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May 22, 2012

Alarm.com 8150 Leesburg Pike, Suite 1400 Vienna, VA 22182

Dear David Goldfarb,

Enclosed is the EMC Wireless test report for compliance testing of the Alarm.com, ADC-200C-EVD-IS as tested to the requirements of Title 47 of the CFR, Ch. 1 (10-1-06 ed.), Part 15, Subpart B, ICES-003, Issue 4 February 2004 for a Class B Digital Device and FCC Part 15 Subpart C, RSS-210, Issue 8, Dec. 2010 for Intentional Radiators.

Thank you for using the services of MET Laboratories, Inc. If you have any questions regarding these results or if MET can be of further service to you, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely yours, MET LABORATORIES, INC.

Jennifer Warnell Documentation Department

Reference: (\Alarm.com\EMC34716-FCC247 Rev. 1)

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Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria Test Report

for the

Alarm.com ADC-200C-EVD-IS

Tested under the FCC Certification Rules contained in Title 47 of the CFR, Parts 15 Subpart B & ICES-003 for Class B Digital Devices & 15.247 Subpart C & RSS-210, Issue 8, Dec. 2010 for Intentional Radiators

MET Report: EMC34716-FCC247 Rev. 1

May 22, 2012

Prepared For:

Alarm.com 8150 Leesburg Pike, Suite 1400 Vienna, VA 22182

> Prepared By: MET Laboratories, Inc. 914 W. Patapsco Ave. Baltimore, MD 21230



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria Test Report

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Tested under

the FCC Certification Rules contained in Title 47 of the CFR, Parts 15 Subpart B & ICES-003 for Class B Digital Devices & 15.247 Subpart C & RSS-210, Issue 8, Dec. 2010 for Intentional Radiators

Benjamin C. Taylor

Benjamin Taylor, Project Engineer Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab

Juife Warl

Jennifer Warnell Documentation Department

Engineering Statement: The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of the FCC Rules Parts 15B, 15.247 and Industry Canada standards ICES-003, Issue 4 February 2004, RSS-210, Issue 8, Dec. 2010 under normal use and maintenance.

Shawn McMillen, Wireless Manager, Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab



Report Status Sheet

RevisionReport DateReason for Revision		Reason for Revision	
Ø	April 26, 2012	Initial Issue.	
1	May 22, 2012	Revised to reflect engineer corrections.	



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AC	Alternating Current	
ACF	Antenna Correction Factor	
Cal	Calibration	
d	Measurement Distance	
dB	Decibels	
dBμA	Decibels above one microamp	
dBμV	Decibels above one microvolt	
dBμA/m	Decibels above one microamp per meter	
dBμV/m	Decibels above one microvolt per meter	
DC	Direct Current	
Е	Electric Field	
DSL	Digital Subscriber Line	
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge	
EUT	Equipment Under Test	
f	Frequency	
FCC	Federal Communications Commission	
GRP	Ground Reference Plane	
Н	Magnetic Field	
НСР	Horizontal Coupling Plane	
Hz	Hertz	
IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission	
kHz	kilohertz	
kPa	kilopascal	
kV	kilovolt	
LISN	Line Impedance Stabilization Network	
MHz	Megahertz	
μΗ	microhenry	
μ	microfarad	
μs	microseconds	
NEBS	Network Equipment-Building System	
PRF	Pulse Repetition Frequency	
RF	Radio Frequency	
RMS	Root-Mean-Square	
ТWT	Traveling Wave Tube	
V/m	Volts per meter	
VCP	Vertical Coupling Plane	

List of Terms and Abbreviations



I. Executive Summary



A. Purpose of Test

An EMC evaluation was performed to determine compliance of the Alarm.com ADC-200C-EVD-IS, with the requirements of Part 15, §15.247. All references are to the most current version of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations in effect. In accordance with §2.1033, the following data is presented in support of the Certification of the ADC-200C-EVD-IS. Alarm.com should retain a copy of this document which should be kept on file for at least two years after the manufacturing of the ADC-200C-EVD-IS, has been **permanently** discontinued.

B. Executive Summary

The following tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with Part 15, §15.247, in accordance with Alarm.com, purchase order number T01616. All tests were conducted using measurement procedure ANSI C63.4-2003.

FCC Reference 47 CFR Part 15.247:2005	IC Reference RSS-210 Issue 8: 2010; RSS-GEN Issue 3: 2010	Description	Compliance
47 CFR Part 15.107 (a)	ICES-003 Issue 4 February 2004	Not Applicable	
47 CFR Part 15.109 (a)	ICES-003 Issue 4 February 2004	Radiated Emission Limits for a Class B Digital Device	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.203	N/A	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.207(a)	RSS-GEN (7.2.4)	Conducted Emission Limits Not Applicab	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(a)(2)	RSS-Gen(4.6)	6dB Occupied Bandwidth 99% Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(b)	RSS-210(A8.4)	Peak Power Output Compli	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d); §15.209; §15.205	RSS-210(A8.5)	Radiated Spurious Emissions Requirements Compliant	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d)	RSS-210(A8.5)	RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Requirements Not Applicable	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d)	RSS-210(A8.5)	RF Conducted Band Edge	Not Applicable
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15; §15.247(e)	RSS-210(A8.2)	Peak Power Spectral Density Complian	
N/A	RSS-Gen(4.10)	Receiver Spurious Emissions Compliant	

 Table 1. Executive Summary of EMC Part 15.247 ComplianceTesting



II. Equipment Configuration



A. Overview

MET Laboratories, Inc. was contracted by Alarm.com to perform testing on the ADC-200C-EVD-IS, under Alarm.com's purchase order number T01616.

This document describes the test setups, test methods, required test equipment, and the test limit criteria used to perform compliance testing of the Alarm.com, ADC-200C-EVD-IS.

Model(s) Tested:	ADC-200C-EVD-IS	
Model(s) Covered:	ADC-200C-EVD-IS	
	Primary Power: 6 - 12 VDC	
	FCC ID: YL6-143200C5	/4IS
EUT	Type of Modulations:	DSSS
Specifications:	Equipment Code:	DSS
	Peak RF Output Power:	15.26 dBm
	EUT Frequency Ranges:	912 - 924 MHz
Analysis:	The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.	
	Temperature: 15-35° C	
Environmental Test Conditions: Relative Humidity: 30-60%		%
	Barometric Pressure: 860-1060 mbar	
Evaluated by:	Benjamin Taylor	
Report Date(s):	May 22, 2012	

The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.

