

TEST REPORT

APPLICANT: BLU Products, Inc.

PRODUCT NAME: Smart Phone

MODEL NAME: G51 PLUS, M7i

BRAND NAME: BLU, BOLD

FCC ID : YHLBLUG51PS

STANDARD(S) : FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)

IEEE 1528-2013

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Annex B Test Setup Photos
Annex C Plots of System Performance Check
Annex D Plots of Maximum SAR Test Results
Annex E DASY Calibration Certificate

Changed History			
Version	Date	Reason for Change	
1.0	2021-05-07	First edition	
2.0	2021-05-25	Add brand name, model name and replace version 1.0	

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1. SAR Results Summary

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during test as bellows: <Highest Reported SAR Summary>

Frequency Band		Highest SAR Summary			
		Head (Gap 0mm)	Body-worn (Gap 10mm)	Hotspot (Gap 10mm)	Extremity (Gap 0mm)
			10g SAR (W/kg)		
GSM	GSM850	0.234	0.535	0.535	N/A
GSIVI	GSM1900	0.017	0.144	0.144	N/A
	Band II	0.022	0.146	0.146	N/A
WCDMA	Band IV	0.181	0.670	0.670	N/A
	Band V	0.105	0.216	0.216	N/A
	LTE Band 2	0.029	0.163	0.163	N/A
	LTE Band 4	0.081	0.328	0.328	N/A
LTE	LTE Band 5	0.187	0.314	0.314	N/A
LIE	LTE Band 7	0.033	0.393	0.403	N/A
	LTE Band 12/17	0.179	0.414	0.414	N/A
	LTE Band 38	0.009	0.090	0.090	N/A
WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	0.981	0.645	0.645	N/A
2.4GHz Band	Bluetooth (Estimated)	N/A	0.088	0.088	N/A

	Head:	0.981 W/kg	
Max Scaled SAR _{1g} (W/Kg):	Body-worn:	0.670 W/kg	Limit(W/kg): 1.6 W/kg
	Hotspot:	0.670 W/kg	

Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR _{1g}	1.315 W/kg	Limit/\//kg\: 1.6\//kg
(W/Kg):	1.515 W/kg	Limit(W/kg): 1.6 W/kg

Note:

- This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population or uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue; specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992), and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.
- When the test result is a critical value, we will use the measurement uncertainty give the judgment result based on the 95% risk level.



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2. Technical Information

Note: Provide by applicant.

2.1. Applicant and Manufacturer Information

Applicant:	BLU Products, Inc.	
Applicant Address:	10814 NW 33rd St # 100 Doral, FL 33172,USA	
Manufacturer:	BLU Products, Inc.	
Manufacturer Address:	10814 NW 33rd St # 100 Doral, FL 33172,USA	

2.2. Equipment under Test (EUT) Description

Product Name:	Smart Phone
IMEI:	352687740000805/01
Hardware Version:	V1.0
Software Version:	BLU_G0510WW_V11.0.02.01_GENERIC(user)
Frequency Bands:	GSM 850: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz
	GSM 1900: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz
	WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz
	WCDMA Band IV: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz
	WCDMA Band V: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz
	LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz
	LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz
	LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz
	LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz
	LTE Band 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz
	LTE Band 17: 704 MHz ~ 716 MHz
	LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620MHz
	WLAN 2.4GHz: 2412 MHz ~ 2472 MHz
	Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Modulation Mode:	GSM/GPRS: GMSK
	EDGE: 8PSK
	WCDMA: QPSK
	LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM
	802.11b: DSSS
	802.11/g/n-HT20: OFDM
	Bluetooth: GFSK(1Mbps), π/4-DQPSK(2Mbps), 8-DPSK(3Mbps)
Multi-slot Class:	GPRS: Multi-slot Class 12; EDGE: Multi-slot Class 12





Operation Class:	Class B			
Hotspot Mode:	Support	Support		
Antenna Type:	WWAN: PIFA Antenna			
	WLAN: PIFA Antenna			
	Bluetooth: PIFA Antenna			
SIM Cards Description:	SIM 1 GSM + WCDMA + LTE			
	SIM 2 GSM + WCDMA + LTE			
	For dual SIM card version, SIM 1 and SIM 2 are the same chipset unit			
	and tested as a single	e chipset, the SIM 1 is selected for testing		

2.3. Accessories Information

Battery:	Manufacturer:	Hunan GaoYuan Battery Co.,LTD
	Brand Name:	BLU
	Model:	C926647400P
	Capacity:	4000mAh
	Rated Voltage:	3.85V

Note:

For a more detailed description, please refer to specification or user's manual supplied by the applicant and/or manufacturer.



2.4. Environment of Test Site/Conditions

Normal Temperature (NT):	20-25 °C
Relative Humidity:	30-75 %
Air Pressure:	980-1020 hPa

Test Frequency:	GSM 850MHz/1900MHz
	WCDMA Band II/IV/V
	FDD-LTE Band 2/4/5/7/12/17
	TDD-LTE Band 38
	WLAN 2.4GHz
Operation Mode:	Call established
Power Level:	GSM 850 MHz (Maximum output power(level 5)
	GSM 1900MHz (Maximum output power(level 0)
	WCDMA Band II/IV/V (All Up Bits)
	FDD-LTE Band 2/4/5/712/17 (Maximum output power)
	TDD-LTE Band 38 (Maximum output power)
	WLAN 2.4GHz

During SAR test, EUT is in Traffic Mode (Channel Allocated) at Normal Voltage Condition. A communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link, and a call is established.

The EUT shall use its internal transmitter. The antenna(s), battery and accessories shall be those specified by the Factory. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output. If a wireless link is used, the antenna connected to the output of the base station simulator shall be placed at least 50 cm away from the handset.

The signal transmitted by the simulator to the antenna feeding point shall be lower than the output power level of the handset by at least 35 dB.





3. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

3.1. Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational or controlled and general population or uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational or controlled exposure limits are Middle than the limits for general population or uncontrolled.

3.2. SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by(dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density. (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{odv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg).

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by,

$$SAR = C\left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t}\right)$$

Where C is the specific head capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and |E| is the rmselectrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.





4. RF Exposure Limits

4.1. Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

4.2. Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Type Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment Limit
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for head and trunk)	1.6 W/kg
Spatial Peak SAR (10g cube tissue for limbs)	4.0 W/kg
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for whole body)	0.08 W/kg

Note:

- Occupational/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).
- 2. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.





5. Applied Reference Documents

Leading reference documents for testing:

		Method	
Identity	Document Title	Determination	
		/Remark	
FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)	Radio Frequency Radiation Exposure	No deviation	
FGC 47 GFR Fait 2(2.1093)	Evaluation: Portable Devices	No deviation	
	IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining		
	the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption		
IEEE 1528-2013	Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless	No deviation	
	Communications Devices: Measurement		
	Techniques		
KDB 447498 D01v06	General RF Exposure Guidance	No deviation	
KDB 248227 D01v02r02	SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11	No deviation	
NDB 240221 D01V02102	Transmitters	No deviation	
KDB 865664 D01v01r04	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz	No deviation	
KDB 865664 D02v01r02	RF Exposure Reporting	No deviation	
KDB 648474 D04v01r03	Handset SAR	No deviation	
KDB 941225 D01v03r01	3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES	No deviation	
KDB 941225 D05v02r05	SAR Evaluation Consideration for LTE Devices	No deviation	
KDP 041225 D06y02r01	SAR Evaluation Procedures For Portable	No doviction	
KDB 941225 D06v02r01	Devices With Wireless Router Capabilities	No deviation	
Note 4. The test item is not one	<u> </u>		

Note 1: The test item is not applicable.

Note 2: Additions to, deviation, or exclusions from the method shall be judged in the "method determination" column of add, deviate or exclude from the specific method shall be explained in the "Remark" of the above table.



6. SAR Measurement System

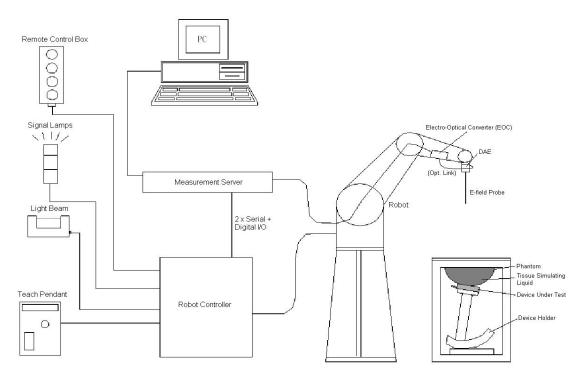


Fig 6.1 SPEAG DASY System Configurations

The DASY system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software.
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) attached to the robot arm extension.
- A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- > The electro-optical converter (ECO) performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- > A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows XP.
- DASY software.
- Remove control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warming lamps, etc.
- > The SAM twin phantom.
- A device holder.
- Tissue simulating liquid.
- Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system.
- Some of the components are described in details in the following sub-sections.





6.1. E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

E-Field Probe Specification <ES3DV3 Probe>

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Frequency	10 MHz to 3 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16 mm) Tip diameter: 6.8 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm



<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Directivity	\pm 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) \pm 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm





E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than ± 10%. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within ± 0.25 dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, and NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix C of this report.

6.2. Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics(DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The input impedance of the DAE is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Fig 6.4 Photo of DAE

6.3. Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY4: RX90BL; DASY5: TX90XL) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY4: CS7MB; DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)

High reliability (industrial design)

Jerk-free straight movements

Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



Fig 6.5 Photo of DASY5



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6.4. Measurement Server

The measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with CPU (DASY4: 166 MHz, Intel Pentium; DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chip disk (DASY4: 32 MB; DASY5: 128 MB), RAM (DASY4: 64 MB, DASY5: 128 MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.



Fig 6.6 Photo of Server for DASY5

6.5. Light Beam Unit

The light beam switch allows automatic "tooling" of the probe. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.



Fig. 6.7 Photo of Light Beam

6.6. Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)			
	Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm			
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters			
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet			
Measurement Areas	Left Head, Right Head, Flat Phantom			



Fig. 6.8 Photo of SAM Phantom





The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

6.7. Device Holder

<Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom>

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of \pm 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of \pm 20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity ε = 3 and loss tangent δ = 0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

<Laptop Extension Kit>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Fig 6.9 Device Holder

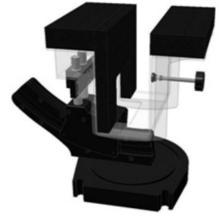


Fig 6.10 Laptop Extension Kit

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6.8. Data Storage and Evaluation

> Data Storage

The DASY software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files. The post-processing software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of erroneous parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with an incorrect crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type (e.g., [V/m], [A/m], [mW/g]). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or give meaningless results, e.g., a SAR-output in a non-lose media, will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation

The DASY post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software.

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	$Norm_i,a_{i0},a_{i1},a_{i2}$
	- Conversion factor	$ConvF_{i}$
	- Diode compression point	dcpi
Device parameters:	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters:	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the



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diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.

The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \times \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

With

Vi = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

Ui = input signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) dcpi = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\text{E-field Probes:} E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{\text{Norm }_i \times \text{ConvF}}}$$

H-field Probes:
$$H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \times \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1} + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

With

 V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i, (i = x, y, z), $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

a_{ii} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \times \frac{\sigma}{\rho \times 1000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

 ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid.



6.9. Test Equipment List

Manuelantuman	Name of Engineers	T /B4l - l	Serial	Calibration		
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Number	Last Cal.	Due Date	
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1173	2018.06.21	2021.06.20	
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d227	2018.06.22	2021.06.21	
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1160	2018.06.25	2021.06.24	
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d221	2018.06.22	2021.06.21	
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	805	2018.10.26	2021.10.25	
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1139	2018.06.25	2021.06.24	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7608	2020.11.27	2021.11.26	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1643	2020.11.30	2021.11.29	
SPEAG	Dielectric Assessment KIT	DAK-3.5	1279	2020.10.20	2021.10.19	
SPEAG	SAM-Twin	QD 000 P41 Ax	2020	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR	
R&S	Network Emulator	CMW500	165755	2021.02.25	2022.02.24	
Agilent	Network Analyzer	E5071B	MY42404762	2021.03.29	2022.03.28	
mini-circuits	Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	608501717	NCR	NCR	
Agilent	Signal Generator	N5182B	MY53050509	2021.03.25	2022.03.24	
Agilent	Power Senor	N8482A	MY41090849	2020.10.19	2021.10.18	
Agilent	Power Meter	E4416A	MY45102093	2020.10.19	2021.10.18	
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	N/A	2020.10.19	2021.10.18	
Anritsu	Power Meter	NRVD	101066	2020.10.19	2021.10.18	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	NA	NA	
MCL	Attenuation1	351-218-010	N/A	NA	NA	
KTJ	Thermo meter	TA298	N/A	2021.01.05	2022.01.04	
SPEAG	Tissue Simulating Liquids	700-6000MHz	N/A	24	‡H	

Note:

- The calibration certificate of DASY can be referred to appendix E of this report.
- The Insertion Loss calibration of Dual Directional Coupler and Attenuator were characterized via the network analyzer and compensated during system check.
- 3. The dielectric probe kit was calibrated via the network analyzer, with the specified procedure (calibrated in pure water) and calibration kit (standard) short circuit, before the dielectric measurement. The specific procedure and calibration kit are provided by Speag.
- In system check we need to monitor the level on the power meter, and adjust the power amplifier level to have precise power level to the dipole; the measured SAR will be normalized to 1W input



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power according to the ratio of 1W to the input power to the dipole. For system check, the calibration of the power amplifier is deemed not critically required for correct measurement; the power meter is critical and we do have calibration for it.

- 5. Attenuator insertion loss is calibrated by the network Analyzer, which the calibration is valid, before system check.
- 6. N.C.R means No Calibration Requirement.





7. Tissue Simulating Liquids

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15cm, which is shown in Fig. 7.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig.

7.2. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed in below table.





Fig 7.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR

Fig 7.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids

							<u> </u>	
Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)
	•			Head				
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0
				Body				
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7
2600	68.1	0	0	0.1	0	31.8	2.16	52.5

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG.

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

Note: Please refer to the validation results for dielectric parameters of each frequency band.



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The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a SPEAG Dielectric Assessment KIT and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

Table 1: Dielectric Performance of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Table 1: Dielectric Performance of Tissue Simulating Liquid							
Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Delta (σ) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
750	HSL	22.1	0.873	0.89	-1.91	±5	2021.04.10
835	HSL	22.1	0.919	0.90	2.11	±5	2021.04.14
1750	HSL	22.4	1.412	1.37	3.07	±5	2021.04.17
1900	HSL	22.4	1.433	1.40	2.36	±5	2021.04.19
2450	HSL	22.1	1.869	1.80	3.83	±5	2021.04.20
2600	HSL	22.2	1.985	1.96	1.28	±5	2021.04.21
Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Permittivity (εr)	Permittivity Target (εr)	Delta (εr) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
750	HSL	22.1	41.873	41.90	-0.06	±5	2021.04.10
835	HSL	22.1	41.777	41.50	0.67	±5	2021.04.14
1750	HSL	22.4	40.266	40.10	0.41	±5	2021.04.17
1900	HSL	22.4	40.368	40.00	0.92	±5	2021.04.19
2450	HSL	22.1	39.521	39.20	0.82	±5	2021.04.20
2600	HSL	22.2	39.889	39.00	2.28	±5	2021.04.21



8. SAR System Verification

Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

System Validation

According to FCC KDB 865664 D02, SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy. The SAR systems (including SAR probes, system components and software versions) used for this device were validated against its performance specifications prior to the SAR measurements. Reference dipoles are used with the required tissue-equivalent media for system validation, according to the procedures outlined in FCC KDB 865664 D01 and IEEE 1528-2013. Since SAR probe calibrations are frequency dependent, each probe calibration point must be validated at a frequency within the valid frequency range of the probe calibration point, using the system that normally operates with the probe for routine SAR measurements and according to the required tissue-equivalent media. A tabulated summary of the system validation status, measurement frequencies, SAR probes, calibrated signal type(s) and tissue dielectric parameters has been included.

Purpose of System Performance check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

System Setup

The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 24 dBm (250 mW) before dipole is connected. In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurements in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system verification setup is shown as below.







Fig 8.1 Photo of Dipole Setup

Spacer Tuning domant Spacer Spacer X 20 Finds pacific ner Filt Fhanton Oppole Signal Generator Alt3 Alt2

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Fig 8.2 System Setup for System Evaluation

Validation Results

After system check testing, the SAR result will be normalized to 1W forward input power and compared with the reference SAR value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 10 %.

