# HEARING AID COMPATIBILITY RF EMISSIONS TEST REPORT

FCC ID : YHLBLUC9C

Equipment : Smart Phone

**Brand Name: BLU** Model Name : C9

WD Emission : PASS

Result

**BLU Products, Inc.** 

**Applicant** 8600 NW 36th Street, Suite #300 Doral, FL 33166, USA

**BLU Products, Inc.** 

Manufacturer: 8600 NW 36th Street, Suite #300 Doral, FL 33166, USA

FCC 47 CFR §20.19 Standard ANSI C63.19-2019

Date Tested : Mar. 18, 2024 ~ Mar. 18, 2024

We, Sporton International Inc. (Shenzhen), would like to declare that the tested sample provide by manufacturer and the test data has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in ANSI C63.19-2019 / 47 CFR Part 20.19 and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International Inc. (Shenzhen), the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Approved by: Si Zhang

Si Zhang

#### Sporton International Inc. (Shenzhen)

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# History of this test report

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Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
HA422602A	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Apr. 03, 2024
HA422602A	Rev. 02	Updated the tune-up in section 11.	Apr. 26, 2024
HA422602A	Rev. 03	Updated the GSM 850/1900 and WCDMA II HSPA tune-up in section 11.	May 11, 2024

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#### 1. General Information

	Product Feature & Specification				
Applicant Name	BLU Products, Inc.				
Equipment Name	Smart Phone				
Brand Name	BLU				
Model Name	C9				
IMEI Code	IMEI 1: 352233930277604 IMEI 2: 352233930277612				
FCC ID	YHLBLUC9C				
HW	KC9ZH_01				
SW	S.G310.20240322.A-d				
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype				
Frequency Band	GSM850: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz GSM1900: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz WCDMA Band V: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 13: 777 MHz ~ 787 MHz LTE Band 17: 704 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz LTE Band 71: 663 MHz ~ 698 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz				
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA HSPA+ (16QAM uplink is supported) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b/g/n HT20 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE				

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#### 2. Testing Location

Sporton International Inc. (Shenzhen) is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation with Certificate Number 5145.01.

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Testing Laboratory						
Test Firm	Sporton International Inc. (Shenzhen)					
Test Site Location	1/F, 2/F, Bldg 5, Shiling Industrial Zone, Xinwei Village, Xili, Nanshan, Shenzhen, 518055 People's Republic of China TEL: +86-755-86379589 FAX: +86-755-86379595					
Total Cita No	Sporton Site No.	FCC Designation No.	FCC Test Firm Registration No.			
Test Site No.	SAR05-SZ	CN1256	421272			

#### 3. Applied Standards

- FCC CFR47 Part 20.19
- ANSI C63.19-2019
- FCC KDB 285076 D01 HAC Guidance v06r04
- FCC KDB 285076 D03 HAC FAQ v01r06

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#### 4. Air Interfaces

Air Interface	Band MHz	Туре	C63.19 RF <sub>AIL</sub> Tested	Simultaneous Transmitter	Name of Voice Service	Power Reduction
	GSM850	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
CCM	GSM1900	VO	163	WLAN, BT	CIVITO VOICE	No
GSM	EDGE850	VD	No	WLAN, BT	NA	No
	EDGE1900	VD	NO	WLAN, BT	INA	Reduction  No
	Band II			WLAN, BT		No
WCDMA	Band IV	VO	No <sup>(1)</sup>	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
WCDIVIA	Band V			WLAN, BT		No
	HSPA	VD	No	WLAN, BT	NA	No
	Band 2			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 4			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 5			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 7			WLAN, BT		No
LTE FDD	Band 12	VD	No <sup>(1)</sup>	WLAN, BT	VoLTE	No
	Band 13			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 17			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 66			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 71			WLAN, BT		No
Wi-Fi	2450	VD	No <sup>(1)</sup>	GSM, WCDMA, LTE,BT	VoWiFi	No
BT	2450	DT	No	GSM, WCDMA, LTE,BT	NA	No

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# Type Transport: VO= Voice only

DT= Digital Transport only (no voice)

VD= CMRS and IP Voice Service over Digital Transport

1. The air interface max power plus MIF is complies with ANSI C63.19-2019 Table 4.1 RF<sub>AIPL</sub>

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#### 5. WD Emission Requirements

The WD's conducted power must be at or below either the stated RFAIPL (Table 4.1) or the stated peak power level (Table 4.2), or the average near-field emissions over the measurement area must be at or below the stated RFAIL (Table 4.3), or the stated peak field strength (Table 4.4). The WD may demonstrate compliance by meeting any of these four requirements, but it must do so in each of its operating bands at its established worst-case normal speech-mode operating condition.

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Table 4.1 - Wireless device RF audio interference power level				
Frequency range RF <sub>AIPL</sub>				
(MHz)	(dBm)			
< 960	29			
960 - 2000	26			
> 2000	25			

Table 4.2 - Wireless device RF peak power level				
Frequency range	RF <sub>Peak Power</sub>			
(MHz)	(dBm)			
< 960	35			
960 - 2000	32			
> 2000	31			

Table 4.3 - Wireless device RF audio interference level				
Frequency range RF <sub>AIL</sub>				
(MHz)	[dB(V/m)]			
< 960	39			
960 - 2000	36			
> 2000	35			

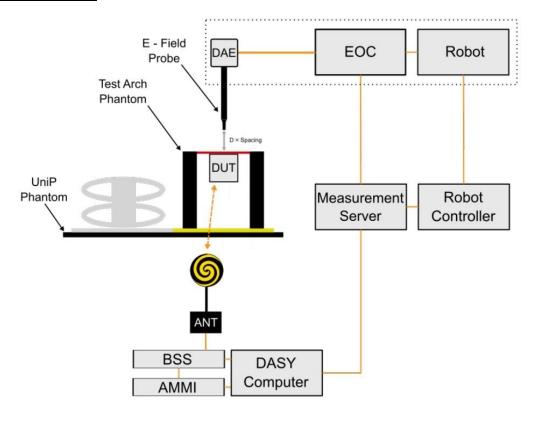
Table 4.4 - Wireless device RF peak near-field level				
Frequency range RF <sub>Peak</sub> (MHz) [dB(V/m)]				
< 960	45			
960 - 2000	42			
> 2000	41			

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#### 6. System Description and Operation

#### <System Components>



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#### Remark:

A typical al DASY system for HAC measurements consists of

- 6-axis robotic arm (Staubli TX2-60L/ TX2-90XL) for positioning the probe
- · Mounting Platform for keeping the phantoms at a field location relative to the robot
- Measurement Server for handling all time-critical tasks, such as measurement data acquisition and supervision of safety features
- EOC (Electrical to Optical Converter) for converting the optical signal from the Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE) to electrical before being transmitted to the measurement server
- · LB (Light Beam unit) for probe alignment (measurement of the exact probe length and eccentricity)
- · Test Arch for Device Under Test (DUT) testing
- DAE that reads the probe voltages and transmits them to the DASY PC. It is also used to detect probe touch and collision signals
- · Device Holder for positioning the DUT beneath the phantom
- ANT (wideband Antenna) for broadcasting the downlink signals emitted by base station simulators (BSS) to the WD
- Operator PC for running the DASY software to define/execute the measurements.

The following components are needed for RFail measurements only:

- Modulation Interference Factor (MIF)
- Isotropic E-field, free-space probe (e.g., EF3DVx)
- · Radiofrequency (RF) emission calibration dipoles for system check / validation purposes.

