



FCC SAR TEST REPORT

Report No: STS1801226H01

Issued for

ITALCOM GROUP

1728 Coral Way, Coral Gables, Miami, Florida, United States 33145 (Zip code: 518048)

Product Name:	4G LTE
Brand Name:	NYX
Model Name:	ICE
Series Model:	N/A
FCC ID:	YPVITALCOMICE
	ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1
Test Standard:	FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
	IEEE 1528: 2013
Max. Report	Head: 0.288 W/kg
SAR (1g):	Body: 1.327 W/kg

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Test Report Certification

Applicant's name COMMERCIAL LINK INTERNATIONAL S.A.S

1728 Coral Way, Coral Gables, Miami, Florida, United States

33145(Zip code: 518048)

Manufacture's Name......: Shenzhen qianhai aibo Science and Technology Ltd.

Address room 303, Ling Nan building, NO.3081, Qiaoxiang Road, Futian

District, Shenzhen city, Guangdong Province, China

Product description

Product name: 4G LTE

Brand name: NYX

Model name: ICE

Series Model.....: N/A

ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992

Standards.....: FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

IEEE 1528: 2013

The device was tested by Shenzhen STS Test Services Co., Ltd. in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in KDB 865664 The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

Date of Test:

Date of Issue.....: 08 Feb. 2018

Test Result..... Pass

Testing Engineer : Aan 13 u

(Aaron Bu)

Technical Manager:

(John Zou)

Authorized Signatory:

(Vita Li)

1/F., Building B, Zhuoke Science Park, No.190, Chongqing Road, Fuyong Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China Tel: +86-755 3688 6288 Fax:+86-755 3688 6277 Http://www.stsapp.com E-mail: sts@stsapp.com





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1.General Information

Environmental evaluation measurements of specific absorption rate (SAR) distributions in emulated human head and body tissues exposed to radio frequency (RF) radiation from wireless portable devices for compliance with the rules and regulations of the U.S. Federal Communications Commission (FCC).

1.1 EUT Description

1.1 EUT Descri	ption										
Product Name	4G LTE										
Brand Name	NYX										
Model Name	ICE	ICE									
Series Model	N/A										
FCC ID	YPVITALO	COMICE									
Model Difference	N/A										
Adapter	Output: D0	100-240V, 150mA, 50/ C 5V, 1000mA	60 Hz								
Battery	Rated Volt Charge Lir Capacity:										
Device Category	Portable										
Product stage	Production	unit									
RF Exposure Environment	General Po	ppulation / Uncontrolled									
IMEI	355706090	0001002									
Hardware Version	NYX_ICE_	_001									
Software Version	ICE_AMXI	NYX_V001R									
Frequency Range	PCS1900: WCDMA E	824.2~848.8MHz 1850.2~1909.8MHz Band II:1852.4~1907.6 Band V:826.4~846.6MH	IVITZ Bluotooth:2402. (n(HT20):2412~2462MHz							
	Band	Mode	Head (W/kg)	Body Worn and Hotspot(W/kg)							
	PCE	GSM 850	0.134	0.704							
Max. Reported	PCE	GSM 1900	0.226	0.339							
SAR(1g):	PCE	WCDMA Band II	0.201	1.008							
(Limit:1.6W/kg)	PCE	WCDMA Band V	0.169	0.362							
	PCE	LTE Band 4	0.288	1.327							
	DTS	WIFI	0.143	0.075							
	DSS	Bluetooth Note	0.053	0.026							
1-g Sum SAR			0.431	1.402							
FCC Equipment Class	Part 15 Sp	Licensed Portable Transmitter Held to Ear (PCE) Part 15 Spread Spectrum Transmitter (DSS) Digital Transmission System (DTS)									
Operating Mode:	GSM: GSM WCDMA:F LTE:QPSF WLAN: 80	GSM: GSM Voice; GPRS; EGPRS Class 12; WCDMA:RMC,HSDPA,HSUPA Release 6; LTE:QPSK,16QAM; WLAN: 802.11 b/g/n(HT20); Bluetooth: 2.1+EDR (GFSK +π/4DQPSK+8DPSK);									



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Antenna Specification:	GSM,WCDMA,LTE: PIFA Antenna BT,WIFI: PIFA Antenna
SIM Card	Support single card
Hotspot Mode:	Support
DTM Mode:	Not Support

Note:

- 1. Bluetooth SAR was estimated
- 2. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power







1.2 Test Environment

Ambient conditions in the SAR laboratory:

Items	Required
Temperature (°C)	18-25
Humidity (%RH)	30-70

1.3 Test Factory

Shenzhen STS Test Services Co., Ltd.

Add.: 1/F., Building B, Zhuoke Science Park, No.190, Chongqing Road,

Fuyong Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

CNAS Registration No.: L7649 FCC Registration No.: 625569 IC Registration No.: 12108A A2LA Certificate No.: 4338.01





2.Test Standards And Limits

Ma	lala militar	Decomposit Title
No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 2	Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations
2	ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz
3	IEEE Std. 1528-2013	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
4	FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06	Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies
5	FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
6	FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02	RF Exposure Reporting
7	FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01	SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices
8	FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05	SAR for LTE Devices
9	FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01	Hotspot Mode SAR
10	FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03	SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets
11	FCC KDB 248227 D01 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02	SAR Considerations for 802.11 Devices

(A). Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body Partial-Body Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles 0.4 8.0 20.0

(B). Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body Partial-Body Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles 0.08 1.6 4.0

NOTE: Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

Population/Uncontrolled Environments:

are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments:

are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

NOTE GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE PARTIAL BODY LIMIT 1.6 W/kg



3. SAR Measurement System

3.1 Definition Of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg) SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

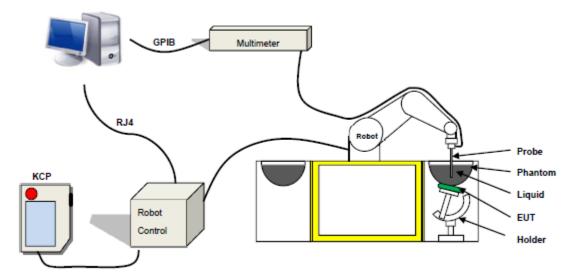
$$SAR = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue,

 $\boldsymbol{\rho}$ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

3.2 SAR System

MVG SAR System Diagram:



Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue



The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

3.2.1 Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 14/16 EP309 with following specifications is used

- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Tip Diameter: 5 mm
- Length of Individual Dipoles: 4.5 mm
- Maximum external diameter: 8 mm
- Distance between dipole/probe extremity: 8 mm (repeatability better than +/- 2.7mm)
- Probe linearity: 0±2.27%(±0.10dB)
- Axial Isotropy: < 0.10 dB
- Spherical Isotropy: < 0.10 dB
- Calibration range: 400 MHz to 3 GHz for head & body simulating liquid.
- Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°



Figure 1-MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole



3.2.2 Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.





3.2.3 Device Holder



The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of \pm 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of \pm 20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.4. Tissue Simulating Liquids



4. Tissue Simulating Liquids

4.1 Simulating Liquids Parameter Check

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Frequency	Bactericide	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Sucrose	1,2-Propan ediol	X100	Water	Conductivity	Permittivity
(MHz)	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	δ	εr
750	/	/	/	0.79	/	64.81	/	34.40	0.97	41.8
835	/	/	/	0.79	/	64.81	/	34.40	0.97	41.8
900	/	/	/	0.79	1	64.81	/	34.40	0.97	41.8
1800	/	13.84	1	0.35	1	1	30.45	55.36	1.38	41.0
1900	/	13.84	1	0.35	1	1	30.45	55.36	1.38	41.0
2000	/	7.99	1	0.16	/	/	19.97	71.88	1.55	41.1
2450	/	7.99	/	0.16	/	/	19.97	71.88	1.88	40.3
2600	/	7.99	/	0.16	1	1	19.97	71.88	1.88	40.3

Tissue dielectric parameters for head and body phantoms								
Frequency	ε		σ S/m					
	Head	Body	Head	Body				
300	45.3	58.2	0.87	0.92				
450	43.5	58.7	0.87	0.94				
900	41.5	55.0	0.97	1.05				
1450	40.5	54.0	1.20	1.30				
1800	40.0	53.3	1.40	1.52				
2450	39.2	52.7	1.80	1.95				
3000	38.5	52.0	2.40	2.73				
5800	35.3	48.2	5.27	6.00				



LIQUID MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Date	Ambient condition		Head Simulating Liquid		Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation	Limited
Date	Temp. [°C]	Humidity [%]	Frequency	Frequency Temp.		raiget	Weasured	[%]	[%]
2018-02-05	22.3	42	835 MHz	22.0	Permittivity:	41.5	41.81	0.75	±5
2010-02-05	22.3	42	835 MHZ 22.0	22.0	Conductivity:	0.9	0.90	0.00	±5
2018-02-05	22.3	42	1800 MHz	22.0	Permittivity:	40	40.71	1.77	±5
2010-02-05	22.3	42		1000 WII IZ 22.0	1000 WII IZ 22.0	Conductivity:	1.40	1.42	1.61
2018-02-07	22 F	45	1000 MU-	22.2	Permittivity:	40	40.74	1.85	±5
2010-02-07	8-02-07 22.5 45 1900 MHz	1900 WITZ	22.2	Conductivity:	1.4	1.36	-2.84	±5	
2019 02 07	2018-02-07 22.5 45 2450 MHz	2450 MHz	00.0	Permittivity:	39.2	38.99	-0.53	±5	
2010-02-07		40	2450 IVITIZ	22.2	Conductivity:	1.8	1.83	1.94	±5

Data	Ambient condition		Body Simulating Liquid		Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation	Limited		
Date	Temp. [°C]	Humidity [%]	Frequency	Temp. [°C]	Faiailleteis	rarget	Measureu	[%]	[%]		
2018-02-05	22.3	42	835 MHz	22.0	Permittivity:	55.2	55.66	0.83	±5		
2018-02-03	22.3	42	835 IVIHZ	22.0	Conductivity:	0.97	0.95	-2.37	±5		
2018-02-05	22.3	42	1800 MHz	22.0	Permittivity:	53.3	53.93	1.18	±5		
2018-02-03	22.3	2.5	1000 IVII 12	22.0	Conductivity:	1.52	1.54	1.13	±5		
2018-02-07	22.5	45	1900 MHz	4000 MUI-	1000 MUz	22.2	Permittivity:	53.3	52.99	-0.58	±5
2018-02-07	22.5	22.5 45		22.2	Conductivity:	1.52	1.52	0.00	±5		
2018-02-07 2	22.5	22.5 45	2450 MHz	22.2	Permittivity:	52.7	53.60	1.72	±5		
	22.5			22.2	Conductivity:	1.95	1.88	-3.37	±5		

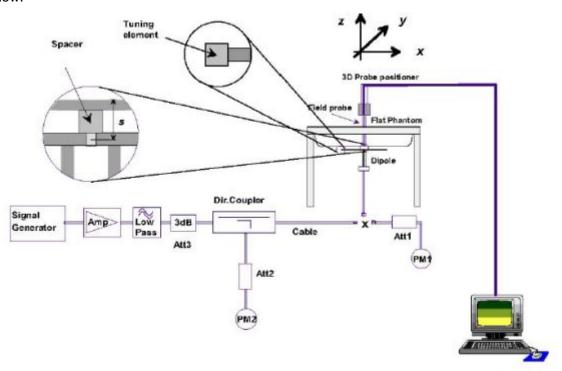


5. SAR System Validation

5.1 Validation System

Each MVG system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the MVG software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System kit includes a dipole, and dipole device holder.