<Validation Setup>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power(mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N
750	HSL	250	D750V3-1173	7608	1643
835	HSL	250	D835V2-4d227	7608	1643
1750	HSL	250	D1750V2-1160	7608	1643
1900	HSL	250	D1900V2_5d221	7608	1643
2450	HSL	250	D2450V2-805	7608	1643
2600	HSL	250	D2600V2-1139	7608	1643

Frequency	Tissue	Conductivity	Permittivity (εr)	cw s	Signal Valida	tion
(MHz)	Туре	(σ)		Sensitivity	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy
750	HSL	0.851	42.43	PASS	PASS	PASS
835	HSL	0.898	41.88	PASS	PASS	PASS
1750	HSL	1.386	39.91	PASS	PASS	PASS
1800	HSL	1.449	41.26	PASS	PASS	PASS
1900	HSL	1.435	39.65	PASS	PASS	PASS
2000	HSL	1.451	39.42	PASS	PASS	PASS
2300	HSL	1.764	38.99	PASS	PASS	PASS
2450	HSL	1.863	38.85	PASS	PASS	PASS
2600	HSL	1.973	38.58	PASS	PASS	PASS
5250	HSL	4.528	35.32	PASS	PASS	PASS
5600	HSL	4.905	34.89	PASS	PASS	PASS





	5750	HSL	5.077	34.28	PASS	PASS	PASS	
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Frequency	Tissue Type	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)	Modulation Signal Validation			
(MHz)				Mod. Type	Duty Factor	PAR	
750	HSL	0.851	42.43	N/A	N/A	N/A	
835	HSL	0.898	41.88	GMSK	PASS	N/A	
1750	HSL	1.386	39.91	N/A	N/A	N/A	
1800	HSL	1.449	41.26	N/A	N/A	N/A	
1900	HSL	1.435	39.65	GMSK	PASS	N/A	
2000	HSL	1.451	39.42	GMSK	PASS	N/A	
2300	HSL	1.764	38.99	OFDM	PASS	PASS	
2450	HSL	1.863	38.85	OFDM	PASS	PASS	
2600	HSL	1.973	38.58	TDD	PASS	N/A	
5250	HSL	4.528	35.32	OFDM	N/A	PASS	
5600	HSL	4.905	34.89	OFDM	N/A	PASS	
5750	HSL	5.077	34.28	OFDM	N/A	PASS	

<Validation Results>

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2021.04.10	750	HSL	2.08	8.26	8.32	0.73
2021.04.14	835	HSL	2.37	9.34	9.48	1.50
2021.04.17	1750	HSL	9.47	37.10	37.88	2.10
2021.04.19	1900	HSL	10.16	39.50	40.64	2.89
2021.04.20	2450	HSL	13.38	52.00	53.52	2.92
2021.04.21	2600	HSL	13.72	54.00	54.88	1.63

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 10g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 10g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2021.04.10	750	HSL	1.33	5.45	5.32	-2.39
2021.04.14	835	HSL	1.51	6.07	6.04	-0.49
2021.04.17	1750	HSL	5.16	20.00	20.64	3.20
2021.04.19	1900	HSL	5.22	20.60	20.88	1.36
2021.04.20	2450	HSL	6.24	24.10	24.96	3.57
2021.04.21	2600	HSL	6.33	24.50	25.32	3.35

Note: System checks the specific test data please see Annex C.





9. EUT Testing Position

This EUT was tested in six different positions. They are right cheek/right tilted/left cheek/left tilted for head, Front/Back of the EUT with phantom 10 mm gap, as illustrated below, please refer to Appendix B for the test setup photos.

Handset Reference Points

The vertical centre line passes through two points on the front side of the handset – the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset.

The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centre line and passes the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the handset at point A.

The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centre line is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.



Fig. 9.1 Illustration for Cheek Position

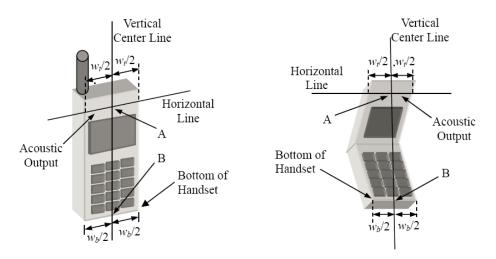


Fig. 9.2 Illustration for Handset Vertical and Horizontal Reference Lines



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Positioning for Cheek / Touch

To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.

To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost (see below figure)



Fig 9.3 Illustration for Cheek Position

➤ Positioning for Ear / 15° Tilt

To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.

While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost (see figure below).



Fig 9.4 Illustration for Tilted Position



> SAR Evaluations near the Mouth/Jaw Regions of the SAM Phantom

Antennas located near the bottom of a phone may require SAR measurements around the mouth and jaw regions of the SAM head phantom. This typically applies to clam-shell style phones that are generally longer in the unfolded normal use positions or to certain older style long rectangular phones.

Under these circumstances, the following procedures apply, adopted from the FCC guidance on SAR handsets document FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03. The SAR required in these regions of SAM should be measured using a flat phantom. The phone should be positioned with a separation distance of 4 mm between the ear reference point (ERP) and the outer surface of the flat phantom shell. While maintaining this distance at the ERP location, the low (bottom) edge of the phone should be lowered from the phantom to establish the same separation distance between the peak SAR locations identified by the truncated partial SAR distribution measured with the SAM phantom. The distance from the peak SAR location to the phone is determined by the straight line passing perpendicularly through the phantom surface. When it is not feasible to maintain 4 mm separation at the ERP while also establishing the required separation at the peak SAR location, the top edge of the phone will be allowed to touch the phantom with a separation < 4 mm at the ERP. The phone should not be tilted to the left or right while placed in this inclined position to the flat phantom.

Body-worn Configurations

The body-worn configurations shall be tested with the supplied accessories (belt-clips, holsters, etc.) attached to the device in normal use configuration.

For body-worn and other configurations a flat phantom shall be used which is comprised of material with electrical properties similar to the corresponding tissues.

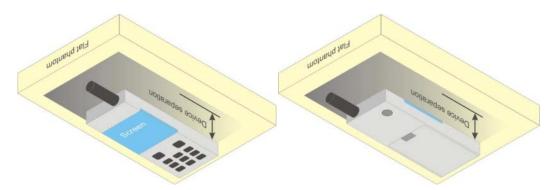


Fig 9.5 Illustration for Body Worn Position



Hotspot Mode Exposure Position Conditions

For handsets that support hotspot mode operations, with wireless router capabilities and various web browsing functions, the relevant hand and body exposure conditions are tested according to the hotspot SAR procedures in KDB 941225. A test separation distance of 10 mm is required between the phantom and all surfaces and edges with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm from that surface or edge. When the form factor of a handset is smaller than 9 cm x 5 cm, a test separation distance of 5 mm (instead of 10 mm) is required for testing hotspot mode. When the separation distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, in the same wireless mode and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration (surface).

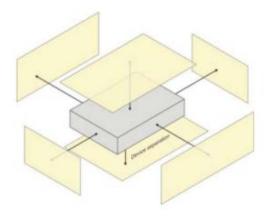


Fig 9.6 Illustration for Hotspot Position

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10. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power.

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band.
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement.
- (b) Area scan.
- (c) Zoom scan.
- (d) Power drift measurement.

10.1. Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.



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The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan.
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters).
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume.
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid.
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface.
- (f)Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g.

10.2. Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

10.3. Area Scan Procedures

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a10mm² step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maxima founding the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE1528-2003.

10.4. Zoom Scan Procedures

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m³ is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 1g cube 21,5mm. The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal





practice for typical test applications utilize a physical step of 5x5x7 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 30mm in the Z axis.

10.5. SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Sheppard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

10.6. Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the DUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of DUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.





11. SAR Test Procedure

11.1. General Scan Requirements

Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std. 1528-2013.

			≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance fro (geometric center of p		measurement point ors) to phantom surface	5 mm ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location			30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
			\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm	
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}			\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm [*]	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*	
	uniform	grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
	grid	Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n-1) \text{ mm}$		
Minimum zoom scan volume	V V 7		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	
Note: S is the penatrat	ion donth	of a plana mana at nama	al incidence to the tiggue modi	um: goo IEEE Std	

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

^{*} When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.





11.2. Test Procedure

The Following steps are used for each test position

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface.
- 2. Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- 3. Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- 4. Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

11.3. Description of Interpolation/Extrapolation Scheme

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimize measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

11.4. Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x $W \ge 9 \text{ cm x 5 cm}$) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined form general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the



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body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.





12. SAR Test Configuration

<GSM Mode>

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

For GSM850 frequency band, the power control is set to 5 for GSM/GPRS mode (GSMK-CS1) and set to 8 for EDGE mode (MCS5); For GSM1900 frequency band, the power control is set to 0 for GSM/GPRS mode (GSMK-CS1) and set to 2 for EDGE mode (MCS5).

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900 is considered as the primary mode.
- 3. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes.

Timeslot consignations:

Remark:

 The frame-averaged power is linearly reported the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots. The calculated method are shown as below:

The duty cycle "x" of different time slots as below:

1 TX slot is 1/8, 2 TX slots is 2/8, 3 TX slots is 3/8 and 4 TX slots is 4/8

Based on the calculation formula:

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power + 10 1og (x)

So,

Frame-averaged power (1 TX slot) = Burst averaged power (1 TX slot) – 9.03

Frame-averaged power (2 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (2 TX slots) – 6.02

Frame-averaged power (3 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (3 TX slots) – 4.26

Frame-averaged power (4 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (4 TX slots) - 3.01

CS1 coding scheme was used in GPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing, MCS5 coding scheme was used in EGPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing (if necessary).

No. of Slots:	Slot 1	Slot 2	Slot 3	Slot 4
Slot Consignation:	1Up4Down	2Up3Down	3Up2Down	4Up1Down
Duty Cycle:	1:8.3	1:4.15	1:2.77	1:2.08
Correct Factor:	-9.03dB	-6.02dB	-4.26dB	-3.01dB





<WCDMA Mode>

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Summary of UMTS conducted power measurement:

- The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.
- 2. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
- 3. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.
- 4. For HSPA+ devices supporting 16 QAM in the uplink, power measurements procedure is according to the configurations in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+ is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+ to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+) are less than ¼ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+.
- 6. A fixed level power reduction is applied for WCDMA Band II when handset open Hotspot mode, the power reduction triggered.

HSDPA Setup Configuration

Sub-test	β.	β_d	β _d (SF)	β_c/β_d	$\beta_{hs}^{(I)}$	CM (dB) ⁽²⁾
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	12/15 ⁽³⁾	24/15	1.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 *\beta_c$

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$.

Note 3: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.





HSUPA Setup Configuration

Sub- test	βε	β_d	β _d (SF)	β_c/β_d	${\beta_{hs}}^{(1)}$	β_{ec}	β_{ed}	β _{ed} (SF)	β _{ed} (codes)	CM ⁽²⁾ (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG ⁽⁴⁾ Index	E- TFCI
1	11/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	11/15 ⁽³⁾	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed1} : 47/15 β_{ed2} : 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	64	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

- Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{COI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 *\beta_c$.
- Note 2: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.
- Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.
- Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g.
- Note 6: β_{ed} cannot be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

HSPA+ 3GPP release 7 (uplink category 7) 16QAM, Setup Configuration:

Table C.11.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH with 16QAM

Sub- test	β _c (Note3)	β _d	β _{HS} (Note1)	β _{ec}	β _{ed} (2xSF2) (Note 4)	β _{ed} (2xSF4) (Note 4)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)		E-TFCI (Note 5)	
1	1	0	30/15	30/15	β _{ed} 1: 30/15 β _{ed} 2: 30/15	β _{ed} 3; 24/15 β _{ed} 4; 24/15	3.5	2.5	14	105	105

- Note 1: \triangle ACK, \triangle NACK and \triangle CQI = 30/15 with β _{ts} = 30/15 * β _c.
- Note 2: CM = 3.5 and the MPR is based on the relative CM difference, MPR = MAX(CM-1,0).
- Note 3: DPDCH is not configured, therefore the β_e is set to 1 and β_d = 0 by default.
- Note 4: Bed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.
- Note 5: All the sub-tests require the UE to transmit 2SF2+2SF4 16QAM EDCH and they apply for UE using E-DPDCH category 7. E-DCH TTI is set to 2ms TTI and E-DCH table index = 2. To support these E-DCH configurations DPDCH is not allocated. The UE is signaled to use the extrapolation algorithm.





DC-HSDPA Setup Configuration

The following tests were completed according to procedures in section 7.3.13 of 3GPP TS34.108 v9.5.0. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

Downlink Physical Channels are set as per 3GPP TS34.121-1 v9.0.0 E.5.

Table E.5.0: Levels for HSDPA connection setup

Parameter During Connection setup	Unit	Value
P-CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
P-CCPCH and SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
PICH _Ec/lor	dB	-15
HS-PDSCH	dB	off
HS-SCCH_1	dB	off
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-5
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-3.1

Call is set up as per 3GPP TS34.108 v9.5.0 sub clause 7.3.13

The configurations of the fixed reference channels for HSDPA RF tests are described in 3GPP TS 34.121, annex C for FDD and 3GPP TS 34.122.



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Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

	Parameter	Unit	Value				
Nominal	Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60				
Inter-TTI	Distance	TTI's	1				
Number	of HARQ Processes	Proces	6				
	2 4 11 11 1 4 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ses	0				
Informati	on Bit Payload ($N_{\scriptscriptstyle INF}$)	Bits	120				
Number	Code Blocks	Blocks	1				
Binary C	hannel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960				
Total Ava	ailable SML's in UE	SML's	19200				
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc. SML's 32							
Coding F	late		0.15				
Number	of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1				
Modulation	on		QPSK				
Note 1:	The RMC is intended to be used to	or DC-HSD	PA				
	mode and both cells shall transmit	with identi	ical				
	parameters as listed in the table.						
Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e.,							
retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and							
	constellation version 0 shall be use	ed.					

Inf. Bit Payload	120				
CRC Addition	120	24 CRC			
Code Block Segmentation	144				
Turbo-Encoding (R=1/3)			432	12	Tail Bits
1st Rate Matching			432		
RV Selection		960			
Physical Channel Segmentation	960				

Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

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<LTE Mode>

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LTE Target MPR level

The device implements maximum power reduction per 3GPP 36.101 requirements where the MPR target is as below table. The MPR settings are implemented configured into firmware and cannot be disabled by the end user or LTE carrier network.

	Channel	bandwidth	ration [RB]	MPR	3GPP			
Modulation	1.4	3.0	5	10	15	20	Target	MPR
	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	(dB)	(dB)
QPSK	> 5	>4	>8	> 12	> 16	>18	1	≤ 1
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤4	≤8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	1	≤ 1
64 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	2	<u>≤</u> 2

Note: The measurement result showed some difference from the target MPR level, due to expected 0.5dBmeasurement tolerance

LTE Bands

	Channel b	andwidth / Tr	ansmission b	oandwidth co	nfiguration [l	RB]
LTE Bands	1.4	3.0	5	10	15	20
	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz
2	√	√	√	√	√	√
4	√	√	√	√	√	√
5	√	√	√	√	N/A	N/A
7	N/A	N/A	√	√	√	√
12	√	√	√	√	N/A	N/A
17	N/A	N/A	√	√	N/A	N/A
38	N/A	N/A	√	√	√	√

Note:

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported





SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ Db higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported band width is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 7. For LTE B4 / B5 / B7 / B17 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
- 8. LTE band 12 SAR test was covered by Band 17; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
 - The maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is ≤ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion.
 - b. The channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band.
- 9. According to 2017 TCB workshop, for 64 QAM and 16 QAM should be verified by checking the signal constellation with a call box to avoid incorrect maximum power levels due to MPR and other requirements associated with signal modulation, and the following figure is taken from the "Fundamental Measurement >> Modulation Analysis >> constellation" mode of the device connect to the CMW500 base station, therefore, the device 64QAM and 16QAMsignal modulation are correct. Identify if Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) is optional or mandatory, i.e. built-in by design: only mandatory MPR may be considered during SAR testing, when the maximum output power is permanently limited by the MPR implemented within the UE; and only for the applicable RB (resource block) configurations specified in LTE standards: b) A-MPR (additional MPR) must be disabled.
- 10. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
 - For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
 - d. For WLAN/Bluetooth: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
 - e. For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the



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theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix 63.3%/62.9% = 1.006 is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The Reported TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)* Tune-up Scaling Factor* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.

- 11. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1 -g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1 -g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- 12. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- 13. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.

<WLAN 2.4GHz>

- 1. SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either the fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:
 - a. When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is \leq 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
 - b. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that position using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.
- 2.4 GHz 802.11 g/n OFDM are additionally evaluated for SAR if the highest reported SAR for 802.11b, adjusted by the ratio of the OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power, is > 1.2 W/kg. When SAR is required for OFDM modes in 2.4 GHz band, the Initial Test configuration Procedures should be followed.
- 3. For held-to-ear and hotspot operations, the initial test position procedures were applied. The test position with the highest extrapolated peak SAR will be used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test positions was required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.
- 4. Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 D02DR02-41929 for 2.4 GHz WI-FI single transmission chain operations, the highest measured maximum output power channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. SAR for OFDM modes (2.4 GHz802.11g/n) was not required due to the maximum allowed powers and the highest reported DSSSSAR.
- 5. A fixed level power reduction is applied for WiFi when handset operates "held to the body" condition or "held to the ear" condition, the power reduction triggered by audio receiver detection and call



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establish status.

- Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements.SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions:
 - a. When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
 - When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

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13. Conducted RF Output Power

GSM Conducted Power

GSM850	Burst Av	erage Pow	er (dBm)	Tune-up	Frame-A	verage Pow	er (dBm)	Tune-up
TX Channel	128	189	251	Limit	128	189	251	Limit
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)
GSM 1 Tx slot	32.60	32.80	32.84	33.00	23.60	23.80	23.84	24.00
GPRS 1 Tx slot	32.65	32.73	32.80	33.00	23.65	23.73	23.80	24.00
GPRS 2 Tx slots	30.21	30.53	30.31	31.00	24.21	24.53	24.31	25.00
GPRS 3 Tx slots	28.25	28.33	28.55	29.00	23.99	24.07	24.29	24.74
GPRS 4 Tx slots	26.12	26.24	26.33	27.00	23.12	23.24	23.33	24.00
EDGE 1 Tx slot	25.93	26.10	25.67	27.00	16.93	17.10	16.67	18.00
EDGE 2 Tx slots	25.81	25.58	25.74	26.00	19.81	19.58	19.74	20.00
EDGE 3 Tx slots	24.16	24.07	24.18	25.00	19.90	19.81	19.92	20.74
EDGE 4 Tx slots	22.10	22.19	22.15	23.00	19.10	19.19	19.15	20.00

GSM1900	Burst Ave	erage Powe	er (dBm)	Tune-up	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up
TX Channel	512	661	810	Limit	512	661	810	Limit
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	(dBm)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	(dBm)
GSM 1 Tx slot	29.85	29.95	29.99	30.00	20.85	20.95	20.99	21.00
GPRS 1 Tx slot	29.84	29.95	29.97	30.00	20.84	20.95	20.97	21.00
GPRS 2 Tx slots	27.68	27.30	26.97	28.00	21.68	21.30	20.97	22.00
GPRS 3 Tx slots	25.28	25.58	25.38	27.00	22.02	21.32	21.12	22.74
GPRS 4 Tx slots	23.97	23.62	23.20	24.00	20.97	20.62	20.20	21.00
EDGE 1 Tx slot	25.78	26.05	25.22	27.00	16.78	17.05	16.22	18.00
EDGE 2 Tx slots	25.47	26.04	25.17	27.00	19.47	20.04	19.17	21.00
EDGE 3 Tx slots	23.84	24.12	23.70	25.00	19.58	19.86	19.44	20.74
EDGE 4 Tx slots	21.49	22.19	21.50	23.00	18.49	19.19	18.50	20.00

Timeslot consignations:

	1			T
No. of Slots	Slot 1	Slot 2	Slot 3	Slot 4
Slot Consignation	1Up4Down	2Up3Down	3Up2Down	4Up1Down
Duty Cycle	1:8.3	1:4.15	1:2.77	1:2.08
Correct Factor	-9.03dB	-6.02dB	-4.26dB	-3.01dB





WCDMA Conducted Power

E	Band	,	WCDMA Band II		
TX	Channel	9262	9400	9538	Tune-up Limit
Rx(Channel	9662	9800	9938	(dBm)
Freque	ency (MHz)	1852.4	1880	1907.6	
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	22.47	22.48	22.55	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	22.49	22.53	22.48	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	22.22	22.24	22.15	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	22.45	22.48	22.37	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	22.12	22.16	22.04	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	22.34	22.36	22.28	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	22.32	22.32	22.21	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	22.34	22.43	22.26	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	22.32	22.30	22.20	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	22.34	22.36	22.26	23.00

В	and	V	1		
TX C	Channel	1312	1413	1513	Tune-up Limit
Rx C	Channel	1537	1638	1738	(dBm)
Freque	ncy (MHz)	1712.4	1732.6	1752.6	
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	23.15	23.18	23.27	24.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	20.92	20.75	20.88	21.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	21.54	21.40	21.48	22.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	21.53	21.36	21.46	22.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	21.57	21.41	21.50	22.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	22.10	22.07	22.09	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	22.09	22.03	22.04	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	22.04	22.07	22.06	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	22.01	22.03	22.00	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	22.07	22.09	22.04	23.00



В	and	V			
TX C	Channel	4132	4183	4233	Tune-up Limit
Rx C	Channel	4357	4407	4458	(dBm)
Freque	Frequency (MHz)			846.6	
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	22.62	22.60	22.65	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	22.19	22.22	22.00	22.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	21.79	21.98	21.79	22.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	21.53	21.73	21.57	22.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	21.45	21.59	21.46	22.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	22.52	22.53	22.48	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	22.49	22.48	22.44	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	22.51	22.49	22.45	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	22.46	22.45	22.40	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	22.52	22.51	22.46	23.00

> LTE Conducted Power

<FDD-LTE Band 2>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Middle Channel	High Channel	Tuno un limit	
	Channe	el		18700	18900	19100	Tune-up limit (dBm)	
	Frequency (MHz)		1860	1880	1900		
20	QPSK	1	0	22.69	22.82	22.77		
20	QPSK	1	49	22.68	22.64	22.74	23.5	
20	QPSK	1	99	22.7	22.74	22.62		
20	QPSK	50	0	21.88	22.01	21.79		
20	QPSK	50	24	21.65	21.88	21.8	22 F	
20	QPSK	50	50	21.7	21.73	21.91	22.5	
20	QPSK	100	0	21.76	21.72	21.74		
20	16QAM	1	0	21.32	20.89	21.25		
20	16QAM	1	49	21.58	21.01	21.11	22.5	
20	16QAM	1	99	21.05	20.72	21.54		
20	16QAM	50	0	19.25	19.93	19.84		
20	16QAM	50	24	19.37	19.73	19.69	24	
20	16QAM	50	50	20.12	20.21	19.57	21	
20	16QAM	100	0	19.75	20.03	19.71		
20	64QAM	1	0	21.37	20.96	21.47	22	



20 64QAM								
20 64QAM 50 0 19.45 19.94 19.79 20 64QAM 50 24 19.6 19.71 19.7 20 64QAM 50 50 20.06 20.14 19.57 20 64QAM 100 0 19.72 20.02 19.68 Channel 18675 18900 19125 Tune-up limit Frequency (MHz) 1857.5 1880 1902.5 (dBm) 15 QPSK 1 0 22.55 22.58 22.69 15 QPSK 1 37 22.59 22.54 22.79 23.5 15 QPSK 1 74 22.57 22.54 22.79 23.5 15 QPSK 36 0 21.75 21.69 21.88 22.7 15 QPSK 36 20 21.77 21.82 22.01 22.5 15 QPSK 36 39 21.82 21.	20	64QAM	1	49	20.88	20.7	20.78	
20 64QAM 50 24 19.6 19.71 19.7 20 64QAM 50 50 20.06 20.14 19.57 20 64QAM 100 0 19.72 20.02 19.68 Channel 18675 18900 19125 Tune-up limit (dBm) Frequency (MHz) 1857.5 1880 1902.5 (dBm) 15 QPSK 1 0 22.55 22.58 22.69 15 QPSK 1 0 22.55 22.54 22.79 23.5 15 QPSK 1 74 22.57 22.54 22.79 23.5 15 QPSK 36 0 21.75 21.69 21.88 22.7 15 QPSK 36 20 21.77 21.82 22.01 22.5 15 QPSK 75 0 21.6 21.73 21.92 25.5 15 16QAM 1 0	20	64QAM	1	99	20.81	20.64	20.93	
20 64QAM 50 50 20.06 20.14 19.57 21 20 64QAM 100 0 19.72 20.02 19.68 Tune-up limit Channel 18675 18900 19125 Tune-up limit (dBm) Frequency (MHz) 1857.5 1880 1902.5 (dBm) 15 QPSK 1 0 22.55 22.58 22.69 15 QPSK 1 37 22.59 22.54 22.79 23.5 15 QPSK 36 0 21.75 21.69 21.88 22.7 25.5 22.54 22.7 23.5 20.5 21.69 21.82 22.7 23.5 22.5 22.54 22.7 23.5 25.5 22.54 22.7 23.5 25.5 22.54 22.7 23.5 25.5 22.54 22.7 23.5 25.5 22.54 22.7 23.5 25.5 22.54 22.7 23.5 25.5 21.36	20	64QAM	50	0	19.45	19.94	19.79	
20 64QAM 50 50 20.06 20.14 19.57 20 64QAM 100 0 19.72 20.02 19.68 Channel 18675 18900 19125 Tune-up limit Frequency (MHz) 1857.5 1880 1902.5 (dBm) 15 QPSK 1 0 22.55 22.58 22.69 15 QPSK 1 37 22.59 22.54 22.79 23.5 15 QPSK 1 74 22.57 22.54 22.79 23.5 15 QPSK 36 0 21.75 21.69 21.88 21.88 22.7 21.82 22.01 22.5 22.54 22.7 23.5 22.5 22.54 22.7 23.5 21.88 20.7 21.82 22.01 22.5 22.5 22.5 22.5 21.82 22.01 22.5 22.5 22.5 22.5 22.5 22.5 21.51 21.82	20	64QAM	50	24	19.6	19.71	19.7	21
Channel 18675 18900 19125 Tune-up limit (dBm) Frequency (MHz) 1857.5 1880 1902.5 (dBm) 15 QPSK 1 0 22.55 22.58 22.69 15 QPSK 1 37 22.59 22.54 22.79 23.5 15 QPSK 1 74 22.57 22.54 22.7 23.5 15 QPSK 36 0 21.75 21.69 21.88 22.7 15 QPSK 36 20 21.77 21.82 22.01 22.5 15 QPSK 36 39 21.82 21.71 21.82 22.01 22.5 15 QPSK 75 0 21.6 21.73 21.92 21.5 22.5 15 16QAM 1 37 21.05 21.11 21.7 22.5 15 16QAM 1 74 21.12 20.92 21.57 15	20	64QAM	50	50	20.06	20.14	19.57	21
Frequency (MHz)	20	64QAM	100	0	19.72	20.02	19.68	
15 QPSK 1 0 22.55 22.58 22.69 15 QPSK 1 37 22.59 22.54 22.79 15 QPSK 1 74 22.57 22.54 22.7 15 QPSK 36 0 21.75 21.69 21.88 15 QPSK 36 20 21.77 21.82 22.01 15 QPSK 36 39 21.82 21.71 21.82 15 QPSK 36 39 21.6 21.73 21.92 15 16QAM 1 0 21.53 21.36 21.35 15 16QAM 1 37 21.05 21.11 21.7 22.5 15 16QAM 1 74 21.12 20.92 21.57 15 16QAM 36 0 19.3 19.67 19.92 15 16QAM 36 39 19.37 19.58 19.29		Channe	el		18675	18900	19125	Tune-up limit
15 QPSK 1 37 22.59 22.54 22.79 15 QPSK 1 74 22.57 22.54 22.7 15 QPSK 36 0 21.75 21.69 21.88 15 QPSK 36 20 21.77 21.82 22.01 15 QPSK 36 39 21.82 21.71 21.82 15 QPSK 36 39 21.82 21.71 21.82 15 QPSK 75 0 21.6 21.73 21.92 15 16QAM 1 0 21.53 21.36 21.35 15 16QAM 1 37 21.05 21.11 21.7 22.5 15 16QAM 1 74 21.12 20.92 21.57 15 16QAM 36 0 19.3 19.67 19.92 15 16QAM 36 20 19.21 19.44 19.55		Frequency ((MHz)		1857.5	1880	1902.5	(dBm)
15 QPSK 1 74 22.57 22.54 22.7 15 QPSK 36 0 21.75 21.69 21.88 15 QPSK 36 20 21.77 21.82 22.01 15 QPSK 36 39 21.82 21.71 21.82 15 QPSK 75 0 21.6 21.73 21.92 15 16QAM 1 0 21.53 21.36 21.35 15 16QAM 1 37 21.05 21.11 21.7 22.5 15 16QAM 1 74 21.12 20.92 21.57 22.5 15 16QAM 36 0 19.3 19.67 19.92 21.57 15 16QAM 36 20 19.21 19.44 19.55 20.5 15 16QAM 36 39 19.37 19.58 19.29 15 16QAM 75 0	15	QPSK	1	0	22.55	22.58	22.69	
15 QPSK 36 0 21.75 21.69 21.88 15 QPSK 36 20 21.77 21.82 22.01 15 QPSK 36 39 21.82 21.71 21.82 15 QPSK 75 0 21.6 21.73 21.92 15 16QAM 1 0 21.53 21.36 21.35 15 16QAM 1 37 21.05 21.11 21.7 22.5 15 16QAM 1 74 21.12 20.92 21.57 22.5 15 16QAM 36 0 19.3 19.67 19.92 2.5 15 16QAM 36 20 19.21 19.44 19.55 20.5 15 16QAM 36 39 19.37 19.58 19.29 20.5 15 16QAM 75 0 19.33 19.66 19.58 19.29 15 64QAM	15	QPSK	1	37	22.59	22.54	22.79	23.5
15 QPSK 36 20 21.77 21.82 22.01 15 QPSK 36 39 21.82 21.71 21.82 15 QPSK 75 0 21.6 21.73 21.92 15 16QAM 1 0 21.53 21.36 21.35 15 16QAM 1 37 21.05 21.11 21.7 15 16QAM 1 74 21.12 20.92 21.57 15 16QAM 36 0 19.3 19.67 19.92 15 16QAM 36 20 19.21 19.44 19.55 15 16QAM 36 39 19.37 19.58 19.29 15 16QAM 36 39 19.33 19.66 19.58 15 64QAM 1 0 21.13 20.6 21.11 15 64QAM 1 37 20.95 20.75 21.36 22 <td>15</td> <td>QPSK</td> <td>1</td> <td>74</td> <td>22.57</td> <td>22.54</td> <td>22.7</td> <td></td>	15	QPSK	1	74	22.57	22.54	22.7	
15 QPSK 36 39 21.82 21.71 21.82 22.5 15 QPSK 75 0 21.6 21.73 21.92 21.92 15 16QAM 1 0 21.53 21.36 21.35 22.5 15 16QAM 1 37 21.05 21.11 21.7 22.5 15 16QAM 1 74 21.12 20.92 21.57 21.57 15 16QAM 36 0 19.3 19.67 19.92 20.5 15 16QAM 36 20 19.21 19.44 19.55 20.5 15 16QAM 36 39 19.37 19.58 19.29 20.5 15 16QAM 75 0 19.33 19.66 19.58 20.5 15 64QAM 1 0 21.13 20.6 21.11 22 15 64QAM 1 74 21.36 20.	15	QPSK	36	0	21.75	21.69	21.88	
15 QPSK 36 39 21.82 21.71 21.82 15 QPSK 75 0 21.6 21.73 21.92 15 16QAM 1 0 21.53 21.36 21.35 15 16QAM 1 37 21.05 21.11 21.7 22.5 15 16QAM 1 74 21.12 20.92 21.57 15 16QAM 36 0 19.3 19.67 19.92 15 16QAM 36 20 19.21 19.44 19.55 15 16QAM 36 39 19.37 19.58 19.29 15 16QAM 36 39 19.33 19.66 19.58 15 64QAM 1 0 21.13 20.6 21.11 15 64QAM 1 37 20.95 20.75 21.36 22 15 64QAM 1 74 21.36 20.48	15	QPSK	36	20	21.77	21.82	22.01	22.5
15 16QAM 1 0 21.53 21.36 21.35 15 16QAM 1 37 21.05 21.11 21.7 22.5 15 16QAM 1 74 21.12 20.92 21.57 22.5 15 16QAM 36 0 19.3 19.67 19.92 19.92 15 16QAM 36 20 19.21 19.44 19.55 20.5 20.5 15 16QAM 36 39 19.37 19.58 19.29 20.5 20.6 21.11 20.	15	QPSK	36	39	21.82	21.71	21.82	22.5
15 16QAM 1 37 21.05 21.11 21.7 22.5 15 16QAM 1 74 21.12 20.92 21.57 15 16QAM 36 0 19.3 19.67 19.92 15 16QAM 36 20 19.21 19.44 19.55 15 16QAM 36 39 19.37 19.58 19.29 15 16QAM 75 0 19.33 19.66 19.58 15 64QAM 1 0 21.13 20.6 21.11 15 64QAM 1 37 20.95 20.75 21.36 22 15 64QAM 1 74 21.36 20.48 21.06 15 64QAM 36 0 19.32 19.74 19.89 15 64QAM 36 39 19.4 19.63 19.28 15 64QAM 36 39 19.4 19.67 <td>15</td> <td>QPSK</td> <td>75</td> <td>0</td> <td>21.6</td> <td>21.73</td> <td>21.92</td> <td></td>	15	QPSK	75	0	21.6	21.73	21.92	
15 16QAM 1 74 21.12 20.92 21.57 15 16QAM 36 0 19.3 19.67 19.92 15 16QAM 36 20 19.21 19.44 19.55 15 16QAM 36 39 19.37 19.58 19.29 15 16QAM 75 0 19.33 19.66 19.58 15 64QAM 1 0 21.13 20.6 21.11 15 64QAM 1 37 20.95 20.75 21.36 22 15 64QAM 1 74 21.36 20.48 21.06 15 64QAM 36 0 19.32 19.74 19.89 15 64QAM 36 20 19.31 19.49 19.57 15 64QAM 36 39 19.4 19.63 19.28 15 64QAM 75 0 19.37 19.67 19.6<	15	16QAM	1	0	21.53	21.36	21.35	
15 16QAM 36 0 19.3 19.67 19.92 15 16QAM 36 20 19.21 19.44 19.55 15 16QAM 36 39 19.37 19.58 19.29 15 16QAM 75 0 19.33 19.66 19.58 15 64QAM 1 0 21.13 20.6 21.11 15 64QAM 1 37 20.95 20.75 21.36 22 15 64QAM 1 74 21.36 20.48 21.06 15 64QAM 36 0 19.32 19.74 19.89 15 64QAM 36 20 19.31 19.49 19.57 15 64QAM 36 39 19.4 19.63 19.28 15 64QAM 75 0 19.37 19.67 19.6 15 64QAM 75 0 19.37 19.67 19.6 </td <td>15</td> <td>16QAM</td> <td>1</td> <td>37</td> <td>21.05</td> <td>21.11</td> <td>21.7</td> <td>22.5</td>	15	16QAM	1	37	21.05	21.11	21.7	22.5
15 16QAM 36 20 19.21 19.44 19.55 15 16QAM 36 39 19.37 19.58 19.29 15 16QAM 75 0 19.33 19.66 19.58 15 64QAM 1 0 21.13 20.6 21.11 15 64QAM 1 37 20.95 20.75 21.36 22 15 64QAM 1 74 21.36 20.48 21.06 15 64QAM 36 0 19.32 19.74 19.89 15 64QAM 36 20 19.31 19.49 19.57 15 64QAM 36 39 19.4 19.63 19.28 15 64QAM 75 0 19.37 19.67 19.6 Channel 18650 18900 19150 Tune-up limit Frequency (MHz) 1855 1880 1905 (dBm)	15	16QAM	1	74	21.12	20.92	21.57	
15 16QAM 36 39 19.37 19.58 19.29 15 16QAM 75 0 19.33 19.66 19.58 15 64QAM 1 0 21.13 20.6 21.11 15 64QAM 1 37 20.95 20.75 21.36 22 15 64QAM 1 74 21.36 20.48 21.06 15 64QAM 36 0 19.32 19.74 19.89 15 64QAM 36 20 19.31 19.49 19.57 15 64QAM 36 39 19.4 19.63 19.28 15 64QAM 75 0 19.37 19.67 19.6 Channel 18650 18900 19150 Tune-up limit Frequency (MHz) 1855 1880 1905 (dBm)	15	16QAM	36	0	19.3	19.67	19.92	
15 16QAM 36 39 19.37 19.58 19.29 15 16QAM 75 0 19.33 19.66 19.58 15 64QAM 1 0 21.13 20.6 21.11 15 64QAM 1 37 20.95 20.75 21.36 22 15 64QAM 1 74 21.36 20.48 21.06 15 64QAM 36 0 19.32 19.74 19.89 15 64QAM 36 20 19.31 19.49 19.57 15 64QAM 36 39 19.4 19.63 19.28 15 64QAM 75 0 19.37 19.67 19.6 Channel 18650 18900 19150 Tune-up limit Frequency (MHz) 1855 1880 1905 (dBm)	15	16QAM	36	20	19.21	19.44	19.55	20 F
15 64QAM 1 0 21.13 20.6 21.11 15 64QAM 1 37 20.95 20.75 21.36 22 15 64QAM 1 74 21.36 20.48 21.06	15	16QAM	36	39	19.37	19.58	19.29	20.5
15 64QAM 1 37 20.95 20.75 21.36 22 15 64QAM 1 74 21.36 20.48 21.06 21.06 15 64QAM 36 0 19.32 19.74 19.89 19.89 15 64QAM 36 20 19.31 19.49 19.57 20.5 15 64QAM 36 39 19.4 19.63 19.28 20.5 15 64QAM 75 0 19.37 19.67 19.6 19.6 Channel 18650 18900 19150 Tune-up limit Frequency (MHz) 1855 1880 1905 (dBm)	15	16QAM	75	0	19.33	19.66	19.58	
15 64QAM 1 74 21.36 20.48 21.06 15 64QAM 36 0 19.32 19.74 19.89 15 64QAM 36 20 19.31 19.49 19.57 15 64QAM 36 39 19.4 19.63 19.28 15 64QAM 75 0 19.37 19.67 19.6 Channel 18650 18900 19150 Tune-up limit Frequency (MHz) 1855 1880 1905 (dBm)	15	64QAM	1	0	21.13	20.6	21.11	
15 64QAM 36 0 19.32 19.74 19.89 15 64QAM 36 20 19.31 19.49 19.57 15 64QAM 36 39 19.4 19.63 19.28 15 64QAM 75 0 19.37 19.67 19.6 Channel 18650 18900 19150 Tune-up limit Frequency (MHz) 1855 1880 1905 (dBm)	15	64QAM	1	37	20.95	20.75	21.36	22
15 64QAM 36 20 19.31 19.49 19.57 15 64QAM 36 39 19.4 19.63 19.28 15 64QAM 75 0 19.37 19.67 19.6 Channel 18650 18900 19150 Tune-up limit Frequency (MHz) 1855 1880 1905 (dBm)	15	64QAM	1	74	21.36	20.48	21.06	
15 64QAM 36 39 19.4 19.63 19.28 15 64QAM 75 0 19.37 19.67 19.6 Channel 18650 18900 19150 Tune-up limit Frequency (MHz) 1855 1880 1905 (dBm)	15	64QAM	36	0	19.32	19.74	19.89	
15 64QAM 36 39 19.4 19.63 19.28 15 64QAM 75 0 19.37 19.67 19.6 Channel 18650 18900 19150 Tune-up limit Frequency (MHz) 1855 1880 1905 (dBm)	15	64QAM	36	20	19.31	19.49	19.57	20.5
Channel 18650 18900 19150 Tune-up limit Frequency (MHz) 1855 1880 1905 (dBm)	15	64QAM	36	39	19.4	19.63	19.28	20.5
Frequency (MHz) 1855 1880 1905 (dBm)	15	64QAM	75	0	19.37	19.67	19.6	
		Channe	el		18650	18900	19150	Tune-up limit
		Frequency ((MHz)		1855	1880	1905	(dBm)
10 QPSK 1 0 22.62 23.01 22.63	10	QPSK	1	0	22.62	23.01	22.63	
10 QPSK 1 25 22.62 22.79 22.87 23.5	10	QPSK	1	25	22.62	22.79	22.87	23.5
10 QPSK 1 49 22.65 22.82 22.75	10	QPSK	1	49	22.65	22.82	22.75]
10 QPSK 25 0 21.62 21.65 21.99	10	QPSK	25	0	21.62	21.65	21.99	
10 QPSK 25 12 21.63 21.87 21.85	10	QPSK	25	12	21.63	21.87	21.85	22.5
10 QPSK 25 25 21.77 21.81 21.72 22.5	10	QPSK	25	25	21.77	21.81	21.72	22.5
10 QPSK 50 0 21.83 21.83 22	10	QPSK	50	0	21.83	21.83	22]



