

Report No.: 17070456-FCC-H Supersede Report No.:N/A

Applicant	BLU Products,Inc.				
Product Name	Mobile Phone				
Model No.	BLU C5	BLU C5			
Standards	ANSI/IEEE C	FCC 47 CFR Part2(2.1093) ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1999 IEEE 1528-2013 & Published RF Exposure KDB Procedures			
Test Date	Aug 1 to Aug	j 10,2017			
Issue Date	Aug 15,2017	Aug 15,2017			
Test Result	PASS	PASS			
Equipment compli	ed with the spec	cification			
Equipment did not	comply with th	e specification			
York.	Liu	Wiky. Zhang			
York Liu Test Engineer		Wiky Zhang Checked By			
	This to	est report may be reproduced in full onl	<u> </u>		

Test result presented in this test report is applicable to the tested sample only

Issued by:

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Laboratory Introduction

SIEMIC, headquartered in the heart of Silicon Valley, with superior facilities in US and Asia, is one of the leading independent testing and certification facilities providing customers with one-stop shop services for Compliance Testing and Global Certifications.



In addition to testing and certification, SIEMIC provides initial design reviews and compliance management throughout a project. Our extensive experience with China, Asia Pacific, North America, European, and International compliance requirements, assures the fastest, most cost effective way to attain regulatory compliance for the global markets.

Accreditations for Conformity Assessment

Country/Region	Scope
USA	EMC, RF/Wireless, SAR, Telecom
Canada	EMC, RF/Wireless, SAR, Telecom
Taiwan	EMC, RF, Telecom, SAR, Safety
Hong Kong	RF/Wireless, SAR, Telecom
Australia	EMC, RF, Telecom, SAR, Safety
Korea	EMI, EMS, RF, SAR, Telecom, Safety
Japan	EMI, RF/Wireless, SAR, Telecom
Singapore	EMC, RF, SAR, Telecom
Europe	EMC, RF, SAR, Telecom, Safety



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1 **EUT INFORMATION**

EUT Information		
EUT Description	Mobile Phone	
Model No	BLU C5	
Input Power	Lithium-polymer Model: C775840200L Spec: 3.8V,2000mAh,7.60Wh	
Maximum Conducted Output Power to Antenna	GSM 850 Voice : 32.15dBm PCS 1900 Voice : 28.82dBm WCDMA Band V (Class 3): 22.23dBm WCDMA Band II (Class 3): 22.13dBm WCDMA Band IV(Class 3): 22.26dBm WIFI: 15.48dBm	
Highest Reported SAR Level(s)	0.62W/Kg 1g Head Tissue 1.34W/Kg 1g Body Tissue	
Classification Per Stipulated Test Standard	Portable Device, Class B, No DTM Mode	
Multi-SIM	Support dual-SIM, dual standby, the multiple SIM card with two lines cannot transmitting at the same time.	
Co-located TX	WWAN can transmit simultaneously with Bluetooth WIFI cannot transmit simultaneously with Bluetooth WWAN can transmit simultaneously with WiFi	
Antenna Separation distances	11cm - WWAN antenna-to-WIFI/Bluetooth antenna	
Antenna Type(s)	PIFA Antenna(WWAN)	
Accessory	N/A	

SAR Test Result

				Highest 1g SAR Summary	У	
Equipment Class			Head (Separation 0mm)	Body (Separation 10mm)	Hotspot (Separation 10mm)	Highest Simultaneous
			1g SAR(W/kg)			Transmission 1g SAR(W/kg)
	GSM	GSM850	0.55	0.90	0.90	
	30m	GSM1900	0.23	1.34	1.34	
Licensed		WCDMA II	0.41	1.32	1.32	1.49
	WCDMA	WCDMA IV	0.62	1.34	1.34	
		WCDMA V	0.39	0.56	0.56	
DTS	WIFI	2.4G	0.24	0.15	0.15	
Date of Testing:			Aug 1 to Aug	10, 2017		



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2 TECHNICAL DETAILS

Purpose	Compliance testing of Mobile Phone model BLU C5 with stipulated standard
Applicant / Client	BLU Products, Inc. 10814 NW 33rd St # 100 Doral, FL 33172
Manufacturer	BLU Products, Inc. 10814 NW 33rd St # 100 Doral, FL 33172
Laboratory performing the tests	SIEMIC(Shenzhen-China) Laboratories Zone A, Floor 1, Building 2, Wan Ye Long Technology Park, South Side of Zhoushi Road, Bao'an District, Shenzhen 518108, Guangdong, P.R.C. Tel: +(86) 0755-26014629 VIP Line:950-4038-0435
Test Software Version	OpenSAR V4_02_31
Test report reference number	17070456-FCC-H
Date EUT received	Jul 27 , 2017
Standard applied	See Page 49
Dates of test (from – to)	Aug 1, 2017~ Aug 10, 2017
No of Units:	1
Equipment Category:	PCE
Trade	BLU
Model Name:	BLU C5
RF Operating Frequency (ies)	GSM850 TX: 824.2 ~ 848.8 MHz; RX: 869.2 ~ 893.8 MHz PCS1900 TX: 1850.2 ~ 1909.8 MHz; RX: 1930.2 ~ 1989.8 MHz UMTS-FDD Band V TX: 826.4 ~ 846.6 MHz; RX: 871.4 ~ 891.6 MHz UMTS-FDD Band II TX:1852.4 ~ 1907.6 MHz; RX: 1932.4 ~ 1987.6 MHz UMTS-FDD Band IV TX: 1712.4 ~ 1752.6 MHz; RX: 2112.4 ~ 2152.6 MHz WIFI: 802.11b/g/n(20M): 2412-2462 MHz WIFI: 802.11n(40M): 2422-2452 MHz Bluetooth&BLE: 2402-2480 MHz GPS: 1575.42 MHz
Modulation:	GSM / GPRS: GMSK,8PSK EGPRS: GMSK,8PSK UMTS-FDD: QPSK 802.11b/g/n: DSSS, OFDM Bluetooth: GFSK,
GPRS/EGPRS Multi-slot class	8/10/11/12
FCC ID	YHLBLU C5



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3 INTRODUCTION

Introduction

This measurement report shows compliance of the EUT with ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1999 and FCC 47 CFR Part2 (2.1093)

The test procedures, as described in IEEE 1528-2013 Standard for IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques(300MHz~6GHz) and Published RF Exposure KDB Procedures

SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dV} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). SAR can be related to the electric field at a point by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \mid E \mid^2}{\rho}$$

where:

 σ = conductivity of the tissue (S/m) ρ = mass density of the tissue (kg/m3) E = rms electric field strength (V/m)



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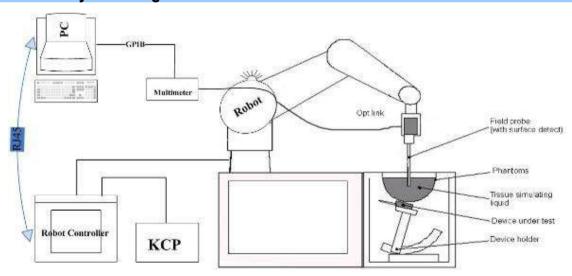
4 SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP

Dosimetric Assessment System

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system OPENSAR from SATIMO. The system is based on a high precision robot (working range: 850 mm), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than \pm 0.02 mm. Special E- and H-field probes have been developed for measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines to the data acquisition unit.

The SAR measurements were conducted with dosimetric probe (manufactured by SATIMO), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe has been calibrated according to the procedure described in SAR standard with accuracy of better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in SAR starndard and found to be better than ± 0.25 dB. The phantom used was the SAM Phantom as described in FCC supplement C, IEEE P1528 and CENELEC EN62209-1.

Measurement System Diagram



The OPENSAR system for performing compliance tests consist of the following items:

- 1. A standard high precision 6-axis robot (KUKA) with controller and software.
- 2. KUKA Control Panel (KCP).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- 4. The functions of the PC plug-in card are to perform the time critical task such as signal filtering, surveillance of the robot operation fast movement interrupts.



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- 5. A computer operating Windows XP.
- 6. OPENSAR software.
- 7. Remote control with teaches pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- 8. The SAM phantom enabling testing left-hand right-hand and body usage.
- 9. The Position device for handheld EUT.
- 10. Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes (see Application Note).
- 11. System validation dipoles to validate the proper functioning of the system.



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EP100 Probe





Construction Symmetrical design with triangular Core. Built-in shielding against static charges Calibration in air from 100 MHz to 2.5 GHz. In brain and muscle simulating tissue at frequencies from 800 to 6000 MHz (accuracy of 8%).

Frequency 100 MHz to 6 GHz;

Linearity; 0.25 dB (100 MHz to 6 GHz),

Directivity: 0.25 dB in brain tissue (rotation around probe axis) 0.5 dB in brain tissue (rotation normal probe axis)

Dynamic: 0.001W/kg to > 100W/kg;

Range Linearity: 0.25 dB

Surface: 0.2 mm repeatability in air and liquids

Dimensions Overall length: 330 mm

Tip length: 16 mm

Body diameter: 8 mm

Tip diameter: 2.6 mm

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: <1.5 mm

Application General dosimetric up to 6 GHz

Compliance tests of GSM Phones

Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique, with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates.

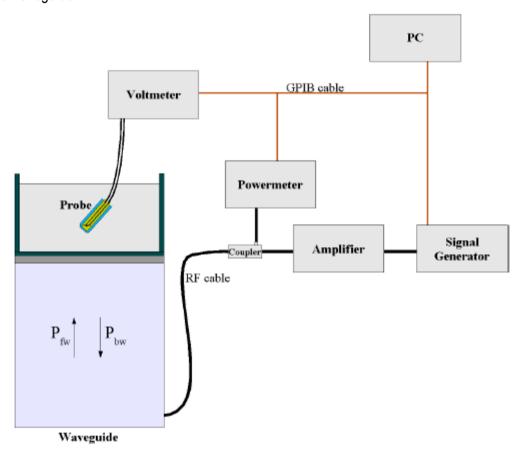


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It is connected to the KRC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. The 3D file of the phantom is include in OpenSAR software. The Video Positioning System allow the system to take the automatic reference and to move the probe safely and accurately on the phantom.

E-Field Probe Calibration Process

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with CENELEC EN50361; CEI/IEC 62209 and IEEE 1528 std, with CALISAR, SATIMO proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the technique using reference waveguide.



$$SAR = \frac{4\left(P_{fw} - P_{bw}\right)}{ab\delta} \cos^2\left(\pi \frac{y}{a}\right) e^{-(2z/\delta)}$$

Where:

P_{fw} = Forward Power P_{bw} = Backward Power

a and b = Waveguide dimensions

 δ = Skin depth

Keithley configuration:

Rate = Medium; Filter = ON; RDGS=10; FILTER TYPE = MOVING AVERAGE; RANGE AUTO

After each calibration, a SAR measurement is performed on a validation dipole and compared with a NPL calibrated probe, to verify it.



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Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure described in SAR standard with accuracy better than +/- 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in SAR standard and found to be better than +/-0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies bellow 0.8 GHz, and in a waveguide above 0.8 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. E-field correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue.

