Date of Issue: August 21, 2012

RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE

LIMIT

Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See §15.247(b)(4) and §1.1307(b)(1) of this chapter.

EUT Specification

EUT	MEEP!
Frequency band (Operating)	 ✓ WLAN: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz ✓ WLAN: 5.18GHz ~ 5.32GHz / 5.50GHz ~ 5.70GHz ✓ WLAN: 5.745GHz ~ 5825GHz ✓ Others _
Device category	☐ Portable (<20cm separation) ☐ Mobile (>20cm separation) ☐ Others
Exposure classification	Occupational/Controlled exposure $(S = 5mW/cm^2)$ General Population/Uncontrolled exposure $(S=1mW/cm^2)$
Antenna diversity	☐ Single antenna ☐ Multiple antennas ☐ Tx diversity ☐ Rx diversity ☐ Tx/Rx diversity
Max. output power	11.92dBm (15.56mW)
Antenna gain (Max)	1.00dBi (Numeric gain:1.26)
Evaluation applied	✓ MPE Evaluation✓ SAR Evaluation
 Note: The maximum output power is 11.92dBm (15.56mW) at 2412MHz (with 1.26 numeric antenna gain.) For mobile or fixed location transmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The minimum separation generally be used is at least 20 cm, even if the calculations indicate that the MPE distance would be lesser. 	

TEST RESULT

No non-compliance noted.



Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Report No: C120820Z03_MPE FCC ID:YPG-OP0118 Date of Issue: August 21, 2012

Calculation

Given
$$E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d}$$
 & $S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770d^2}$$

Equation 1

Where d = distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power Density in mW/cm^2$

Maximum Permissible Exposure

EUT Output Power=15.56mW

Numeric antenna gain=1.26

Substituting the MPE safe distance using d=20 cm into *Equation 1*:

Yields

The power density $S = 30 \times 15.56 \times 1.26 / (3770 \times 400) \text{ cm}^2 = 3.900 \times 10^{-4} \text{mW/cm}^2$

(For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the maximum power density is $1.0 \, mW/cm^2$ even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.)