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#### <EF3DV3 E-Field Probe Specification>

Construction	One dipole parallel, two dipoles normal to probe axis			
	Interleaved sensors			
	Built-in shielding against static charges			
	PEEK enclosure material			
Calibration	In air from 30 MHz to 6.0 GHz			
	(absolute accuracy ±5.1%, k=2)			
Frequency	30 MHz – 6 GHz			
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (100 MHz – 3 GHz)			
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in air (rotation around probe axis)			
	± 0.4 dB in air (rotation normal to probe axis)			
Dynamic Range	2 – >1000 V/m			
Linearity	± 0.2 dB			
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm)			
	Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (body: 12 mm)			
	Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1.5 mm			
	Sensor displacement to probe's calibration point: <0.7			
	mm			

#### **Voltage to E-field Conversion**

The measured voltage is first linearized to a quantity proportional to the square of the E-field using the (a, b, c, d) set of parameters specific to the communication system and sensor :

$$V_{\text{compi}} = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{10\frac{d}{10}}{dcp_i}$$

where

 $V_{compi}$  = compensated signal of channel i ( $\mu$ V) (i = x, y, z)

 $U_i$  = input signal of channel i ( $\mu$ V) (i = x, y, z)

d = PMR factor d (dB) (Probe parameter)

 $dcp_i$  = diode compression point of channel i ( $\mu$ V) (Probe parameter, i = x, y, z)

$$V_{compi}{}^{dB}\!\!/_{\mu\overline{\nu}} = 10 + log_{10}\left(V_{compi}\right)$$

$$corr_i = a_i \cdot e - \left(\frac{V_{compi}{}^{dB}_{\sqrt{\mu V}}^{}^{-b_i}}{C_i}\right)^2$$

where

coor<sub>i</sub> = correction factor of channel i (dB) (i = x, y, z)

 $V_{\text{compi dB}} \sqrt{U_{\text{uV}}} = \text{compensated voltage of channel i (dB} \sqrt{U_{\text{uV}}})$  (i = x, y, z)

 $a_i$  = PMR factor a of channel i (dB) (Probe parameter, i = x,y,z)

 $b_i$  = PMR factor b of channel i (dB $\sqrt{\mu}V$ ) (Probe parameter, i = x,y,z)

 $c_i$  = PMR factor c of channel i (Probe parameter, i = x,y,z)

The voltage  $V_{idB} V_{\mu V}$  is the linearized voltage in  $dB \sqrt{\mu V}$ :

$$V_{i\,{}^{d}\!B\!\!\sqrt{\mu V}}=V_{compi\,{}^{d}\!B\!\!\sqrt{\mu V}}-corr_i$$

where

 $V_{i dB} \sqrt{\mu V} = \text{linearized voltage of channel i } (dB \sqrt{\mu V}) (i = x,y,z)$ 

 $V_{\text{compi dB}} \sqrt{\mu V} = \text{compensated voltage of channel i } (dB \sqrt{\mu V}) (i = x,y,z)$ 

 $Corr_i = correction factor of channel i (dB) (i = x,y,z)$ 

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Finally, the linearized voltage is converted in  $\mu V\,$  :

$$V_i=10\frac{V_{i\,dB_{\sqrt{\mu V}}}}{10}$$

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where  $V_i$  = linearized voltage of channel i ( $\mu$ V) (i = x,y,z)

 $V_{i dB} \sqrt{UV}$  = linearized voltage of channel i (dB $\sqrt{\mu}V$  (i = x,y,z)

The E-field data for each channel are calculated using the linearized voltage:

$$\text{E-field Probes}: E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

where  $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

Norm<sub>i</sub> = sensor sensitivity  $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)$  of channel i (i = x, y, z)

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution  $E_i$  = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

The RMS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

#### **Averaged E-field Calculation**

The averaged E-field is defined by

$$E_{avg} = \frac{1}{n} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{n} E_i$$

where n = 1 the number of measurement grid point

E<sub>i</sub> = the E-field measured at point i

#### **RFail Calculation**

The RFail is finally computed with

$$RFail[dB(V/m)] = 20 \cdot \log_{10}(E_{avg}) + MIF$$

where RFail = the Radio Frequency Audio Interference Level in dB(V/m)

 $E_{avg}$  = the averaged E-field in (V/m) calculated MIF = the Modulation Interference Factor in dB.

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#### 7. RF Emissions Test Procedure

# **Test Instructions** Confirm proper operation of probes and instrumentation Position WD Configure WD TX operation Per 4.5.3.2.2 steps a) to c) Initialize field probe Scan Area Per 4.5.3.2.2 steps d) to f) Calculate the average of the measured field strength quantity (R<sub>FAIL</sub>, rms average, or peak) Direct method: Record the average RF Audio Interference Level over the scan grid, in dB(V/m) Indirect method: Add the MIF to the average rms field strength in dB(V/m) over scan grid and record the RF Audio Interference Level, in dB(V/m) Peak method: Record the average peak field strength over the scan grid, in dB(V/m) Per 4.5.3.2.2 steps g) to i) 4.5.3.2.3 & 4.5.3.2.4 Determine compliance Per 4.7

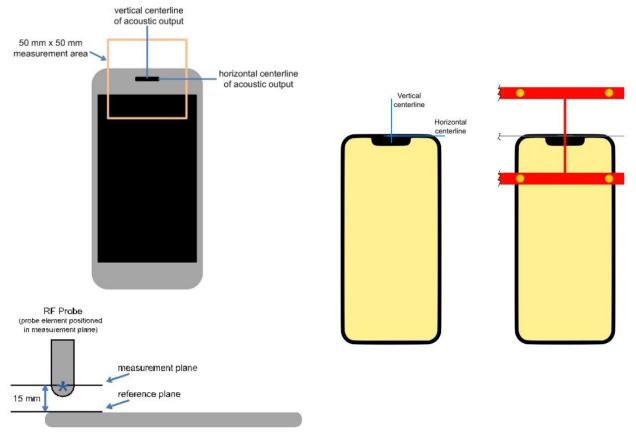
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Figure of WD near-field emission scan flowchart according to ANSI C63.19:2019

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#### HAC RF EMISSIONS TEST REPORT



The references and reference plane that shall be used in the WD emissions measurement

Device Under Test Positioning under the Test Arch

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#### Test procedure: Indirect measurement—preferred

- a. The measurement procedure using a probe and instrumentation chain with a response of <10 kHz (see ANSI C63.19-2019 section4.5.1) is identical to the direct measurement method of ANSI C63.19-2019 section4.5.3.2.2: however, because of the bandwidth limitations, it cannot include the direct use of the spectral and temporal weighting functions. The output of such measurement systems must be readings of steady state rms field strength in dB(V/m).
- b. The RF audio interference level in dB(V/m) is obtained by adding the Modulation Interference Factor (in decibels) to the average steady state rms field strength reading over the measurement area, in dB(V/m), from Step c). Use this result to determine the WD's compliance per ANSI C63.19-2019 section4.7.
- c. Scan the entire 50 mm by 50 mm measurement area in equally spaced step sizes and record the reading at each measurement point. The step size shall meet the specification for step size in ANSI C63.19:2019 section 4.5.3.
- d. Calculate the average of the measurements taken in Step c
- e. Convert the average value found in Step d) to RF audio interference level, in volts per meter, by taking the square root of the reading and then dividing it by the measurement system transfer function, as established in ANSI C63.19:2019 section4.5.3.2.1 pre-test procedure. Convert the result to dB(V/m) by taking the base-10 logarithm and multiplying it by 20. Expressed as a formula

RF audio interference level in db(V/M) 20 \* log(R $_{\rm ave}^{-1/2}$  / TF) where

#### Rave is the average reading

- f. Compare this RF audio interference level to the limits in ANSI C63.19:2019 section4.7 and record the result
- g. Per ANSI C63.19-2019 section4.6, WDs capable of operating multiple transmitters shall be subject to emissions requirements for all such transmitters expected to be operated when the WD is in voice mode operation positioned at a user's ear. Each qualified transmitter is tested individually using the method of Clause 4. Other WD transmitters shall be temporarily disabled or reduced in power level such that their average antenna input power is at least 6 dB lower than the average antenna input power of the transmitter under test. The transmitter under test is set to the fixed and repeatable combination of power and modulation characteristic that is representative of the worst case (highest interference potential) likely to be encountered while the WD is experiencing normal voice mode operation. The limiting measurement for device qualification is the highest RF audio interference potential measured for any of the WD transmitters. If the highest interference measurement is from a transmitter that is not required for normal voice mode operation, a secondary rating may be given that applies when that transmitter is disabled

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#### 8. Test Equipment List

Manager	N	Towns (Manufacture)	Osmisl Nismakan	Calibration		
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date	
SPEAG	835MHz Calibration Dipole	CD835V3	1182	2022/4/20	2025/4/19	
SPEAG	1880MHz Calibration Dipole	CD1880V3	1168	2022/4/20	2025/4/19	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1664	2023/6/6	2024/6/5	
SPEAG	Isotropic E-Field Probe	EF3DV3	4053	2023/9/15	2024/9/14	
SPEAG	Test Arch Phantom	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR	
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8820C	6201381766	2023/7/20	2024/7/19	
R&S	Power Sensor	NRP50S	101254	2023/4/6	2024/4/5	
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1349001	2023/10/16	2024/10/15	
Anritsu	Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201502524	2023/9/27	2024/9/26	
AR	Amplifier	5S1G4	0333096	2023/4/6	2024/4/5	
Mini-Circuits	Amplifier	ZVE-3W-83+	599201528	2023/4/6	2024/4/5	
MCL	Attenuation1	BW-S10W5+	N/A	NA	NA	
MCL	Attenuation3	BW-S10W5+	N/A	NA	NA	
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP7	100818	2023/7/5	2024/7/4	
Anymetre	Thermo-Hygrometer	JR593	2020062101	2023/7/8	2024/7/7	

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NCR: "No-Calibration Required"

The dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval. The justification data in appendix C can be found which the return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration for each dipole.