SAM Phantom

The SAM Phantom SAM29 is constructed of a fiberglass shell ntegrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is in compliance with the specification set in IEEE 1528 and CENELEC EN62209-1, IEC62209-2.

The phantom enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region.

A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot.

Shell Thickness: 2 0.2 mm Filling Volume: Approx. 25 liters

Dimensions (H x L x W): 810 x 1000 x 500 mm

Liquid is filled to at least 15mm from the bottom of Phantom.





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Device Holder

In combination with the Generic Twin Phantom V3.0, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation points is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeatedly positioned according to the FCC and CENELEC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).



Note: A simulating human hand is not used due to the complex anatomical and geometrical structure of the hand that may produced infinite number of configurations [10]. To produce the worst-case condition (the hand absorbs antenna output power), the hand is omitted during the tests.

Data Evaluation

The OPENSAR software automatically executes the following procedure to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the valuation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe Parameters	- Sensitivity	Norm _i
	- Conversion factor	ConvFi
	- Diode compression point Dcpi	
Device Parameter	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
Media Parametrs	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can either be found in the component documents or be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the OPENSAR components.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

Where V_i = Compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

 U_i = Input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

cf = Crest factor of exciting field(DASY parameter)

dcp_i = Diode compression point (DASY parameter)



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From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes: $E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$

H-field probes: $H_i = \sqrt{Vi} \cdot \frac{a_{i10} + a_{i11}f + a_{i12}f^2}{f}$

Where V_i = Compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

 $Norm_i$ = Sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)

μV/(V/m)2 for E0field Probes

ConvF= Sensitivity enhancement in solution

a_{ii} = Sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = Carrier frequency (GHz)

E_i = Electric field strength of channel i in V/m
 H_i = Magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{ss} = \sqrt{E_z^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR - E_{tot}^2 - \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

where SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

 E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [siemens/m]

ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field as a free space field.

$$P_{pea} = \frac{E_{se}^2}{3770}$$
 or $P_{pea} = H_{se}^2 \cdot 37.7$

where P_{pwe} = Equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm2

 E_{tot} = total electric field strength in V/m H_{tot} = total magnetic field strength in A/m



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SAR Evaluation - Peak Spatial - Average

The procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps

• Power Reference Measurement

The reference and drift jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method.

Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a finer measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in OPENSAR software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. The scan area is defined by an editable grid. This grid is anchored at the grid reference point of the selected section in the phantom. When the area scan's property sheet is brought-up, grid was at to 15 mm by 15 mm and can be edited by a user.

Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default zoom scan measures 5 x 5 x 7 points within a cube whose base faces are centered around the maximum found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. If the preceding Area Scan job indicates more then one maximum, the number of Zoom Scans has to be enlarged accordingly (The default number inserted is 1).

Power Drift measurement

The drift job measures the field at the same location as the most recent reference job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last reference measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. In the properties of the Drift job, the user can specify a limit for the drift and have OPENSAR software stop the measurements if this limit is exceeded.

SAR Evaluation – Peak SAR

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the IEEE1529 standard. It can be conducted for 1 g and 10 g. The OPENSAR system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such

- maximum search
- extrapolation
- boundary correction
- peak search for averaged SAR

During a maximum search, global and local maximum searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.



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Extrapolation

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation.

They are used in the Cube Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the fourth order least square polynomial method for extrapolation. For a grid using 5x5x7 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1 g and 10 g cubes.

Definition of Reference Points

Ear Reference Point

Figure 6.2 shows the front, back and side views of the SAM Phantom. The point "M" is the reference point for the center of the mouth, "LE" is the left ear reference point (ERP), and "RE" is the right ERP. The ERPs are 15mm posterior to the entrance to the ear canal (EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 6.1. The plane passing through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck-Front) is perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the RE (or LE) is called the Reference Pivoting Line (see Figure 6.1). Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning [5].

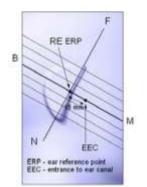


Figure 6.1 Close-up side view of ERP's



Figure 6.2 Front, back and side view of SAM

Device Reference Points

Two imaginary lines on the device need to be established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device is placed in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point" (See Fig. 6.3). The "test device reference point" is than located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device is positioned so that the "vertical centerline" is bisecting the front surface of the device at it's top and bottom edges, positioning the "ear reference point" on the outer surface of both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point [5].

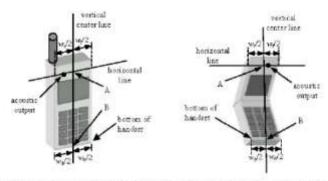


Figure 6.3 Handset Vertical Center & Horizontal Line Reference Points



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Test Configuration - Positioning for Cheek / Touch

1. Position the device close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure below), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the device is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom







Figure 7.1 Front, Side and Top View of Cheek/Touch Position

- 2. Translate the device towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until the device touches the ear.
- 3. While maintaining the device in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to MB-NF including the line MB (called the reference plane).
- 4. Rotate the device around the vertical centerline until the device (horizontal line) is symmetrical with respect to the line NF.
- 5. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE and maintaining the device contact with the ear, rotate the device about the line NF until any point on the device is in contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek). See Figure below.

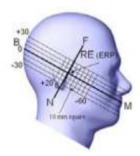


Figure 7.2 Side view w/ relevant markings



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Test Configuration - Positioning for Ear / 15° Tilt

With the test device aligned in the Cheek/Touch Position":

- 1. While maintaining the orientation of the device, retracted the device parallel to the reference plane far enough to enable a rotation of the device by 15 degrees.
- 2. Rotate the device around the horizontal line by 15 degrees.
- 3. While maintaining the orientation of the device, move the device parallel to the reference plane until any part of the device touches the head. (In this position, point A is located on the line RE-LE). The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact is at any location other than the pinna, the angle of the device shall be reduced. The tilted position is obtained when any part of the device is in contact with the ear as well as a second part of the device is in contact with the head (see Figure below).

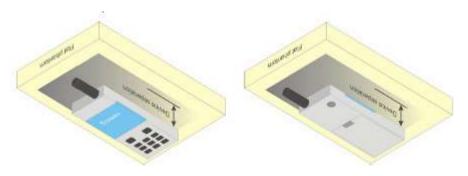


Figure 7.3 Front, Side and Top View of Ear/15° Tilt Position

Test Position – Body Worn Configurations

Body Worn Position

- (a) To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with either keypad up or down.
- (b) To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.
- (c) To adjust the distance between the device surface and the flat phantom to 1.0 cm or holster surface and the flat phantom to 0 cm.





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5 ANSI/IEEE C95.1 – 1999 RF EXPOSURE LIMIT

In order for users to be aware of the body-worn operating requirements for meeting RF exposure compliance, operating instructions and cautions statements are included in the user's manual.

Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Table 8.1 Human Exposure Limits

	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIROMENT Professional Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR ¹ Brain	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR ² Whole Body	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR ³ Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.00	20.00

¹ The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

³ The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.



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6 SYSTEM AND LIQUID VERIFICATION

Basic SAR system validation requirements

The SAR system must be validated against its performance specifications before it is deployed. When SAR probes, system components or software are changed, upgraded or recalibrated, these must be validated with the SAR system(s) that operates with such components. Reference dipoles are used with the required tissue-equivalent media for system validation.

The detailed system validation results are maintained by each test laboratory, which are normally not required for equipment approval. Only a tabulated summary of the system validation status, according to the validation date(s), measurement frequencies, SAR probes and tissue dielectric parameters is required in the SAR report.

System Setup

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:

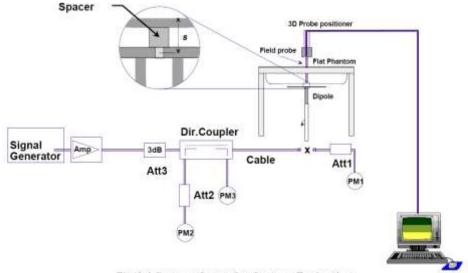


Fig 8.1 System Setup for System Evaluation

- 1. Signal Generator
- 2. Amplifier
- 3. Directional Coupler
- 4. Power Meter
- 5. Calibrated Dipole

Note: The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 30 dBm (1000 mW) before dipole is connected.



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System Verification Results

Prior to SAR assessment, the system is verified to 10% of the SAR measurement on the reference dipole at the time of calibration by the calibration facility. Full system validation status and result summary can be found in below

Target and measurement SAR after Normalized (1W):

Measurement Date	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type (head/body)	Target SAR1g (W/kg)	Measured SAR1g (W/kg)	Normalized SAR1g (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
Aug 2, 2017	835	head	9.64	0.982	9.82	1.87
Aug 2, 2017	835	body	9.96	0.951	9.51	-4.52
Aug 3, 2017	1900	head	39.88	3.711	37.11	-6.95
Aug 3, 2017	1900	body	40.38	4.152	41.52	2.82
Aug 4, 2017	1800	head	37.99	3.554	35.54	-6.45
Aug 4, 2017	1800	body	39.62	3.933	39.33	-0.73
Aug 9, 2017	2450	head	53.18	5.376	53.76	1.09
Aug 9, 2017	2450	body	52.73	5.151	51.51	-2.31

Note: system check input power: 100mW



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Liquid Verification

The dielectric parameters were checked prior to assessment using the HP85070C dielectric probe kit. The dielectric parameters measured are reported in each correspondent section.

KDB 865664 recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters

The head and body tissue parameters given in this below table should be used to measure the SAR of transmitters operating in 100 MHz to 6 GHz frequency range. The tissue dielectric parameters of the tissue medium at the test frequency should be within the tolerance required in this document. The dielectric parameters should be linearly interpolated between the closest pair of target frequencies to determine the applicable dielectric parameters corresponding to the device test frequency.

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by IEEE Std 1528-2013 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in 1528 are derived from tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described above and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in 1528.



