TEST REPORT

of

FCC Part 15 Subpart C

☒ New Application; ☐ Class I PC; ☐ Class II PC

Product :	**Wireless Router**
Brand:	**Synology**
Model:	**RT1900ac**
Model Difference:	**N/A**
FCC ID:	**YOR-RT1900AC**
FCC Rule Part:	**§15.247, Cat: DTS**
Applicant:	**Synology Incorporated**
Address:	**3F-3,No.106,Chang An W. Rd., Taipei, Taiwan, R.O.C.**

Test Performed by:
International Standards Laboratory
<Lung-Tan LAB>
*Site Registration No.
BSMI: SL2-IN-E-0013; MRA TW1036; TAF: 0997; IC: IC4067B-3;
*Address:
No. 120, Lane 180, Hsin Ho Rd.
Lung-Tan Dist., Tao Yuan City 325, Taiwan
*Tel : 886-3-407-1718; Fax: 886-3-407-1738

Report No.: **ISL-15LR055FCDTS**

Issue Date : **2015/05/11**

Testing laboratory
0997

VERIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

Applicant:	Synology Incorporated
Product Description:	Wireless Router
Brand Name:	Synology
Model No.:	RT1900ac
Model Difference:	N/A
FCC ID:	YOR-RT1900AC
Date of test:	2015/03/13 ~ 2015/05/08
Date of EUT Received:	2015/03/13

We hereby certify that:

All the tests in this report have been performed and recorded in accordance with the standards described above and performed by an independent electromagnetic compatibility consultant, International Standards Laboratory.

The test results contained in this report accurately represent the measurements of the characteristics and the energy generated by sample equipment under test at the time of the test. The sample equipment tested as described in this report is in compliance with the limits of above standards.

Test By:		***Date:***	2015/05/11
	Dino Chen / Engineer		
Prepared By:		***Date:***	2015/05/11
	Gigi Yeh / Specialist		
Approved By:		***Date:***	2015/05/11
	Vincent Su / Technical Manager		

Version

Version No.	Date	Description
00	2015/05/11	Initial creation of document

Table of Contents

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

General:

Product Name	Wireless Router	
Brand Name	Synology	
Model Name	RT1900ac	
Model Difference	N/A	
TPC	Yes	
DFS	Non-DFS frequency bands	
Simultaneous transmis-sions:	Yes, 2.4GHz and 5GHz	
WAN Port:	One provided	
LAN Port:	Four provided, 10/100/1000Mbps	
Power Supply	12Vdc from AC adapter	
	Adapter:	Model: WA-24E12

The device is an indoor access point.

WLAN: 3X3 MIMO

Wi-Fi	Frequency Range (MHz)	Channels	Peak / Average Rated Power	Modulation Technology
802.11b	2412 – 2462(DTS)	11	19.21dBm (PK)	DSSS
802.11g	2412 – 2462(DTS)	11	24.91dBm (PK)	OFDM
802.11n (2.4G)	HT20 2412 – 2462(DTS)	11	24.87dBm (PK)	
	HT40 2422 – 2452(DTS)	7	25.49dBm (PK)	

WLAN: 3X3 MIMO

802.11a	5170 - 5240(NII)	8	7.97dBm (AVG)	OFDM
802.11an	HT20 5170 - 5240(NII)	8	12.55dBm (AVG)	
	HT40 5190 - 5230(NII)	2	11.54dBm (AVG)	
802.11ac	5210(NII)	1	10.70dBm (AVG)	
802.11a	5745 - 5825(NII)	5	8.64dBm (AVG)	
802.11an	HT20 5745 - 5825(NII)	5	13.83dBm (AVG)	
	HT40 5755 - 5795(NII)	2	13.11dBm (AVG)	
802.11ac	5775(NII)	1	12.32dBm (AVG)	
Modulation type		CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK for DSSS 256QAM.64QAM. 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK for OFDM		
Antenna Designation		Reversed SMA type dipole antenna : 3.63 dBi(2.4G)、6.12dBi(5G) According to KDB662911 D01 MU-MIMO signals could be considered uncorrelated for purposes of directional gain computation. 3Tx MIMO, Beamforming gain:4.77dBi = 10log(3)		

Power Tolerance: 2 dB

The EUT is compliance with IEEE 802.11 a/b/g/n/ac Standard.

This report applies for 802.11 b/g/n Wifi 2.4GHz modes.

Remark: The above DUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.

1.1 Related Submittal(s) / Grant (s)

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for **FCC ID: YOR-RT1900AC** filing to comply with Section 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Rules.

1.2 Test Methodology

Both conducted and radiated testing were performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.4: 2014, ANSI C63.10: 2013 and RSS-Gen: 2010. Radiated testing was performed at an antenna to EUT distance 3 meters.

KDB Document: 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r02

1.3 Test Facility

The measurement facilities used to collect the 3m Radiated Emission and AC power line conducted data are located on the address of **International Standards Laboratory** <Lung-Tan LAB> No. 120, Lane 180, Hsin Ho Rd., Lung-Tan Dist., Tao Yuan City 325, Taiwan which are constructed and calibrated to meet the FCC requirements in documents ANSI C63.4: 2014, ANSI C63.10: 2013. FCC Registration Number is: 872200; Designation Number is: TW1036, Canada Registration Number: 4067B-3.

1.4 Special Accessories

Not available for this EUT intended for grant.

1.5 Equipment Modifications

Not available for this EUT intended for grant.

2 SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

2.1 EUT Configuration

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner which intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

2.2 EUT Exercise

The EUT (Transmitter) was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements.

2.3 Test Procedure

2.3.1 Conducted Emissions

The EUT is a placed on as turn table which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 5 and 7 of ANSI C63.4: 2014.Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using CISPR 16-1-1 Quasi-Peak and Average detector mode.

2.3.2 Radiated Emissions

The EUT is a placed on as turn table which is 0.8 m/1.5m(Frequency above 1GHz) above ground plane. The turn table shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna which varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the max. emission, the relative positions of this hand-held transmitter(EUT) was rotated through three orthogonal axes according to the requirements in Section 6 and 11 of ANSI C63.10: 2013.

2.4 Configuration of Tested System

Fig. 1 AC Power line and Radiated/Conducted Emission Configuration

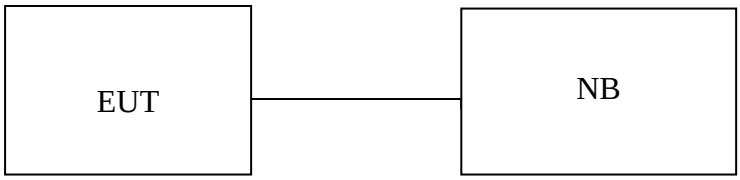

Table 1 Equipment Used in Tested System

Item	Equipment	Mfr/Brand	Model/ Type No.	Series No.	Data Cable	Power Cord
1	NB	HP	440	N/A	N/A	No- Shielding

3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC Rules	Description Of Test	Result
§15.207(a)	AC Power Line Conducted Emission	Compliant
§15.247(b) (3),(4)	Peak Output Power	Compliant
§15.247(a)(2)	6dB Bandwidth & 99% Power Bandwidth	Compliant
§15.247(d)	100 KHz Bandwidth Of Frequency Band Edges	Compliant
§15.247(d)	Spurious Emission	Compliant
§15.247(e)	Peak Power Density	Compliant
§15.203	Antenna Requirement	Compliant

4 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT has been tested under engineering operating condition.
Test program used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting mode is programmed.

2.4GHz:
802.11 b mode: Channel low (2412MHz)、mid (2437MHz) and high (2462MHz) with 1Mbps lowest data rate are chosen for full testing.
802.11 g mode: Channel low (2412MHz)、mid (2437MHz) and high (2462MHz) with 6Mbps lowest data rate are chosen for full testing.
802.11 n _20MHz: Channel low (2412MHz)、mid (2437MHz) and high (2462MHz) with 6.5Mbps lowest data rate are chosen for full testing.
802.11 n _40MHz: Channel low (2422MHz)、mid (2437MHz) and high (2452MHz) with 13.5Mbps lowest data rate are chosen for full testing.

The worst case 802.11n _40MHz mode was reported for Radiated Emission.

5 CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST

5.1 Standard Applicable:

According to §15.207 & RSS-Gen §7.2.4, frequency range within 150KHz to 30MHz shall not exceed the Limit table as below.

Frequency range MHz	Limits dB(uV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46
0.50 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50
Note 1.The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies 2.The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.50 MHz.		

5.2 Measurement Equipment Used:

Conducted Emission Test Site					
EQUIPMENT TYPE	**MFR**	**MODEL NUMBER**	**SERIAL NUMBER**	**LAST CAL.**	**CAL DUE.**
Conduction 04-3 Cable	WOKEN	CFD 300-NL	Conduction 04 -3	07/24/2014	07/23/2015
EMI Receiver 17	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI 7	100887	09/03/2014	09/02/2015
LISN 18	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ENV216	101424	02/11/2015	02/10/2016
LISN 19	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ENV216	101425	03/12/2015	03/11/2016

5.3 EUT Setup:

1. The conducted emission tests were performed in the test site, using the setup in accordance with the ANSI C63.4: 2014.
2. The AC/DC Power adaptor of EUT was plug-in LISN. The EUT was placed flushed with the rear of the table.
3. The LISN was connected with 120Vac/60Hz power source.

5.4 Measurement Procedure:

1. The EUT was placed on a table which is 0.8m above ground plane.
2. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
3. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measured were complete.

5.5 Measurement Result:

The initial step in collecting conducted data is a spectrum analyzer peak scan of the measurement range. Significant peaks are then marked as shown on the following data page, and these signals are then quasi-peaked.

Note: Refer to next page for measurement data and plots.

AC POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST DATA

Operation Mode:	Operation Mode	Test Date:	2015/04/13
Test By:	Dino		

No.	Frequency (MHz)	QP_R (dBuV)	AVG_R (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB)	QP Emission (dBuV)	QP Limit (dBuV)	QP Margin (dB)	AVG Emission (dBuV)	AVG Limit (dBuV)	AVG Margin (dB)
1	0.158	41.96	28.92	9.63	51.59	65.57	-13.98	38.55	55.57	-17.02
2	0.182	34.93	16.24	9.61	44.54	64.39	-19.85	25.85	54.39	-28.54
3	0.346	29.32	20.99	9.60	38.92	59.06	-20.14	30.59	49.06	-18.47
4	0.394	29.88	20.06	9.61	39.49	57.98	-18.49	29.67	47.98	-18.31
5	1.602	25.28	17.46	9.67	34.95	56.00	-21.05	27.13	46.00	-18.87
6	4.702	21.27	13.78	9.75	31.02	56.00	-24.98	23.53	46.00	-22.47

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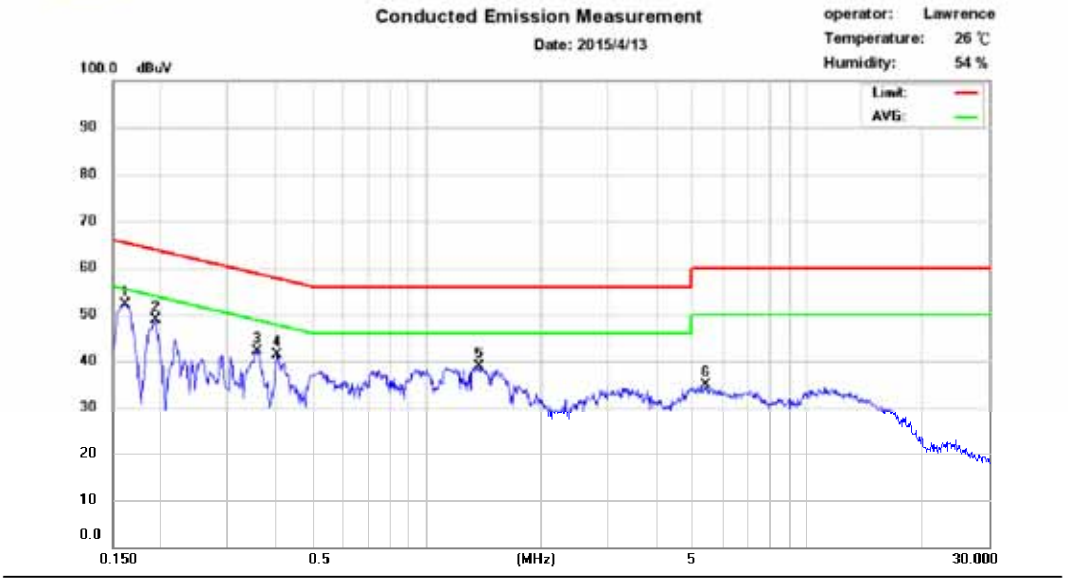
Address:No. 120, Lane 180, Hsin Ho Rd., Lung-Tan Dist.,
Tao Yuan City 325, Taiwan.
Tel:03-4071718



Site: Conduction 04 Phase: *N*

Limit: CISPR22 Class B Conduction(QP)

No.	Frequency (MHz)	QP_R (dBuV)	AVG_R (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB)	QP Emission (dBuV)	QP Limit (dBuV)	QP Margin (dB)	AVG Emission (dBuV)	AVG Limit (dBuV)	AVG Margin (dB)
1	0.162	40.92	27.55	9.62	50.54	65.36	-14.82	37.17	55.36	-18.19
2	0.194	35.62	21.61	9.62	45.24	63.86	-18.62	31.23	53.86	-22.63
3	0.358	30.90	21.69	9.62	40.52	58.77	-18.25	31.31	48.77	-17.46
4	0.406	29.74	21.37	9.62	39.36	57.73	-18.37	30.99	47.73	-16.74
5	1.374	27.48	19.69	9.66	37.14	56.00	-18.86	29.35	46.00	-16.65
6	5.446	21.29	14.06	9.79	31.08	60.00	-28.92	23.85	50.00	-26.15

6 PEAK /AVERAGE OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

6.1 Standard Applicable:

According to §15.247(b)(3),(4)(b)

(3) For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multip802.11n_40Ms of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

(4) The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(c) Operation with directional antenna gains greater than 6 dBi.

(1) Fixed point-to-point operation:

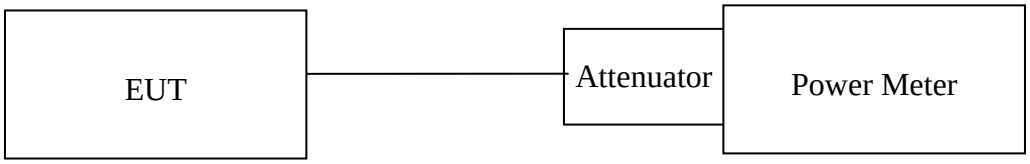
(i) Systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum conducted output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(ii) Systems operating in the 5725-5850 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted output power.

6.2 Measurement Equipment Used:

Conducted Emission Test Site					
EQUIPMENT TYPE	**MFR**	**MODEL NUMBER**	**SERIAL NUMBER**	**LAST CAL.**	**CAL DUE.**
Power Meter 05	Anritsu	ML2495A	1116010	05/08/2015	05/07/2016
Power Sensor 05	Anritsu	MA2411B	34NKF50	05/08/2015	05/07/2016
Power Sensor 06	DARE	RPR3006W	13I00030SNO33	10/31/2014	10/30/2015
Power Sensor 07	DARE	RPR3006W	13I00030SNO34	10/31/2014	10/30/2015
Temperature Chamber	KSON	THS-B4H100	2287	03/17/2015	03/16/2016
DC Power supply	ABM	8185D	N/A	07/16/2014	07/15/2015
AC Power supply	EXTECH	CFC105W	NA	12/27/2014	12/26/2015
Attenuator	Woken	Watt-65m3502	11051601	NA	NA
Splitter	MCLI	PS4-199	12465	12/27/2013	12/26/2015
Spectrum analyzer	Agilent	N9030A	MY51360021	05/02/2015	05/01/2016

6.3 Test Set-up:



6.4 Measurement Procedure:

Refer to section 9.1.3 and 9.2.3 Peak and Average Conducted Output Power Measurement Procedure of KDB Document: 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r02

6.5 Measurement Result:

WiFi 1TX

802.11b

Cable loss = 0		Output Power		Limit (dBm)
CH	Frequency (MHz)	Detector		
		PK (dBm)	AV (dBm)	
1	2412	18.16	14.36	30
6	2437	19.21	15.44	
11	2462	18.12	14.25	

802.11g

Cable loss = 0		Output Power		Limit (dBm)
CH	Frequency (MHz)	Detector		
		PK (dBm)	AV (dBm)	
1	2412	24.61	13.89	30
6	2437	24.91	14.01	
11	2462	24.75	13.84	

Peak for 2.4GHz

WiFi 3*3

Channel		Frequency (MHz)	Output Chain (dBm)			Combine Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
			Chain A	chain B	Chain C			
AN HT20	1	2412	19.16	19.57	20.11	24.40	30	Pass
	6	2437	20.02	19.48	20.71	24.87	30	Pass
	11	2462	19.44	19.53	19.87	24.39	30	Pass
AN HT40	3	2422	20.24	20.52	21.31	25.49	30	Pass
	6	2437	20.01	20.71	21.2	25.44	30	Pass
	9	2452	20.01	20.66	21.36	25.48	30	Pass

AV for 2.4GHz

WiFi 3*3

Channel		Frequency (MHz)	Output Chain (dBm)			Combine Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
			Chain A	chain B	Chain C			
AN HT20	1	2412	9.01	9.56	10.01	14.32	30	Pass
	6	2437	9.26	9.67	10.42	14.58	30	Pass
	11	2462	8.96	9.81	10.13	14.43	30	Pass
AN HT40	3	2422	9.31	9.78	10.54	14.68	30	Pass
	6	2437	9.21	9.77	10.37	14.58	30	Pass
	9	2452	9.35	9.94	10.78	14.83	30	Pass

7 6dB Bandwidth & 99% Bandwidth

7.1 Standard Applicable:

According to §15.247(a)(2), Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902 - 928 MHz,2400 - 2483.5 MHz, and 5725 - 5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500kHz.

7.2 Measurement Equipment Used:

Refer to section 6.2 for details.

7.3 Test Set-up:

Refer to section 6.3 for details.

7.4 Measurement Procedure:

Refer to section 8.1 DTS bandwidth Measurement Procedure of KDB Document: 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r02

1. Set resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100KHz.
2. Set the video bandwidth (VBW) =300KHz.
3. Detector = Peak.
4. Trace mode = max hold.
5. Sweep = auto couple.
6. Allow the trace to stabilize.
7. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission. Compare the resultant bandwidth with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement.

