

Test Report for Submittal Application  
For Grant of Certification  
FCC CFR47 Paragraph 87

Models: STX 165 / STX 165R

1090 MHz Mode A/C Aviation Transponder

FCC ID: YJL-DAFJDX

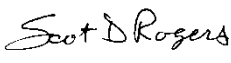
Sandia Aerospace Corporation

3700 Osuna Rd NE

Suite 711

Albuquerque, NM 87109

Test Report Number 110206

Authorized Signatory:   
Scot D. Rogers



NVLAP Lab Code 200087-0



## ROGERS LABS, INC.

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Louisburg, KS 66053  
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# Test Report For Application of Certification For

## Sandia Aerospace Corporation

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Mr. Dennis Schmidt  
President

### Models: STX 165 / STX 165R

Mode A/C Aviation Transponder

Frequency Range: 1090 MHz

FCC ID: YJL-DAFJDX

Test Date: February 6, 2011

Certifying Engineer: *Scot D. Rogers*

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## Forward

In accordance with the Federal Communications, Code of Federal Regulations, Title 47 dated October 1, 2010, Part 2 Subpart J, Paragraphs 2.907, 2.911, 2.913, 2.915, 2.925, 2.926, 2.1031 through 2.1057, and Part 87, Subchapter D, Paragraphs 87.131 through 87.147 the following information is submitted for consideration on obtaining Grant of Certification.

## Opinion / Interpretation of Results

Tests Performed	Results
Emissions Tests	
Requirements per CFR47 paragraphs 2.1031-2.1057	Complies
Requirements per CFR47 paragraphs 87.131	Complies
Requirements per CFR47 paragraphs 87.133 (d)	Complies
Requirements per CFR47 paragraphs 87.135	Complies
Requirements per CFR47 paragraphs 87.139	Complies
Requirements per CFR47 paragraphs 87.141	Complies

## Applicable Standards & Test Procedures

In accordance with the Federal Communications Code of Federal Regulations Title 47, dated October 1, 2010, Part 2, Subpart J, Paragraphs 2.907, 2.911, 2.913, 2.925, 2.926, 2.1031 through 2.1057, and applicable paragraphs of Part 87 the following is submitted for consideration in obtaining a Grant of Certification. Test procedures used are the established Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions as described in ANSI C63.4-2009.

## Environmental Conditions

Ambient Temperature	22.6° C
Relative Humidity	18%
Atmospheric Pressure	1013.1 mbar

## 2.1033(c) Application for Certification

- (1) Manufacturer: Sandia Aerospace Corporation  
3700 Osuna Rd NE  
Suite 711  
Albuquerque, NM 87109
- (2) Identification: FCC I.D.: YJL-DAFJDX
- (3) Instruction Book: Refer to exhibit for Draft Instruction Manual
- (4) Emission Type: Emissions designator 20M0V1D
- (5) Frequency Range: 1090 MHz
- (6) Operating Power Level: 278-Watts peak (54.44 dBm measured), 2.2 Watts (Average Power)  
Note: delivered Average power calculation assumes 1200 replies per second multiplied by 15 bits of data multiplied by pulse width of .45uS = a duty cycle of .008 = 1200 X15 X .45uS.  
Average power can then be computed by:  $54.440 - 10\log(.008) = 2.223W$
- (7) Maximum  $P_o$ : 270 Watts (nominal peak power) and 2 watts average delivered from this EUT.  
Maximum power output as determined by appropriate standards during certification per CFR 47 paragraph 87.131. The specifications of The RTCA/DO-144A stipulate a 125W min to 500W max for Class A type equipment.
- (8) Power into final amplifying circuitry: Final amplifier operates at 50 volts and 12.0 amps (equating to 600 watts peak power).
- (9) Tune Up Procedure for Output Power: Refer to Exhibit for Alignment Procedure.
- (10) Circuit Diagrams; description of circuits, frequency stability, spurious suppression, and power and modulation limiting: Refer to Exhibit for Circuit Diagrams and Theory of Operation.
- (11) Photograph or drawing of the Identification Plate: Refer to Exhibit for Photograph or label drawing.
- (12) Drawings of Construction and Layout: Refer to Exhibit for Drawings of Components Layout and Chassis Drawings
- (13) Detail Description of Digital Modulation: The unit employs pulse modulation prescribed by RTCA/DO-144A. This requires pulses of  $0.45 \pm 0.10$  microseconds for Mode A/C transmissions with rise times of 0.100-microsecond maximum and fall-times of 0.200 microseconds maximum for both. Twelve information pulses (binary data) shall be spaced in increments of 1.45 microseconds between two framing pulses spaced 20.3 microseconds apart. In addition, a Special Position Identification pulse shall occur at a pulse interval of 4.35 microseconds following the last framing pulse. The SPI pulse shall not be included when transmitting Mode C replies.
- (14) Data required by CFR47 paragraphs 2.1046 through 2.1057 are contained in the report
- (15) External power amplifier requirements do not apply to this device or application
- (16) AM broadcast requirements do not apply to this device or application
- (17) Requirements of CFR47 paragraph 25.129 do not apply to this device or application
- (18) The device is not a software-defined radio and requirements of 2.944 do not apply to this application



## Units of Measurements

AC Line Conducted EMI      Data is in dB $\mu$ V; dB referenced to one microvolt.

Radiated EMI              Data is in dB $\mu$ V/m; dB/m referenced to one microvolt per meter

Antenna Conducted      Data is in dBm, dB referenced to one milliwatt

## Test Site Locations

Conducted EMI            The AC power line conducted emissions testing performed in a shielded screen room located at Rogers Labs, Inc., 4405 W. 259<sup>th</sup> Terrace, Louisburg, KS.

Radiated EMI            The radiated emissions tests were performed at the 3 meters, Open Area Test Site (OATS) located at Rogers Labs, Inc., 4405 W. 259<sup>th</sup> Terrace, Louisburg, KS.

Site Registration        Refer to Annex for FCC Site Registration Letter, # 90910, and Industry Canada Site Registration Letter, IC3041A-1.

## List of Test Equipment

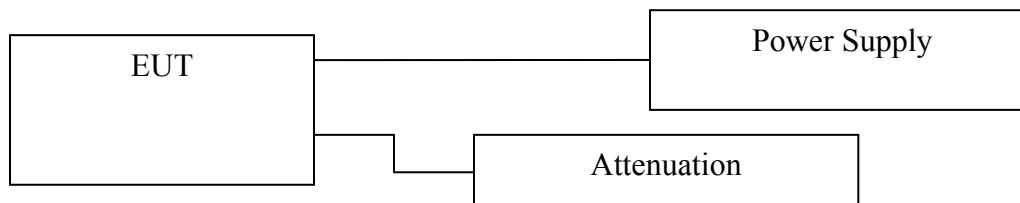
A Rohde & Schwarz ESU40 and/or Hewlett Packard 8591EM Spectrum Analyzer was used as the measuring device for the emissions testing of frequencies below 1 GHz. A Rohde & Schwarz ESU40 and/or Hewlett Packard 8562A Spectrum Analyzer was used as the measuring device for testing the emissions at frequencies above 1 GHz. The analyzer settings used are described in the following table. Refer to the appendix for a complete list of test equipment.

Analyzer Settings		
AC Line Conducted Emissions:		
RBW	AVG. BW	Detector Function
9 kHz	30 kHz	Peak/Quasi Peak
Radiated Emissions 30-1000 MHz		
RBW	AVG. BW	Detector Function
100 kHz	100 kHz	Peak
120 kHz	300 kHz	Peak/Quasi Peak
Radiated Emissions Above 1000 MHz		
RBW	Video BW	Detector Function
1 MHz	1 MHz	Peak / Average

<u>Equipment</u>	<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Model</u>	<u>Calibration Date</u>	<u>Due</u>
LISN	Comp. Design	FCC-LISN-2-MOD.CD	10/10	10/11
Antenna	ARA	BCD-235-B	10/10	10/11
Antenna	EMCO	3147	10/10	10/11
Antenna	Sunol	JB6	10/10	10/11
Antenna	EMCO	3143	5/10	5/11
Analyzer	HP	8591EM	5/10	5/11
Analyzer	HP	8562A	5/10	5/11
Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU40	5/10	5/11

## System Description

The STX 165 transponder (Transmitter-Responder) is a Mode A/C compliant transponder. The purpose of the transponder offers Air Traffic Controllers the ability to locate and identify equipped aircraft. The design is offered in either panel or remote mount configuration. The transponder is based around low power receiver and transmitter subsystems. Typically, ground station transmits on a frequency of 1030 megahertz. The information transmitted back from the transponder is then decoded for controller.





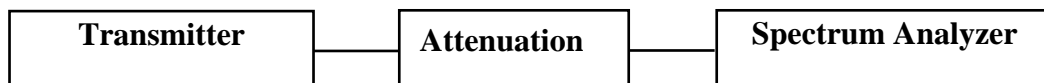
## Radio Frequency Power Output

### Measurements Required

Measurements shall be made to establish the radio frequency power delivered by the transmitter into the standard output termination. The power output shall be monitored and recorded and no adjustment shall be made to the transmitter after the test has begun, except as noted below:

If the power output is adjustable, measurements shall be made for the highest and lowest power levels.