#### 9. System Validation

Obtaining accurate measurements and relevant quantities in Module HAC depends on the proper functioning of many components and the correct parameter settings. Faulty results due to drift, failures, or incorrect parameters might not be recognized, as the differences might not be obvious in the measurements.

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SPEAG DASY incorporates a system check, also called system verification procedure, to test for the proper functioning of the system based on the tests described in ANSI C63.19-2019: the RF interference potential test setup is verified with RF Emission Calibration Dipoles.

#### <Test Setup>

- Set the RF signal generator for either CW. Set its output power so the peak power applied to the antenna is equal to that recorded for the real or emulated signal using the WD modulation format
- 2. Average input power P = 100 mW (20 dBm) after adjustment for return loss. An input power that generates field levels similar to those from the WD or other suitable level may also be used
- 3. The test fixture should meet the two-wavelength separation criterion
- 4. The probe-to-dipole separation, which is measured from closest surface of the dipole to the center point of the probe sensor element, should be 15 mm

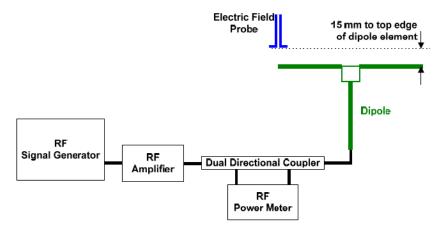


Figure of Setup Diagram

#### <Validation Procedure>

Place a dipole antenna meeting the requirements given in ANSI C63.19: 2019 D.11 in the position normally occupied by the WD. The dipole antenna serves as a known source for an electrical and magnetic output. Position the E-field probe so that:

- a. The probe and its cable are parallel to the coaxial feed of the dipole antenna
- b. The probe cable and the coaxial feed of the dipole antenna approach the measurement area from opposite directions; and
- c. The center point of the probe element(s) is 15 mm from the closest surface of the dipole elements

Scan the length of the dipole with the E-field probe and record the two maximum values found near the dipole ends. Average the two readings and compare the reading to expected value in the calibration certificate or expected value in this standard.

Frequency (MHz)	Input Power (dBm)	Target Value (V/m)	Emax (V/m)	Deviation (%)	Date
835	20	109.9	106	-3.55	Mar. 18, 2024
1880	20	86.6	83.4	-3.70	Mar. 18, 2024

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#### 10. Modulation Interference Factor

For any specific fixed and repeatable modulated signal, a Modulation Interference Factor (MIF, expressed in decibels) may be developed that relates its interference potential to its steady state rms signal level or average power level. This factor is a function only of the audio frequency amplitude modulation characteristics of the signal and is the same for field strength or conducted power measurements. It is important to emphasize that the MIF is valid only for a specific repeatable audio frequency amplitude modulation characteristic. Any change in modulation characteristic requires determination and application of a new MIF.

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MIF may be determined using a radiated RF field, a conducted RF signal, or, in a preliminary stage, a mathematical analysis of a modeled RF signal.

- a. Verify the slope accuracy and dynamic range capability over the desired operating frequency band of a fast probe or sensor, square-law detector, as specified in ANSI C63.19: 2019 D.3, and weighting system as specified in ANSI C63.19: 2019 D.4 and ANSI C63.19: 2019 D.5. For the probe and instrumentation included in the measurement of MIF, additional calibration and application of calibration factors are not required.
- b. Using RF illumination, or conducted coupling, apply the specific modulated signal in question to the measurement system at a level within its confirmed operating dynamic range
- c. Measure the steady-state rms level at the output of the fast probe or sensor
- d. Measure the steady-state average level at the weighting output
- e. Without changing the square-law detector or weighting system, and using RF illumination, or conducted coupling, substitute for the specific modulated signal a 1 kHz, 80% amplitude modulated carrier at the same frequency and adjust its strength until the level at the weighting output equals the Step d) measurement
- f. Without changing the carrier level from Step e), remove the 1 kHz modulation and again measure the steady-state rms level indicated at the output of the fast probe or sensor.
- g. The MIF for the specific modulation characteristic is given by the ratio of the Step f) measurement to the Step c) measurement, expressed in decibels (20\*log(step6/step3)

In practice, Step e) and Step f) need not be repeated for each MIF determination if the relationship between the two measurements has been pre-established for the measurement system over the operating frequency and dynamic ranges. In such cases, only the modulation characteristic being tested needs to be available during WD testing Since indirect measurement procedure was using for RF audio interference power level evaluation, the MIF values applied in this test report were provided by the HAC equipment provider of SPEAG, and the worst values for all air interface are listed below to be determine the Wireless device RF audio interference power level. For UID 10973 is applicable only when 5GNR TDD PC2 with 50% Duty Cycle, and all other 5GNR modes are applicable with UID 10769 more conservatively.

UID	Communication System Name	MIF(dB)
10021	GSM-FDD(TDMA,GMSK)	3.63
10025	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0)	3.75
10460	UMTS-FDD(WCDMA, AMR)	-25.43
10225	UMTS-FDD (HSPA+)	-20.39
10170	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,1RB,20MHz,16-QAM)	-9.76
10061	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps)	-2.02
10077	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 54 Mbps)	0.12
10427	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greeneld, 150 Mbps, 64-QAM)	-13.44

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## 11. Evaluation of WD RF interference potential

#### **General Note:**

 In this report, max conducted power from each air interface was first used to evaluate whether it complies with ANSI C63.19-2019 Table 4.1 RF<sub>AIPL</sub>, compliance with table 4.1 means compliance with WD emission requirements. the RF<sub>AIPL</sub> evaluation refer to section 11.1 for detail.

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2. If there some air interface were not meet ANSI C63.19-2019 table 4.1 requirement, these air interfaces were further evaluation ANSI C63.19-2019 Table 4.3 RF<sub>AIL</sub> requirement. And the RF<sub>AIL</sub> evaluation result refer to section 13.

#### 11.1 Evaluation RF AIPL

<WWAN Max Tune-up Limit>

Average Power				
Freque	Frequency Band			
	GSM850	31.50		
GSM	EDGE850	25.00		
	GSM1900	28.00		
	EDGE1900	24.00		
	Band V	23.00		
WCDMA	HSPA	22.50		
	Band IV	22.50		
	HSPA	21.50		
	Band II	22.50		
	HSPA	21.50		
	LTE Band 2	23.50		
	LTE Band 4	23.50		
	LTE Band 5	23.50		
	LTE Band 7	23.50		
FDD LTE	LTE Band 12	23.50		
	LTE Band 13	23.50		
	LTE Band 17	23.50		
	LTE Band 66	23.50		
	LTE Band 71	23.50		

<WLAN Max Tune-up Limit>

Freque	Average Power (dBm)	
	802.11b	16.50
WLAN2.4GHz	802.11g	16.50
	802.11n-HT20	15.50

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#### <Evaluation RF audio interference power level>

- Use maximum power plus worst case MIF to determine whether it complies with RF<sub>AIPL</sub>
   If maximum power plus worst case MIF does not complies with RF<sub>AIPL</sub>, then further evaluation RF<sub>AIL</sub> include in section 13.

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- 3. EDGE data modes is not necessary due the GSM Voice mode is the worst case.
- 4. According to ANSI C63.19 2019, if maximum power plus worst case MIF is complies with RF<sub>AIPL</sub>, means compliance with WD emission requirements.