7.5 Measurement Result:

802.11b

Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (KHz)	Result
2412	9.06	11.58	> 500	PASS
2437	8.58	11.52	> 500	PASS
2462	9.00	11.58	> 500	PASS

802.11g

Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (KHz)	Result
2412	16.44	16.56	> 500	PASS
2437	16.44	16.56	> 500	PASS
2462	16.44	16.5	> 500	PASS

802.11n HT20

Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (KHz)	Result
2412	16.50	17.7	> 500	PASS
2437	16.56	17.64	> 500	PASS
2462	16.56	17.58	> 500	PASS

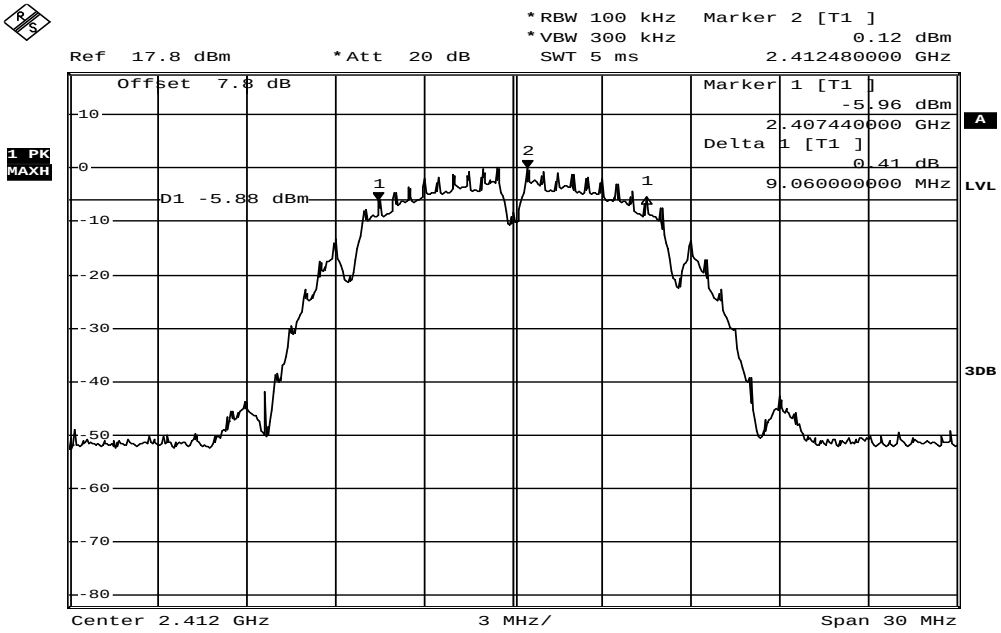
802.11n HT40

Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (KHz)	Result
2422	35.90	36	> 500	PASS
2437	36.20	36	> 500	PASS
2452	36.00	36	> 500	PASS

Note: Refer to next page for plots.

802.11b

6dB Band Width Test Data CH-Low



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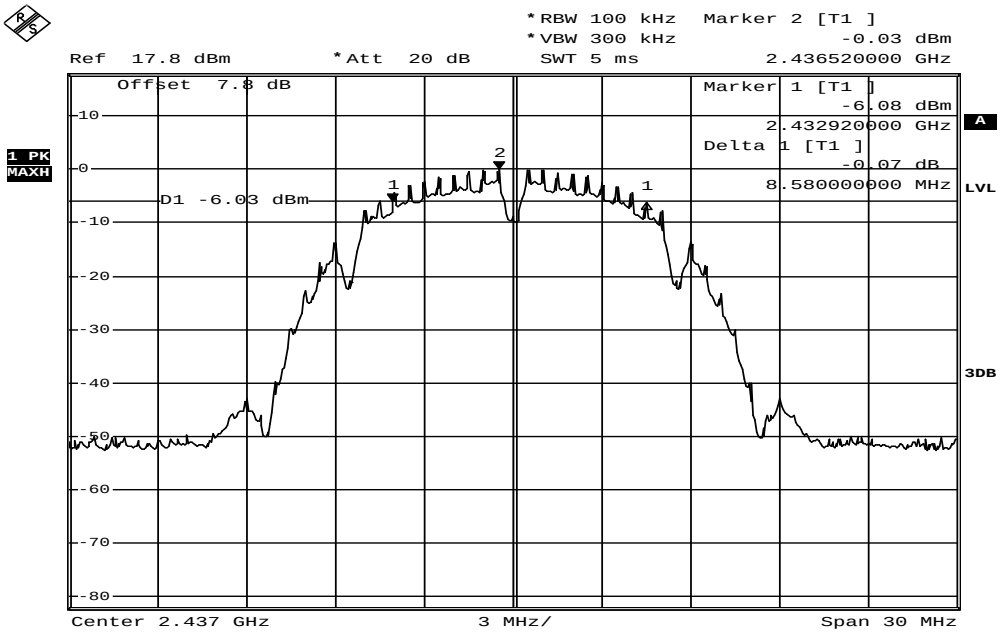

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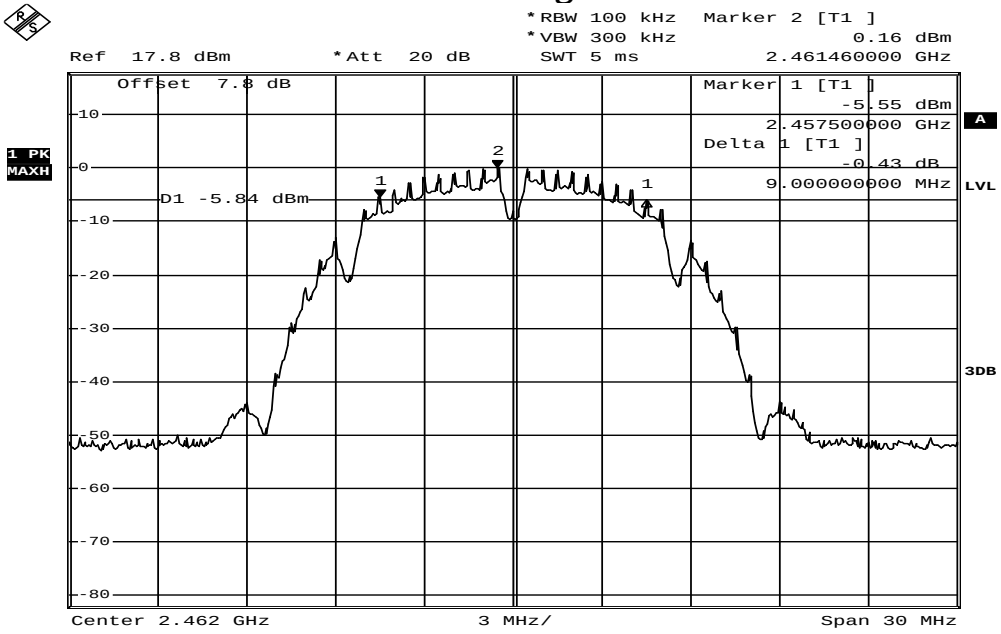

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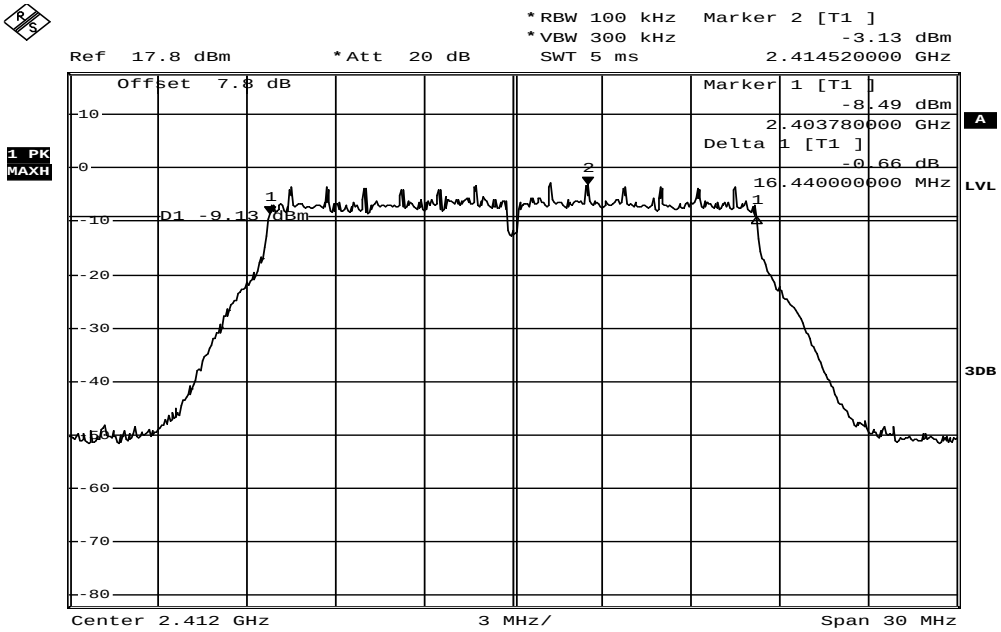
802.11g

6dB Band Width Test Data CH-Low



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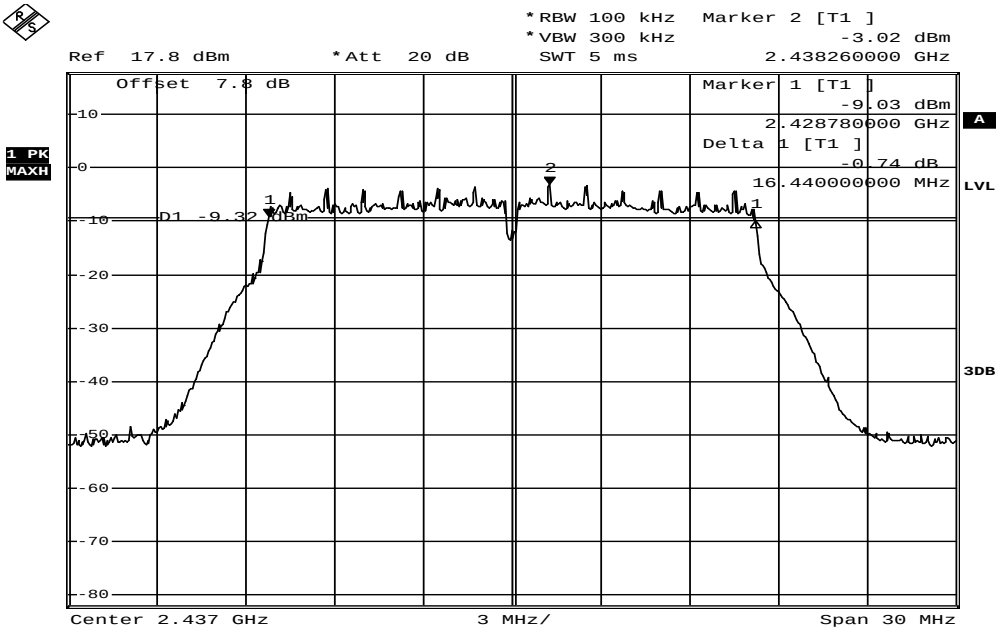

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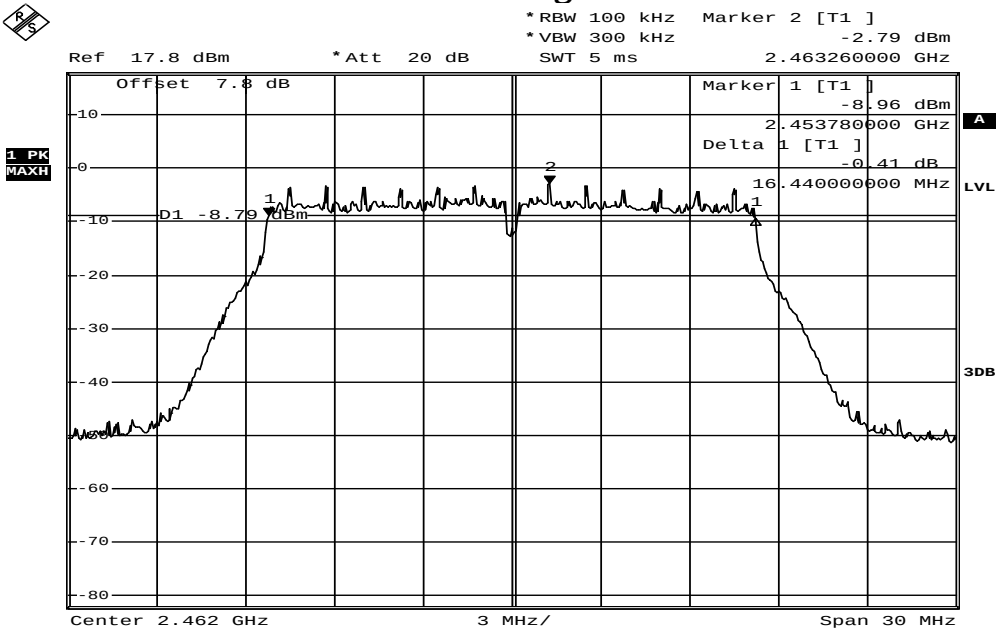

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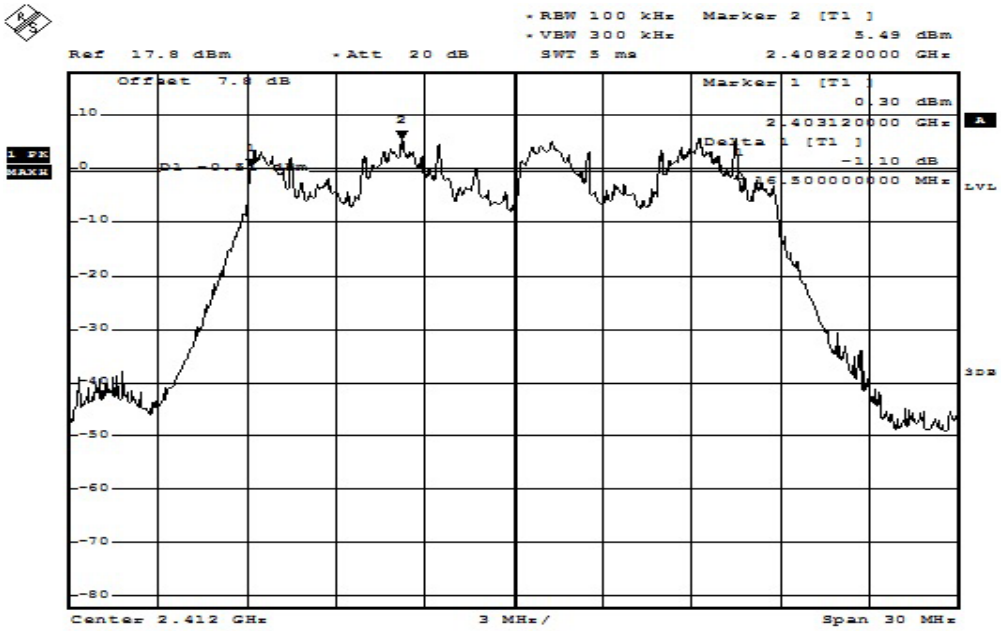
802.11n_20M

6dB Band Width Test Data CH-Low



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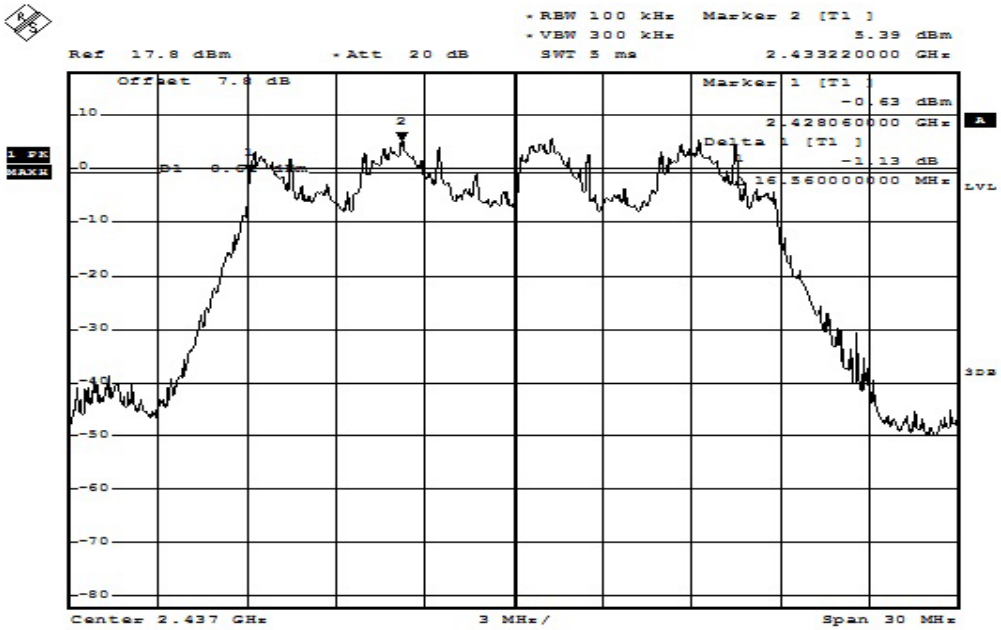

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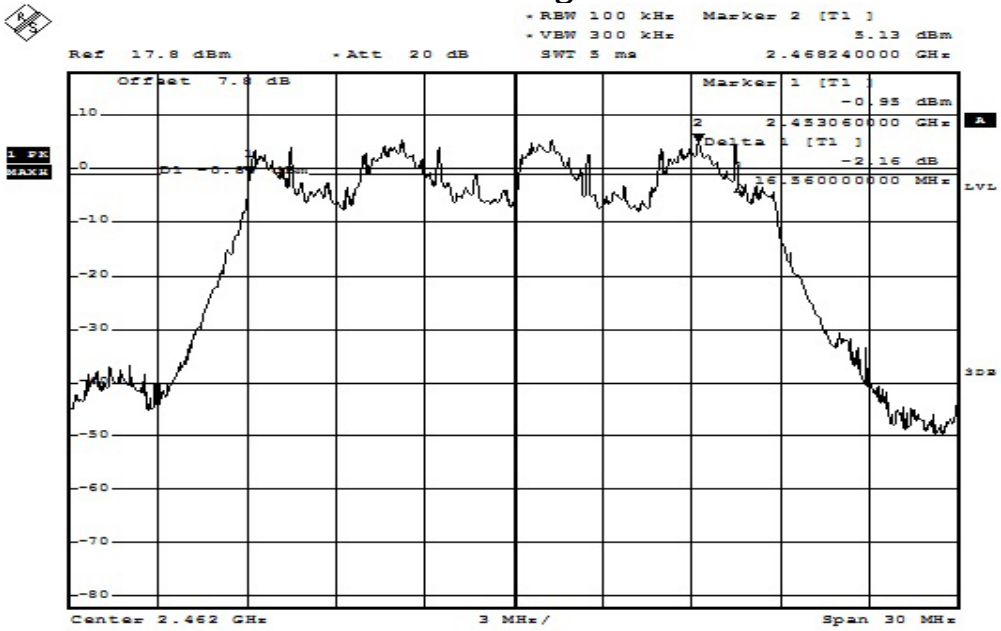