10	16QAM	1	0	21.38	21	21.17	
10	16QAM	1	25	21.48	20.92	21.55	22.5
10	16QAM	1	49	21.48	20.61	21.36	
10	16QAM	25	0	19.28	19.5	19.87	
10	16QAM	25	12	19.33	19.48	19.76	20.5
10	16QAM	25	25	19.46	19.76	19.67	20.5
10	16QAM	50	0	19.32	19.62	19.77	
10	64QAM	1	0	20.67	21.35	21.47	
10	64QAM	1	25	20.79	20.92	21.14	22
10	64QAM	1	49	20.48	21.06	21.09	
10	64QAM	25	0	19.36	19.61	19.82	
10	64QAM	25	12	19.38	19.43	19.75	20.5
10	64QAM	25	25	19.59	19.67	19.74	20.5
10	64QAM	50	0	19.42	19.74	19.75	
	Channe	el		18625	18900	19175	Tune-up limit
	Frequency ((MHz)		1852.5	1880	1907.5	(dBm)
5	QPSK	1	0	22.9	22.86	22.99	
5	QPSK	1	12	22.74	22.71	22.94	23.5
5	QPSK	1	24	22.83	22.74	22.9	
5	QPSK	12	0	21.8	21.82	21.86	
5	QPSK	12	7	21.71	21.79	21.87	22.5
5	QPSK	12	13	21.66	21.74	21.73	22.5
5	QPSK	25	0	21.65	21.66	21.96	
5	16QAM	1	0	20.92	20.66	20.74	
5	16QAM	1	12	20.96	20.63	21.08	22
5	16QAM	1	24	20.86	20.91	21.12	
5	16QAM	12	0	19.32	19.51	19.37	
5	16QAM	12	7	19.51	19.57	19.38	20.5
5	16QAM	12	13	19.35	19.49	19.16	20.5
5	16QAM	25	0	19.37	19.44	19.37	
5	64QAM	1	0	21.28	21.34	21.12	
5	64QAM	1	12	20.73	21.4	21.18	22.5
5	64QAM	1	24	21.13	21.63	21.07	
5	64QAM	12	0	19.34	19.35	19.41	
5	64QAM	12	7	19.46	19.49	19.44	20.5
5	64QAM	12	13	19.35	19.44	19.04	20.5
5	64QAM	25	0	19.34	19.43	19.29	
	Channe	el		18615	18900	19185	Tune-up limit
- Chairio							



Гиа жиз в вы <i>(</i> /	N 41 1-\		40E4 E	4000	4000 F	(dD:==)
	,					(dBm)
						23.5
QPSK			21.67	21.76	21.95	
QPSK	8	4	21.71	21.78	21.78	22.5
QPSK	8	7	21.82	21.83	21.76	
QPSK	15	0	21.76	21.85	21.84	
16QAM	1	0	20.48	21.08	21.11	
16QAM	1	8	20.92	20.74	21.54	22.5
16QAM	1	14	20.94	20.89	21.25	
16QAM	8	0	19.27	19.41	19.35	
16QAM	8	4	19.38	19.3	19.41	20.5
16QAM	8	7	19.29	19.4	19.2	20.5
16QAM	15	0	19.51	19.3	19.32	
64QAM	1	0	21.26	20.97	20.84	
64QAM	1	8	20.9	20.53	21.07	22
64QAM	1	14	20.85	20.51	20.91	
64QAM	8	0	19.35	19.37	19.24	
64QAM	8	4	19.53	19.32	19.39	00.5
64QAM	8	7	19.46	19.48	19.23	20.5
64QAM	15	0	19.42	19.27	19.3	
Channe	el		18607	18900	19193	Tune-up limit
Frequency (MHz)		1850.7	1880	1909.3	(dBm)
QPSK	1	0	22.73	22.77	22.77	
QPSK	1	3	22.75	22.68	22.8	
QPSK	1	5	22.68	22.74	22.77	00.5
QPSK	3	0	22.78	22.81	22.95	23.5
QPSK	3	1	22.7	22.85	22.82	
QPSK	3	3	22.77	22.82	22.9	
QPSK	6	0	21.76	21.75	21.82	22.5
16QAM	1	0	20.73	21.03	20.62	
16QAM	1	3	20.6	20.8	20.78	
16QAM	1	5	20.64	20.8	21.04	
16QAM	3	0	20.97	20.74	21.11	22
16QAM	3	1	20.99	20.93	21.25	
16QAM	3	3	21	20.9	21.17	
16QAM	6		19.55	19.47	19.13	20.5
	QPSK QPSK QPSK QPSK QPSK QPSK QPSK 16QAM 16QAM 16QAM 16QAM 64QAM	QPSK 1 QPSK 8 QPSK 8 QPSK 15 16QAM 1 16QAM 1 16QAM 1 16QAM 8 16QAM 8 16QAM 8 16QAM 15 64QAM 1 64QAM 1 64QAM 8 64QAM 8 64QAM 8 64QAM 8 64QAM 8 64QAM 15 Channel Frequency (MHz) QPSK 1 QPSK 1 QPSK 1 QPSK 3 QPSK 3 QPSK 3 QPSK 3 QPSK 3 QPSK 6 16QAM 1 16QAM 1 16QAM 1 16QAM 3 16QAM 3 16QAM 3 16QAM	QPSK 1 0 QPSK 1 8 QPSK 1 14 QPSK 8 0 QPSK 8 7 QPSK 15 0 16QAM 1 0 16QAM 1 0 16QAM 1 14 16QAM 1 14 16QAM 8 0 16QAM 8 7 16QAM 15 0 64QAM 1 0 64QAM 1 14 64QAM 1 14 64QAM 8 0 64QAM 8 7 64QAM 15 0 Channel Frequency (MHz) QPSK 1<	QPSK 1 0 22.78 QPSK 1 8 22.77 QPSK 1 14 22.76 QPSK 8 0 21.67 QPSK 8 4 21.71 QPSK 8 7 21.82 QPSK 15 0 21.76 16QAM 1 0 20.48 16QAM 1 0 20.48 16QAM 1 0 20.48 16QAM 1 0 20.48 16QAM 1 14 20.94 16QAM 1 14 20.94 16QAM 8 0 19.27 16QAM 8 7 19.29 16QAM 8 7 19.29 16QAM 1 0 21.26 64QAM 1 1 20.99 64QAM 1 14 20.85 64QAM 8 7 19.46 </td <td>OPSK 1 0 22.78 22.69 OPSK 1 8 22.77 22.57 OPSK 1 14 22.76 22.69 OPSK 8 0 21.67 21.76 OPSK 8 7 21.82 21.83 OPSK 15 0 21.76 21.85 16QAM 1 0 20.48 21.08 16QAM 1 0 20.48 21.08 16QAM 1 0 20.48 21.08 16QAM 1 14 20.94 20.89 16QAM 1 14 20.94 20.89 16QAM 8 0 19.27 19.41 16QAM 8 4 19.38 19.3 16QAM 8 7 19.29 19.4 16QAM 1 0 21.26 20.97 64QAM 1 0 21.26 20.97 64QAM</td> <td>QPSK 1 0 22.78 22.69 22.69 QPSK 1 8 22.77 22.57 22.81 QPSK 1 14 22.76 22.69 22.78 QPSK 8 0 21.67 21.76 21.95 QPSK 8 7 21.82 21.83 21.78 QPSK 15 0 21.76 21.85 21.84 16QAM 1 0 20.48 21.08 21.11 16QAM 1 0 20.48 21.08 21.11 16QAM 1 0 20.48 21.08 21.11 16QAM 1 14 20.94 20.89 21.25 16QAM 1 14 20.94 20.89 21.25 16QAM 8 4 19.38 19.3 19.41 19.35 16QAM 8 7 19.29 19.4 19.2 16QAM 1 0 21.26<!--</td--></td>	OPSK 1 0 22.78 22.69 OPSK 1 8 22.77 22.57 OPSK 1 14 22.76 22.69 OPSK 8 0 21.67 21.76 OPSK 8 7 21.82 21.83 OPSK 15 0 21.76 21.85 16QAM 1 0 20.48 21.08 16QAM 1 0 20.48 21.08 16QAM 1 0 20.48 21.08 16QAM 1 14 20.94 20.89 16QAM 1 14 20.94 20.89 16QAM 8 0 19.27 19.41 16QAM 8 4 19.38 19.3 16QAM 8 7 19.29 19.4 16QAM 1 0 21.26 20.97 64QAM 1 0 21.26 20.97 64QAM	QPSK 1 0 22.78 22.69 22.69 QPSK 1 8 22.77 22.57 22.81 QPSK 1 14 22.76 22.69 22.78 QPSK 8 0 21.67 21.76 21.95 QPSK 8 7 21.82 21.83 21.78 QPSK 15 0 21.76 21.85 21.84 16QAM 1 0 20.48 21.08 21.11 16QAM 1 0 20.48 21.08 21.11 16QAM 1 0 20.48 21.08 21.11 16QAM 1 14 20.94 20.89 21.25 16QAM 1 14 20.94 20.89 21.25 16QAM 8 4 19.38 19.3 19.41 19.35 16QAM 8 7 19.29 19.4 19.2 16QAM 1 0 21.26 </td



1.4	64QAM	1	0	21.33	20.65	21.15	
1.4	64QAM	1	3	20.73	20.82	20.99	
1.4	64QAM	1	5	21.05	20.74	20.74	22
1.4	64QAM	3	0	21.05	20.72	20.94	22
1.4	64QAM	3	1	20.98	21.17	21.09	
1.4	64QAM	3	3	20.88	20.86	21.06	
1.4	64QAM	6	0	19.34	19.45	19.14	20.5

<FDD-LTE Band 4>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Middle Channel	High Channel	- Tune-up limit
	Channe	el		20050	20175	20300	(dBm)
	Frequency ((MHz)		1720	1732.5	1745	
20	QPSK	1	0	22.6	22.76	22.67	
20	QPSK	1	49	22.53	22.58	22.61	23.5
20	QPSK	1	99	22.64	22.62	22.56	
20	QPSK	50	0	21.79	21.85	21.65	
20	QPSK	50	24	21.72	21.65	21.69	22.5
20	QPSK	50	50	21.74	21.62	21.67	22.5
20	QPSK	100	0	21.63	21.38	21.65	
20	16QAM	1	0	21.64	21.49	21.72	
20	16QAM	1	49	21.35	21.21	21.26	22.5
20	16QAM	1	99	21.6	20.79	20.92	
20	16QAM	50	0	18.48	18.8	19.06	
20	16QAM	50	24	18.78	18.97	19.06	20.5
20	16QAM	50	50	19.34	19.45	19.31	20.5
20	16QAM	100	0	18.9	19.1	19.17	
20	64QAM	1	0	21.02	21.04	20.69	
20	64QAM	1	49	20.53	20.97	21.21	22
20	64QAM	1	99	21.14	20.88	20.61	
20	64QAM	50	0	18.49	18.79	19.06	
20	64QAM	50	24	18.74	19.05	19.06	20
20	64QAM	50	50	19.32	19.4	19.3	20
20	64QAM	100	0	18.89	19.13	19.18	
	Channel			20025	20175	20325	Tune-up limit
	Frequency ((MHz)		1717.5	1732.5	1747.5	(dBm)



15	QPSK	1	0	22.82	22.67	22.65	
15	QPSK	1	37	22.58	22.6	22.69	23.5
15	QPSK	1	74	22.64	22.6	22.69	
15	QPSK	36	0	21.69	21.72	21.75	
15	QPSK	36	20	21.72	21.75	21.72	22.5
15	QPSK	36	39	21.7	21.63	21.6	22.5
15	QPSK	75	0	21.77	21.77	21.66	
15	16QAM	1	0	21.01	21.32	21.07	
15	16QAM	1	37	20.87	21.53	21.51	22.5
15	16QAM	1	74	20.52	20.8	21.13	
15	16QAM	36	0	18.68	18.84	19.05	
15	16QAM	36	20	18.72	19	19.01	20
15	16QAM	36	39	18.98	19.01	19	20
15	16QAM	75	0	18.83	18.97	19.03	
15	64QAM	1	0	21.15	21.29	20.55	
15	64QAM	1	37	20.78	21.05	20.36	22
15	64QAM	1	74	20.67	21.2	20.88	
15	64QAM	36	0	18.68	18.94	19.07	
15	64QAM	36	20	18.74	19.04	18.98	20
15	64QAM	36	39	19	19.08	18.92	20
15	64QAM	75	0	18.79	19.09	19.07	
	Channe	el		20000	20175	20350	Tune-up limit
	Frequency	(MHz)		1715	1732.5	1750	(dBm)
10	QPSK	1	0	22.71	22.71	22.65	
10	QPSK	1	25	22.68	22.73	22.52	23.5
10	QPSK	1	49	22.43	22.68	22.64	
10	QPSK	25	0	21.69	21.65	21.68	
10	QPSK	25	12	21.67	21.8	21.71	22.5
10	QPSK	25	25	21.63	21.75	21.63	22.5
10	QPSK	50	0	21.67	21.8	21.86	
10	16QAM	1	0	21.64	20.66	20.54	
10	16QAM	1	25	21.3	20.53	20.53	22.5
10	16QAM	1	49	21.26	20.92	20.59	
10	16QAM	25	0	18.53	18.95	19.12	
10	16QAM	25	12	18.69	19.12	19.09	20
10	16QAM	25	25	18.95	19.3	19.22	20
10	16QAM	50	0	18.76	19.22	19.23	
10	64QAM	1	0	20.81	20.97	20.57	22