### Test Arrangement



The radio frequency power output was measured at the antenna terminal by placing appropriate attenuation in the antenna line and observing the emission with the spectrum analyzer. The spectrum analyzer had an impedance of 50Ω to match the impedance of the standard antenna. A Rohde & Schwarz ESU40 Spectrum Analyzer was used to measure the radio frequency power at the antenna port. The data was taken in dBm and converted to watts as shown in the following Table. Refer to Figure one showing the maximum output power of the transmitter. Data was taken per CFR47 Paragraph 2.1046(a) and applicable paragraphs of Part 87.

$P_{dBm}$  = power in dB above 1 milliwatt.

Milliwatts =  $10^{(P_{dBm}/10)}$

Watts = (Milliwatts) (0.001) (W/mW)

Milliwatts =  $10^{(54.45/10)}$

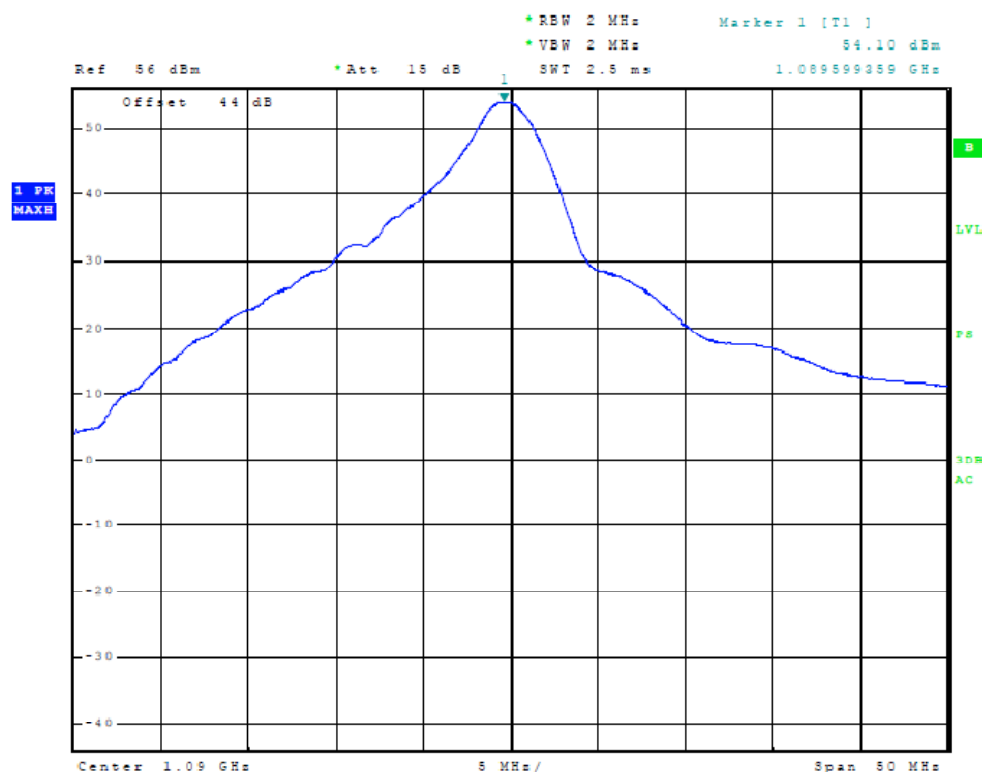
= 278,612 mW

= 278.6 Watts Peak power

# Transmitter Power Results

Frequency	P <sub>dBm</sub> (Peak)	P <sub>mw</sub> (Peak)	P <sub>w</sub> (Peak)
1090	54.45	278,612	278.6

The EUT demonstrated compliance with specifications of CFR47 Paragraph 2.1046(a) and applicable Parts of 2 and 87.131. There are no deviations to the specifications.



**Figure 1 Maximum Power Output (Peak)**

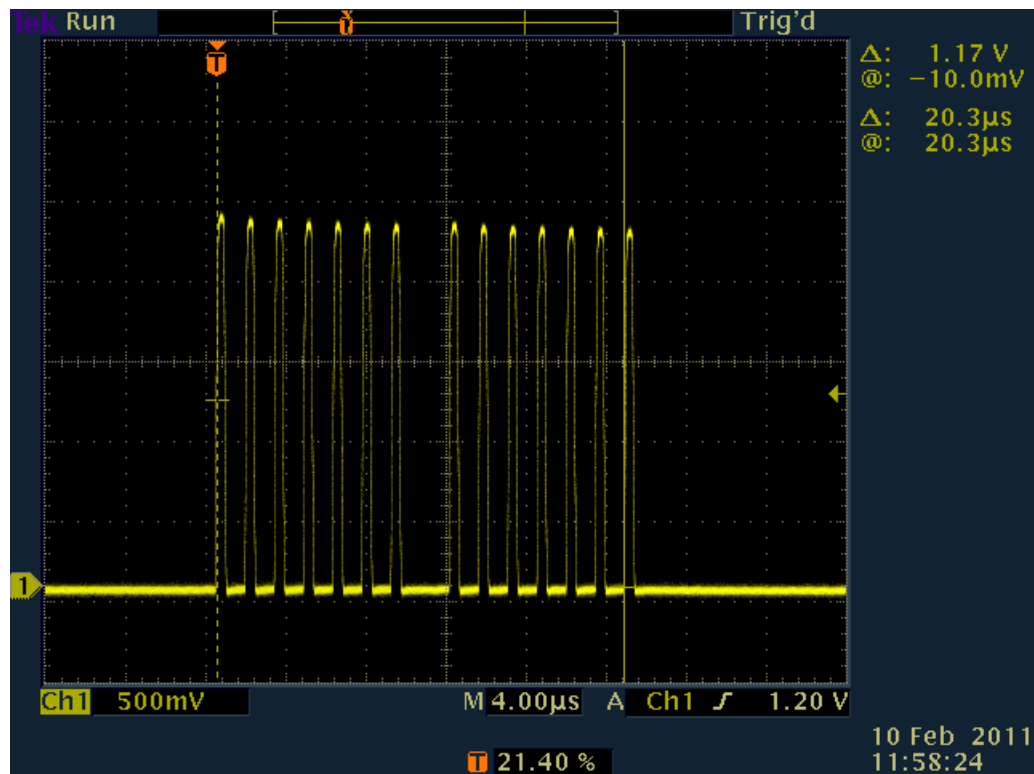
## 2.1047 Modulation Characteristics

### ***Measurements Required***

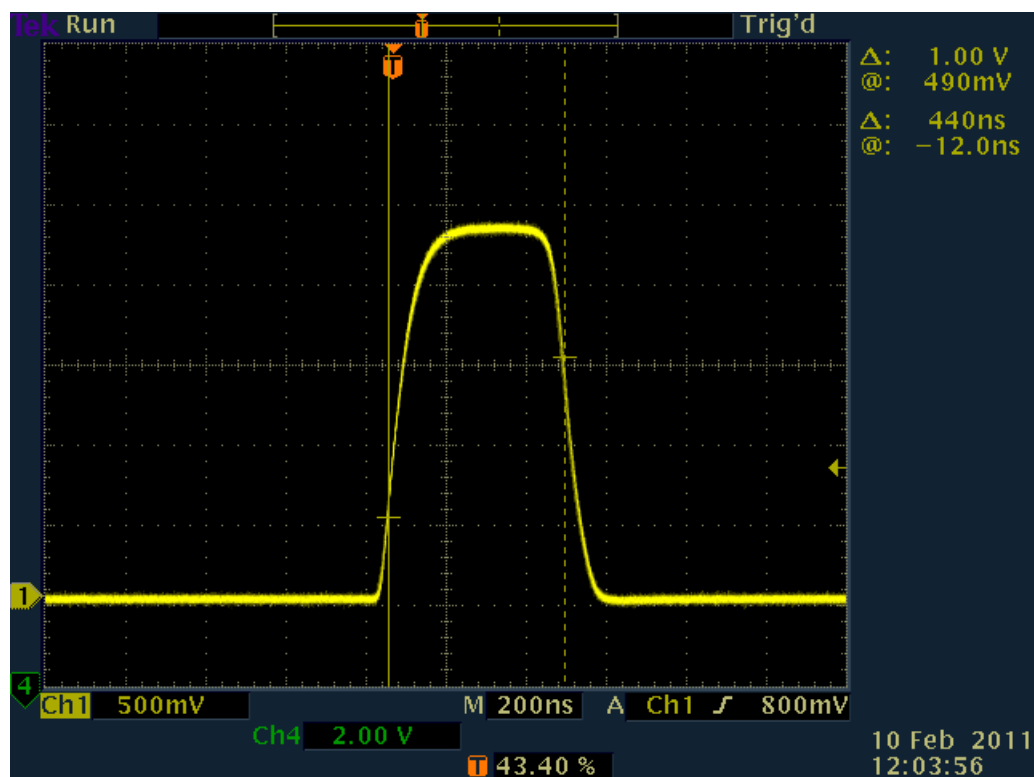
A curve or equivalent data, which shows that the equipment will meet the modulation requirements of the rules, under which the equipment is to be licensed, shall be submitted. The modulation specifications are defined by the FAA TSO-C74D standard. The unit employs pulse modulation prescribed by RTCA/DO-144A. This requires pulses of  $0.45 \pm 0.10$  microseconds for Mode A/C transmissions with rise times of 0.100-microsecond maximum and fall-times of 0.200 microseconds maximum for both. Twelve information pulses (binary data) shall be spaced in increments of 1.45 microseconds between two framing pulses spaced 20.3 microseconds apart. In addition, a Special Position Identification pulse shall occur at a pulse interval of 4.35 microseconds following the last framing pulse. The SPI pulse shall not be included when transmitting Mode C replies.