 Table 2. EUT Summary Table



B. References

CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C	Federal Communication Commission, Code of Federal Regulations, Title 47, Part 15: General Rules and Regulations, Allocation, Assignment, and Use of Radio Frequencies	
CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart B	Electromagnetic Compatibility: Criteria for Radio Frequency Devices	
RSS-210, Issue 8, Dec. 2010Low-power License-exempt Radiocommunications Devices (All Free Bands): Category I Equipment		
RSS-GEN, Issue 3, Dec. 2010 General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radio Apparatus		
ICES-003, Issue 4 February 2004	Electromagnetic Compatibility: Criteria for Radio Frequency Devices	
ANSI C63.4:2003	Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical And Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz	
ANSI/NCSL Z540-1-1994	Calibration Laboratories and Measuring and Test Equipment - General Requirements	
ANSI/ISO/IEC 17025:2000	General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories	
ANSI C63.10-2009 American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices		

 Table 3. References

C. Test Site

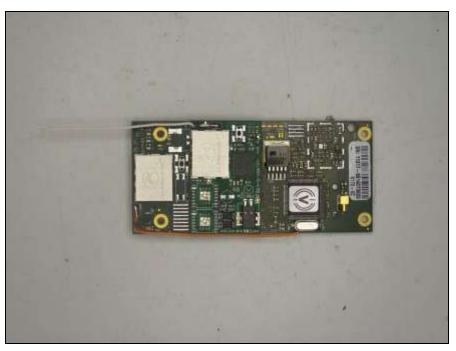
All testing was performed at MET Laboratories, Inc., 914 W. Patapsco Ave., Baltimore, MD 21230. All equipment used in making physical determinations is accurate and bears recent traceability to the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Radiated Emissions measurements were performed in a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber (equivalent to an Open Area Test Site). In accordance with §2.948(a)(3), a complete site description is contained at MET Laboratories.



D. Description of Test Sample

The Alarm.com ADC-200C-EVD-IS, Equipment Under Test (EUT), allows its hosting device to send data and receive commands from a NOC (Network Operations Center).



Photograph 1. Alarm.com ADC-200C-EVD-IS

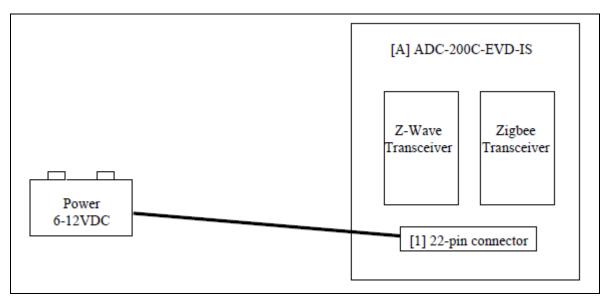


Figure 1. Block Diagram of Test Configuration



E. Equipment Configuration

The EUT was set up as outlined in Figure 1, Block Diagram of Test Setup. All cards, racks, etc., incorporated as part of the EUT is included in the following list.

Ref. ID	Name / Description	Model Number	Serial Number
А	Alarm.com Wireless Module	ADC-200C-EVD-IS	N/A

Table 4. Equipment Configuration

F. Support Equipment

The EUT did not require any support equipment for operation or monitoring.

G. Ports and Cabling Information

Ref. ID	Port Name on EUT	Cable Description	Qty.	Length (m)	Shielded (Y/N)	Termination Point
1	Power Connection (22-pin connector)	Power Supply	1	~2.5m	No	N/A

Table 5. Ports and Cabling Information

H. Mode of Operation

The zigbee Radio is powered on for testing. As long as the ADC-200C-EVD-IS is powered, there is a continual exchange of information between the Alarm.com module and its hosting device via the serial link and between the zigbee radio and local zigbee devices.

I. Method of Monitoring EUT Operation

1. At least one of the 4 LED's (L1, L2, L3, L4) on the top side of the module will be on

2. If these LED's are off then the unit is not performing its intended function.

J. Modifications

a) Modifications to EUT

No modifications were made to the EUT.

b) Modifications to Test Standard

No modifications were made to the test standard.

K. Disposition of EUT

The test sample including all support equipment submitted to the Electro-Magnetic Compatibility Lab for testing was returned to Alarm.com upon completion of testing.





Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria

§ 15.107 Conducted Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s): 15.107 (a) Except for Class A digital devices, for equipment that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 6. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals.

15.107 (b) For a Class A digital device that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 6. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals. The lower limit applies at the band edges.

15.207(a), Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section*, charging, AC adapters or battery eliminators the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the Table 6, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequencies ranges.

Frequency range	Class A Cond (dB)		*Class B Conducted Limits (dBµV)		
(MHz)	Quasi-Peak	Average	Quasi-Peak	Average	
* 0.15- 0.45	79	66	66 - 56	56 - 46	
0.45 - 0.5	79	66	56	46	
0.5 - 30	73	60	60	50	

Note 1 — The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.

Note 2 — The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm if the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.5 MHz. * -- Limits per Subsection 15.207(a).

Table 6. Conducted Limits for Radio Frequency Devices calculated from FCC Part 15Subsections 15.107(a) (b) and 15.207(a)

Test Results:

The EUT was not applicable with the Class B requirement(s) of this section. Conducted Emissions is not applicable as this EUT is DC powered.



Radiated Emission Limits

§ 15.109 Radiated Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s): 15.109 (a) Except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the Class B limits expressed in Table 7.

15.109 (b) The field strength of radiated emissions from a Class A digital device, as determined at a distance of 10 meters, shall not exceed the Class A limits expressed in Table 7.

	Field Strength (dBµV/m)				
Frequency (MHz)	§15.109 (b), Class A Limit (dBμV) @ 10m	§15.109 (a),Class B Limit (dBμV) @ 3m			
30 - 88	39.00	40.00			
88 - 216	43.50	43.50			
216 - 960	46.40	46.00			
Above 960	49.50	54.00			

Table 7. Radiated Emissions Limits calculated from FCC Part 15, §15.109 (a) (b)

Test Procedures: The EUT was placed on a non-metallic table, 80 cm above the ground plane inside a semianechoic chamber. The method of testing and test conditions of ANSI C63.4 were used. An antenna was located 3 m from the EUT on an adjustable mast. A pre-scan was first performed in order to find prominent radiated emissions. For final emissions measurements at each frequency of interest, the EUT was rotated and the antenna height was varied between 1 m and 4 m in order to maximize the emission. Measurements in both horizontal and vertical polarities were made and the data was recorded. Unless otherwise specified, measurements were made using a quasi-peak detector with a 120 kHz bandwidth.

