# SAR TEST REPORT

# Report No.: 17070763-FCC-H

Supersede Report No.:N/A

Applicant	BLU Products,Inc.	
Product Name	Mobile Phone	
Model No.	C5 LTE	
Standards	FCC 47 CFR Part2(2.1093) ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1999 IEEE 1528-2013 & Published RF Ex	oosure KDB Procedures
Test Date	Oct 19 to Oct 27, 2017	
Issue Date	Nov 6, 2017	
Test Result	PASS	
Equipment complied	d with the specification	
Equipment did not c	comply with the specification	

ork Lin

Wily Zhang



York Liu Test Engineer Wiky Zhang Checked By

This test report may be reproduced in full only

Test result presented in this test report is applicable to the tested sample only

# Issued by: SIEMIC (SHENZHEN-CHINA) LABORATORIES

Zone A, Floor 1, Building 2 Wan Ye Long Technology Park

South Side of Zhoushi Road, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong China 518108

Phone: +86 0755 2601 4629801 Email: China@siemic.com.cn



Test Report	17070763-FCC-H
Page	2 of 132

# Laboratory Introduction

SIEMIC, headquartered in the heart of Silicon Valley, with superior facilities in US and Asia, is one of the leading independent testing and certification facilities providing customers with one-stop shop services for Compliance Testing and Global Certifications.



In addition to testing and certification, SIEMIC provides initial design reviews and compliance management throughout a project. Our extensive experience with China, Asia Pacific, North America, European, and International compliance requirements, assures the fastest, most cost effective way to attain regulatory compliance for the global markets.

# Accreditations for Conformity Assessment

Country/Region	Scope
USA	EMC, RF/Wireless, SAR, Telecom
Canada	EMC, RF/Wireless, SAR, Telecom
Taiwan	EMC, RF, Telecom, SAR, Safety
Hong Kong	RF/Wireless, SAR, Telecom
Australia	EMC, RF, Telecom, SAR, Safety
Korea	EMI, EMS, RF, SAR, Telecom, Safety
Japan	EMI, RF/Wireless, SAR, Telecom
Singapore	EMC, RF, SAR, Telecom
Europe EMC, RF, SAR, Telecom, Safety	



Test Report	17070763-FCC-H
Page	3 of 132

This page has been left blank intentionally.



Test Report 17070763-FCC-H Page 4 of 132

# CONTENTS

1	EUT INFORMATION
2	TECHNICAL DETAILS
3	INTRODUCTION7
4	SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP
5	ANSI/IEEE C95.1 – 1999 RF EXPOSURE LIMIT
6	SYSTEM AND LIQUID VERIFICATION
7	UNCERTAINTY ASSESSMENT
8	TEST INSTRUMENT
9	OUTPUT POWER VERIFICATION
10	SAR TEST RESULTS
11	SAR MEASUREMENT REFERENCES
ANN	EX A CALIBRATION REPORTS
ANN	EX B SAR SYSTEM PHOTOGRAPHS127
ANN	EX C SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS



Test Report	17070763-FCC-H
Page	5 of 132

# 1 EUT INFORMATION

EUT Information	
EUT Description	Mobile Phone
Model No	C5 LTE
Input Power	Lithium-polymer Model: C775840200L Spec: 3.8V,2000mAh,7.60Wh
Maximum Conducted Output Power to Antenna	GSM 850 Voice : 32.35dBm PCS 1900 Voice : 29.73dBm WCDMA Band V (Class 3): 21.99dBm WCDMA Band II (Class 3): 22.28dBm LTE Band 5(Class 3): 23.19dBm LTE Band 7(Class 3): 22.58 dBm WIFI: 12.74dBm
LTE Bandwidths	LTE Band 5: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 7(IMT-E): 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz
Highest Reported SAR Level(s)	0.31W/Kg 1g Head Tissue 0.99W/Kg 1g Body Tissue
Classification Per Stipulated Test Standard	Portable Device, Class B, No DTM Mode
Multi-SIM	Support dual-SIM, dual standby, the multiple SIM card with two lines cannot transmitting at the same time.
Co-located TX	WWAN can transmit simultaneously with Bluetooth WIFI cannot transmit simultaneously with Bluetooth WWAN can transmit simultaneously with WiFi
Antenna Separation distances	11cm - WWAN antenna-to-WIFI/Bluetooth antenna
Antenna Type(s)	PIFA Antenna(WWAN)
Accessory	N/A

# SAR Test Result

				Highest 1g SAR Summar	у	
Equipment Class	Frequency Band		Head (Separation 0mm)	Body (Separation 10mm)	Hotspot (Separation 10mm)	Highest Simultaneous
			1g SAR(W/kg)			Transmission 1g SAR(W/kg)
	GSM	GSM850	0.16	0.36	0.36	
	COM	GSM1900	0.05	0.99	0.99	
Licensed		WCDMA II	0.07	0.85	0.85	1.20
LICENSEU	WCDMA	WCDMA V	0.23	0.34	0.34	
		LTE Band 5	0.09	0.17	0.17	
	LTE	LTE Band 7	0.12	0.13	0.13	
DTS	WIFI	2.4G	0.31	0.21	0.21	
	Date of Tes	ting:		Oct 19 to Oct	27, 2017	



Test Report	17070763-FCC-H
Page	6 of 132

# 2 TECHNICAL DETAILS

Purpose	Compliance testing of Mobile Phone model C5 LTE with stipulated standard
Applicant / Client	BLU Products,Inc. 10814 NW 33rd St#100 Doral,FL33172,USA
Manufacturer	BLU Products,Inc. 10814 NW 33rd St#100 Doral,FL33172,USA
Laboratory performing the tests	SIEMIC(Shenzhen-China) Laboratories Zone A, Floor 1, Building 2, Wan Ye Long Technology Park, South Side of Zhoushi Road, Bao'an District, Shenzhen 518108, Guangdong, P.R.C. Tel: +(86) 0755-26014629 VIP Line:950-4038-0435
Test Software Version	OpenSAR V4_02_31
Test report reference number	17070763-FCC-H
Date EUT received	Oct 16, 2017
Standard applied	See Page 58
Dates of test (from – to)	Oct 19, 2017~ Oct 27, 2017
No of Units:	1
Equipment Category:	PCE
Trade	BLU
Model Name:	C5 LTE
RF Operating Frequency (ies)	GSM850 TX: 824.2 ~ 848.8 MHz; RX: 869.2 ~ 893.8 MHz PCS1900 TX: 1850.2 ~ 1909.8 MHz; RX: 1930.2 ~ 1989.8 MHz UMTS-FDD Band V TX: 826.4 ~ 846.6 MHz; RX: 871.4 ~ 891.6 MHz UMTS-FDD Band II TX:1852.4 ~ 1907.6 MHz; RX: 1932.4 ~ 1987.6 MHz LTE Band 5 TX: 826.5 ~ 846.5 MHz; RX : 871.5 ~ 891.5 MHz LTE Band 7 TX: 2500~2570MHz; RX : 2620~2690 MHz WIFI: 802.11b/g/n(20M): 2412-2462 MHz WIFI: 802.11n(40M): 2422-2452 MHz Bluetooth&BLE: 2402-2480 MHz GPS: 1575.42 MHz
Modulation:	GSM / GPRS: GMSK EGPRS: GMSK,8PSK UMTS-FDD: QPSK LTE Band: QPSK, 16QAM 802.11b/g/n: DSSS, OFDM Bluetooth: GFSK, π /4-DQPSK, 8DPSK BLE:GFSK GPS:BPSK
GPRS/EGPRS Multi-slot class	8/10/11/12



 Test Report
 17070763-FCC-H

 Page
 7 of 132

# 3 INTRODUCTION

# Introduction

This measurement report shows compliance of the EUT with ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1999 and FCC 47 CFR Part2 (2.1093)

The test procedures, as described in IEEE 1528-2013 Standard for IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques(300MHz~6GHz) and Published RF Exposure KDB Procedures

# **SAR Definition**

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density ( $\rho$ ).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dV} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). SAR can be related to the electric field at a point by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \mid E \mid^2}{\rho}$$

where:

 $\sigma$  = conductivity of the tissue (S/m)  $\rho$  = mass density of the tissue (kg/m3)

E = rms electric field strength (V/m)



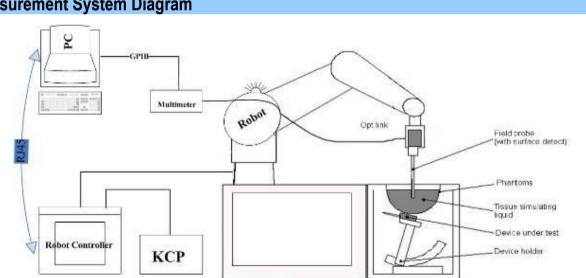
17070763-FCC-H Test Report Page 8 of 132

### SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP 4

# **Dosimetric Assessment System**

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system OPENSAR from SATIMO. The system is based on a high precision robot (working range: 850 mm), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than  $\pm$  0.02 mm. Special E- and H-field probes have been developed for measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines to the data acquisition unit.

The SAR measurements were conducted with dosimetric probe (manufactured by SATIMO), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe has been calibrated according to the procedure described in SAR standard with accuracy of better than ±10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in SAR starndard and found to be better than ±0.25 dB. The phantom used was the SAM Phantom as described in FCC supplement C, IEEE P1528 and CENELEC EN62209-1.



# **Measurement System Diagram**

# The OPENSAR system for performing compliance tests consist of the following items:

- 1. A standard high precision 6-axis robot (KUKA) with controller and software.
- 2. KUKA Control Panel (KCP).
- 3. A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- 4. The functions of the PC plug-in card are to perform the time critical task such as signal filtering, surveillance of the robot operation fast movement interrupts.



- 5. A computer operating Windows XP.
- 6. OPENSAR software.
- 7. Remote control with teaches pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- 8. The SAM phantom enabling testing left-hand right-hand and body usage.
- 9. The Position device for handheld EUT.
- 10. Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes (see Application Note).
- 11. System validation dipoles to validate the proper functioning of the system.



Test Report	17070763-FCC-H
Page	10 of 132

# EP100 Probe





Construction Symmetrical design with triangular Core. Built-in shielding against static charges Calibration in air from 100 MHz to 2.5 GHz. In brain and muscle simulating tissue at frequencies from 800 to 6000 MHz (accuracy of 8%) . Frequency 100 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity ; 0.25 dB (100 MHz to 6 GHz) ,

Directivity : 0.25 dB in brain tissue (rotation around probe axis) 0.5 dB in brain tissue (rotation normal probe axis)

Dynamic : 0.001W/kg to > 100W/kg;

Range Linearity: 0.25 dB

Surface : 0.2 mm repeatability in air and liquids

Dimensions Overall length: 330 mm

Tip length: 16 mm

Body diameter: 8 mm

Tip diameter: 2.6 mm

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: <1.5 mm

Application General dosimetric up to 6 GHz

Compliance tests of GSM Phones

Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique, with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates.

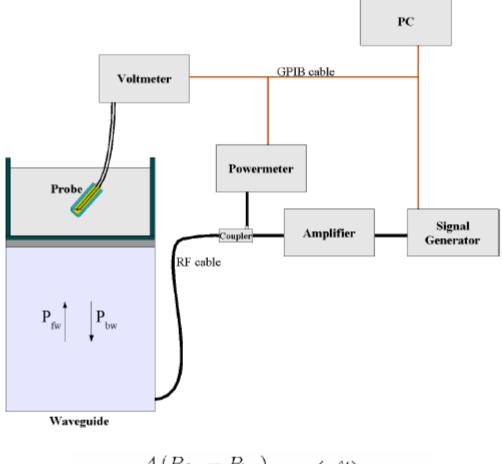


Test Report	17070763-FCC-H
Page	11 of 132

It is connected to the KRC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. The 3D file of the phantom is include in OpenSAR software. The Video Positioning System allow the system to take the automatic reference and to move the probe safely and accurately on the phantom.

# E-Field Probe Calibration Process

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with CENELEC EN50361; CEI/IEC 62209 and IEEE 1528 std, with CALISAR, SATIMO proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the technique using reference waveguide.



$$SAR = \frac{4\left(P_{fw} - P_{bw}\right)}{ab\delta}\cos^2\left(\pi\frac{y}{a}\right)e^{-(2z/\delta)}$$

Where :

 $\begin{array}{ll} P_{\mathrm{fw}} &= \mathrm{Forward} \ \mathrm{Power} \\ \mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{bw}} &= \mathrm{Backward} \ \mathrm{Power} \\ \mathrm{a} \ \mathrm{and} \ \mathrm{b} &= \mathrm{Waveguide} \ \mathrm{dimensions} \\ \delta &= \mathrm{Skin} \ \mathrm{depth} \end{array}$ 

Keithley configuration:

Rate = Medium; Filter =ON; RDGS=10; FILTER TYPE =MOVING AVERAGE; RANGE AUTO

After each calibration, a SAR measurement is performed on a validation dipole and compared with a NPL calibrated probe, to verify it.



Test Report	17070763-FCC-H
Page	12 of 132

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure described in SAR standard with accuracy better than +/- 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in SAR standard and found to be better than +/-0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies bellow 0.8 GHz, and in a waveguide above 0.8 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. E-field correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue.

# SAM Phantom

The SAM Phantom SAM29 is constructed of a fiberglass shell ntegrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is in compliance with the specification set in IEEE 1528 and CENELEC EN62209-1, IEC62209-2.

The phantom enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region.

A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot.

Shell Thickness: 2 0.2 mm

Filling Volume: Approx. 25 liters

Dimensions (H x L x W): 810 x 1000 x 500 mm

Liquid is filled to at least 15mm from the bottom of Phantom.





Test Report	17070763-FCC-H
Page	13 of 132

# **Device Holder**

In combination with the Generic Twin Phantom V3.0, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation points is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeatedly positioned according to the FCC and CENELEC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).



**Note:** A simulating human hand is not used due to the complex anatomical and geometrical structure of the hand that may produced infinite number of configurations [10]. To produce the worst-case condition (the hand absorbs antenna output power), the hand is omitted during the tests.