Freque	ncy Band	Average Power (dBm)	Worst Case MIF (dB)	Power + MIF(dB)	C63.19 Lowest RF <sub>AIPL</sub> (dBm)	C63.19 test required
	GSM850	31.50	3.63	35.13	29	Yes
GSM	EDGE850	25.00	3.75	28.75	29	NO <sup>(3)</sup>
GSIVI	GSM1900	28.00	3.63	31.63	26	Yes
	EDGE1900	24.00	3.75	27.75	26	NO <sup>(3)</sup>
	Band V	23.00	-25.43	-2.43	29	NO
	HSPA	22.50	-20.39	2.11	29	NO
MODMA	Band IV	22.50	-25.43	-2.93	26	NO
WCDMA	HSPA	21.50	-20.39	1.11	26	NO
	Band II	22.50	-25.43	-2.93	26	NO
	HSPA	21.50	-20.39	1.11	26	NO
	LTE Band 2	23.50	-9.76	13.74	26	NO
	LTE Band 4	23.50	-9.76	13.74	26	NO
	LTE Band 5	23.50	-9.76	13.74	29	NO
	LTE Band 7	23.50	-9.76	13.74	25	NO
FDD LTE	LTE Band 12	23.50	-9.76	13.74	29	NO
	LTE Band 13	23.50	-9.76	13.74	29	NO
	LTE Band 17	23.50	-9.76	13.74	29	NO
	LTE Band 66	23.50	-9.76	13.74	26	NO
	LTE Band 71	23.50	-9.76	13.74	29	NO
	802.11b	16.50	-2.02	14.48	25	NO
WLAN2.4GHz	802.11g	16.50	0.12	16.62	25	NO
	802.11n-HT20	15.50	-13.44	2.06	25	NO

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#### 12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

#### <GSM>

Average Antenna Input Power(dBm)						
Band	GSM850 GSM1900					
Channel	128	128 189 251			661	810
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	30.87	30.89	30.82	27.13	27.22	27.34

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# 13. RF<sub>AIL</sub> Test Results

#### **General Note:**

- 1. The HAC measurement system applies MIF value onto the measured RMS E-field, which is indirect method in ANSI C63.19-2019 version, and reports the RF audio interference level.
- 2. Phone Condition: Mute on; Backlight off; Max Volume.

Plot No.	Air Interface	Modulation / Mode	Channel	Average Antenna Input Power (dBm)	MIF	RF <sub>AIL</sub> (dBV/m)
1	GSM850	Voice	128	30.87	3.63	34.20
2	GSM850	Voice	189	30.89	3.63	34.53
3	GSM850	Voice	251	30.82	3.63	34.65
4	GSM1900	Voice	512	27.13	3.63	24.66
5	GSM1900	Voice	661	27.22	3.63	25.66
6	GSM1900	Voice	810	27.34	3.63	25.32

Test Engineer: Hank Huang, Kevin Xu, David Dai

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#### 14. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainty may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

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The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances. Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is showed below Table.

The judgment of conformity in the report is based on the measurement results excluding the measurement uncertainty.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (Eav)	Standard Uncertainty (E) (±%)
Measurement System					
Probe Calibration	5.1	Normal	1	1	5.1
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	2.7
Sensor Displacement	7.2	Rectangular	√3	0.5	2.1
Boundary Effects	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1.4
Phantom Boundary Effects	7.2	Rectangular	√3	1	4.2
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	2.7
Scaling with PMR Calibration	10.0	Rectangular	√3	1	5.8
System Detection Limit	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	0.6
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	0.3
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	0	0.0
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	0	0.0
RF Ambient Conditions	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1.7
RF Reflections	12.0	Rectangular	√3	1	6.9
Probe Positioner	1.2	Rectangular	√3	1	0.7
Probe Positioning	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1.7
Extrap. and Interpolation	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	0.6
Test Sample Related					
Device Positioning Vertical	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	2.7
Device Positioning Lateral	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	0.6
Device Holder and Phantom	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1.4
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	2.9
Phantom and Setup Related					
Phantom Thickness	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1.4
	Combined Std. U				13.1%
	Coverage Factor				K=2
Dealersties of Confession	Expanded STD U	ncertainty			26.3%

Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded are presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

#### **Uncertainty Budget of HAC free field assessment**

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#### 15. References

[1] ANSI C63.19:2019, "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids", Aug. 2019.

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- [2] FCC KDB 285076 D01v06r04, "Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid Compatibility", Sep 2023.
- [3] FCC KDB 285076 D03v01r06, "Hearing aid compatibility frequently asked questions", Jul. 2022
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook

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## Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

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The plots are shown as follows.

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# HAC\_E\_Dipole\_835

Measurement performed on March 18, 2024

## **Device Under Test**

Manufacturer	Model	Dimensions [mm]	Speaker Position [mm]
		146.2 x 71.8 x 7.5	144.3

# **Hardware Setup**

Probe Name	Probe Calibration Date	DAE Name	DAE Calibration Date
EF3DV3 - SN4053	Sep 15, 2023	DAE4 Sn1664	Jun 06, 2023

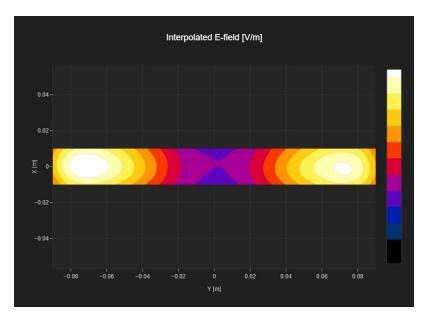
# **Communication Systems**

Band Name	Communication Systems Name	Channel	Frequency [MHz]
CD835	cw	50	835.0

# **Grid Settings**

Extent X [mm]	Extent Y [mm]	Step X [mm]	Step Y [mm]	Distance [mm]
20.0	180.0	5.0	5.0	15.0

Dipole Type	Dipole Serial Number	Emax [V/m]	Drift [dB]
CD835	1182	106	0.01



# HAC\_E\_Dipole\_1880

Measurement performed on March 18, 2024

## **Device Under Test**

Manufacturer	Model	Dimensions [mm]	Speaker Position [mm]
		146.2 x 71.8 x 7.5	144.3

# **Hardware Setup**

Probe Name	Probe Calibration Date	DAE Name	DAE Calibration Date
EF3DV3 - SN4053	Sep 15, 2023	DAE4 Sn1664	Jun 06, 2023

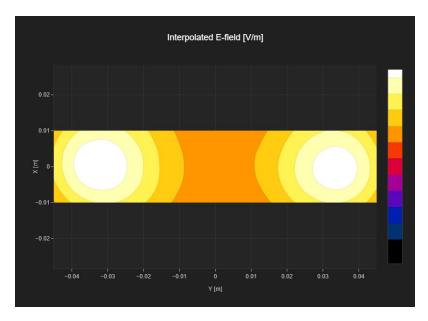
# **Communication Systems**

Band Name	Communication Systems Name	Channel	Frequency [MHz]
CD1880	cw	50	1880.0

# **Grid Settings**

Extent X [mm]	Extent Y [mm]	Step X [mm]	Step Y [mm]	Distance [mm]
20.0	90.0	5.0	5.0	15.0

Dipole Type	Dipole Serial Number	Emax [V/m]	Drift [dB]
CD1880	1168	83.4	-0.12



#### Appendix B. Plots of RF Emission Measurement

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The plots are shown as follows.

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# $1\_GSM850\_GSM\ Voice\_Ch128\_E$

Measurement performed on March 18, 2024

## **Device Under Test**

Manufacturer	Model	Dimensions[mm]	Speaker Position [mm]
		146.2 x 71.8 x 7.5	144.3

# **Hardware Setup**

Probe Name	Probe Calibration Date	DAE Name	DAE Calibration Date
EF3DV3 - SN4053	September 15, 2023	DAE4 Sn1664	June 06, 2023

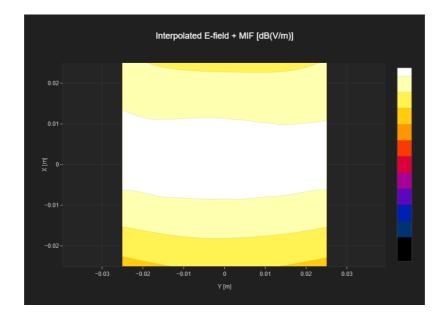
# **Communication Systems**

Band Name	Communication Systems Name	Channel	Frequency [MHz]
GSM 850	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)		824.2

# **Grid Settings**

Extent X [mm]	Extent Y [mm]	Step X [mm]	Step Y [mm]	Distance [mm]
50.0	50.0	10.0	10.0	15.0

Emax [dB(V/m)]	Eavg50x50 max [dB(V/m)]	MIF [dB]	RFail [dB(V/m)]
31.92	30.57	3.63	34.2



# 2\_GSM850\_GSM Voice\_Ch189\_E

Measurement performed on March 18, 2024

## **Device Under Test**

Manufacturer	Model	Dimensions[mm]	Speaker Position [mm]
		146.2 x 71.8 x 7.5	144.3

# **Hardware Setup**

Probe Name	Probe Calibration Date	DAE Name	DAE Calibration Date
EF3DV3 - SN4053	September 15, 2023	DAE4 Sn1664	June 06, 2023

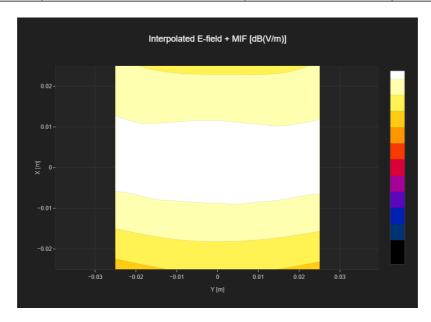
# **Communication Systems**

Band Name	Communication Systems Name	Channel	Frequency [MHz]
GSM 850	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	189	836.4