10 64QAM 1 25 21.3 21.38 20.37 10 64QAM 1 49 20.9 21.06 20.86 10 64QAM 25 0 18.53 18.95 19.21 10 64QAM 25 12 18.64 19.17 19.16 10 64QAM 25 25 18.96 19.36 19.21 10 64QAM 50 0 18.75 19.12 19.18 Channel 19975 20175 20375 Tune-up lim Frequency (MHz) 1712.5 1732.5 1752.5 (dBm) 5 QPSK 1 0 22.86 22.79 22.77 5 QPSK 1 12 22.75 22.75 22.7 23.5 5 QPSK 1 24 22.71 22.74 22.75
10 64QAM 25 0 18.53 18.95 19.21 10 64QAM 25 12 18.64 19.17 19.16 10 64QAM 25 25 18.96 19.36 19.21 10 64QAM 50 0 18.75 19.12 19.18 Channel 19975 20175 20375 Tune-up lim Frequency (MHz) 1712.5 1732.5 1752.5 (dBm) 5 QPSK 1 0 22.86 22.79 22.77 5 QPSK 1 12 22.75 22.75 22.7 23.5 5 QPSK 1 24 22.71 22.74 22.75 23.5
10 64QAM 25 12 18.64 19.17 19.16 20 10 64QAM 25 25 18.96 19.36 19.21 19.21 10 64QAM 50 0 18.75 19.12 19.18 19.18 Channel 19975 20175 20375 Tune-up lim Frequency (MHz) 1712.5 1732.5 1752.5 (dBm) 5 QPSK 1 0 22.86 22.79 22.77 5 QPSK 1 12 22.75 22.75 22.7 23.5 5 QPSK 1 24 22.71 22.74 22.75 22.75
10 64QAM 25 25 18.96 19.36 19.21 10 64QAM 50 0 18.75 19.12 19.18 Channel 19975 20175 20375 Tune-up lim Frequency (MHz) 1712.5 1732.5 1752.5 (dBm) 5 QPSK 1 0 22.86 22.79 22.77 23.5 5 QPSK 1 12 22.75 22.75 22.75 23.5 5 QPSK 1 24 22.71 22.74 22.75
10 64QAM 25 25 18.96 19.36 19.21 10 64QAM 50 0 18.75 19.12 19.18 Channel 19975 20175 20375 Tune-up lim Frequency (MHz) 1712.5 1732.5 1752.5 (dBm) 5 QPSK 1 0 22.86 22.79 22.77 5 QPSK 1 12 22.75 22.75 22.75 23.5 5 QPSK 1 24 22.71 22.74 22.75
Channel 19975 20175 20375 Tune-up lim Frequency (MHz) 1712.5 1732.5 1752.5 (dBm) 5 QPSK 1 0 22.86 22.79 22.77 5 QPSK 1 12 22.75 22.75 22.7 23.5 5 QPSK 1 24 22.71 22.74 22.75
Frequency (MHz) 1712.5 1732.5 1752.5 (dBm) 5 QPSK 1 0 22.86 22.79 22.77 5 QPSK 1 12 22.75 22.75 22.7 23.5 5 QPSK 1 24 22.71 22.74 22.75
5 QPSK 1 0 22.86 22.79 22.77 5 QPSK 1 12 22.75 22.75 22.7 23.5 5 QPSK 1 24 22.71 22.74 22.75
5 QPSK 1 12 22.75 22.75 22.7 23.5 5 QPSK 1 24 22.71 22.74 22.75
5 QPSK 1 24 22.71 22.74 22.75
- 000// 10 0 0 0 0
5 QPSK 12 0 21.71 21.65 21.8
5 QPSK 12 7 21.62 21.75 21.72 22.5
5 QPSK 12 13 21.61 21.7 21.68
5 QPSK 25 0 21.81 21.57 21.79
5 16QAM 1 0 20.56 20.48 21.08
5 16QAM 1 12 20.5 20.5 21.03 22
5 16QAM 1 24 20.52 20.41 21.05
5 16QAM 12 0 18.67 18.84 18.95
5 16QAM 12 7 18.89 19.07 19.03
5 16QAM 12 13 18.76 18.95 18.74
5 16QAM 25 0 18.63 18.83 18.92
5 64QAM 1 0 20.87 21.35 20.38
5 64QAM 1 12 20.75 21.33 20.42 22
5 64QAM 1 24 20.65 21.24 20.59
5 64QAM 12 0 18.59 18.71 18.96
5 64QAM 12 7 18.78 19.02 18.97
5 64QAM 12 13 18.71 18.93 18.79
5 64QAM 25 0 18.69 18.85 18.88
Channel 19965 20175 20385 Tune-up lim
Frequency (MHz) 1711.5 1732.5 1753.5 (dBm)
3 QPSK 1 0 22.72 22.64 22.52
3 QPSK 1 8 22.65 22.74 22.59 23.5
3 QPSK 1 14 22.61 22.67 22.56
3 QPSK 8 0 21.72 21.69 21.8
3 QPSK 8 4 21.8 21.74 21.74
3 QPSK 8 7 21.63 21.7 21.66 22.5
3 QPSK 15 0 21.72 21.69 21.71



3	16QAM	1	0	21.58	21.19	21.68	
3	16QAM	1	8	21.59	21.57	21.75	22.5
3	16QAM	1	14	21.59	21.51	21.28	
3	16QAM	8	0	18.84	19.01	18.83	
3	16QAM	8	4	18.82	19.05	18.97	20
3	16QAM	8	7	18.83	19.16	18.89	20
3	16QAM	15	0	18.8	19.01	18.94	
3	16QAM	1	0	20.75	20.77	21.29	
3	16QAM	1	8	21	20.67	20.97	22
3	16QAM	1	14	20.71	21.03	20.86	
3	16QAM	8	0	18.74	19.02	18.92	
3	16QAM	8	4	18.69	19.05	18.88	20
3	16QAM	8	7	18.88	18.95	19.01	20
3	16QAM	15	0	18.64	18.99	18.84	
	Channe	el		19957	20175	20393	Tune-up limit
Frequency (MHz)				1710.7	1732.5	1754.3	(dBm)
1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.62	22.51	22.6	
1.4	QPSK	1	3	22.66	22.55	22.51	
1.4	QPSK	1	5	22.75	22.56	22.51	22.5
1.4	QPSK	3	0	22.81	22.7	22.77	23.5
1.4	QPSK	3	1	22.94	22.66	22.75	
1.4	QPSK	3	3	22.75	22.7	22.79	
1.4	QPSK	6	0	21.67	21.62	21.67	22.5
1.4	16QAM	1	0	21.05	21.18	21.6	
1.4	16QAM	1	3	21.38	20.95	21.72	
1.4	16QAM	1	5	21.24	21.16	21.29	22.5
1.4	16QAM	3	0	21.15	21	20.99	22.5
1.4	16QAM	3	1	21.16	21.07	20.99	
1.4	16QAM	3	3	21.13	20.95	20.91	
1.4	16QAM	6	0	18.85	19.05	18.77	20
1.4	16QAM	1	0	20.89	21.03	20.73	
1.4	16QAM	1	3	21.17	20.7	20.95	
1.4	16QAM	1	5	21.42	21	20.84	22.5
1.4	16QAM	3	0	20.9	20.92	21.01	22.5
1.4	16QAM	3	1	20.92	21.1	20.78	
1.4	16QAM	3	3	21.28	21.03	21.11	
1.4	16QAM	6	0	18.52	19.02	18.7	20
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<FDD-LTE Band 5>

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BW	Modulation	RB	RB	Low Channel	Middle	High		
[MHz]	Modulation	Size	Offset	Low Grianner	Channel	Channel	Tuno un limit	
	Channe	el		20450	20525	20600	Tune-up limit (dBm)	
	Frequency ((MHz)		829	836.5	844		
10	QPSK	1	0	23.03	23.21	23.05		
10	QPSK	1	25	23.18	23.15	23.02	24	
10	QPSK	1	49	22.96	23.14	22.97		
10	QPSK	25	0	22.26	22.27	22.16		
10	QPSK	25	12	22.23	22.2	22.3		
10	QPSK	25	25	22.12	22.08	22.02	23	
10	QPSK	50	0	22.22	22.04	22.19		
10	16QAM	1	0	21.54	21.46	21.9		
10	16QAM	1	25	21.82	21.09	21.49	22.5	
10	16QAM	1	49	21.72	21.65	21.69	1	
10	16QAM	25	0	19.43	18.87	20.05		
10	16QAM	25	12	19.46	19.05	19.72		
10	16QAM	25	25	19.48	19.27	19.44	20.5	
10	16QAM	50	0	19.4	19.1	19.76		
10	64QAM	1	0	21.14	21.33	21.37		
10	64QAM	1	25	20.75	21.07	21.29	22	
10	64QAM	1	49	21.1	21.61	21.06		
10	64QAM	25	0	19.4	18.91	20.16		
10	64QAM	25	12	19.37	19.1	19.78]	
10	64QAM	25	25	19.36	19.19	19.38	21.5	
10	64QAM	50	0	19.4	19.07	19.76		
	Channe	el		20425	20525	20625	Tune-up limit	
	Frequency ((MHz)		826.5	836.5	846.5	(dBm)	
5	QPSK	1	0	23.14	23.11	23.21		
5	QPSK	1	12	23.24	23.15	23.22	24	
5	QPSK	1	24	23.17	23.18	23.2		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.96	22.19	22.05		
5	QPSK	12	7	22.08	22.08	22.16		
5	QPSK	12	13	22.12	22.1	22.21	23	
5	QPSK	25	0	22.14	22.07	22.18	1	
5	16QAM	1	0	20.91	20.95	21.33	22.5	



5	16QAM	1	12	20.82	21.44	21.11	
5	16QAM	1	24	20.93	21.73	21.03	
5	16QAM	12	0	19.01	18.85	19.31	
5	16QAM	12	7	19.17	19.12	19.29	20
5	16QAM	12	13	18.96	19.06	18.82	20
5	16QAM	25	0	18.91	18.97	19.11	
5	64QAM	1	0	20.99	21.6	21.3	
5	64QAM	1	12	21.54	21.48	21.23	22.5
5	64QAM	1	24	21.22	21.47	21.08	
5	64QAM	12	0	19	18.94	19.36	
5	64QAM	12	7	18.99	19.07	19.2	20
5	64QAM	12	13	18.9	18.93	18.89	20
5	64QAM	25	0	18.95	19.03	19.16	
	Channe	el		20415	20525	20635	Tune-up limit
	Frequency ((MHz)		825.5	836.5	847.5	(dBm)
3	QPSK	1	0	23.08	23.02	23.21	
3	QPSK	1	8	22.96	23.04	23.31	24
3	QPSK	1	14	22.98	22.95	23.24	
3	QPSK	8	0	22.07	22.23	22.36	
3	QPSK	8	4	22.11	22.12	22.35	23
3	QPSK	8	7	22.19	22.1	22.15	23
3	QPSK	15	0	22.16	22.08	22.22	
3	16QAM	1	0	21.91	21.64	21.72	
3	16QAM	1	8	21.91	21.87	21.75	22.5
3	16QAM	1	14	21.45	21.81	21.18	
3	16QAM	8	0	18.94	19.06	19	
3	16QAM	8	4	19.14	19.15	19.02	20
3	16QAM	8	7	19.07	19.2	18.93	20
3	16QAM	15	0	19.03	19.05	19.04	
3	64QAM	1	0	20.97	20.75	21.22	
3	64QAM	1	8	21.22	20.75	21.23	22
3	64QAM	1	14	21.32	21	20.88	
3	64QAM	8	0	18.94	19.06	19.1	
3	64QAM	8	4	19.07	19.11	19	20
3	64QAM	8	7	18.98	19.04	18.87	
3	64QAM	15	0	18.92	19.01	18.92	
	Channel				20525	20643	Tune-up limit
	Frequency ((MHz)		824.7	836.5	848.3	(dBm)



1.4	QPSK	1	0	23.05	23.02	23.2	
1.4	QPSK	1	3	23.13	22.96	23.26	
1.4	QPSK	1	5	23.04	22.98	23.24	24
1.4	QPSK	3	0	23.18	23.16	23.3	24
1.4	QPSK	3	1	23.23	23.19	23.24	
1.4	QPSK	3	3	23.19	23.15	23.35	
1.4	QPSK	6	0	22.12	22.14	22.16	23
1.4	16QAM	1	0	21.53	21.77	21.64	
1.4	16QAM	1	3	21.65	21.3	21.22	
1.4	16QAM	1	5	21.53	21.55	21.53	22.5
1.4	16QAM	3	0	21.69	21.48	21.45	22.5
1.4	16QAM	3	1	21.71	21.41	21.47	
1.4	16QAM	3	3	21.57	21.49	21.4	
1.4	16QAM	6	0	19.05	19.12	18.7	20
1.4	64QAM	1	0	21.04	20.88	20.67	
1.4	64QAM	1	3	20.99	20.92	20.96	
1.4	64QAM	1	5	21.38	21.17	20.9	22.5
1.4	64QAM	3	0	21.64	21.16	21.27	22.5
1.4	64QAM	3	1	21.53	21.33	21.36	
1.4	64QAM	3	3	21.73	21.33	21.45	
1.4	64QAM	6	0	18.81	18.88	18.73	19.5

<FDD-LTE Band 7>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Middle Channel	High Channel	Torra con Basis
	Channe	el		20850	21100	21350	Tune-up limit (dBm)
	Frequency ((MHz)		2510	2535	2560	
20	QPSK	1	0	22.71	22.92	22.67	
20	QPSK	1	49	22.71	22.81	22.81	23.5
20	QPSK	1	99	22.72	22.79	22.78	
20	QPSK	50	0	21.82	21.95	21.87	
20	QPSK	50	24	21.93	21.85	21.91	22.5
20	QPSK	50	50	21.91	21.93	21.87	22.5
20	QPSK	100	0	21.83	21.84	21.87	
20	16QAM	1	0	21.62	20.96	21.41	22.5
20	16QAM	1	49	21.51	20.82	21.68	22.5





20	16QAM	1	99	21.88	21.38	21.47	
20	16QAM	50	0	18.95	18.99	19.06	
20	16QAM	50	24	19.05	18.88	19.01	20
20	16QAM	50	50	19.19	19.16	19.36	20
20	16QAM	100	0	19.1	19.08	19.16	
20	64QAM	1	0	20.9	21.08	20.59	
20	64QAM	1	49	21.05	20.5	20.43	21.5
20	64QAM	1	99	20.75	20.85	20.56	
20	64QAM	50	0	19.09	18.96	19.02	
20	64QAM	50	24	19.12	18.88	18.99	20
20	64QAM	50	50	19.29	19.15	19.34	20
20	64QAM	100	0	19.15	19.03	19.2	
	Channe	el		20825	21100	21375	Tune-up limit
	Frequency ((MHz)		2507.5	2535	2562.5	(dBm)
15	QPSK	1	0	22.7	22.8	22.73	
15	QPSK	1	37	22.75	22.74	22.66	23.5
15	QPSK	1	74	22.77	22.83	22.75	
15	QPSK	36	0	21.92	21.98	21.77	
15	QPSK	36	20	21.8	21.99	21.87	00.5
15	QPSK	36	39	21.83	22.06	21.83	22.5
15	QPSK	75	0	21.92	21.8	21.79	
15	16QAM	1	0	21.81	21.53	21.5	
15	16QAM	1	37	21.79	21.39	21.84	22.5
15	16QAM	1	74	21.46	21.4	21.57	
15	16QAM	36	0	18.9	18.97	19.05	
15	16QAM	36	20	18.99	18.92	18.96	20
15	16QAM	36	39	19.03	19.07	19.09	20
15	16QAM	75	0	19.09	18.96	19.06	
15	64QAM	1	0	20.91	20.52	20.96	
15	64QAM	1	37	20.48	20.83	20.46	21.5
15	64QAM	1	74	20.81	20.83	20.72	
15	64QAM	36	0	19.09	19.08	19.04	
15	64QAM	36	20	19.02	19	18.89	20
15	64QAM	36	39	19.03	19.05	19.09	20
15	64QAM	75	0	18.99	19.13	19.05]
	Channel				21100	21400	Tune-up limit
	Frequency (MHz)			2505	2535	2565	(dBm)
10	QPSK	1	0	22.84	22.96	22.62	23.5



10	QPSK	1	25	22.88	22.9	22.61	
10	QPSK	1	49	22.87	22.89	22.93	
10	QPSK	25	0	21.79	21.74	21.88	
10	QPSK	25	12	21.88	21.84	21.86	22.5
10	QPSK	25	25	21.89	21.96	21.83	22.5
10	QPSK	50	0	21.93	21.87	21.83	
10	16QAM	1	0	20.76	20.81	20.72	
10	16QAM	1	25	20.98	20.91	20.66	22
10	16QAM	1	49	20.67	21.11	20.72	
10	16QAM	25	0	18.75	18.94	18.87	
10	16QAM	25	12	18.94	18.93	18.94	20
10	16QAM	25	25	19.3	19.03	19.21	20
10	16QAM	50	0	19.08	19.09	19.12	
10	64QAM	1	0	20.68	20.94	20.81	
10	64QAM	1	25	21.21	20.7	20.59	22
10	64QAM	1	49	21.14	20.81	21.06	
10	64QAM	25	0	18.91	18.99	18.96	
10	64QAM	25	12	19.1	19.12	18.93	20
10	64QAM	25	25	19.2	19.09	19.2	20
10	64QAM	50	0	19.02	19.07	19.08	
	Channe	el		20775	21100	21425	Tune-up limit
	Frequency	(MHz)		2502.5	2535	2567.5	(dBm)
5	QPSK	1	0	22.79	22.93	22.74	
5	QPSK	1	12	22.96	22.94	22.77	23.5
5	QPSK	1	24	23.01	22.96	22.88	
5	QPSK	12	0	21.99	21.98	21.91	
5	QPSK	12	7	21.89	22.01	21.87	22.5
5	QPSK	12	13	21.9	21.89	21.95	22.3
5	QPSK	25	0	21.85	21.86	21.83	
5	16QAM	1	0	20.62	20.65	21.15	
5	16QAM	1	12	20.57	20.62	21.16	22
5	16QAM	1	24	20.53	20.65	21.17	
5	16QAM	12	0	19.13	18.97	18.89	
5	16QAM	12	7	19.26	19.11	19.08	20
5	16QAM	12	13	19.15	18.94	18.95	
5	16QAM	25	0	19.13	18.9	18.71	
5	64QAM	1	0	20.75	20.72	21.03	- 22
5	64QAM	1	12	20.77	20.93	20.96	22



5	64QAM	1	24	20.82	20.84	20.95	
5	64QAM	12	0	18.99	18.94	18.86	
5	64QAM	12	7	19.23	19.04	19.08	20
5	64QAM	12	13	19.22	18.88	18.92	20
5	64QAM	25	0	19.15	18.94	18.86	