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802.11n_40M

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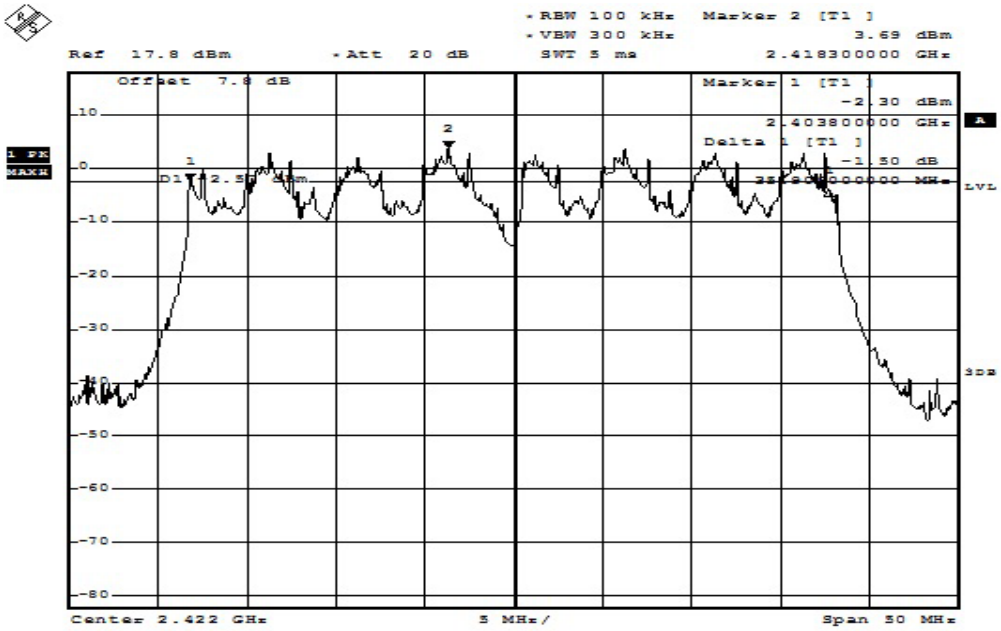
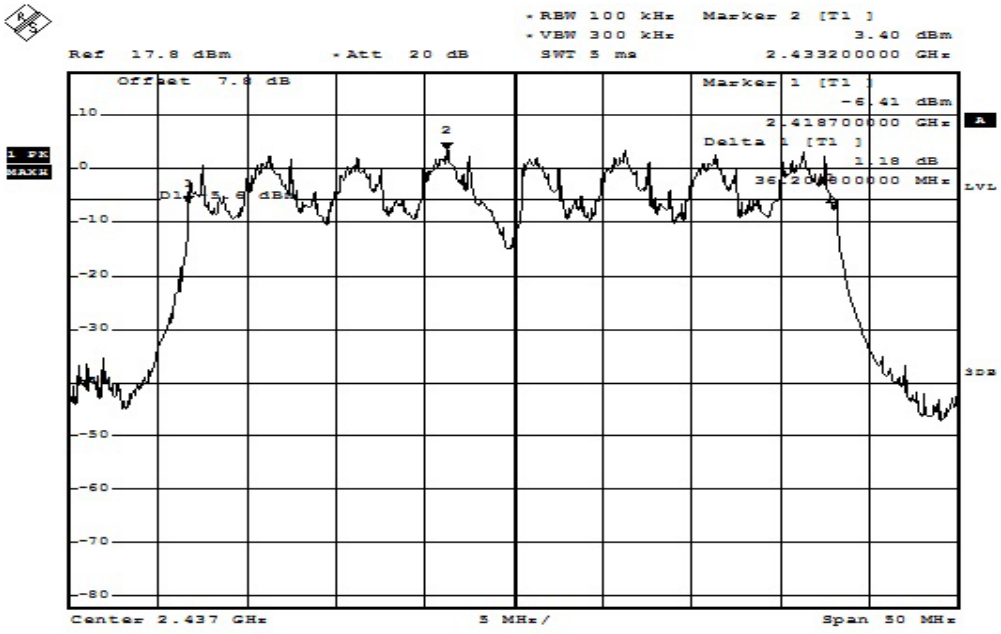