# **Grid Settings**

Extent X [mm]	Extent Y [mm]	Step X [mm]	Step Y [mm]	Distance [mm]
50.0	50.0	10.0	10.0	15.0

Emax [dB(V/m)]	Eavg50x50 max [dB(V/m)]	MIF [dB]	RFail [dB(V/m)]
32.23	30.9	3.63	34.53



# $3\_GSM850\_GSM\ Voice\_Ch251\_E$

Measurement performed on March 18, 2024

## **Device Under Test**

Manufacturer	Model	Dimensions[mm]	Speaker Position [mm]
		146.2 x 71.8 x 7.5	144.3

# **Hardware Setup**

Probe Name	Probe Calibration Date	DAE Name	DAE Calibration Date
EF3DV3 - SN4053	September 15, 2023	DAE4 Sn1664	June 06, 2023

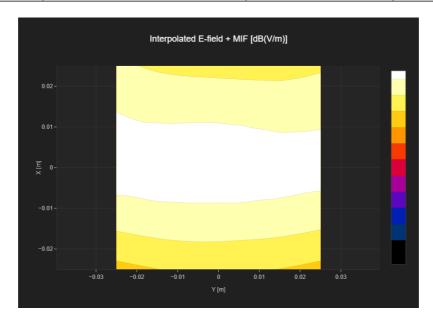
# **Communication Systems**

Band Name	Communication Systems Name	Channel	Frequency [MHz]
GSM 850	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	251	848.8

# **Grid Settings**

Extent X [mm]	Extent Y [mm]	Step X [mm]	Step Y [mm]	Distance [mm]
50.0	50.0	10.0	10.0	15.0

Emax [dB(V/m)]	Eavg50x50 max [dB(V/m)]	MIF [dB]	RFail [dB(V/m)]
32.39	31.02	3.63	34.65



# 4\_GSM1900\_GSM Voice\_Ch512\_E

Measurement performed on March 18, 2024

## **Device Under Test**

Manufacturer	Model	Dimensions[mm]	Speaker Position [mm]
		146.2 x 71.8 x 7.5	144.3

# **Hardware Setup**

Probe Name	Probe Calibration Date	DAE Name	DAE Calibration Date
EF3DV3 - SN4053	September 15, 2023	DAE4 Sn1664	June 06, 2023

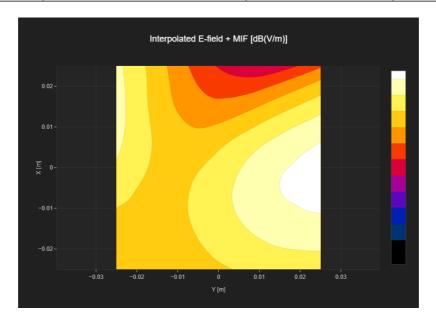
# **Communication Systems**

Band Name	Communication Systems Name	Channel	Frequency [MHz]
PCS 1900	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	512	1850.2

# **Grid Settings**

Extent X [mm]	Extent Y [mm]	Step X [mm]	Step Y [mm]	Distance [mm]
50.0	50.0	10.0	10.0	15.0

Emax [dB(V/m)]	Eavg50x50 max [dB(V/m)]	MIF [dB]	RFail [dB(V/m)]
24.86	21.03	3.63	24.66



# $5\_GSM1900\_GSM\ Voice\_Ch661\_E$

Measurement performed on March 18, 2024

## **Device Under Test**

Manufacturer	Model	Dimensions[mm]	Speaker Position [mm]
		146.2 x 71.8 x 7.5	144.3

# **Hardware Setup**

Probe Name	Probe Calibration Date	DAE Name	DAE Calibration Date
EF3DV3 - SN4053	September 15, 2023	DAE4 Sn1664	June 06, 2023

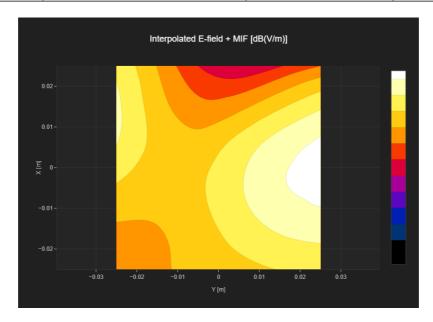
# **Communication Systems**

Band Name	Communication Systems Name	Channel	Frequency [MHz]
PCS 1900	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	661	1880.0

# **Grid Settings**

Extent X [mm]	Extent Y [mm]	Step X [mm]	Step Y [mm]	Distance [mm]
50.0	50.0	10.0	10.0	15.0

Emax [dB(V/m)]	Eavg50x50 max [dB(V/m)]	MIF [dB]	RFail [dB(V/m)]
26.2	22.03	3.63	25.66



# $6\_GSM1900\_GSM\ Voice\_Ch810\_E$

Measurement performed on March 18, 2024

## **Device Under Test**

Manufacturer	Model	Dimensions[mm]	Speaker Position [mm]
		146.2 x 71.8 x 7.5	144.3

# **Hardware Setup**

Probe Name	Probe Calibration Date	DAE Name	DAE Calibration Date
EF3DV3 - SN4053	September 15, 2023	DAE4 Sn1664	June 06, 2023

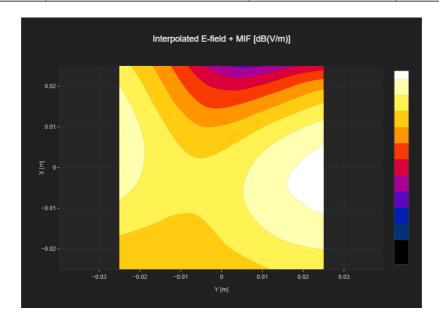
# **Communication Systems**

Band Name	Communication Systems Name	Channel	Frequency [MHz]
PCS 1900	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	810	1909.8

# **Grid Settings**

Extent X [mm]	Extent Y [mm]	Step X [mm]	Step Y [mm]	Distance [mm]
50.0	50.0	10.0	10.0	15.0

Emax [dB(V/m)]	Eavg50x50 max [dB(V/m)]	MIF [dB]	RFail [dB(V/m)]
25.57	21.69	3.63	25.32



#### Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate

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The DASY calibration certificates are shown as follows.

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 Issued Date: May 11, 2024

#### Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

Sporton

Certificate No: CD835V3-1182 Apr22

# **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object CD835V3 - SN: 1182

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-20.v7

Calibration Procedure for Validation Sources in air

Calibration date: April 20, 2022

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22  $\pm$  3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525/03524)	Apr-23
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03524)	Apr-23
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525)	Apr-23
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: BH9394 (20k)	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03527)	Apr-23
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 310982 / 06327	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03528)	Apr-23 Apr-23
Probe EF3DV3	SN: 4013	28-Dec-21 (No. EF3-4013_Dec21)	100 100 000
DAE4	SN: 781	22-Dec-21 (No. DAE4-781_Dec21)	Dec-22 Dec-22
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-20)	
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-23
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-23
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 837633/005	10-Jan-19 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-23
		1 V VIII 1 V (III 1 I I UU G LI I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	
	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-23 In house check: Oct-22
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477 Name		In house check: Oct-22
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A Calibrated by:	THE CONTROL OF STREET CONTROL OF STREET CONTROL OF STREET	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	

Issued: April 21, 2022

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst S Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

#### References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2019 (ANSI-C63.19-2011) American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic E-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any nonparallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: CD835V3-1182\_Apr22 Page 2 of 5

#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.4
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	102.10.1
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

#### Maximum Field values at 835 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition Interpolated maximum		
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	111.6 V/m = 40.95 dBV/m	
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	108.1 V/m = 40.68 dBV/m	
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	109.9 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)	

# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### **Antenna Parameters**

Return Loss	Impedance
16.7 dB	40.4 Ω - 9.2 jΩ
25.0 dB	54.1 Ω + 4.2 jΩ
16.5 dB	61.9 Ω - 11.9 jΩ
16.0 dB	52.4 Ω - 16.3 jΩ
	44.3 Ω + 3.4 jΩ
	16.7 dB 25.0 dB