# **Data Evaluation**

Probe Parameters	- Sensitivity	Norm <sub>i</sub>
	- Conversion factor	ConvFi
	- Diode compression point Dcpi	
Device Parameter	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
Media Parametrs	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

The OPENSAR software automatically executes the following procedure to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the valuation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can either be found in the component documents or be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the OPENSAR components.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as

$$V_{i} = U_{i} + U_{i}^{2} \cdot \frac{cI}{dcp_{i}}$$
Where  $V_{i}$  = Compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)  
 $U_{i}$  = Input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)  
 $cf$  = Crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)  
 $dcp_{i}$  = Diode compression point (DASY parameter)



Test Report	17070763-FCC-H
Page	14 of 132

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\begin{array}{lll} \textit{E-field probes:} & E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}} \\ \textit{H-field probes:} & H_i = \sqrt{Vi} \cdot \frac{a_{i10} + a_{i11}f + a_{i12}f^2}{f} \\ \textit{Where V}_i &= \textit{Compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)} \\ \textit{Norm}_i &= \textit{Sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)} \\ \mu V/(V/m) 2 \textit{ for E0field Probes} \\ \textit{ConvF} &= \textit{Sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes} \\ a_{ij} &= \textit{Sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes} \end{array}$$

- f = Carrier frequency (GHz)
- *E<sub>i</sub>* = Electric field strength of channel i in V/m
- H<sub>i</sub> = Magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

 $E_{tot} - \sqrt{E_{z}^{2} + E_{y}^{2} + E_{z}^{2}}$ 

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR - E_{uv}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

where SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

- Etot = total field strength in V/m
- $\sigma$  = conductivity in [mho/m] or [siemens/m]
- ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field as a free space field.

$$\begin{array}{lll} P_{pw} - \frac{E_{w}^{2}}{3770} & \text{Or} & P_{pw} - H_{w}^{2} \cdot 37.7 \\ \text{where } P_{pwe} &= Equivalent \ power \ density \ of \ a \ plane \ wave \ in \ mW/cm2 \\ E_{tot} &= total \ electric \ field \ strength \ in \ V/m \\ H_{tot} &= total \ magnetic \ field \ strength \ in \ A/m \end{array}$$



 Test Report
 17070763-FCC-H

 Page
 15 of 132

# SAR Evaluation – Peak Spatial - Average

The procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps

### • Power Reference Measurement

The reference and drift jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method.

### Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a finer measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in OPENSAR software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. The scan area is defined by an editable grid. This grid is anchored at the grid reference point of the selected section in the phantom. When the area scan's property sheet is brought-up, grid was at to 15 mm by 15 mm and can be edited by a user.

### Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default zoom scan measures 5 x 5 x 7 points within a cube whose base faces are centered around the maximum found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. If the preceding Area Scan job indicates more then one maximum, the number of Zoom Scans has to be enlarged accordingly (The default number inserted is 1).

### Power Drift measurement

The drift job measures the field at the same location as the most recent reference job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last reference measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. In the properties of the Drift job, the user can specify a limit for the drift and have OPENSAR software stop the measurements if this limit is exceeded.

# **SAR Evaluation – Peak SAR**

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the IEEE1529 standard. It can be conducted for 1 g and 10 g. The OPENSAR system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- maximum search
- extrapolation
- boundary correction
- peak search for averaged SAR

During a maximum search, global and local maximum searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.



Test Report	17070763-FCC-H
Page	16 of 132

### Extrapolation

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation.

They are used in the Cube Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the fourth order least square polynomial method for extrapolation. For a grid using 5x5x7 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1 g and 10 g cubes.

### **Definition of Reference Points**

### Ear Reference Point

Figure 6.2 shows the front, back and side views of the SAM Phantom. The point "M" is the reference point for the center of the mouth, "LE" is the left ear reference point (ERP), and "RE" is the right ERP. The ERPs are 15mm posterior to the entrance to the ear canal (EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 6.1. The plane passing through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck-Front) is perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the RE (or LE) is called the Reference Pivoting Line (see Figure 6.1). Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning [5].

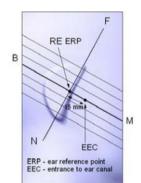


Figure 6.1 Close-up side view of ERP's

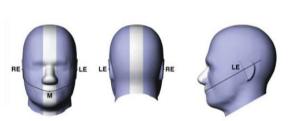


Figure 6.2 Front, back and side view of SAM

### **Device Reference Points**

Two imaginary lines on the device need to be established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device is placed in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point" (See Fig. 6.3). The "test device reference point" is than located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device is positioned so that the "vertical centerline" is bisecting the front surface of the device at it's top and bottom edges, positioning the "ear reference point" on the outer surface of both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point [5].

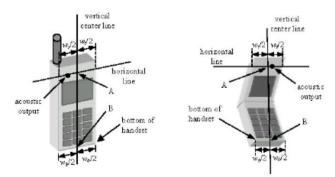


Figure 6.3 Handset Vertical Center & Horizontal Line Reference Points



Test Report	17070763-FCC-H
Page	17 of 132

# **Test Configuration – Positioning for Cheek / Touch**

1. Position the device close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure below), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the device is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom



# Figure 7.1 Front, Side and Top View of Cheek/Touch Position

- 2. Translate the device towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until the device touches the ear.
- 3. While maintaining the device in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to MB-NF including the line MB (called the reference plane).
- 4. Rotate the device around the vertical centerline until the device (horizontal line) is symmetrical with respect to the line NF.
- 5. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE and maintaining the device contact with the ear, rotate the device about the line NF until any point on the device is in contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek). See Figure below.

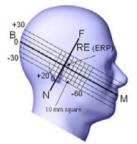


Figure 7.2 Side view w/ relevant markings



 Test Report
 17070763-FCC-H

 Page
 18 of 132

# Test Configuration – Positioning for Ear / 15° Tilt

With the test device aligned in the Cheek/Touch Position":

1. While maintaining the orientation of the device, retracted the device parallel to the reference plane far enough to enable a rotation of the device by 15 degrees.

2. Rotate the device around the horizontal line by 15 degrees.

3. While maintaining the orientation of the device, move the device parallel to the reference plane until any part of the device touches the head. (In this position, point A is located on the line RE-LE). The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact is at any location other than the pinna, the angle of the device shall be reduced. The tilted position is obtained when any part of the device is in contact with the ear as well as a second part of the device is in contact with the head (see Figure below).

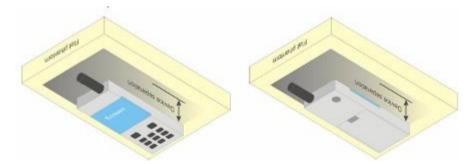


Figure 7.3 Front, Side and Top View of Ear/15° Tilt Position

# **Test Position – Body Worn Configurations**

Body Worn Position

- (a) To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with either keypad up or down.
- (b) To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.
- (c) To adjust the distance between the device surface and the flat phantom to 1.0 cm or holster surface and the flat phantom to 0 cm.





17070763-FCC-H Test Report Page 19 of 132

### ANSI/IEEE C95.1 – 1999 RF EXPOSURE LIMIT 5

In order for users to be aware of the body-worn operating requirements for meeting RF exposure compliance, operating instructions and cautions statements are included in the user's manual.

# **Uncontrolled Environment**

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

# **Controlled Environment**

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure. (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

### Table 8.1 Human Exposure Limits

	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIROMENT Professional Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR <sup>1</sup> Brain	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR <sup>2</sup> Whole Body	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR <sup>3</sup> Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.00	20.00

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.



17070763-FCC-H Test Report Page

### 20 of 132

### SYSTEM AND LIQUID VERIFICATION 6

# **Basic SAR system validation requirements**

The SAR system must be validated against its performance specifications before it is deployed. When SAR probes, system components or software are changed, upgraded or recalibrated, these must be validated with the SAR system(s) that operates with such components. Reference dipoles are used with the required tissue-equivalent media for system validation,

The detailed system validation results are maintained by each test laboratory, which are normally not required for equipment approval. Only a tabulated summary of the system validation status, according to the validation date(s), measurement frequencies, SAR probes and tissue dielectric parameters is required in the SAR report.

# System Setup

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:

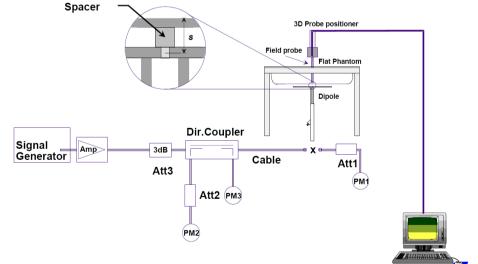


Fig 8.1 System Setup for System Evaluation

- 1. Signal Generator
- Amplifier
- 3. Directional Coupler
- 4. Power Meter
- 5. Calibrated Dipole

Note: The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 30 dBm (1000 mW) before dipole is connected.



Test Report	17070763-FCC-H
Page	21 of 132

# **System Verification Results**

Prior to SAR assessment, the system is verified to 10% of the SAR measurement on the reference dipole at the time of calibration by the calibration facility. Full system validation status and result summary can be found in below

### Target and measurement SAR after Normalized (1W):

Measurement Date	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type (head/body)	Target SAR1g (W/kg)	Measured SAR1g (W/kg)	Normalized SAR1g (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
Oct 19, 2017	835	head	9.64	0.982	9.82	1.87
Oct 19, 2017	835	body	9.96	0.951	9.51	-4.52
Oct 23, 2017	1900	head	39.88	3.711	37.11	-6.95
Oct 23, 2017	1900	body	40.38	4.152	41.52	2.82
Oct 25, 2017	2450	head	53.18	5.376	53.76	1.09
Oct 25, 2017	2450	body	52.73	5.151	51.51	-2.31
Oct 27, 2017	2600	head	54.89	5.304	53.04	-3.37
Oct 27, 2017	2600	body	54.23	5.645	56.45	4.09

Note: system check input power: 100mW



 Test Report
 17070763-FCC-H

 Page
 22 of 132

# **Liquid Verification**

The dielectric parameters were checked prior to assessment using the HP85070C dielectric probe kit. The dielectric parameters measured are reported in each correspondent section.

# KDB 865664 recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters

The head and body tissue parameters given in this below table should be used to measure the SAR of transmitters operating in 100 MHz to 6 GHz frequency range. The tissue dielectric parameters of the tissue medium at the test frequency should be within the tolerance required in this document. The dielectric parameters should be linearly interpolated between the closest pair of target frequencies to determine the applicable dielectric parameters corresponding to the device test frequency.

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by IEEE Std 1528-2013 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in 1528 are derived from tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described above and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in 1528.



Test Report	17070763-FCC-H
Page	23 of 132

# Liquid Confirmation Result:

Date	Freq.(MHz)	Liquid Parameters	Measured	Target	Delta (%)	Limit±(%)
0.1.40.0047 005	835	Relative Permittivity (ɛr):	41.8	41.5	0.72	5
Oct 19, 2017	000	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ):	0.86	0.90	-4.44	5
Oct 23, 2017 19	1900	Relative Permittivity (ɛr):	40.5	40.0	1.25	5
	1900	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ):	1.42	1.40	1.43	5
Oct 25, 2017	Oct 25, 2017 2450	Relative Permittivity (ɛr):	40.42	39.2	0.26	5
Oct 25, 2017		Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ):	1.77	1.80	0.51	5
Oct 27, 2017	2600	Relative Permittivity (ɛr):	39.1	39.0	0.26	5
		Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ):	1.97	1.96	0.51	5

## 2. Measured Body liquid Properties

Date	Freq.(MHz)	Liquid Parameters	Measured	Target	Delta (%)	Limit±(%)
0.140.0047	835	Relative Permittivity (ɛr):	55.18	55.20	-0.04	5
Oct 19, 2017	000	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ):	0.95	0.97	-2.06	5
0 0 0 2 00 1 7	Oct 23, 2017 1900	Relative Permittivity (ɛr):	53.32	53.3	0.04	5
Oct 23, 2017		Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ):	1.47	1.52	-3.29	5
Oct 25, 2017	2450	Relative Permittivity (ɛr):	52.78	52.70	0.31	5
Oct 25, 2017	2400	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ):	1.97	1.95	-0.91	5
Oct 27, 2017	0000	Relative Permittivity (ɛr):	51.96	51.80	0.31	5
	2600	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ):	2.17	2.19	-0.91	5



Test Report	17070763-FCC-H
Page	24 of 132

System Verification Plots Product Description: Dipole Model: SID835 Test Date: Oct 19, 2017

Test Date: Oct 19, 2017				
Medium(liquid type)	HSL_835			
Frequency (MHz)	835.000000			
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.8			
Conductivity (S/m)	0.86			
Input power	100mW			
E-Field Probe	SN 27/15 EPGO262			
Crest factor	1.0			
Conversion Factor	1.74			
Sensor-surface	4mm			
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm			
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm			
Variation (%)	0.450000			
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.657114			
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.982453			
SAR Visualizani Graphical Interlace           Surface Radated Interlace           Surface Radated Interlace           Surface Radated Interlace           Surface Radated Interlace           Colors Scale           Minal           Display           Output           Surface Radated Interlace           Surface Radated Interlace </td <td>SAP Vinualisation Graphed Interface Volume Redated Interface Volume</td>	SAP Vinualisation Graphed Interface Volume Redated Interface Volume			

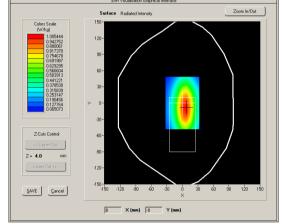


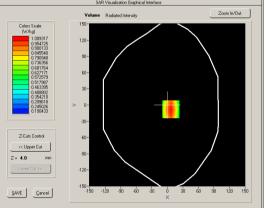
 Test Report
 17070763-FCC-H

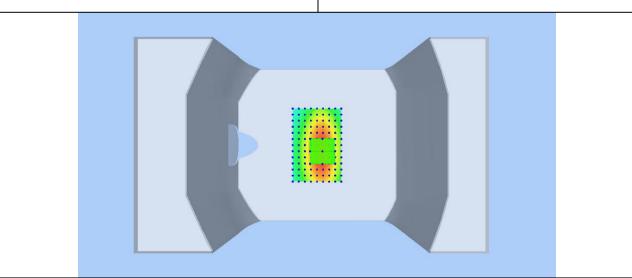
 Page
 25 of 132

Product Description: Dipole Model: SID835 Test Date: Oct 19, 2017

Test Date: Oct 19, 2017					
Medium(liquid type)	MSL_835				
Frequency (MHz)	835.00000				
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.18				
Conductivity (S/m)	0.95				
Input power	100mW				
E-Field Probe	SN 27/15 EPGO262				
Crest factor	1.0				
Conversion Factor	1.81				
Sensor-surface	4mm				
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm				
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm				
Variation (%)	1.120000				
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.634537				
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.951126				
SAR Visualisation Graphical Interface	SAR Visualisation Graphical Interface				