- **Test Results:** The EUT was compliant with the Class B requirement(s) of this section. Measured emissions were below applicable limits.
- Test Engineer(s): Ben Taylor

Test Date(s): 03/28/12

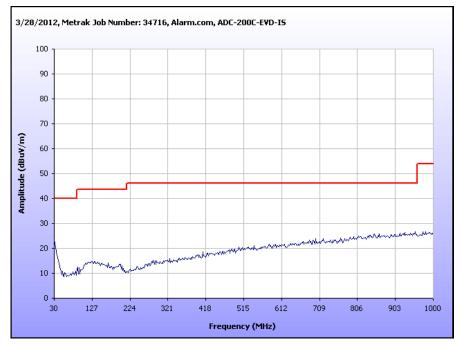


Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, Class B

Frequency (MHz)	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Antenna HEIGHT (m)	Uncorrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Antenna Correction Factor (dB) (+)	Cable Loss (dB) (+)	Distance Correction Factor (dB) (-)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
34.92986	10	Н	1.00	4.78	18.07	0.39	0.00	23.24	40.00	-16.76
34.92986	23	V	1.02	4.86	18.07	0.39	0.00	23.32	40.00	-16.68
105.83166	14	Н	1.01	5.42	11.85	0.79	0.00	18.06	43.50	-25.44
105.83166	10	V	1.04	5.82	11.85	0.79	0.00	18.46	43.50	-25.04
198.83768	0	Н	1.04	5.80	12.68	0.91	0.00	19.39	43.50	-24.11
198.83768	10	V	1.02	5.10	12.68	0.91	0.00	18.69	43.50	-24.81
465.33066	3	Н	1.00	4.43	17.61	1.78	0.00	23.82	46.00	-22.18
465.33066	6	V	1.03	4.52	17.61	1.78	0.00	23.91	46.00	-22.09
626.25251	3	Н	1.02	4.94	19.85	2.09	0.00	26.88	46.00	-19.12
626.25251	11	V	1.08	4.86	19.85	2.09	0.00	26.80	46.00	-19.20
879.75952	19	Н	1.02	5.42	22.70	2.54	0.00	30.66	46.00	-15.34
879.75952	22	V	1.05	5.34	22.70	2.54	0.00	30.58	46.00	-15.42

Table 8. Radiated Emissions Limits, Test Results, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, FCC Limits

Note: The EUT was tested at 3 m.



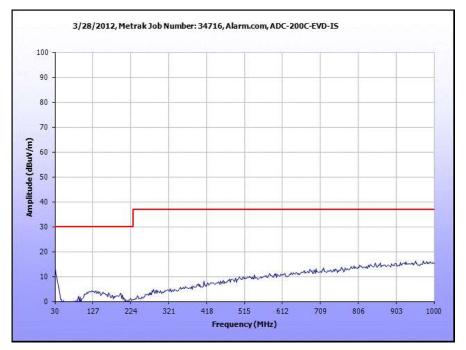
Plot 1. Radiated Emissions, 30 MHz - 1 GHz, FCC Limits



Frequency (MHz)	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Antenna HEIGHT (m)	Uncorrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Antenna Correction Factor (dB) (+)	Cable Loss (dB) (+)	Distance Correction Factor (dB) (-)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
34.92986	10	Н	1.00	4.78	18.07	0.39	10.46	12.78	30.00	-17.22
34.92986	23	V	1.02	4.86	18.07	0.39	10.46	12.86	30.00	-17.14
105.83166	14	Н	1.01	5.42	11.85	0.79	10.46	7.60	30.00	-22.40
105.83166	10	V	1.04	5.82	11.85	0.79	10.46	8.00	30.00	-22.00
198.83768	0	Н	1.04	5.80	12.68	0.91	10.46	8.93	30.00	-21.07
198.83768	10	V	1.02	5.10	12.68	0.91	10.46	8.23	30.00	-21.77
465.33066	3	Н	1.00	4.43	17.61	1.78	10.46	13.36	37.00	-23.64
465.33066	6	V	1.03	4.52	17.61	1.78	10.46	13.45	37.00	-23.55
626.25251	3	Н	1.02	4.94	19.85	2.09	10.46	16.42	37.00	-20.58
626.25251	11	V	1.08	4.86	19.85	2.09	10.46	16.34	37.00	-20.66
879.75952	19	Н	1.02	5.42	22.70	2.54	10.46	20.20	37.00	-16.80
879.75952	22	V	1.05	5.34	22.70	2.54	10.46	20.12	37.00	-16.88

Table 9. Radiated Emissions Limits, Test Results, ICES-003 Limits

Note: The EUT was tested at 3 m.



Plot 2. Radiated Emissions, ICES-003 Limits



Radiated Emission Limits Test Setup



Photograph 2. Radiated Emission, Test Setup





§ 15.203 Antenna Requirement

Test Requirement: § 15.203: An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with Section 15.203 of the Rules. Section 15.203 states that the subject device must meet at least one of the following criteria:

- a.) Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b.) Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.

c.) Unit must be professionally installed. Installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

Results: The EUT as tested is compliant the criteria of §15.203. EUT has an integral antenna.

Test Engineer(s):Jeff Pratt

Test Date(s): 03/23/12

Gain	Туре	Model	Manufacturer
0dBi	Integral	NA	NA

 Table 10.
 Antenna List



§ 15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s): § 15.207 (a): For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 Ω line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency range	§ 15.207(a), Conducted Limit (dBμV)			
(MHz)	Quasi-Peak	Average		
* 0.15- 0.45	66 - 56	56 - 46		
0.45 - 0.5	56	46		
0.5 - 30	60	50		



Test Results:

The EUT was not applicable with this requirement. EUT is DC powered.