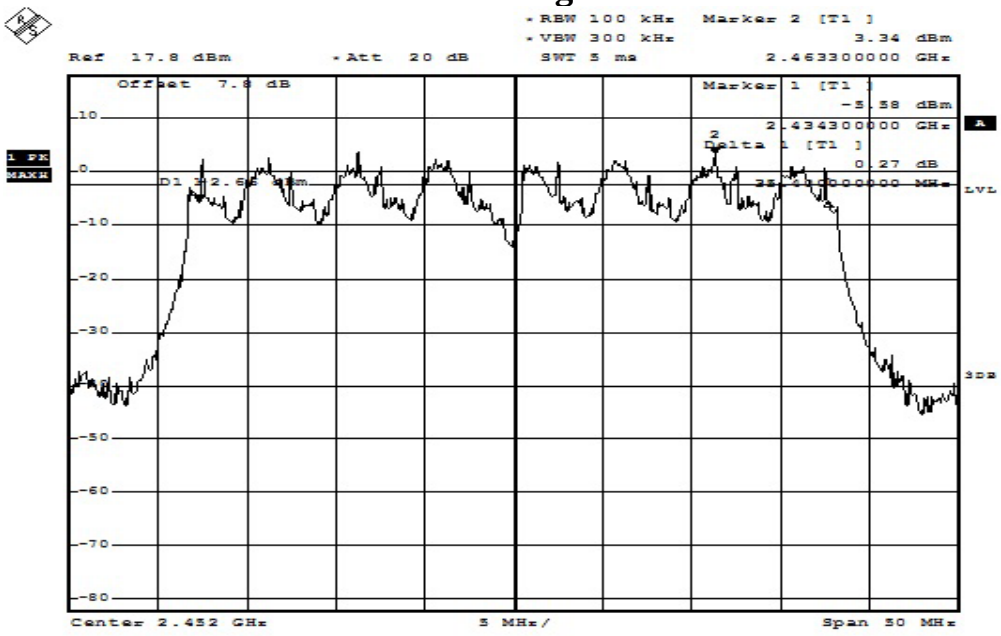
Date: 26.MAR.2015 10:07:54

6dB Band Width Test Data CH-Mid



Date: 26.MAR.2015 10:09:19

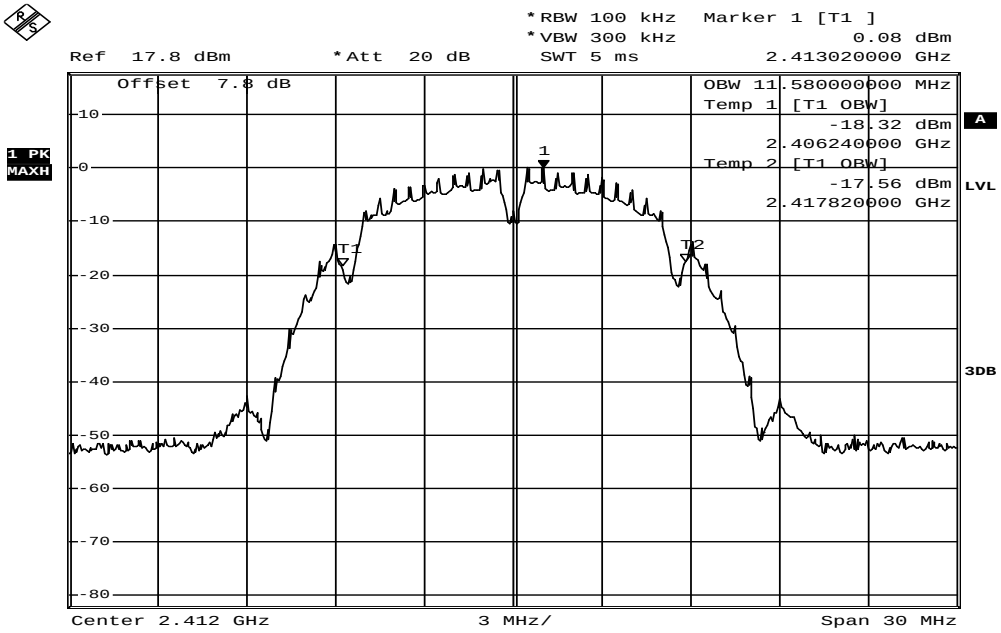
6dB Band Width Test Data CH-High



Date: 26.MAR.2015 10:15:14

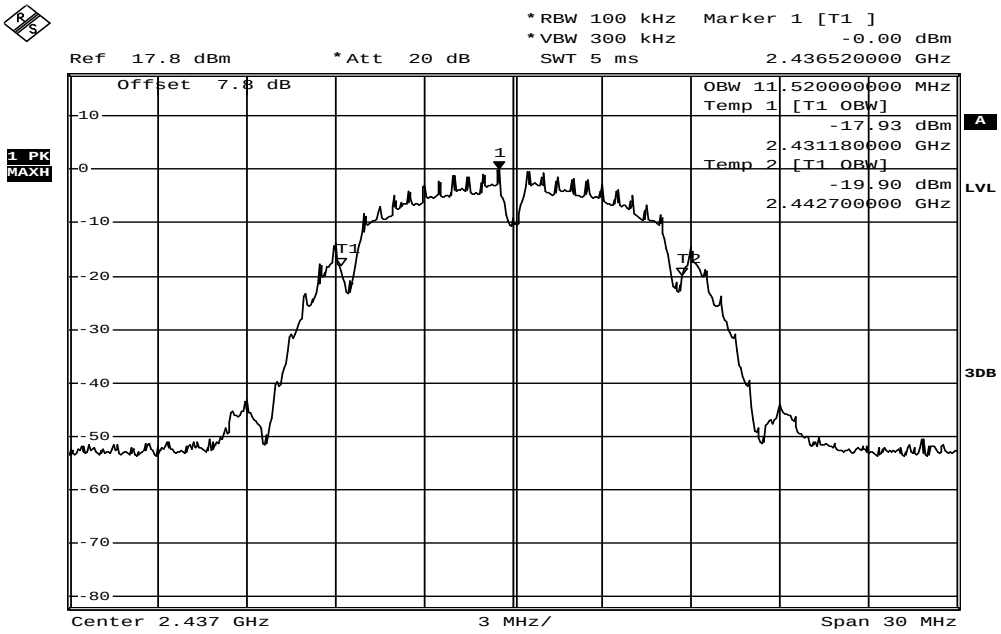
802.11b

99% Band Width Test Data CH-Low



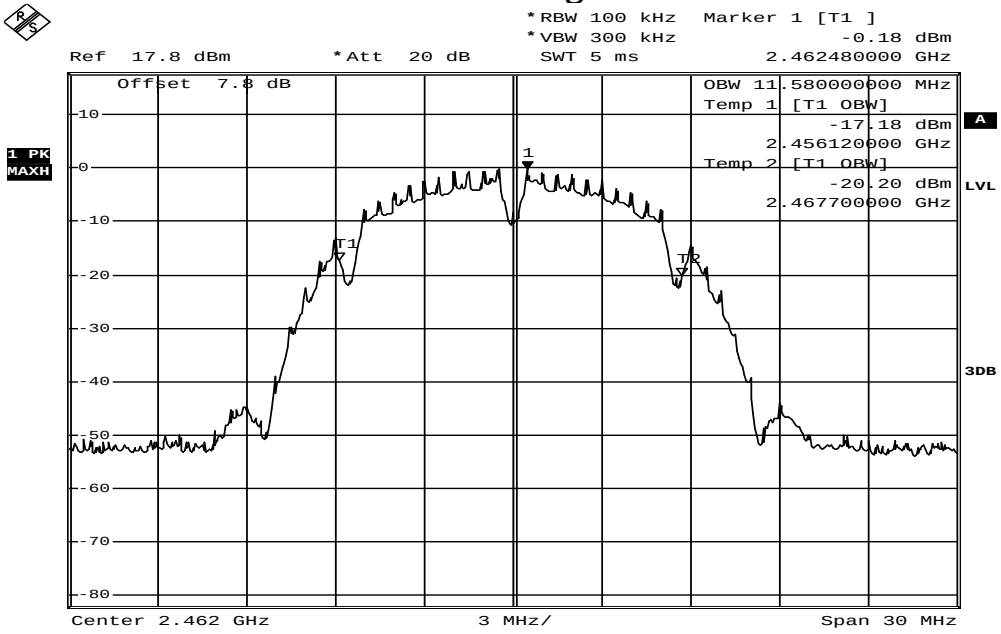
Date: 31.MAR.2015 10:48:44

99% Band Width Test Data CH-Mid



Date: 31.MAR.2015 10:48:13

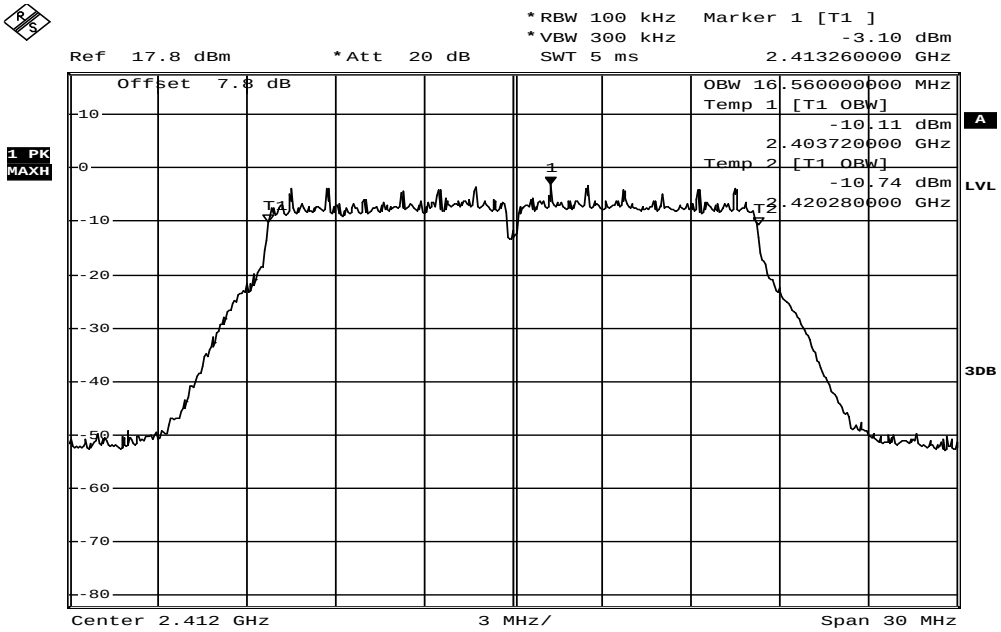
99% Band Width Test Data CH-High



Date: 31.MAR.2015 10:47:43

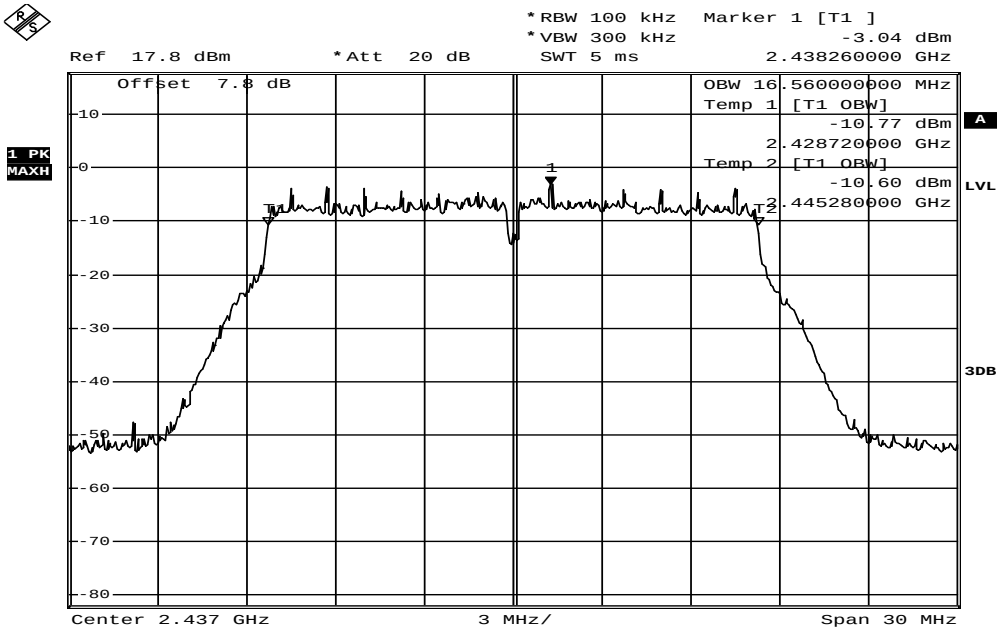
802.11g

99% Band Width Test Data CH-Low



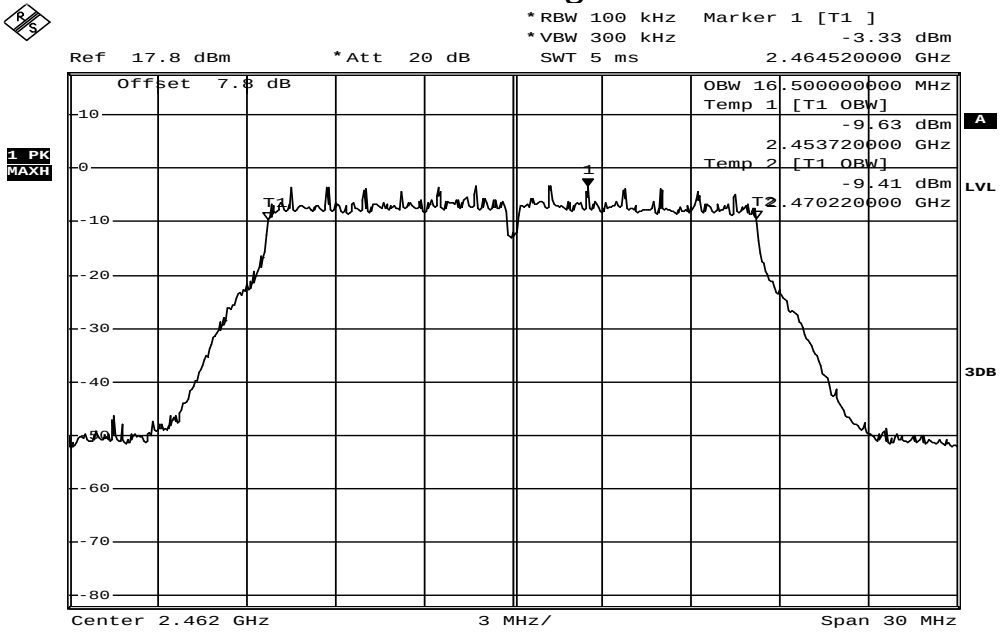
Date: 31.MAR.2015 10:46:09

99% Band Width Test Data CH-Mid



Date: 31.MAR.2015 10:46:41

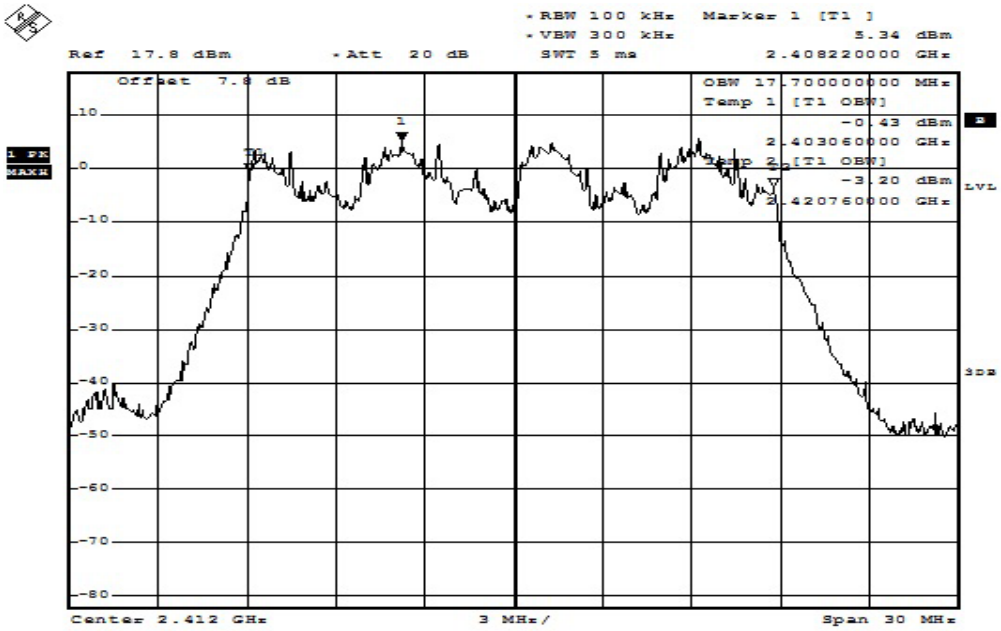
99% Band Width Test Data CH-High



Date: 31.MAR.2015 10:47:14

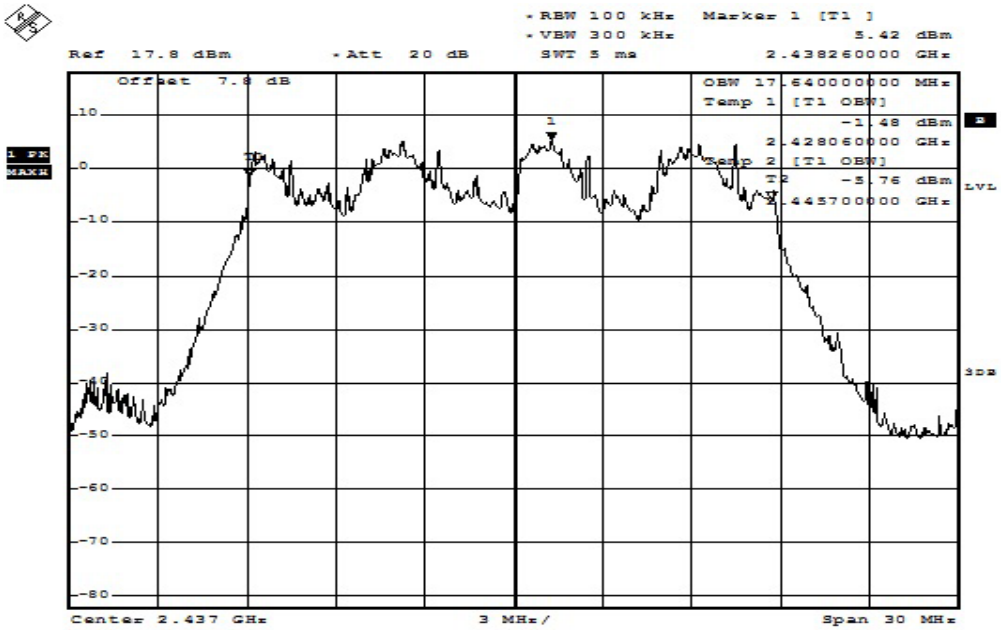
802.11n_20M

99% Band Width Test Data CH-Low



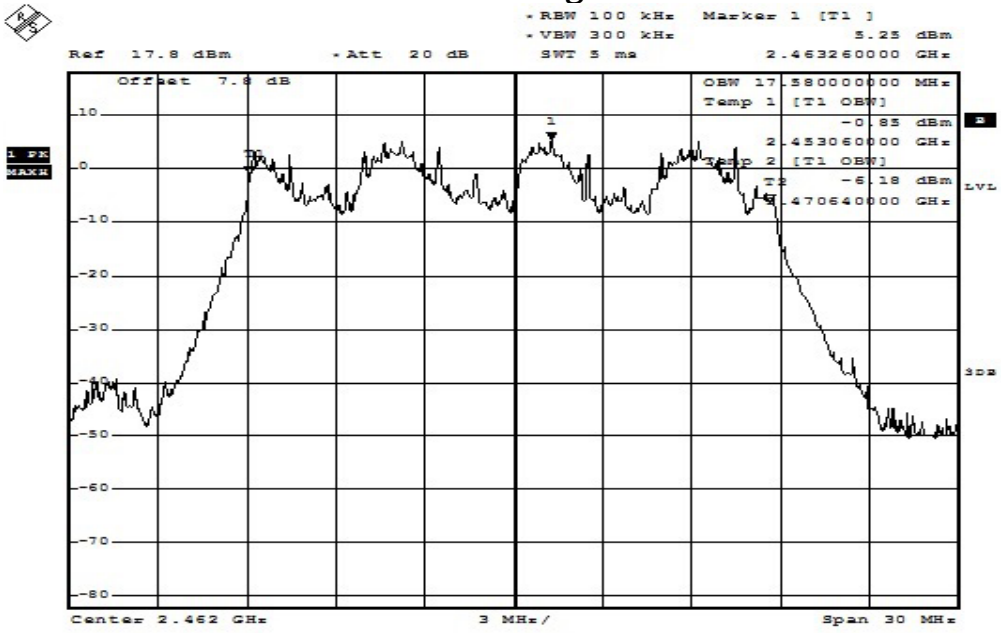
Date: 26.MAR.2015 09:59:18

99% Band Width Test Data CH-Mid



Date: 26.MAR.2015 10:01:06

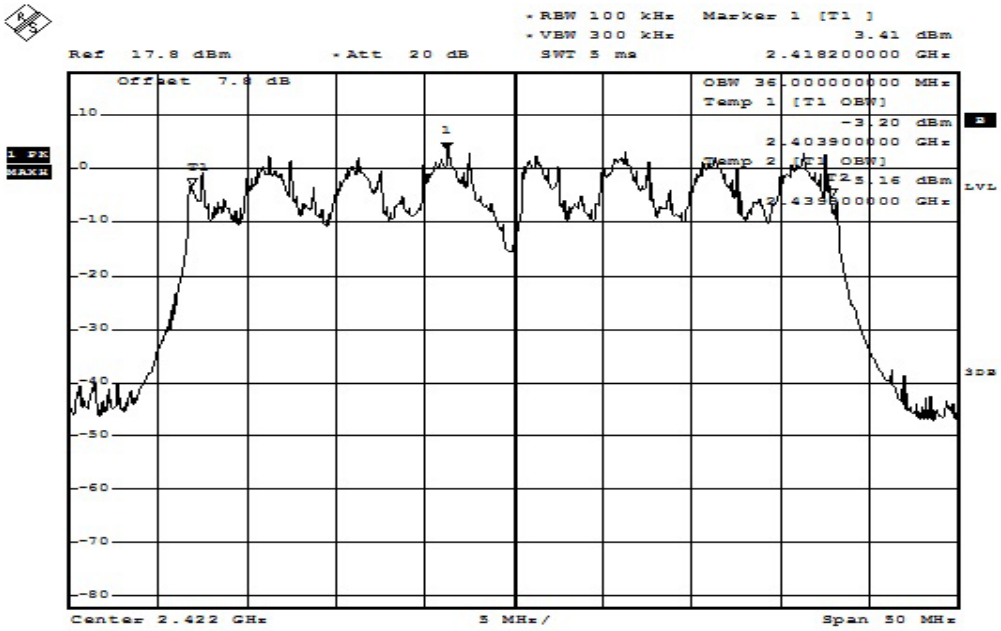
99% Band Width Test Data CH-High



Date: 26.MAR.2015 10:02:34

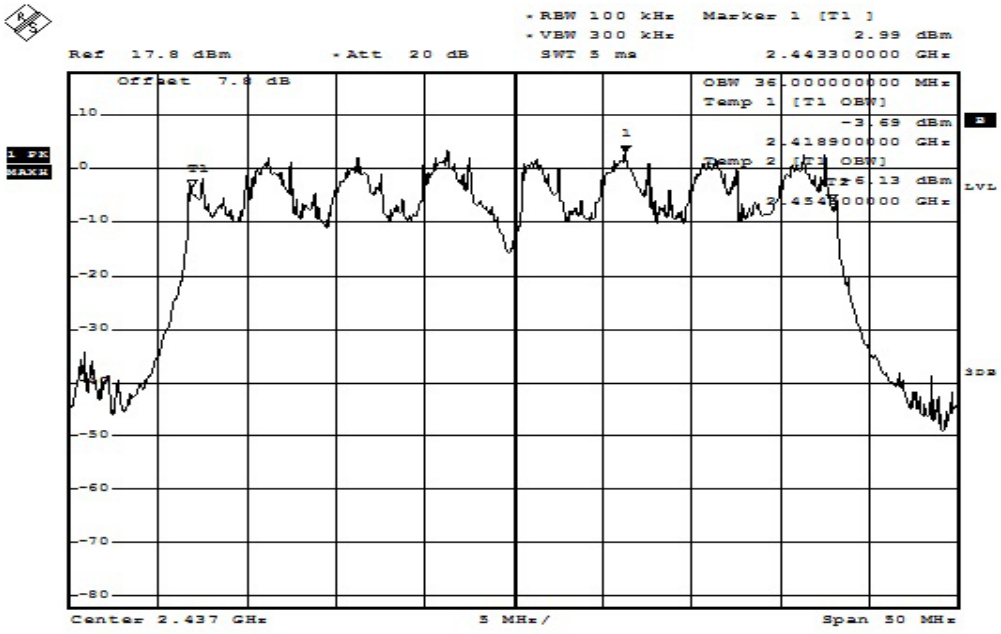
802.11n_40M

99% Band Width Test Data CH-Low



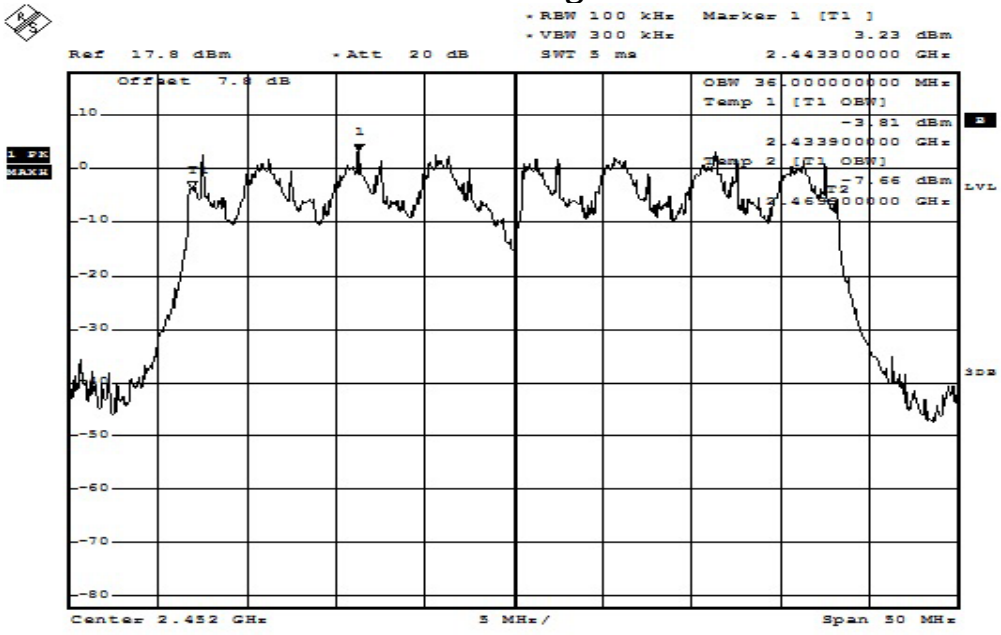
Date: 26.MAR.2015 10:06:40

99% Band Width Test Data CH-Mid



Date: 26.MAR.2015 10:09:41

99% Band Width Test Data CH-High



Date: 26.MAR.2015 10:12:01

8 100KHz BANDWIDTH OF BAND EDGES MEASUREMENT

8.1 Standard Applicable:

According to §15.247(c), in any 100 KHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator in operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100KHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in15.209(a).

8.2 Measurement Equipment Used:

8.2.1 Conducted Emission at antenna port:

Refer to section 6.2 for details.

8.2.2 Radiated emission:

Chamber 14(966)					
EQUIPMENT TYPE	**MFR**	**MODEL NUMBER**	**SERIAL NUMBER**	**LAST CAL.**	**CAL DUE.**
Spectrum Analyzer 21(26.5GHz)	Agilent	N9010A	MY49060537	07/29/2014	07/28/2015
Spectrum Analyzer 20(6.5GHz)	Agilent	E4443A	MY48250315	05/26/2014	05/25/2015
Spectrum Analyzer 22(43GHz)	R&S	FSU43	100143	05/07/2015	05/06/2016
Dipole antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VHAP,30-300	919	12/03/2013	12/02/2015
Dipole antenna	SCHWARZBECK	UHAP,300-1000	1195	12/03/2013	12/02/2015
Loop Antenna9K-30M	A.H.SYSTEM	SAS-564	294	03/07/2015	03/06/2017
Bilog Antenna30-1G	Schaffner	CBL 6112B	2756	12/30/2014	12/29/2015
Horn antenna1-18G	ETS	3117	00066665	11/27/2014	11/26/2015
Horn antenna26-40G(05)	Com-power	AH-640	100A	01/21/2015	01/20/2017
Horn antenna18-26G(04)	Com-power	AH-826	081001	05/15/2015	05/14/2017
Preamplifier9-1000M	HP	8447D	NA	03/12/2015	03/11/2016
Preamplifier1-18G	MITEQ	AFS44-00101800-25-10P-44	1329256	07/30/2014	07/29/2015
Preamplifier1-26G	EM	EM01M26G	NA	03/11/2015	03/10/2016
Preamplifier26-40G	MITEQ	JS-26004000-27-5A	818471	05/08/2015	05/07/2017
Cable1-18G	HUBER SUHNER	Sucoflex 106	NA	12/02/2014	12/01/2015
Cable UP to 1G	HUBER SUHNER	RG 214/U	NA	10/17/2014	10/16/2015
SUCOFLEX 1GHz~40GHz cable	HUBER SUHNER	Sucoflex 102	27963/2&37421/2	10/03/2013	10/02/2015
Signal Generator	R&S	SMU200A	102330	03/11/2015	02/10/2016
Signal Generator	Anritsu	MG3692A	20311	10/29/2014	10/28/2015
2.4G Filter	Micro-Tronics	Brm50702	76	12/27/2014	12/26/2015
5G Filter	Micro-Tronics	Brm50716	005	12/27/2014	12/26/2015

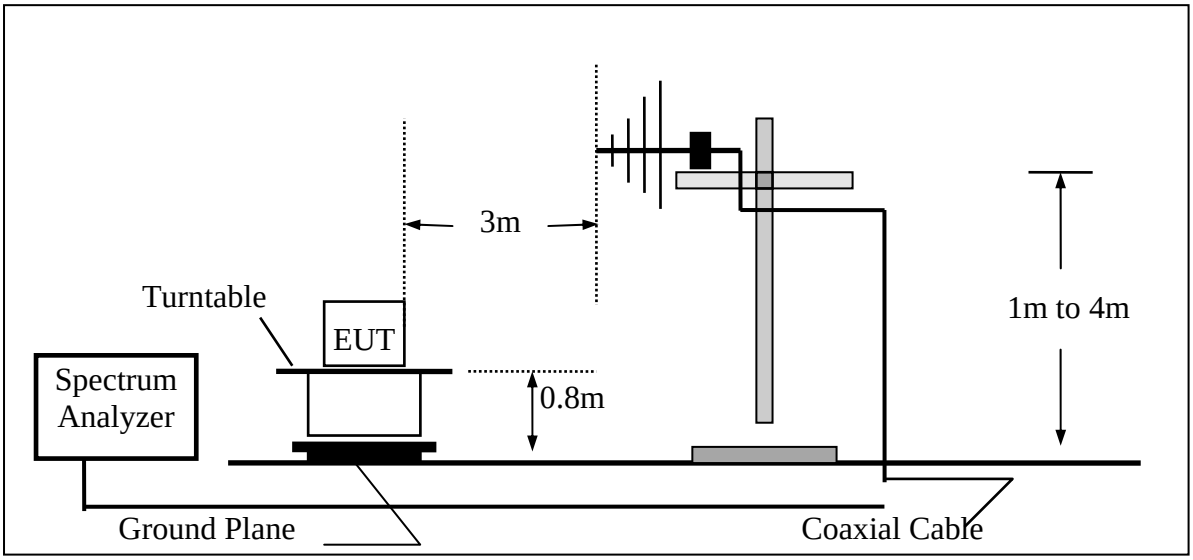
8.3 Test SET-UP:

8.3.1 Conducted Emission at antenna port:

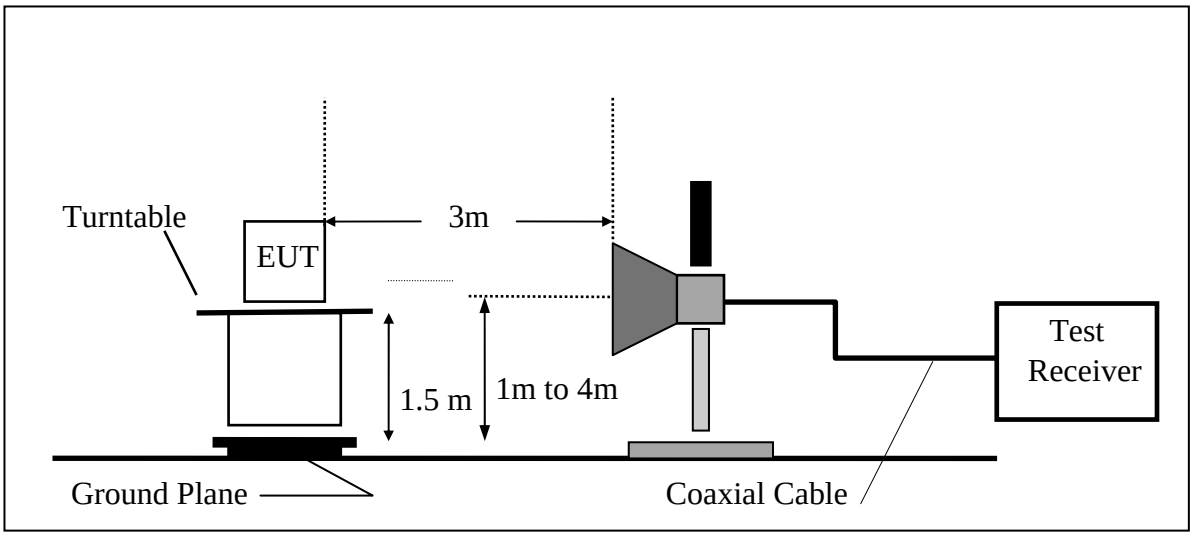
Refer to section 6.3 for details.

8.3.2 Radiated emission:

(A) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency Below 1000MHz



(B) Radiated Emission Test Set-UP Frequency Over 1 GHz



8.4 Measurement Procedure:

1. Place the EUT on the table and set it in transmitting mode.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.
3. Set center frequency of spectrum analyzer = operating frequency.
4. Set the spectrum analyzer as RBW=100kHz, VBW=3* RBW, Span=25MHz, Sweep = auto
5. Mark Peak, 2.390GHz and 2.4835GHz and record the max. level.
6. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measured were complete.