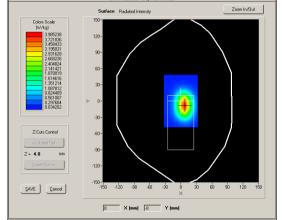


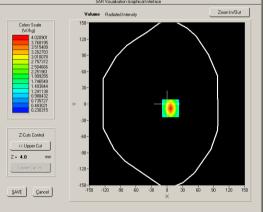
 Test Report
 17070763-FCC-H

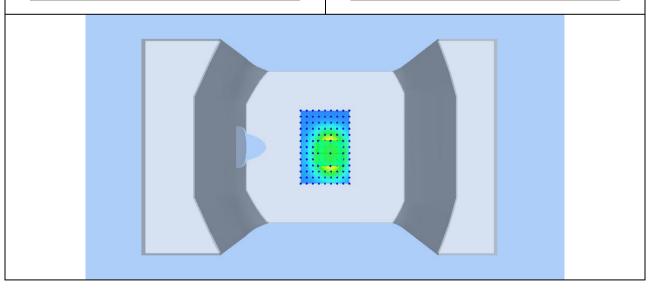
 Page
 26 of 132

Product Description: Dipole Model: SID1900 Test Date: Oct 23, 2017

Test Date. Oct 25, 2017					
Medium(liquid type)	HSL_1900				
Frequency (MHz)	1900.000				
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.5				
Conductivity (S/m)	1.42				
Input power	100mW				
E-Field Probe	SN 27/15 EPGO262				
Crest factor	1.0				
Conversion Factor	2.01				
Sensor-Surface	4mm				
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm				
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm				
Variation (%)	-1.060000				
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.984267				
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.711134				
SAR Visualisation Graphical Interface	SAR Visualization Graphical Interface				







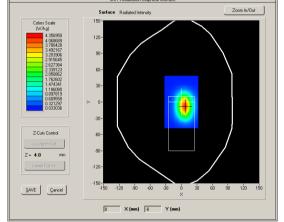


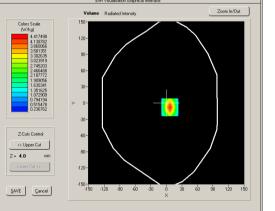
 Test Report
 17070763-FCC-H

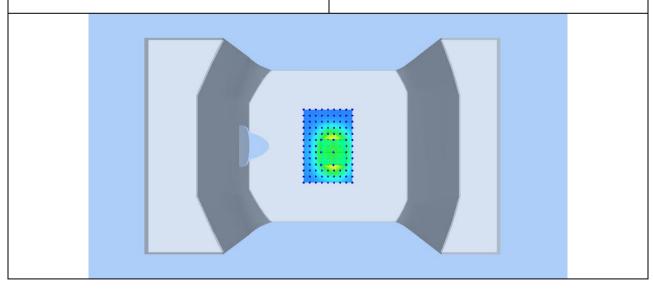
 Page
 27 of 132

Product Description: Dipole Model: SID1900 Test Date: Oct 23, 2017

Test Date: Oct 23, 2017					
Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1900				
Frequency (MHz)	1900.000				
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.32				
Conductivity (S/m)	1.47				
Input power	100mW				
E-Field Probe	SN 27/15 EPGO262				
Crest factor	1.0				
Conversion Factor	2.05				
Sensor-Surface	4mm				
Area Scan dx=8mm dy=8mm					
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm				
Variation (%)	-1.390000				
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.152143				
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	4.152413				
SAR Visualisation Graphical Interface	SAP Visualisation Graphical Interface				









 Test Report
 17070763-FCC-H

 Page
 28 of 132

Product Description: Dipole Model: SID2450 Test Date: Oct 25, 2017

Test Date: Oct 25, 2017					
Medium(liquid type)	HSL_2450				
Frequency (MHz)	2450.000				
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.42				
Conductivity (S/m)	1.77				
Input power	100mW				
Crest factor	1.0				
E-Field Probe	SN 27/15 EPGO262				
Conversion Factor	2.04				
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm				
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm				
Variation (%)	-0.520000				
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.516026				
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.375823				
SARI Visualisation Graphical Interface Surface Radiated Internaly Zoess InvOut	SAR Visualisation Graphical Interface Volume Radialed Internaty Zoom In/Dut				
2 Cols Corned 2 Corned 2 Cols Corned 2 Cols Corned 2 Corned 2 Cols Corned 2 Cols Corned 2 Cols Corned 2 Cols Corned 2 Cols Corned 2 Corned	2       Cuts Control         3       Cuts Control </td				



 Test Report
 17070763-FCC-H

 Page
 29 of 132

Product Description: Dipole Model: SID2450 Test Date: Oct 25, 2017

Test Date: Oct 25, 2017	
Medium(liquid type)	MSL_2450
Frequency (MHz)	2450.00
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.78
Conductivity (S/m)	1.97
Input power	100mW
Crest factor	1.0
E-Field Probe	SN 27/15 EPGO262
Conversion Factor	2.12
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-1.150000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.408050
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.150584
SAR Visueleaton Englised Interface Surface Radwed Internaly Zoom In/Dut	SAR Visualization Graphical Interface Volume Radiated Internally Zoom In/Dut
Solid	550007       120-         45500       90-         381125       90-         38125       00-         190575       30-         190575       00-         190575       00-         190576       00-         1000000000000000000000000000000000000

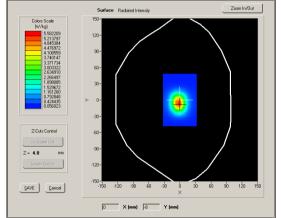


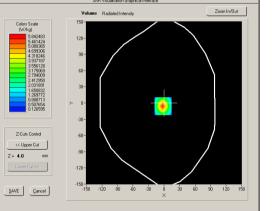
 Test Report
 17070763-FCC-H

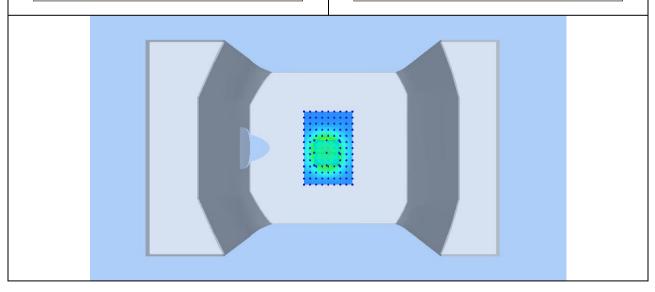
 Page
 30 of 132

Product Description: Dipole Model: SID2600 Test Date: Oct 27, 2017

Test Date. Oct 21, 2017				
Medium(liquid type)	HSL_2600			
Frequency (MHz)	2600.000			
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.1			
Conductivity (S/m)	1.97			
Input power	100mW			
E-Field Probe	SN 27/15 EPGO262			
Crest factor	1.0			
Conversion Factor	2.28			
Sensor-Surface 4mm				
Area Scan dx=8mm dy=8mm				
Zoom Scan 5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm				
Variation (%)	-0.250000			
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.426547			
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.304158			
SAR Visualisation Graphical Interface	SAR Visualisation Graphical Interface			









 Test Report
 17070763-FCC-H

 Page
 31 of 132

Product Description: Dipole Model: SID2600 Test Date: Oct 27, 2017

Test Date: Oct 27, 2017	
Medium(liquid type)	MSL_2600
Frequency (MHz)	2600.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	51.96
Conductivity (S/m)	2.17
Input power	100mW
E-Field Probe	SN 27/15 EPGO262
Crest factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	2.34
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.080000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.582874
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.644934
Surface Radded Internaty     Zom InvOut	Volume     Radacted Internativ       Volume     Radacted Internativ         Volume     Radacted Internativ         Volume     Radacted Internativ         Volume     Radacted Internativ         Volume     Radacted Internativ         Volume     Radacted Internativ         Zotats Control         Volume     Radacted Internativ         Zotats Control         Volume     Control         SAVE     Control         Volume     Radacted Internativ         Zotats Control         SAVE     Control         Volume     Radacted Internativ         Zotats Control         Volume         Volume         Zotats Control         Volume             Volume  <



7

Test Report 17070763-FCC-H

# Page

32 of 132

# **UNCERTAINTY ASSESSMENT**

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience and specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in Table below :

Uncertainty Distribution	Normal	Rectangle	Triangular	U Shape
Multi-plying Factor <sup>(a)</sup>	<b>1/k</b> <sup>(b)</sup>	1 / √3	1 / √6	1 / √2

(a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity

(b)  $\kappa$  is the coverage factor

### Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type -sum-by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %.

### The COMOSAR Uncertainty Budget is show in below table:

The following table includes the uncertainty table of the IEEE 1528 from 300MHz to 3GHz and KDB865664 to 6GHZ too, The values are determined by Satimo.



Test Report	17070763-FCC-H
Page	33 of 132

# UNCERTAINTY FOR SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK

		1	1	r	r	T		
Uncertainty Component	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	1 g ui (± %)	10 g ui (± %)	Vi
Measurement System			-					
Probe Calibration	5,8	N	1	1	1	5,8	5,8	8
Axial Isotropy	3,5	R	√3	(1- cp)1/2	(1- cp)1/2	1,42887	1,42887	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	5,9	R	√3	√Ср	√Cp	2,40866	2,40866	∞
Boundary Effect	1	R	√3	1	1	0,57735	0,57735	∞
Linearity	4,7	R	√3	1	1	2,71355	2,71355	∞
System Detection Limits	1	R	√3	1	1	0,57735	0,57735	∞
Readout Electronics	0,5	N	1	1	1	0,5	0,5	∞
Response Time	0	R	√3	1	1	0	0	∞
Integration Time	1,4	R	√3	1	1	0,80829	0,80829	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	3	R	√3	1	1	1,73205	1,73205	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	1,4	R	√3	1	1	0,80829	0,80829	×
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	1,4	R	√3	1	1	0,80829	0,80829	×
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	2,3	R	√3	1	1	1,32791	1,32791	8
Dipole			-					
Dipole Axis to Liquid Distance	2	Ν	√3	1	1	1,1547	1,1547	N-1
Input Power and SAR drift measurement	5	R	√3	1	1	2,88675	2,88675	8
Phantom and Tissue Parameters				-				
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4	R	√3	1	1	2,3094	2,3094	∞
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	5	R	√3	0,64	0,43	1,84752	1,2413	∞
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	4	Ν	1	0,64	0,43	2,56	1,72	М
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	5	R	√3	0,6	0,49	1,73205	1,41451	8
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	5	N	1	0,6	0,49	3	2,45	М
Combined Standard Uncertainty		RSS				9,6671	9,1645	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE INTERVAL)		k				19,3342	18,3290	



Test Report	17070763-FCC-H
Page	34 of 132

# UNCERTAINTY EVALUATION FOR HANDSET SAR TEST

		T.	1	I				
Uncertainty Component	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	c <sub>i</sub> (1 g)	c <sub>i</sub> (10 g)	1 g u <sub>i</sub> (± %)	10 g u <sub>i</sub> (± %)	Vi
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	5,8	Ν	1	1	1	5,8	5,8	∞
Axial Isotropy	3,5	R	√3	$(1-c_p)^{1/2}$	$(1-c_p)^{1/2}$	1,43	1,43	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	5,9	R	√3	$\sqrt{C_p}$	$\sqrt{C_p}$	2,41	2,41	∞
Boundary Effect	1	R	√3	1	1	0,58	0,58	∞
Linearity	4,7	R	√3	1	1	2,71	2,71	∞
System Detection Limits	1	R	√3	1	1	0,58	0,58	∞
Readout Electronics	0,5	Ν	1	1	1	0,50	0,50	∞
Response Time	0	R	√3	1	1	0,00	0,00	∞
Integration Time	1,4	R	√3	1	1	0,81	0,81	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	3	R	√3	1	1	1,73	1,73	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	1,4	R	√3	1	1	0,81	0,81	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	1,4	R	√3	1	1	0,81	0,81	8
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	2,3	R	√3	1	1	1,33	1,33	∞
Test sample Related			-					
Test Sample Positioning	2,6	N	1	1	1	2,60	2,60	N-1
Device Holder Uncertainty	3	Ν	1	1	1	3,00	3,00	N-1
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	5	R	√3	1	1	2,89	2,89	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters								
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4	R	√3	1	1	2,31	2,31	8
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	5	R	√3	0,64	0,43	1,85	1,24	8
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	4	Ν	1	0,64	0,43	2,56	1,72	М
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	5	R	√3	0,6	0,49	1,73	1,41	×
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	5	N	1	0,6	0,49	3,00	2,45	М
Combined Standard Uncertainty		RSS				10,39	9,92	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE INTERVAL)		k				20,78	19,84	



 Test Report
 17070763-FCC-H

 Page
 35 of 132

# 8 TEST INSTRUMENT

TEST INSTRUMENTATION						
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	<b>J</b>		Calibration Date	Calibration Due	
PC	Compaq	PV 3.06GHz 375052-AA1 N/A		N/A		
Signal Generator	Agilent	8665B-008	3744A10293	05/15/2017	05/15/2018	
MultiMeter	Keithley	MiltiMeter 2000	1259033	06/21/2017	06/21/2018	
S-Parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753ES	US39173518	08/04/2017	08/04/2018	
Wireless Communication Test Set	R & S	CMU200	111078	07/22/2017	07/22/2018	
Power Meter	HP	437B	3038A03648	05/17/2017	05/17/2018	
E-field PROBE	MVG	SSE2	SN 27/15 EPGO262	09/20/2016	09/20/2018	
DIPOLE 835	SATIMO	SID 835	SN 18/11 DIPC 150	06/8/2017	06/8/2018	
DIPOLE 1900	SATIMO	SID 1900	SN 18/11 DIPG 153	06/8/2017	06/8/2018	
DIPOLE 2450	SATIMO	SID 2450	SN 31/10 DIPJ138	06/8/2017	06/8/2018	
DIPOLE 2600	SATIMO	SID 2600	SN 26/14 DIP 2G600- 326	06/8/2017	06/8/2018	
Communication Antenna	SATIMO	ANTA3	SN 20/11 ANTA 3	06/21/2017	06/20/2018	
Laptop POSITIONING DEVICE	SATIMO	LSH15	SN 24/11 LSH15	N/A	N/A	
e\POSITIONING DEVICE	SATIMO	MSH73	SN 24/11 MSH73	N/A	N/A	
DUMMY PROBE	ANTENNESSA		DP41	N/A	N/A	
SAM PHANTOM	SATIMO	SAM87	SN 24/11 SAM87	N/A	N/A	
Elliptic Phantom	SATIMO	ELLI20	SN 20/11ELLI20	N/A	N/A	
PHANTOM TABLE	SATIMO	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
6 AXIS ROBOT	KUKA	KR5	949272	N/A	N/A	
high Power Solid State Amplifier (80MHz~1000MHz)	Instruments for Industry	CMC150	M631-0408	05/16/2017	05/16/2018	
Medium Power Solid State Amplifier (0.8~4.2GHz)	Instruments for Industry	S41-25	M629-0408	06/28/2017	06/28/2018	
Wave Tube Amplifier 4- 8 GHz at 20Watt	Hughes Aircraft Company	1277H02F000	81	08/22/2017	08/22/2018	



Test Report 17070763-FCC-H Page

36 of 132

**OUTPUT POWER VERIFICATION** 

### **Test Condition:**

1.	Conducted Measurement						
	EUT was set for low, mid, high ch	annel with modulated mode and highes	st RF output power.				
	The base station simulator was co						
2	Conducted Emissions Measurement Uncertainty						
	All test measurements carried out	are traceable to national standards. The 95% (in the case where distributions and	he uncertainty of the measurement at a re normal), with a coverage factor of 2, in the				
3	Environmental Conditions	Temperature	23°C				
		Relative Humidity	53%				
		Atmospheric Pressure	1019mbar				
4	Test Date : Oct 19, 2017						
	Tested By : York Liu						

### **Test Procedures:**

### Mobile phone radio output power measurement

9

- 1. The transmitter output port was connected to base station emulator.
- 2. Establish communication link between emulator and EUT and set EUT to operate at maximum output power all the time.
- 3. Select lowest, middle, and highest channels for each band and different possible test mode.
- 4. Measure the conducted peak burst power and conducted average burst power from EUT antenna port.