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Liquid Confirmation Result:

1. Measured Head liquid Properties

Date	Freq.(MHz)	Liquid Parameters	Measured	Target	Delta (%)	Limit±(%)
A 0 0047 005	835	Relative Permittivity (εr):	41.8	41.5	0.72	5
Aug 2, 2017	000	Conductivity (σ):	0.86	0.90	-4.44	5
A 2 0047 4000	Relative Permittivity (εr):	40.5	40.0	1.25	5	
Aug 3, 2017	1900	Conductivity (σ):	1.42	1.40	1.43	5
Aug 4, 2017 1800	Relative Permittivity (εr):	39.96	40.0	-0.10	5	
	Conductivity (σ):	1.42	1.40	1.43	5	
Aug 9, 2017 24	2450	Relative Permittivity (εr):	40.42	39.2	0.26	5
	2450	Conductivity (σ):	1.77	1.80	0.51	5

2. Measured Body liquid Properties

Date	Freq.(MHz)	Liquid Parameters	Measured	Target	Delta (%)	Limit±(%)
Aug 2 2017	A 0 0047 005	Relative Permittivity (εr):	55.18	55.20	-0.04	5
Aug 2, 2017	835	Conductivity (σ):	0.95	0.97	-2.06	5
A 2 0017	Aug 3, 2017 1900	Relative Permittivity (εr):	53.32	53.3	0.04	5
Aug 3, 2017		Conductivity (o):	1.47	1.52	-3.29	5
A 4 0047 4000	Relative Permittivity (εr):	53.26	53.3	-0.08	5	
Aug 4, 2017	Aug 4, 2017 1800	Conductivity (σ):	1.55	1.52	1.97	5
Aug 9, 2017 2450	2450	Relative Permittivity (εr):	52.78	52.70	0.31	5
	2430	Conductivity (σ):	1.97	1.95	-0.91	5

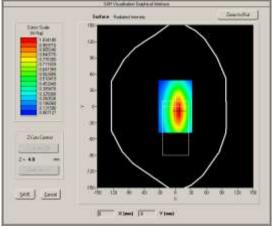


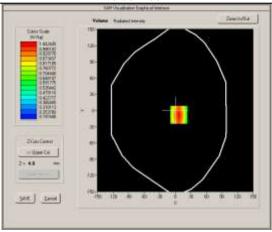
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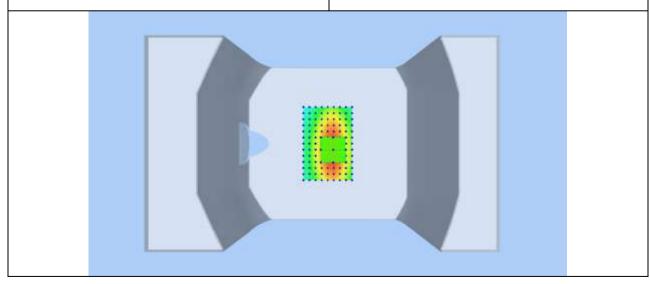
System Verification Plots Product Description: Dipole Model: SID835

Test Date: Aug 2, 2017

1031 Date. Aug 2, 2017	
Medium(liquid type)	HSL_835
Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.8
Conductivity (S/m)	0.86
Input power	100mW
E-Field Probe	SN 27/15 EPGO262
Crest factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.74
Sensor-surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.450000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.657114
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.982453
The second secon	







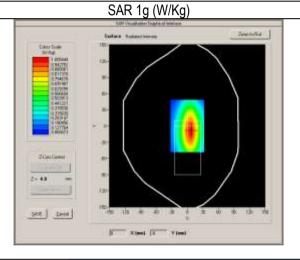


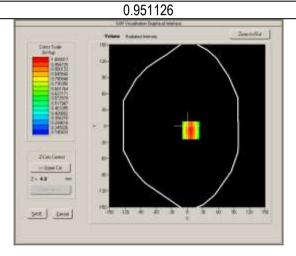
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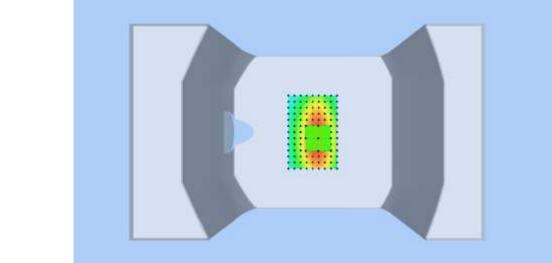
Product Description: Dipole

Model: SID835 Test Date: Aug 2, 2017

rest Date. Aug 2, 2017	
Medium(liquid type)	MSL_835
Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.18
Conductivity (S/m)	0.95
Input power	100mW
E-Field Probe	SN 27/15 EPGO262
Crest factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.81
Sensor-surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	1.120000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.634537
0.45 (0.40)	0.054400







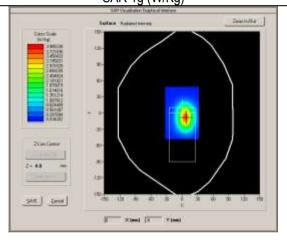


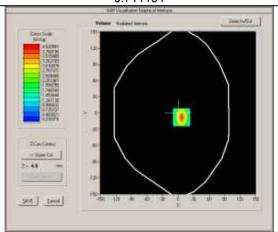
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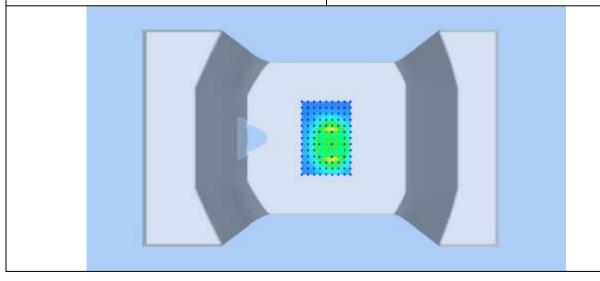
Product Description: Dipole

Model: SID1900 Test Date: Aug 3, 2017

1001 2 4401 7 44 9 0 7 20 11	
Medium(liquid type)	HSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1900.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.5
Conductivity (S/m)	1.42
Input power	100mW
E-Field Probe	SN 27/15 EPGO262
Crest factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	2.01
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-1.060000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.984267
SAR 1a (W/Ka)	3.711134





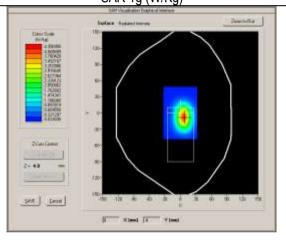


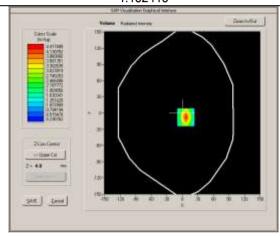


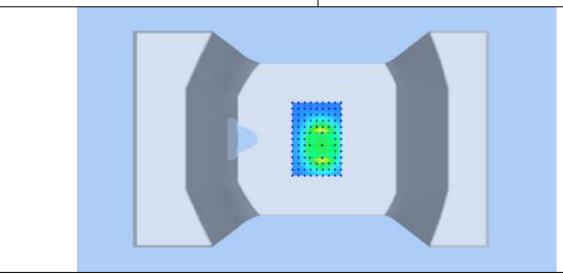
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Product Description: Dipole Model: SID1900 Test Date: Aug 3, 2017

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1900.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.32
Conductivity (S/m)	1.47
Input power	100mW
E-Field Probe	SN 27/15 EPGO262
Crest factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	2.05
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-1.390000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.152143
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	4.152413





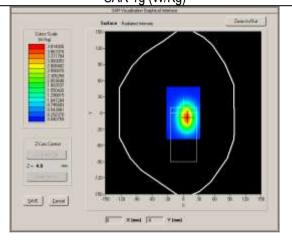


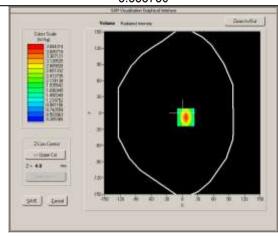


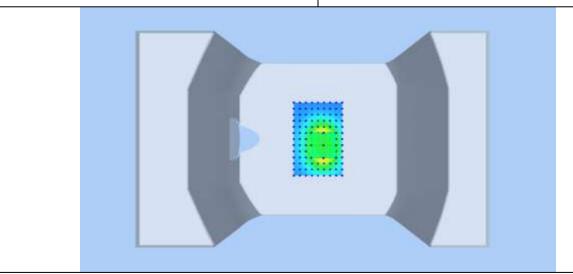
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Product Description: Dipole17070 Model: SID1800 Test Date: Aug 4, 2017

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_1800
Frequency (MHz)	1800.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.96
Conductivity (S/m)	1.42
Input power	100mW
E-Field Probe	SN 27/15 EPGO262
Crest factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.81
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.230000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.957404
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.553730







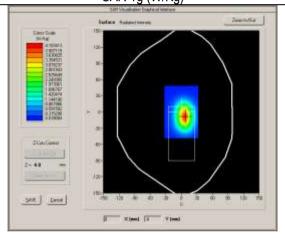


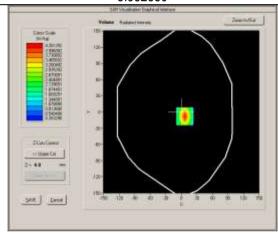
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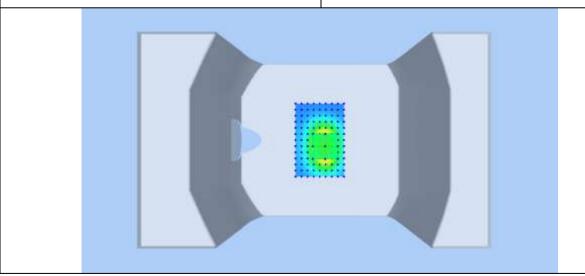
Product Description: Dipole Model: SID1800

Model: SID1800 Test Date: Aug 4, 2017

rest bate. Aug 4, 2017	
Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1800
Frequency (MHz)	1800.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.26
Conductivity (S/m)	1.55
Input power	100mW
E-Field Probe	SN 27/15 EPGO262
Crest factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.87
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.080000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.175818
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.932880







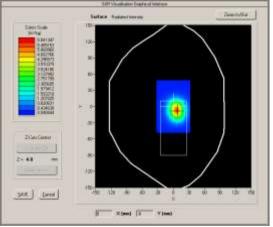


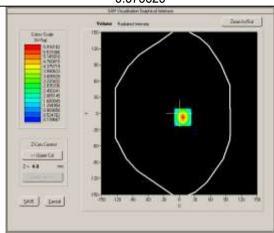
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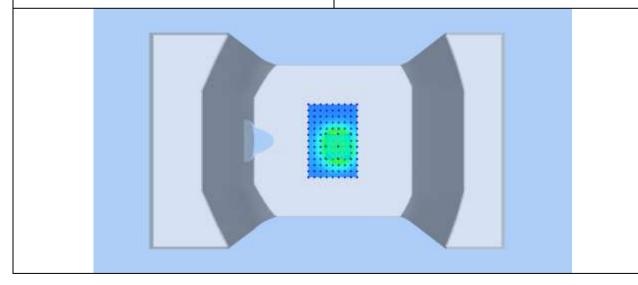
Product Description: Dipole

Model: SID2450 Test Date: Aug 9, 2017

rest bate. Aug 3, 2017	
Medium(liquid type)	HSL_2450
Frequency (MHz)	2450.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.42
Conductivity (S/m)	1.77
Input power	100mW
Crest factor	1.0
E-Field Probe	SN 27/15 EPGO262
Conversion Factor	2.04
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.520000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.516026
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.375823
pt.	A CONTRACTOR OF







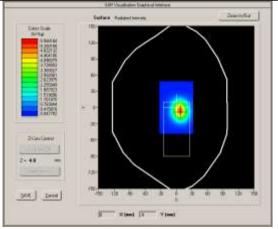


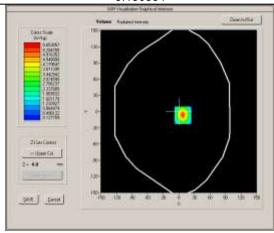
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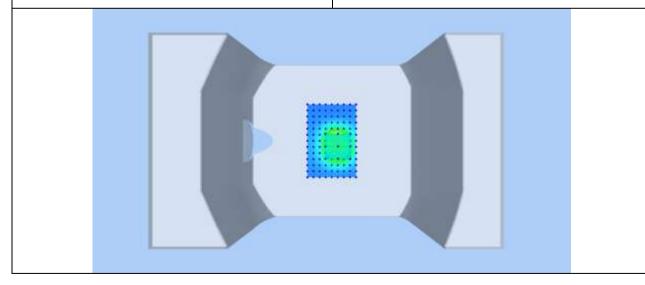
Product Description: Dipole

Model: SID2450 Test Date: Aug 9, 2017

MSL_2450
2450.00
52.78
1.97
100mW
1.0
SN 27/15 EPGO262
2.12
dx=8mm dy=8mm
5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
-1.150000
2.408050
5.150584









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7 <u>UNCERTAINTY ASSESSMENT</u>

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience and specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in Table below:

Uncertainty Distribution	Normal	Rectangle	Triangular	U Shape
Multi-plying Factor ^(a)	1/k ^(b)	1 / √3	1 / √6	1 / √2

(a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity

(b) κ is the coverage factor

Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type -sum-by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %.