#### 3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

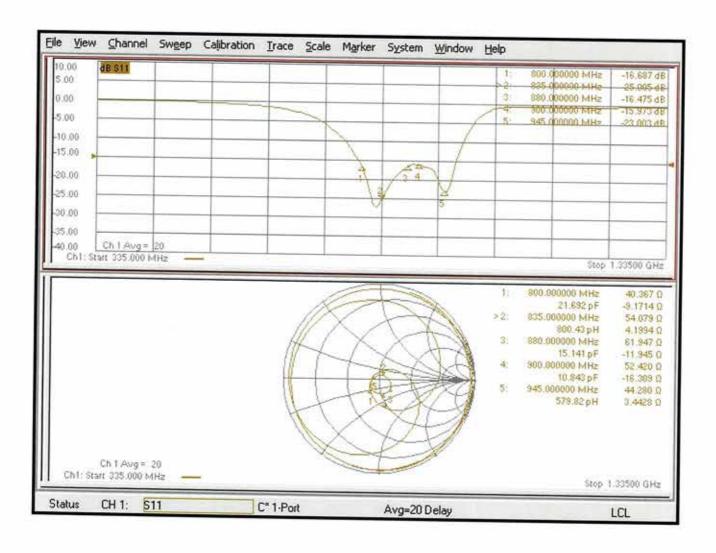
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

## Impedance Measurement Plot



#### **DASY5 E-field Result**

Date: 20.04.2022

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

#### DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: 1182

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used:  $\sigma$  = 0 S/m,  $\epsilon_r$  = 1;  $\rho$  = 0 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4013; ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 28.12.2021

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 22.12.2021

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

#### Dipole E-Field measurement @ 835MHz/E-Scan - 835MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 136.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

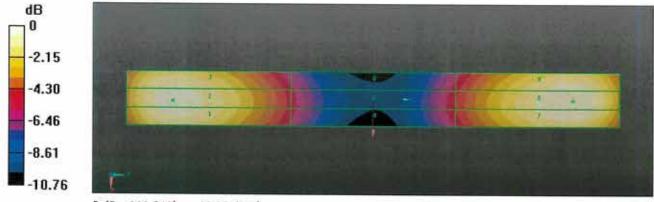
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 40.95 dBV/m

Emission category: M3

MIF scaled E-field

	Grid 2 M3 40.67 dBV/m	Grid 3 M3
Grid 4 M4	Marian Control of Control	Grid 6 M4
Grid 7 M3	TOWN IN THE PERSON NAMED IN	Grid 9 M3



0 dB = 111.6 V/m = 40.95 dBV/m



### CD835V3, serial no. 1182 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 865664, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

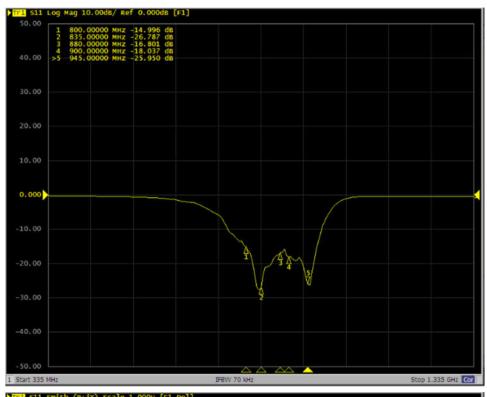
#### <Justification of the extended calibration>

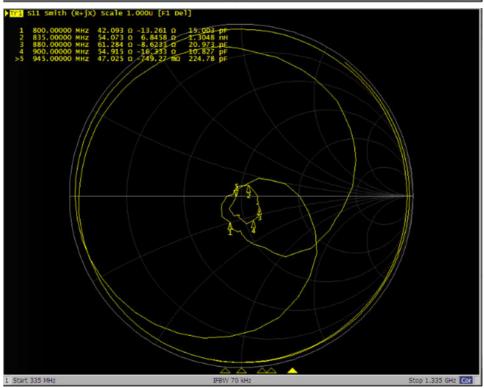
CD835V3 – serial no. 1182								
		835MHZ						
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	turn-Loss (dB) Delta (%) Real Impedance (ohm) Delta (ohm) Imaginary Impedance (ohm) Delta (o						
04.20.2022	-25.005		54.079		4.1994			
(Cal. Report)	-25.005		54.079		4.1994			
04.19.2023	-26.787	7.12	54.073	-0.006	6.8458	2.6464		
(extended)	-20.707	1.12	54.073	-0.006	0.0450	2.0404		

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.



<Dipole Verification Data> - CD835 V3, serial no. 1182 (Data of Measurement : 4.19.2023) 835MHz - Head





### Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

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Client

Sporton

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1168\_Apr22

### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object CD1880V3 - SN: 1168

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-20.v7

Calibration Procedure for Validation Sources in air

Calibration date: April 20, 2022

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards

		Oar Date (Certificate 140.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525/03524)	Apr-23
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03524)	Apr-23
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525)	Apr-23
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: BH9394 (20k)	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03527)	Apr-23
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 310982 / 06327	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03528)	Apr-23
Probe EF3DV3	SN: 4013	28-Dec-21 (No. EF3-4013_Dec21)	Dec-22
DAE4	SN: 781	22-Dec-21 (No. DAE4-781_Dec21)	Dec-22
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-23
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-23
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-23
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 837633/005	10-Jan-19 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-23
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	Salther
Approved by:	Sven Kühn	Deputy Manager	"/

Cal Date (Certificate No.)

Issued: April 21, 2022

SU

Scheduled Calibration

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# Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

#### References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2019 (ANSI-C63.19-2011) American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

# Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
  figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
  is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
  directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom of the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a Vector Network Analyzer.
  The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by
  applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic E-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1168\_Apr22 Page 2 of 5

#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.4
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	0,5781155kb
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	1880 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

### Maximum Field values at 1880 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum	
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	86.9 V/m = 38.78 dBV/m	
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	86.3 V/m = 38.72 dBV/m	
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	86.6 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)	

# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
1730 MHz	27.4 dB	51.4 Ω + 4.1 jΩ
1880 MHz	18.5 dB	55.6 Ω + 11.3 jΩ
1900 MHz	19.2 dB	58.4 Ω + 8.5 jΩ
1950 MHz	23.9 dB	56.8 Ω - 0.3 jΩ
2000 MHz	26.1 dB	48.4 Ω + 4.6 jΩ

### 3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

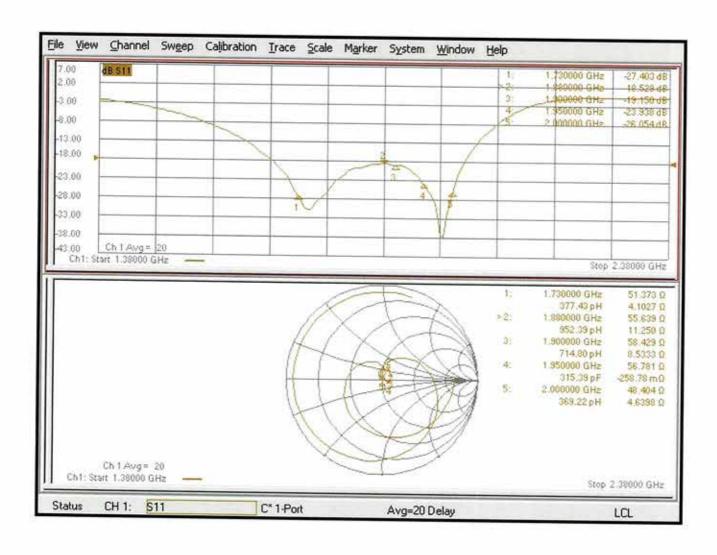
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

### Impedance Measurement Plot



#### **DASY5 E-field Result**

Date: 20.04.2022

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

# DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1168

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4013; ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 1880 MHz; Calibrated: 28.12.2021

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 22.12.2021

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

# Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 156.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

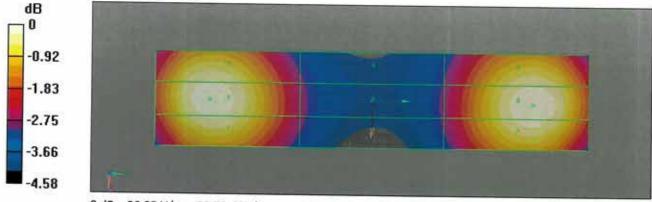
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 38.78 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

	Grid 2 M2 38.72 dBV/m	
Grid 4 M2	CONTRACTOR	Grid 6 M2
Grid 7 M2		Grid 9 M2



0 dB = 86.85 V/m = 38.78 dBV/m



### CD1880V3, serial no. 1168 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 865664, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