### ***Modulation Characteristics Results***

Figure two represents display of oscilloscope screen for a 7777 pulse train response and pulse width. The requirements of CFR47 2.1049(c) (1) and applicable paragraphs of Part 87.141 are met. There are no deviations to the specifications.



7777 Pulse Train



Pulse width

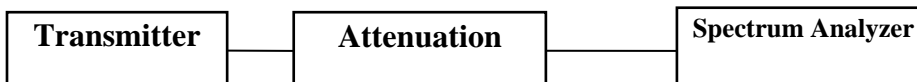
**Figure 2 Audio Frequency Response / Modulation Characteristics (pulse train and width)**

## 2.1049 Occupied Bandwidth

### ***Measurements Required***

The occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission.

### ***Test Arrangement***

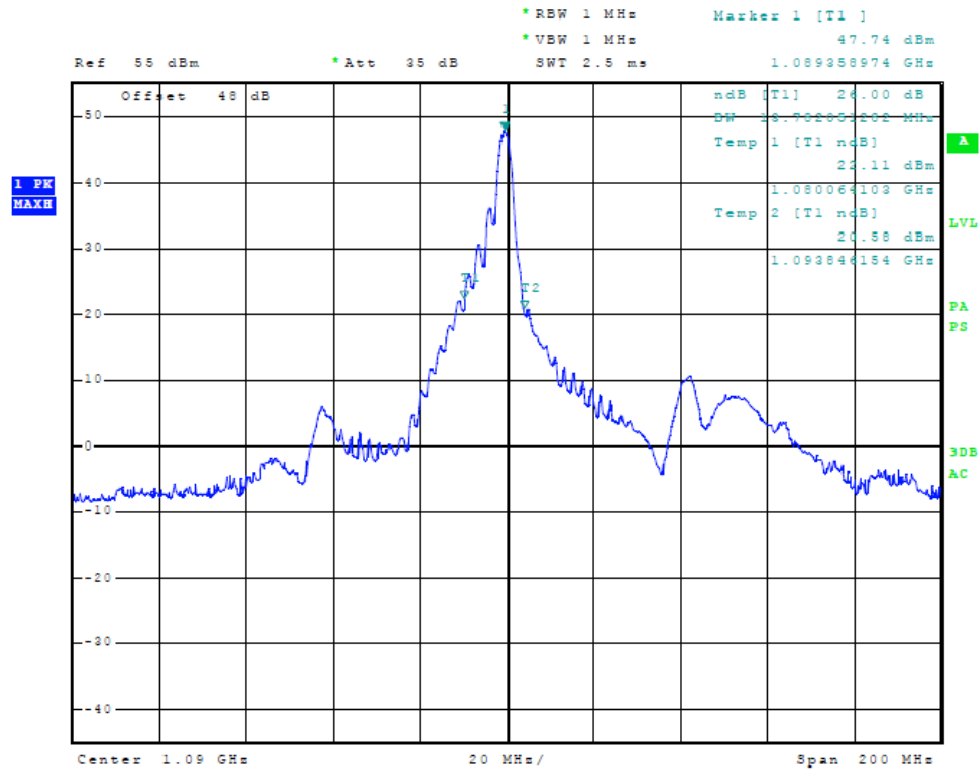


A spectrum analyzer was used to observe the radio frequency spectrum with the transmitter operating through normal modes. The EUT was offered with test software allowing for transmitter function without requiring additional test stimulation equipment and while measurements were recorded. The power ratio in dB representing 99.5% of the total mean power was recorded from the spectrum analyzer. Refer to figure three displaying plot of the 99.5% dB occupied bandwidth.

### ***Occupied Bandwidth Results***

Frequency (MHz)	Occupied bandwidth(MHz)
1090.00	13.702 MHz (observed)

The EUT demonstrated compliance with specifications of CFR47 2.1049(c) (1) and applicable paragraphs of Part 87.135. There are no deviations to the specifications.



**Figure 3 Occupied Band Width, Carrier frequency 1090.00 MHz**

## 2.1051 Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals

### **Measurements Required**

The radio frequency voltage or power generated within the equipment and appearing on a spurious frequency shall be checked at the equipment output terminals when properly loaded with a suitable artificial antenna.

### **Test Arrangement**



The radio frequency output was coupled to a Rohde & Schwarz ESU40 Spectrum Analyzer during antenna port conducted emissions measurements. The spectrum analyzer was used to observe the radio frequency spectrum with the transmitter modulated per section 2.1049 and operated in all normal modes. The frequency spectrum from 30 MHz to 12,000 MHz was observed and plots produced of the frequency spectrum displayed on the test equipment. Figures four through eight represent data for the antenna spurious emissions of the STX 165. Figure nine demonstrates compliance with emission mask requirements. Data was taken per CFR47 2.1051, 2.1057, and applicable paragraphs of Part 87.139.

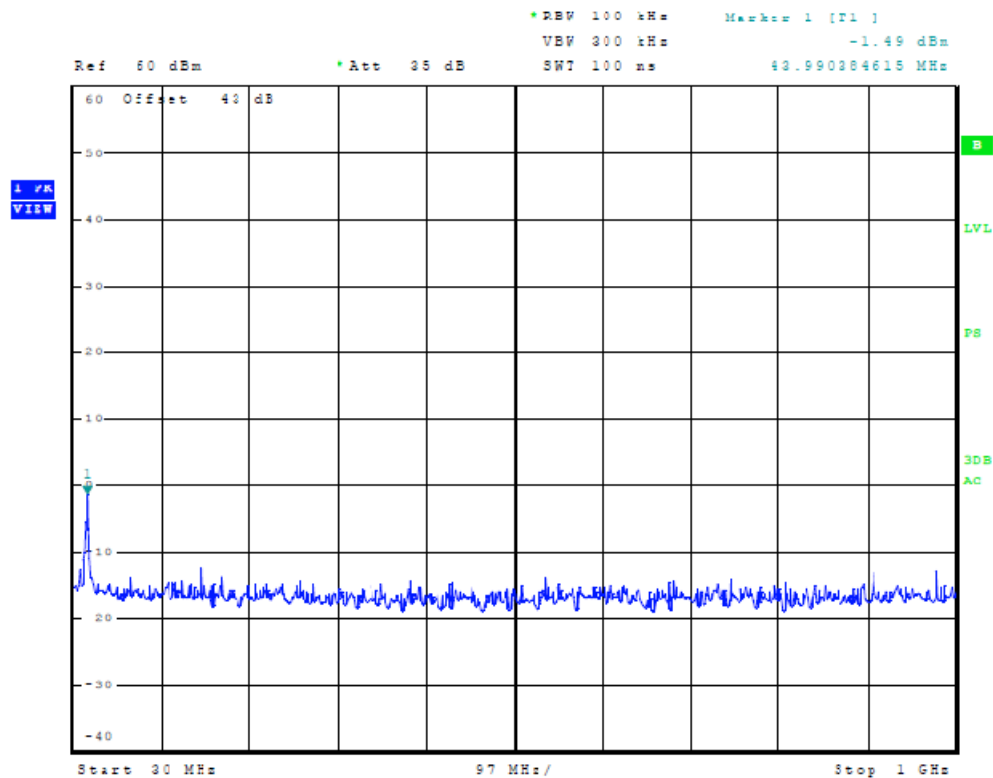
### **Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal Results**

The output of the unit was coupled to a Rohde & Schwarz ESU40 Spectrum Analyzer and the frequency emissions were measured. Data was taken as per CFR47 2.1051 and applicable paragraphs of Part 87. The EUT demonstrated compliance with specifications of Paragraphs 2.1051, 2.1057 and applicable paragraphs of part 87.139. There are no deviations to the specifications.

All spurious emissions must be attenuated at least  $43 + 10 \log (P_o)$  below the fundamental emission power level. The following equations represent the calculated attenuation levels for the equipment.

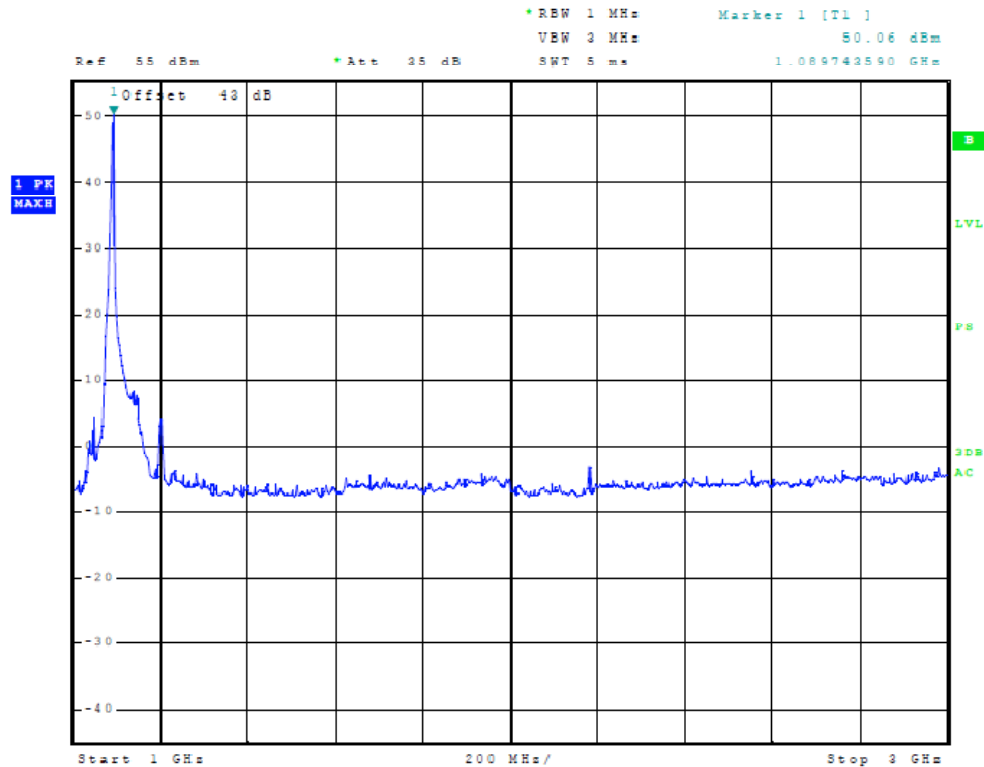
$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Limit for 2.78 W (average power)} &= 43 + 10 \log (P_o) \\
 &= 43 + 10 \log (2.78) \\
 &= 47.4
 \end{aligned}$$