The COMOSAR Uncertainty Budget is show in below table:

The following table includes the uncertainty table of the IEEE 1528 from 300MHz to 3GHz and KDB865664 to 6GHZ too, The values are determined by Satimo.



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UNCERTAINTY F	OR S	YSTI	EM F	PERF	ORMA	ANCE	CHEC	K
Uncertainty Component	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	1 g ui (± %)	10 g ui (± %)	Vi
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	5,8	N	1	1	1	5,8	5,8	∞
Axial Isotropy	3,5	R	√3	(1- cp)1/2	(1- cp)1/2	1,42887	1,42887	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	5,9	R	√3	√Ср	√Ср	2,40866	2,40866	∞
Boundary Effect	1	R	√3	1	1	0,57735	0,57735	8
Linearity	4,7	R	√3	1	1	2,71355	2,71355	8
System Detection Limits	1	R	√3	1	1	0,57735	0,57735	8
Readout Electronics	0,5	N	1	1	1	0,5	0,5	8
Response Time	0	R	√3	1	1	0	0	8
Integration Time	1,4	R	√3	1	1	0,80829	0,80829	8
RF Ambient Conditions	3	R	√3	1	1	1,73205	1,73205	8
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	1,4	R	√3	1	1	0,80829	0,80829	8
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	1,4	R	√3	1	1	0,80829	0,80829	8
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	2,3	R	√3	1	1	1,32791	1,32791	8
Dipole								
Dipole Axis to Liquid Distance	2	N	√3	1	1	1,1547	1,1547	N-1
Input Power and SAR drift measurement	5	R	√3	1	1	2,88675	2,88675	8
Phantom and Tissue Parameters								
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4	R	√3	1	1	2,3094	2,3094	8
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	5	R	√3	0,64	0,43	1,84752	1,2413	8
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	4	N	1	0,64	0,43	2,56	1,72	М
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	5	R	√3	0,6	0,49	1,73205	1,41451	8
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	5	N	1	0,6	0,49	3	2,45	М
Combined Standard Uncertainty		RSS				9,6671	9,1645	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE INTERVAL)		k				19,3342	18,3290	



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UNCERTAINTY EVALUATION FOR HANDSET SAR TEST								
Uncertainty Component	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	c _i (1 g)	c _i (10 g)	1 g u _i (± %)	10 g u _i (± %)	V _i
Measurement System				•				
Probe Calibration	5,8	N	1	1	1	5,8	5,8	∞
Axial Isotropy	3,5	R	√3	$(1-c_p)^{1/2}$	$(1-c_p)^{1/2}$	1,43	1,43	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	5,9	R	√3	√Cp	√Cp	2,41	2,41	8
Boundary Effect	1	R	√3	1	1	0,58	0,58	8
Linearity	4,7	R	√3	1	1	2,71	2,71	∞
System Detection Limits	1	R	√3	1	1	0,58	0,58	8
Readout Electronics	0,5	N	1	1	1	0,50	0,50	8
Response Time	0	R	√3	1	1	0,00	0,00	8
Integration Time	1,4	R	√3	1	1	0,81	0,81	8
RF Ambient Conditions	3	R	√3	1	1	1,73	1,73	8
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	1,4	R	√3	1	1	0,81	0,81	8
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	1,4	R	√3	1	1	0,81	0,81	8
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	2,3	R	√3	1	1	1,33	1,33	8
Test sample Related								
Test Sample Positioning	2,6	N	1	1	1	2,60	2,60	N-1
Device Holder Uncertainty	3	N	1	1	1	3,00	3,00	N-1
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	5	R	√3	1	1	2,89	2,89	8
Phantom and Tissue Parameters								
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4	R	√3	1	1	2,31	2,31	8
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	5	R	√3	0,64	0,43	1,85	1,24	8
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	4	N	1	0,64	0,43	2,56	1,72	М
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	5	R	√3	0,6	0,49	1,73	1,41	8
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	5	N	1	0,6	0,49	3,00	2,45	М
Combined Standard Uncertainty		RSS				10,39	9,92	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE INTERVAL)		k				20,78	19,84	



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8 TEST INSTRUMENT

TEST INSTRUMENTATION								
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due			
PC	Compaq	PV 3.06GHz	375052-AA1	N/A	N/A			
Signal Generator	Agilent	8665B-008	3744A10293	05/15/2017	05/15/2018			
MultiMeter	Keithley	MiltiMeter 2000	1259033	06/21/2017	06/21/2018			
S-Parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753ES	US39173518	08/04/2017	08/04/2018			
Wireless Communication Test Set	R&S	CMU200	111078	07/22/2017	07/22/2018			
Power Meter	HP	437B	3038A03648	05/17/2017	05/17/2018			
E-field PROBE	MVG	SSE2	SN 27/15 EPGO262	09/20/2016	09/20/2017			
DIPOLE 835	SATIMO	SID 835	SN 18/11 DIPC 150	06/8/2017	06/8/2018			
DIPOLE 1800	SATIMO	SID 1800	SN 18/11 DIPF 152	06/8/2017	06/8/2018			
DIPOLE 1900	SATIMO	SID 1900	SN 18/11 DIPG 153	06/8/2017	06/8/2018			
DIPOLE 2450	SATIMO	SID 2450	SN 31/10 DIPJ138	06/8/2017	06/8/2018			
Communication Antenna	SATIMO	ANTA3	SN 20/11 ANTA 3	06/21/2017	06/20/2018			
Laptop POSITIONING DEVICE	SATIMO	LSH15	SN 24/11 LSH15	N/A	N/A			
e\POSITIONING DEVICE	SATIMO	MSH73	SN 24/11 MSH73	N/A	N/A			
DUMMY PROBE	ANTENNESSA		DP41	N/A	N/A			
SAM PHANTOM	SATIMO	SAM87	SN 24/11 SAM87	N/A	N/A			
Elliptic Phantom	SATIMO	ELLI20	SN 20/11ELLI20	N/A	N/A			
PHANTOM TABLE	SATIMO	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
6 AXIS ROBOT	KUKA	KR5	949272	N/A	N/A			
high Power Solid State Amplifier (80MHz~1000MHz)	Instruments for Industry	CMC150	M631-0408	05/16/2017	05/16/2018			
Medium Power Solid State Amplifier (0.8~4.2GHz)	Instruments for Industry	S41-25	M629-0408	06/28/2017	06/28/2018			
Wave Tube Amplifier 4- 8 GHz at 20Watt	Hughes Aircraft Company	1277H02F000	81	08/22/2016	08/22/2017			



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9 OUTPUT POWER VERIFICATION

Test Condition:

Conducted Measurement

EUT was set for low, mid, high channel with modulated mode and highest RF output power.

The base station simulator was connected to the antenna terminal.

2 Conducted Emissions Measurement Uncertainty

All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95% (in the case where distributions are normal), with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 30MHz - 40GHz is $\pm 1.5dB$.

3 Environmental Conditions

Temperature 23°C
Relative Humidity 53%
Atmospheric Pressure 1019mbar

Test Date : Aug 2, 2017
Tested By : York Liu

Test Procedures:

Mobile phone radio output power measurement

- 1. The transmitter output port was connected to base station emulator.
- 2. Establish communication link between emulator and EUT and set EUT to operate at maximum output power all the time.
- 3. Select lowest, middle, and highest channels for each band and different possible test mode.
- 4. Measure the conducted peak burst power and conducted average burst power from EUT antenna port.

Other radio output power measurement

The output power was measured using power meter at low, mid, and hi channels.

Source-based Time Averaged Burst Power Calculation:

For TDMA, the following duty cycle factor was used to calculate the source-based time average power

Number of Time slot	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.66	1:2
Duty cycle factor	-9.03 dB	-6.02 dB	-4.26 dB	-3.01 dB
Crest Factor	8	4	2.66	2

Remark: <u>Time slot duty cycle factor = 10 * log (1 / Time Slot Duty Cycle)</u>

Source based time averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Uplink) – 9.03 dB Source based time averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Uplink) – 6.02 dB Source based time averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Uplink) – 4.26 dB Source based time averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Uplink) – 3.01 dB



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Test Result:

GSM:

Burst Average Power (dBm);								
Band	GSM850				PCS1900			
Channel	128	190	251	Tune up Power tolerant	512	661	810	Tune up Power tolerant
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	1	1850.2	1880	1909.8	1
GSM Voice (1 uplink),GMSK	32.12	32.14	32.15	32±1	28.82	28.72	28.48	28±1
GPRS Multi-Slot Class 8 (1 uplink),GMSK	32.14	32.16	32.17	32±1	28.81	28.67	28.4	28±1
GPRS Multi-Slot Class 10 (2 uplink),GMSK	31.3	31.33	31.38	31±1	28.22	27.85	27.62	28±1
GPRS Multi-Slot Class 11 (3 uplink),GMSK	29.45	29.46	29.38	29±1	26.25	26.01	25.86	26±1
GPRS Multi-Slot Class 12 (4 uplink),GMSK	28.15	28.18	28.2	28±1	25.14	24.72	24.54	25±2
EGPRS Multi-Slot Class 8 (1 uplink) MCS1 GMSK	32.06	32.07	32.06	32±1	28.88	28.76	28.51	28±1
EGPRS Multi-Slot Class 10 (2 uplink) MCS1 GMSK	31.21	31.25	31.21	31±1	28.09	28.01	27.84	28±1
EGPRS Multi-Slot Class 11 (3 uplink) MCS1 GMSK	29.34	29.35	29.34	29±1	26.39	26.15	25.99	26±1
EGPRS Multi-Slot Class 12 (4 uplink) MCS1 GMSK	28.15	28.18	28.12	28±1	25	24.86	24.7	25±1
EGPRS Multi-Slot Class 8 (1 uplink) MCS5 8PSK	26.2	26.27	26.14	27±1	24.99	24.86	24.75	25±1
EGPRS Multi-Slot Class 10 (2 uplink) MCS5 8PSK	25.36	24.91	25.02	25±1	23.61	23.24	23.05	23±1
EGPRS Multi-Slot Class 11 (3 uplink) MCS5 8PSK	22.91	22.59	22.64	22±1	21.6	21.53	21.44	21±1
EGPRS Multi-Slot Class 12 (4 uplink) MCS5 8PSK	21.59	21.63	21.54	21±1	19.9	19.75	19.53	20±1