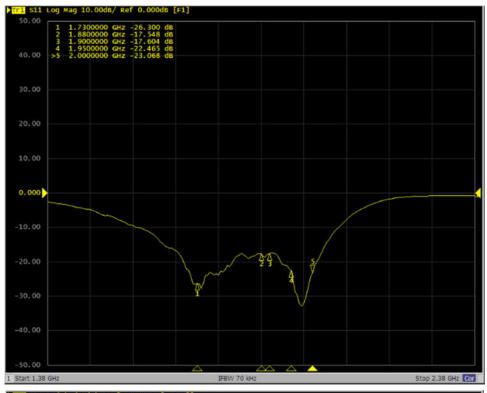
#### <Justification of the extended calibration>

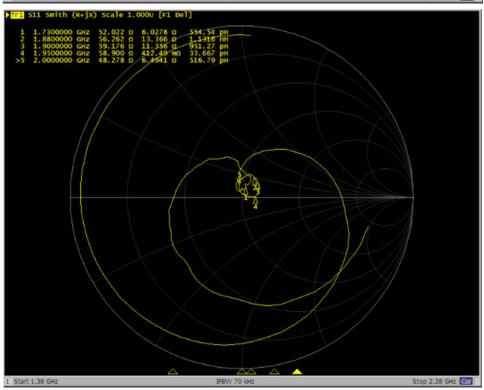
CD1880V3 – serial no. 1168							
		1880MHZ					
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	
04.20.2022	-18.528		55.639		11.250		
(Cal. Report)	-10.520		33.039		11.230		
04.19.2023	-17.548	-5.28	56.262	0.623	13.366	2.116	
(extended)	-17.340	-5.20	50.262	0.023	13.300	2.110	

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.



# <Dipole Verification Data> - CD1880V3, serial no. 1168(Data of Measurement : 4.19.2023) 1880MHz - Head





Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 44 245 9700, Fax +41 44 245 9779 www.speag.swiss, info@speag.swiss

### **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

### **USAGE OF THE DAE4**

The DAE unit is a delicate, high precision instrument and requires careful treatment by the user. There are no serviceable parts inside the DAE. Special attention shall be given to the following points:

Battery Exchange: The battery cover of the DAE4 unit is fixed using a screw, over tightening the screw may cause the threads inside the DAE to wear out.

**Shipping of the DAE**: Before shipping the DAE to SPEAG for calibration, remove the batteries and pack the DAE in an antistatic bag. This antistatic bag shall then be packed into a larger box or container which protects the DAE from impacts during transportation. The package shall be marked to indicate that a fragile instrument is inside.

**E-Stop Failures**: Touch detection may be malfunctioning due to broken magnets in the E-stop. Rough handling of the E-stop may lead to damage of these magnets. Touch and collision errors are often caused by dust and dirt accumulated in the E-stop. To prevent E-stop failure, the customer shall always mount the probe to the DAE carefully and keep the DAE unit in a non-dusty environment if not used for measurements.

**Repair**: Minor repairs are performed at no extra cost during the annual calibration. However, SPEAG reserves the right to charge for any repair especially if rough unprofessional handling caused the defect.

**DASY Configuration Files:** Since the exact values of the DAE input resistances, as measured during the calibration procedure of a DAE unit, are not used by the DASY software, a nominal value of 200 MOhm is given in the corresponding configuration file.

#### Important Note:

Warranty and calibration is void if the DAE unit is disassembled partly or fully by the Customer.

#### Important Note:

Never attempt to grease or oil the E-stop assembly. Cleaning and readjusting of the E-stop assembly is allowed by certified SPEAG personnel only and is part of the annual calibration procedure.

#### Important Note:

To prevent damage of the DAE probe connector pins, use great care when installing the probe to the DAE. Carefully connect the probe with the connector notch oriented in the mating position. Avoid any rotational movement of the probe body versus the DAE while turning the locking nut of the connector. The same care shall be used when disconnecting the probe from the DAE.

### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client

Sporton

Shenzhen City

Certificate No: DAE4-1664 Jun23

### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BO - SN: 1664

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-06.v30

Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date:

June 06, 2023

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	29-Aug-22 (No:34389)	Aug-23
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	27-Jan-23 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-24
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	27-Jan-23 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-24

Name

Function

Calibrated by:

Adrian Gehring

Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Sven Kühn

Technical Manager

Issued: June 6, 2023

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Certificate No: DAE4-1664\_Jun23

Page 1 of 5

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#### Glossary

DAE

data acquisition electronics

Connector angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

### **DC Voltage Measurement**

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range:

1LSB =  $6.1 \mu V$  ,

full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB =

full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

61nV,

Calibration Factors	Х	Υ	Z
High Range	404.897 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.795 ± 0.02% (k=2)	405.064 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	4.01050 ± 1.50% (k=2)	4.00216 ± 1.50% (k=2)	4.00196 ± 1.50% (k=2)

### **Connector Angle**

······································	
Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	103.5 ° ± 1 °
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Certificate No: DAE4-1664\_Jun23

# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)	
Channel X + Input		199996.49	1.23	0.00	
Channel X	+ Input	20003.73	1.27	0.01	
Channel X	- Input	-20000.04	1.60	-0.01	
Channel Y	+ Input	199995.81	0.34	0.00	
Channel Y	+ Input	20002.06	-0.36	-0.00	
Channel Y	- Input	-20002.46	-0.66	0.00	
Channel Z	+ Input	199995.02	-0.07	-0.00	
Channel Z	+ Input	20001.24	-1.05	-0.01	
Channel Z	- Input	-20002.15	-0.27	0.00	

Low Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2001.54	0.04	0.00
Channel X	+ Input	201.62	-0.05	-0.02
Channel X	- Input	-198.09	0.08	-0.04
Channel Y	+ Input	2001.73	0.37	0.02
Channel Y	+ Input	200.69	-0.93	-0.46
Channel Y	- Input	-199.64	-1.44	0.73
Channel Z	+ Input	2001.50	0.19	0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	201.01	-0.48	-0.24
Channel Z	- Input	-198.99	-0.67	0.34

### 2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μ۷)
Channel X	200	-3.60	-5.77
	- 200	7.18	5.56
Channel Y	200	6.87	6.45
	- 200	-8.88	-9.42
Channel Z	200	10.81	10.07
	- 200	-12.23	-12.25

### 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	2.19	-2.29
Channel Y	200	7.21	-	4.40
Channel Z	200	8.40	3.86	-

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)	
Channel X	15994	15578	
Channel Y	16016	16505	
Channel Z	16025	13608	

### 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input  $10M\Omega$ 

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (μV)
Channel X	0.83	-1.42	2.59	0.60
Channel Y	-0.68	-2.31	0.41	0,40
Channel Z	-0.14	-0.90	0.93	0.36

### 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

····	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)		
Channel X	200	200		
Channel Y	200	200		
Channel Z	200	200		

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner



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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client

Sporton Shenzhen City

Certificate No.

EF-4053 Sep23

#### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EF3DV3 - SN:4053

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-02.v9, QA CAL-25.v8

Calibration procedure for E-field probes optimized for close near field

evaluations in air

Calibration date

September 15, 2023

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22±3) ℃ and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP2	SN: 104778	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804/03805)	Mar-24
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804)	Mar-24
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03805)	Mar-24
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03809)	Mar-24
DAE4	SN: 789	03-Jan-23 (No. DAE4-789_Jan23)	Jan-24
Reference Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2328	06-Oct-22 (No. ER3-2328_Oct22)	Oct-23

Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24

Name Function Calibrated by Michael Weber Laboratory Technician Approved by Sven Kühn Technical Manager

Issued: September 15, 2023

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

### Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

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S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary

NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters
En incident E-field orientation normal to probe axis
Ep incident E-field orientation parallel to probe axis

Polarization  $\varphi$   $\varphi$  rotation around probe axis

Polarization  $\theta$   $\theta$  rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e.,  $\theta = 0$  is

normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1309-2005, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005
- b) CTIA Test Plan for Hearing Aid Compatibility, Rev 3.1.1, May 2017

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  for XY sensors and  $\vartheta = 90$  for Z sensor ( $f \le 900$  MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz in R22 waveguide).
- *NORM(f)x,y,z* = *NORMx,y,z* \* *frequency\_response* (see Frequency Response Chart).
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal. DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- · PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis).
   No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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### Parameters of Probe: EF3DV3 - SN:4053

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k = 2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	0.73	0.75	1.59	±10.1%
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	101.2	97.6	100.3	±4.7%