Channel MHz	Spurious Freq. (MHz)	Measured Level (dBm)	Level Below Carrier (dB)
1090.00	2180.0	-15.57	-70.0
	3270.0	-11.66	-66.1
	4360.0	-24.80	-79.3
	5450.0	-33.31	-87.8
	6540.0	-32.55	-87.0
	7630.0	-29.94	-84.4
	8720.0	-32.14	-86.6
	9810.0	-33.04	-87.5
	10900.0	-32.36	-86.8

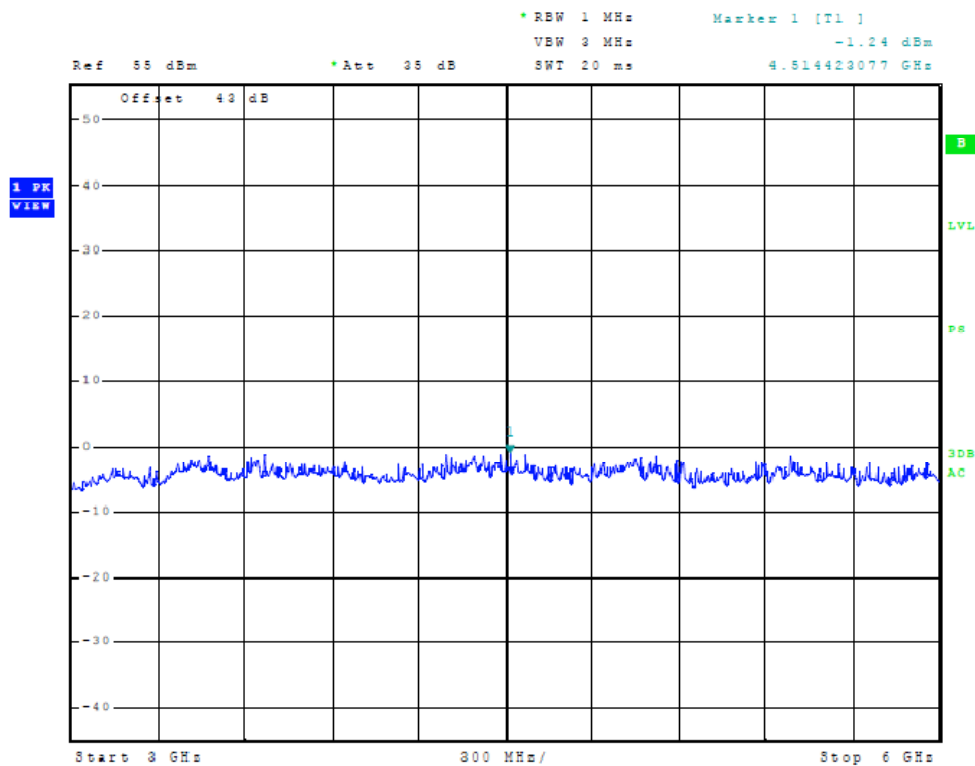


**Figure 4 Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal**

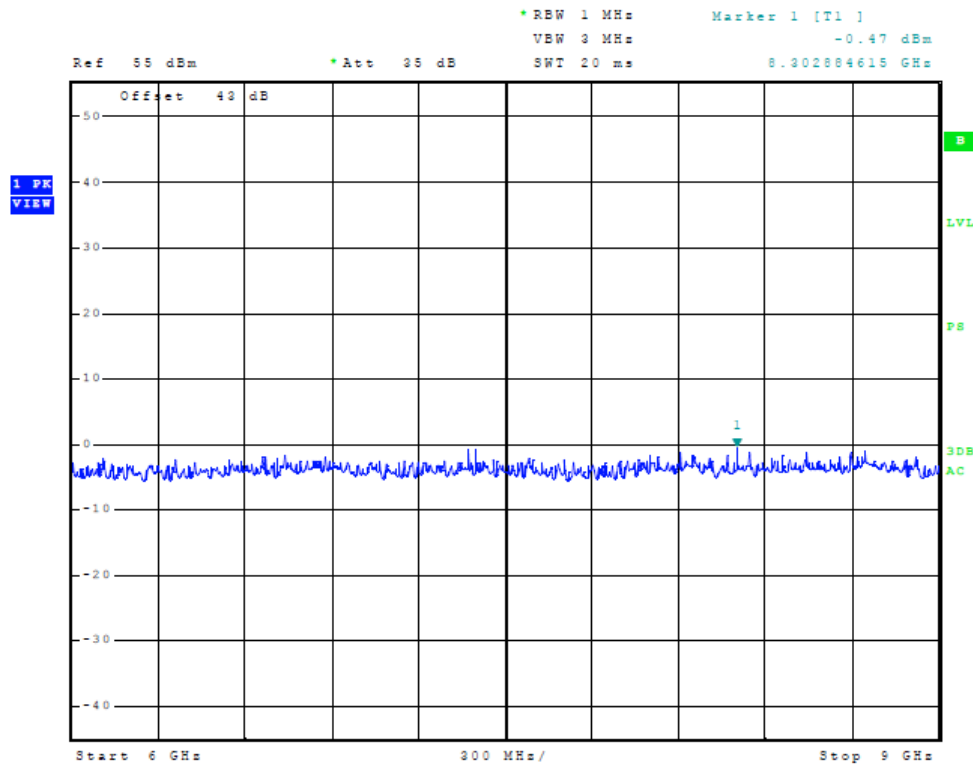




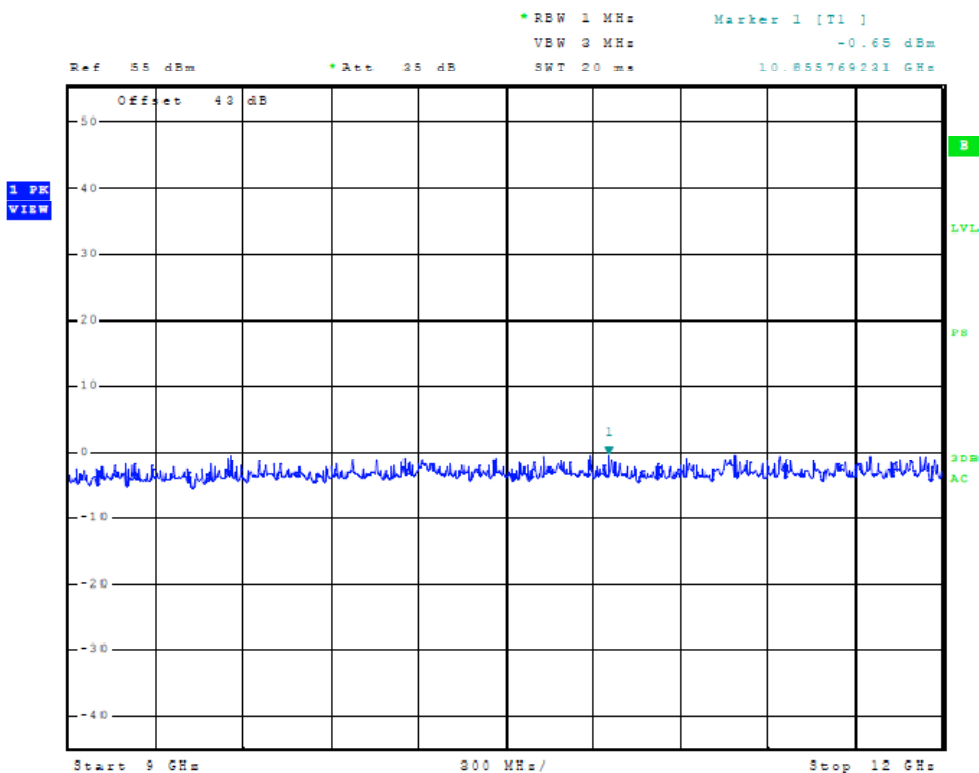
**Figure 5 Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal**