### Other radio output power measurement

The output power was measured using power meter at low, mid, and hi channels.

### Source-based Time Averaged Burst Power Calculation:

For TDMA, the following duty cycle factor was used to calculate the source-based time average power

Number of Time slot	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.66	1:2
Duty cycle factor	-9.03 dB	-6.02 dB	-4.26 dB	-3.01 dB
Crest Factor	8	4	2.66	2

### **Remark:** <u>*Time slot duty cycle factor = 10 \* log (1 / Time Slot Duty Cycle)*</u>

Source based time averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Uplink) - 9.03 dB Source based time averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Uplink) - 6.02 dB Source based time averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Uplink) – 4.26 dB Source based time averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Uplink) - 3.01 dB



 Test Report
 17070763-FCC-H

 Page
 37 of 132

### **Test Result:**

GSM:

Burst Average Power (dBm);										
Band		GSN	/1850		PCS1900					
Channel	128	190	251	Tune up Power tolerant	512	661	810	Tune up Power tolerant		
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	/	1850.2	1880	1909.8	1		
GSM Voice (1 uplink),GMSK	32.14	32.31	32.35	32±1	29.73	29.65	29.61	29±1		
GPRS Multi-Slot Class 8 (1 uplink),GMSK	32.13	32.31	32.34	32±1	29.72	29.63	29.62	29±1		
GPRS Multi-Slot Class 10 (2 uplink),GMSK	31.21	31.41	31.47	31±1	28.86	28.77	28.79	28±1		
GPRS Multi-Slot Class 11 (3 uplink),GMSK	29.32	29.51	29.58	29±1	27.08	26.98	27.01	27±1		
GPRS Multi-Slot Class 12 (4 uplink),GMSK	28.21	28.44	28.51	28±1	25.86	25.8	25.84	25±1		
EGPRS Multi-Slot Class 8 (1 uplink) MCS1 GMSK	32.11	32.26	32.31	32±1	29.74	29.63	29.62	29±1		
EGPRS Multi-Slot Class 10 (2 uplink) MCS1 GMSK	31.21	31.41	31.45	31±1	28.84	28.73	28.76	28±1		
EGPRS Multi-Slot Class 11 (3 uplink) MCS1 GMSK	29.32	29.5	29.57	29±1	27.06	26.99	27.02	27±1		
EGPRS Multi-Slot Class 12 (4 uplink) MCS1 GMSK	28.2	28.41	28.49	28±1	25.89	25.81	25.84	25±1		
EGPRS Multi-Slot Class 8 (1 uplink) MCS5 8PSK	25.59	25.67	25.85	25±1	25.89	25.81	24.92	25±1		
EGPRS Multi-Slot Class 10 (2 uplink) MCS5 8PSK	24.49	24.62	24.85	24±1	24.45	24.12	23.89	24±1		
EGPRS Multi-Slot Class 11 (3 uplink) MCS5 8PSK	22.21	22.3	22.61	22±1	22.26	21.86	21.59	22±1		
EGPRS Multi-Slot Class 12 (4 uplink) MCS5 8PSK	20.91	20.96	21.15	21±1	21.04	20.71	20.49	21±1		

Remark :

GPRS, CS1 coding scheme.

EGPRS, MCS1 coding scheme.

EGPRS, MCS5 coding scheme.

Multi-Slot Class 8 , Support Max 4 downlink, 1 uplink , 5 working link

 $Multi-Slot\ Class\ 10\ ,\ Support\ Max\ 4\ downlink,\ 2\ uplink\ ,\ 5\ working\ link$ 

Multi-Slot Class 11 , Support Max 4 downlink, 3 uplink , 5 working link

Multi-Slot Class 12 , Support Max 4 downlink, 4 uplink , 5 working link



Test Report	17070763-FCC-H
Page	38 of 132

Source Based time Average Power (dBm)									
Band		G	SM850		PCS1900				
Channel	128	190	251	Time Average factor	512	661	810	Time Average factor	
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	1	1850.2	1880	1909.8	1	
GSM Voice (1 uplink),GMSK	23.11	23.28	23.32	-9.03	20.70	20.62	20.58	-9.03	
GPRS Multi-Slot Class 8 (1 uplink),GMSK	23.10	23.28	23.31	-9.03	20.69	20.60	20.59	-9.03	
GPRS Multi-Slot Class 10 (2 uplink),GMSK	25.19	25.39	25.45	-6.02	22.84	22.75	22.77	-6.02	
GPRS Multi-Slot Class 11 (3 uplink),GMSK	25.06	25.25	25.32	-4.26	22.82	22.72	22.75	-4.26	
GPRS Multi-Slot Class 12 (4 uplink),GMSK	25.20	25.43	25.50	-3.01	22.85	22.79	22.83	-3.01	
EGPRS Multi-Slot Class 8 (1 uplink) MCS1 GMSK	23.08	23.23	23.28	-9.03	20.71	20.60	20.59	-9.03	
EGPRS Multi-Slot Class 10 (2 uplink) MCS1 GMSK	25.19	25.39	25.43	-6.02	22.82	22.71	22.74	-6.02	
EGPRS Multi-Slot Class 11 (3 uplink) MCS1 GMSK	25.06	25.24	25.31	-4.26	22.80	22.73	22.76	-4.26	
EGPRS Multi-Slot Class 12 (4 uplink) MCS1 GMSK	25.19	25.40	25.48	-3.01	22.88	22.80	22.83	-3.01	
EGPRS Multi-Slot Class 8 (1 uplink) MCS5 8PSK	16.56	16.64	16.82	-9.03	16.86	16.78	15.89	-9.03	
EGPRS Multi-Slot Class 10 (2 uplink) MCS5 8PSK	18.47	18.60	18.83	-6.02	18.43	18.10	17.87	-6.02	
EGPRS Multi-Slot Class 11 (3 uplink) MCS5 8PSK	17.95	18.04	18.35	-4.26	18.00	17.60	17.33	-4.26	
EGPRS Multi-Slot Class 12 (4 uplink) MCS5 8PSK	17.90	17.95	18.14	-3.01	18.03	17.70	17.48	-3.01	

Source based time average power = Burst Average power + Time Average factor

**Note:** 1. due to the source based time average power; Body SAR was performed at GPRS Multi-slot class 12 for GPRS850 and EGPRS Multi-slot class 12(MCS1) for GPRS1900.



 Test Report
 17070763-FCC-H

 Page
 39 of 132

### WCDMA BAND V

Band/ Time Slot	Channel	Frequency	Average power	Tune up
configuration	Onanner	Trequency	(dBm)	Power tolerant
RMC	4132	826.4	21.99	22±1
RMC 12.2kbps	4175	835.0	21.89	22±1
12.2K0p5	4233	846.6	21.58	22±1
	4132	826.4	21.26	21±1
HSDPA Subtest1	4175	835.0	21.28	21±1
Sublest	4233	846.6	20.83	21±1
	4132	826.4	21.35	21±1
HSDPA Subtest2	4175	835.0	21.22	21±1
Sublesiz	4233	846.6	21	21±1
	4132	826.4	21.33	21±1
HSDPA	4175	835.0	21.11	21±1
Subtest3	4233	846.6	20.78	21±1
	4132	826.4	21.28	21±1
HSDPA	4175	835.0	21.3	21±1
Subtest4	4233	846.6	20.85	21±1
	4132	826.4	21.24	21±1
HSUPA	4175	835.0	21.27	21±1
Subtest1	4233	846.6	20.91	21±1
	4132	826.4	21.31	21±1
HSUPA	4175	835.0	21.18	21±1
Subtest2	4233	846.6	20.88	21±1
	4132	826.4	21.3	21±1
HSUPA	4175	835.0	21.18	21±1
Subtest3	4233	846.6	20.87	21±1
	4132	826.4	21.16	21±1
HSUPA	4175	835.0	21.07	21±1
Subtest4	4233	846.6	20.82	21±1
	4132	826.4	21.33	21±1
HSUPA	4175	835.0	21.26	21±1
Subtest5	4233	846.6	20.83	21±1

**Note:** 1.Due to the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC<75% of the SAR limit, SAR was performed at RMC 12.2kbps.



 Test Report
 17070763-FCC-H

 Page
 40 of 132

## WCDMA Band II :

Band/ Time Slot	Channel	Frequency	Average power	Tune up
configuration			(dBm)	Power tolerant
RMC	9262	1852.4	22.24	22±1
12.2kbps	9400	1880.0	22.28	22±1
12.28005	9538	1907.6	22.2	22±1
HSDPA	9262	1852.4	21.6	21±1
Subtest1	9400	1880.0	21.62	21±1
Sublest	9538	1907.6	21.54	21±1
	9262	1852.4	21.58	21±1
HSDPA Subtest2	9400	1880.0	21.77	21±1
Sublesiz	9538	1907.6	21.55	21±1
	9262	1852.4	21.51	21±1
HSDPA	9400	1880.0	21.51	21±1
Subtest3	9538	1907.6	21.48	21±1
	9262	1852.4	21.63	21±1
HSDPA	9400	1880.0	21.65	21±1
Subtest4	9538	1907.6	21.47	21±1
	9262	1852.4	21.44	21±1
HSUPA	9400	1880.0	21.67	21±1
Subtest1	9538	1907.6	21.52	21±1
	9262	1852.4	21.32	21±1
HSUPA	9400	1880.0	21.4	21±1
Subtest2	9538	1907.6	21.27	21±1
	9262	1852.4	21.61	21±1
HSUPA	9400	1880.0	21.59	21±1
Subtest3	9538	1907.6	21.57	21±1
	9262	1852.4	21.49	21±1
HSUPA	9400	1880.0	21.53	21±1
Subtest4	9538	1907.6	21.29	21±1
	9262	1852.4	21.7	21±1
HSUPA	9400	1880.0	21.5	21±1
Subtest5	9538	1907.6	21.48	21±1

**Note:** 1.Due to the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC<75% of the SAR limit, SAR was performed at RMC 12.2kbps.



Test Report	17070763-FCC-H
Page	41 of 132

#### **LTE Power Reduction**

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlined in section 6.2 of the 3GPP TS36.101 specification.

The allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1 of the 3GPP TS36.101.

Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3

Modulation	Cha	MPR (dB)					
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
QPSK	>5	>4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
16 QAM 16 QAM	≤5 >5	≤4 >4	≤8 >8<	≤ 12 > 12	≤ 16 > 16	≤ 18 > 18	≤ 1 ≤ 2

The allowed A-MPR values specified below in Table 6.2.4.-1 of 3GPP TS36.101 are in addition to the allowed MPR requirements. All the measurements below were performed with A-MPR disabled, by using Network Signalling Value of "NS\_01".

Network Signalling value	Requirements (sub-clause)	E-UTRA Band	Channel bandwidth (MHz)	Resources Blocks (N <sub>RB</sub> )	A-MPR (dB)				
NS_01	6.6.2.1.1	Table 5.5-1	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	Table 5.6-1	NA				
			3	>5	≤1				
			5	>6	≤ 1				
NS_03	6.6.2.2.1	2, 4,10, 23, 25, 35, 36	10	>6	≤ 1				
		-	15	>8	≤ 1				
			20	>10	≤ 1				
NS_04	6.6.2.2.2	41	5	>6	≤ 1				
110_04	0.0.2.2.2	41	10, 15, 20	See Tab	le 6.2.4-4				
NS_05	6.6.3.3.1	1	10,15,20	≥ <mark>5</mark> 0	≤ 1				
NS_06	6.6.2.2.3	12, 13, 14, 17	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 5.6-1	n/a				
NS_07	6.6.2.2.3 6.6.3.3.2	13	10	Table 6.2.4-2	Table 6.2.4-2				
NS_08	6.6.3.3.3	19	10, 15	> 44	≤ <mark>3</mark>				
NS_09	6.6.3.3.4	21	10, 15	> 40 > 55	≤ 1 ≤ 2				
NS_10		20	15, 20	Table 6.2.4-3	Table 6.2.4-3				
NS_11	6.6.2.2.1	23'	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 6.2.4-5	Table 6.2.4-5				
NS_32	NS_32								
Note 1: A	pplies to the lower	block of Band 23, i.e	a carrier place	d in the 2000-201	10 MHz region.				