<FDD-LTE Band 12>

BW	Band 12>	RB	RB		Middle	High	
[MHz]	Modulation	Size	Offset	Low Channel	Channel	Channel	
[IVII 1Z]		SIZE	Oliset		Challie	Griatiliei	Tune-up limit
	Channe	el		23060	23095	23130	(dBm)
	Frequency ((MHz)		704	707.5	711	
10	QPSK	1	0	23.05	23.12	23.08	
10	QPSK	1	25	23.08	23.05	23.03	24
10	QPSK	1	49	23.04	23.07	23.09	1
10	QPSK	25	0	22.17	22.46	22.24	
10	QPSK	25	12	22.32	22.2	22.27	22
10	QPSK	25	25	22.26	22.28	22.25	23
10	QPSK	50	0	22.23	22.27	22.32	
10	16QAM	1	0	21.21	21.32	21.6	
10	16QAM	1	25	21.19	21.49	21.24	22.5
10	16QAM	1	49	21.67	21.39	21.96	
10	16QAM	25	0	18.53	18.47	18.55	
10	16QAM	25	12	18.66	18.43	18.67	20
10	16QAM	25	25	18.71	18.5	18.96	20
10	16QAM	50	0	18.78	18.48	18.77	
10	64QAM	1	0	21.37	20.7	21.5	
10	64QAM	1	25	21.17	21.46	21.07	22.5
10	64QAM	1	49	21.05	21.27	21.07	
10	64QAM	25	0	18.67	18.43	18.45	
10	64QAM	25	12	18.69	18.35	18.68	20
10	64QAM	25	25	18.81	18.53	19.11	20
10	64QAM	50	0	18.68	18.51	18.76	
	Channel			23035	23095	23155	Tune-up limit
	Frequency (MHz)			701.5	707.5	713.5	(dBm)
5	QPSK	1	0	23.21	23.1	23.16	24
5	QPSK	1	12	23.23	23.08	23.18	24



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5	QPSK	1	24	23.25	23.17	23.22	
5	QPSK	12	0	22.16	22.24	22.25	
5	QPSK	12	7	22	22.26	22.06	23
5	QPSK	12	13	22.26	22.34	22.07	23
5	QPSK	25	0	22.35	22.29	22.06	
5	16QAM	1	0	20.89	21.6	21.69	
5	16QAM	1	12	20.94	21.89	21.32	22.5
5	16QAM	1	24	20.96	21.66	21.25	
5	16QAM	12	0	18.5	18.23	18.63	
5	16QAM	12	7	18.83	18.25	18.84	20
5	16QAM	12	13	18.59	18.05	18.69	20
5	16QAM	25	0	18.58	18.14	18.73	
5	64QAM	1	0	20.79	21.09	21.59	
5	64QAM	1	12	21.45	21.14	21.19	22.5
5	64QAM	1	24	21.43	21.06	21.27	
5	64QAM	12	0	18.35	18.24	18.61	
5	64QAM	12	7	18.73	18.28	18.84	20
5	64QAM	12	13	18.65	17.93	18.66	20
5	64QAM	25	0	18.53	18.17	18.6	
	Channe	el		23025	23095	23165	Tune-up limit
	Frequency	(MHz)		700.5	707.5	714.5	(dBm)
3	QPSK	1	0	23.17	23.08	23.21	
3	QPSK	1	8	23.12	23.26	23.33	24
3	QPSK	1	14	23.31	23.03	23.2	
3	QPSK	8	0	22.45	22.12	22.31	
3	QPSK	8	4	22.29	22.24	22.34	22
3	QPSK	8	7	22.29	22.43	22.24	23
3	QPSK	15	0	22.18	22.21	22.31	
3	16QAM	1	0	21.5	21.62	21.49	
3	16QAM	1	8	22.01	21.68	21.54	22.5
3	16QAM	1	14	21.89	21.46	21.88	
3	16QAM	8	0	18.51	18.35	18.64	
3	16QAM	8	4	18.75	18.35	18.79	20
3	16QAM	8	7	18.7	18.09	18.7	20
3	16QAM	15	0	18.62	18.23	18.59	
3	64QAM	1	0	21.41	20.99	21.27	
3	64QAM	1	8	21.18	20.99	20.86	22.5
1	64QAM	1	14	21.26	21.29	20.76	1



64QAM	8	0	18.63	18.22	18.68	
64QAM	8	4	18.59	18.26	18.67	20
64QAM	8	7	18.58	18.11	18.59	20
64QAM	15	0	18.5	18.31	18.66	
Channe	əl		23017	23095	23173	Tune-up limit
Frequency ((MHz)		699.7	707.5	715.3	(dBm)
QPSK	1	0	23.28	23.01	23.21	
QPSK	1	3	23.26	23.12	23.34	
QPSK	1	5	23.14	23.1	23.24	0.4
QPSK	3	0	23.36	23.31	23.37	24
QPSK	3	1	23.3	23.36	23.36	
QPSK	3	3	23.27	23.24	23.4	
QPSK	6	0	22.29	22.23	22.29	23
16QAM	1	0	21.09	21.3	21.09	
16QAM	1	3	21.47	21.57	21.1	
16QAM	1	5	21.71	21.03	21.14	22.5
16QAM	3	0	21.54	21.48	21.29	22.5
16QAM	3	1	21.54	21.35	21.42	
16QAM	3	3	21.49	21.35	21.51	
16QAM	6	0	18.46	18.28	18.71	19.5
64QAM	1	0	21.4	21.06	20.95	
64QAM	1	3	21.12	21.07	21.11	
64QAM	1	5	21.07	21.3	20.75	22.5
64QAM	3	0	21.66	21.37	21.36	22.5
64QAM	3	1	21.58	21.31	21.44	
64QAM	3	3	21.43	21.56	21.56	
64QAM	6	0	18.36	18.14	18.62	19.5
	64QAM 64QAM 64QAM Channe Frequency (QPSK QPSK QPSK QPSK QPSK QPSK QPSK 16QAM 16QAM 16QAM 16QAM 16QAM 16QAM 64QAM 64QAM 64QAM 64QAM 64QAM	64QAM 8 64QAM 15 Channel Frequency (MHz) QPSK 1 QPSK 1 QPSK 1 QPSK 3 QPSK 3 QPSK 3 QPSK 3 QPSK 3 QPSK 3 16QAM 1 16QAM 1 16QAM 1 16QAM 3 16QAM 3 16QAM 3 16QAM 3 16QAM 1 64QAM 1 64QAM 1 64QAM 1 64QAM 3 64QAM 3	64QAM 8 7 64QAM 15 0 Channel Frequency (MHz) QPSK 1 0 QPSK 1 3 QPSK 1 5 QPSK 3 0 QPSK 3 1 QPSK 3 3 QPSK 5 1 0 16QAM 1 5 16QAM 1 5 16QAM 1 5 16QAM 3 1 16QAM 3 1 16QAM 3 1 16QAM 1 0 64QAM 1 0 64QAM 1 5 64QAM 1 5 64QAM 3 0 64QAM 3 1	64QAM 8 4 18.59 64QAM 8 7 18.58 64QAM 15 0 18.5 Channel 23017 Frequency (MHz) 699.7 QPSK 1 0 23.28 QPSK 1 3 23.26 QPSK 1 5 23.14 QPSK 3 0 23.36 QPSK 3 1 23.3 QPSK 3 3 23.27 QPSK 3 3 23.27 QPSK 6 0 22.29 16QAM 1 0 21.09 16QAM 1 3 21.47 16QAM 1 5 21.71 16QAM 3 1 21.54 16QAM 3 1 21.54 16QAM 3 21.49 16QAM 1 3 21.49 16QAM 1	64QAM 8 4 18.59 18.26 64QAM 8 7 18.58 18.11 64QAM 15 0 18.5 18.31 Channel 23017 23095 Frequency (MHz) 699.7 707.5 QPSK 1 0 23.28 23.01 QPSK 1 3 23.26 23.12 QPSK 1 5 23.14 23.1 QPSK 3 0 23.36 23.31 QPSK 3 1 23.3 23.36 QPSK 3 1 23.3 23.36 QPSK 3 3 23.27 23.24 QPSK 6 0 22.29 22.23 16QAM 1 0 21.09 21.3 16QAM 1 3 21.47 21.57 16QAM 3 0 21.54 21.48 16QAM 3 1 <t< td=""><td>64QAM 8 4 18.59 18.26 18.67 64QAM 8 7 18.58 18.11 18.59 64QAM 15 0 18.5 18.31 18.66 Channel 23017 23095 23173 Frequency (MHz) 699.7 707.5 715.3 QPSK 1 0 23.28 23.01 23.21 QPSK 1 3 23.26 23.12 23.34 QPSK 1 5 23.14 23.1 23.24 QPSK 3 0 23.36 23.31 23.37 QPSK 3 1 23.3 23.36 23.36 QPSK 3 3 23.27 23.24 23.4 QPSK 6 0 22.29 22.23 22.29 16QAM 1 0 21.09 21.3 21.09 16QAM 1 3 21.47 21.57 21.1 </td></t<>	64QAM 8 4 18.59 18.26 18.67 64QAM 8 7 18.58 18.11 18.59 64QAM 15 0 18.5 18.31 18.66 Channel 23017 23095 23173 Frequency (MHz) 699.7 707.5 715.3 QPSK 1 0 23.28 23.01 23.21 QPSK 1 3 23.26 23.12 23.34 QPSK 1 5 23.14 23.1 23.24 QPSK 3 0 23.36 23.31 23.37 QPSK 3 1 23.3 23.36 23.36 QPSK 3 3 23.27 23.24 23.4 QPSK 6 0 22.29 22.23 22.29 16QAM 1 0 21.09 21.3 21.09 16QAM 1 3 21.47 21.57 21.1

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<FDD-LTE Band 17>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Middle Channel	High Channel	
<u> </u>	Channe	l el		23780	23790	23800	Tune-up limit (dBm)
	Frequency ((MHz)		709	710	711	
10	QPSK	1	0	23.02	23.05	23.03	
10	QPSK	1	25	23	22.94	22.99	24
10	QPSK	1	49	22.96	22.95	22.89	
10	QPSK	25	0	22.32	22.54	22.33	
10	QPSK	25	12	22.13	22.23	22.18	
10	QPSK	25	25	22.02	22.21	22.15	23
10	QPSK	50	0	22.22	21.84	22.07	
10	16QAM	1	0	21.43	21.42	21.14	
10	16QAM	1	25	21.08	21.64	21.14	22.5
10	16QAM	1	49	21.54	21.27	21.51	
10	16QAM	25	0	18.61	18.39	18.47	
10	16QAM	25	12	18.58	18.61	18.61	10.5
10	16QAM	25	25	18.9	18.79	18.89	19.5
10	16QAM	50	0	18.79	18.69	18.73	
10	64QAM	1	0	20.71	21.06	21.12	
10	64QAM	1	25	21.34	21.46	20.86	22.5
10	64QAM	1	49	21.31	20.95	21.49	
10	64QAM	25	0	18.56	18.46	18.41	
10	64QAM	25	12	18.58	18.54	18.63	40.5
10	64QAM	25	25	18.86	18.94	18.88	19.5
10	64QAM	50	0	18.7	18.69	18.7	
	Channe	el		23755	23790	23825	Tune-up limi
	Frequency ((MHz)		706.5	710	713.5	(dBm)
5	QPSK	1	0	23.13	22.95	22.98	
5	QPSK	1	12	23.03	23.02	22.99	24
5	QPSK	1	24	23.13	23.18	23.06	
5	QPSK	12	0	21.89	22.29	22.02	
5	QPSK	12	7	21.91	22.18	22.02	00
5	QPSK	12	13	21.99	22.13	22.01	23
5	QPSK	25	0	22.09	22.04	22.03	
5	16QAM	1	0	21.44	21.21	21.69	22.5



5	16QAM	1	12	21.13	21.29	21.28	
5	16QAM	1	24	21.35	21.4	21.38	
5	16QAM	12	0	18.41	18.23	18.58	
5	16QAM	12	7	18.57	18.54	18.8	19.5
5	16QAM	12	13	18.28	18.54	18.55	19.5
5	16QAM	25	0	18.44	18.36	18.62	
5	64QAM	1	0	21.6	21.11	21.27	
5	64QAM	1	12	21.05	21.19	20.87	22.5
5	64QAM	1	24	21.12	21.35	21.01	
5	64QAM	12	0	18.42	18.26	18.55	
5	64QAM	12	7	18.49	18.56	18.75	19.5
5	64QAM	12	13	18.31	18.46	18.61	19.5
5	64QAM	25	0	18.35	18.38	18.55	

<TDD-LTE Band 38>

TIDD LIL	Bana 38>						
BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Middle Channel	High Channel	Tune-up limit
	Chanr	nel		37850	38000	38150	(dBm)
	Frequency	(MHz)		2580	2595	2610	
20	QPSK	1	0	22.77	22.89	22.72	
20	QPSK	1	49	22.84	22.81	22.73	23.5
20	QPSK	1	99	22.78	22.84	22.72	
20	QPSK	50	0	21.95	22.11	21.96	
20	QPSK	50	24	21.93	21.91	22.09	22.5
20	QPSK	50	50	21.92	21.97	22.02	22.5
20	QPSK	100	0	22.04	21.98	22.08	
20	16QAM	1	0	20.61	20.68	20.51	
20	16QAM	1	49	20.55	20.5	20.74	21.5
20	16QAM	1	99	20.56	20.53	20.59	
20	16QAM	50	0	18.95	19.48	19.39	
20	16QAM	50	24	18.81	19.33	19.28	20.5
20	16QAM	50	50	18.88	19.37	19.42	20.0
20	16QAM	100	0	19.17	19.33	19.34	
20	64QAM	1	0	20.41	20.2	19.99	21.5
20	64QAM	1	49	20.42	20.18	20.27	21.0



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20	64QAM	1	99	20.39	20.25	20.18				
20	64QAM	50	0	19.09	19.35	19.34				
20	64QAM	50	24	19	19.21	19.24	20.5			
20	64QAM	50	50	19.09	19.24	19.37	20.0			
20	64QAM	100	0	19.15	19.37	19.44				
Channel				37825	38000	38175	Tune-up limit			
Frequency (MHz)				2577.5	2595	2612.5	(dBm)			
15	QPSK	1	0	22.81	22.84	22.80				
15	QPSK	1	37	22.76	22.77	22.76	23.5			
15	QPSK	1	74	22.74	22.75	22.75				
15	QPSK	36	0	22.04	22.12	22.16				
15	QPSK	36	20	21.97	22.01	22.05	22.5			
15	QPSK	36	39	22.07	22.00	21.96	22.5			
15	QPSK	75	0	22.14	21.92	22.05				
15	16QAM	1	0	20.65	20.41	20.57				
15	16QAM	1	37	20.60	20.54	20.63	21.5			
15	16QAM	1	74	20.69	20.63	20.95				
15	16QAM	36	0	18.97	19.27	19.13				
15	16QAM	36	20	18.80	19.04	18.96	00.5			
15	16QAM	36	39	18.72	18.93	18.93	20.5			
15	16QAM	75	0	18.86	19.14	19.07				
15	64QAM	1	0	20.52	20.30	20.18				
15	64QAM	1	37	20.45	19.99	20.27	21.5			
15	64QAM	1	74	20.35	20.48	20.18	1			
15	64QAM	36	0	18.94	19.53	19.17				
15	64QAM	36	20	18.80	19.29	19.00	00.5			
15	64QAM	36	39	18.68	19.18	18.95	20.5			
15	64QAM	75	0	18.80	19.34	19.08	1			
	Chani	nel	1	37800	38000	38200	Tune-up limit			
	Frequency	(MHz)		2575	2595	2615	(dBm)			
10	QPSK	1	0	22.80	22.83	22.82				
10	QPSK	1	25	22.77	22.75	22.75	23.5			
10	QPSK	1	49	22.71	22.72	22.70	1			
10	QPSK	25	0	22.04	22.03	22.00				
10	QPSK	25	12	22.03	22.01	22.01]			
10	QPSK	25	25	22.07	22.03	22.09	22.5			
10	QPSK	50	0	22.08	22.26	22.05	1			
10	16QAM	1	0	20.69	20.69	20.76	21.5			
L	1	l	<u> </u>	1	L	1	1			



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10	16QAM	1	25	20.64	20.53	20.66	
10	16QAM	1	49	20.70	20.52	20.61	
10	16QAM	25	0	18.86	19.36	19.31	
10	16QAM	25	12	18.95	19.34	19.32	20.5
10	16QAM	25	25	18.95	19.35	19.40	20.5
10	16QAM	50	0	18.89	19.35	19.35	
10	64QAM	1	0	20.35	20.22	20.47	
10	64QAM	1	25	20.40	20.23	20.08	21.5
10	64QAM	1	49	20.53	20.23	20.18	
10	64QAM	25	0	19.04	19.27	19.26	
10	64QAM	25	12	19.07	19.26	19.28	00.5
10	64QAM	25	25	19.08	19.23	19.18	20.5
10	64QAM	50	0	19.00	19.22	19.13	
	Chan	nel	•	37775	38000	38225	Tune-up limit
	Frequency	/ (MHz)		2572.5	2595	2617.5	(dBm)
5	QPSK	1	0	22.77	22.81	22.78	
5	QPSK	1	12	22.75	22.76	22.76	23.5
5	QPSK	1	24	22.74	22.72	22.73	
5	QPSK	12	0	22.11	21.99	21.96	
5	QPSK	12	7	22.13	22.07	22.04	22.5
5	QPSK	12	13	22.02	22.00	21.86	22.5
5	QPSK	25	0	22.02	21.98	22.08	
5	16QAM	1	0	20.66	20.65	20.73	
5	16QAM	1	12	20.62	20.57	20.72	21.5
5	16QAM	1	24	20.52	20.70	20.73	
5	16QAM	12	0	18.66	19.21	19.09	
5	16QAM	12	7	18.76	19.29	19.17	20
5	16QAM	12	13	18.58	19.11	18.99	20
5	16QAM	25	0	18.70	19.19	19.08	
5	64QAM	1	0	20.49	20.37	20.39	
5	64QAM	1	12	20.20	20.27	20.41	21.5
5	64QAM	1	24	20.38	20.20	20.45	
5	64QAM	12	0	18.88	19.13	19.07	
5	64QAM	12	7	18.97	19.23	19.14	20.5
5	64QAM	12	13	18.78	19.03	18.96	20.5
5	64QAM	25	0	18.76	19.06	19.03	
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	



WLAN Conducted Power

<2.4GHz WLAN>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Power Setting	Duty Cycle %
	802.11b 1Mbps	CH 1	2412	15.68	16.0	24	
		CH 7	2442	13.86	14.5	24	100
2.4GHz		CH 13	2472	15.34	16.0	24	
WLAN	802.11g 6Mbps	CH 1	2412	14.85	15.5	24	
		CH 7	2442	13.40	14.0	24	97.28
		CH 13	2472	14.14	14.5	24	
	000 44 - 11700	CH 1	2412	14.02	14.5	24	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	CH 7	2442	12.59	13.0	24	98.27
	IVICSU	CH 13	2472	13.93	14.5	24	

Note:

- 1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions:
 - 1) When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
 - 2) When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- 2. The output power of all data rate were pre-scan, just the worst case (the lowest data rate) of all mode were shown in report.
- 3. Per KDB 248227 D01, A minimum transmission duty factor of 85% is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling.