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It's performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurement in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system validation setup is shown as below.



5.2 Validation Result

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by MVG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %.

Freq.(MHz)	Power(mW)	Tested Value (W/Kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg/W)	Target (W/Kg/W)	Tolerance(%)	Date
835 Head	100	0.956	9.56	9.56	0.00	2018-02-05
835 Body	100	0.965	9.65	9.56	0.96	2018-02-05
1800 Head	100	3.808	38.08	38.4	-0.84	2018-02-05
1800 Body	100	3.923	39.23	38.4	2.15	2018-02-05
1900 Head	100	3.957	39.57	39.7	-0.33	2018-02-07
1900 Body	100	3.878	38.78	39.7	-2.31	2018-02-07
2450 Head	100	4.987	49.87	52.4	-4.82	2018-02-07
2450 Body	100	5.121	51.21	52.4	-2.26	2018-02-07

Note: The tolerance limit of System validation ±10%.





6. SAR Evaluation Procedures

The procedure for assessing the average SAR value consists of the following steps: The following steps are used for each test position

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface
- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

Area Scan& Zoom Scan

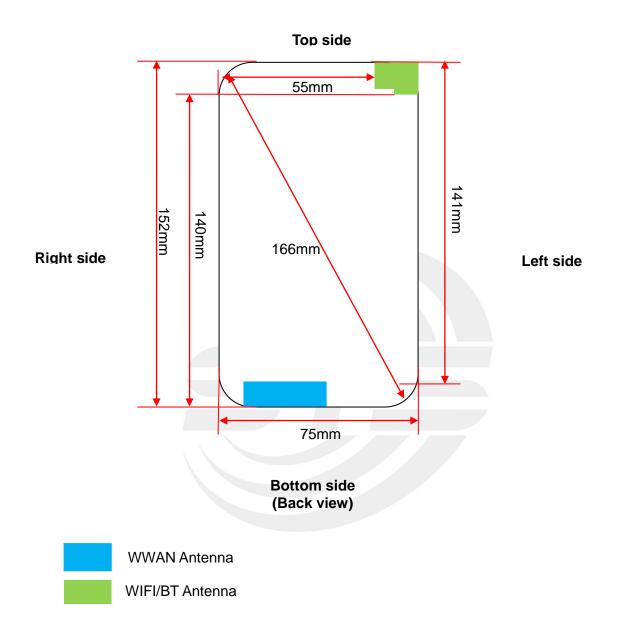
First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01 quoted below.

When the 1-g SAR of the highest peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit, additional zoom scans are required for other peaks within 2 dB of the highest peak that have not been included in any zoom scan to ensure there is no increase in SAR.



7. EUT Antenna Location Sketch

It is a 4G LTE, support GSM/WCDMA/LTE mode.







7.1 SAR test exclusion consider table

According with FCC KDB 447498 D01, appendix A, <SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100MHz ~6GHz and≤50mm>table, this device SAR test configurations consider as following:

Band	Test position configurations									
	Front	Back	Right edge	Left edge	Top edge	Bottom edge				
WWAN	<5mm	<5mm	<5mm	37mm	141mm	<5mm				
	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes				
\\/\IEI/DT	<5mm	<5mm	55mm	<5mm	<5mm	140mm				
WIFI/BT	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No				

Note:

- 1. maximum power is the source-based time-average power and represents the maximum RF output power among production units.
- 2. per KDB 447498 D01, for larger devices, the test separation distance of adjacent edge configuration is determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.
- 3. per KDB 447498 D01, standalone SAR test exclusion threshold is applied; if the distance of the antenna to the user is <5mm, 5mm is user to determine SAR exclusion threshold
- 4. per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distance ≤50mm are determined by:
 [(max.power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, Mw)/(min. test separation distance,
 - mm)]*[$\sqrt{f(GHZ)}$) \leq 3.0 for 1-g SAR and \leq 7.5 for10-g extremity SAR ,f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison For <50mm distance, we just calculate mW of the exclusion threshold value(3.0)to do compare
- per KDB 447498 D01, at 100 MHz to 6GHz and for test separation distances >50mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following a)[threshold at 50mm in step 1]+(test separation distance -50mm)*(f (MHz)/150)]Mw, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
 - b) [threshold at 50mm in step1]+(test separation distance -50mm) *10]mW at> 1500MHz and <6GHz
- Per KDB 447498 D02, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If HSDPA/ HSUPA/DC-HSDPA output power is<0.25db higher than RMC 12.2Kbps,or reported SAR with RMC 12.2kbps setting is ≤1.2W/Kg, HSDPA/HSUPA/DC-HSDPA SAR evaluation can be excluded.
- 7. Per KDB 248227 D01, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine futher SAR exclusion 8.for each frequency band ,testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of each of these configurations is less than 1/4db higher than those measured at the lower data rate than 11b mode ,thus the SAR can be excluded.

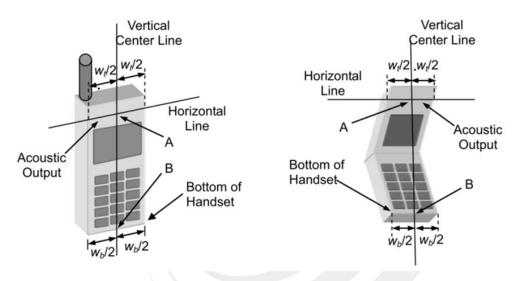


8. EUT Test Position

This EUT was tested in Right Cheek, Right Titled, Left Cheek, Left Titled, Front Face and Rear Face.

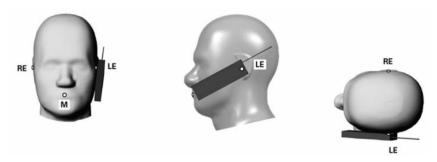
8.1 Define Two Imaginary Lines On The Handset

- (1) The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width wb of the handset.
- (2) The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.
- (3) The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.



Cheek Position

- 1)To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- 2)To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost



Title Position

- (1)To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.
- (2) While maintaining the device in the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until with the ear is lost.

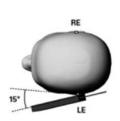


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Body-worn Position Conditions:

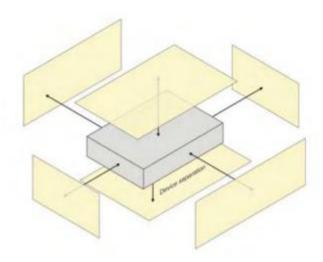
Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in KDB Publication 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. When the same wireless transmission configuration is used for testing body-worn accessory and hotspot mode SAR, respectively, in voice and data mode, SAR results for the most conservative *test separation distance* configuration may be used to support both SAR conditions. When the *reported* SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest *reported* SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for the body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.





8.2 Hotspot mode exposure position condition

For handsets that support hotspot mode operations, with wireless router capabilities and various web browsing function, the relevant hand and body exposure condition are tested according to the hotspot SAR procedures in KDB 941225. A test separation distance of 10 mm is required between the phantom and all surface and edges with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm form that surface or edge. When form factor of a handset is smaller than 9cm x 5cm, a test separation distance of 5mm (instead of 10mm)is required for testing hotspot mode. When the separate distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, in the same wireless mode and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration(surface).



1/F., Building B, Zhuoke Science Park, No.190, Chongqing Road, Fuyong Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China Tel: +86-755 3688 6288 Fax:+86-755 3688 6277 Http://www.stsapp.com E-mail: sts@stsapp.com



9. Uncertainty

9.1 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in IEEE 1528: 2013. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

NO	Source	Tol(%)	Prob. Dist.	Div. k	ci (1g)	ci (10g)	1gUi	10gUi	Veff	
Meas	Measurement System									
1	Probe calibration	5.8	N	1	1	1	5.8	5.8	8	
2	Axial isotropy	3.5	R	√3	(1-cp) ^{1/2}	(1-cp) ^{1/2}	1.43	1.43	8	
3	Hemispherical isotropy	5.9	R	√3	√Cp	√Cp	2.41	2.41	8	
4	Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	8	
5	Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.71	2.71	8	
6	System Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	8	
7	Readout electronics	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	8	
8	Response time	0	R	√3	1	1	0	0	8	
9	Integration time	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8	
10	Ambient noise	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	8	
11	Ambient reflections	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	8	
12	Probe positioner mech. restrictions	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8	
13	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8	
14	Max.SAR evaluation	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	8	
Test s	sample related			1			1	1		



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15	Device positioning	2.6	N	1	1	1	2.6	2.6	11
16	Device holder	3	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0	7
17	Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	8
Phant	om and set-up								
18	Phantom uncertainty	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.31	2.31	8
19	Liquid conductivity (target)	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	1.95	1.78	5
20	Liquid conductivity (meas)	4	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.92	1.04	5
21	Liquid Permittivity (target)	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	1.95	1.78	8
22	Liquid Permittivity (meas)	5.0	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	8
Comb	ined standard	andard RSS			$C_C = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^n C_i^2 U}$	2 i	10.63%	10.54%	
Expar (P=95	Expanded uncertainty $U=k\ U_{C}$,k=2					21.26%	21.08%		



9.2 System validation Uncertainty

•			•							
NO	Source	Tol(%)	Prob. Dist.	Div. k	ci (1g)	ci (10g)	1gUi	10gUi	Veff	
Meas	Measurement System									
1	Probe calibration	5.8	N	1	1	1	5.8	5.8	8	
2	Axial isotropy	3.5	R	√3	(1-cp) ^{1/2}	(1-cp) ^{1/2}	1.43	1.43	8	
3	Hemispherical isotropy	5.9	R	√3	√Cp	√Cp	2.41	2.41	8	
4	Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	8	
5	Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.71	2.71	8	
6	System Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	8	
7	Modulation response	0	N	1	1	1	0	0	8	
8	Readout electronics	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	8	
9	Response time	0	R	√3	1	1	0	0	8	
10	Integration time	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8	
11	Ambient noise	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	8	
12	Ambient reflections	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	8	
13	Probe positioner mech. restrictions	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8	
14	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8	
15	Max.SAR evaluation	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	8	
Dipole	•						•			
16	Deviation of experimental source from	4	N	1	1	1	4.00	4.00	8	



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1

U = k $U_{\scriptscriptstyle C}$,k=2

0.23

 $U_{C} = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{n} C_{i}^{2} U_{i}^{2}}$

0.26

1.15

10.15%

20.29%

N

RSS

∞

1.30

10.05%

20.10%

uncertainty)

(meas)

Combined standard

Expanded uncertainty

(P=95%)

26

Liquid Permittivity

5.0



10. Conducted Power Measurement

10.1 Test Result

Burst Average Power (dBm)								
Band		GSM 850		PCS 1900				
Channel	128	190	251	512	661	810		
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8		
GSM(GMSK, 1-Slot)	32.28	32.19	32.41	28.85	28.56	28.65		
GPRS (GMSK, 1-Slot)	32.23	32.12	32.36	28.79	28.50	28.59		
GPRS (GMSK, 2-Slot)	31.74	31.64	31.95	28.30	28.03	28.18		
GPRS (GMSK, 3-Slot)	31.27	31.16	31.52	27.85	27.57	27.68		
GPRS (GMSK, 4-Slot)	30.79	30.70	31.05	27.45	27.10	27.24		
EGPRS(8PSK, 1-Slot)	32.19	32.09	32.31	28.72	28.43	28.52		
EGPRS(8PSK, 2-Slot)	31.47	31.36	31.73	28.01	27.83	27.89		
EGPRS(8PSK, 3-Slot)	31.06	30.95	31.26	27.57	27.35	27.46		
EGPRS(8PSK, 4-Slot)	30.55	30.40	30.84	27.20	26.82	27.00		