### Calibration Results for Frequency Response (30 MHz - 5.8 GHz)

Frequency MHz	Target E-field (En) V/m	Measured E-field (En) V/m	Deviation E-field (En)	Target E-field (Ep) V/m	Measured E-field (Ep) V/m	Deviation E-field (Ep)	Unc (k = 2)
30	77.1	76.9	-0.3%	77.1	77.0	-0.1%	±5.1%
100	76.9	77.8	1.2%	77.0	77.9	1.1%	±5.1%
450	77.1	78.3	1.4%	77.2	78.2	1.3%	±5.1%
600	77.1	77.8	0.9%	77.2	77.8	0.7%	±5.1%
750	77.2	77.7	0.6%	77.2	77.5	0.4%	±5.1%
1800	143.2	139.9	-2.3%	143.3	140.2	-2.2%	±5.1%
2000	135.2	129.6	-4.2%	135.1	129.5	-4.1%	±5.1%
2200	127.7	124.5	-2.5%	127.8	125.8	-1.6%	±5.1%
2500	125.4	120.1	-4.3%	125.5	121.2	-3.5%	±5.1%
3000	79.4	76.0	-4.3%	79.5	77.2	-2.9%	±5.1%
3500	255.8	254.6	-0.5%	256.1	252.2	-1.5%	±5.1%
3700	250.0	244.6	-2.2%	249.9	242.9	-2.8%	±5.1%
5200	50.2	50.1	-0.1%	50.1	50.4	0.5%	±5.1%
5500	49.6	48.7	-1.7%	49.6	49.0	-1.2%	±5.1%
5800	48.9	48.0	-1.8%	48.9	47.5	-2.8%	±5.1%

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

B Linearization parameter uncertainty for maximum specified field strength.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

### Parameters of Probe: EF3DV3 - SN:4053

### **Calibration Results for Modulation Response**

UID	Communication System Name		Α	В	С	D	VR	Max	Max
			dB	dB√ <del>μV</del>		dB	m۷	dev.	Unc <sup>E</sup>
									k = 2
0	CW	Х	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	169.9	±3.5%	±4.7%
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		167.6		
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		152.8		
10352	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	Х	3.00	66.27	10.22	10.00	60.0	±3.1%	±9.6%
		Υ	6.96	76.89	16.18		60.0		
		Z	2.43	64.60	8.62		60.0		
10353	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	1.55	63.75	8.04	6.99	80.0	±1.1%	±9.6%
		Υ	16.67	87.48	18.27		80.0		
		Z	1.16	62.16	6.42		80.0		
10354	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	Х	0.70	61.97	6.24	3.98	95.0	±1.0%	±9.6%
		Y	20.00	89.71	17.43		95.0	1	
		Z	4.00	72.00	9.00		95.0		
10355	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	0.38	61.52	5.42	2.22	120.0	±0.9%	±9.6%
		Y	20.00	90.66	16.62		120.0		
		Z	0.46	61.36	3.90		120.0		
10387	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	1.85	70.74	16.71	1.00	150.0	±2.4%	±9.6%
		Y	1.91	68.37	16.43		150.0		
		Z	1.08	78.46	20.59		150.0		
10388	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	2.30	69.97	16.91	0.00	150.0	±1.0%	±9.6%
		Υ	2.64	70.92	17.26		150.0		
		Z	1.84	72.62	17.10		150.0		
10396	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	2.53	70.65	18.94	3.01	150.0	±0.6%	±9.6%
		Y	3.68	74.92	20.88		150.0		
		Z	1.90	67.40	17.74		150.0		
10399	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X	3.44	67.49	16.11	0.00	150.0	±1.6%	±9.6%
		Y	3.66	67.92	16.34		150.0		
		Z	2.95	67.98	16.27		150.0		
10414	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40 MHz	X	4.67	65.95	15.78	0.00	150.0	±2.7%	±9.6%
		Y	4.99	66.02	15.88		150.0		
		Z	3.82	67.23	16.04		150.0		

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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B Linearization parameter uncertainty for maximum specified field strength.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

### Parameters of Probe: EF3DV3 - SN:4053

### **Sensor Frequency Model Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	
Frequency Corr. (LF)	0.04	-0.07	6.55	
Frequency Corr. (HF)	2.82	2.82	2.82	

#### **Sensor Model Parameters**

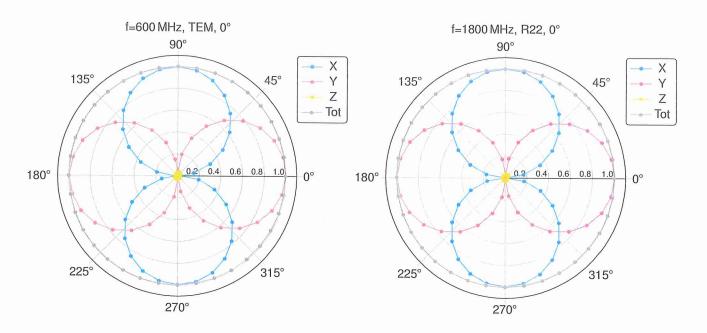
	C1 fF	C2 fF	$V^{-1}$	T1 msV <sup>-2</sup>	T2 ms V <sup>-1</sup>	T3 ms	T4 V-2	T5 V <sup>-1</sup>	Т6
Х	33.7	216.67	35.11	5.62	0.28	4.94	1.33	0.00	1.00
У	57.1	374.83	36.47	12.87	0.70	5.02	1.28	0.27	1.01
Z	8.5	55.04	35.18	4.33	0.00	4.95	0.46	0.00	1.00

#### **Other Probe Parameters**

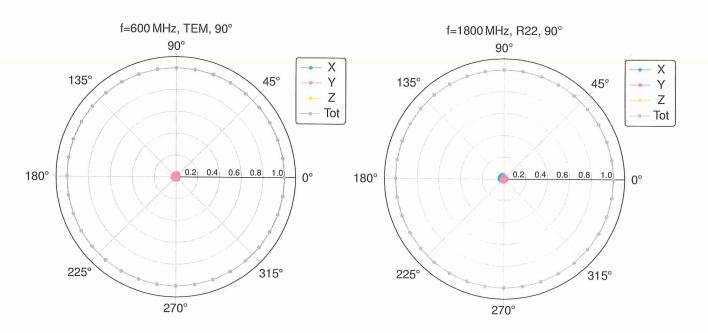
Sensor Arrangement	Rectangular
Connector Angle	168.4°
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	12 mm
Tip Length	25 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1.5 mm

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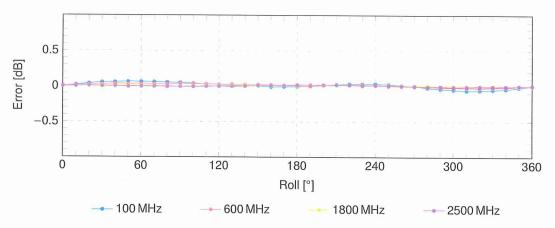
# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 90^{\circ}$

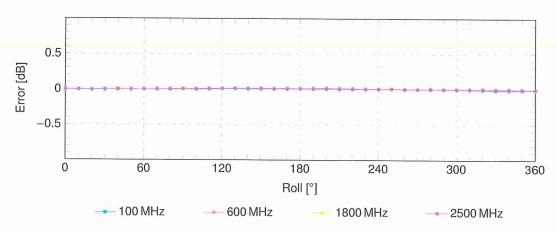


# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\theta = 0^{\circ}$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ±0.5% (k=2)

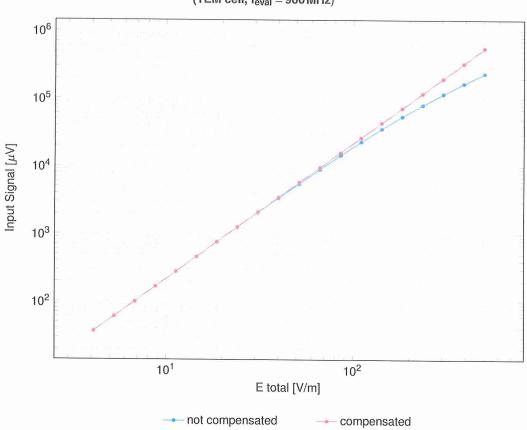
### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 90^{\circ}$

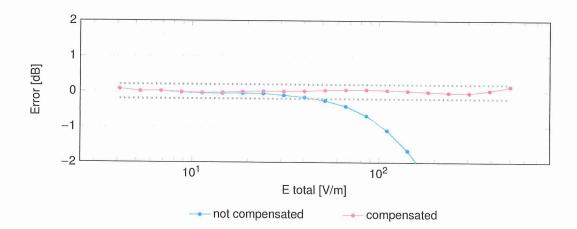


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ±0.5% (k=2)

### Dynamic Range f(E-field)

(TEM cell, f<sub>eval</sub> = 900 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment:  $\pm 0.6\%$  (k=2)

# Deviation from Isotropy in Air