§ 15.247(a)(2)	6 dB and 99% Bandwidth
Test Requirements:	§ 15.247(a)(2): Operation under the provisions of this section is limited to frequency hopping and digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions:
	For systems using digital modulation techniques, the EUT may operate in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.
Test Procedure:	The transmitter was on and transmitting at the highest output power. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using a RBW approximately 1% of the total emission bandwidth, VBW > RBW. The 6 dB Bandwidth was measured and recorded. The measurements were performed on the low, mid and high channels.
Test Results	The EUT was compliant with § 15.247 (a)(2).
	The 6 dB and 99% Bandwidth was determined from the plots on the following pages.
Test Engineer(s):	Jeff Pratt
Test Date(s):	03/23/12

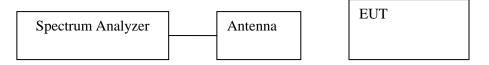


Figure 2. Block Diagram, Occupied Bandwidth Test Setup



Occupied Bandwidth Test Results

	Occupied Bandwidth					
Carrier Channel	Frequency	Measured 6 dB Bandwidth				
Carrier Channel	(MHz)	(MHz)				
Low	912	660.666				
Mid	918	658.977				
High	924	658.478				

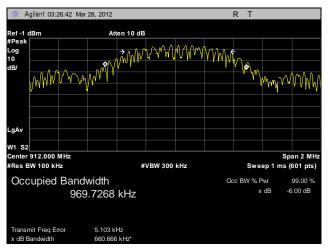
 Table 12. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Test Results

Occupied Bandwidth					
Carrier Channel	Frequency	Measured 99% Bandwidth			
Carrier Channel	(MHz)	(MHz)			
Low	912	894.8580			
Mid	918	880.8634			
High	924	875.0453			

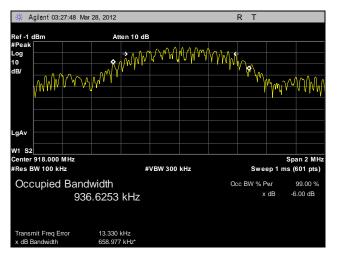
Table 13. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, Test Results



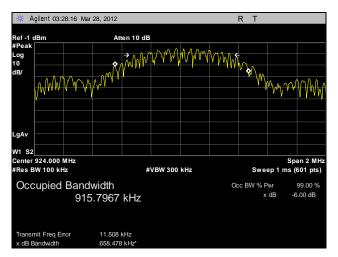
Occupied Bandwidth Test Results





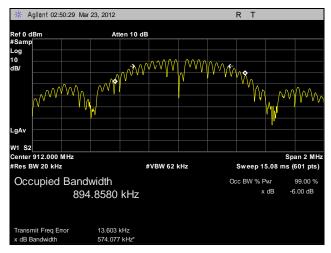




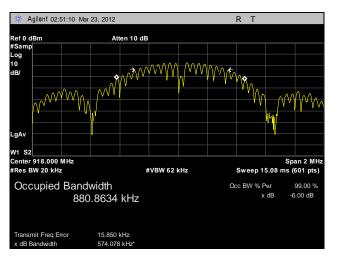


Plot 5. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel

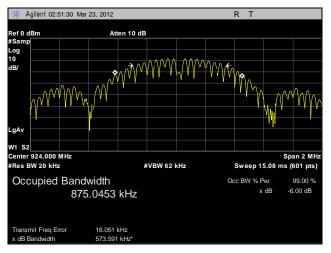












Plot 8. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel



§ 15.247(b) Peak Power Output

Test Requirements:

§15.247(b): The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

Digital Transmission Systems (MHz)	Output Limit (Watts)
902-928	1.000
2400-2483.5	1.000
5725-5850	1.000

Table 14. Output Power Requirements from §15.247(b)

§15.247(c): if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the peak output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in the Table 14, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Systems operating in the 2400 - 2483.5 MHz band and using a point to point application may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Systems operating in the 5725 – 5850 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-topoint operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter peak output power.

Fixed, point-to-point operation excludes the use of point-to-multipoint systems, Omnidirectional applications, and multiple co-located intentional radiators transmitting the same information. The operator of the spread spectrum intentional radiator or, if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer is responsible for ensuring that the system is used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations. The instruction manual furnished with the intentional radiator shall contain language in the installation instructions informing the operator and the installer of this responsibility.

Test Procedure: The EUT was measured at the low, mid and high channels of each band at the maximum power level. All tests were performed radiated as the EUT has an integral antenna.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Peak Power Output limits of §15.247(b).

Test Engineer(s): Jeff Pratt

Test Date(s): 03/23/12

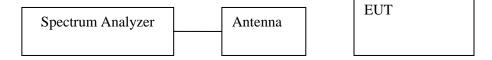


Figure 3. Peak Power Output Test Setup



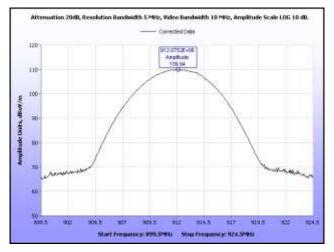
Peak Power Output Test Results

	Peak Power Measurements						
Carrier Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Conducted Power Value (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	
Low	912MHz	109.94	0	14.71	30	-15.29	
Mid	918MHz	110.37	0	15.14	30	-14.86	
High	924MHz	110.49	0	15.26	30	-14.74	

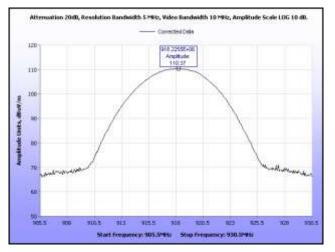
Table 15. Peak Power Output, Test Results

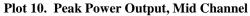


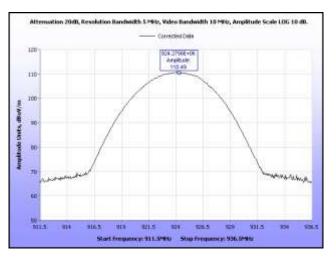
Peak Power Output Test Results



Plot 9. Peak Power Output, Low Channel







Plot 11. Peak Power Output, High Channel



§ 15.247(d) Radiated Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge

Test Requirements: §15.247(d); §15.205: Emissions outside the frequency band.

§15.247(d): In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a).