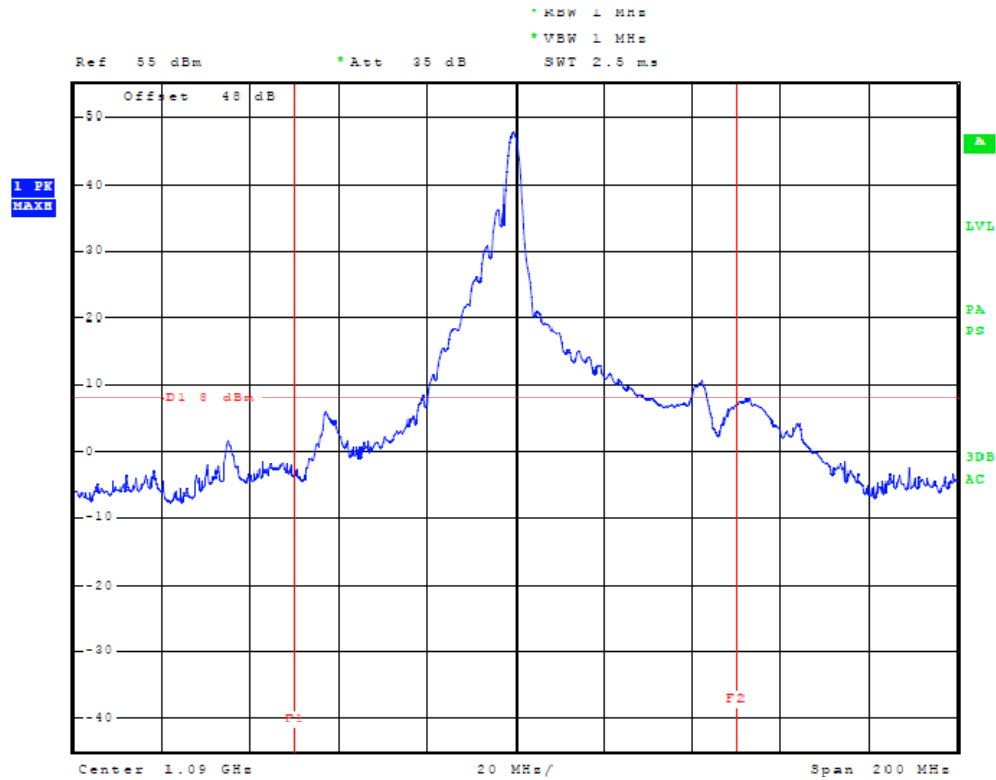
**Figure 6 Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal**



**Figure 7 Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal**



**Figure 8 Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal**



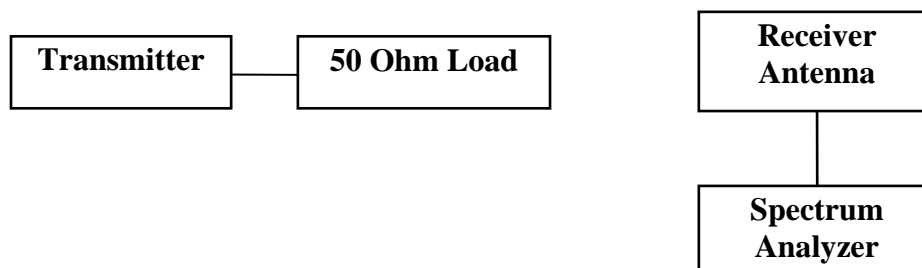
**Figure 9 Emission Mask at Antenna Terminal**

## 2.1053 Field Strength of Spurious Radiation

### ***Measurements Required***

Measurements shall be made to detect spurious emissions that may be radiated directly from the cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements under normal conditions of installation and operation. This equipment tested was panel mount design. The design offers use as remote mounted with interface cabling connecting the display control unit to the cabinet. The sample offered for testing incorporated control software offering function of transmitter without requiring additional test stimulation equipment.

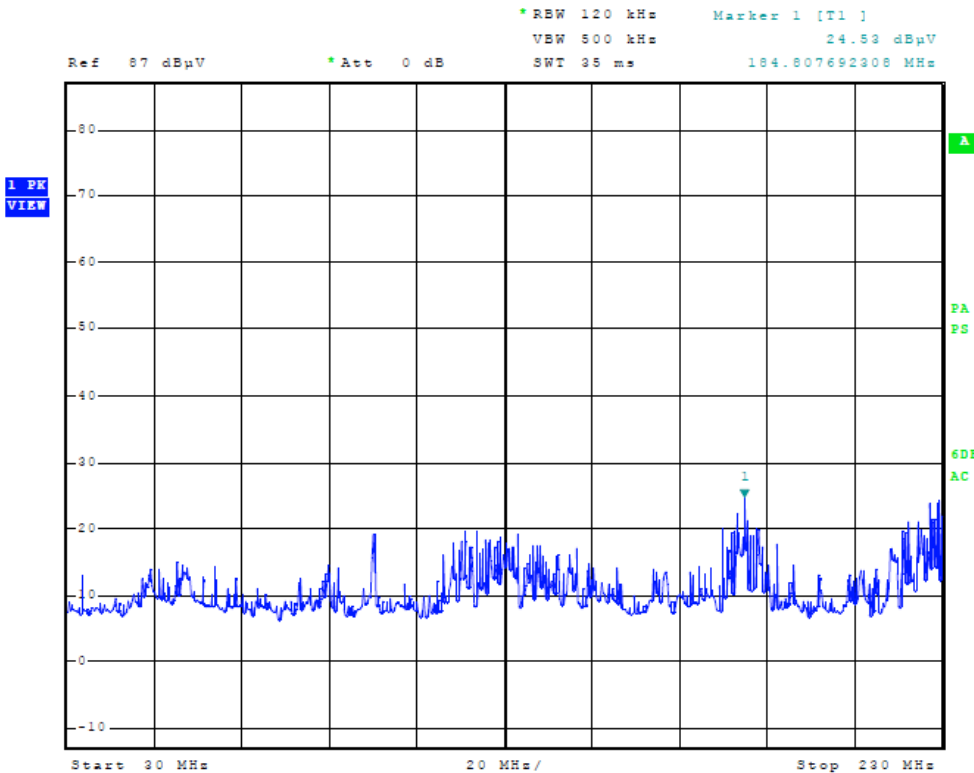
### ***Test Arrangement***



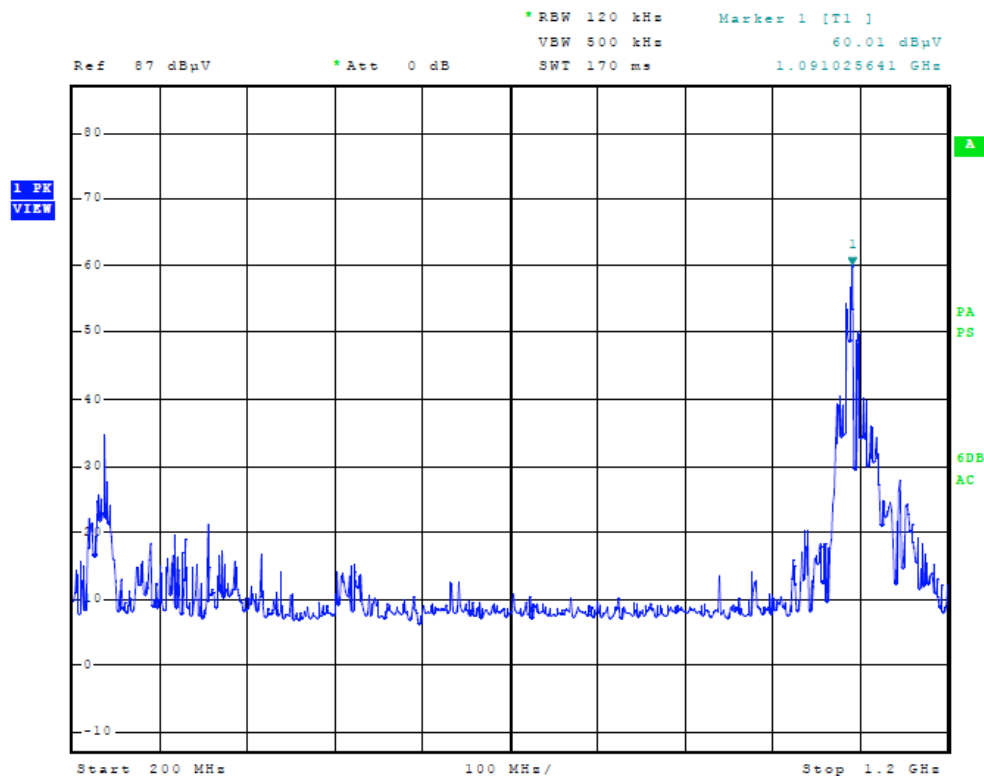
The test setup was assembled in a screen room for preliminary screening. The transmitter was placed on a wooden turntable 0.8 meters above the ground plane and at a distance of 1 meter from the receive antenna, plots were made of the radiated emissions. Refer to figures ten through fifteen showing plots of the spectrum analyzer display of the radiated emissions frequency spectrum taken in the screen room.

Final radiated emissions testing were performed with the transmitter placed on a wooden turntable 0.8 meters above the ground plane and at a distance of 3 meters from the Field Strength Measuring (FSM) antenna. The EUT was operational and radiating into a 50Ω load. The receiving antenna was raised and lowered from 1m to 4m in height to obtain the maximum reading of spurious radiation from the EUT, cabinet, and interface cabling. The turntable was rotated though 360 degrees to locate the position registering the highest amplitude of emission.