Remark: GPRS, CS4 coding scheme. EGPRS, MCS9 coding scheme. Multi-Slot Class 8, Support Max 4 downlink, 1 uplink, 5 working link Multi-Slot Class 10, Support Max 4 downlink, 2 uplink, 5 working link Multi-Slot Class 12, Support Max 4 downlink, 4 uplink, 5 working link

Fram- Average Power(dBm)								
Band	Band GSM 850				PCS 1900			
Channel	128	190	251	512	661	810		
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8		
GSM(GMSK, 1-Slot)	23.25	23.16	23.38	19.82	19.53	19.62		
GPRS (GMSK, 1-Slot)	23.20	23.09	23.33	19.76	19.47	19.56		
GPRS (GMSK, 2-Slot)	25.72	25.62	25.93	22.28	22.01	22.16		
GPRS (GMSK, 3-Slot)	27.01	26.90	27.26	23.59	23.31	23.42		
GPRS (GMSK, 4-Slot)	27.78	27.69	28.04	24.44	24.09	24.23		
EGPRS(8PSK, 1-Slot)	23.16	23.06	23.28	19.69	19.40	19.49		
EGPRS(8PSK, 2-Slot)	25.45	25.34	25.71	21.99	21.81	21.87		
EGPRS(8PSK, 3-Slot)	26.80	26.69	27.00	23.31	23.09	23.20		
EGPRS(8PSK, 4-Slot)	27.54	27.39	27.83	24.19	23.81	23.99		

Remark:

- 1. SAR testing was performed on the maximum frame-averaged power mode.
- 2. The frame-averaged power is linearly proportion to the slot number configured and it is linearly scaled the maximum

burst-averaged power based on time slots. The calculated method is shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) – 9.03 dB

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6.02 dB

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) – 3.01 dB



۱A	IC		М	Λ
V١	16	יוט	VI	н

Band	WCDMA Band V			WCDMA Band II		
Channel	4132	4183	4233	9262	9400	9538
Frequency (MHz)	826.4	836.6	846.6	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6
AMR 12.2Kbps	22.34	22.21	22.20	21.96	22.30	22.17
RMC 12.2Kbps	22.36	22.24	22.23	21.99	22.33	22.21
HSDPA Subtest-1	22.31	22.18	22.17	21.92	22.28	22.16
HSDPA Subtest-2	21.88	21.71	21.69	21.52	21.86	21.74
HSDPA Subtest-3	21.57	21.23	21.32	21.12	21.41	21.28
HSDPA Subtest-4	21.11	20.89	20.91	20.66	21.02	20.97
HSUPA Subtest-1	22.28	22.10	21.77	21.89	22.22	21.67
HSUPA Subtest-2	21.40	21.16	20.78	20.89	21.30	20.74
HSUPA Subtest-3	21.29	20.76	20.44	20.78	20.84	20.28
HSUPA Subtest-4	20.86	20.32	19.96	20.38	20.45	19.88
HSUPA Subtest-5	19.41	18.85	18.48	18.93	19.04	18.45

According to 3GPP 25.101 sub-clause 6.2.2, the maximum output power is allowed to be reduced by following the table.

Table 6.1A: UE maximum output power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

UE Transmit Channel Configuration	CM(db)	MPR(db)
For all combinations of ,DPDCH,DPCCH HS-DPDCH,E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH	0≤ CM≤3.5	MAX(CM-1,0)

Note: CM=1 for $\beta c/\beta d=12/15$, $\beta hs/\beta c=24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH,

E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

The device supports MPR to solve linearity issues (ACLR or SEM) due to the higher peak-to average ratios (PAR) of the HSUPA signal. This prevents saturating the full range of the TX DAC inside of device and provides a reduced power output to the RF transceiver chip according to the Cubic Metric (a function of the combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH).

When E-DPDCH channels are present the beta gains on those channels are reduced firsts to try to get the power under the allowed limit. If the beta gains are lowered as far as possible, then a hard limiting is applied at the maximum allowed level.

The SW currently recalculates the cubic metric every time the beta gains on the E-DPDCH are reduced. The cubic metric will likely get lower each time this is done. However, there is no reported reduction of maximum output power in the HSUPA mode since the device also provides a compensation for the power back-off by increasing the gain of TX_AGC in the transceiver (PA) device.

The end effect is that the DUT output power is identical to the case where there is no MPR in the device.



WIFI

Mode	Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	
	1	2412	16.81	
802.11b	6	2437	16.64	
	11	2462	14.97	
	1	2412	13.61	
802.11g	6	2437	13.72	
	11	2462	11.94	
	1	2412	12.30	
802.11n(HT 20)	6	2437	12.48	
	11	2462	10.72	

Bluetooth

Mode	Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	
	0	2402	-0.25	
GFSK(1Mbps)	39	2441	0.49	
	78	2480	-1.26	
	0	2402	-0.83	
π/4-DQPSK(2Mbps)	39	2441	-0.82	
	78	2480	-2.86	
	0	2402	-0.81	
8DPSK(3Mbps)	39	2441	-0.79	
	78	2480	-2.95	

BLE

Mode	Mode Channel Number		Average Power (dBm)	
	0	2402	-6.13	
GFSK(1Mbps)	19	2440	-5.59	
	39	2480	-8.23	





LTE Conducted Power

General Note:

- 1. Anritsu CMW500 base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 6. Per KDB 941225 D05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 7. Per KDB 941225 D05, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.



LTE BAND 4

	LTE	Band 4 Maximu	um Average F	Power [dBm]		
BW [MHz]	RB Size	RB Offset	Mod	Lowest	Middle	Highest
1.4	1	0		22.46	22.48	22.62
1.4	1	2		22.47	22.51	22.56
1.4	1	5		22.07	22.37	22.77
1.4	3	0	QPSK	21.77	22.35	22.72
1.4	3	1		21.84	22.36	22.7
1.4	3	2		21.76	22.34	22.64
1.4	6	0		21.94	22.01	22.09
1.4	1	0		21.83	22.23	22.3
1.4	1	2		21.87	22.19	22.23
1.4	1	5		20.91	22.23	22.21
1.4	3	0	16-QAM	22.48	22.41	22.32
1.4	3	1		22.51	22.39	22.2
1.4	3	2		22.37	22.39	22.16
1.4	6	0		22.35	20.76	20.66
3	1	0		22.49	22.43	22.67
3	1	7		22.45	22.45	22.61
3	1	14		22.63	22.53	22.46
3	8	0	QPSK	21.94	21.86	22.13
3	8	4		21.91	21.98	22.2
3	8	7		21.97	22.01	22.1
3	15	0		21.89	21.93	22.18
3	1	0		21.99	21.76	21.41
3	1	7		21.81	21.68	21.57
3	1	14		21.85	21.8	21.62
3	8	0	16-QAM	21.16	20.64	21.05
3	8	4		21.21	20.51	20.89
3	8	7		21.32	20.53	20.8
3	15	0		21.1	20.55	20.8



LTE BAND 4

LTE Band 4 Maximum Average Power [dBm]						
BW [MHz]	RB Size	RB Offset	Mod	Lowest	Middle	Highest
5	1	0		22.54	22.19	22.54
5	1	12		22.49	22.24	22.53
5	1	24		22.5	22.21	22.61
5	12	0	QPSK	21.79	21.82	21.93
5	12	6		21.92	21.83	22.09
5	12	11		21.83	21.91	21.99
5	25	0		21.83	21.83	22.08
5	1	0		22.12	22.34	22.18
5	1	12		22.18	22.28	22.17
5	1	24		22.11	22.35	22.23
5	12	0	16-QAM	20.84	20.55	21.17
5	12	6		21.02	20.69	21.11
5	12	11		21.05	20.51	20.87
5	25	0		21.09	20.53	20.82
10	1	0		22.24	22.37	22.47
10	1	24		22.17	22.52	22.61
10	1	49		22.26	22.54	22.6
10	25	0	QPSK	21.88	21.84	22.04
10	25	12		21.86	21.78	22.07
10	25	24		21.77	21.81	22.11
10	50	0		21.89	21.83	22.01
10	1	0		22.18	21.95	22.04
10	1	24		22.08	22.09	22.13
10	1	49		22.15	22.11	22.09
10	25	0	16-QAM	21.41	20.75	21.63
10	25	12		21.35	20.72	21.38
10	25	24		21.28	20.74	21.08
10	50	0		21.24	20.84	21.34



LTE BAND 4

LTE Band 4 Maximum Average Power [dBm]						
BW [MHz]	RB Size	RB Offset	Mod	Lowest	Middle	Highest
15	1	0		22.29	22.14	22.39
15	1	37		22.2	22.38	22.5
15	1	74		22.25	22.36	22.36
15	36	0	QPSK	21.98	21.78	21.85
15	36	18		21.88	21.91	22.01
15	36	39		21.81	21.94	22.05
15	75	0		21.86	21.94	21.96
15	1	0		22.14	21.22	22.16
15	1	38		21.96	21.31	22.27
15	1	75		22.04	21.32	22.27
15	36	0	16-QAM	21.12	20.72	21.04
15	36	18		21	20.76	21.21
15	36	39		20.85	20.83	21.16
15	75	0		20.74	20.78	20.97
20	1	0		23.13	23.03	23.01
20	1	49		23.34	23.38	23.43
20	1	99		22.94	23.24	23.64
20	50	0	QPSK	22.64	23.22	23.59
20	50	24		22.71	23.23	23.57
20	50	49		22.63	23.21	23.51
20	100	0		22.81	22.88	22.96
20	1	0		23.12	23.34	23.25
20	1	49		22.43	22.75	22.79
20	1	99		21.47	22.79	22.77
20	50	0	16-QAM	23.04	22.97	22.88
20	50	24		23.07	22.95	22.76
20	50	49		22.93	22.95	22.72
20	100	0		22.91	21.32	21.22



10.2 Tune-up Power

Mode	GSM850(AVG)	GSM1900(AVG)
GSM/PCS	32±1dBm	28±1dBm
GPRS (1 Slot)	32±1dBm	28±1dBm
GPRS (2 Slot)	31±1dBm	28±1dBm
GPRS (3 Slot)	31±1dBm	27±1dBm
GPRS (4 Slot)	31±1dBm	27±1dBm
EDGE (1 Slot)	32±1dBm	28±1dBm
EDGE (2 Slot)	31±1dBm	28±1dBm
EDGE (3 Slot)	31±1dBm	27±1dBm
EDGE (4 Slot)	30±1dBm	27±1dBm

		1
Mode	WCDMA Band V(AVG)	WCDMA Band II(AVG)
AMR	22±1dBm	22±1dBm
RMC	22±1dBm	22±1dBm
HSDPA Subtest-1	22±1dBm	22±1dBm
HSDPA Subtest-2	21±1dBm	21±1dBm
HSDPA Subtest-3	21±1dBm	21±1dBm
HSDPA Subtest-4	21±1dBm	21±1dBm
HSUPA Subtest-1	22±1dBm	22±1dBm
HSUPA Subtest-2	21±1dBm	21±1dBm
HSUPA Subtest-3	21±1dBm	20±1dBm
HSUPA Subtest-4	20±1dBm	20±1dBm
HSUPA Subtest-5	19±1dBm	19±1dBm