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Bluetooth Conducted Power

Mode	Channel	Frequency	Frequency Average power (dBm)				
iviode	Chamer	(MHz)	1Mbps	2Mbps	3Mbps		
	CH 00	2402	2.24	-0.38	-0.18		
BR / EDR	CH 39	2441	2.09	0.16	0.28		
	CH 78	2480	1.75	-0.33	-0.65		
Tun	e-up Limit (dBm)		2.50	0.50	0.50		
1	Outy Cycle %		46.40	46.08	46.08		

Mode	Channel	Frequency	Average power (dBm)	
Mode	Channel	(MHz)	1Mbps	
LE	CH 00	2402	-2.89	
	CH 19	2440	-1.10	
	CH 39	2480	-1.73	
	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	-1.00		
	Duty Cycle %	63.16		

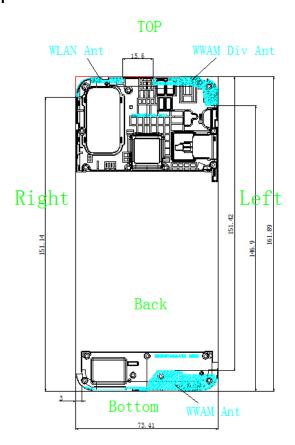
Note:

According to 2016 Oct. TCB workshop for Bluetooth SAR consideration and the theoretical duty cycle is 83.3%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be called up to the theoretical value of Bluetooth reported SAR calculation.



14. Hot-Spot Mode Evaluation Procedure

EUT Antenna Location



> EUT Antenna Distance

Antenna Location	Front	Back	Left	Right	Тор	Bottom
Bottom Main Antenna	<5mm	<5mm	<5mm	<25mm	>25mm	<5mm
WLAN/BT Antenna	<5mm	<5mm	>25mm	<5mm	<5mm	>25mm

Hotspot Evaluation

Assessment Hotspot Side for SAR Test distance: 10mm						
Antennas	Front	Back	Left	Right	Тор	Bottom
Main Antenna	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
WLAN/BT Antenna	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No

Note:

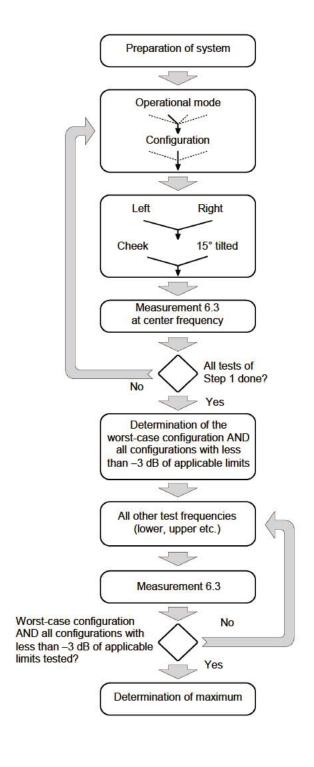
- 1. The SAR evaluation procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router function is according to KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot SAR v02r01.
- 2. Head/Body-worn/Hotspot mode SAR assessments are required.
- 3. Referring to KDB 941225 D06, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.

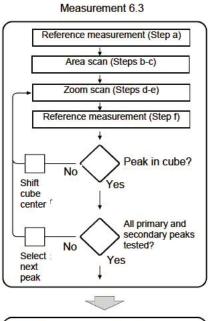




Block Diagram of the Tests to be Performed

15.1. Head





Additional peaks shall be measured only when the primary peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit

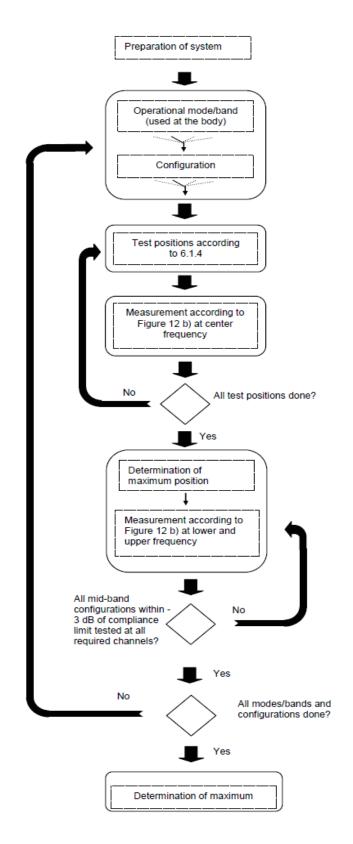
IEC 228/05



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15.2. Body



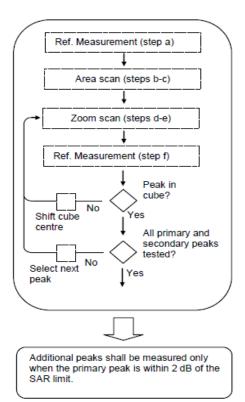


Figure 12b – General procedure





16. Test Results List

16.1. Test Guidance

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)".
 - c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor.
 - d. For WLAN/Bluetooth: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor.
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - a. ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - b. ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - c. ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- 3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- 4. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.
- 5. Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, for smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm, when hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg, however, when power reduction applies to hotspot mode the measured SAR must be scaled to the maximum output power, including tolerance, allowed for tablet modes to compare with the 1.2 W/kg SAR test reduction threshold.
- 6. Per KDB248227 D01v02r02, a Wi-Fi device must be configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools for SAR measurement. The test frequencies established using test mode must correspond to the actual channel frequencies required for operations in the U.S. When 802.11 frame gaps are accounted for in the transmission, a maximum transmission duty factor of 92 96% is typically achievable in most test mode configurations. A minimum transmission duty factor of 85% is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. In addition, a periodic transmission duty factor is required for current





generation SAR systems to measure SAR correctly. Unless it is permitted by specific KDB procedures or continuous transmission is specifically restricted by the device, the reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. When a device is not capable of sustaining continuous transmission or the output can become nonlinear, and it is limited by hardware design and unable to transmit at higher than 85% duty factor, a periodic duty factor within 15% of the maximum duty factor the device is capable of transmitting should be used. The reported SAR must be scaled to the maximum transmission duty factor to determine compliance. Descriptions of the procedures applied to establish the specific duty factor used for SAR testing are required in SAR reports to support the test results.

- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, if the highest output power channel Reported SAR≤ 0.8W/kg, other channels SAR testing is not necessary.
- 8. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8W/kg.
- 9. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 100% RB allocation SAR measurement is not required when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg.
- 10. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 802.11b DSSS , when the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required in that exposure configuration.
- 11. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, OFDM SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- 12. According to KDB 865664 D02v01r02, SAR plot is required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination.
- 13. The WLAN Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) has been calculated together with the duty cycle scaling factor 1.00 for 2.4G WLAN.



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16.2. Head SAR Data

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
1#	GPRS 850(2 TX slots)	Right Cheek	189	30.53	31.00	1.114	0.210	0.234
	GPRS 850(2 TX slots)	Right Tilt	189	30.53	31.00	1.114	0.174	0.194
	GPRS 850(2 TX slots)	Left Cheek	189	30.53	31.00	1.114	0.170	0.189
	GPRS 850(2 TX slots)	Left Tilt	189	30.53	31.00	1.114	0.098	0.109
	GPRS 1900(3 TX slots)	Right Cheek	661	25.58	27.00	1.387	0.011	0.015
	GPRS 1900(3 TX slots)	Right Tilt	661	25.58	27.00	1.387	0.006	0.008
2#	GPRS 1900(3 TX slots)	Left Cheek	661	25.58	27.00	1.387	0.013	0.017
	GPRS 1900(3 TX slots)	Left Tilt	661	25.58	27.00	1.387	0.008	0.011
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	9538	22.55	23.00	1.109	0.018	0.020
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilt	9538	22.55	23.00	1.109	0.017	0.019
3#	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	9538	22.55	23.00	1.109	0.020	0.022
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilt	9538	22.55	23.00	1.109	0.017	0.019
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	1513	23.27	24.00	1.183	0.125	0.148
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilt	1513	23.27	24.00	1.183	0.033	0.039
4#	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	1513	23.27	24.00	1.183	0.153	0.181
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilt	1513	23.27	24.00	1.183	0.079	0.093
5#	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	4233	22.65	23.00	1.084	0.097	0.105
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilt	4233	22.65	23.00	1.084	0.077	0.083
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	4233	22.65	23.00	1.084	0.089	0.096
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilt	4233	22.65	23.00	1.084	0.049	0.053
<u> </u>				•				
	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	18900	22.82	23.50	1.169	0.023	0.027
	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	18900	22.82	23.50	1.169	0.021	0.025
6#	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	18900	22.82	23.50	1.169	0.025	0.029
	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	18900	22.82	23.50	1.169	0.014	0.016

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		-	1		T			T
Plot	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power	Tune-up Limit	Tune-up Scaling	Meas. SAR _{1g}	Reported SAR _{1g}
No.	Dana/Mode	Test i osition	OI I.	(dBm)	(dBm)	Factor	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	18900	22.01	22.50	1.119	0.018	0.020
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	18900	22.01	22.50	1.119	0.016	0.018
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	18900	22.01	22.50	1.119	0.021	0.024
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	18900	22.01	22.50	1.119	0.011	0.012
	LTE Band 4/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	20175	22.76	23.50	1.186	0.046	0.055
	LTE Band 4/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	20175	22.76	23.50	1.186	0.032	0.038
7#	LTE Band 4/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	20175	22.76	23.50	1.186	0.068	0.081
	LTE Band 4/1RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	20175	22.76	23.50	1.186	0.043	0.051
	LTE Band 4/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	20175	21.85	22.50	1.161	0.030	0.035
	LTE Band 4/50RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	20175	21.85	22.50	1.161	0.025	0.029
	LTE Band 4/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	20175	21.85	22.50	1.161	0.066	0.077
	LTE Band 4/50RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	20175	21.85	22.50	1.161	0.031	0.036
8#	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	20525	23.21	24.00	1.199	0.156	0.187
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Right Tilt	20525	23.21	24.00	1.199	0.132	0.158
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	20525	23.21	24.00	1.199	0.121	0.145
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Left Tilt	20525	23.21	24.00	1.199	0.072	0.086
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	20525	22.27	23.00	1.183	0.136	0.161
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Right Tilt	20525	22.27	23.00	1.183	0.100	0.118
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	20525	22.27	23.00	1.183	0.095	0.112
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Left Tilt	20525	22.27	23.00	1.183	0.059	0.070
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	21100	22.92	23.50	1.143	0.025	0.029
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	21100	22.92	23.50	1.143	0.024	0.027
9#	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	21100	22.92	23.50	1.143	0.029	0.033
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	21100	22.92	23.50	1.143	0.025	0.029
•								
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	21100	21.95	22.50	1.135	0.021	0.024
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	21100	21.95	22.50	1.135	0.019	0.022
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	21100	21.95	22.50	1.135	0.024	0.027
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	21100	21.95	22.50	1.135	0.021	0.024
		•	•		*	•		•





				Ave.	Tung up	Tune-up	Meas.	Donortod
Plot	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Power	Tune-up Limit	Scaling	SAR _{1q}	Reported SAR _{1g}
No.	Dana, mode	10011 00111011	0	(dBm)	(dBm)	Factor	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
10#	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	23095	23.12	24.00	1.225	0.146	0.179
	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Right Tilt	23095	23.12	24.00	1.225	0.138	0.169
	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	23095	23.12	24.00	1.225	0.135	0.165
	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Left Tilt	23095	23.12	24.00	1.225	0.074	0.091
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	23095	22.46	23.00	1.132	0.122	0.138
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Right Tilt	23095	22.46	23.00	1.132	0.115	0.130
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	23095	22.46	23.00	1.132	0.130	0.147
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Left Tilt	23095	22.46	23.00	1.132	0.062	0.070
	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	38000	22.89	23.50	1.151	0.006	0.007
	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	38000	22.89	23.50	1.151	0.005	0.006
11#	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	38000	22.89	23.50	1.151	0.008	0.009
	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	38000	22.89	23.50	1.151	0.005	0.006
		_						
	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	38000	22.11	22.50	1.094	0.005	0.005
	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	38000	22.11	22.50	1.094	0.005	0.005
	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	38000	22.11	22.50	1.094	0.007	0.008
	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	38000	22.11	22.50	1.094	0.005	0.005
		_						
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Right Cheek	1	15.68	16.00	1.076	0.246	0.265
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Right Tilt	1	15.68	16.00	1.076	0.313	0.337
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Left Cheek	1	15.68	16.00	1.076	0.575	0.619
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Left Tilt	1	15.68	16.00	1.076	0.786	0.846
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Left Tilt	7	13.86	14.50	1.159	0.821	0.951
12#	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Left Tilt	13	15.34	16.00	1.164	0.843	0.981





16.3. Body SAR Data

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	GPRS 850(2 TX slots)	Front Side	189	30.53	31.00	1.114	0.256	0.285
13#	GPRS 850(2 TX slots)	Back Side	189	30.53	31.00	1.114	0.480	0.535
	GPRS 850(2 TX slots)	Left Side	189	30.53	31.00	1.114	0.142	0.158
	GPRS 850(2 TX slots)	Right Side	189	30.53	31.00	1.114	0.347	0.387
	GPRS 850(2 TX slots)	Bottom Side	189	30.53	31.00	1.114	0.150	0.167
	GPRS 1900(3 TX slots)	Front Side	661	25.58	27.00	1.387	0.054	0.075
14#	GPRS 1900(3 TX slots)	Back Side	661	25.58	27.00	1.387	0.104	0.144
	GPRS 1900(3 TX slots)	Left Side	661	25.58	27.00	1.387	0.036	0.050
	GPRS 1900(3 TX slots)	Right Side	661	25.58	27.00	1.387	0.017	0.024
	GPRS 1900(3 TX slots)	Bottom Side	661	25.58	27.00	1.387	0.045	0.062
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Front Side	9538	22.55	23.00	1.109	0.099	0.110
15#	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Back Side	9538	22.55	23.00	1.109	0.132	0.146
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	9538	22.55	23.00	1.109	0.057	0.063
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	9538	22.55	23.00	1.109	0.027	0.030
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	9538	22.55	23.00	1.109	0.070	0.078
		•						
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Front Side	1513	23.27	24.00	1.183	0.304	0.360
16#	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Back Side	1513	23.27	24.00	1.183	0.566	0.670
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	1513	23.27	24.00	1.183	0.287	0.340
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	1513	23.27	24.00	1.183	0.042	0.050
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1513	23.27	24.00	1.183	0.249	0.295
<u>.</u>								
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Front Side	4233	22.65	23.00	1.084	0.096	0.104
17#	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Back Side	4233	22.65	23.00	1.084	0.199	0.216
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	4233	22.65	23.00	1.084	0.046	0.050
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	4233	22.65	23.00	1.084	0.158	0.171
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	4233	22.65	23.00	1.084	0.087	0.094

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Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	18900	22.82	23.50	1.169	0.105	0.123
18#	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	18900	22.82	23.50	1.169	0.139	0.163
	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Left Side	18900	22.82	23.50	1.169	0.101	0.118
	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Right Side	18900	22.82	23.50	1.169	0.051	0.060
	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	18900	22.82	23.50	1.169	0.111	0.130
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	18900	22.01	22.50	1.119	0.085	0.095
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	18900	22.01	22.50	1.119	0.111	0.124
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Left Side	18900	22.01	22.50	1.119	0.081	0.091
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Right Side	18900	22.01	22.50	1.119	0.040	0.045
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	18900	22.01	22.50	1.119	0.085	0.095
	LTE Band 4/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	20175	22.76	23.50	1.186	0.167	0.198
19#	LTE Band 4/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	20175	22.76	23.50	1.186	0.277	0.328
	LTE Band 4/1RB#0 20M	Left Side	20175	22.76	23.50	1.186	0.209	0.248
	LTE Band 4/1RB#0 20M	Right Side	20175	22.76	23.50	1.186	0.084	0.100
	LTE Band 4/1RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	20175	22.76	23.50	1.186	0.200	0.237
	LTE Band 4/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	20175	21.85	22.50	1.161	0.131	0.152
	LTE Band 4/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	20175	21.85	22.50	1.161	0.219	0.254
	LTE Band 4/50RB#0 20M	Left Side	20175	21.85	22.50	1.161	0.168	0.195
	LTE Band 4/50RB#0 20M	Right Side	20175	21.85	22.50	1.161	0.063	0.073
	LTE Band 4/50RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	20175	21.85	22.50	1.161	0.158	0.184
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Front Side	20525	23.21	24.00	1.199	0.109	0.131
20#	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Back Side	20525	23.21	24.00	1.199	0.262	0.314
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Left Side	20525	23.21	24.00	1.199	0.105	0.126
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Right Side	20525	23.21	24.00	1.199	0.223	0.267
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Bottom Side	20525	23.21	24.00	1.199	0.113	0.136
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Front Side	20525	22.27	23.00	1.183	0.108	0.128
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Back Side	20525	22.27	23.00	1.183	0.208	0.246
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Left Side	20525	22.27	23.00	1.183	0.083	0.098
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Right Side	20525	22.27	23.00	1.183	0.191	0.226
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Bottom Side	20525	22.27	23.00	1.183	0.090	0.106