Remark:

GPRS, CS1 coding scheme.
EGPRS, MCS1 coding scheme.
Multi-Slot Class 8, Support Max 4 downlink, 1 uplink, 5 working link
Multi-Slot Class 10, Support Max 4 downlink, 2 uplink, 5 working link
Multi-Slot Class 11, Support Max 4 downlink, 3 uplink, 5 working link
Multi-Slot Class 12, Support Max 4 downlink, 4 uplink, 5 working link



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Source Based time Average Power (dBm)								
Band	GSM850				PC	S1900		
Channel	128	190	251	Time Average factor	512	661	810	Time Average factor
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	1	1850.2	1880	1909.8	1
GSM Voice (1 uplink),GMSK	23.09	23.11	23.12	-9.03	19.79	19.69	19.45	-9.03
GPRS Multi-Slot Class 8 (1 uplink),GMSK	23.11	23.13	23.14	-9.03	19.78	19.64	19.37	-9.03
GPRS Multi-Slot Class 10 (2 uplink),GMSK	25.28	25.31	25.36	-6.02	22.20	21.83	21.60	-6.02
GPRS Multi-Slot Class 11 (3 uplink),GMSK	25.19	25.20	25.12	-4.26	21.99	21.75	21.60	-4.26
GPRS Multi-Slot Class 12 (4 uplink),GMSK	25.14	25.17	25.19	-3.01	22.13	21.71	21.53	-3.01
EGPRS Multi-Slot Class 8 (1 uplink) MCS1 GMSK	23.03	23.04	23.03	-9.03	19.85	19.73	19.48	-9.03
EGPRS Multi-Slot Class 10 (2 uplink) MCS1 GMSK	25.19	25.23	25.19	-6.02	22.07	21.99	21.82	-6.02
EGPRS Multi-Slot Class 11 (3 uplink) MCS1 GMSK	25.08	25.09	25.08	-4.26	22.13	21.89	21.73	-4.26
EGPRS Multi-Slot Class 12 (4 uplink) MCS1 GMSK	19.12	19.15	19.09	-3.01	21.99	21.85	21.69	-3.01
EGPRS Multi-Slot Class 8 (1 uplink) MCS5 8PSK	20.18	20.25	20.12	-9.03	15.96	15.83	15.72	-9.03
EGPRS Multi-Slot Class 10 (2 uplink) MCS5 8PSK	21.10	20.65	20.76	-6.02	17.59	17.22	17.03	-6.02
EGPRS Multi-Slot Class 11 (3 uplink) MCS5 8PSK	19.90	19.58	19.63	-4.26	17.34	17.27	17.18	-4.26
EGPRS Multi-Slot Class 12 (4 uplink) MCS5 8PSK	23.09	23.11	23.12	-3.01	16.89	16.74	16.52	-3.01

Remark:

Time average factor = 1 uplink , 10*log(1/8)=-9.03dB , 2 uplink , 10*log(2/8)=-6.02dB , 3 uplink , 10*log(3/8)=-4.26dB , 4 uplink , 10*log(4/8)=-3.01dB

Source based time average power = Burst Average power + Time Average factor

Note: 1. due to the source based time average power; Body SAR was performed at GPRS Multi-slot class 10.



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WCDMA BAND V

Band/ Time Slot	Channel	Eroguanav	Average power	Tune up
configuration	Grianne	Frequency	(dBm)	Power tolerant
DMC	4132	826.4	22.23	22±1
RMC	4175	835.0	22.22	22±1
12.2kbps	4233	846.6	22.1	22±1
LICDDA	4132	826.4	21.24	21±1
HSDPA Subtest1	4175	835.0	21.06	21±1
Sublest i	4233	846.6	20.98	21±1
LICDDA	4132	826.4	21.23	21±1
HSDPA Subtest2	4175	835.0	21.1	21±1
Sublesiz	4233	846.6	21.17	21±1
HODDA	4132	826.4	20.97	21±1
HSDPA	4175	835.0	21.11	21±1
Subtest3	4233	846.6	21.03	21±1
	4132	826.4	20.79	21±1
HSDPA	4175	835.0	21.23	21±1
Subtest4	4233	846.6	21.16	21±1
HOURA	4132	826.4	21.15	21±1
HSUPA	4175	835.0	21.19	21±1
Subtest1	4233	846.6	20.95	21±1
	4132	826.4	21.05	21±1
HSUPA	4175	835.0	21.14	21±1
Subtest2	4233	846.6	20.99	21±1
HOURA	4132	826.4	21.13	21±1
HSUPA	4175	835.0	20.97	21±1
Subtest3	4233	846.6	21.11	21±1
HOUSA	4132	826.4	21.15	21±1
HSUPA	4175	835.0	20.99	21±1
Subtest4	4233	846.6	21.14	21±1
1101:54	4132	826.4	21.17	21±1
HSUPA	4175	835.0	21.11	21±1
Subtest5	4233	846.6	20.94	21±1

Note: 1.Due to the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC<75% of the SAR limit, SAR was performed at RMC 12.2kbps.



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WCDMA Band II:

Band/ Time Slot	Observati	F	Average power	Tune up
configuration	Channel	Frequency	(dBm)	Power tolerant
DMO	9262	1852.4	22.13	22±1
RMC	9400	1880.0	22.02	22±1
12.2kbps	9538	1907.6	21.96	22±1
	9262	1852.4	21.13	21±1
HSDPA	9400	1880.0	21.06	21±1
Subtest1	9538	1907.6	21.05	21±1
LIODEA	9262	1852.4	21.25	21±1
HSDPA	9400	1880.0	20.98	21±1
Subtest2	9538	1907.6	20.86	21±1
LIODEA	9262	1852.4	21.11	21±1
HSDPA	9400	1880.0	21.16	21±1
Subtest3	9538	1907.6	21.04	21±1
	9262	1852.4	20.97	21±1
HSDPA	9400	1880.0	20.99	21±1
Subtest4	9538	1907.6	21	21±1
LICLIDA	9262	1852.4	20.96	21±1
HSUPA	9400	1880.0	21.2	21±1
Subtest1	9538	1907.6	21.18	21±1
LICLIDA	9262	1852.4	20.89	21±1
HSUPA	9400	1880.0	21.17	21±1
Subtest2	9538	1907.6	21.15	21±1
HOUDA	9262	1852.4	20.99	21±1
HSUPA	9400	1880.0	21.03	21±1
Subtest3	9538	1907.6	21.18	21±1
LICUIDA	9262	1852.4	20.95	21±1
HSUPA Subtoat4	9400	1880.0	20.97	21±1
Subtest4	9538	1907.6	21.23	21±1
1101124	9262	1852.4	21.24	21±1
HSUPA Subtrate	9400	1880.0	20.96	21±1
Subtest5	9538	1907.6	21.08	21±1

Note: 1.Due to the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC<75% of the SAR limit, SAR was performed at RMC 12.2kbps.



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WCDMA Band \overline{IV} :

Band/ Time Slot	Channel	Frequency	Average power	Tune up
configuration		, ,	(dBm)	Power tolerant
RMC	1313	1712.6	22.22	22±1
12.2kbps	1413	1732.6	22.26	22±1
12.2000	1512	1752.4	21.62	22±1
HSDPA	1313	1712.6	21.23	21±1
Subtest1	1413	1732.6	21.29	21±1
Subtest	1512	1752.4	20.64	21±1
HCDDA	1313	1712.6	21.2	21±1
HSDPA Subtest2	1413	1732.6	21.24	21±1
Sublesiz	1512	1752.4	20.75	21±1
HCDDA	1313	1712.6	21.15	21±1
HSDPA Subtest3	1413	1732.6	21.25	21±1
Sublests	1512	1752.4	20.69	21±1
	1313	1712.6	21.09	21±1
HSDPA	1413	1732.6	21.14	21±1
Subtest4	1512	1752.4	20.74	21±1
HOUDA	1313	1712.6	21.13	21±1
HSUPA Subtest1	1413	1732.6	21.2	21±1
Sublesti	1512	1752.4	20.84	21±1
LICUDA	1313	1712.6	21.09	21±1
HSUPA Subtest2	1413	1732.6	21.16	21±1
Sublesiz	1512	1752.4	20.54	21±1
LICLIDA	1313	1712.6	21.22	21±1
HSUPA Subtest3	1413	1732.6	21.14	21±1
Sublesis	1512	1752.4	20.84	21±1
HOUDA	1313	1712.6	21.03	21±1
HSUPA Subtest4	1413	1732.6	21.11	21±1
Jublesi4	1512	1752.4	20.69	21±1
LICUDA	1313	1712.6	21.05	21±1
HSUPA Subtest5	1413	1732.6	21.16	21±1
Jublesia	1512	1752.4	20.74	21±1

Note: 1.Due to the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC<75% of the SAR limit, SAR was performed at RMC 12.2kbps.



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WIFI Mode (2.4G)

Mode	Channel number	Frequency (MHz)	Data rate(Mbps)	Average Output Power(dBm)	Average Tune up limited(dBm)
	1	2412	1	14.59	15±1
802.11b	6	2437	1	15.42	15±1
	11	2462	1	15.48	15±1
	1	2412	6	11.82	12±1
802.11g	6	2437	6	12.33	12±1
	11	2462	6	12.68	12±1
	1	2412	MCS0	9.86	10±1
802.11n(HT20)	6	2437	MCS0	10.39	10±1
	11	2462	MCS0	9.94	10±1
	3	2422	MCS0	10.41	10±1
802.11n(HT40)	6	2437	MCS0	10.09	10±1
	9	2452	MCS0	10.51	10±1

Bluetooth Measurement Result

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)	Tune up limited(dBm)	
	2402	-2.234	-2±1	
GFSK	2441	-1.856	-2±1	
	2480	-2.188	-2±1	
	2402	-2.345	-2±1	
π /4DQPSK	2441	-1.983	-2±1	
	2480	-2.386	-2±1	
	2402	-2.332	-2±1	
8DPSK	2441	-1.939	-2±1	
	2480	-2.281	-2±1	

BLE Measurement Result

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)	Tune up limited(dBm)	
	2402	-5.642	-6±1	
GFSK	2440	-6.067	-6±1	
	2480	-6.327	-6±1	

Note: 1. Both WIFI and BT power was test and only Maximum Power was provide here.

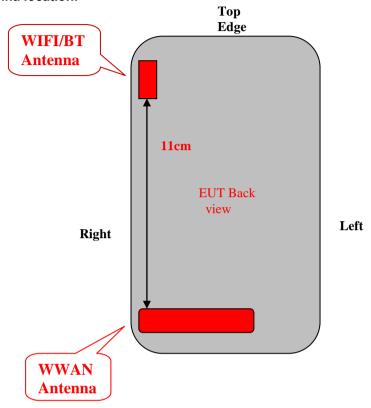
2. SAR Test Exclusion Threshold for WIFI&BT is about 9.6mW, the maximum tune up power of WIFI is 16dBm=39.81mW, BT is -1dBm=0.80mW, so WIFI stand-alone SAR is required.