Mode	WIFI(AVG)
IEEE 802.11b	15.9±1dBm
IEEE 802.11g	12.8±1dBm
IEEE 802.11n(HT 20)	11.5±1dBm





Mode	Frequency(MHz)	BT(AVG)	
GFSK	2402	0±1dBm	
	2441	0±1dBm	
	2480	-1±1dBm	
π/4-DQPSK	2402	0±1dBm	
	2441	0±1dBm	
	2480	-2±1dBm	
8DPSK	2402	0±1dBm	
	2441	0±1dBm	
	2480	-2±1dBm	

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Mode	Frequency(MHz)	BT(AVG)	
GFSK	2402	-6±1dBm	
	2441	-5±1dBm	
	2480	-8±1dBm	



LTE

BW[MHz]	RB Size	Mode	Band 4
1.4	1	111000	22±1dBm
1.4	3	QPSK	22±1dBm
1.4	6	1 2	22±1dBm
1.4	1		21.5±1dBm
1.4	3	16- QAM	22±1dBm
1.4	6	-	21.5±1dBm
3	1		22±1dBm
3	8	QPSK	22±1dBm
3	15	-	22±1dBm
3	1		21±1dBm
3	8	16- QAM	21±1dBm
3	15		21±1dBm
5	1		22±1dBm
5	12	QPSK	22±1dBm
5	25		22±1dBm
5	1		22±1dBm
5	12	16- QAM	21±1dBm
5	25		21±1dBm
10	1		22±1dBm
10	25	QPSK	22±1dBm
10	50		22±1dBm
10	1		22±1dBm
10	25	16- QAM	21±1dBm
10	50		21±1dBm
15	1		22±1dBm
15	36	QPSK	21±1dBm
15	75		21±1dBm
15	1		22±1dBm
15	36	16- QAM	21±1dBm
15	75		20±1dBm
20	1		23±1dBm
20	50	QPSK	23±1dBm
20	100		22±1dBm
20	1		23±1dBm
20	50	16- QAM	23±1dBm
20	100		22±1dBm





10.3 SAR Test Exclusions Applied

Per FCC KDB 447498D01, the 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f(GHZ)}$] \leq 3.0 for 1-g SAR and \leq 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where:

- f(GHZ) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

$$\frac{Max\ Power\ of\ Channel\ (mW)}{Test\ Separation\ Dist\ (mm)}*\sqrt{Frequency(GHz)} \leq 3.0$$

Based on the maximum conducted power of **Bluetooth Head** (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance,

Bluetooth Head SAR was not required; $[(1.259/5)^* \sqrt{2.480} = 0.40 < 3.0.$

Based on the maximum conducted power of **Bluetooth Body** (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance,

Bluetooth Body SAR was not required; $[(1.259/10)^* \sqrt{2.480}] = 0.20 < 3.0$.

Based on the maximum conducted power of **2.4 GHz WIFI Head** (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance,

2.4 GHz WIFI SAR was required; $[(48.978/5)^* \sqrt{2.462}] = 15.37 > 3.0$.

Based on the maximum conducted power of **2.4 GHz WIFI Body** (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance,

2.4 GHz WIFI SAR was required; $[(48.978/10)^* \sqrt{2.462}] = 7.69 > 3.0$.





11. EUT And Test Setup Photo

11.1 EUT Photo





Back side





Top side



Bottom side







Left side



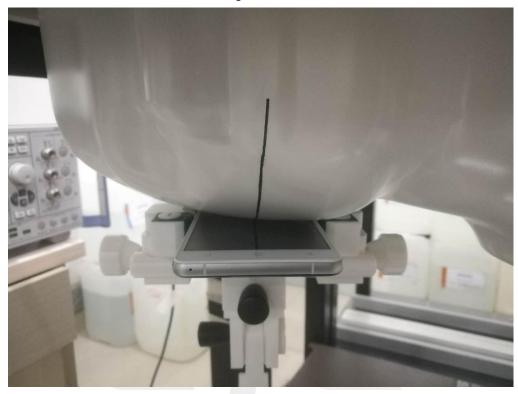
Right side





11.2 Setup Photo



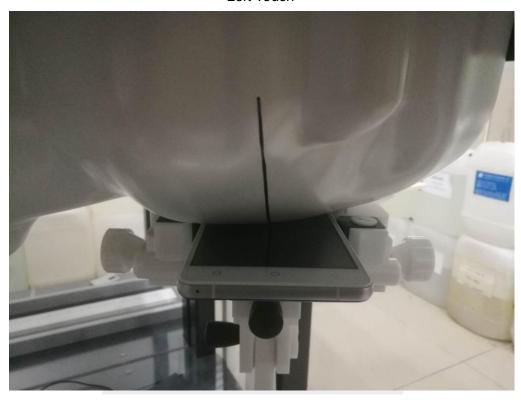


Right Tilt





Left Touch

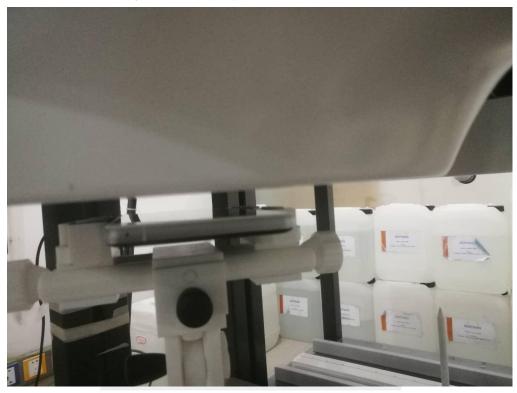


Left Tilt

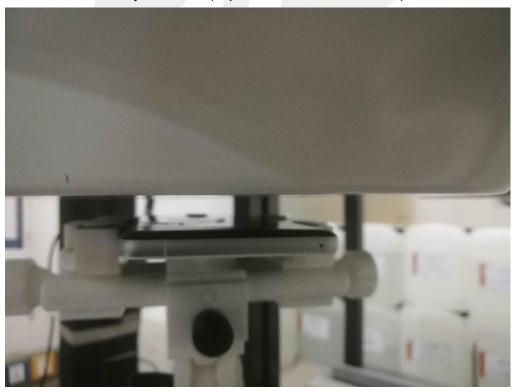








Body Back side(separation distance is 10mm)





Body left side(separation distance is 10mm)



Body right side(separation distance is 10mm)





Body top side(separation distance is 10mm)

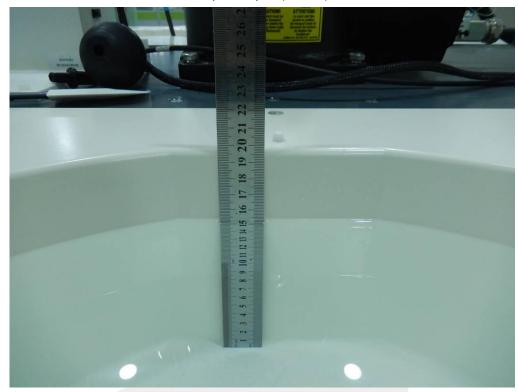


Body Bottom side(separation distance is 10mm)





Liquid depth (15 cm)







12. SAR Result Summary

12.1 Head SAR

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
		Right Cheek	251	0.114	-2.33	33	32.41	0.131	/
GSM 850	Vaina	Right Tilt	251	0.090	3.38	33	32.41	0.103	/
GSIVI 650	Voice	Left Cheek	251	0.117	2.08	33	32.41	0.134	1
		Left Tilt	251	0.082	3.19	33	32.41	0.094	/
		Right Cheek	512	0.182	-2.55	29	28.85	0.188	/
GSM1900	Voice	Right Tilt	512	0.078	-1.37	29	28.85	0.081	/
GSIN1900	voice	Left Cheek	512	0.218	-2.26	29	28.85	0.226	3
		Left Tilt	512	0.094	-2.74	29	28.85	0.097	/
		Right Cheek	9400	0.172	3.99	23	22.33	0.201	5
WCDMA II	DMC	Right Tilt	9400	0.078	0.32	23	22.33	0.091	/
WCDIMA II	RMC	Left Cheek	9400	0.157	0.55	23	22.33	0.183	/
		Left Tilt	9400	0.056	-0.38	23	22.33	0.065	/
		Right Cheek	4132	0.146	-0.84	23	22.36	0.169	7
WCDMA V	RMC	Right Tilt	4132	0.069	-1.83	23	22.36	0.080	/
VVCDIVIA V	KIVIC	Left Cheek	4132	0.135	-2.44	23	22.36	0.156	/
	-	Left Tilt	4132	0.058	2.60	23	22.36	0.067	/

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Duty cycle(%)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
		Right Cheek	1	0.140	3.36	16.9	16.81	100%	0.143	9
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	000 441	Right Tilt	1	0.109	-3.65	16.9	16.81	100%	0.111	/
WIFI	802.11b	Left Cheek	1	0.078	3.43	16.9	16.81	100%	0.080	/
		Left Tilt	1	0.056	2.07	16.9	16.81	100%	0.057	/

Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r01, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. For WWAN: Scaled SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- 2. Per KDB 248227- When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg. (The highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power was **0.070** W/Kg for Head)
- 3. Per KDB865664 D01, Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is <0.80 W/kg



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Band	BW (MHz)	Mod.	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Ch.	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max. Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas. Output Power(dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.		
			1	99	Right Cheek	20300	0.265	2.48	24	23.64	0.288	11		
			50	0	Right Cheek	20300	0.231	-2.21	24	23.59	0.254	/		
					1	99	Right Tilt	20300	0.118	-0.95	24	23.64	0.128	/
LTE	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilt	20300	0.105	-3.57	24	24 23.59 0.115	0.115	/		
Band 4	ZUIVI	ZUM QPSK-	1	99	Left Cheek	20300	0.230	0.12	24	23.64	0.250	/		
			50	0	Left Cheek	20300	0.207	-1.70	24	23.59	0.227	/		
			1	99	Left Tilt	20300	0.106	-0.23	24	23.64	0.115	/		
			50	0	Left Tilt	20300	0.098	1.18	24	23.59	0.108	/		







12.2 Body-worn and Hotspot SAR

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
		Front side	251	0.164	-0.06	32	31.05	0.204	/
GSM 850	GPRS	Back side	251	0.566	2.81	32	31.05	0.704	2
G3W 650	Data-4 Slot	Right side	251	0.099	-3.39	32	31.05	0.123	/
		Bottom side	251	0.159	3.89	32	31.05	0.198	/
		Front side	512	0.238	-0.03	28	27.45	0.270	/
GSM1900	GPRS	Back side	512	0.146	-1.26	28	27.45	0.166	/
GSW1900	Data-4 Slot	Right side	512	0.109	3.88	28	27.45	27.45 0.124	/
		Bottom side	512	0.299	-0.02	28	27.45	0.339	4
		Front side	9400	0.367	-3.74	23	22.33	0.166 / 0.124 / 0.339 4 0.428 / 0.349 / 0.106 /	/
		Back side	9400	0.299	-3.94	23	22.33	0.349	/
WCDMA	DMC	Right side	9400	0.091	-0.79	23	22.33	0.106	/
II	RMC	Bottom side	9262	0.715	2.05	23	21.99	0.902	/
		Bottom side	9400	0.864	1.95	23	22.33	1.008	6
		Bottom side	9538	0.557	-2.83	23	22.21	0.668	/
		Front side	4132	0.123	0.65	23	22.36	0.143	/
WCDMA	DMC	Back side	4132	0.312	1.83	23	22.36	SAR (W/Kg) No. 0.204 / 0.704 2 0.123 / 0.198 / 0.270 / 0.166 / 0.124 / 0.339 4 0.428 / 0.349 / 0.106 / 0.902 / 1.008 6 0.668 /	8
V	RMC	Right side	4132	0.089	1.61	23	22.36	0.103	/
		Bottom side	4132	0.268	-3.36	23	22.36	0.311	/

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Duty cycle(%)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
		Front side	1	0.047	-1.96	16.9	16.81	100	0.048	/
WIFI	802.11b	Back side	1	0.073	-1.84	16.9	16.81	100	0.075	10
VVII	002.110	Left side	1	0.023	-2.70	16.9	16.81	100	0.023	/
		Top side	1	0.019	2.88	16.9	16.81	100	0.019	/

Note:

- 1. The test separation of all above table is 10mm.
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r01, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. For WWAN: Scaled SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- 3. Per KDB 248227- When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2 W/kg. (The highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power was **0.037** W/Kg for Body)
- 4. When the user enables the personal Wireless router functions for the handsets, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the Wi-Fi transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal.