Refer to section 11 and 12 emissions in restricted and non-restricted frequency bands Measurement Procedure of KDB Document: 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r02

The measurement of unwanted emissions at the edge of the authorized frequency bands can be complicated by the leakage of RF energy from the fundamental emission into the RBW pass band. Thus, for measurements at the band edges, a narrower resolution bandwidth (no less than 10 kHz) can be used within the first 1 MHz beyond the fundamental emission, provided that that measured energy is subsequently integrated over the appropriate reference bandwidth (i.e., 100 kHz or 1 MHz). This integration can be performed using the band power function of the spectrum analyzer or by summing the spectral levels (in linear power units) over the appropriate reference bandwidth.

8.5 Field Strength Calculation:

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Factor and subtracting the Amplifier Gain and Duty Cycle Correction Factor(if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

FS = RA + AF + CL - AG

Where	FS = Field Strength	CL = Cable Attenuation Factor (Cable Loss)
	RA = Reading Amplitude	AG = Amplifier Gain
	AF = Antenna Factor	

8.6 Measurement Result:

Note: Refer to next page spectrum analyzer data chart and tabular data sheets.

Band Edges

Radiated Emission: 802.11 b mode

Operation Mode	TX CH Low	Test Date	2015/04/27
Fundamental Frequency	2412 MHz	Test By	Dino
Temperature	25 ℃	Humidity	60 %

No	Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Factor dB	Level dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Over Limit dB	Remark	Pol V/H
1	2390.00	16.26	31.77	48.03	54.00	-5.97	Average	VERTICAL
2	2390.00	27.80	31.77	59.57	74.00	-14.43	Peak	VERTICAL
3	2400.00	29.28	31.79	61.07	91.85	-30.78	Peak	VERTICAL
4	2411.92	80.03	31.82	111.85	---	F	Peak	VERTICAL
1	2390.00	15.44	31.77	47.21	54.00	-6.79	Average	HORIZONTAL
2	2390.00	28.17	31.77	59.94	74.00	-14.06	Peak	HORIZONTAL
3	2400.00	28.17	31.79	59.96	81.97	-22.01	Peak	HORIZONTAL
4	2412.03	70.15	31.82	101.97	---	F	Peak	HORIZONTAL

Operation Mode	TX CH High	Test Date	2015/04/27
Fundamental Frequency	2462 MHz	Test By	Dino
Temperature	25 ℃	Humidity	60 %

No	Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Factor dB	Level dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Over Limit dB	Remark	Pol V/H
1	2483.50	15.83	32.04	47.87	54.00	-6.13	Average	VERTICAL
2	2483.50	28.57	32.04	60.61	74.00	-13.39	Peak	VERTICAL
1	2483.50	15.18	32.04	47.22	54.00	-6.78	Average	HORIZONTAL
2	2483.50	27.29	32.04	59.33	74.00	-14.67	Peak	HORIZONTAL

Remark:

1 Measuring frequencies from the lowest internal frequency to the 10th of fundamental frequency

2 Field strength limits for frequency above 1000MHz are based on average limits. However, Peak mode field strength shall not exceed the average limits specified plus 20dB.

3 Measurement of data within this frequency range shown " - " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

4 Spectrum Peak mode IF bandwidth Setting : 1GHz- 26GHz, RBW= 1MHz, Sweep time= 200 ms., the VBW setting was 3 MHz.

5 Spectrum AV mode if bandwidth Setting : 1GHz- 26GHz, RBW= 1MHz, VBW= 10Hz, Sweep time= 200 ms.

Note: "F" denotes fundamental frequency

Radiated Emission: 802.11 g mode

Operation Mode	TX CH Low	Test Date	2015/04/27
Fundamental Frequency	2412 MHz	Test By	Dino
Temperature	25 ℃	Humidity	60 %

No	Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Factor dB	Level dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Over Limit dB	Remark	Pol V/H
1	2390.00	16.24	31.77	48.01	54.00	-5.99	Average	VERTICAL
2	2390.00	27.58	31.77	59.35	74.00	-14.65	Peak	VERTICAL
3	2400.00	39.52	31.79	71.31	93.82	-22.51	Peak	VERTICAL
4	2407.89	81.94	31.82	113.76	---	F	Peak	VERTICAL
1	2390.00	15.47	31.77	47.24	54.00	-6.76	Average	HORIZONTAL
2	2390.00	27.67	31.77	59.44	74.00	-14.56	Peak	HORIZONTAL
3	2400.00	31.62	31.79	63.41	84.96	-21.55	Peak	HORIZONTAL
4	2414.83	73.12	31.84	104.96	---	F	Peak	HORIZONTAL

Operation Mode	TX CH High	Test Date	2015/04/27
Fundamental Frequency	2462 MHz	Test By	Dino
Temperature	25 ℃	Humidity	60 %

No	Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Factor dB	Level dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Over Limit dB	Remark	Pol V/H
1	2483.50	16.40	32.04	48.44	54.00	-5.56	Average	VERTICAL
2	2483.50	27.81	32.04	59.85	74.00	-14.15	Peak	VERTICAL
1	2483.50	15.22	32.04	47.26	54.00	-6.74	Average	HORIZONTAL
2	2483.50	28.22	32.04	60.26	74.00	-13.74	Peak	HORIZONTAL

Remark:

1 Measuring frequencies from the lowest internal frequency to the 10th of fundamental frequency

2 Field strength limits for frequency above 1000MHz are based on average limits. However, Peak mode field strength shall not exceed the average limits specified plus 20dB.

3 Measurement of data within this frequency range shown " - " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

4 Spectrum Peak mode IF bandwidth Setting : 1GHz- 26GHz, RBW= 1MHz, Sweep time= 200 ms., the VBW setting was 3 MHz.

5 Spectrum AV mode if bandwidth Setting : 1GHz- 26GHz, RBW= 1MHz, VBW= 10Hz, Sweep time= 200 ms.

Note: "F" denotes fundamental frequency

Radiated Emission: 802.11 n_20M mode

Operation Mode	TX CH Low	Test Date	2015/04/27
Fundamental Frequency	2412 MHz	Test By	Dino
Temperature	25 ℃	Humidity	60 %

No	Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Factor dB	Level dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Over Limit dB	Remark	Pol V/H
1	2390.00	16.09	31.77	47.86	54.00	-6.14	Average	VERTICAL
2	2390.00	28.25	31.77	60.02	74.00	-13.98	Peak	VERTICAL
3	2400.00	40.63	31.79	72.42	91.92	-19.5	Peak	VERTICAL
4	2414.50	80.08	31.84	111.92	---	F	Peak	VERTICAL
1	2390.00	15.51	31.77	47.28	54.00	-6.72	Average	HORIZONTAL
2	2390.00	27.58	31.77	59.35	74.00	-14.65	Peak	HORIZONTAL
3	2400.00	33.22	31.79	65.01	82.52	-17.51	Peak	HORIZONTAL
4	2410.58	70.70	31.82	102.52	---	F	Peak	HORIZONTAL

Operation Mode	TX CH High	Test Date	2015/04/27
Fundamental Frequency	2462 MHz	Test By	Dino
Temperature	25 ℃	Humidity	60 %

No	Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Factor dB	Level dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Over Limit dB	Remark	Pol V/H
1	2483.50	16.09	32.04	48.13	54.00	-5.87	Average	VERTICAL
2	2483.50	28.22	32.04	60.26	74.00	-13.74	Peak	VERTICAL
1	2483.50	15.23	32.04	47.27	54.00	-6.73	Average	HORIZONTAL
2	2483.50	27.26	32.04	59.30	74.00	-14.70	Peak	HORIZONTAL

Remark:

1 Measuring frequencies from the lowest internal frequency to the 10th of fundamental frequency

2 Field strength limits for frequency above 1000MHz are based on average limits. However, Peak mode field strength shall not exceed the average limits specified plus 20dB.

3 Measurement of data within this frequency range shown " - " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

4 Spectrum Peak mode IF bandwidth Setting : 1GHz- 26GHz, RBW= 1MHz, Sweep time= 200 ms., the VBW setting was 3 MHz.

5 Spectrum AV mode if bandwidth Setting : 1GHz- 26GHz, RBW= 1MHz, VBW= 10Hz, Sweep time= 200 ms.

Note: "F" denotes fundamental frequency

Radiated Emission: 802.11n_40M mode

Operation Mode	TX CH Low	Test Date	2015/04/27
Fundamental Frequency	2422 MHz	Test By	Dino
Temperature	25 ℃	Humidity	60 %

No	Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Factor dB	Level dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Over Limit dB	Remark	Pol V/H
1	2390.00	16.01	31.77	47.78	54.00	-6.22	Average	VERTICAL
2	2390.00	27.72	31.77	59.49	74.00	-14.51	Peak	VERTICAL
3	2400.00	28.91	31.79	60.70	90.18	-29.48	Peak	VERTICAL
4	2449.16	78.24	31.94	110.18	---	F	Peak	VERTICAL
1	2390.00	15.49	31.77	47.26	54.00	-6.74	Average	HORIZONTAL
2	2390.00	28.13	31.77	59.90	74.00	-14.10	Peak	HORIZONTAL
3	2400.00	27.57	31.79	59.36	79.42	-20.06	Peak	HORIZONTAL
4	2430.42	67.54	31.88	99.42	---	F	Peak	HORIZONTAL

Operation Mode	TX CH High	Test Date	2015/04/27
Fundamental Frequency	2452 MHz	Test By	Dino
Temperature	25 ℃	Humidity	60 %

No	Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Factor dB	Level dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Over Limit dB	Remark	Pol V/H
1	2483.50	17.46	32.04	49.50	54.00	-4.50	Average	VERTICAL
2	2483.50	31.68	32.04	63.72	74.00	-10.28	Peak	VERTICAL
3	2483.75	17.68	32.04	49.72	54.00	-4.28	Average	VERTICAL
4	2483.75	38.01	32.04	70.05	74.00	-3.95	Peak	VERTICAL
1	2483.50	15.37	32.04	47.41	54.00	-6.59	Average	HORIZONTAL
2	2483.50	27.96	32.04	60.00	74.00	-14.00	Peak	HORIZONTAL

Remark:

1 Measuring frequencies from the lowest internal frequency to the 10th of fundamental frequency

2 Field strength limits for frequency above 1000MHz are based on average limits. However, Peak mode field strength shall not exceed the average limits specified plus 20dB.

3 Measurement of data within this frequency range shown " - " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

4 Spectrum Peak mode IF bandwidth Setting : 1GHz- 26GHz, RBW= 1MHz, Sweep time= 200 ms., the VBW setting was 3 MHz.

5 Spectrum AV mode if bandwidth Setting : 1GHz- 26GHz, RBW= 1MHz, VBW= 10Hz, Sweep time= 200 ms.

Note: "F" denotes fundamental frequency

9 SPURIOUS RADIATED EMISSION TEST

9.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.247(c), all other emissions outside these bands shall not exceed the general radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a). And according to §15.33(a)(1), for an intentional radiator operates below 10GHz, the frequency range of measurements: to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40GHz, whichever is lower.

9.2 Measurement Equipment Used:

9.2.1 Conducted Emission at antenna port:

Refer to section 6.2 for details.

9.2.2 Radiated emission:

Refer to section 7.2 for details.

9.3 Test SET-UP:

9.3.1 Conducted Emission at antenna port:

Refer to section 6.3 for details.

9.3.2 Radiated emission:

Refer to section 7.3 for details.

9.4 Measurement Procedure:

1. The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 0.8m above ground plane.
2. The turn table shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
3. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna which varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
4. When measurement procedures for electric field radiated emissions above 1 GHz the EUT measurement is to be made “while keeping the antenna in the ‘cone of radiation’ from that area and pointed at the area both in azimuth and elevation, with polarization oriented for maximum response.” is still within the 3dB illumination BW of the measurement antenna.
5. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
6. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
7. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measured were complete.

Refer to section 11 and 12 emissions in restricted and non-restricted frequency bands Measurement Procedure of KDB Document: 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r02

9.5 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Factor and subtracting the Amplifier Gain and Duty Cycle Correction Factor(if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

FS = RA + AF + CL - AG

Where	FS = Field Strength	CL = Cable Attenuation Factor (Cable Loss)
	RA = Reading Amplitude	AG = Amplifier Gain
	AF = Antenna Factor	

9.6 Measurement Result:

Note: Refer to next page spectrum analyzer data chart and tabular data sheets.

Radiated Spurious Emission Measurement Result (below 1GHz) (worst case)

Operation Mode	802.11n_40M TX CH Low	Test Date	2015/04/27
Fundamental Frequency	2422MHz	Test By	Dino
Temperature	25 ℃	Humidity	60 %

No	Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Factor dB	Level dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Over Limit dB	Remark	Pol V/H
1	106.63	45.70	-16.47	29.23	43.50	-14.27	Peak	VERTICAL
2	250.19	44.98	-12.89	32.09	46.00	-13.91	Peak	VERTICAL
3	307.42	40.90	-10.95	29.95	46.00	-16.05	Peak	VERTICAL
4	500.45	33.45	-7.45	26.00	46.00	-20.00	Peak	VERTICAL
5	600.36	34.36	-5.57	28.79	46.00	-17.21	Peak	VERTICAL
6	800.18	30.60	-2.20	28.40	46.00	-17.60	Peak	VERTICAL
1	125.06	44.59	-14.50	30.09	43.50	-13.41	Peak	HORIZONTAL
2	191.99	46.84	-14.73	32.11	43.50	-11.39	Peak	HORIZONTAL
3	250.19	44.95	-12.89	32.06	46.00	-13.94	Peak	HORIZONTAL
4	500.45	37.52	-7.45	30.07	46.00	-15.93	Peak	HORIZONTAL
5	600.36	36.67	-5.57	31.10	46.00	-14.90	Peak	HORIZONTAL
6	700.27	35.46	-4.02	31.44	46.00	-14.56	Peak	HORIZONTAL

Remark:

1 No further spurious emissions detected from the lowest internal frequency and 30MHz.

2 Measuring frequencies from the lowest internal frequency to the 1GHz.

3 Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 9MHz to 1000MHz were made with an instrument detector setting 9-90KHz/110-490KHz using PK/AV and other Frequency Band using PK/QP

4 Measurement result within this frequency range shown " - " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

5 The IF bandwidth of SPA between 9kHz to 30MHz was 10kHz, VBW= 30kHz; between 30MHz to 1GHz was 100KHz, VBW=300KHz.

Radiated Spurious Emission Measurement Result (below 1GHz)

Operation Mode	802.11n_40M TX CH Mid	Test Date	2015/04/27
Fundamental Frequency	2437MHz	Test By	Dino
Temperature	25 ℃	Pol	Ver./Hor
Humidity	60 %		

No	Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Factor dB	Level dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Over Limit dB	Remark	Pol V/H
1	106.63	45.66	-16.47	29.19	43.50	-14.31	Peak	VERTICAL
2	250.19	44.85	-12.89	31.96	46.00	-14.04	Peak	VERTICAL
3	307.42	40.93	-10.95	29.98	46.00	-16.02	Peak	VERTICAL
4	500.45	34.59	-7.45	27.14	46.00	-18.86	Peak	VERTICAL
5	600.36	33.05	-5.57	27.48	46.00	-18.52	Peak	VERTICAL
6	800.18	30.67	-2.20	28.47	46.00	-17.53	Peak	VERTICAL
1	250.19	45.03	-12.89	32.14	46.00	-13.86	Peak	HORIZONTAL
2	288.02	54.72	-11.41	43.31	46.00	-2.69	Peak	HORIZONTAL
3	339.43	48.34	-10.31	38.03	46.00	-7.97	Peak	HORIZONTAL
4	600.36	37.82	-5.57	32.25	46.00	-13.75	Peak	HORIZONTAL
5	700.27	35.92	-4.02	31.90	46.00	-14.10	Peak	HORIZONTAL
6	812.79	34.00	-2.00	32.00	46.00	-14.00	Peak	HORIZONTAL

Remark:

1 No further spurious emissions detected from the lowest internal frequency and 30MHz.

2 Measuring frequencies from the lowest internal frequency to the 1GHz.

3 Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 9MHz to 1000MHz were made with an instrument detector setting 9-90KHz/110-490KHz using PK/AV and other Frequency Band using PK/QP

4 Measurement result within this frequency range shown " - " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

5 The IF bandwidth of SPA between 9kHz to 30MHz was 10kHz, VBW= 30kHz; between 30MHz to 1GHz was 100KHz, VBW=300KHz.

Radiated Spurious Emission Measurement Result (below 1GHz)

Operation Mode	802.11n_40M TX CH High	Test Date	2015/04/27
Fundamental Frequency	2452MHz	Test By	Dino
Temperature	25 ℃	Pol	Ver./Hor
Humidity	60 %		

No	Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Factor dB	Level dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Over Limit dB	Remark	Pol V/H
1	106.63	46.76	-16.47	30.29	43.50	-13.21	Peak	VERTICAL
2	250.19	44.59	-12.89	31.70	46.00	-14.30	Peak	VERTICAL
3	302.57	41.52	-11.05	30.47	46.00	-15.53	Peak	VERTICAL
4	500.45	33.15	-7.45	25.70	46.00	-20.30	Peak	VERTICAL
5	600.36	33.92	-5.57	28.35	46.00	-17.65	Peak	VERTICAL
6	800.18	31.30	-2.20	29.10	46.00	-16.90	Peak	VERTICAL
1	191.02	46.24	-14.66	31.58	43.50	-11.92	Peak	HORIZONTAL
2	258.92	51.42	-12.66	38.76	46.00	-7.24	Peak	HORIZONTAL
3	320.03	55.48	-10.70	44.78	46.00	-1.22	Peak	HORIZONTAL
4	500.45	37.71	-7.45	30.26	46.00	-15.74	Peak	HORIZONTAL
5	700.27	34.82	-4.02	30.80	46.00	-15.20	Peak	HORIZONTAL
6	814.73	40.96	-1.98	38.98	46.00	-7.02	Peak	HORIZONTAL

Remark:

1 No further spurious emissions detected from the lowest internal frequency and 30MHz.

2 Measuring frequencies from the lowest internal frequency to the 1GHz.

3 Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 9MHz to 1000MHz were made with an instrument detector setting 9-90KHz/110-490KHz using PK/AV and other Frequency Band using PK/QP

4 Measurement result within this frequency range shown " - " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

5 The IF bandwidth of SPA between 9kHz to 30MHz was 10kHz, VBW= 30kHz; between 30MHz to 1GHz was 100KHz, VBW=300KHz.

Radiated Spurious Emission Measurement Result (above 1GHz) (worst case)

Operation Mode	802.11n_40M TX CH Low	Test Date	2015/04/27
Fundamental Frequency	2422MHz	Test By	Dino
Temperature	25 ℃	Pol	Ver./Hor
Humidity	60 %		

No	Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Factor dB	Level dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Over Limit dB	Remark	Pol V/H
1	2001.00	65.13	-12.14	52.99	74.00	-21.01	Peak	VERTICAL
2	4844.00	44.79	-3.11	41.68	74.00	-32.32	Peak	VERTICAL
3	5004.00	52.48	-2.75	49.73	74.00	-24.27	Peak	VERTICAL
1	1539.00	64.21	-14.57	49.64	74.00	-24.36	Peak	HORIZONTAL
2	4844.00	44.68	-3.11	41.57	74.00	-32.43	Peak	HORIZONTAL
3	5004.00	48.48	-2.75	45.73	74.00	-28.27	Peak	HORIZONTAL

Remark:

1 Measuring frequencies from the lowest internal frequency to the 10th of fundamental frequency

2 Field strength limits for frequency above 1000MHz are based on average limits. However, Peak mode field strength shall not exceed the average limits specified plus 20dB.