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Antenna Separation Information:

EUT antenna location:



Test position consideration:

rest position consideration.									
Distance of EUT antenna-to-edge/surface(mm), Test distance:10mm									
Antennas	Antennas Back side Front side Left Edge Right Edge Top Edge Bottom Edge								
WWAN	2	2	20	5	125	2			
WLAN	2	2	60	2	7	120			
Bluetooth	2	2	60	2	7	120			

Test distance:10mm								
Antennas	Back side	Front side	Left Edge	Right Edge	Top Edge	Bottom Edge		
WWAN	YES	YES	YES	YES	NO	YES		
WLAN	YES	YES	NO	YES	YES	NO		
Bluetooth	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO		

Note:

- 1. Head/Body-worn/Hotspot mode SAR assessments are required.
- 2. Referring to KDB 941225 D06v02, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm * 5cm, the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.
- 3. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, for handsets the test separation distance is determined by the smallest distance between the outer surface of the device and the user, which is 0 mm for head SAR, 10 mm for hotspot SAR, and 10 mm for body-worn SAR.
- 4. BT SAR is not required due to the low power.



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10 SAR TEST RESULTS

Test Condition:

1.	SAR Measurement The distance between the EUT and the antenna of the emulator is more than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB less than the output power of EUT.						
2	Measurement Uncertainty: See	page 32 for detail					
3	Environmental Conditions	Temperature	23°C				
		Relative Humidity	53%				
		Atmospheric Pressure	1019mbar				
4	Test Date : Aug 2, 2017~ Aug 9,	2017					
	Tested By : York Liu						

Generally Test Procedures:

- 1. Establish communication link between EUT and base station emulation by air link.
- 2. Place the EUT in the selected test position. (Cheek, tilt or flat)
- 3. Perform SAR testing at middle or highest output power channel under the selected test mode. If the measured 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, then testing for the other channel will not be performed.
- 4. When SAR is<0.8W/kg, no repeated SAR measurement is required

For WCDMA test:

- KDB941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA when the average output of each RF channel with HSDPA active is less than 0.25dB higher than measured without HSDPA using 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC<75% of the SAR limit.
- 2. KDB941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for handset with HSPA capabilities when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSUPA/HSDPA active is less than 0.25dB higher than that measure without HSUPA/HSDPA using 12.2kbps RMC and the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is<75% of the SAR limit



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SAR Summary Test Result:

GSM850

Date of Measur	Date of Measured : Aug 2, 2017				Body-worn/Hotspot Separation Distance: 10mm				
Position	Channel	Mode	SAR 1g(W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	Power Drift (%)	Maximum Turn-up Power(dBm)	measured output power (dBm)	Scaled Maximum SAR(W/kg)	
Right Head Cheek	Mid	GSM voice	0.412	1.6	0.76	33	32.14	0.50	
Right Head Tilt	Mid	GSM voice	0.258	1.6	0.46	33	32.14	0.31	
Left Head Cheek	Mid	GSM voice	0.449	1.6	-0.60	33	32.14	0.55	
Left Head Tilt	Mid	GSM voice	0.278	1.6	-1.24	33	32.14	0.34	
Body Front-side	Mid	GPRS Class10	0.717	1.6	-0.74	32	31.33	0.84	
Body Back-side	Mid	GPRS Class10	0.773	1.6	-0.08	32	31.33	0.90	
Body Left-edge	Mid	GPRS Class10	0.548	1.6	0.21	32	31.33	0.64	
Body Right-edge	Mid	GPRS Class10	0.516	1.6	-1.01	32	31.33	0.60	
Body Bottom-edge	Mid	GPRS Class10	0.230	1.6	0.97	32	31.33	0.27	

WCDMA BAND V (850)

Date of Measure	d : Aug 2, 201	7	Body-worn/Hotspot Separation Distance: 10mm						
Position	Channel	Mode	SAR 1g(W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	Power Drift (%)	Maximum Turn-up Power(dBm)	measured output power (dBm)	Scaled Maximum SAR(W/kg)	
Right Head Cheek	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.312	1.6	0.47	23	22.22	0.37	
Right Head Tilt	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.214	1.6	-1.41	23	22.22	0.26	
Left Head Cheek	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.329	1.6	-0.48	23	22.22	0.39	
Left Head Tilt	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.211	1.6	-1.61	23	22.22	0.25	
Body Front side	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.405	1.6	-1.30	23	22.22	0.48	
Body Back-side	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.465	1.6	-0.41	23	22.22	0.56	
Body Left-edge	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.316	1.6	-0.99	23	22.22	0.38	
Body Right-edge	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.303	1.6	-1.30	23	22.22	0.36	
Body Bottom-edge	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.144	1.6	-0.66	23	22.22	0.17	



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PCS1900:

Date of Measured : Aug 3, 2017 Body-worn/Hotspot Separation Distance:10mm								
Position	Channel	Mode	SAR 1g(W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	Power Drift (%)	Maximum Turn-up Power(dBm)	measured output power (dBm)	Scaled Maximum SAR(W/kg)
Right Head Cheek	Mid	GSM voice	0.192	1.6	-1.54	29	28.72	0.20
Right Head Tilt	Mid	GSM voice	0.104	1.6	0.75	29	28.72	0.11
Left Head Cheek	Mid	GSM voice	0.214	1.6	-2.80	29	28.72	0.23
Left Head Tilt	Mid	GSM voice	0.112	1.6	-1.05	29	28.72	0.12
Body Front side	Mid	GPRS Class10	0.587	1.6	-0.89	29	27.85	0.76
Body Back side	Low	GPRS Class10	0.976	1.6	-1.07	29	28.22	1.17
Body Back side	Mid	GPRS Class10	1.028	1.6	-2.37	29	27.85	1.34
Body Back side	Mid	GPRS Class10	0.995	1.6	-1.48	29	27.85	1.30
Body Back side	High	GPRS Class10	0.956	1.6	-0.56	29	27.62	1.31
Body Left-edge	Mid	GPRS Class10	0.192	1.6	-0.85	29	27.85	0.25
Body Right-edge	Mid	GPRS Class10	0.219	1.6	-0.55	29	27.85	0.23
Body Bottom-edge	Mid	GPRS Class10	0.737	1.6	-1.72	29	27.85	0.79

WCDMA BAND II (1900):

Date of Measured : Aug 3, 2017				Body-worn/Hotspot Separation Distance: 10mm					
Position	Channel	Mode	SAR 1g(W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	Power Drift (%)	Maximum Turn-up Power(dBm)	measured output power (dBm)	Scaled Maximum SAR(W/kg	
Right Head Cheek	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.311	1.6	-0.45	23	22.02	0.39	
Right Head Tilt	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.187	1.6	1.22	23	22.02	0.23	
Left Head Cheek	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.328	1.6	-0.23	23	22.02	0.41	
Left Head Tilt	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.225	1.6	-1.45	23	22.02	0.28	
Body Front-side	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.564	1.6	-1.24	23	22.02	0.71	
Body Back-side	Low	RMC 12.2kbps	0.962	1.6	-0.62	23	22.13	1.18	
Body Back-side	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	1.056	1.6	0.09	23	22.02	1.32	
Body Back-side	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.994	1.6	0.67	23	22.02	1.25	
Body Back-side	High	RMC 12.2kbps	0.946	1.6	0.37	23	21.96	1.20	
Body Left-edge	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.184	1.6	-1.23	23	22.02	0.23	
Body Right-edge	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.195	1.6	-1.08	23	22.02	0.24	
Body Bottom-edge	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.701	1.6	-1.07	23	22.02	0.88	



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WCDMA BAND IV(1700):

Date of Measured : Aug 4, 2017 Body-worn/Hotspot Separation Distance: 10mm								
Position	Channel	Mode	SAR 1g(W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	Power Drift (%)	Maximum Turn-up Power(dBm)	measured output power (dBm)	Scaled Maximum SAR(W/kg)
Right Head Cheek	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.511	1.6	-1.37	23	22.26	0.61
Right Head Tilt	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.322	1.6	0.23	23	22.26	0.38
Left Head Cheek	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.526	1.6	-1.56	23	22.26	0.62
Left Head Tilt	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.346	1.6	-0.25	23	22.26	0.41
Body Front-side	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.557	1.6	-0.49	23	22.26	0.66
Body Back-side	Low	RMC 12.2kbps	0.978	1.6	-1.85	23	22.22	1.17
Body Back-side	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	1.131	1.6	-0.82	23	22.26	1.34
Body Back-side	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	1.078	1.6	0.37	23	22.26	1.28
Body Back-side	High	RMC 12.2kbps	0.967	1.6	1.55	23	21.62	1.33
Body Left-edge	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.213	1.6	-1.34	23	22.26	0.25
Body Right-edge	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.204	1.6	1.07	23	22.26	0.24
Body Bottom-edge	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.624	1.6	-1.55	23	22.26	0.74

2.4 G (802.11b)

2.4 G (802.11b)		_								
Date of Measure	Date of Measured : Aug 9, 2017				Body-worn/Hotspot Separation Distance: 10mm					
Position	Channel	Mode	SAR 1g(W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	Power Drift (%)	Maximum Turn-up Power(dBm)	measured output power (dBm)	Scaled Maximum SAR(W/kg)		
Right Head Cheek	Mid	802.11b	0.208	1.6	1.39	16	15.42	0.24		
Right Head Tilt	Mid	802.11b	0.146	1.6	1.08	16	15.42	0.17		
Left Head Cheek	Mid	802.11b	0.187	1.6	1.06	16	15.42	0.21		
Left Head Tilt	Mid	802.11b	0.121	1.6	-0.76	16	15.42	0.14		
Body Front-edge	Mid	802.11b	0.111	1.6	-1.34	16	15.42	0.13		
Body Back-side	Mid	802.11b	0.133	1.6	0.26	16	15.42	0.15		
Body Right-edge	Mid	802.11b	0.076	1.6	1.38	16	15.42	0.09		
Body Top-edge	Mid	802.11b	0.091	1.6	-0.46	16	15.42	0.10		



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Measurement variability consideration

According to KDB 865664 D01v01 section 2.8.1, repeated measurements are required following the procedures as below:

- 1. Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2. When the original highest measured SAR is \geq 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3. Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20. Measured SAR (W/Kg)

Repeated SAR:

					measure	ed SAR(W/kg)	
Band	Position	Channel	Mode	Original	1st Rep	peated	2r Repe	-
		İ		3	Value	Ratio	Value	Ratio
PCS1900	Body Back-side	Mid	GPRS Class10	1.028	0.995	1.03	NA	NA
WCDMA Band II	Body Back-side	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	1.056	0.994	1.06	NA	NA
WCDMA Band IV	Body Back-side	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	1.131	1.078	1.05	NA	NA

Simultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis.

No.	Applicable Simultaneous Transmission Combination
1.	WWAN+WIFI
2.	WWAN+BT

Note:

- 1. For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01 v06 base on the formula below:
- (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[√f_(GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm;

where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

- 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.²¹
- 2. If the test separation distances is≤5mm, 5mm is used for estimated SAR calculation.
- 3. WIFI maximum tune up power is 16dBm, BT's maximum tune up power is -1dBm and the estimated SAR is listed below.