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Band	BW (MHz)	Mod.	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Ch.	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max. Turn-up Power(dBm	Meas. Output Power(dBm)		Meas. No.
			1	99	Front side	20300	0.631	1.72	24	23.64	SAR (W/Kg) No 0.686 / 0.676 / 0.629 / 0.285 / 0.961 / 1.142 /	/
			50 0 Front side 20300 0.615 2.80 24 1 99 Back Side 20300 0.605 -1.36 24 50 0 Back Side 20300 0.572 0.65 24 1 99 Right Side 20300 0.262 1.16 24	24	23.59	0.676	/					
			1	99	Back Side	20300	0.605	-1.36	24	23.64	0.657	/
			50	0	Back Side	20300	0.572	0.65	24	23.59	0.629	/
			1	99	Right Side	20300	0.262	1.16	24	23.64	0.285	/
LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Side	20300	0.234	-0.36	24	23.59	0.257	/
			1	99	Bottom Side	20050	0.753	1.28	24	22.94	0.961	/
			1	99	Bottom Side	20175	0.959	2.57	24	23.24	1.142	/
			1	99	Bottom Side	20300	1.221	2.35	24	23.64	1.327	12
		-	50	0	Bottom Side	20300	1.186	2.31	24	23.59	1.303	/
			100	0	Bottom Side	20300	1.057	-0.81	23	22.96	1.067	

Repeated SAR

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
WCDMA II	RMC	Bottom side	9400	0.853	2.83	23	22.33	0.995	/
LTE Band 4	QPSK	Back Side	20300	1.194	1.01	24	23.64	1.297	/

12.3 repeated SAR measurement

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Original Measured SAR 1g(mW/g)	1 st Repeated SAR 1g	Ratio	Original Measured SAR 1g(mW/g)	2nd Repeated SAR 1g	Ratio
WCDMA II	RMC	Bottom side	9400	0.864	0.853	1.01	-	-	-
LTE Band 4	QPSK	Back Side	20300	1.221	1.194	1.02	-	-	-

Note:

- 1. Per KDB 865664 D01,for each frequency band ,repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/Kg.
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01,if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is ≤1.2and the measured SAR <1.45W/Kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
- 3. Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is ≥ 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45W/Kg
- 4. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated measured SAR.



Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation:

Application Simultaneous Transmission information:

Position	Simultaneous state
	1. GSM + WIFI
	2. GSM + Bluetooth
Hand	3. WCDMA + WIFI
Head	4. WCDMA + Bluetooth
	5. LTE + WIFI
	6. LTE + Bluetooth
	1. GSM + WIFI
	2. GSM + Bluetooth
	3. WCDMA + WIFI
Body	4. WCDMA + Bluetooth
	5. LTE + WIFI
	6. LTE + Bluetooth

NOTE:

- 1. Bluetooth and WIFI can't simultaneous transmission at the same time.
- 2. For simultaneous transmission at head and body exposure position, 2 transmitters simultaneous transmission was the worst state.
- 3. Based upon KDB 447498 D01, BT SAR is excluded as below table.
- 4. If the test separation distance is <5mm, 5mm is used for excluded SAR calculation.
- 5. For minimum test separation distance \leq 50mm,Bluetooth standalone SAR is excluded according to [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/ (min. test separation distance, mm) · [\sqrt{f} (GHz) /x] \leq 3.0 for 1-g SAR and \leq 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR
- 6. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 7. KDB 447498 / 4.3.2 (2) when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:
 - a) (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[\sqrt{f} (GHz) /x] W/kg for test separation distances 50 mm; Where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
 - b) 0.4W/Kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0W/Kg for 10-g SAR, when the separation distance is >50mm.

Estimated SAR		Maximu	ım Power	Antenna	Frequency(GHz)	Stand alone
		dBm	mW	to user(mm)	1 7 7	SAR(1g) [W/kg]
DT	Head	4	1 250	5	2.480	0.053
ВТ	Body	1	1.259	10	2.480	0.026

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Simultaneous Mode	Position	Mode	Max. 1-g SAR (W/kg)	1-g Sum SAR (W/kg)			
		GSM Voice	0.226				
0014 14/15/	Head	WIFI	0.143	0.369			
GSM + WIFI	D. I	GSM Data	0.704	1-g Sum SAR (W/kg) 0.369 0.779 0.279 0.730 0.344 1.083 0.254 1.034 1.402 0.341 1.353			
	Body	WIFI	0.075	0.779			
	Head	GSM Voice	0.226	0.070			
CCM - Divista eth	Head	Bluetooth	0.053	0.279			
GSM + Bluetooth	Dody	GSM Data	0.720				
	Body	Bluetooth	0.026	0.730			
	Head	WCDMA RMC	0.201	0.244			
\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Head	WIFI	0.143	0.344			
WCDMA + WIFI	Distri	WCDMA RMC	1.008	(W/kg) - 0.369 - 0.779 - 0.279 - 0.730 - 0.344 - 1.083 - 0.254 - 1.034 - 1.402 - 0.341			
	Body	WIFI	etooth 0.226 etooth 0.053 M Data 0.704 etooth 0.026 MA RMC 0.201 VIFI 0.143 MA RMC 1.008 VIFI 0.075 MA RMC 0.201 etooth 0.053 MA RMC 1.008 etooth 0.053 MA RMC 1.008 etooth 0.026 E RMC 0.288 VIFI 0.143				
	Head	WCDMA RMC 0.201					
WCDMA + Bluetooth	пеац	Bluetooth	0.254				
WCDIVIA + Bluetooth	Dody	WCDMA RMC	1.008	4.024			
	Body	Bluetooth	0.026	1.034			
	Head	LTE RMC	0.288	0.424			
ITE . \\/IEI	пеац	WIFI	0.143	0.431			
LTE + WIFI	Pody	LTE RMC	1.327	1 402			
	Body	WIFI	0.075	1.402			
LTE + Bluetooth	Head	LTE RMC	0.288	0.244			
	пеаи	Bluetooth	0.053	0.341			
LIE + DIUEIOUIII	Body	LTE RMC	1.327	1 252			
	Бойу	Bluetooth	0.026	1.333			

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna.

When the sum of SAR 1g of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit (SAR-1g 1.6 W/kg), the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. When the sum of SAR 1g is greater than the SAR limit (SAR-1g 1.6 W/kg), SAR test exclusion is determined by the SPLSR.



13. Equipment List

Kind of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Last Calibration	Calibrated Until
835MHz Dipole	MVG	SID835	SN 30/14 DIP0G835-332	2017.08.15	2020.08.14
1800MHz Dipole	MVG	SID1800	SN 30/14 DIP1G800-329	2017.08.15	2020.08.14
1900MHz Dipole	MVG	SID1900	SN 30/14 DIP1G900-333	2017.08.15	2020.08.14
2450MHzDipole	MVG	SID2450	SN 30/14 DIP2G450-335	2017.08.15	2020.08.14
E-Field Probe	MVG	SSE5	SN 14/16 EP309	2017.12.15	2018.12.14
Dielectric Probe Kit	MVG	SCLMP	SN 32/14 OCPG67	2017.12.03	2018.12.02
Antenna	MVG	ANTA3	SN 07/13 ZNTA52	N/A	N/A
Phantom1	MVG	SAM	SN 32/14 SAM115	2014.09.01	N/A
Phantom2	MVG	SAM	SN 32/14 SAM116	2014.09.01	N/A
Phone holder	MVG	N/A	SN 32/14 MSH97	2014.09.01	N/A
Laptop holder	MVG	N/A	SN 32/14 LSH29	2014.09.01	N/A
Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753ES	US38432810	2017.03.16	2018.03.15
Multi Meter	Keithley	Multi Meter 2000	4050073	2017.10.15	2018.10.14
Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY50140530	2017.10.15	2018.10.14
Wireless Communication Test Set	Agilent	8960-E5515C	MY48360751	2017.10.15	2018.10.14
Wireless Communication Test Set	R&S	CMW500	117239	2017.10.15	2018.10.14
Power Amplifier	DESAY	ZHL-42W	9638	2017.10.15	2018.10.14
Power Meter	R&S	NRP	100510	2017.10.15	2018.10.14
Power Meter	Agilent	E4418B	GB43312526	2017.10.15	2018.10.14
Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z11	101919	2017.10.15	2018.10.14
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9301A	MY41497725	2017.10.15	2018.10.14
9dB Attenuator	Agilent	99899	DC-18GHz	2017.05.10	2018.05.09
11dB Attenuator	Agilent	8494B	DC-18GHz	2017.05.10	2018.05.09
110dB Attenuator	Agilent	8494B	DC-18GHz	2017.05.10	2018.05.09
Directional coupler	Narda	4226-20	3305	2017.10.15	2018.10.14
hygrothermograph	MiEO	HH660	N/A	2017.10.18	2018.10.17
Thermograph	Elitech	RC-4	S/N EF7176501537	2017.11.10	2018.11.09



Appendix A. System Validation Plots

System Performance Check Data (835MHz Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

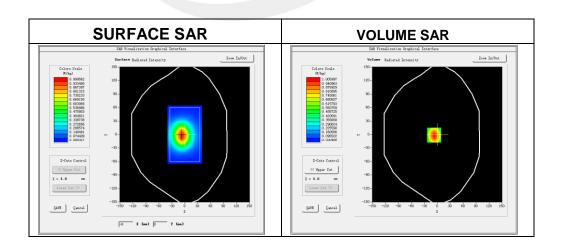
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2018-02-05

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 27 seconds

Experimental conditions

Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	-
Band	835MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	835MHz
Relative permittivity	41.81
Conductivity (S/m)	0.90
Power drift (%)	0.07
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF:	5.74
Crest factor:	1:1

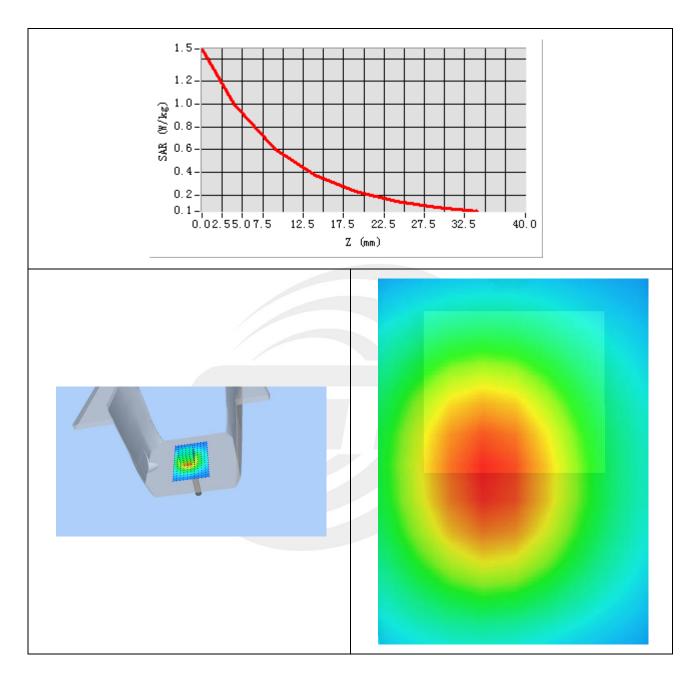


Maximum location: X=-7.00, Y=-1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.635410
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.955995



Z Axis Scan





System Performance Check Data (835MHz Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

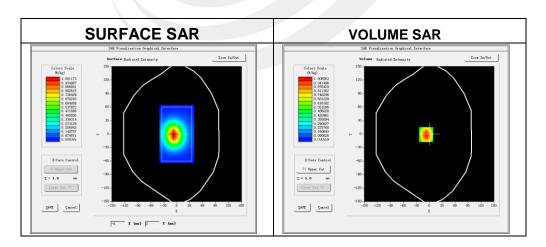
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2018-02-05

Measurement duration: 14 minutes 13 seconds

Experimental conditions.