3 Measurement of data within this frequency range shown " - " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

4 Spectrum Peak mode IF bandwidth Setting : 1GHz- 26GHz, RBW= 1MHz, Sweep time= 200 ms., the VBW setting was 3 MHz.

5 Spectrum AV mode if bandwidth Setting : 1GHz- 26GHz, RBW= 1MHz, VBW= 10Hz, Sweep time= 200 ms.

Radiated Spurious Emission Measurement Result (above 1GHz)

Operation Mode	802.11n_40M TX CH Mid	Test Date	2015/04/27
Fundamental Frequency	2437MHz	Test By	Dino
Temperature	25 ℃	Pol	Ver./Hor
Humidity	60 %		

No	Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Factor dB	Level dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Over Limit dB	Remark	Pol V/H
1	1994.00	62.40	-12.17	50.23	74.00	-23.77	Peak	VERTICAL
2	4874.00	43.89	-3.03	40.86	74.00	-33.14	Peak	VERTICAL
3	5004.00	52.24	-2.75	49.49	74.00	-24.51	Peak	VERTICAL
1	1539.00	64.30	-14.57	49.73	74.00	-24.27	Peak	HORIZONTAL
2	4874.00	45.06	-3.03	42.03	74.00	-31.97	Peak	HORIZONTAL
3	5004.00	48.71	-2.75	45.96	74.00	-28.04	Peak	HORIZONTAL

Remark:

1 Measuring frequencies from the lowest internal frequency to the 10th of fundamental frequency

2 Field strength limits for frequency above 1000MHz are based on average limits. However, Peak mode field strength shall not exceed the average limits specified plus 20dB.

3 Measurement of data within this frequency range shown " - " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

4 Spectrum Peak mode IF bandwidth Setting : 1GHz- 26GHz, RBW= 1MHz, Sweep time= 200 ms., the VBW setting was 3 MHz.

5 Spectrum AV mode if bandwidth Setting : 1GHz- 26GHz, RBW= 1MHz, VBW= 10Hz, Sweep time= 200 ms.

Radiated Spurious Emission Measurement Result (above 1GHz)

Operation Mode	802.11n_40M TX CH High	Test Date	2015/04/27
Fundamental Frequency	2452MHz	Test By	Dino
Temperature	25 ℃	Pol	Ver./Hor
Humidity	60 %		

No	Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Factor dB	Level dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Over Limit dB	Remark	Pol V/H
1	1994.00	63.68	-12.17	51.51	74.00	-22.49	Peak	VERTICAL
2	4904.00	44.42	-2.96	41.46	74.00	-32.54	Peak	VERTICAL
3	5004.00	52.07	-2.75	49.32	74.00	-24.68	Peak	VERTICAL
1	1539.00	65.26	-14.57	50.69	74.00	-23.31	Peak	HORIZONTAL
2	4904.00	43.32	-2.96	40.36	74.00	-33.64	Peak	HORIZONTAL
3	5004.00	49.60	-2.75	46.85	74.00	-27.15	Peak	HORIZONTAL

Remark:

1 Measuring frequencies from the lowest internal frequency to the 10th of fundamental frequency

2 Field strength limits for frequency above 1000MHz are based on average limits. However, Peak mode field strength shall not exceed the average limits specified plus 20dB.

3 Measurement of data within this frequency range shown " - " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

4 Spectrum Peak mode IF bandwidth Setting : 1GHz- 26GHz, RBW= 1MHz, Sweep time= 200 ms., the VBW setting was 3 MHz.

5 Spectrum AV mode if bandwidth Setting : 1GHz- 26GHz, RBW= 1MHz, VBW= 10Hz, Sweep time= 200 ms.

10 Peak Power Spectral Density

10.1 Standard Applicable:

According to §15.247(e) For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

10.2 Measurement Equipment Used:

Refer to section 6.2 for details.

10.3 Test Set-up:

Refer to section 6.3 for details.

10.4 Measurement Procedure:

Refer to section 10.2 Peak Power Density(PKPPSD) Measurement Procedure of KDB Document: 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r02

1. Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel frequency
2. Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
3. Set resolution bandwidth 3KHz ≤RBW ≤100KHz.
4. Set the video bandwidth VBW≥3×RBW.
5. Detector = peak.
6. Sweep time = auto couple.
7. Trace mode = max hold.
8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
10. If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

10.5 Measurement Result:

WiFi 1TX

802.11b Mode

Frequency MHz	Power Density Level (dBm)	Maximum Limit (dBm)
2412	-15.36	8
2437	-14.27	8
2462	-14.59	8

802.11g Mode

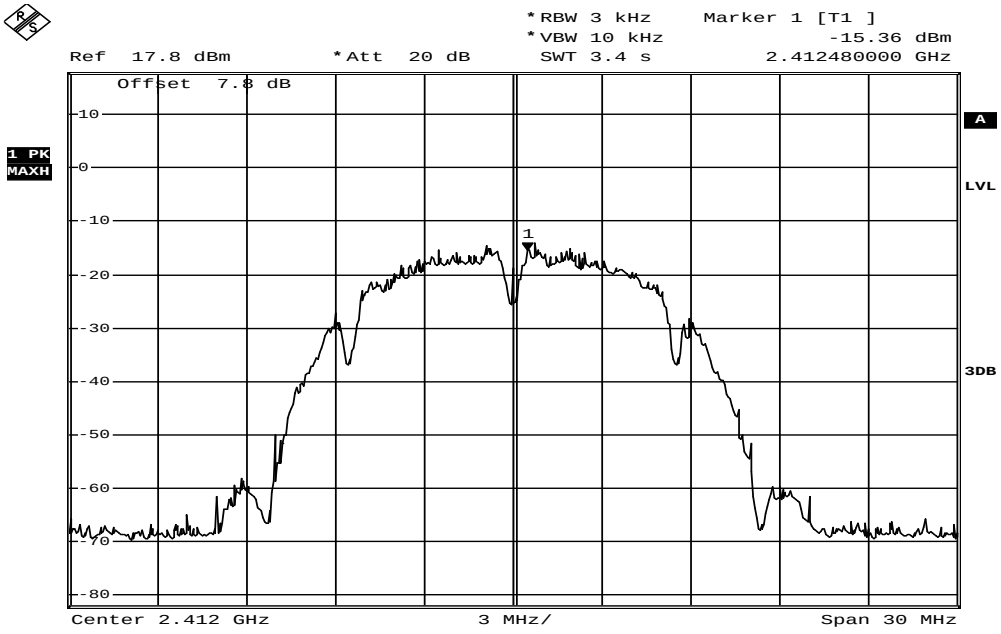
Frequency MHz	Power Density Level (dBm)	Maximum Limit (dBm)
2412	-17.5	8
2437	-17.8	8
2462	-17.31	8

WiFi 3TX

	Frequency (MHz)	Output Chain dbm			Combine Power Density (dBm/3KHz)	Limit (dBm)	Result
		Chain A	chain B	Chain C			
AN HT20	2412	-16.72	-16.9	-15.28	-11.47	8	Pass
	2437	-16.59	-15.6	-14.97	-10.90	8	Pass
	2462	-16.42	-16.96	-14.79	-11.18	8	Pass
AN HT40	2422	-16.86	-17.83	-17.83	-12.71	8	Pass
	2437	-18.18	-19.54	-16.95	-13.32	8	Pass
	2452	-18.03	-18.75	-17.38	-13.25	8	Pass

802.11b

Power Spectral Density Test Plot (CH-Low)



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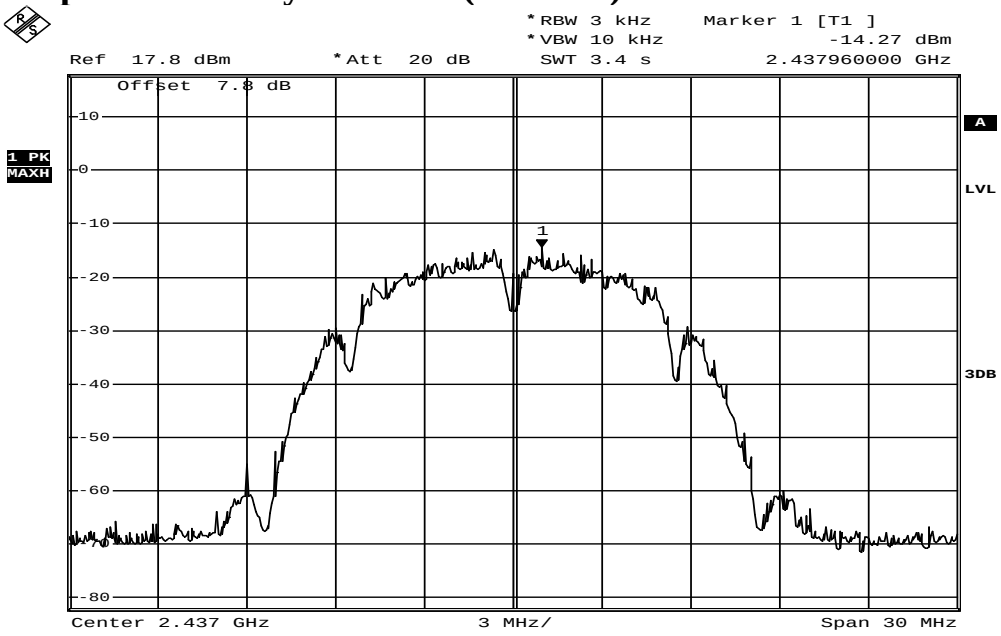
Power Spectral Density Test Plot (CH-Mid)



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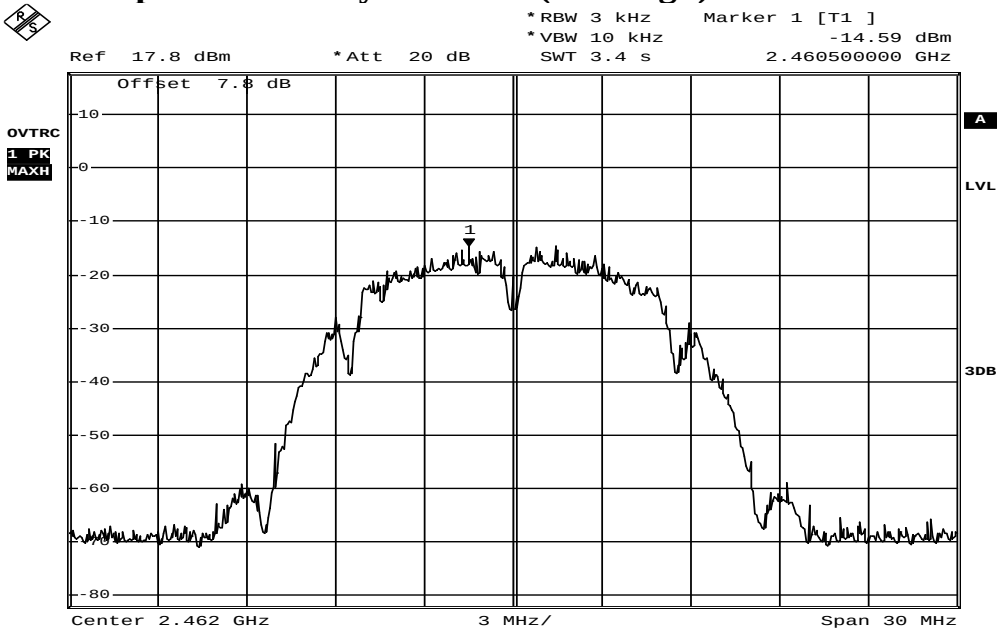
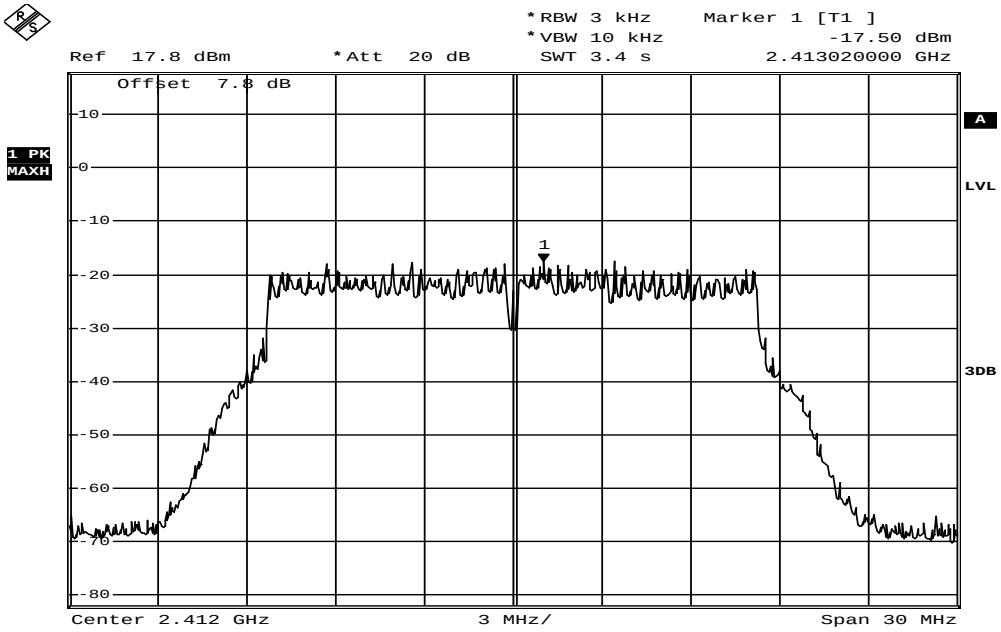
Power Spectral Density Test Plot (CH-High)



Date: 31.MAR.2015 10:43:39

802.11g

Power Spectral Density Test Plot (CH-Low)



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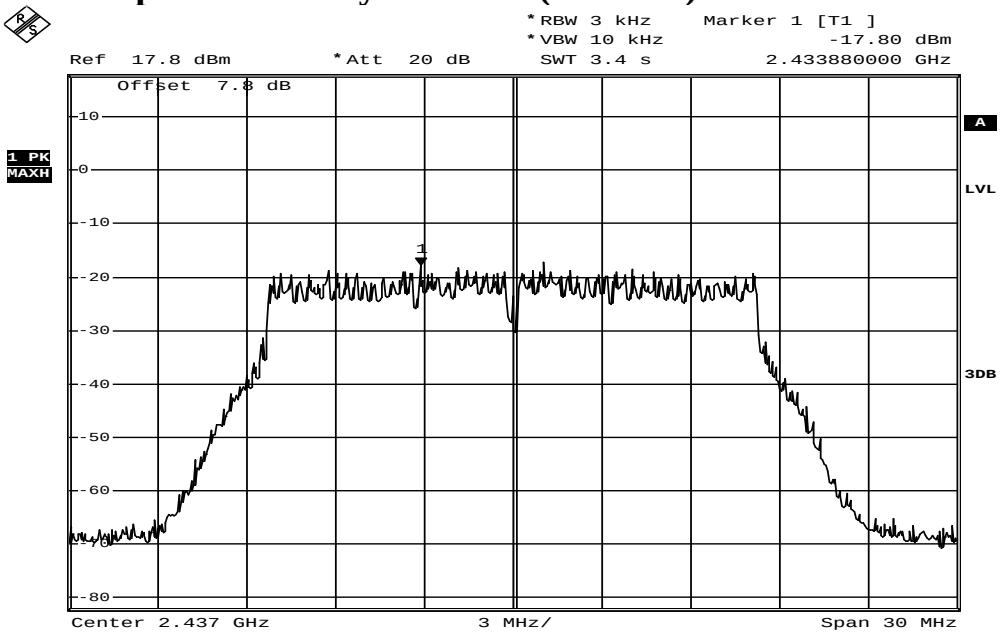
Power Spectral Density Test Plot (CH-Mid)



Date: 31.MAR.2015 10:44:51

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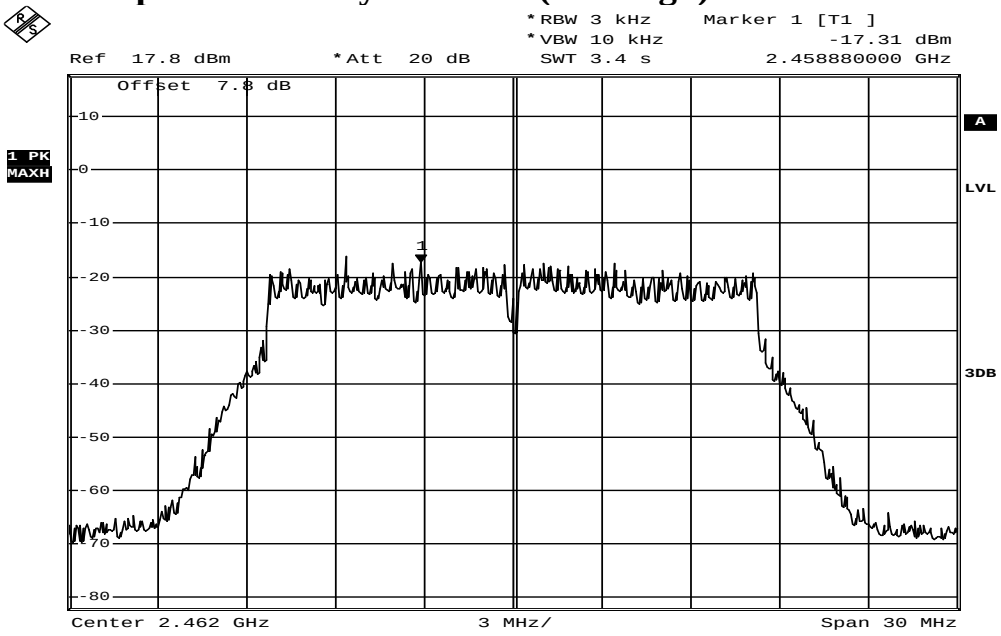
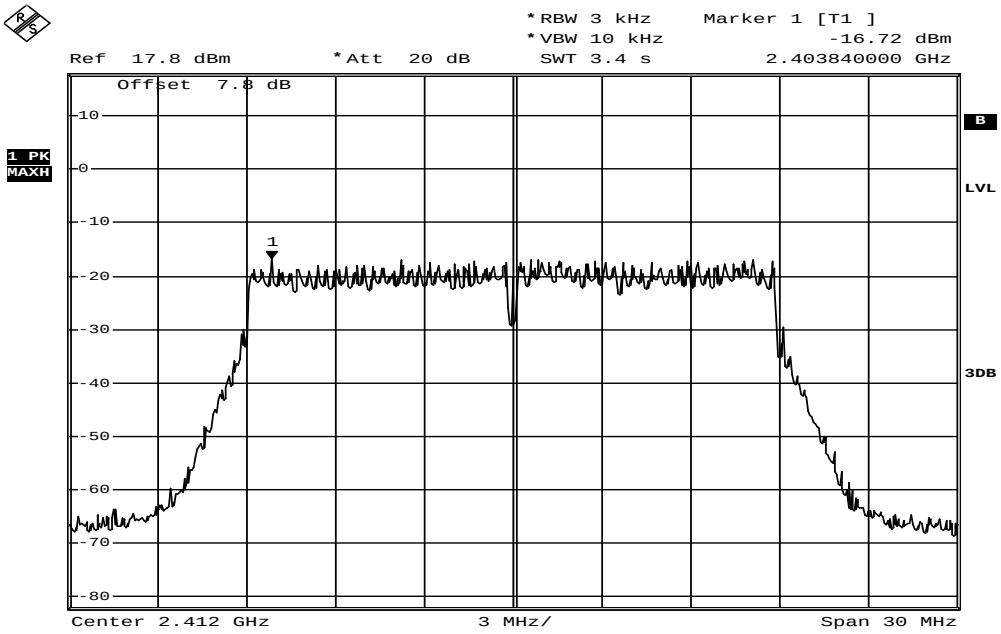