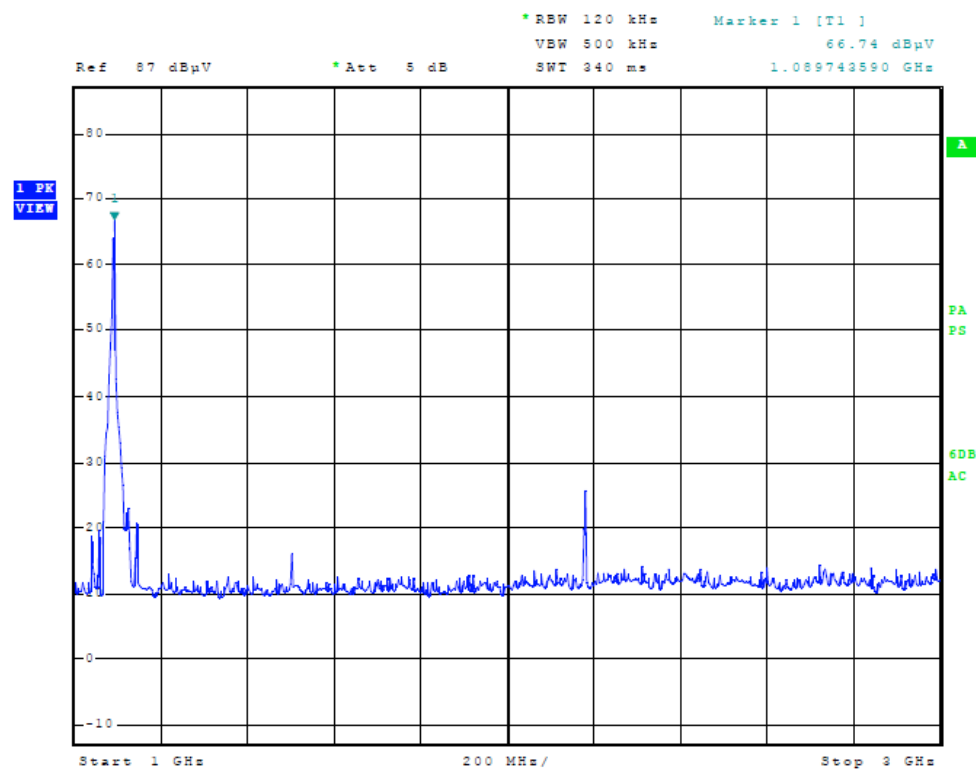
The frequency spectrum was then searched for spurious emissions generated from the transmitter, interface cabling, and test setup. The amplitude of each spurious emission was maximized by raising and lowering the FSM antenna, and rotating the turntable before final data was recorded. The frequency spectrum from 30 MHz to 12,000 MHz was investigated during radiated emissions testing. Antennas used during radiated emissions testing include Biconilog antenna for frequency measurements of 30 to 6000 MHz, double-ridge horn antenna for frequencies of 5000 MHz to 12,000 MHz. Emission levels were measured and recorded from the spectrum analyzer in dBμV. Data was taken at the Rogers Labs, Inc. 3 meters open area test site (OATS).



**Figure 10 Radiated emissions taken at 1 meter in screen room**



**Figure 11 Radiated emissions taken at 1 meter in screen room**



**Figure 12 Radiated emissions taken at 1 meter in screen room**

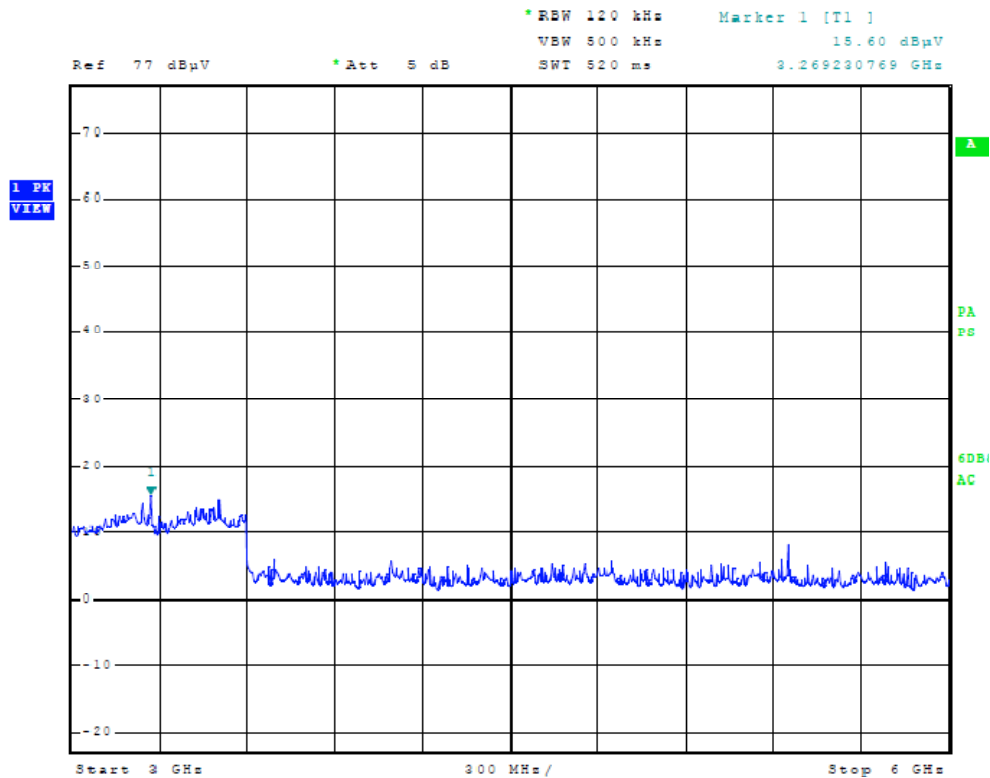


Figure 13 Radiated emissions taken at 1 meter in screen room

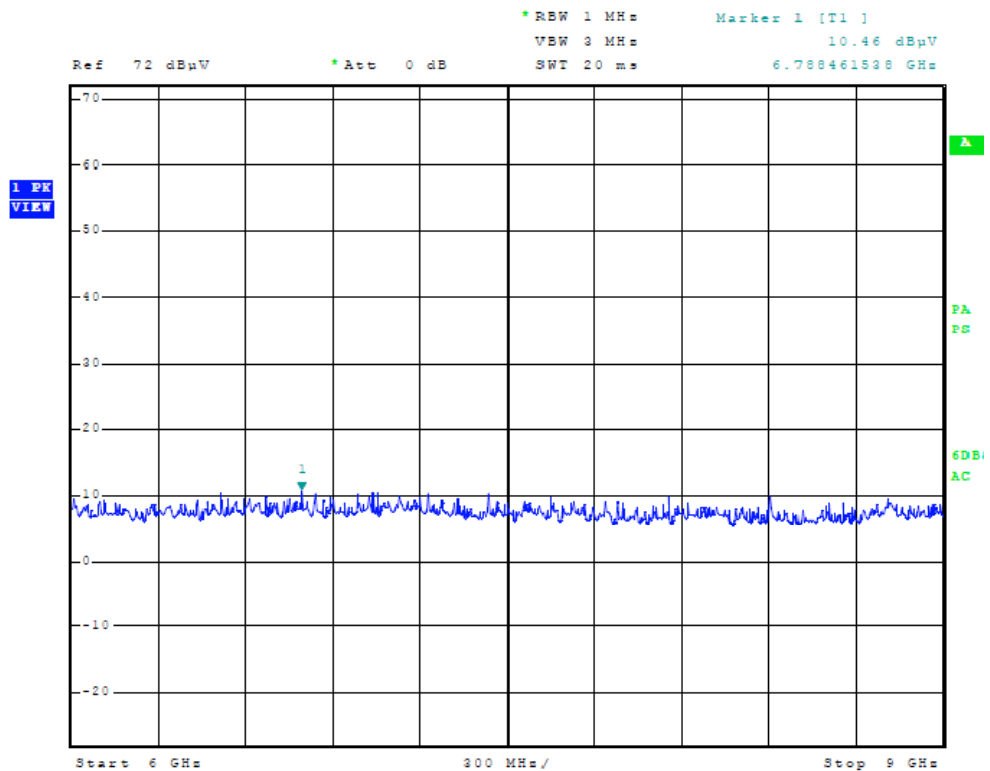
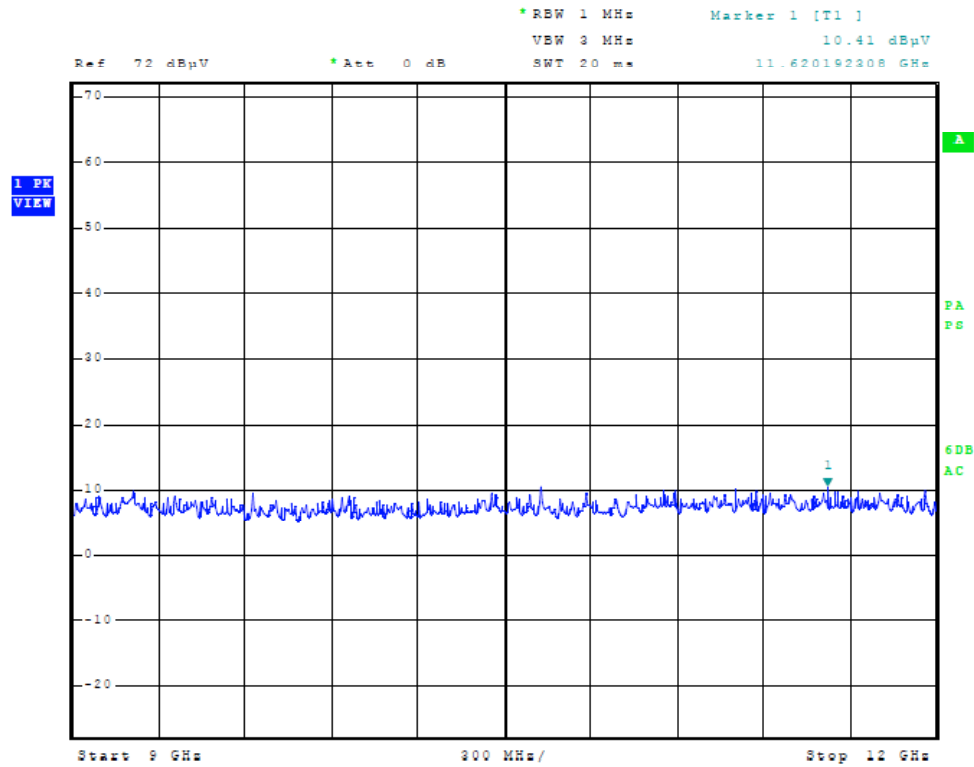