Probe	
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	-
Band	835MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	835MHz
Relative permittivity	55.66
Conductivity (S/m)	0.95
Power drift (%)	-0.37
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF:	5.90
Crest factor:	1:1

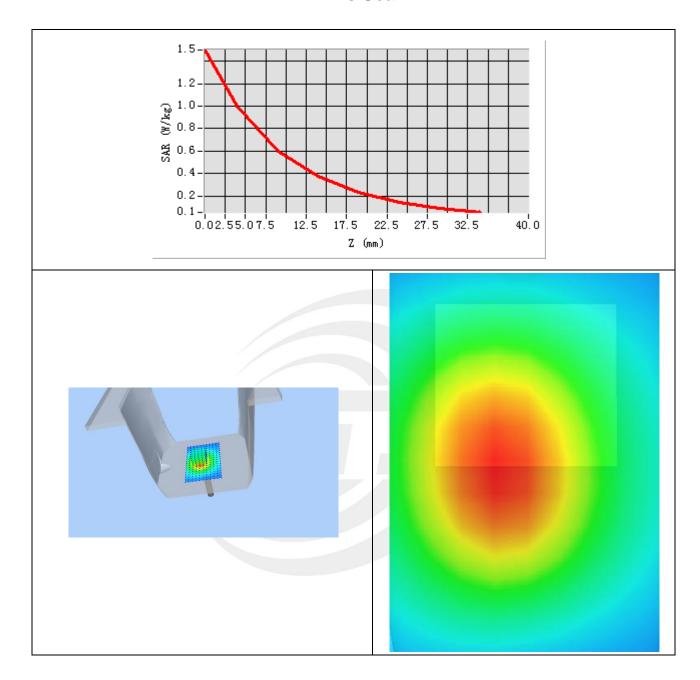


Maximum location: X=-7.00, Y=-1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.640892
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.965154



Z Axis Scan





System Performance Check Data(1800MHz Head)

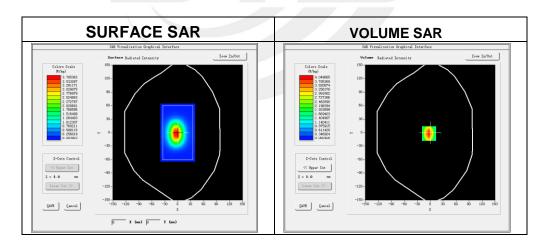
Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2018-02-05

Experimental conditions.

Phantom	Validation plane
	vandation plane
Device Position	-
Band	1800MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	1800MHz
Relative permittivity	40.71
Conductivity (S/m)	1.42
Power drift (%)	0.23
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	4.69
Crest factor:	1:1

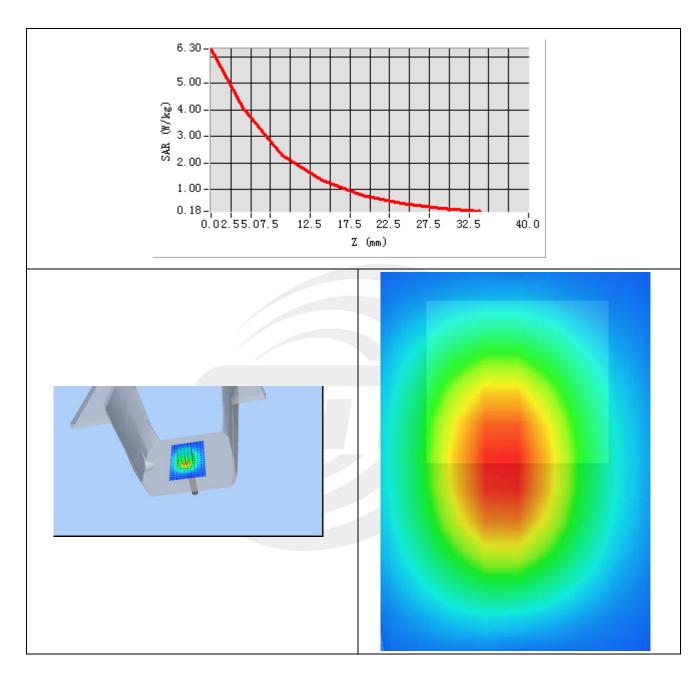


Maximum location: X=-3.00, Y=-2.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.958117
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.807889



Z Axis Scan





System Performance Check Data(1800MHz Body)

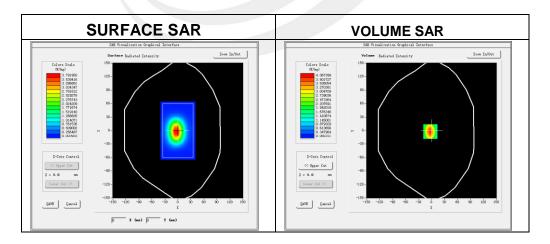
Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2018-02-05

Experimental conditions.

Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	-
Band	1800MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	1800MHz
Relative permittivity	53.93
Conductivity (S/m)	1.54
Power drift (%)	-0.28
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	4.78
Crest factor:	1:1

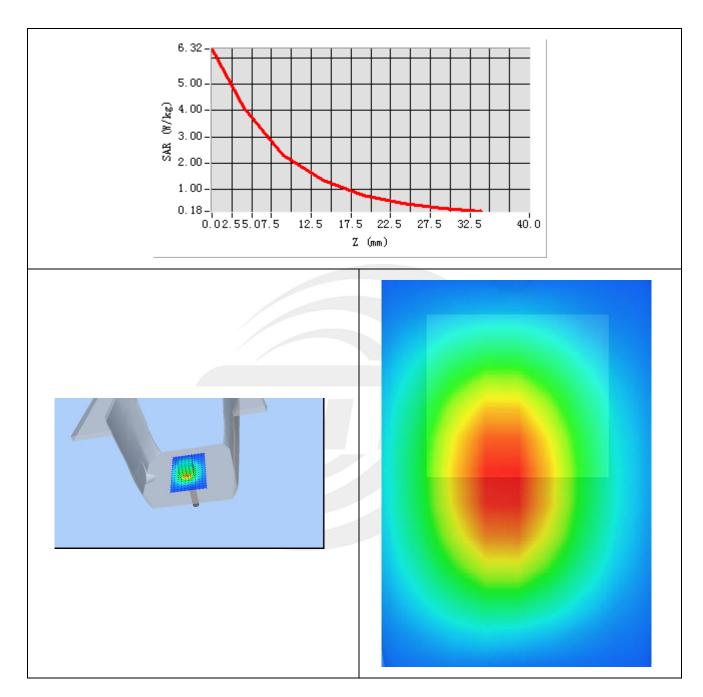


Maximum location: X=-3.00, Y=-2.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.006844
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.922565



Z Axis Scan





System Performance Check Data (1900MHz Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

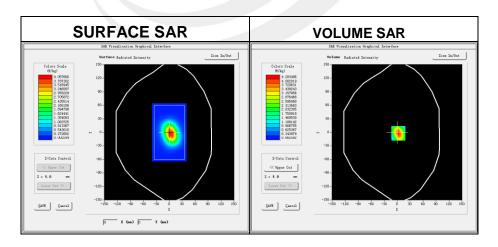
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2018-02-07

Measurement duration: 14 minutes 12 seconds

Experimental conditions.

Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	-
Band	1900MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	1900MHz
Relative permittivity	40.74
Conductivity (S/m)	1.36
Power drift (%)	0.46
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF:	5.46
Crest factor:	1:1

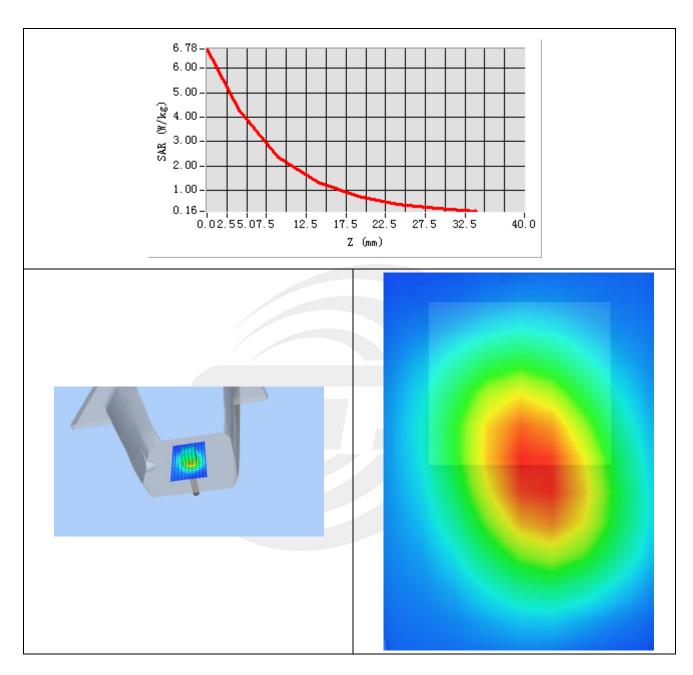


Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=-2.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.098165
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.956976



Z Axis Scan





System Performance Check Data (1900MHz Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

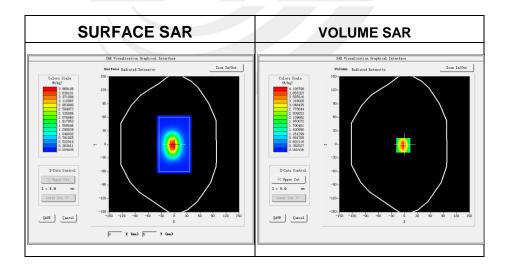
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2018-02-07

Measurement duration: 14 minutes 46 seconds

Experimental conditions.