Date: 31.MAR.2015 10:44:18

802.11n_20M chain A

Power Spectral Density Test Plot (CH-Low)



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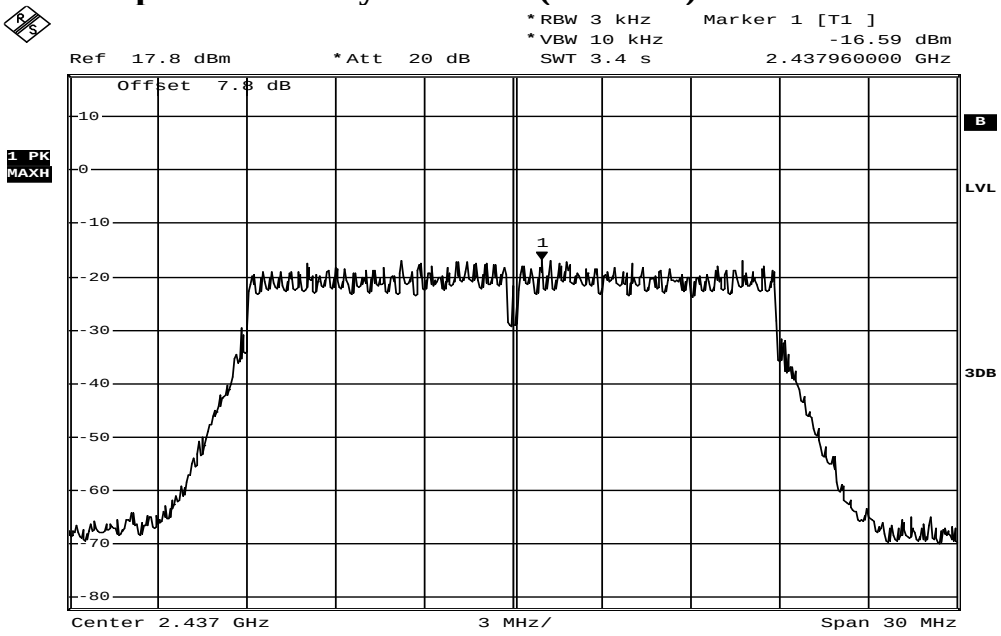
Power Spectral Density Test Plot (CH-Mid)



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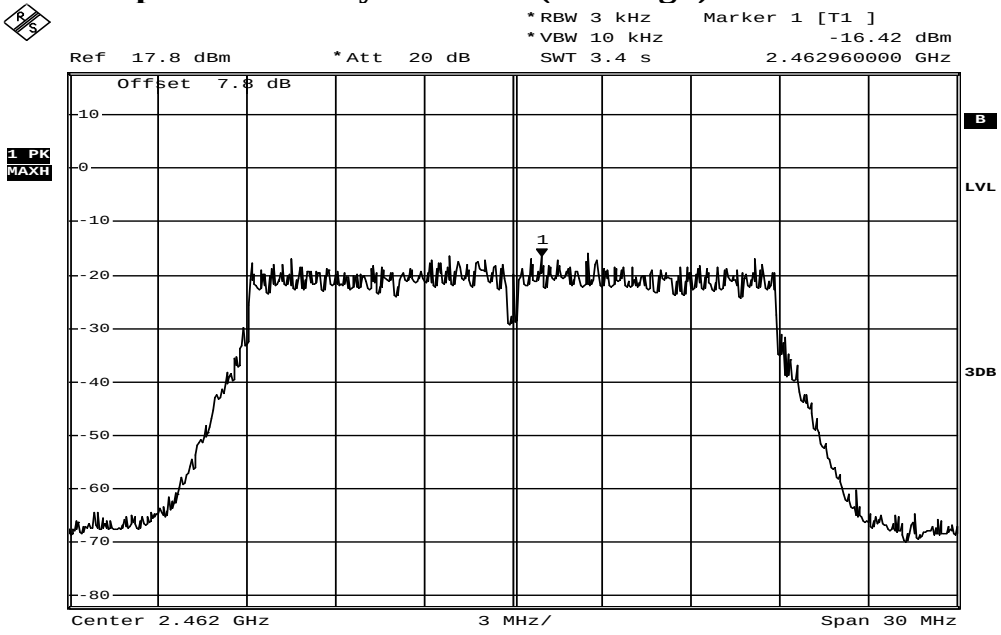

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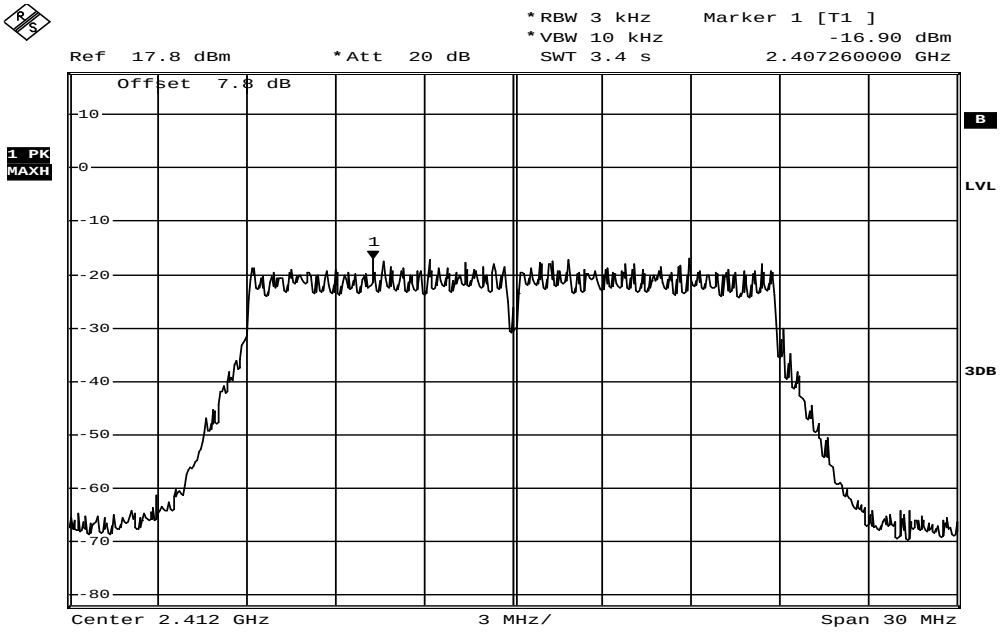
802.11n_20M chain B

Power Spectral Density Test Plot (CH-Low)



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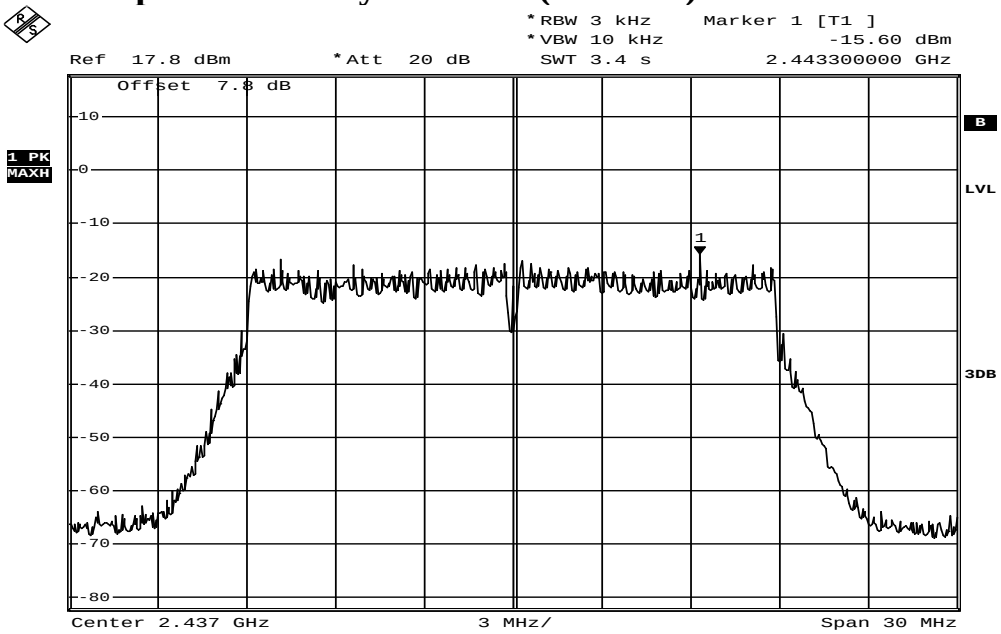
Power Spectral Density Test Plot (CH-Mid)



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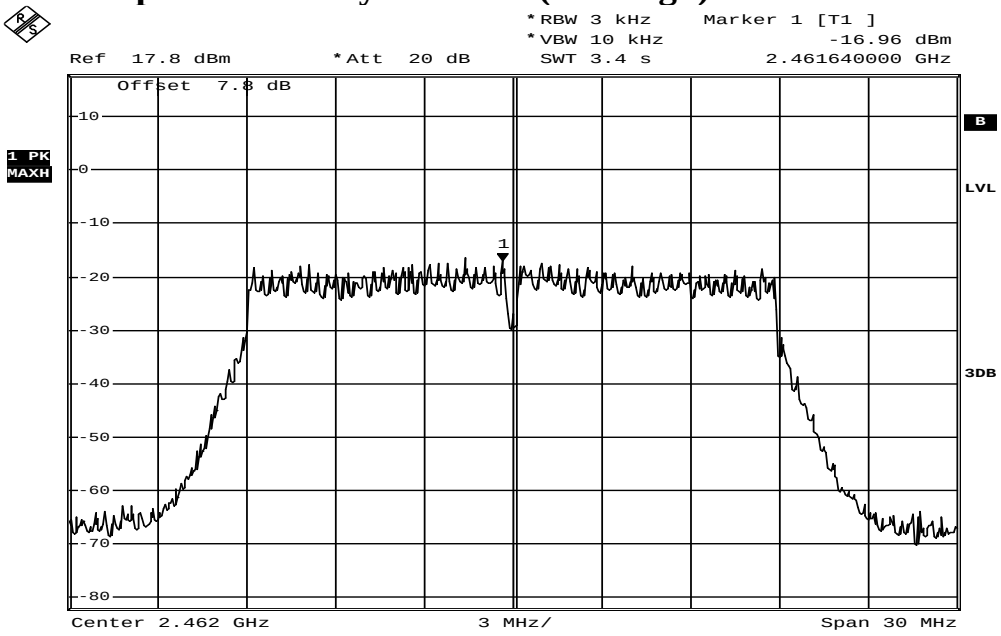
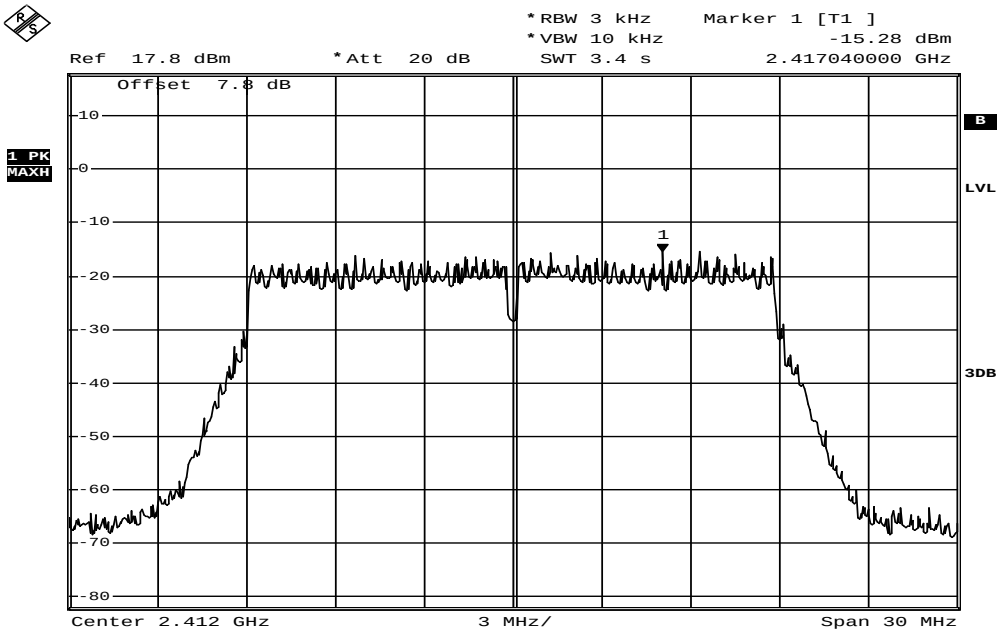
Power Spectral Density Test Plot (CH-High)



Date: 26.MAR.2015 10:39:05

802.11n_20M chain C

Power Spectral Density Test Plot (CH-Low)



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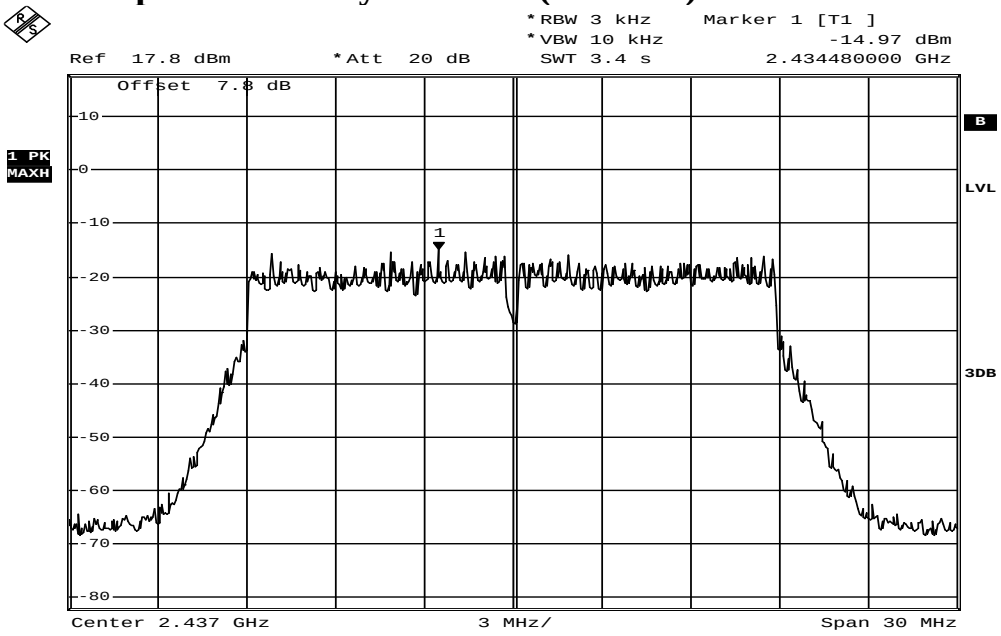
Power Spectral Density Test Plot (CH-Mid)



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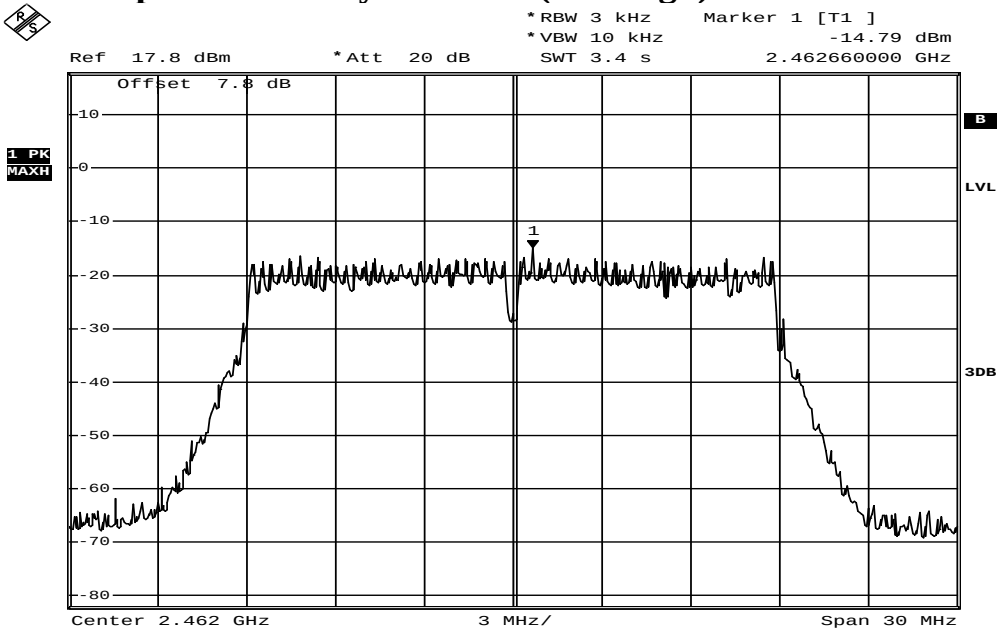
Power Spectral Density Test Plot (CH-High)



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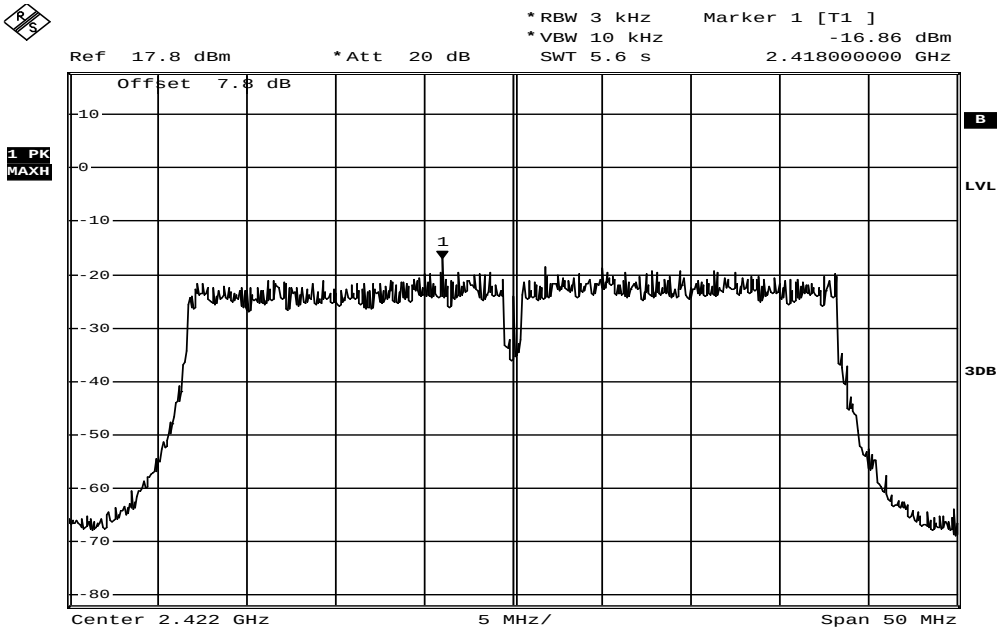
802.11n_40M chain A