§15.205(a): Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	16.42–16.423	399.9–410	4.5–5.15
¹ 0.495–0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608–614	5.35-5.46
2.1735–2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960–1240	7.25–7.75
4.125–4.128	25.5–25.67	1300–1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725-4.17775	37.5–38.25	1435–1626.5	9.0–9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73–74.6	1645.5–1646.5	9.3–9.5
6.215-6.218	74.8–75.2	1660–1710	10.6–12.7
6.26775–6.26825	108–121.94	1718.8–1722.2	13.25–13.4
6.31175–6.31225	123–138	2200–2300	14.47–14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9–150.05	2310-2390	15.35–16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5–2500	17.7–21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7–156.9	2655–2900	22.01-23.12
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125–167.17	3260-3267	23.6–24.0
12.29–12.293	167.72–173.2	3332–3339	31.2–31.8
12.51975–12.52025	240–285	3345.8–3358 36.	43–36.5
12.57675–12.57725	322–335.4	3600-4400	(²)

Table 16. Restricted Bands of Operation

¹ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490 - 0.510 MHz.

² Above 38.6



Test Requirement(s): § 15.209 (a): Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in Table 17.

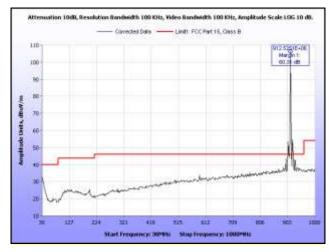
Frequency (MHz)	§ 15.209(a), Radiated Emission Limits	
	(dBµV) @ 3m	
30 - 88	40.00	
88 - 216	43.50	
216 - 960	46.00	
Above 960	54.00	

Table 17. Radiated Emissions Limits Calculated from FCC Pa	rt 15, § 15.209 (a)
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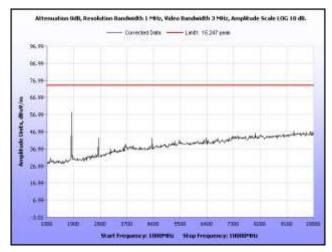
- **Test Procedures:** The transmitter was turned on. Measurements were performed of the low, mid and high Channels. The EUT was rotated orthogonally through all three axes. Plots shown are corrected for both antenna correction factor and distance and compared to a 3 m limit line. Only noise floor was measured above 18 GHz.
- **Test Results:** The EUT was compliant with the Radiated Spurious Emission limits of § 15.247(d).
- Test Engineer(s): Ben Taylor
- **Test Date(s):** 03/28/12



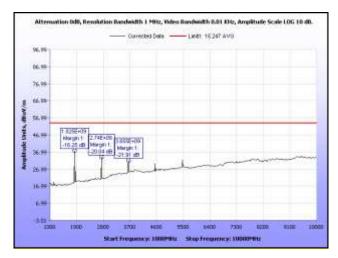
Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Results



Plot 12. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 30 MHz - 1 GHz, Peak

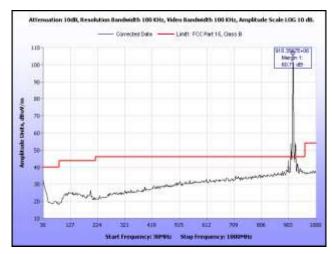


Plot 13. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 1 GHz – 10 GHz, Peak

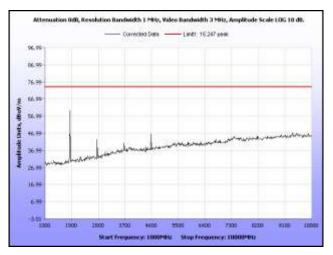


Plot 14. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 1 GHz – 10 GHz, Average

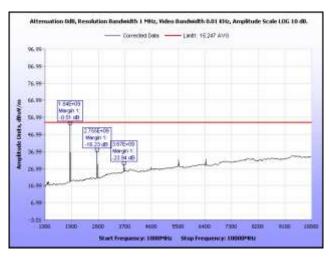




Plot 15. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, Peak

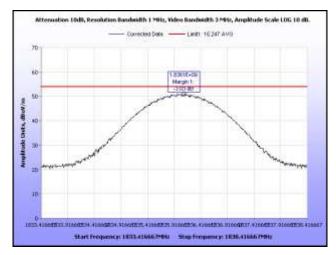


Plot 16. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 1 GHz – 10 GHz, Peak

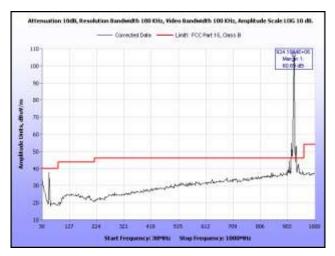


Plot 17. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 1 GHz – 10 GHz, Average

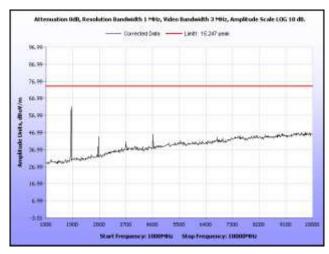




Plot 18. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 1.835 GHz, Average

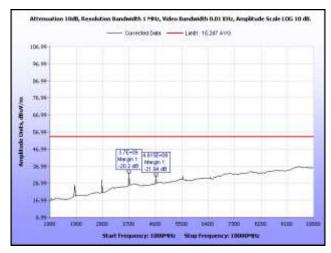


Plot 19. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 30 MHz - 1 GHz, Peak



Plot 20. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 1 GHz – 10 GHz, Peak





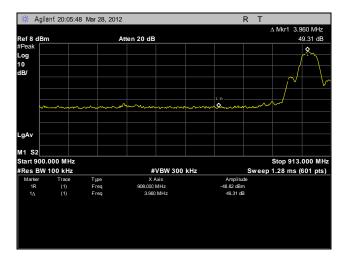
Plot 21. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 1 GHz – 10 GHz, Average



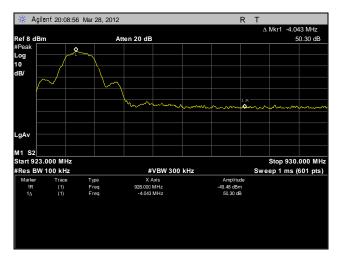
Radiated Band Edge Measurements

Test Procedures:

The transmitter was turned on. Measurements were performed of the low and high Channels. The EUT was rotated orthogonally through all three axes. Plots shown are corrected for both antenna correction factor and distance and compared to a 3 m limit line.