Figure 14 Radiated emissions taken at 1 meter in screen room



**Figure 15 Radiated emissions taken at 1 meter in screen room**



## Spurious Radiated Emission Results

The EUT was connected to the 50-ohm load and operated in all available normal modes while radiated emissions testing were performed. The amplitude of each spurious emission was maximized and amplitude levels recorded while operating at the open area test site at a distance of 3-meters.

Channel frequency 1090.00 MHz

Frequency In MHz	FSM Hor. (dBμV) Quasi- Peak	FSM Vert. (dBμV) Quasi- Peak	Ant. Fact. (dB/m)	Amp. Gain (dB)	Comp. Hor. (dBμV/m) @ 3m	Comp. Vert. (dBμV/m) @ 3 m	FCC 15B Limit (dBμV)
120.1	44.4	35.8	13.7	30	28.1	19.5	43.5
184.5	42.5	36.6	11.4	30	24.5	31.8	43.5
224.9	51.6	48.9	12.9	30	34.5	31.8	46.0
225.6	50.4	49.0	12.9	30	33.3	31.9	46.0
228.3	54.3	53.3	11.8	30	36.1	35.1	46.0
231.8	53.6	53.1	11.8	30	35.4	34.9	46.0
234.6	54.4	49.4	11.9	30	36.3	31.3	46.0
235.9	60.0	60.1	11.9	30	41.9	42.0	46.0
236.6	53.0	52.9	11.9	30	34.9	34.8	46.0
239.4	51.4	50.8	12.1	30	33.5	32.9	46.0
240.1	49.4	48.3	12.1	30	31.5	30.4	46.0

Other Emissions present with amplitudes at least 20 dB below limit.

The EUT demonstrated compliance with specifications of CFR47 Paragraph 2.1053, 2.1057, applicable paragraphs of part 87.139. There are no deviations or exceptions to the specifications.

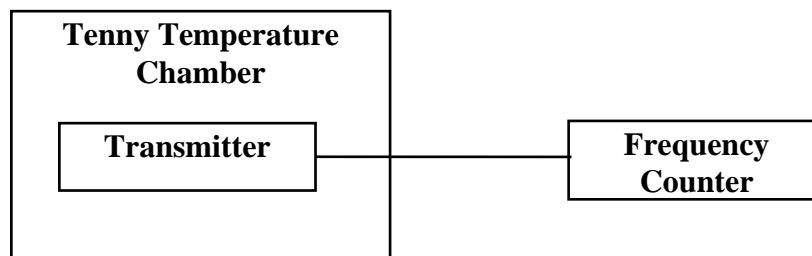
## 2.1055 Frequency Stability

### **Measurements Required**

The frequency stability shall be measured with variations of ambient temperature from -30° to +50° centigrade. Measurements shall be made at the extremes of the temperature range and at intervals of not more than 10° centigrade through the range. A period sufficient to stabilize all of the components of the oscillator circuit at each temperature level shall be allowed prior to frequency measurement. In addition to temperature stability, the frequency stability shall be measured with variation of primary supply voltage as follows:

- (1) Vary primary supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value.
- (2) The supply voltage shall be measured at the input to the cable normally provided with the equipment, or at the power supply terminals if cables are not normally provided.

### **Test Arrangement**



The measurement procedure outlined below shall be followed.

**Step 1:** The transmitter shall be installed in an environmental test chamber whose temperature is controllable. Provision shall be made to measure the frequency of the transmitter.

**Step 2:** With the transmitter inoperative (power switched “OFF”), the temperature of the test chamber shall be adjusted to +25°C. After a temperature stabilization period of one hour at +25°C, the transmitter shall be switched “ON” with standard test voltage applied.

**Step 3:** The carrier shall be keyed “ON”, and the transmitter shall be operated at full radio frequency power output at the duty cycle, for which it is rated, for duration of at least 5 minutes. The radio frequency carrier frequency shall be monitored and measurements shall be recorded.

**Step 4:** The test procedures outlined in Steps 2 and 3, shall be repeated after stabilizing the transmitter at the environmental temperatures specified, -30°C to +50°C in 10-degree increments.

The frequency stability was measured with variations in the power supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value. An Instek GPR-606D Power Supply was used to vary the DC input voltage from 11.8 Vdc to 32.20 Vdc. The frequency was measured and the variation in parts per million was calculated. Data was taken per CFR47 Paragraphs 2.1055 and applicable paragraphs of part 87.133.

### Frequency Stability Results

Frequency 1089.871120 (MHz)	Frequency Stability Vs Temperature								
Temperature °C	-30	-20	-10	0	+10	+20	+30	+40	+50
Change (KHz)	3.4	0.7	-0.2	-0.3	-0.2	0.1	0.5	0.5	0.0
PPM	3.1	0.7	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	0.1	0.4	0.4	0.0
%	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Limit (PPM)	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20

Frequency 1089.871120 (MHz)	Frequency Stability Vs Voltage Variation		
	12.0 or 28.0 volts nominal; Results In Hz change		
Voltage V <sub>dc</sub>	11.80	28.00	32.20
Change (Hz)	0.0	0.0	0.0

The EUT demonstrated compliance with specifications of CFR47 Paragraphs 2.1055 and applicable paragraphs of part 87.133(d). There are no deviations or exceptions to the specifications.



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## **Annex**

- Annex A Measurement Uncertainty Calculations
- Annex B Rogers Labs Test Equipment List
- Annex C Rogers Qualifications
- Annex D FCC Site Registration Letter
- Annex E Industry Canada Registration Letter

## Annex A Measurement Uncertainty Calculations

### Radiated Emissions Measurement Uncertainty Calculation

Measurement of vertically polarized radiated field strength over the frequency range 30 MHz to 1 GHz on an open area test site at 3m and 10m includes following uncertainty:

Contribution	Probability Distribution	Uncertainty (dB)
Antenna factor calibration	normal (k = 2)	±0.58
Cable loss calibration	normal (k = 2)	±0.2
Receiver specification	rectangular	±1.0
Antenna directivity	rectangular	±0.1
Antenna factor variation with height	rectangular	±2.0
Antenna factor frequency interpolation	rectangular	±0.1
Measurement distance variation	rectangular	±0.2
Site Imperfections	rectangular	±1.5
Combined standard uncertainty $u_c(y)$ is		

$$U_c(y) = \pm \sqrt{\left[\frac{1.0}{2}\right]^2 + \left[\frac{0.2}{2}\right]^2 + \left[\frac{1.0^2 + 0.1^2 + 2.0^2 + 0.1^2 + 0.2^2 + 1.5^2}{3}\right]}$$

$$U_c(y) = \pm 1.6 \text{ dB}$$

It is probable that  $u_c(y) / s(q_k) > 3$ , where  $s(q_k)$  is estimated standard deviation from a sample of  $n$  readings unless the repeatability of the EUT is particularly poor, and a coverage factor of  $k = 2$  will ensure that the level of confidence will be approximately 95%, therefore:

$$s(q_k) = \sqrt{\frac{1}{(n-1)} \sum_{k=1}^n (q_k - \bar{q})^2}$$

$$U = 2 U_c(y) = 2 \times \pm 1.6 \text{ dB} = \pm 3.2 \text{ dB}$$

#### Notes:

- 1.1 Uncertainties for the antenna and cable were estimated, based on a normal probability distribution with  $k = 2$ .
- 1.2 The receiver uncertainty was obtained from the manufacturer's specification for which a rectangular distribution was assumed.
- 1.3 The antenna factor uncertainty does not take account of antenna directivity.
- 1.4 The antenna factor varies with height and since the height was not always the same in use as when the antenna was calibrated an additional uncertainty is added.
- 1.5 The uncertainty in the measurement distance is relatively small but has some effect on the received signal strength. The increase in measurement distance as the antenna height is increased is an inevitable consequence of the test method and is therefore not considered a contribution to uncertainty.
- 1.6 Site imperfections are difficult to quantify but may include the following contributions:
  - Unwanted reflections from adjacent objects.
  - Ground plane imperfections: reflection coefficient, flatness, and edge effects.
  - Losses or reflections from "transparent" cabins for the EUT or site coverings.
  - Earth currents in antenna cable (mainly effect Biconical antennas).