Test position	Head(0 cm)	Body-worn(1.0cm)
WIFI Scaled SAR(W/kg)	0.24	0.15
BT Estimated SAR(W/kg)	0.03	0.02

Maximum Summation:

	WWAN	WIFI	ВТ	WWAN+WIFI	WWAN+BT
position	Max. Scaled SAR	Max. Scaled SAR	Max. Scaled SAR	VVVVANTVVIFI	WWWANTDI
Head 0cm	0.62	0.24	0.03	0.86	0.65
Body 1.0cm	1.34	0.15	0.02	1.49	1.36

Note: 1g-SAR scalar summation<1.6W/kg, so no simultaneous SAR is required.



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11 SAR MEASUREMENT REFERENCES

References

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"
- 2. IEEE Std. C95.1-1999, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3kHz to 300GHz", 1999
- 3. IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices:Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- 4. IEC 62209-2, "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices—Human models, instrumentation, and procedures Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate(SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body(frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- 5. FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies For Mobile and Portable Device", October 23, 2015
- 6. FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, "3G SAR Measurement Procedures", October 23, 2015
- 7. FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements For 100MHz to 6GHz", August 7, 2015
- 8. FCC KDB648474 D04 v01r03, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets". October 23, 2015
- 9. FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, Hot Spot SAR ,October 23, 2015
- 10. FCC KDB 248227 D01, 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02. October 23, 2015



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Maximum SAR measurement Plots

Test mode: GSM850, Middle channel (Left Head Cheek)

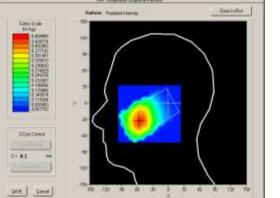
Product Description: Mobile Phone

Model: BLU C5

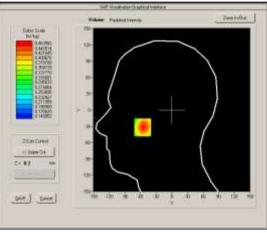
Test Date: Aug 2, 2017

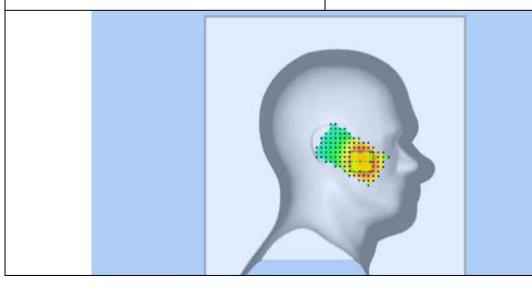
Medium(liquid type)	HSL_835		
Frequency (MHz)	836.6000		
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.8		
Conductivity (S/m)	0.86		
E-Field Probe	SN 27/15 EPGO262		
Crest factor	8.0		
Conversion Factor	1.74		
Sensor-Surface	4mm		
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm		
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm		
Variation (%)	-0.600000		
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.353976		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.448930		
	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		

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Test mode: GPRS850, Mid channel (Body Back Side)

Product Description: Mobile Phone

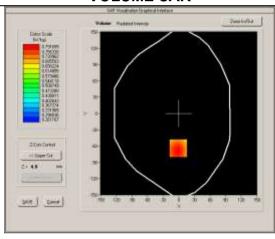
Model: BLU C5

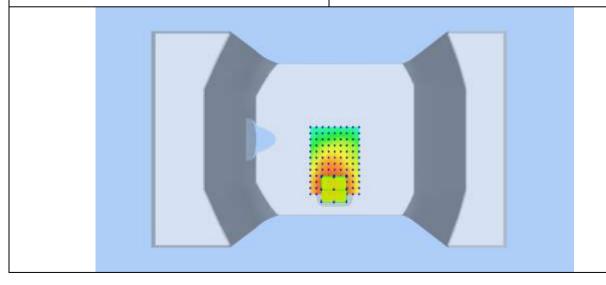
Test Date: Aug 2, 2017

rest bate. Aug 2, 2017	
Medium(liquid type)	MSL_835
Frequency (MHz)	836.6000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.18
Conductivity (S/m)	0.95
E-Field Probe	SN 27/15 EPGO262
Crest factor	2.0
Conversion Factor	1.81
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.080000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.607490
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.772914

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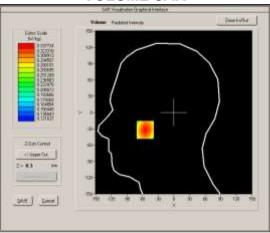
Test mode: WCDMA Band V, Middle channel (Left Head Cheek)

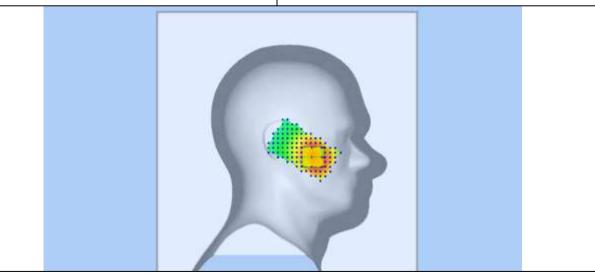
Product Description: Mobile Phone

Model: BLU C5
Test Date: Aug 2, 2017

rest bate. Aug 2, 2017	
Medium(liquid type)	HSL_835
Frequency (MHz)	835.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.8
Conductivity (S/m)	0.86
E-Field Probe	SN 27/15 EPGO262
Crest factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.74
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.480000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.270496
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.328766

SURFACE SAR







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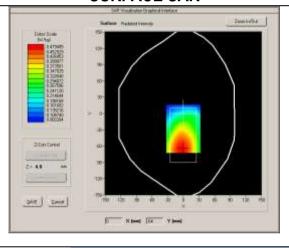
Test mode: WCDMA Band V, Middle channel (Body Back Side) Product Description: Mobile Phone

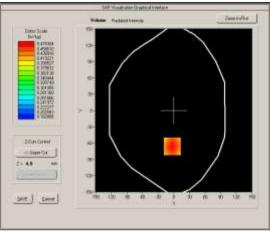
Model: BLU C5

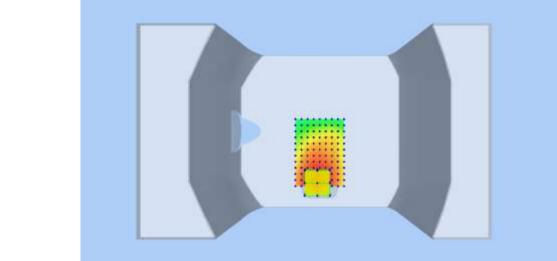
Test Date: Aug 2, 2017

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_835
Frequency (MHz)	835.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.18
Conductivity (S/m)	0.95
E-Field Probe	SN 27/15 EPGO262
Crest factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.81
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.410000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.372486
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.465310

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Test mode: PCS1900, Middle channel (Left Head Cheek)

Product Description: Mobile Phone

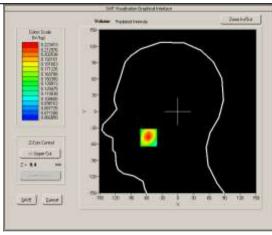
Model: BLU C5

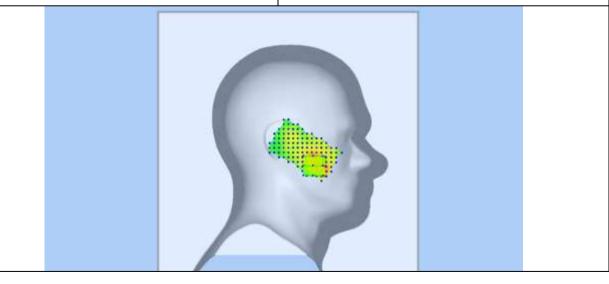
Test Date: Aug 3, 2017

rest bate. Aug 3, 2017	
Medium(liquid type)	HSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1880.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.5
Conductivity (S/m)	1.42
E-Field Probe	SN 27/15 EPGO262
Crest factor	8.0
Conversion Factor	2.01
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-2.800000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.154317
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.213756

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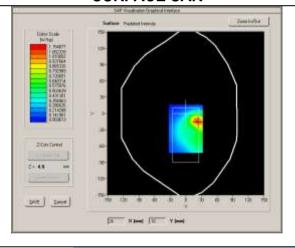
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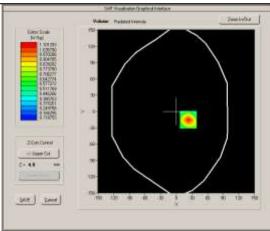
Test mode: GPRS1900, Middle channel (Body Bottom Side)
Product Description: Mobile Phone
Model: BLU C5

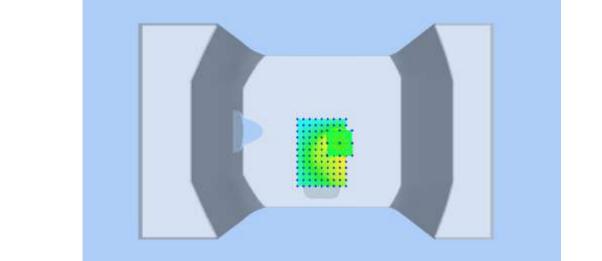
Test Date: Aug 3, 2017

rest bate. Aug 6, 2011	
Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1880.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.32
Conductivity (S/m)	1.47
E-Field Probe	SN 27/15 EPGO262
Crest factor	2.0
Conversion Factor	2.05
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-2.370000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.622195
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.028021

SURFACE SAR









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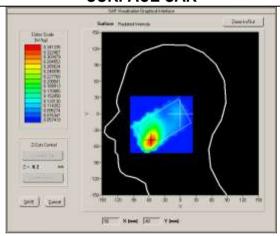
Test mode: WCDMA Band II, Middle channel (Left Head Cheek)

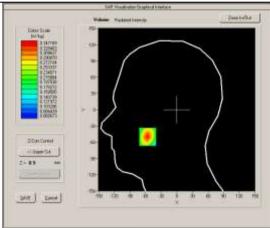
Product Description: Mobile Phone Model: BLU C5

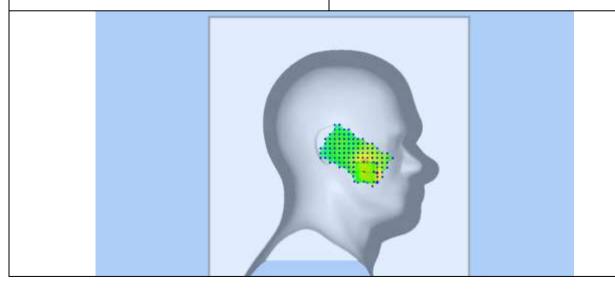
Test Date: Aug 3, 2017

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1880.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.5
Conductivity (S/m)	1.42
E-Field Probe	SN 27/15 EPGO262
Crest factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	2.01
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.230000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.227905
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.328414