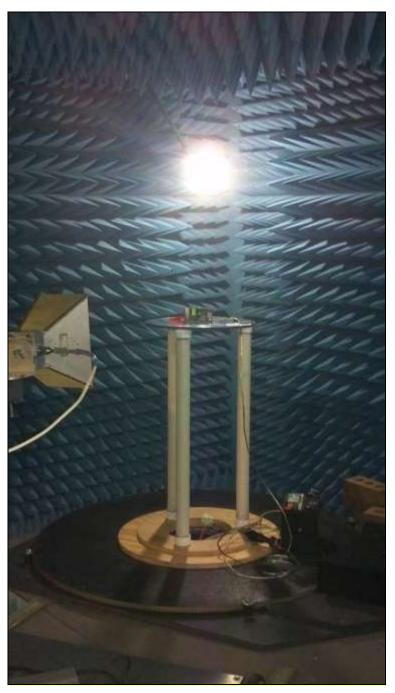




Plot 23. Radiated Band Edge, High Channel



Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Setup



Photograph 3. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Test Setup



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

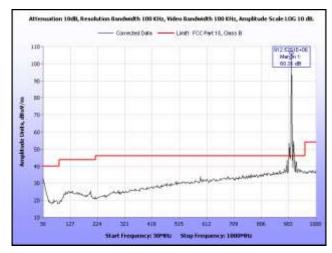
§ 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge

- **Test Requirement:** 15.247(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.
- Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Conducted Spurious Emission limits of §15.247(d).

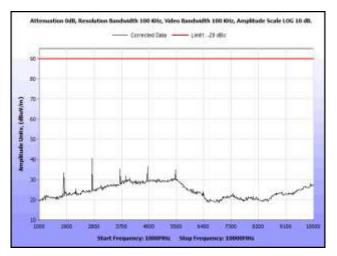
Test Engineer: Ben Taylor

Test Date: 05/16/12

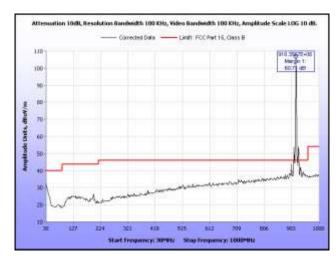




Plot 24. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 30 MHz - 1 GHz

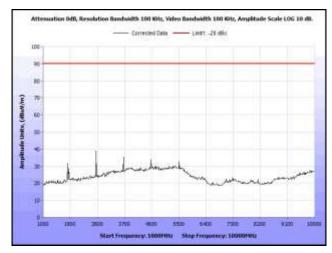


Plot 25. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 1 GHz – 10 GHz

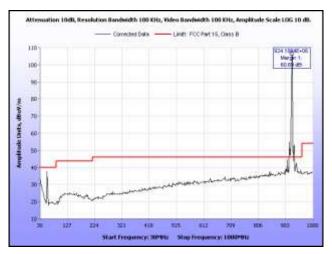


Plot 26. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz

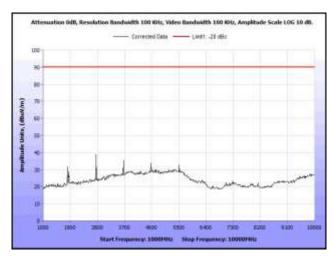




Plot 27. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 1 GHz – 10 GHz



Plot 28. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 30 MHz - 1 GHz



Plot 29. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 1 GHz – 10 GHz



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density

- **Test Requirements:** §15.247(e): For digitally modulated systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.
- **Test Procedure:** The transmitter was connected directly to a Spectrum Analyzer through an attenuator. The power level was set to the maximum level throughout each of the 100 sweeps of power averaging. The RBW was set to 3 kHz and a VBW set to 9 kHz or greater. The spectrum analyzer was set to an auto sweep time and a peak detector was used. Measurements were carried out at the low, mid and high channels.
- **Test Results:** The EUT was compliant with the peak power spectral density limits of § 15.247 (e).

The peak power spectral density was determined from plots on the following page(s).

- Test Engineer: Jeff Pratt
- **Test Date:** 03/23/12



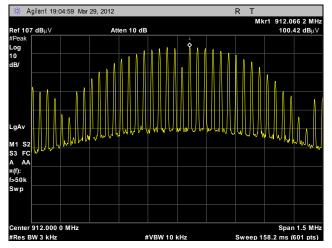
Peak Power Spectral Density Test Results

	Peak Power Spectral Density						
Carrier Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured PPSD (dBµV/m)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Conducted PPSD Value (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	
Low	912MHz	97.87	0	2.64	8	-5.36	
Mid	918MHz	86.30	0	-8.93	8	-16.93	
High	924MHz	88.64	0	-6.59	8	-14.59	

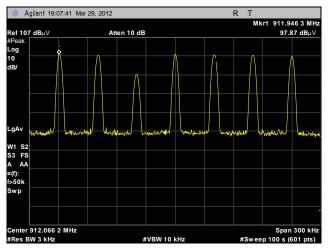
Table 18. Peak Power Spectral Density, Test Results



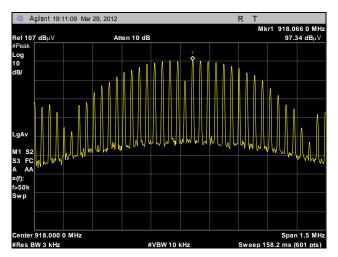
Peak Power Spectral Density



Plot 30. Peak Power Spectral Density, Low Channel, Peak Determination

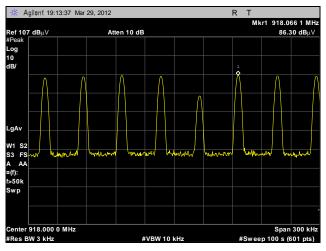


Plot 31. Peak Power Spectral Density, Low Channel

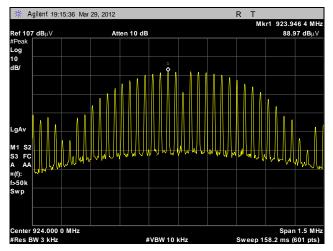


Plot 32. Peak Power Spectral Density, Mid Channel, Peak Determination

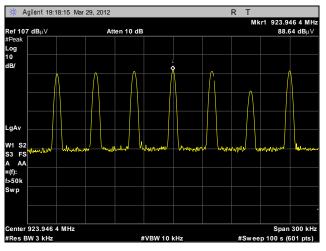




Plot 33. Peak Power Spectral Density, Mid Channel



Plot 34. Peak Power Spectral Density, High Channel, Peak Determination



Plot 35. Peak Power Spectral Density, High Channel



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

RSS-GEN	Receiver Spurious Emissions Requirements
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Test Requirements:	The following receiver spurious	s emission limits shall be complied with:
i est negun ements.	The following receiver spurious	s childsion mints shan be complied with.