Test Report 17070763-FCC-H Page 42 of 132

## LTE Band V:

BW (MHz)	Ch	Freq. (MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	MPR	Average power (dBm)	Tune up Power tolerant
				1	0	0	23.11	23.1±1
				1	24	0	23.18	23.1±1
				1	49	0	23.07	23.1±1
			QPSK	25	0	1	23.16	23.1±1
				25	12	1	23.05	23.1±1
				25	24	1	23.05	23.1±1
	20450	829		50	0	1	23.02	23.1±1
	20450	829		1	0	1	23.09	23.1±1
				1	24	1	23.02	23.1±1
				1	49	1	23.19	23.1±1
			16QAM	25	0	2	23.11	23.1±1
				25	12	2	23.01	23.1±1
				25	24	2	23.16	23.1±1
				50	0	2	23.08	23.1±1
				1	0	0	23.09	22.6±1
			QPSK	1	24	0	23.08	22.6±1
				1	49	0	23.07	22.6±1
				25	0	1	22.09	22.6±1
				25	12	1	22.13	22.6±1
				25	24	1	22.12	22.6±1
101411-	20525			50	0	1	22.08	22.6±1
10MHz	20525	836.5	6.5	1	0	1	22.08	21.5±1
				1	24	1	22.01	21.5±1
				1	49	1	22	21.5±1
			16QAM	25	0	2	20.98	21.5±1
				25	12	2	20.99	21.5±1
				25	24	2	21.04	21.5±1
				50	0	2	21.1	21.5±1
				1	0	0	22.95	22.5±1
				1	24	0	22.97	22.5±1
				1	49	0	22.86	22.5±1
			QPSK	25	0	1	22.01	22.5±1
				25	12	1	21.99	22.5±1
				25	24	1	21.99	22.5±1
	20000	044		50	0	1	22.01	22.5±1
	20600	844		1	0	1	22.6	21.8±1
				1	24	1	22.64	21.8±1
				1	49	1	22.62	21.8±1
			16QAM	25	0	2	20.97	21.8±1
				25	12	2	21.04	21.8±1
				25	24	2	20.93	21.8±1
				50	0	2	21.04	21.8±1



Test Report	17070763-FCC-H
Page	43 of 132

BW (MHz)	Ch	Freq. (MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	MPR	Average power (dBm)	Tune up Power tolerant
				1	0	0	23.05	23.1±1
				1	12	0	22.98	23.1±1
				1	24	0	23.14	23.1±1
			QPSK	12	0	1	23.11	23.1±1
				12	6	1	23.04	23.1±1
				12	11	1	23.12	23.1±1
	20425	926 F		25	0	1	23.07	23.1±1
	20425	826.5		1	0	1	23	23±1
				1	12	1	23.04	23±1
				1	24	1	23.08	23±1
			16QAM	12	0	2	23.03	23±1
				12	6	2	23.04	23±1
				12	11	2	22.95	23±1
				25	0	2	23.1	23±1
				1	0	0	23	22.5±1
				1	12	0	22.95	22.5±1
				1	24	0	22.91	22.5±1
		525 836.5	QPSК	12	0	1	22.1	22.5±1
				12	6	1	22.16	22.5±1
				12	11	1	22.1	22.5±1
-	20525			25	0	1	22.04	22.5±1
5MHz	20525			1	0	1	22.1	21.5±1
				1	12	1	22.14	21.5±1
				1	24	1	22.14	21.5±1
			16QAM	12	0	2	20.85	21.5±1
				12	6	2	20.81	21.5±1
				12	11	2	20.76	21.5±1
				25	0	2	21.09	21.5±1
				1	0	0	23.02	22.5±1
				1	12	0	23.11	22.5±1
				1	24	0	23.08	22.5±1
			QPSK	12	0	1	22.06	22.5±1
				12	6	1	22.04	22.5±1
				12	11	1	22.01	22.5±1
	20025	046 5		25	0	1	21.98	22.5±1
	20625	846.5		1	0	1	21.95	21.5±1
				1	12	1	22.05	21.5±1
				1	24	1	21.89	21.5±1
			16QAM	12	0	2	21.05	21.5±1
				12	6	2	21.08	21.5±1
				12	11	2	21.03	21.5±1
				25	0	2	21.03	21.5±1



Test Report	17070763-FCC-H
Page	44 of 132

BW (MHz)	Ch	Freq. (MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	MPR	Average power (dBm)	Tune up Power tolerant
				1	0	0	22.86	22.9±1
				1	7	0	22.94	22.9±1
				1	14	0	22.89	22.9±1
			QPSK	8	0	1	22.91	22.9±1
				8	4	1	22.88	22.9±1
				8	7	1	22.9	22.9±1
	20415	825.5		15	0	1	22.9	22.9±1
	20415	825.5		1	0	1	23.05	23±1
				1	7	1	23.06	23±1
				1	14	1	23.04	23±1
			16QAM	8	0	2	23.01	23±1
				8	4	2	22.95	23±1
				8	7	2	23.14	23±1
				15	0	2	23.08	23±1
				1	0	0	23.05	22.6±1
		836.5		1	7	0	23.02	22.6±1
				1	14	0	23.1	22.6±1
			QPSK	8	0	1	22.01	22.6±1
				8	4	1	22.04	22.6±1
				8	7	1	22.05	22.6±1
				15	0	1	22.05	22.6±1
3MHz	20525			1	0	1	21.89	21.3±1
				1	7	1	21.81	21.3±1
				1	14	1	21.81	21.3±1
			16QAM	8	0	2	20.78	21.3±1
			200	8	4	2	20.88	21.3±1
				8	7	2	20.85	21.3±1
				15	0	2	21.03	21.3±1
				1	0	0	22.97	22.4±1
				1	7	0	22.92	22.4±1
				1	14	0	23.06	22.4±1
			QPSK	8	0	1	21.91	22.4±1
				8	4	1	21.86	22.4±1
				8	7	1	21.82	22.4±1
				15	0	1	21.96	22.4±1
	20635	847.5		1	0	1	21.91	21.4±1
				1	7	1	21.85	21.4±1
				1	14	1	21.98	21.4±1
			16QAM	8	0	2	20.78	21.4±1
				8	4	2	20.76	21.4±1
				8	7	2	20.78	21.4±1
				15	0	2	20.99	21.4±1



Test Report	17070763-FCC-H
Page	45 of 132

BW (MHz)	Ch	Freq. (MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	MPR	Average power (dBm)	Tune up Power tolerant
				1	0	0	23.02	23±1
				1	2	0	22.94	23±1
				1	5	0	23.11	23±1
			QPSK	3	0	0	23.05	23±1
				3	1	0	23.08	23±1
				3	2	0	22.99	23±1
	20407	824.7		6	0	1	23.03	23±1
	20407	824.7		1	0	1	23.01	23±1
				1	2	1	23.03	23±1
				1	5	1	23.1	23±1
			16QAM	3	0	1	23.08	23±1
				3	1	1	22.93	23±1
				3	2	1	23.1	23±1
				6	0	2	23.11	23±1
				1	0	0	23.01	22.5±1
		0525 836.5	QPSK	1	2	0	23.1	22.5±1
				1	5	0	23.08	22.5±1
				3	0	0	23.05	22.5±1
				3	1	0	22.99	22.5±1
				3	2	0	23.02	22.5±1
				6	0	1	21.96	22.5±1
1.4MHz	20525			1	0	1	21.98	21.5±1
				1	2	1	22.07	21.5±1
				1	5	1	21.95	21.5±1
			16QAM	3	0	1	21	21.5±1
			200	3	1	1	20.99	21.5±1
				3	2	1	20.94	21.5±1
				6	0	2	20.87	21.5±1
				1	0	0	22.88	22.5±1
				1	2	0	22.87	22.5±1
				1	5	0	22.89	22.5±1
			QPSK	3	0	0	23.02	22.5±1
				3	1	0	22.96	22.5±1
				3	2	0	22.96	22.5±1
				6	0	1	21.94	22.5±1
	20643	848.3		1	0	1	21.53	21.3±1
				1	2	1	21.55	21.3±1
				1	5	1	21.54	21.3±1
			16QAM	3	0	1	20.98	21.3±1
				3	1	1	20.94	21.3±1
				3	2	1	20.99	21.3±1
				6	0	2	20.86	21.3±1



Test Report 17070763-FCC-H Page 46 of 132

## LTE Band VII:

BW (MHz)	Ch	Freq. (MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	MPR	Average power (dBm)	Tune up Power tolerant
				1	0	0	22.52	22.6±1
				1	49	0	22.62	22.6±1
				1	99	0	22.55	22.6±1
			QPSK	50	0	1	22.52	22.6±1
				50	24	1	22.59	22.6±1
				50	49	1	22.61	22.6±1
	20850	2510		100	0	1	22.56	22.6±1
	20650	2510		1	0	1	22.13	22.1±1
				1	49	1	22.15	22.1±1
				1	99	1	22.14	22.1±1
			16QAM	50	0	2	22.04	22.1±1
				50	24	2	22.08	22.1±1
				50	49	2	22.19	22.1±1
				100	0	2	22.12	22.1±1
				1	0	0	22.13	21.6±1
		0 2535		1	49	0	22.15	21.6±1
				1	99	0	22.11	21.6±1
			QPSK 16QAM	50	0	1	21.18	21.6±1
				50	24	1	21.23	21.6±1
				50	49	1	21.08	21.6±1
20MHz	21100			100	0	1	21.21	21.6±1
20101112	21100			1	0	1	21.41	21.3±1
				1	49	1	21.38	21.3±1
				1	99	1	21.46	21.3±1
				50	0	2	20.59	21.3±1
				50	24	2	20.52	21.3±1
				50	49	2	20.63	21.3±1
				100	0	2	20.39	21.3±1
				1	0	0	21.75	21.4±1
				1	49	0	21.76	21.4±1
				1	99	0	21.81	21.4±1
			QPSK	50	0	1	21.08	21.4±1
				50	24	1	21.03	21.4±1
				50	49	1	21.14	21.4±1
	21350	2560		100	0	1	21.15	21.4±1
	21330	2300		1	0	1	21.22	21.3±1
				1	49	1	21.24	21.3±1
				1	99	1	21.23	21.3±1
			16QAM	50	0	2	20.39	21.3±1
				50	24	2	20.39	21.3±1
				50	49	2	20.34	21.3±1
				100	0	2	20.38	21.3±1



Test Report	17070763-FCC-H
Page	47 of 132

BW (MHz)	Ch	Freq. (MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	MPR	Average power (dBm)	Tune up Power tolerant
				1	0	0	22.08	22.1±1
				1	37	0	22.01	22.1±1
				1	74	0	22.16	22.1±1
			QPSK	36	0	1	22.01	22.1±1
				36	16	1	22.16	22.1±1
				36	35	1	22.14	22.1±1
	20025	1717 5		75	0	1	22.1	22.1±1
	20825	1717.5		1	0	1	22.52	22.5±1
				1	37	1	22.53	22.5±1
				1	74	1	22.45	22.5±1
			16QAM	36	0	2	22.58	22.5±1
				36	16	2	22.45	22.5±1
				36	35	2	22.55	22.5±1
				75	0	2	22.58	22.5±1
				1	0	0	22.52	22±1
		0 1732.5	QPSK	1	37	0	22.51	22±1
				1	74	0	22.46	22±1
				36	0	1	21.45	22±1
				36	16	1	21.39	22±1
				36	35	1	21.47	22±1
15MHz	21100			75	0	1	21.39	22±1
	21100			1	0	1	21.63	21.3±1
				1	37	1	21.56	21.3±1
				1	74	1	21.37	21.3±1
			16QAM	36	0	2	20.38	21.3±1
				36	16	2	20.44	21.3±1
				36	35	2	20.42	21.3±1
				75	0	2	20.32	21.3±1
				1	0	0	21.49	21.3±1
				1	37	0	21.48	21.3±1
				1	74	0	21.47	21.3±1
			QPSK	36	0	1	21.07	21.3±1
				36	16	1	21.16	21.3±1
				36	35	1	20.99	21.3±1
	21375	1747.5		75	0	1	21.28	21.3±1
	213/3	1/4/.5		1	0	1	21.08	21.3±1
				1	37	1	20.99	21.3±1
				1	74	1	21.37	21.3±1
			16QAM	36	0	2	20.51	21.3±1
				36	16	2	20.39	21.3±1
				36	35	2	20.41	21.3±1
				75	0	2	20.36	21.3±1



Test Report	17070763-FCC-H
Page	48 of 132

BW (MHz)	Ch	Freq. (MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	MPR	Average power (dBm)	Tune up Power tolerant
				1	0	0	22.47	22.5±1
				1	24	0	22.48	22.5±1
				1	49	0	22.4	22.5±1
			QPSK	25	0	1	22.55	22.5±1
				25	12	1	22.41	22.5±1
				25	24	1	22.54	22.5±1
	20800	2502		50	0	1	22.47	22.5±1
	20800	2502		1	0	1	22.18	22.2±1
				1	24	1	22.26	22.2±1
				1	49	1	22.22	22.2±1
			16QAM	25	0	2	22.12	22.2±1
				25	12	2	22.22	22.2±1
				25	24	2	22.24	22.2±1
				50	0	2	22.2	22.2±1
				1	0	0	22.18	21.6±1
		0 2535		1	24	0	22.14	21.6±1
			QPSK	1	49	0	22.18	21.6±1
				25	0	1	21.08	21.6±1
				25	12	1	21.05	21.6±1
				25	24	1	21.01	21.6±1
				50	0	1	21.25	21.6±1
10MHz	21100			1	0	1	21.06	21.3±1
				1	24	1	21.05	21.3±1
				1	49	1	21.07	21.3±1
			16QAM	25	0	2	20.51	21.3±1
			100,000	25	12	2	20.6	21.3±1
				25	24	2	20.42	21.3±1
				50	0	2	20.34	21.3±1
				1	0	0	21.81	21.6±1
				1	24	0	21.89	21.6±1
				1	49	0	21.77	21.6±1
			QPSK	25	0	1	21.31	21.6±1
				25	12	1	21.37	21.6±1
				25	24	1	21.33	21.6±1
				50	0	1	21.29	21.6±1
	21400	2565		1	0	1	21.5	21.3±1
				1	24	1	21.52	21.3±1
				1	49	1	21.55	21.3±1
			16QAM	25	0	2	20.52	21.3±1
			1000	25	12	2	20.32	21.3±1
				25	24	2	20.42	21.3±1 21.3±1
				50	0	2	20.43	21.3±1 21.3±1