Device Position	-
Band	1900MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	1900
Relative permittivity	52.99
Conductivity (S/m)	1.52
Power drift (%)	-0.31
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF:	5.67
Crest factor:	1:1



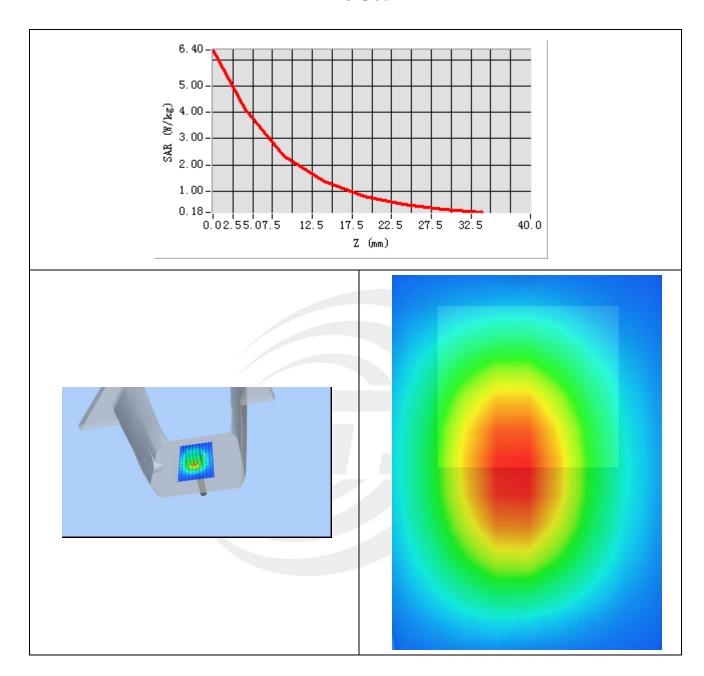
Maximum location: X=-3.00, Y=-2.00

SAR Peak: 6.36 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.137786
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.878424



Z Axis Scan





System Performance Check Data (2450MHz Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

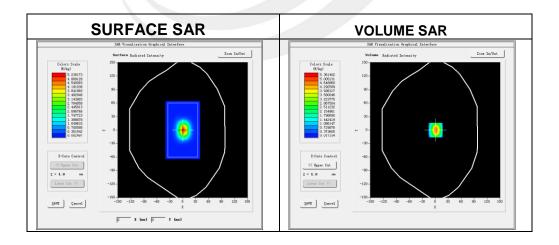
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2018-02-07

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 51 seconds

Experimental conditions.

Device Position	Validation plane
Band	2450 MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	2450
Relative permittivity	38.99
Conductivity (S/m)	1.83
Power drift (%)	-0.38
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	5.09
Crest factor:	1:1

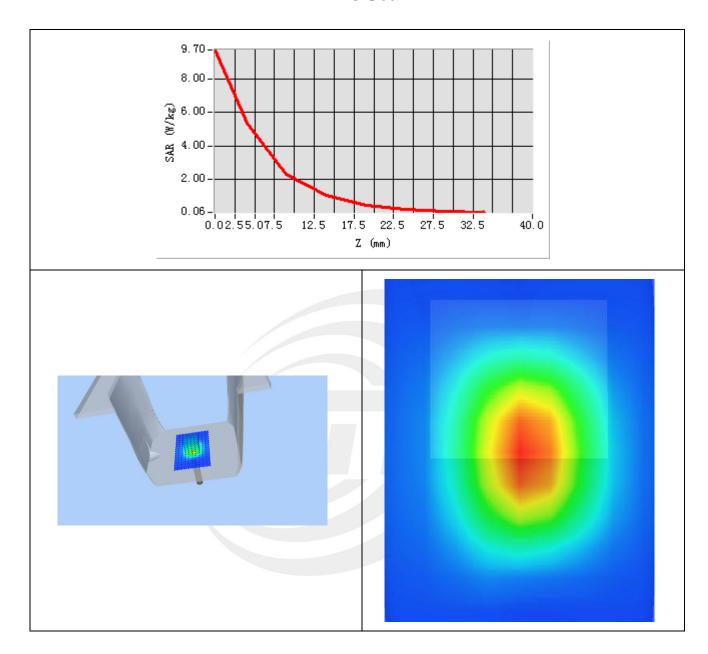


Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.364108
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	4.987206



Z Axis Scan





System Performance Check Data (2450MHz Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

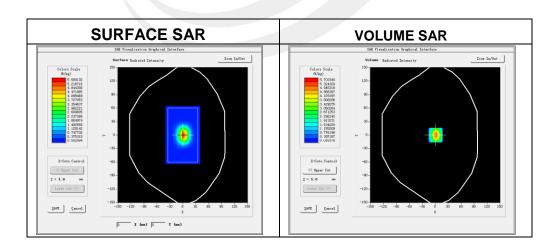
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2018-02-07

Measurement duration: 14 minutes 23 seconds

Experimental conditions.

Device Position	Validation plane
Band	2450 MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	2450
Relative permittivity	53.60
Conductivity (S/m)	1.88
Power drift (%)	-0.30
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	5.24
Crest factor:	1:1

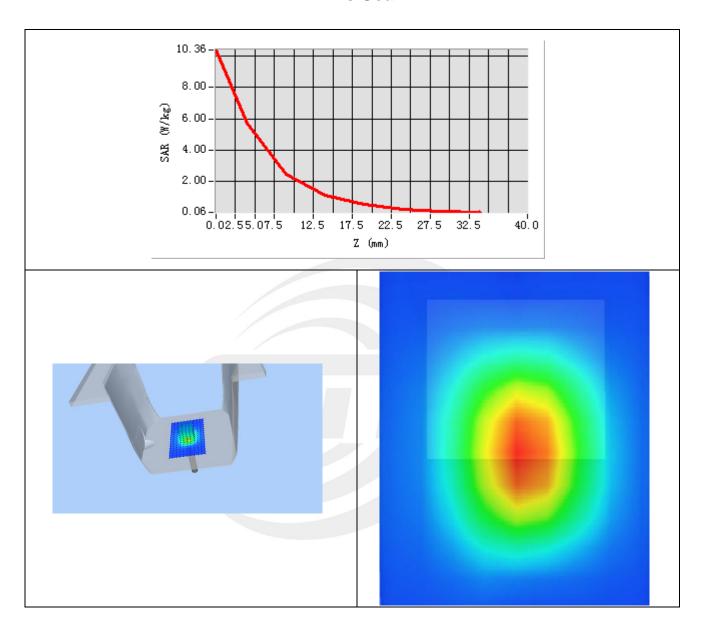


Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.370858
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.121422



Z Axis Scan







Appendix B. SAR Test Plots

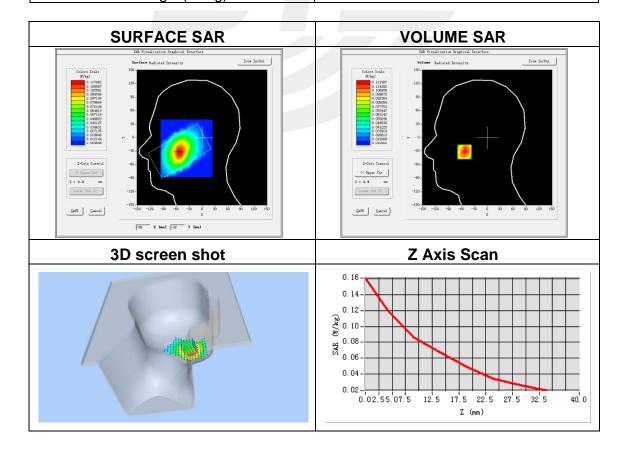
Plot 1: DUT: 4G LTE; EUT Model: ICE

Test Date	2018-02-05
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	5.74
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM850
Channels	High
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.32)
Frequency (MHz)	848.8
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.50
Conductivity (S/m)	0.90
Variation (%)	2.08

Maximum location: X=-53.00, Y=-32.00

SAR Peak: 0.16 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.078984
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.116879



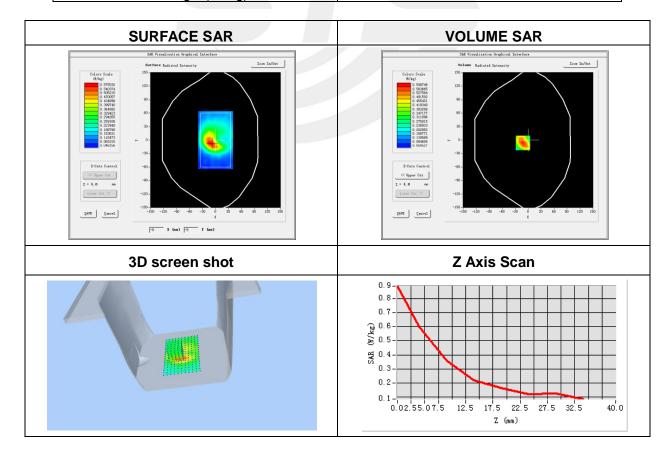


Plot 2: DUT: 4G LTE; EUT Model: ICE

Test Date	2018-02-05
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	5.90
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body back
Band	GPRS 850
Channels	High
Signal	Duty Cycle: 2.00 (Crest factor: 2.0)
Frequency (MHz)	848.8
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.20
Conductivity (S/m)	0.97
Variation (%)	2.81

Maximum location: X=-12.00, Y=-6.00 SAR Peak: 0.91 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.329832
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.566481



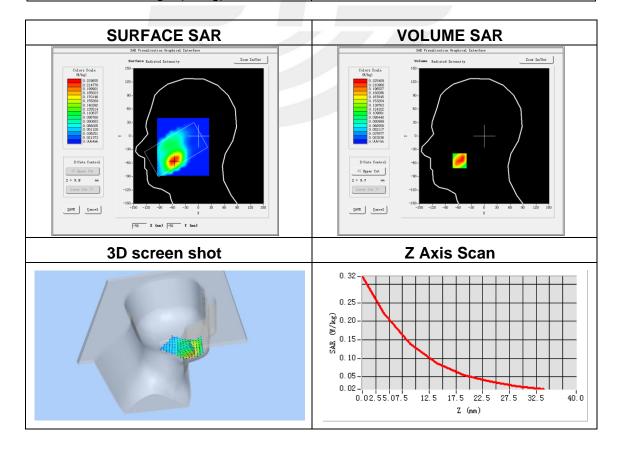


Plot 3: DUT: 4G LTE; EUT Model: ICE

Test Date	2018-02-07
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	5.46
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Low
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.32)
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.00
Conductivity (S/m)	1.40
Variation (%)	-2.26
Band Channels Signal Frequency (MHz) Relative permittivity (real part) Conductivity (S/m)	GSM1900 Low TDMA (Crest factor: 8.32) 1850.2 40.00 1.40

Maximum location: X=-57.00, Y=-55.00 SAR Peak: 0.35 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.124393
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.218060



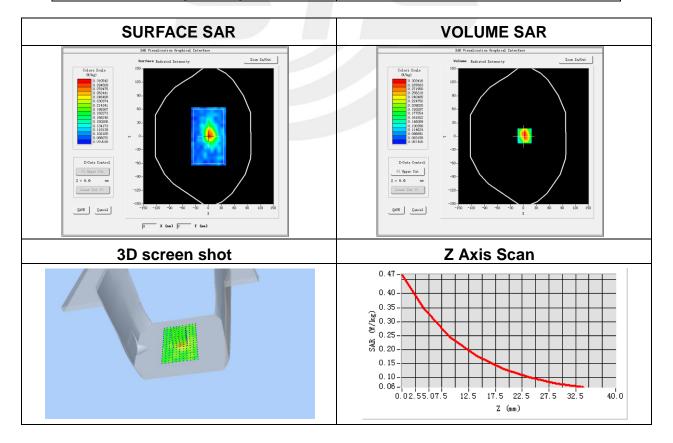


Plot 4: DUT: 4G LTE; EUT Model: ICE

•	
Test Date	2018-02-07
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	5.67
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body bottom side
Band	GPRS 1900
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:2.00 (Crest factor: 2.0)
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.30
Conductivity (S/m)	1.52
Variation (%)	-0.02