(a) If a radiated measurement is made, all spurious emissions shall comply with the limits of Table 19.

Spurious Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolt/m at 3 metres)
30-88	100
88-216	150
216 - 960	200
Above 960	500

(b) If a conducted measurement is made, no spurious output signals appearing at the antenna terminals shall exceed 2 nanowatts per any 4 kHz spurious frequency in the band 30-1000 MHz, or 5 nanowatts above 1 GHz.

Test Procedures: The EUT was programmed for receive mode only. Radiated measurements only were taken at the antenna port of the EUT. 100 kHz resolution bandwidth was used from 30 MHz - 1 GHz and 300 kHz resolution was used for measurements done above 1 GHz. All plots are corrected for cable loss. DTS procedures were used.

- **Test Results:** Equipment is compliant with the Receiver Spurious Emissions Requirements of RSS-GEN.
- Test Engineer(s): Ben Taylor

Test Date(s): 04/04/12

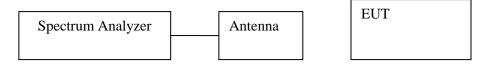
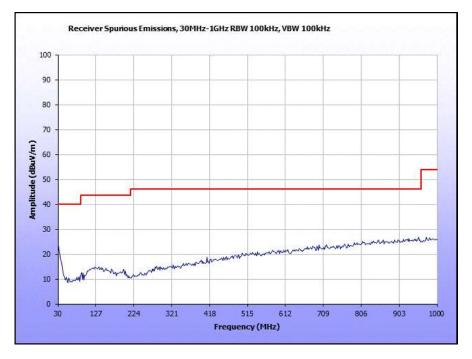


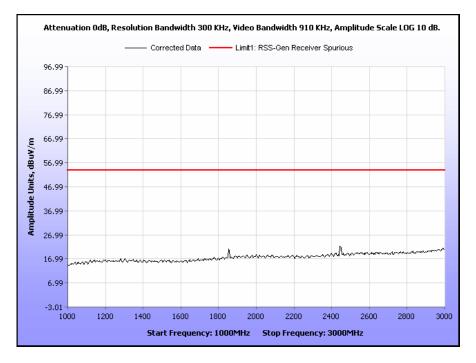
Figure 4. Block Diagram, Receiver Spurious Emissions Test Setup



Receiver Spurious Emissions



Plot 36. Receiver Spurious Emission, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



Plot 37. Receiver Spurious Emission, 1 GHz – 3 GHz



IV. Test Equipment



Test Equipment

Calibrated test equipment utilized during testing was maintained in a current state of calibration per the requirements of ANSI/NCSL Z540-1-1994 and ANSI/ISO/IEC 17025:2000.

MET Asset #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date
1T4300A	SEMI-ANECHOIC CHAMBER # 1 (FCC)	EMC TEST SYSTEMS	NONE	01/31/2010	01/31/2013
1T4409	EMI RECEIVER	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESIB7	06/14/2011	06/14/2012
1T4568	RADIATING NOISE SOURCE	MET LABORATORIES	N/A	SEE NOTE	
1T4771	SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT TECHNOLOGIES	E4446A	06/25/2011	06/25/2012
1T4751	ANTENNA - BILOG	SUNOL SCIENCES	JB6	12/07/2011	12/07/2012
1T2665	ANTENNA; HORN	EMCO	3115	08/04/2011	08/04/2012
1T4758	THERMO-HYGROMETER	CONTROL COMPANY	4040	05/21/2010	05/21/2012
1T4149	HIGH-FREQUENCY ANECHOIC CHAMBER	RAY-PROOF	81	NOT REQUIRED	
1T4442	PRE-AMPLIFIER, MICROWAVE	MITEQ	AFS42-01001800- 30-10P	SEE NOTE	

Table 20. Test Equipment List

Note: Functionally tested equipment is verified using calibrated instrumentation at the time of testing.





A. Certification Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart I — Marketing of Radio frequency devices:

§ 2.801 Radio-frequency device defined.

As used in this part, a radio-frequency device is any device which in its operation is capable of Emitting radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means. Radio- frequency devices include, but are not limited to:

- (a) The various types of radio communication transmitting devices described throughout this chapter.
- (b) The incidental, unintentional and intentional radiators defined in Part 15 of this chapter.
- (c) The industrial, scientific, and medical equipment described in Part 18 of this chapter.
- (d) Any part or component thereof which in use emits radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means.

§ 2.803 Marketing of radio frequency devices prior to equipment authorization.

- (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this chapter, no person shall sell or lease, or offer for sale or lease (including advertising for sale or lease), or import, ship or distribute for the purpose of selling or leasing or offering for sale or lease, any radio frequency device unless:
 - (1) In the case of a device subject to certification, such device has been authorized by the Commission in accordance with the rules in this chapter and is properly identified and labeled as required by §2.925 and other relevant sections in this chapter; or
 - (2) In the case of a device that is not required to have a grant of equipment authorization issued by the Commission, but which must comply with the specified technical standards prior to use, such device also complies with all applicable administrative (including verification of the equipment or authorization under a Declaration of Conformity, where required), technical, labeling and identification requirements specified in this chapter.
- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, the offer for sale solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical users (but not an offer for sale to other parties or to end users located in a residential environment) of a radio frequency device that is in the conceptual, developmental, design or preproduction stage is permitted prior to equipment authorization or, for devices not subject to the equipment authorization requirements, prior to a determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements *provided* that the prospective buyer is advised in writing at the time of the offer for sale that the equipment is subject to the FCC rules and that the equipment will comply with the appropriate rules before delivery to the buyer or to centers of distribution.