Test Report	17070763-FCC-H
Page	49 of 132

BW (MHz)	Ch	Freq. (MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	MPR	Average power (dBm)	Tune up Power tolerant
				1	0	0	22.31	22.3±1
				1	12	0	22.29	22.3±1
				1	24	0	22.33	22.3±1
			QPSK	12	0	1	22.28	22.3±1
				12	6	1	22.27	22.3±1
				12	11	1	22.3	22.3±1
	19975	1712.5		25	0	1	22.29	22.3±1
	19975	1/12.5		1	0	1	22.02	22±1
				1	12	1	21.93	22±1
				1	24	1	22.01	22±1
			16QAM	12	0	2	22.03	22±1
				12	6	2	22.04	22±1
				12	11	2	21.92	22±1
				25	0	2	22.11	22±1
				1	0	0	22.02	21.6±1
		1732.5		1	12	0	22.06	21.6±1
			QPSK	1	24	0	21.96	21.6±1
				12	0	1	21.11	21.6±1
				12	6	1	21.15	21.6±1
				12	11	1	21.06	21.6±1
				25	0	1	21.06	21.6±1
5MHz	20175		16QAM	1	0	1	21.07	21.3±1
				1	12	1	21.15	21.3±1
				1	24	1	21.01	21.3±1
				12	0	2	20.42	21.3±1
				12	6	2	20.43	21.3±1
				12	11	2	20.46	21.3±1
				25	0	2	20.45	21.3±1
				1	0	0	22.42	21.9±1
				1	12	0	22.51	21.9±1
				1	24	0	22.43	21.9±1
			QPSK	12	0	1	21.43	21.9±1
				12	6	1	21.4	21.9±1
				12	11	1	21.38	21.9±1
				25	0	1	21.38	21.9±1
	20375	1752.5		1	0	1	21.35	21.3±1
				1	12	1	21.36	21.3±1
				1	24	1	21.29	21.3±1
			16QAM	12	0	2	20.3	21.3±1
				12	6	2	20.32	21.3±1
				12	11	2	20.35	21.3±1
				25	0	2	20.41	21.3±1



Test Report	17070763-FCC-H
Page	50 of 132

## WIFI Mode (2.4G)

Mode	Channel number	Frequency (MHz)	Data rate(Mbps)	Average Output Power(dBm)	Average Tune up limited(dBm)
	1	2412	1	12.36	12±1
802.11b	6	2437	1	12.30	12±1
	11	2462	1	12.24	12±1
	1	2412	6	12.27	12±1
802.11g	6	2437	6	11.98	12±1
	11	2462	6	11.74	12±1
	1	2412	MCS0	12.32	12±1
802.11n(HT20)	6	2437	MCS0	12.15	12±1
	11	2462	MCS0	12.74	12±1
	3	2422	MCS0	12.69	12±1
802.11n(HT40)	6	2437	MCS0	12.74	12±1
	9	2452	MCS0	12.15	12±1

## **Bluetooth Measurement Result**

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)	Tune up limited(dBm)
	2402	5.092	5±1
GFSK	2441	5.326	5±1
	2480	5.438	5±1
	2402	4.133	4±1
π /4DQPSK	2441	4.406	4±1
	2480	4.767	4±1
	2402	4.253	4±1
8DPSK	2441	4.582	4±1
	2480	4.798	4±1

#### **BLE Measurement Result**

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)	Tune up limited(dBm)
	2402	7.070	7±1
GFSK	2440	7.057	7±1
	2480	6.674	7±1

Note: 1. Both WIFI and BT power was test and only Maximum Power was provide here.

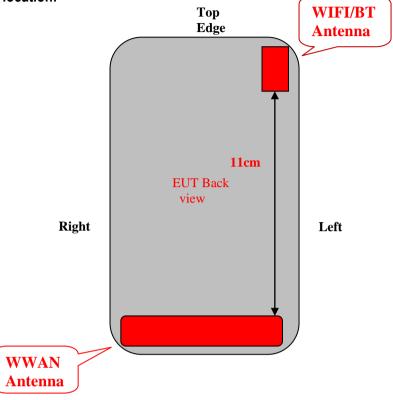
**2.** SAR Test Exclusion Threshold for WIFI&BT is about 9.6mW, the maximum tune up power of WIFI is 13dBm=19.95mW, BT is 6dBm=3.98mW, so WIFI stand-alone SAR is required.



Test Report	17070763-FCC-H
Page	51 of 132

## Antenna Separation Information:

## EUT antenna location:



#### Test position consideration:

	Distance of EUT antenna-to-edge/surface(mm), Test distance:10mm					
Antennas	Back side	Front side	Left Edge	Right Edge	Top Edge	Bottom Edge
WWAN	2	2	8	2	122	2
WLAN	2	2	2	57	2	120
Bluetooth	2	2	2	57	2	120

	Test distance:10mm					
Antennas	Back side	Front side	Left Edge	Right Edge	Top Edge	Bottom Edge
WWAN	YES	YES	YES	YES	NO	YES
WLAN	YES	YES	YES	NO	YES	NO
Bluetooth	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO

Note:

1. Head/Body-worn/Hotspot mode SAR assessments are required.

2. Referring to KDB 941225 D06v02, when the overall device length and width are  $\geq$  9cm \* 5cm, the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge. 3. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, for handsets the test separation distance is determined by the smallest distance between the outer surface of the device and the user, which is 0 mm for head SAR, 10 mm for hotspot SAR, and 10 mm for body-worn SAR. 4. BT SAR is not required due to the low power.



Test Report	17070763-FCC-H
Page	52 of 132

# 10 SAR TEST RESULTS

1.	SAR Measurement		
	The distance between the EUT a	nd the antenna of the emulator is more	than 50 cm and the output power radiated from
	the emulator antenna is at least 3	0 dB less than the output power of EU	T.
2	Measurement Uncertainty: See	bage 32 for detail	
3	Environmental Conditions	Temperature	23°C
		Relative Humidity	53%
		Atmospheric Pressure	1019mbar
4	Test Date : Oct 19, 2017~ Oct 27		

#### **Generally Test Procedures:**

- 1. Establish communication link between EUT and base station emulation by air link.
- 2. Place the EUT in the selected test position. (Cheek, tilt or flat)
- 3. Perform SAR testing at middle or highest output power channel under the selected test mode. If the measured 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, then testing for the other channel will not be performed.
- 4. When SAR is<0.8W/kg, no repeated SAR measurement is required

#### For WCDMA test:

- KDB941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA when the average output of each RF channel with HSDPA active is less than 0.25dB higher than measured without HSDPA using 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC<75% of the SAR limit.
- KDB941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for handset with HSPA capabilities when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSUPA/HSDPA active is less than 0.25dB higher than that measure without HSUPA/HSDPA using 12.2kbps RMC and the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is<75% of the SAR limit</li>

#### For LTE test:

- 1. According to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r01:
  - a. Per Section 5.2.1, SAR is required for QPSK 1 RB Allocation for the largest bandwidth
    - i. The required channel and offset combination with the highest maximum output power is required for SAR.
    - ii. When the reported SAR is  $\leq$  0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required. Otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels using the RB offset configuration with highest output power for that channel.
    - iii. When the reported SAR for a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all RB offset configurations for that channel.
  - b. Per Section 5.2.2, SAR is required for 50% RB allocation using the largest bandwidth following the same procedures outlined in Section 5.2.1.
  - c. Per Section 5.2.3, QPSK SAR is not required for the 100% allocation when the highest maximum output power for the 100% allocation is less than the highest maximum output power of the 1 RB and 50% RB allocations and the reported SAR for the 1 RB and 50% RB allocations is < 0.8 W/kg.
  - d. Per Section 5.2.4 and 5.3, SAR tests for higher order modulations and lower bandwidths configurations are not required when the conducted power of the required test configurations determined by Sections 5.2.1 through 5.2.3 is less than or equal to ½ dB higher than the equivalent configuration using QPSK modulation and when the QPSK SAR for those configurations is <1.45 W/kg.</p>



Test Report	17070763-FCC-H
Page	53 of 132

## SAR Summary Test Result:

## GSM850

Date of Measur	ed : Oct 19, 20	17		Body-wo	orn/Hotsp	ot Separation	Distance: 10m	m
Position	Channel	Mode	SAR 1g(W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	Power Drift (%)	Maximum Turn-up Power(dBm)	measured output power (dBm)	Scaled Maximum SAR(W/kg)
Right Head Cheek	Mid	GSM voice	0.111	1.6	0.00	33	32.31	0.13
Right Head Tilt	Mid	GSM voice	0.063	1.6	0.55	33	32.31	0.07
Left Head Cheek	Mid	GSM voice	0.134	1.6	0.00	33	32.31	0.16
Left Head Tilt	Mid	GSM voice	0.079	1.6	-1.54	33	32.31	0.09
Body Front-side	Mid	GPRS Class12	0.249	1.6	2.92	29	28.44	0.28
Body Back-side	Mid	GPRS Class12	0.319	1.6	-3.67	29	28.44	0.36
Body Left-edge	Mid	GPRS Class12	0.084	1.6	0.14	29	28.44	0.10
Body Right-edge	Mid	GPRS Class12	0.092	1.6	-2.65	29	28.44	0.10
Body Bottom-edge	Mid	GPRS Class12	0.040	1.6	0.00	29	28.44	0.05

### WCDMA BAND V (850)

Date of Measure	В	ody-worn/Ho	otspot Se	paration Distan	ce: 10mm			
Position	Channel	Mode	SAR 1g(W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	Power Drift (%)	Maximum Turn-up Power(dBm)	measured output power (dBm)	Scaled Maximum SAR(W/kg)
Right Head Cheek	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.151	1.6	0.00	23	21.89	0.19
Right Head Tilt	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.094	1.6	-1.81	23	21.89	0.12
Left Head Cheek	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.181	1.6	0.00	23	21.89	0.23
Left Head Tilt	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.105	1.6	-1.62	23	21.89	0.14
Body Front side	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.199	1.6	-0.59	23	21.89	0.26
Body Back-side	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.261	1.6	-1.55	23	21.89	0.34
Body Left-edge	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.084	1.6	0.14	23	21.89	0.11
Body Right-edge	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.079	1.6	-0.13	23	21.89	0.10
Body Bottom-edge	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.014	1.6	0.00	23	21.89	0.02



Test Report	17070763-FCC-H
Page	54 of 132

#### PCS1900:

Date of Measure	d : Oct 23, 20	17		Body-worn/Hotspot Separation Distance:10mm						
Position	Channel	Mode	SAR 1g(W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	Power Drift (%)	Maximum Turn-up Power(dBm)	measured output power (dBm)	Scaled Maximum SAR(W/kg)		
Right Head Cheek	Mid	GSM voice	0.048	1.6	0.00	30	29.65	0.05		
Right Head Tilt	Mid	GSM voice	0.041	1.6	0.77	30	29.65	0.04		
Left Head Cheek	Mid	GSM voice	0.016	1.6	0.00	30	29.65	0.02		
Left Head Tilt	Mid	GSM voice	0.014	1.6	-1.25	30	29.65	0.02		
Body Front side	Mid	EGPRS Class12	0.389	1.6	-0.53	26	25.81	0.41		
Body Back side	Low	EGPRS Class12	0.845	1.6	3.02	26	25.89	0.87		
Body Back side	Mid	EGPRS Class12	0.946	1.6	-1.01	26	25.81	0.99		
Body Back side	Mid	EGPRS Class12	0.927	1.6	-2.17	26	25.81	0.97		
Body Back side	High	EGPRS Class12	0.798	1.6	0.08	26	25.84	0.83		
Body Left-edge	Mid	EGPRS Class12	0.114	1.6	0.35	26	25.81	0.12		
Body Right-edge	Mid	EGPRS Class12	0.173	1.6	-1.53	26	25.81	0.18		
Body Bottom-edge	Mid	EGPRS Class12	0.743	1.6	2.95	26	25.81	0.78		

#### WCDMA BAND II (1900):

Date of Measure	d : Oct 23, 201	17		Body-worn/Hotspot Separation Distance: 10mm					
Position	Channel	Mode	SAR 1g(W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	Power Drift (%)	Maximum Turn-up Power(dBm)	measured output power (dBm)	Scaled Maximum SAR(W/kg)	
Right Head Cheek	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.062	1.6	0.00	23	22.28	0.07	
Right Head Tilt	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.057	1.6	1.58	23	22.28	0.07	
Left Head Cheek	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.058	1.6	0.33	23	22.28	0.07	
Left Head Tilt	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.054	1.6	-0.93	23	22.28	0.06	
Body Front-side	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.299	1.6	-1.09	23	22.28	0.35	
Body Back-side	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.717	1.6	-1.09	23	22.28	0.85	
Body Left-edge	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.123	1.6	1.88	23	22.28	0.15	
Body Right-edge	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.106	1.6	0.34	23	22.28	0.13	
Body Bottom-edge	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.565	1.6	-3.16	23	22.28	0.67	



 Test Report
 17070763-FCC-H

 Page
 55 of 132

## LTE Band 7 (2600):

Date of Meas	ured : Oct 2	27, 2017			Body-worn/Hotspot Separation Distance:1.0cm					
Position	Channel	Bandwidth (MHz)	MPR (dB)	RB Size	RB Offset	SAR 1g(W/kg)	Power Drift (%)	Maximum Turn-up Power (dBm)	measured output power (dBm)	Scaled Maximum SAR(W/kg)
Right Head Cheek	Mid	20	0	1	49	0.095	0.00	22.6	22.15	0.11
Right Head Cheek	Mid	20	1	50	24	0.091	0.04	22.6	21.23	0.12
Right Head Tilt	Mid	20	0	1	49	0.065	-1.65	22.6	22.15	0.07
Right Head Tilt	Mid	20	1	50	24	0.060	-1.84	22.6	21.23	0.08
Left Head Cheek	Mid	20	0	1	49	0.089	-1.35	22.6	22.15	0.10
Left Head Cheek	Mid	20	1	50	24	0.088	0.72	22.6	21.23	0.12
Left Head Tilt	Mid	20	0	1	49	0.056	0.86	22.6	22.15	0.06
Left Head Tilt	Mid	20	1	50	24	0.051	-1.17	22.6	21.23	0.07
Body-worn LCD up	Mid	20	0	1	49	0.076	0.05	22.6	22.15	0.08
Body-worn LCD up	Mid	20	1	50	24	0.068	0.34	22.6	21.23	0.09
Body-worn LCD Down	Mid	20	0	1	49	0.113	0.00	22.6	22.15	0.13
Body-worn LCD Down	Mid	20	1	50	24	0.090	1.44	22.6	21.23	0.12
Body Left EDGE	Mid	20	0	1	49	0.044	0.36	22.6	22.15	0.05
Body Left EDGE	Mid	20	1	50	24	0.041	-1.89	22.6	21.23	0.06
Body Right EDGE	Mid	20	0	1	49	0.037	0.24	22.6	22.15	0.04
Body Right EDGE	Mid	20	1	50	24	0.030	-0.54	22.6	21.23	0.04
Body Bottom EDGE	Mid	20	0	1	49	0.022	-0.13	22.6	22.15	0.02
Body Bottom EDGE	Mid	20	1	50	24	0.021	-2.61	22.6	21.23	0.03
	Mod	ulation: QPSK			Limit: 1.6W/kg averaged over 1gram					