The specified limits for the difference between measured site attenuation and the theoretical value ( $\pm 4$  dB) were not included in total since the measurement of site attenuation includes uncertainty contributions already allowed for in this budget, such as antenna factor.

### *Conducted Measurements Uncertainty Calculation*

Measurement of conducted emissions over the frequency range 9 kHz to 30 MHz includes following uncertainty:

Contribution	Probability Distribution	Uncertainty (dB)
Receiver specification	rectangular	$\pm 1.5$
LISN coupling specification	rectangular	$\pm 1.5$
Cable and input attenuator calibration	normal (k=2)	$\pm 0.5$
Combined standard uncertainty $u_c(y)$ is		

$$U_c(y) = \pm \sqrt{\left[\frac{0.5}{2}\right]^2 + \frac{1.5^2 + 1.5^2}{3}}$$

$$U_c(y) = \pm 1.2 \text{ dB}$$

As with radiated field strength uncertainty, it is probable that  $u_c(y) / s(q_k) > 3$  and a coverage factor of  $k = 2$  will suffice, therefore:

$$U = 2 U_c(y) = 2 \times \pm 1.2 \text{ dB} = \pm 2.4 \text{ dB}$$

**Annex B Rogers Labs Test Equipment List**

The test equipment used is maintained in calibration and good operating condition. Use of this calibrated equipment ensures measurements are traceable to national standards.

List of Test Equipment	Date of Calibration
Oscilloscope Scope: Tektronix 2230	2/10
Wattmeter: Bird 43 with Load Bird 8085	2/10
Power Supplies: GPR-6060D, SRL 20-25, SRL 40-25, DCR 150, DCR 140	2/10
H/V Power Supply: Fluke Model: 408B (SN: 573)	2/10
R.F. Generator: HP 606A	2/10
R.F. Generator: HP 8614A	2/10
R.F. Generator: HP 8640B	2/10
Spectrum Analyzer: Rohde & Schwarz ESU40	5/10
Spectrum Analyzer: HP 8562A,	5/10
Mixers: 11517A, 11970A, 11970K, 11970U, 11970V, 11970W	
HP Adapters: 11518, 11519, 11520	
Spectrum Analyzer: HP 8591EM	5/10
Frequency Counter: Leader LDC825	2/10
Antenna: EMCO Biconilog Model: 3143	5/10
Antenna: EMCO Log Periodic Model: 3147	10/10
Antenna: Sunol Biconilog Model: JB6	10/10
Antenna: Antenna Research Biconical Model: BCD 235	10/10
Antenna: EMCO Dipole Set 3121C	2/10
Antenna: C.D. B-101	2/10
Antenna: Solar 9229-1 & 9230-1	2/10
Antenna: EMCO 6509	2/10
Audio Oscillator: H.P. 201CD	2/10
R.F. Power Amp 65W Model: 470-A-1010	2/10
R.F. Power Amp 50W M185- 10-501	2/10
R.F. Preamp CPPA-102	2/10
LISN 50 $\mu$ Hy/50 ohm/0.1 $\mu$ f	10/10
LISN Compliance Eng. 240/20	2/10
LISN Fischer Custom Communications FCC-LISN-50-16-2-08	2/10
Peavey Power Amp Model: IPS 801	2/10
Power Amp A.R. Model: 10W 1010M7	2/10
Power Amp EIN Model: A301	2/10
ELGAR Model: 1751	2/10
ELGAR Model: TG 704A-3D	2/10
ESD Test Set 2010i	2/10
Fast Transient Burst Generator Model: EFT/B-101	2/10
Current Probe: Singer CP-105	2/10
Current Probe: Solar 9108-1N	2/10
Field Intensity Meter: EFM-018	2/10
KEYTEK Ecat Surge Generator	2/10
Shielded Room 5 M x 3 M x 3.0 M	



## ***Annex C Rogers Qualifications***

### ***Scot D. Rogers, Engineer***

#### **Rogers Labs, Inc.**

Mr. Rogers has approximately 17 years experience in the field of electronics. Engineering experience includes six years in the automated controls industry and remaining years working with the design, development and testing of radio communications and electronic equipment.

#### **Positions Held:**

Systems Engineer: A/C Controls Mfg. Co., Inc. 6 Years

Electrical Engineer: Rogers Consulting Labs, Inc. 5 Years

Electrical Engineer: Rogers Labs, Inc. Current

#### **Educational Background:**

- 1) Bachelor of Science Degree in Electrical Engineering from Kansas State University
- 2) Bachelor of Science Degree in Business Administration Kansas State University
- 3) Several Specialized Training courses and seminars pertaining to Microprocessors and Software programming.





NVLAP Lab Code 200087-0

**Annex D FCC Test Site Registration Letter**

**FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION**

**Laboratory Division  
7435 Oakland Mills Road  
Columbia, MD 21046**

May 18, 2010

Registration Number: 90910

Rogers Labs, Inc.  
4405 West 259th Terrace,  
Louisburg, KS 66053

Attention: Scot Rogers,

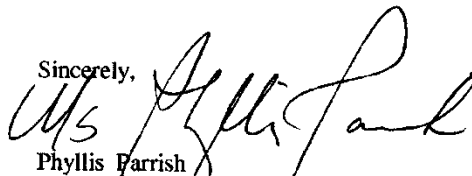
Re: Measurement facility located at Louisburg  
~~3 & 10 meter site~~  
Date of Renewal: May 18, 2010

Dear Sir or Madam:

Your request for renewal of the registration of the subject measurement facility has been received. The information submitted has been placed in your file and the registration has been renewed. The name of your organization will remain on the list of facilities whose measurement data will be accepted in conjunction with applications for Certification under Parts 15 or 18 of the Commission's Rules. Please note that the file must be updated for any changes made to the facility and the registration must be renewed at least every three years.

Measurement facilities that have indicated that they are available to the public to perform measurement services on a fee basis may be found on the FCC website [www.fcc.gov](http://www.fcc.gov) under E-Filing, OET Equipment Authorization Electronic Filing, Test Firms.

Sincerely,



Phyllis Farrish  
Industry Analyst

Rogers Labs, Inc.  
4405 West 259th Terrace  
Louisburg, KS 66053  
Phone/Fax: (913) 837-3214  
Revision 1

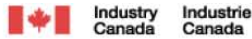
Sandia Aerospace Corporation  
Model: STX 165  
Test #: 110206  
Test to: FCC Parts 2 and 87  
File: Sandia Aerospace STX165 TstRpt

SN: 91  
FCC ID: YJL-DAFJDX  
Page 33 of 34  
Date: February 15, 2011



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## **Annex E Industry Canada Test Site Registration Letter**



May 26, 2010

OUR FILE: 46405-3041

Submission No: 140719

**Rogers Labs Inc.**

4405 West 259<sup>th</sup> Terrace  
Louisburg, KY, 66053  
USA

**Attention:** Mr. Scot D. Rogers

Dear Sir/Madame:

The Bureau has received your application for the renewal of a 3/10m OATS. Be advised that the information received was satisfactory to Industry Canada. The following number(s) is now associated to the site(s) for which registration / renewal was sought (**3041A-1**). Please reference the appropriate site number in the body of test reports containing measurements performed on the site. In addition, please keep for your records the following information;

- Your primary code is: **3041**

- The company number associated to the site(s) located at the above address is: **3041A**

Furthermore, to obtain or renew a unique site number, the applicant shall demonstrate that the site has been accredited to ANSI C63.4-2003 or later. A scope of accreditation indicating the accreditation by a recognized accreditation body to ANSI C63.4-2003 or later shall be accepted. Please indicate in a letter the previous assigned site number if applicable and the type of site (example: 3 metre OATS or 3 metre chamber). If the test facility is not accredited to ANSI C63.4-2003 or later, the test facility shall submit test data demonstrating full compliance with the ANSI standard. The Bureau will evaluate the filing to determine if recognition shall be granted.

The frequency for re-validation of the test site and the information that is required to be filed or retained by the testing party shall comply with the requirements established by the accrediting organization. However, in all cases, test site re-validation shall occur on an interval not to exceed two years. There is no fee or form associated with an OATS filing. OATS submissions are encouraged to be submitted electronically to the Bureau using the following URL;

[http://strategis.ic.gc.ca/epic/internet/inceb-bhst.nsf/en/h\\_tt00052e.html](http://strategis.ic.gc.ca/epic/internet/inceb-bhst.nsf/en/h_tt00052e.html).

If you have any questions, you may contact the Bureau by e-mail at [certification.bureau@ic.gc.ca](mailto:certification.bureau@ic.gc.ca) Please reference our file and submission number above for all correspondence.

Yours sincerely,

Dalwinder Gill  
For: Wireless Laboratory Manager  
Certification and Engineering Bureau  
3701 Carling Ave., Building 94  
P.O. Box 11490, Station "H"  
Ottawa, Ontario K2H 8S2  
Email: [dalwinder.gill@ic.gc.ca](mailto:dalwinder.gill@ic.gc.ca)  
Tel. No. (613) 998-8363  
Fax. No. (613) 990-4752

Rogers Labs, Inc.  
4405 West 259<sup>th</sup> Terrace  
Louisburg, KS 66053  
Phone/Fax: (913) 837-3214  
Revision 1

Sandia Aerospace Corporation  
Model: STX 165  
Test #: 110206  
Test to: FCC Parts 2 and 87  
File: Sandia Aerospace STX165 TstRpt

SN: 91  
FCC ID: YJL-DAFJDX  
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Date: February 15, 2011