Maximum location: X=2.00, Y=1.00 SAR Peak: 0.48 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.184364
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.299051





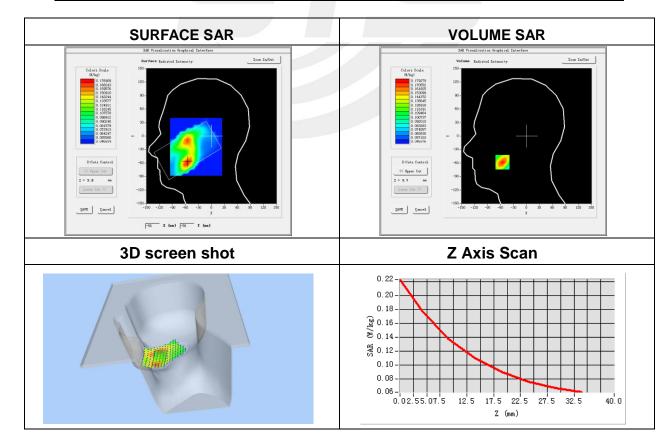
Plot 5: DUT: 4G LTE; EUT Model: ICE

2018-02-07
SN 14/16 EP309
5.46
dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Right head
Cheek
WCDMA II
Middle
WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
1880.0
40.00
1.40
3.99

Maximum location: X=-56.00, Y=-58.00

SAR Peak: 0.23 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.123344
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.172237



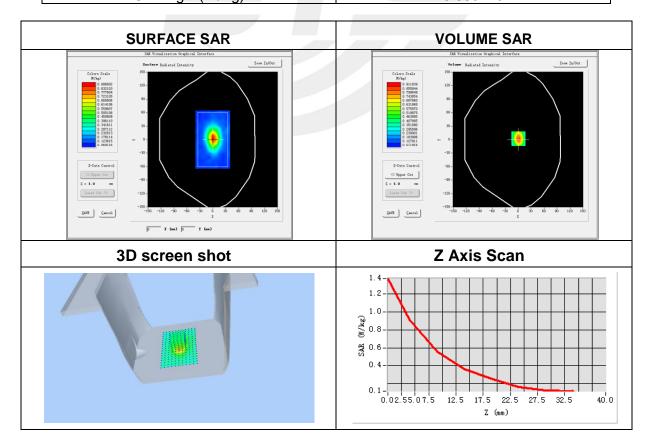


Plot 6: DUT: 4G LTE; EUT Model: ICE

2018-02-07
SN 14/16 EP309
5.67
dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Validation plane
Body bottom side
WCDMA II
Middle
WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
1880.0
53.30
1.52
1.95

Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=2.00

Si ti t i bait.	1.55 77/13
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.481325
SAR 1a (W/Ka)	0.863775





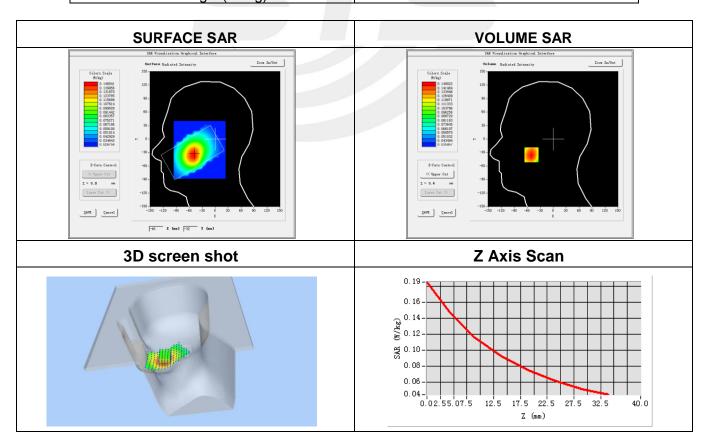
Plot 7: DUT: 4G LTE; EUT Model: ICE

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Test Date	2018-02-05
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	5.74
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	WCDMA V
Channels	Low
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	826.4
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.50
Conductivity (S/m)	0.90
Variation (%)	-0.84

Maximum location: X=-50.00, Y=-35.00

SAR Peak: 0.19 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.108292
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.145609





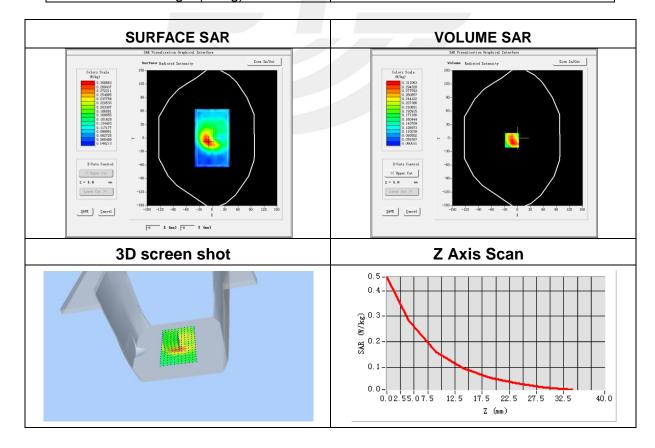
Plot 8: DUT: 4G LTE; EUT Model: ICE

•	
Test Date	2018-02-05
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	5.90
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
Zoomscan	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body back
Band	WCDMA V
Channels	Low
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	836.6
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.20
Conductivity (S/m)	0.97
Variation (%)	1.83

Maximum location: X=-13.00, Y=-5.00

SAR Peak: 0.51 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.194646
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.311539



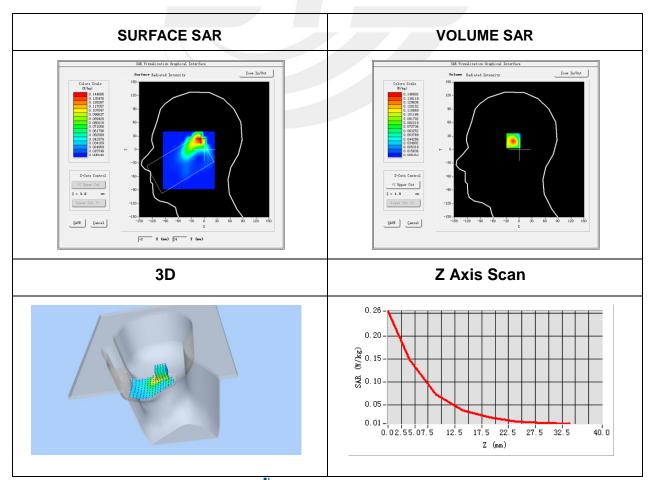


Plot 9: DUT:4G LTE; EUT Model: ICE

Test Date	2018-02-07
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	5.09
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	IEEE 802.11b ISM
Channels	Low
Signal	IEEE802.b (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	2412
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.20
Conductivity (S/m)	1.80
Variation (%)	3.36

Maximum location: X=-10.00, Y=22.00 SAR Peak: 0.26 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.069876
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.139712



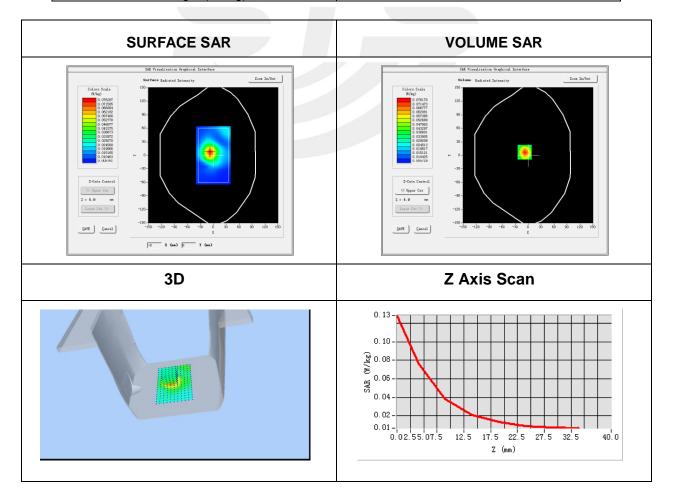


Plot 10: DUT: 4G LTE; EUT Model: ICE

Test Date	2018-02-07
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	5.24
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body back
Band	IEEE 802.11b ISM
Channels	Low
Signal	IEEE802.b (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	2412
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.70
Conductivity (S/m)	1.95
Variation (%)	-1.84

Maximum location: X=-8.00, Y=7.00 SAR Peak: 0.13 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.037674
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.072682





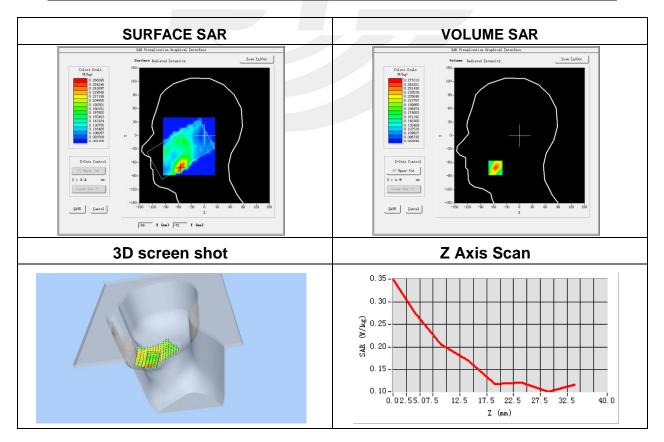
Plot 11: DUT: 4G LTE; EUT Model: ICE

•	
Test Date	2018-02-05
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	4.69
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	LTE Band 4 (RB 1)
Channels	High
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	1745
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.00
Conductivity (S/m)	1.40
Variation (%)	2.48

Maximum location: X=-56.00, Y=-72.00

SAR Peak: 0.36 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.186602
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.264554



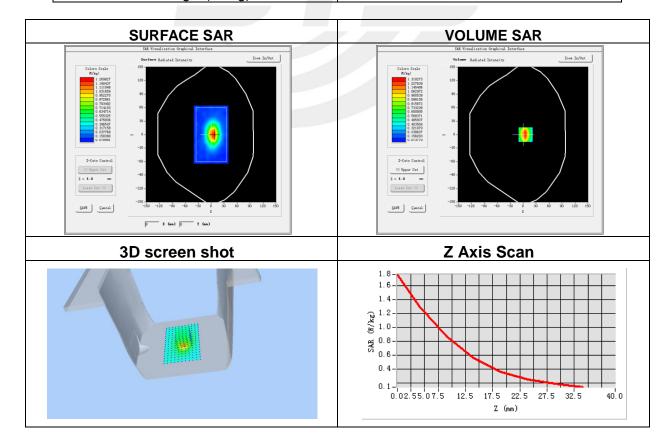


Plot 12: DUT: 4G LTE; EUT Model: ICE

2018-02-05
SN 14/16 EP309
4.78
dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Validation plane
Body bottom side
LTE Band 4 (RB 1)
Middle
LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)
1745
53.30
1.52
2.35

Maximum location: X=6.00, Y=0.00 SAR Peak: 1.89 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.690209
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.220707







Appendix C. Probe Calibration And Dipole Calibration Report

Refer the appendix Calibration Report.