 Test Report
 17070763-FCC-H

 Page
 56 of 132

LTE Band 5	(850):									
Date of Meas	ured : Oct	19, 2017			Вс	ody-worn/H	otspot Se	paration Dis	stance:1.0c	m
Position	Channel	Bandwidth (MHz)	MPR (dB)	RB Size	RB Offset	SAR 1g(W/kg)	Power Drift (%)	Maximum Turn-up Power (dBm)	measured output power (dBm)	Scaled Maximum SAR(W/kg)
Right Head Cheek	Mid	10	0	1	24	0.050	0.00	23.6	23.08	0.06
Right Head Cheek	Mid	10	1	25	12	0.045	0.14	23.6	22.13	0.06
Right Head Tilt	Mid	10	0	1	24	0.038	0.03	23.6	23.08	0.04
Right Head Tilt	Mid	10	1	25	12	0.036	-0.48	23.6	22.13	0.05
Left Head Cheek	Mid	10	0	1	24	0.070	0.00	23.6	23.08	0.08
Left Head Cheek	Mid	10	1	25	12	0.065	1.62	23.6	22.13	0.09
Left Head Tilt	Mid	10	0	1	24	0.051	1.25	23.6	23.08	0.06
Left Head Tilt	Mid	10	1	25	12	0.050	-0.10	23.6	22.13	0.07
Body-worn LCD up	Mid	10	0	1	24	0.080	-1.69	23.6	23.08	0.09
Body-worn LCD up	Mid	10	1	25	12	0.068	-1.24	23.6	22.13	0.10
Body-worn LCD Down	Mid	10	0	1	24	0.131	-3.60	23.6	23.08	0.15
Body-worn LCD Down	Mid	10	1	25	12	0.124	-1.65	23.6	22.13	0.17
Body Left EDGE	Mid	10	0	1	24	0.064	0.01	23.6	23.08	0.07
Body Left EDGE	Mid	10	1	25	12	0.055	-2.17	23.6	22.13	0.08
Body Right EDGE	Mid	10	0	1	24	0.037	0.54	23.6	23.08	0.04
Body Right EDGE	Mid	10	1	25	12	0.037	-2.30	23.6	22.13	0.05
Body Bottom EDGE	Mid	10	0	1	24	0.051	0.27	23.6	23.08	0.06
Body Bottom EDGE	Mid	10	1	25	12	0.058	0.29	23.6	22.13	0.08
	Mod	lulation: QPSK				Lim	nit: 1.6W/kg av	veraged over 1	gram	

#### 2.4 G (802.11b)

Date of Measure	d : Oct 25, 201	17		Body-worn/Hotspot Separation Distance: 10mm						
Position	Channel	Mode	SAR 1g(W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	Power Drift (%)	Maximum Turn-up Power(dBm)	measured output power (dBm)	Scaled Maximum SAR(W/kg)		
Right Head Cheek	Mid	802.11b	0.267	1.6	0.03	13	12.30	0.31		
Right Head Tilt	Mid	802.11b	0.146	1.6	1.08	13	12.30	0.17		
Left Head Cheek	Mid	802.11b	0.133	1.6	-2.48	13	12.30	0.16		
Left Head Tilt	Mid	802.11b	0.071	1.6	-0.73	13	12.30	0.08		
Body Front-edge	Mid	802.11b	0.053	1.6	0.00	13	12.30	0.06		
Body Back-side	Mid	802.11b	0.179	1.6	0.00	13	12.30	0.21		
Body Left-edge	Mid	802.11b	0.064	1.6	0.05	13	12.30	0.08		
Body Top-edge	Mid	802.11b	0.097	1.6	-1.47	13	12.30	0.11		



Test Report	17070763-FCC-H
Page	57 of 132

#### Measurement variability consideration

According to KDB 865664 D01v01 section 2.8.1, repeated measurements are required following the procedures as below:

- 1. Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2. When the original highest measured SAR is  $\ge$  0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20. Measured SAR (W/Kg)

#### **Repeated SAR:**

					measure	ed SAR(	W/kg)	
Band	Position	Channel	Mode	Original	1st Rep	peated	2r Repe	-
					Value	Ratio	Value	Ratio
PCS1900	Body Back-side	Mid	EGPRS Class12	0.946	0.927	1.02	N/A	N/A

## Simultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis.

No.	Applicable Simultaneous Transmission Combination
1.	WWAN+WIFI
2.	WWAN+BT

Note:

- 1. For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01 v06 base on the formula below:
  - (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[ $\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}/x}$ ] W/kg for test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm;

where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

- 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.<sup>21</sup>
- 2. If the test separation distances is≤5mm, 5mm is used for estimated SAR calculation.
- 3. WIFI maximum tune up power is 13dBm, BT's maximum tune up power is 6dBm and the estimated SAR is listed below.

Test position	Head(0 cm)	Body-worn(1.0cm)
WIFI Scaled SAR(W/kg)	0.31	0.21
BT Estimated SAR(W/kg)	0.17	0.08

#### Maximum Summation:

	WWAN	WIFI	ВТ	WWAN+WIFI	WWAN+BT
position	Max. Scaled SAR	Max. Scaled SAR	Max. Scaled SAR	VV VVAIN+VVIFI	WWANTDI
Head 0cm	0.23	0.31	0.17	0.54	0.40
Body 1.0cm	0.99	0.21	0.08	1.20	1.07

Note: 1g-SAR scalar summation<1.6W/kg, so no simultaneous SAR is required.



Test Report 17070763-FCC-H Page 58 of 132

# **11 SAR MEASUREMENT REFERENCES**

## References

- 1. FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and **Regulations**"
- 2. IEEE Std. C95.1-1999, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3kHz to 300GHz", 1999
- 3. IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- 4. IEC 62209-2, "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices—Human models, instrumentation, and procedures – Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate(SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body(frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- 5. FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies For Mobile and Portable Device", October 23, 2015
- 6. FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, "3G SAR Measurement Procedures", October 23, 2015
- 7. FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements For 100MHz to 6GHz", August 7, 2015
- 8. FCC KDB648474 D04 v01r03, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets". October 23, 2015
- 9. FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, Hot Spot SAR ,October 23, 2015
- 10. FCC KDB 248227 D01, 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02. October 23, 2015



Test Report	17070763-FCC-H
Page	59 of 132

## Maximum SAR measurement Plots

Test mode: GSM850, Middle channel (Left Head Cheek) Product Description: Mobile Phone Model: C5 LTE Test Date: Oct 19, 2017

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_835
Frequency (MHz)	836.6000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.8
Conductivity (S/m)	0.86
E-Field Probe	SN 27/15 EPGO262
Crest factor	8.0
Conversion Factor	1.74
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.097228
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.134048
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
Sufface       Radiated Intensity       Zoom In/Out         Colors Science       115526       0	Colors Scale         Zomin WOut           013888         013886           013889         005744           005750         005751           005751         005751           005

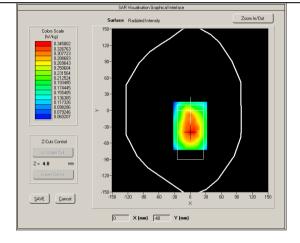


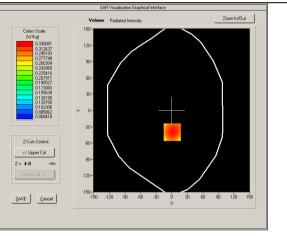
 Test Report
 17070763-FCC-H

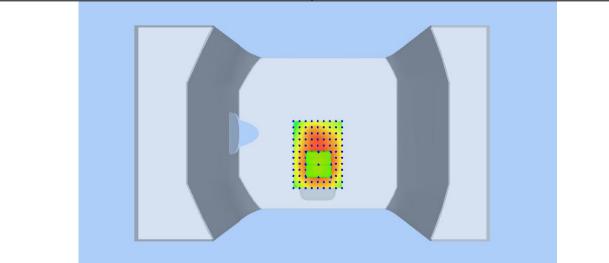
 Page
 60 of 132

Test mode: GPRS850, Mid channel (Body Back Side) Product Description: Mobile Phone Model: C5 LTE Test Date: Oct 19, 2017

Conversion Factor Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-3.670000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.237695
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.319000
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR





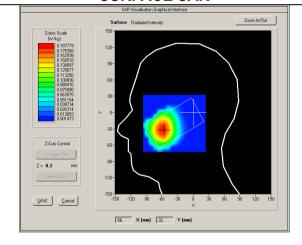


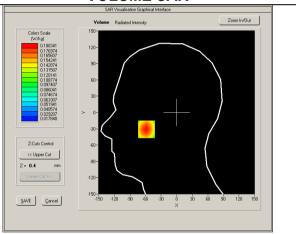


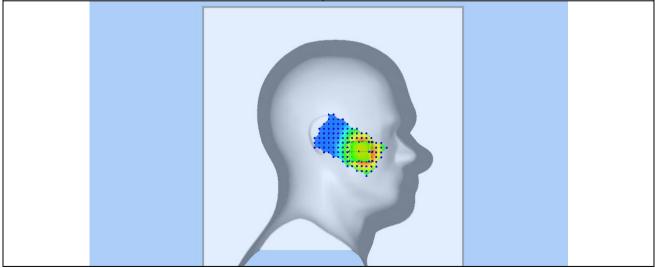
Test Report	17070763-FCC-H
Page	61 of 132

Test mode: WCDMA Band V, Middle channel (Left Head Cheek) Product Description: Mobile Phone Model: C5 LTE Test Date: Oct 19, 2017

0.180801
0.190901
0.132097
0.000000
5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
dx=8mm dy=8mm
4mm
1.74
1.0
SN 27/15 EPGO262
0.86
41.8
835.000
HSL_835





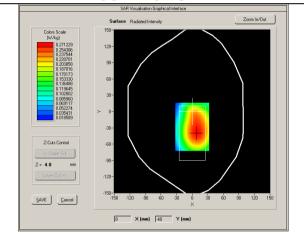


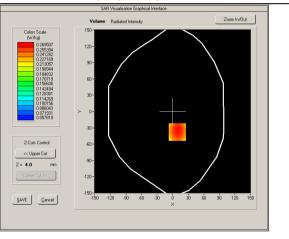


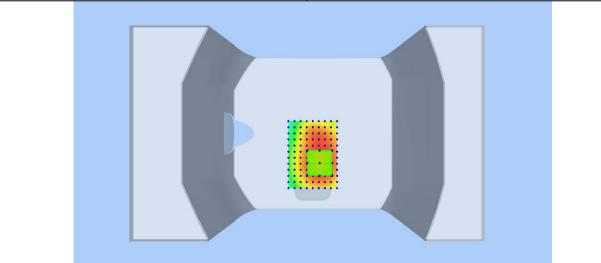
Test Report	17070763-FCC-H
Page	62 of 132

Test mode: WCDMA Band V, Middle channel (Body Back Side) Product Description: Mobile Phone Model: C5 LTE Test Date: Oct 19. 2017

VOLUME SAR
0.260559
0.193296
-1.550000
5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
dx=8mm dy=8mm
4mm
1.81
1.0
SN 27/15 EPGO262
0.95
55.18
835.0000
MSL_835







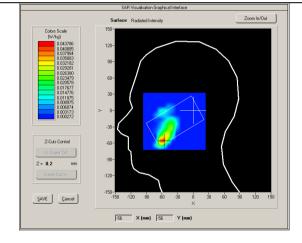


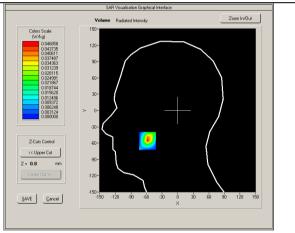
 Test Report
 17070763-FCC-H

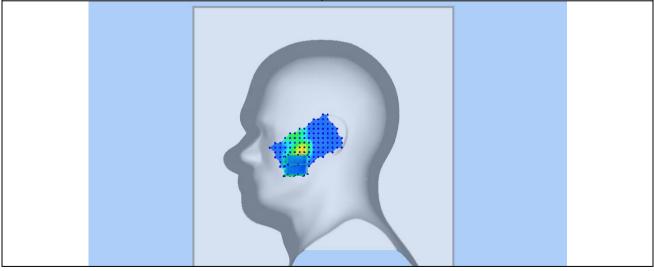
 Page
 63 of 132

Test mode: PCS1900, Middle channel (Right Head Cheek) Product Description: Mobile Phone Model: C5 LTE Test Date: Oct 23, 2017

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.048079
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.015965
Variation (%)	0.000000
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Conversion Factor	2.01
Crest factor	8.0
E-Field Probe	SN 27/15 EPGO262
Conductivity (S/m)	1.42
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.5
Frequency (MHz)	1880.000
Medium(liquid type)	HSL_1900







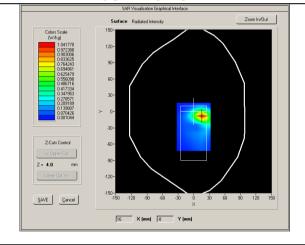


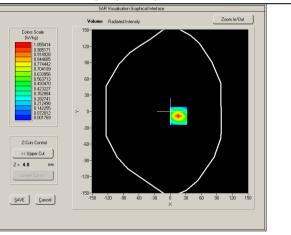
 Test Report
 17070763-FCC-H

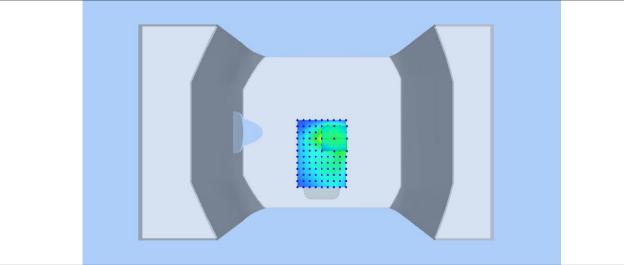
 Page
 64 of 132

Test mode: GPRS1900, Middle channel (Body Back Side) Product Description: Mobile Phone Model: C5 LTE Test Date: Oct 23, 2017

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.945685
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.457516
Variation (%)	-1.010000
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Conversion Factor	2.05
Crest factor	4.0
E-Field Probe	SN 27/15 EPGO262
Conductivity (S/m)	1.47
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.32
Frequency (MHz)	1880.000
Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1900