- (e)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, prior to equipment authorization or determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements any radio frequency device may be operated, but not marketed, for the following purposes and under the following conditions:
 - (i) Compliance testing;
 - (ii) Demonstrations at a trade show provided the notice contained in paragraph (c) of this section is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
 - (iii) Demonstrations at an exhibition conducted at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical location, but excluding locations in a residential environment, provided the notice contained in paragraphs (c) or (d) of this section, as appropriate, is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
 - (iv) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability, provided such operation takes place at the manufacturer's facilities during developmental, design or pre-production states; or
 - (v) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability where customer acceptability of a radio frequency device cannot be determined at the manufacturer's facilities because of size or unique capability of the device, provided the device is operated at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical user's site, but not at a residential site, during the development, design or pre-production stages.
- (e)(2) For the purpose of paragraphs (e)(1)(iv) and (e)(1)(v) of this section, the term *manufacturer's facilities* includes the facilities of the party responsible for compliance with the regulations and the manufacturer's premises, as well as the facilities of other entities working under the authorization of the responsible party in connection with the development and manufacture, but not the marketing, of the equipment.
- (f) For radio frequency devices subject to verification and sold solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific and medical users (excluding products sold to other parties or for operation in a residential environment), parties responsible for verification of the devices shall have the option of ensuring compliance with the applicable technical specifications of this chapter at each end user's location after installation, provided that the purchase or lease agreement includes a proviso that such a determination of compliance be made and is the responsibility of the party responsible for verification of the equipment.



The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart J — Equipment Authorization Procedures:

§ 2.901 Basis and Purpose

- (a) In order to carry out its responsibilities under the Communications Act and the various treaties and international regulations, and in order to promote efficient use of the radio spectrum, the Commission has developed technical standards for radio frequency equipment and parts or components thereof. The technical standards applicable to individual types of equipment are found in that part of the rules governing the service wherein the equipment is to be operated.¹ In addition to the technical standards provided, the rules governing the service may require that such equipment be verified by the manufacturer or importer, be authorized under a Declaration of Conformity, or receive an equipment authorization from the Commission by one of the following procedures: certification or registration.
- (b) The following sections describe the verification procedure, the procedure for a Declaration of Conformity, and the procedures to be followed in obtaining certification from the Commission and the conditions attendant to such a grant.

§ 2.907 Certification.

- (a) Certification is an equipment authorization issued by the Commission, based on representation and test data submitted by the applicant.
- (b) Certification attaches to all units subsequently marketed by the grantee which are identical (see Section 2.908) to the sample tested except for permissive changes or other variations authorized by the Commission pursuant to Section 2.1043.

¹ In this case, the equipment is subject to the rules of Part 15. More specifically, the equipment falls under Subpart B (of Part 15), which deals with unintentional radiators.



§ 2.948 Description of measurement facilities.

(a) Each party making measurements of equipment that is subject to an equipment authorization under Part 15 or Part 18 of this chapter, regardless of whether the measurements are filed with the Commission or kept on file by the party responsible for compliance of equipment marketed within the U.S. or its possessions, shall compile a description of the measurement facilities employed.

(1) If the measured equipment is subject to the verification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be retained by the party responsible for verification of the equipment.

- (i) If the equipment is verified through measurements performed by an independent laboratory, it is acceptable for the party responsible for verification of the equipment to rely upon the description of the measurement facilities retained by or placed on file with the Commission by that laboratory. In this situation, the party responsible for the verification of the equipment is not required to retain a duplicate copy of the description of the measurement facilities.
- (ii) If the equipment is verified based on measurements performed at the installation site of the equipment, no specific site calibration data is required. It is acceptable to retain the description of the measurement facilities at the site at which the measurements were performed.
- (2) If the equipment is to be authorized by the Commission under the certification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be filed with the Commission's Laboratory in Columbia, Maryland. The data describing the measurement facilities need only be filed once but must be updated as changes are made to the measurement facilities or as otherwise described in this section. At least every three years, the organization responsible for filing the data with the Commission shall certify that the data on file is current.



1. Label and User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart A — General:

§ 15.19 Labeling requirements.

- (a) In addition to the requirements in Part 2 of this chapter, a device subject to certification or verification shall be labeled as follows:
 - (1) Receivers associated with the operation of a licensed radio service, e.g., FM broadcast under Part 73 of this chapter, land mobile operation under Part 90, etc., shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the condition that this device does not cause harmful interference.

(2) A stand-alone cable input selector switch, shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device is verified to comply with Part 15 of the FCC Rules for use with cable television service.

(3) All other devices shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

- (4) Where a device is constructed in two or more sections connected by wires and marketed together, the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section is required to be affixed only to the main control unit.
- (5) When the device is so small or for such use that it is not practicable to place the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section on it, the information required by this paragraph shall be placed in a prominent location in the instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user or, alternatively, shall be placed on the container in which the device is marketed. However, the FCC identifier or the unique identifier, as appropriate, must be displayed on the device.

§ 15.21 Information to user.

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.



The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart B — Unintentional Radiators:

§ 15.105 Information to the user.

(a) For a Class A digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at own expense.

(b) For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.



ICES-003 Procedural & Labeling Requirements

From the Industry Canada Electromagnetic Compatibility Advisory Bulletin entitled, "Implementation and Interpretation of the Interference-Causing Equipment Standard for Digital Apparatus, ICES-003" (EMCAB-3, Issue 2, July 1995):

"At present, CISPR 22: 2002 and ICES technical requirements are essentially equivalent. Therefore, if you have CISPR 22: 2002 approval by meeting CISPR Publication 22, the only additional requirements are: to attach a note to the report of the test results for compliance, indicating that these results are deemed satisfactory evidence of compliance with ICES-003 of the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Regulations; to maintain these records on file for the requisite five year period; and to provide the device with a notice of compliance in accordance with ICES-003."

Procedural Requirements:

According to Industry Canada's Interference Causing Equipment Standard for Digital Apparatus ICES-003 Issue 4, February 2004:

- Section 6.1: A record of the measurements and results, showing the date that the measurements were completed, shall be retained by the manufacturer or importer for a period of at least five years from the date shown in the record and made available for examination on the request of the Minister.
- Section 6.2: A written notice indicating compliance must accompany each unit of digital apparatus to the end user. The notice shall be in the form of a label that is affixed to the apparatus. Where because of insufficient space or other constraints it is not feasible to affix a label to the apparatus, the notice may be in the form of a statement in the user's manual.

Labeling Requirements:

The suggested text for the notice, in English and in French, is provided below, from the Annex of ICES-003:

This Class [²] digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe [¹] est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

² Insert either A or B but not both as appropriate for the equipment requirements.



End of Report