Power Spectral Density Test Plot (CH-Low)



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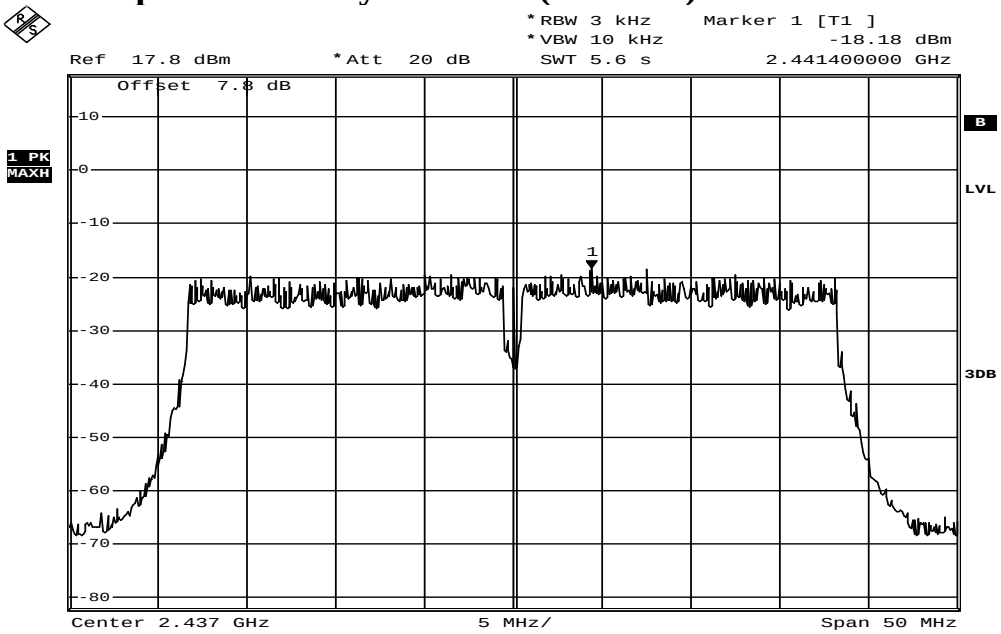
Power Spectral Density Test Plot (CH-Mid)



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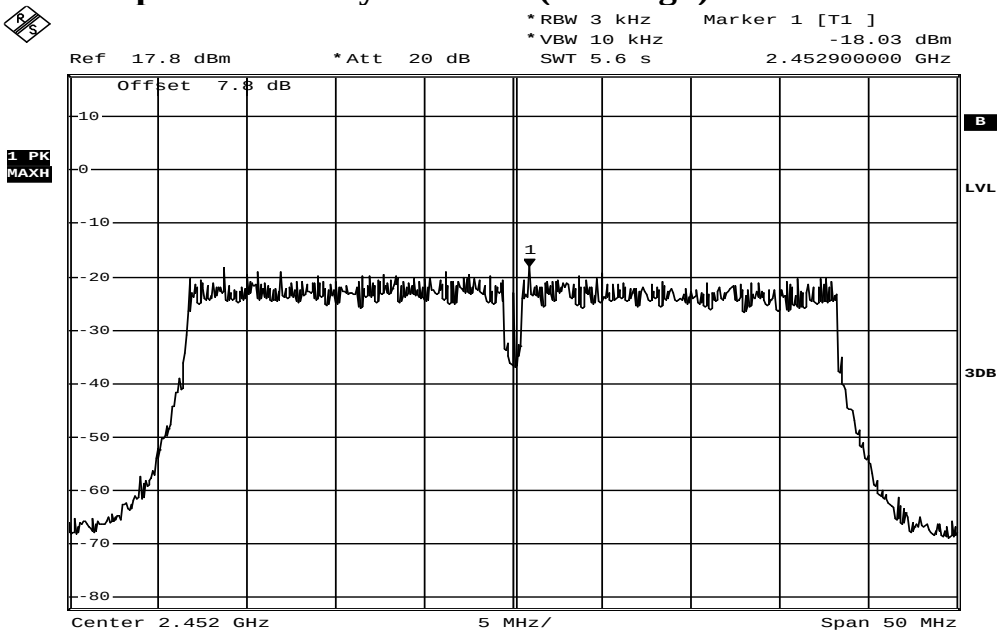
Power Spectral Density Test Plot (CH-High)



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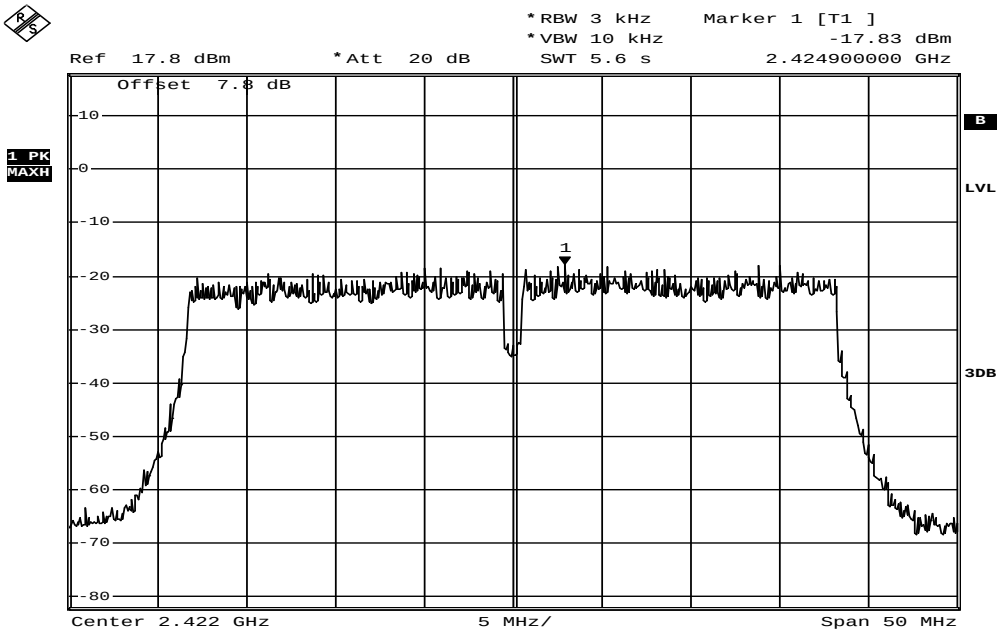
802.11n_40M chain B

Power Spectral Density Test Plot (CH-Low)



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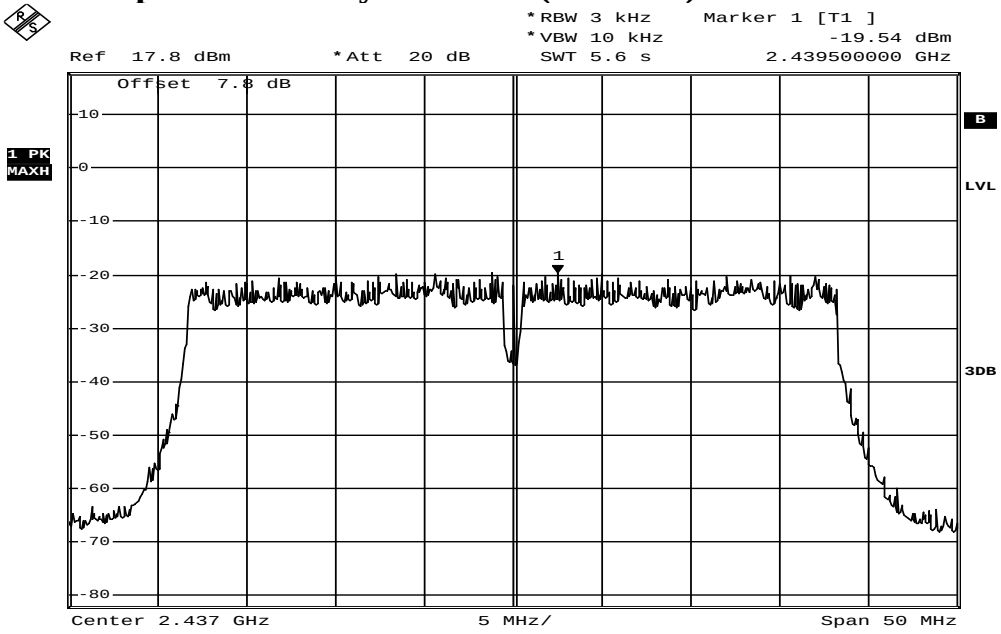
Power Spectral Density Test Plot (CH-Mid)



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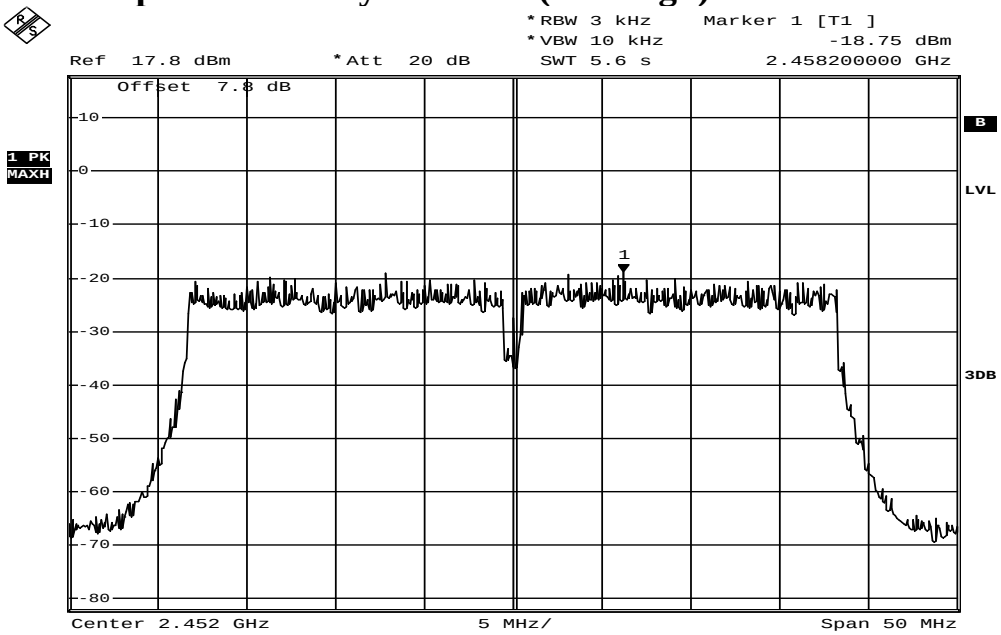
Power Spectral Density Test Plot (CH-High)



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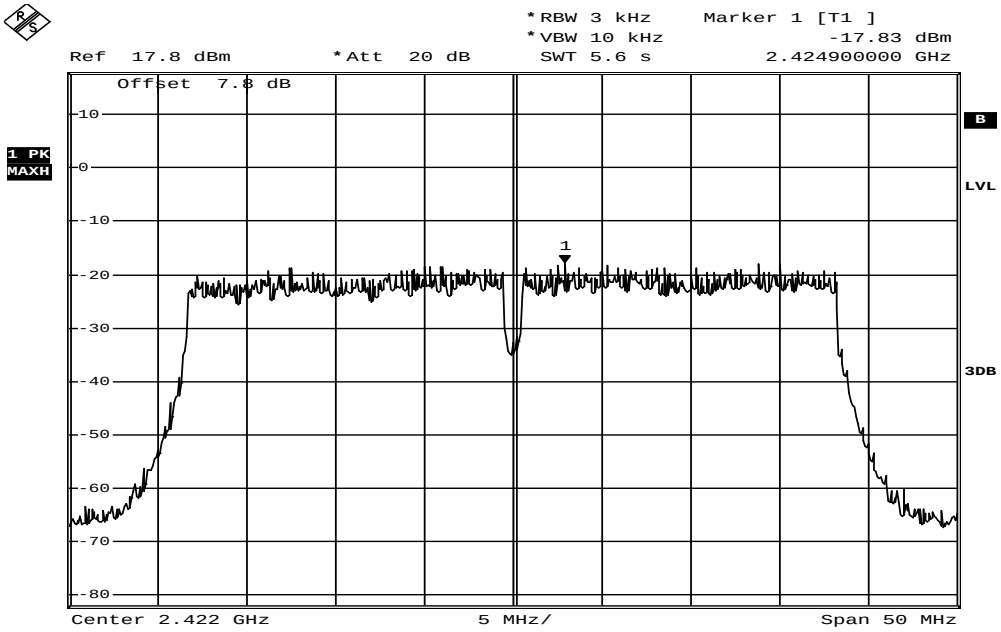
802.11n_40M chain C

Power Spectral Density Test Plot (CH-Low)



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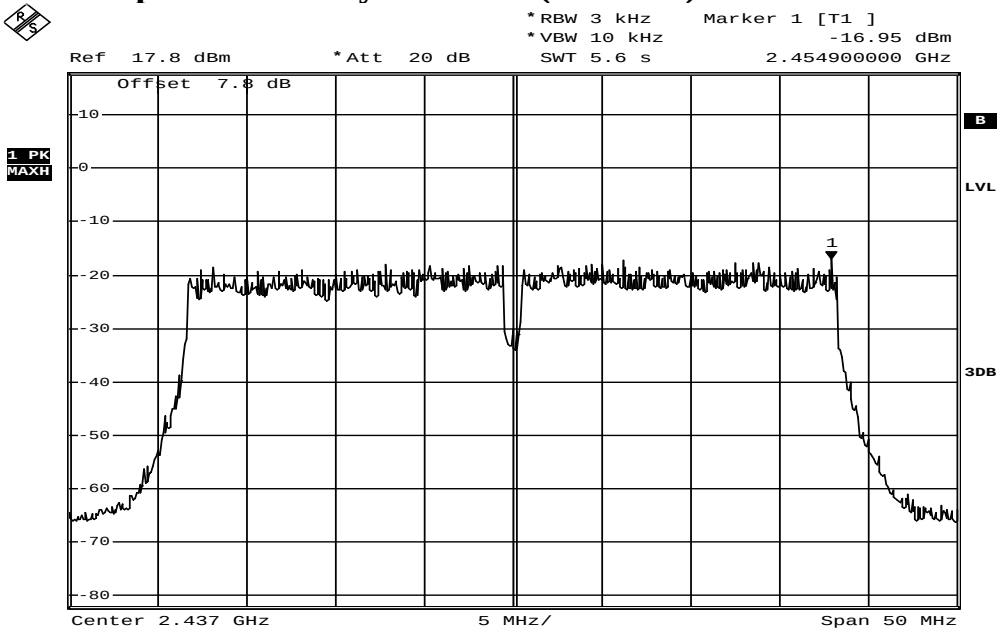

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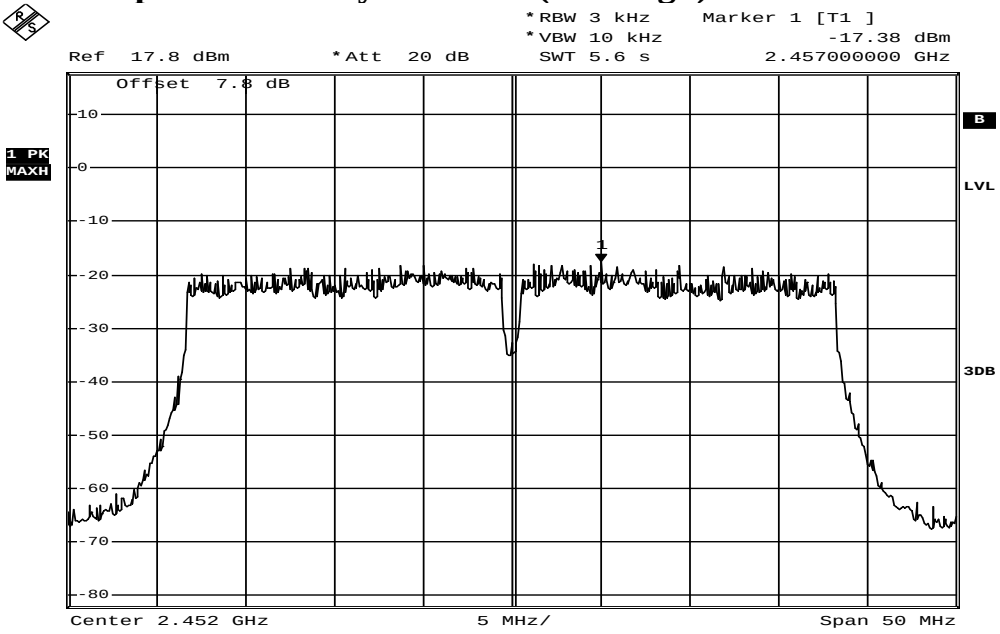

Date: 26.MAR.2015 10:46:27

11 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

11.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.203, Antenna requirement.

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of Sections 15.211, 15.213, 15.217, 15.219, or 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with Section 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this Part are not exceeded.

According to RSS-GEN 7.1.2, a transmitter can only be sold or operated with antennas with which it was certified. A transmitter may be certified with multiple antenna types. An antenna type comprises antennas having similar in-band and out-of-band radiation patterns. Testing shall be performed using the highest-gain antenna of each combination of transmitter and antenna type for which certification is being sought, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. Any antenna of the same type and having equal or lesser gain as an antenna that had been successfully tested for certification with the transmitter, will also be considered certified with the transmitter, and may be used and marketed with the transmitter. The manufacturer shall include with the application for certification a list of acceptable antenna types to be used with the transmitter.

When a measurement at the antenna connector is used to determine RF output power, the effective gain of the device's antenna shall be stated, based on measurement or on data from the antenna manufacturer. Any antenna gain in excess of 6 dBi (6 dB above isotropic gain) shall be added to the measured RF output power before using the power limits specified in RSS-210 or RSS-310 for devices of RF output powers of 10 milliwatts or less. For devices of output powers greater than 10 milliwatts, except devices subject to RSS-210 Annex 8 (Frequency Hopping and Digital Modulation Systems Operating in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz Bands) or RSS-210 Annex 9 (Local Area Network Devices), the total antenna gain shall be added to the measured RF output power before using the specified power limits. For devices subject to RSS-210 Annex 8 or Annex 9, the antenna gain shall not be added.

11.2 Antenna Connected Construction

The directional gins of antenna used for transmitting is below table, and the antenna connector is designed with unique type RF connector and no consideration of replacement. Please see EUT photo and antenna spec. for details.

Antenna Designation:

	Manufacturer	Type	Gain (2.4GHz)	Gain (5GHz)
Ant	Suzhou Anjie Technology Col, Ltd.	Reversed SMA type dipole Antenna	3.63dBi	6.12dBi

According to KDB662911 D01 MU-MIMO signals could be considered uncorrelated for purposes of directional gain computation.

3Tx MIMO,
Directional gain = G_{ANT} = Beamforming gain 10log(3) = 4.77dBi