Test Report	17070763-FCC-H
Page	65 of 132

Test mode: WCDMA Band II, Middle channel (Right Head Cheek) Product Description: Mobile Phone Model: C5 LTE Test Date: Oct 23, 2017

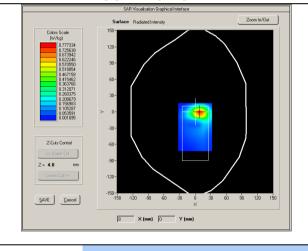
Medium(liquid type)         Frequency (MHz)         Relative permittivity (real part)         Conductivity (S/m)         E-Field Probe         Crest factor         Conversion Factor         Sensor-Surface         Area Scan         Zoom Scan         Variation (%)	HSL_1900           1880.000           40.5           1.42           SN 27/15 EPGO262           1.0           2.01           4mm           dx=8mm dy=8mm           5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm           0.000000	
SAR 10g (Ŵ/Kg)	0.024267	
SAR 1g (W/Kg) SURFACE SAR	0.061664 VOLUME SAR	
SAR Visualisation Englisical Intentione           Colsm Scale (V/A)         Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan= "2" (V/A)         Colspan="2" (V/A)         Colspan="2" (V/A)         Colspan="2" (V/A)         Colspan="2" (V/A)         Colspan="2" (V/A)         Colspan="2" (V/A)         (V/A) <th cols<="" td=""><td>SAR Visualisation Graphical Interface Volume Fadded Intervity Zoom In/Out 1000000 10000000 2 Clus Control 0 000000 2 Clus Control 0 000000000 2 Clus Control 0 000000 2 Clus Control 0 0 000000 2 Clus Control 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0</td></th>	<td>SAR Visualisation Graphical Interface Volume Fadded Intervity Zoom In/Out 1000000 10000000 2 Clus Control 0 000000 2 Clus Control 0 000000000 2 Clus Control 0 000000 2 Clus Control 0 0 000000 2 Clus Control 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0</td>	SAR Visualisation Graphical Interface Volume Fadded Intervity Zoom In/Out 1000000 10000000 2 Clus Control 0 000000 2 Clus Control 0 000000000 2 Clus Control 0 000000 2 Clus Control 0 0 000000 2 Clus Control 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

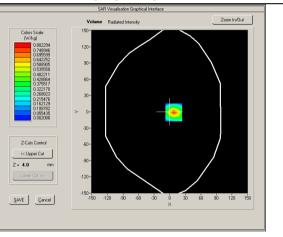


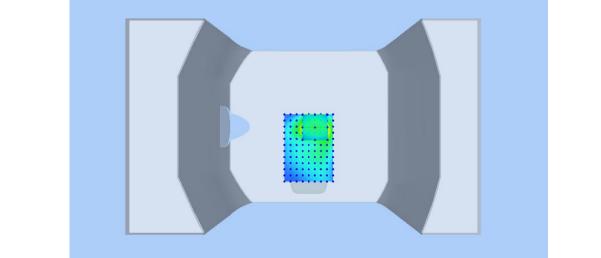
Test Report	17070763-FCC-H
Page	66 of 132

Test mode: WCDMA Band II, Middle channel (Body Back Side) Product Description: Mobile Phone Model: C5 LTE Test Date: Oct 23, 2017

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.717078
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.345704
Variation (%)	-1.090000
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Conversion Factor	2.05
Crest factor	1.0
E-Field Probe	SN 27/15 EPGO262
Conductivity (S/m)	1.47
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.32
Frequency (MHz)	1880.000
Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1900
Mandleure (Paulid forme)	NOL 4000







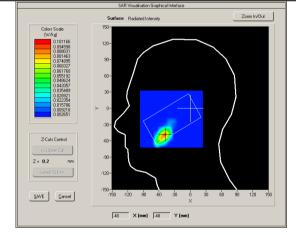


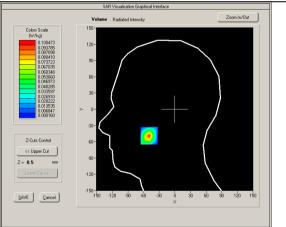
 Test Report
 17070763-FCC-H

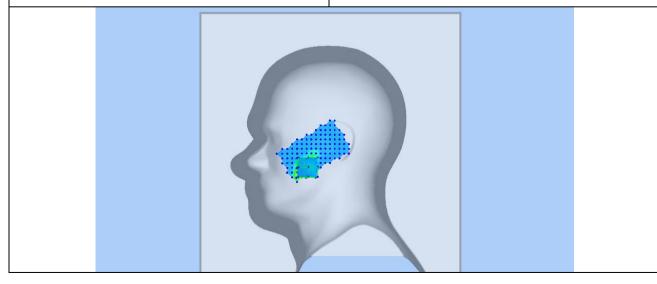
 Page
 67 of 132

Test mode: LTE BAND 7, Middle channel (Right Head Cheek) Product Description: Mobile Phone Model: C5 LTE Test Date: Oct 27, 2017

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_2600
Frequency (MHz)	2535.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.1
Conductivity (S/m)	1.97
E-Field Probe	SN 27/15 EPGO262
Crest factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	2.05
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Bandwidth(MHz)	20
RB Allocation	1
RB Offset	49
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.033150
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.094645
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR









 Test Report
 17070763-FCC-H

 Page
 68 of 132

Test mode: LTE BAND 7, Mid channel (Body Back Side) Product Description: Mobile Phone Model: C5 LTE Test Date: Oct 27, 2017

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_2600		
Frequency (MHz)	2535.0000		
Relative permittivity (real part)	51.96		
Conductivity (S/m)	2.17		
E-Field Probe	SN 27/15 EPGO262		
Crest factor	1.0		
Conversion Factor	2.12		
Sensor-Surface	4mm		
Bandwidth(MHz)	20		
RB Allocation	1		
RB Offset	49 du=9mm du=9mm		
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm		
Zoom Scan Variation (%)	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm 0.000000		
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.039926		
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.039320		
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR		
$ \begin{array}{c} Surface \ Redstelletensity \\ \hline \\ Ceter 5 cete} \\ \hline \\ VA cete \\ 0 00357 \\ 0 00057 \\ 0 000$	Caters Scale       Write Restated Intendity       Zent InvOut         Internet intendity       Intendity       Zent InvOut         Internet intendity       Intendity       Zent InvOut         Internet intendity       Intendity       Zent InvOut         Intendity       Intendity       Zent InvOut         Intendity       Zent InvOut       Intendity         Zent InvOut       Intendity       Zent InvOut         Zent InvOut       Intendity       Intendity         Zent InvOut       Intendity       Intendity         Zent InvOut       Intendity       Intendity         Zent InvOut       Intendity       Intendity         Suite       Intendity       Intendity         Suite       Intendity       Intendity         Suite       Intendity		

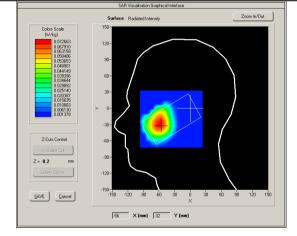


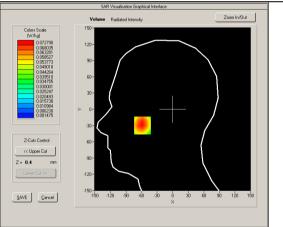
 Test Report
 17070763-FCC-H

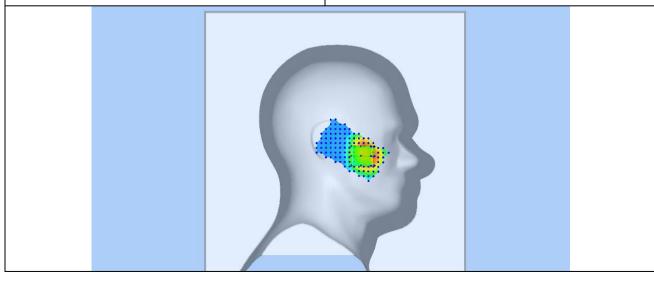
 Page
 69 of 132

Test mode: LTE BAND 5, Middle channel (Left Head Cheek) Product Description: Mobile Phone Model: C5 LTE Test Date: Oct 19, 2017

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_835
Frequency (MHz)	836.5000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.8
Conductivity (S/m)	0.86
E-Field Probe	SN 27/15 EPGO262
Crest factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.74
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Bandwidth(MHz)	10
RB Allocation	1
RB Offset	24
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.050544
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.070236
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR









 Test Report
 17070763-FCC-H

 Page
 70 of 132

Test mode: LTE BAND 5, Middle channel (Body Back Side) Product Description: Mobile Phone Model: C5 LTE Test Date: Oct 19, 2017

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_835		
Frequency (MHz)	836.5000		
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.18		
Conductivity (S/m)	0.95		
E-Field Probe	SN 27/15 EPGO262		
Crest factor	1.0		
Conversion Factor	1.81		
Sensor-Surface	4mm		
Bandwidth(MHz)	10		
RB Allocation	1		
RB Offset	24		
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm		
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm		
Variation (%)	-3.600000		
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.092664		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.131372		
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR		
SAR Vesalation Graphed Interface       Surface: Badded Interface       Surface: Badded Interface       Optimizing       Com In/Out       Optimizing       Optimizing    <	Volume     Faddadd Informity         Volume     Faddadd		

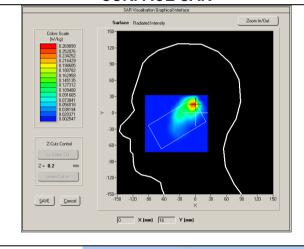


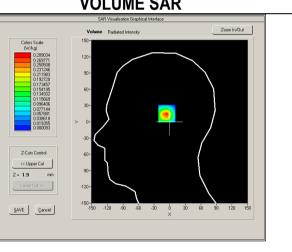
 Test Report
 17070763-FCC-H

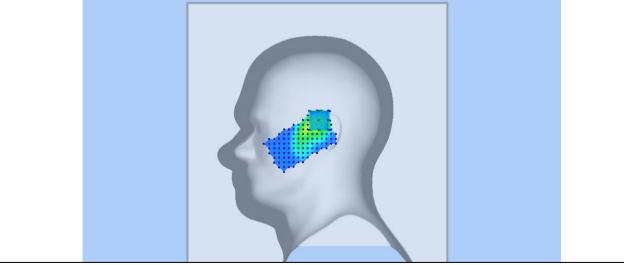
 Page
 71 of 132

Test mode: 802.11b, Middle channel (Right Head Cheek) Product Description: Mobile Phone Model: C5 LTE Test Date: Oct 25, 2017

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.267063
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.112594
Variation (%)	0.030000
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Conversion Factor	2.04
Crest factor	1.0
E-Field Probe	SN 27/15 EPGO262
Conductivity (S/m)	1.77
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.42
Frequency (MHz)	2437.000
Medium(liquid type)	HSL_2450
Medium(liquid type)	HSL 2450







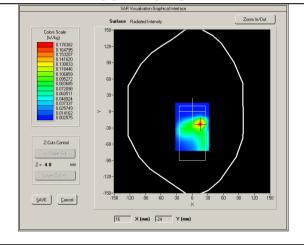


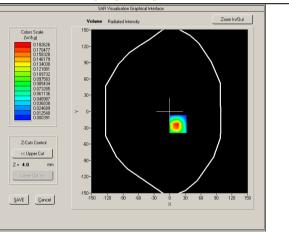
 Test Report
 17070763-FCC-H

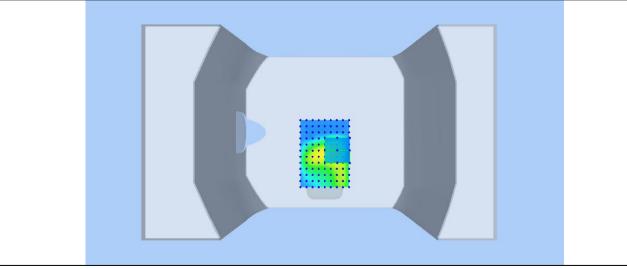
 Page
 72 of 132

Test mode: 802.11b, Middle channel (Body Back Side) Product Description: Mobile Phone Model: C5 LTE Test Date: Oct 25, 2017

0.110110
0.179118
0.073526
0.000000
5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
dx=8mm dy=8mm
4mm
2.12
1.0
SN 27/15 EPGO262
1.97
52.78
2437.000
MSL_2450









Test Report	17070763-FCC-H
Page	73 of 132

Annex A CALIBRATION REPORTS



## **COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report**

Ref: ACR.264.3.16.SATU.A

# SIEMIC TESTING AND CERTIFICATION SERVICES

ZONE A,FLOOR 1,BUILDING 2,WAN YE LONG TECHNOLOGY PARK,SOUTH SIDE OF ZHOUSHI ROAD, SHIYAN STREET,BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN 518108, GUANGDONG, P.R.C. MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE SERIAL NO.: SN 27/15 EPG0262

> Calibrated at MVG US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144



Calibration Date: 09/20/2016

#### Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed in MVG USA using the CALISAR / CALIBAIR test bench, for use with a COMOSAR system only. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



Test Report	17070763-FCC-H
Page	74 of 132



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.264.3.16.SATU.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	9/20/2016	JS
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	9/20/2016	JS
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	9/20/2016	thim puthowshi

	Customer Name
Distribution :	SIEMIC Testing and Certification Services

Issue	Date	Modifications
А	9/20/2016	Initial release

Page: 2/10

This document shall not be reproduced, except in full or in part, without the written approval of MVG. The information contained herein is to be used only for the purpose for which it is submitted and is not to be released in whole or part without written approval of MVG.



 Test Report
 17070763-FCC-H

 Page
 75 of 132



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.264.3.16.SATU.A

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	Devi	ice Under Test4	
2	Prod	luct Description4	
	2.1	General Information	4
3	Mea	surement Method4	
	3.1	Linearity	4
	3.2	Sensitivity	5
	3.3	Lower Detection Limit	5
	3.4	Isotropy	5
	3.5	Boundary Effect	5
4	Mea	surement Uncertainty5	
5	Cali	bration Measurement Results6	
	5.1	Sensitivity in air	6
	5.2	Linearity	7
	5.3	Sensitivity in liquid	7
	5.4	Isotropy	8
6	List	of Equipment10	

Page: 3/10

This document shall not be reproduced, except in full or in part, without the written approval of MVG. The information contained herein is to be used only for the purpose for which it is submitted and is not to be released in whole or part without written approval of MVG.