Strength in Volts / meter

P = Power in Watts

*G*=*Numeric* antenna gain

*d*=*Distance in meters* 

*S=Power Density in milliwatts / square centimeter* 

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P(mW) = P(W) / 1000 \text{ and}$$
  
  $d(cm) = 100 * d(m)$ 

**Yields** 

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$

Equation 1

Where

d = distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power Density in mW/cm^2$ 

### **Maximum Permissible Exposure**

EUT Output Power=47.97mW

Numeric antenna gain=0.42

Substituting the MPE safe distance using d=20 cm into *Equation 1*:

Yields

$$S=0.000199\times P\times G$$

Where

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power Density in mW/cm^2$ 

The power density  $S = 0.000199 \times 47.97 \times 0.42 \text{ mW/cm}^2 = 0.0040093326 \text{mW/cm}^2$ 

(For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the maximum power density is  $1.0 \, mW/cm^2$  even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.)

#### **Evaluation reslut: PASS**