		1		Ave.	Tung up	Tung un	Meas.	Papartad
Plot	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Power	Tune-up Limit	Tune-up Scaling	SAR _{1a}	Reported SAR _{1g}
No.			_	(dBm)	(dBm)	Factor	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	21100	22.92	23.50	1.143	0.211	0.241
21#	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	21100	22.92	23.50	1.143	0.344	0.393
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Left Side	21100	22.92	23.50	1.143	0.173	0.198
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Right Side	21100	22.92	23.50	1.143	0.008	0.009
22#	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	21100	22.92	23.50	1.143	0.353	0.403
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	21100	21.95	22.50	1.135	0.164	0.186
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	21100	21.95	22.50	1.135	0.258	0.293
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Left Side	21100	21.95	22.50	1.135	0.135	0.153
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Right Side	21100	21.95	22.50	1.135	0.007	0.009
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	21100	21.95	22.50	1.135	0.349	0.396
	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Front Side	23095	23.12	24.00	1.225	0.197	0.241
23#	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Back Side	23095	23.12	24.00	1.225	0.338	0.414
	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Left Side	23095	23.12	24.00	1.225	0.168	0.206
	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Right Side	23095	23.12	24.00	1.225	0.203	0.249
	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Bottom Side	23095	23.12	24.00	1.225	0.052	0.064
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Front Side	23095	22.46	23.00	1.132	0.156	0.177
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Back Side	23095	22.46	23.00	1.132	0.281	0.318
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Left Side	23095	22.46	23.00	1.132	0.133	0.151
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Right Side	23095	22.46	23.00	1.132	0.165	0.187
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Bottom Side	23095	22.46	23.00	1.132	0.044	0.050
	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	38000	22.89	23.50	1.151	0.052	0.059
24#	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	38000	22.89	23.50	1.151	0.078	0.090
	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Left Side	38000	22.89	23.50	1.151	0.051	0.059
	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Right Side	38000	22.89	23.50	1.151	0.005	0.006
	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	38000	22.89	23.50	1.151	0.074	0.085
	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	38000	22.11	22.50	1.094	0.040	0.044
	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	38000	22.11	22.50	1.094	0.056	0.061
	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Left Side	38000	22.11	22.50	1.094	0.043	0.047
	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Right Side	38000	22.11	22.50	1.094	0.003	0.003
	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	38000	22.11	22.50	1.094	0.056	0.061





Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Front Side	1	15.68	16.00	1.076	0.138	0.149
25#	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Back Side	1	15.68	16.00	1.076	0.599	0.645
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Right Side	1	15.68	16.00	1.076	0.245	0.264
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Top Side	1	15.68	16.00	1.076	0.425	0.457

Bluetooth Body SAR

When standalone SAR is not required to be measured, per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 4.3.2), the following equation must be used to estimate the standalone 1g SAR.

Estimated SAR =
$$\frac{\sqrt{f(GHz)}}{7.5} \cdot \frac{\text{Max. power of channel, mW}}{\text{Min. Separation Distance, mm}}$$

Channel	Frequency (GHz)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Power(mW)	Test Distance (mm)	Result	Exclusion Thresholds for 1-g SAR
CH 39	2.441	2.50	1.78	10	0.28	3.0

Mode	Max. Tune-up Power	Exposure Position	Body
Mode	(dBm)	Test Distance (mm)	10
Bluetooth	2.50	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.037

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Bluetooth/1Mbps	Front Side	39	2.09	2.50	1.099	0.037	0.088
	Bluetooth/1Mbps	Back Side	39	2.09	2.50	1.099	0.037	0.088
	Bluetooth/1Mbps	Left Side	39	2.09	2.50	1.099	0.037	0.088
	Bluetooth/1Mbps	Right Side	39	2.09	2.50	1.099	0.037	0.088
	Bluetooth/1Mbps	Top Side	39	2.09	2.50	1.099	0.037	0.088

Note:

According to 2016 Oct. TCB workshop for Bluetooth SAR consideration and the theoretical duty cycle is 83.3%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be called up to the theoretical value of Bluetooth reported SAR calculation. The duty cycle of Bluetooth is 46.4%, Therefore the duty cycle scaling factor 2.155 should be used to calculating the reported SAR.





16.4. Repeated SAR Assessment

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB procedure 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2)through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is \geq 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

> Repeated SAR as below:

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-u p Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
OR	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Left Tilt	13	15.34	16.00	1.164	0.843	0.981
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Left Tilt	13	15.34	16.00	1.164	0.838	0.976





17. Simultaneous Transmission Evaluation

17.1. Simultaneous Transmission Consideration

No.	Simultaneous Transmission Consideration	Head	Body-Worn	Hotspot
1	WWAN(2G/3G/4G)+WLAN 2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes
2	WWAN(2G/3G/4G)+Bluetooth	No	Yes	Yes

Note:

- 1. When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the Wi-Fi transmitter and another WWAN transmitter. In general both the transmitters cannot transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal.
- 2. The hotspot SAR result may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, per KDB 941225 D06, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some unnecessary body-worn accessory SAR tests.
- 3. Simultaneous Transmission SAR evaluation is not required for BT and Wi-Fi, because the software mechanism have been incorporated to guarantee that the WLAN and Bluetooth transmitters would not simultaneously operate.
- 4. Per KDB 447498D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR evaluation procedures is as followed:
 - Step 1: If sum of 1 g SAR <1.6 W/kg, Simultaneous SAR measurement is not required.
 - Step 2: If sum of 1 g SAR >1.6 W/kg, ratio of SAR to peak separation distance for pair of transmitters calculated.
 - Step 3: If the ratio of SAR to peak separation distance is ≤0.04, Simultaneous SAR measurement is not required.
 - Step 4: If the ratio of SAR to peak separation distance is >0.04, Simultaneous SAR measurement is required and simultaneous transmission SAR value is calculated.

(The ratio is determined by: (SAR₁ + SAR₂) ^ 1.5/Ri ≤0.04,

R_i is the separation distance between the peak SAR locations for the antenna pair in mm.





17.2. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

→ Head Simultaneous Transmission for WWAN(2/3/4G)+WLAN(2.4GHz)

		ansmission for www.	1	2	
\\/\\/	N Band	Exposure Position _	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	1+2 Summed
VVVV	N Danu	Exposure Fosition =	1g SAR	1g SAR	1g SAR (W/kg)
			(W/kg)	(W/kg)	ig Chir (Whig)
		Right Cheek	0.234	0.265	0.499
	GSM850	Right Tilt	0.194	0.337	0.531
	GSIVIOSO	Left Cheek	0.189	0.619	0.808
GSM		Left Tilt	0.109	0.981	1.090
GSIVI		Right Cheek	0.015	0.265	0.280
	GSM1900	Right Tilt	0.008	0.337	0.345
	G3W1900	Left Cheek	0.017	0.619	0.636
		Left Tilt	0.011	0.981	0.992
		Right Cheek	0.020	0.265	0.285
	WCDMA	Right Tilt	0.019	0.337	0.356
	Band II	Left Cheek	0.022	0.619	0.641
		Left Tilt	0.019	0.981	1.000
		Right Cheek	0.148	0.265	0.413
WCDMA	WCDMA	Right Tilt	0.039	0.337	0.376
VVCDIVIA	Band IV	Left Cheek	0.181	0.619	0.800
		Left Tilt	0.093	0.981	1.074
		Right Cheek	0.105	0.265	0.370
	WCDMA	Right Tilt	0.083	0.337	0.420
	Band V	Left Cheek	0.096	0.619	0.715
		Left Tilt	0.053	0.981	1.034
		Right Cheek	0.027	0.265	0.292
	LTE Band 2	Right Tilt	0.025	0.337	0.362
	LTE Band 2	Left Cheek	0.029	0.619	0.648
LTE		Left Tilt	0.016	0.981	0.997
LTE		Right Cheek	0.055	0.265	0.320
	LTE Band 4	Right Tilt	0.038	0.337	0.375
	LIE Band 4	Left Cheek	0.081	0.619	0.700
		Left Tilt	0.051	0.981	1.032





			1	2	1+2
WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	Summed
	IN Dana	Exposure i osition	1g SAR	1g SAR	1g SAR (W/kg)
			(W/kg)	(W/kg)	ig SAR (W/kg)
		Right Cheek	0.187	0.265	0.452
	LTE Band 5	Right Tilt	0.158	0.337	0.495
	LIE Band 5	Left Cheek	0.145	0.619	0.764
		Left Tilt	0.086	0.981	1.067
		Right Cheek	0.029	0.265	0.294
	LTE Band 7	Right Tilt	0.027	0.337	0.364
		Left Cheek	0.033	0.619	0.652
LTE		Left Tilt	0.029	0.981	1.010
LIE		Right Cheek	0.179	0.265	0.444
	LTE Band	Right Tilt	0.169	0.337	0.506
	12	Left Cheek	0.165	0.619	0.784
		Left Tilt	0.091	0.981	1.072
		Right Cheek	0.007	0.265	0.272
	LTE Band	Right Tilt	0.006	0.337	0.343
	38	Left Cheek	0.009	0.619	0.628
		Left Tilt	0.006	0.981	0.987



➤ Body Simultaneous Transmission for WWAN(2/3/4G)+WLAN(2.4GHz)/Bluetooth

			1	2	3		
	MANANI David			2.4GHz		1+2	1+3
1000/01			WWAN	WLAN	Bluetooth	Summed	Summed
VVVVAr	N Band	Position	4 . 040	4.040	Estimated	1g SAR	1g SAR
			1g SAR	1g SAR	1g SAR	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
			(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)		
		Front Side	0.285	0.149	0.088	0.434	0.373
		Back Side	0.535	0.645	0.088	1.180	0.623
	GSM850	Left Side	0.158	0.000	0.000	0.158	0.158
	GSIVIOSO	Right Side	0.387	0.264	0.088	0.651	0.475
		Top Side	0.000	0.457	0.088	0.457	0.088
GSM		Bottom Side	0.167	0.000	0.000	0.167	0.167
GSIVI		Front Side	0.075	0.149	0.088	0.224	0.163
		Back Side	0.144	0.645	0.088	0.789	0.232
	GSM1900	Left Side	0.050	0.000	0.000	0.050	0.050
	GSIM1900	Right Side	0.024	0.264	0.088	0.288	0.112
		Top Side	0.000	0.457	0.088	0.457	0.088
		Bottom Side	0.062	0.000	0.000	0.062	0.062
		Front Side	0.110	0.149	0.088	0.259	0.198
		Back Side	0.146	0.645	0.088	0.791	0.234
	WCDMA	Left Side	0.063	0.000	0.000	0.063	0.063
	Band II	Right Side	0.030	0.264	0.088	0.294	0.118
		Top Side	0.000	0.457	0.088	0.457	0.088
		Bottom Side	0.078	0.000	0.000	0.078	0.078
		Front Side	0.360	0.149	0.088	0.509	0.448
		Back Side	0.670	0.645	0.088	1.315	0.758
WCDMA	WCDMA	Left Side	0.340	0.000	0.000	0.340	0.340
WODINA	Band IV	Right Side	0.050	0.264	0.088	0.314	0.138
		Top Side	0.000	0.457	0.088	0.457	0.088
		Bottom Side	0.295	0.000	0.000	0.295	0.295
		Front Side	0.104	0.149	0.088	0.253	0.192
		Back Side	0.216	0.645	0.088	0.861	0.304
	WCDMA	Left Side	0.050	0.000	0.000	0.050	0.050
	Band V	Right Side	0.171	0.264	0.088	0.435	0.259
		Top Side	0.000	0.457	0.088	0.457	0.088
		Bottom Side	0.094	0.000	0.000	0.094	0.094



			1	2	3		
100010	WWAN Band		WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	Bluetooth	1+2 Summed	1+3 Summed
VVVVA			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
		Front Side	0.123	0.149	0.088	0.272	0.211
		Back Side	0.163	0.645	0.088	0.808	0.251
		Left Side	0.118	0.000	0.000	0.118	0.118
	LTE Band 2	Right Side	0.060	0.264	0.088	0.324	0.148
		Top Side	0.000	0.457	0.088	0.457	0.088
		Bottom Side	0.130	0.000	0.000	0.130	0.130
		Front Side	0.198	0.149	0.088	0.347	0.286
		Back Side	0.328	0.645	0.088	0.973	0.416
	LTE David 4	Left Side	0.248	0.000	0.000	0.248	0.248
	LTE Band 4	Right Side	0.100	0.264	0.088	0.364	0.188
		Top Side	0.000	0.457	0.088	0.457	0.088
		Bottom Side	0.237	0.000	0.000	0.237	0.237
		Front Side	0.131	0.149	0.088	0.280	0.219
		Back Side	0.314	0.645	0.088	0.959	0.402
LTE	LTE Band 5	Left Side	0.126	0.000	0.000	0.126	0.126
LIC	LIE Ballu 5	Right Side	0.267	0.264	0.088	0.531	0.355
		Top Side	0.000	0.457	0.088	0.457	0.088
		Bottom Side	0.136	0.000	0.000	0.136	0.136
		Front Side	0.241	0.149	0.088	0.390	0.329
		Back Side	0.393	0.645	0.088	1.038	0.481
	LTE Band 7	Left Side	0.198	0.000	0.000	0.198	0.198
	LIE Ballu /	Right Side	0.009	0.264	0.088	0.273	0.097
		Top Side	0.000	0.457	0.088	0.457	0.088
		Bottom Side	0.403	0.000	0.000	0.403	0.403
		Front Side	0.241	0.149	0.088	0.390	0.329
		Back Side	0.414	0.645	0.088	1.059	0.502
	LTE Band	Left Side	0.206	0.000	0.000	0.206	0.206
	12/17	Right Side	0.249	0.264	0.088	0.513	0.337
		Top Side	0.000	0.457	0.088	0.457	0.088
		Bottom Side	0.064	0.000	0.000	0.064	0.064



			1	2	3		
	Exposure	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	Bluetooth	1+2 Summed	1+3 Summed	
VVVVAI	WWAN Band Pos	Position 1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	
		Front Side	0.059	0.149	0.088	0.208	0.147
		Back Side	0.090	0.645	0.088	0.735	0.178
LTE	LTE Band	Left Side	0.059	0.000	0.000	0.059	0.059
LIE	38	Right Side	0.006	0.264	0.088	0.270	0.094
		Top Side	0.000	0.457	0.088	0.457	0.088
		Bottom Side	0.085	0.000	0.000	0.085	0.085



18. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

Uncertainty	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor ^(a)	1/k ^(b)	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

- (a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity
- (b) κ is the coverage factor

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which





corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	6.0	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9
Boundary Effects	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
System Detection Limits	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Modulation Response	3.2	R	1.732	1	1	1.8	1.8
Readout Electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response Time	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration Time	2.6	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner	0.4	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2
Probe Positioning	2.9	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Max. SAR Eval.	2.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	3.0	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0
Device Holder	3.6	N	1	1	1	0.089	0.089
Power Drift	5.0	R	1.732	1	1	2.9	2.9
Power Scaling	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	6.1	R	1.732	1	1	3.5	3.5
SAR correction	0.0	R	1.732	1	0.84	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity Repeatability	0.2	N	1	0.78	0.71	0.1	0.1
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.0
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.1	1.0
Temp. unc Conductivity	3.4	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.4
Liquid Permittivity Repeatability	0.15	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.7	0.8
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.4
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.83	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1
	bined Std. Un	certainty				11.4%	11.4%
Cov	verage Factor f	For 95 %				K=2	K=2
Exp	anded STD Une	certainty				22.9%	22.7%





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Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)
Measurement System	Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9
Boundary Effects	2.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2
Linearity	4.7	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
System Detection Limits	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Modulation Response	3.2	R	1.732	1	1	1.8	1.8
Readout Electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response Time	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration Time	2.6	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner	0.4	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2
Probe Positioning	6.7	R	1.732	1	1	3.9	3.9
Max. SAR Eval.	4.0	R	1.732	1	1	2.3	2.3
Test Sample Related	1	•	l.			•	•
Device Positioning	3.0	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0
Device Holder	3.6	N	1	1	1	0.089	0.089
Power Drift	5.0	R	1.732	1	1	2.9	2.9
Power Scaling	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Phantom and Setup	•	•				•	•
Phantom Uncertainty	6.1	R	1.732	1	1	3.8	3.8
SAR correction	0.0	R	1.732	1	0.84	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity Repeatability	0.2	N	1	0.78	0.71	0.1	0.1
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.0
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.1	1.0
Temp. unc Conductivity	3.4	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.4
Liquid Permittivity Repeatability	0.15	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.7	0.8
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.4
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.83	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1
Co	1	12.5%	12.5%				
Co		K=2	K=2				
Ex	panded STD Un	certainty				25.1 %	25.1%



Annex A General Information

1. Identification of the Responsible Testing Laboratory

-	
Laboratory Name:	Morlab Laboratory of Shenzhen Morlab Communications
	Technology Co., Ltd.
Laboratory Address:	FL.3, Building A, FeiYang Science Park, No.8 LongChang
	Road, Block 67, BaoAn District, ShenZhen, GuangDong
	Province, P. R. China
Telephone:	+86 755 36698555
Facsimile:	+86 755 36698525

2. Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Name:	Morlab Laboratory of Shenzhen Morlab Communications
	Technology Co., Ltd.
Address:	FL.3, Building A, FeiYang Science Park, No.8 LongChang
	Road, Block 67, BaoAn District, ShenZhen, GuangDong
	Province, P. R. China

3. Facilities and Accreditations

The FCC designation number is CN1192, the test firm registration number is 226174.

Note:

The main report is end here and the other Annex (B,C,D,E) will be submitted separately.

***** END OF MAIN REPORT *****