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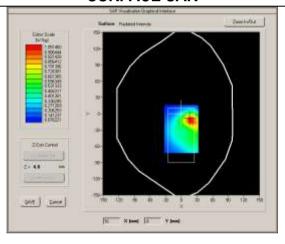
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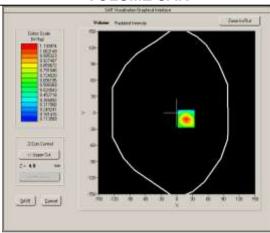
Test mode: WCDMA Band II , Middle channel (Body Back Side)
Product Description: Mobile Phone
Model: BLU C5

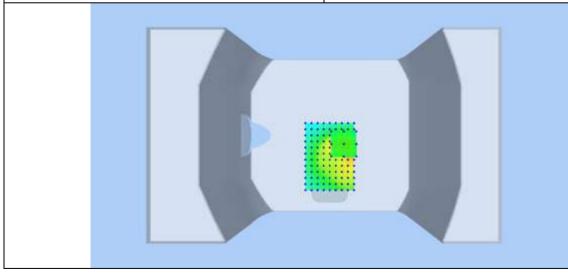
Test Date: Aug 3 2017

rest Date: Aug 3, 2017	
Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1880.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.32
Conductivity (S/m)	1.47
E-Field Probe	SN 27/15 EPGO262
Crest factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	2.05
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.090000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.617646
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.055895

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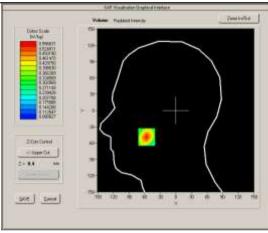
Test mode: WCDMA Band IV, Middle channel (Left Head Cheek)

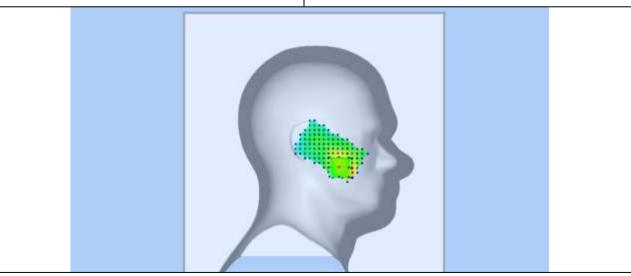
Product Description: Mobile Phone

Model: BLU C5 Test Date: Aug 4, 2017

rest bate. Aug 4, 2017	
Medium(liquid type)	HSL_1800
Frequency (MHz)	1732.600
Relative permittivity (real part)	39. 96
Conductivity (S/m)	1.42
E-Field Probe	SN 27/15 EPGO262
Crest factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.81
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-1.560000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.358489
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.526201

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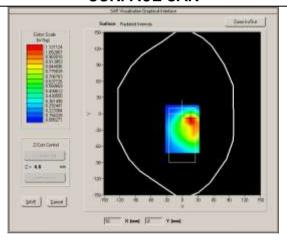
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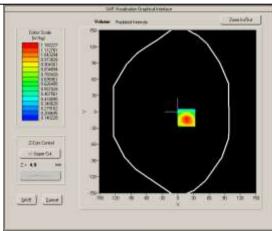
Test mode: WCDMA Band IV, Mid channel (Body Back Side) Product Description: Mobile Phone Model: BLU C5

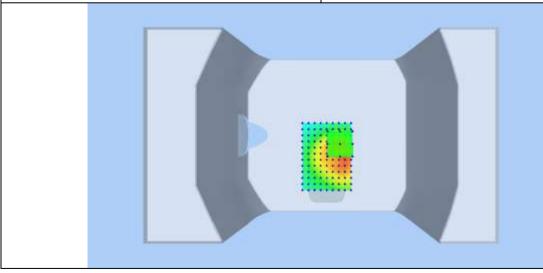
Test Date: Aug 4, 2017

1000 2 0001 7 00 9 1, 20 11	
Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1800
Frequency (MHz)	1732.600
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.26
Conductivity (S/m)	1.55
E-Field Probe	SN 27/15 EPGO262
Crest factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.87
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.820000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.706716
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.131422

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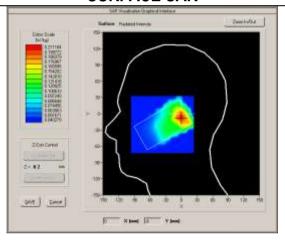
Test mode: 802.11b, Middle channel (Right Head Cheek)

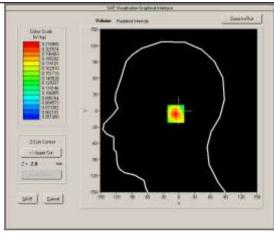
Product Description: Mobile Phone

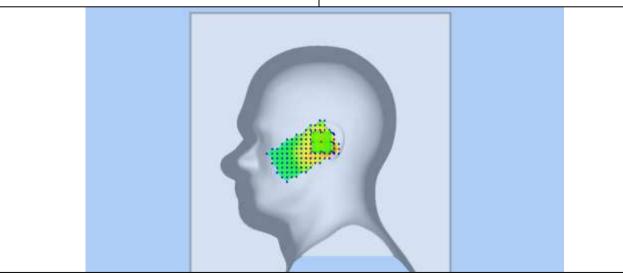
Model: BLU C5 Test Date: Aug 9, 2017

100t Bato: 7 tag 0, 2011	
Medium(liquid type)	HSL_2450
Frequency (MHz)	2437.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.42
Conductivity (S/m)	1.77
E-Field Probe	SN 27/15 EPGO262
Crest factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	2.04
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	1.390000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.138884
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.207576

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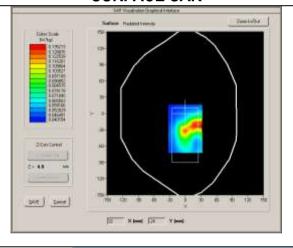
Test mode: 802.11b, Middle channel (Body Back Side)

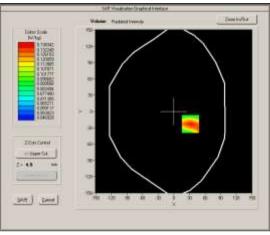
Product Description: Mobile Phone

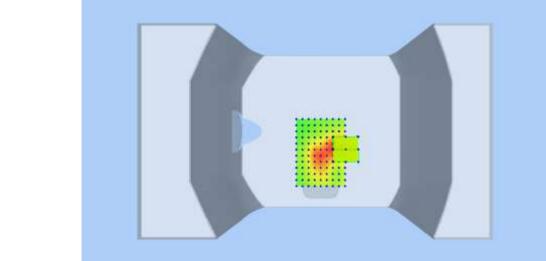
Model: BLU C5
Test Date: Aug 9, 2017

rest bate. Aug 3, 2017	
Medium(liquid type)	MSL_2450
Frequency (MHz)	2437.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.78
Conductivity (S/m)	1.97
E-Field Probe	SN 27/15 EPGO262
Crest factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	2.12
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.260000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.094384
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.132736

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Annex A CALIBRATION REPORTS



COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.264.3.16.SATU.A

SIEMIC TESTING AND CERTIFICATION SERVICES

ZONE A,FLOOR 1,BUILDING 2,WAN YE LONG TECHNOLOGY PARK,SOUTH SIDE OF ZHOUSHI ROAD, SHIYAN STREET,BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN 518108, GUANGDONG, P.R.C.

MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

SERIAL NO.: SN 27/15 EPGO262

Calibrated at MVG US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144



Calibration Date: 09/20/2016

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed in MVG USA using the CALISAR / CALIBAIR test bench, for use with a COMOSAR system only. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



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Ref: ACR.264.3.16.SATU.A

2	Name	Function	Date	Signature
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Customer Name		
SIEMIC Testing		
and Certification Services		

Issue	Date	Modifications
A	9/20/2016	Initial release



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1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test				
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE			
Manufacturer	MVG			
Model	SSE2			
Serial Number	SN 27/15 EPGO262			
Product Condition (new / used)	Used			
Frequency Range of Probe	0.7 GHz-6GHz			
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.221 MΩ			
	Dipole 2: R2=0.199 MΩ			
	Dipole 3: R3=0.199 MΩ			

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

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3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 - 360 degrees in 15 degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis $(0^{\circ}-180^{\circ})$ in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis $(0^{\circ}-360^{\circ})$.

3.5 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%)
Incident or forward power	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Reflected power	3.00%	Rectangular	$-\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Liquid conductivity	5.00%	Rectangular	$-\sqrt{3}$	1	2.887%
Liquid permittivity	4.00%	Rectangular	$-\sqrt{3}$	1	2.309%
Field homogeneity	3.00%	Rectangular	$-\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Field probe positioning	5.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.887%



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Field probe linearity	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Combined standard uncertainty					5.831%
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					12.0%

5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Calibration Parameters		
Liquid Temperature	21 °C	
Lab Temperature	21 °C	
Lab Humidity	45 %	

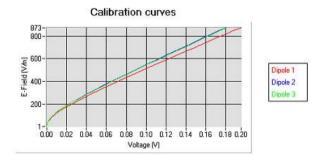
5.1 SENSITIVITY IN AIR

Normx dipole		
$1 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	$2 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	$3 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$
0.80	0.71	0.72

DCP dipole 1	DCP dipole 2	DCP dipole 3
(mV)	(mV)	(mV)
92	90	91

Calibration curves ei=f(V) (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain H-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{{E_1}^2 + {E_2}^2 + {E_3}^2}$$



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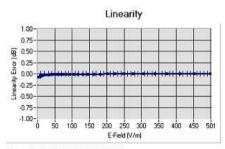


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5.2 LINEARITY



Linearity: II+/-1.69% (+/-0.07dB)

5.3 SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID

Liquid	Frequency (MHz +/- 100MHz)	Permittivity	Epsilon (S/m)	ConvF
HL750	750	40.03	0.93	1.57
BL750	750	56.83	1.00	1.62
HL850	835	42.19	0.90	1.74
BL850	835	54.67	1.01	1.81
HL900	900	42.08	1.01	1.67
BL900	900	55.25	1.08	1.73
HL1800	1800	41.68	1.46	1.81
BL1800	1800	53.86	1.46	1.87
HL1900	1900	38.45	1.45	2.01
BL1900	1900	53.32	1.56	2.05
HL2000	2000	38.26	1.38	1.86
BL2000	2000	52.70	1.51	1.91
HL2450	2450	37.50	1.80	2.04
BL2450	2450	53.22	1.89	2.12
HL2600	2600	39.80	1.99	2.05
BL2600	2600	52.52	2.23	2.12
HL3500	3500	38.21	2.98	2.02
BL3500	3500	52.95	3.43	2.08
HL5200	5200	35.64	4.67	1.51
BL5200	5200	48.64	5.51	1.55
HL5400	5400	36.44	4.87	1.56
BL5400	5400	46.52	5.77	1.61
HL5600	5600	36.66	5.17	1.55
BL5600	5600	46.79	5.77	1.60
HL5800	5800	35.31	5.31	1.44
BL5800	5800	47.04	6.10	1.48

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 7mW/kg



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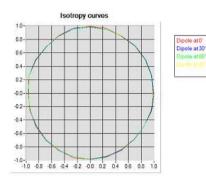


Ref: ACR.264.3.16.SATU.A

5.4 ISOTROPY

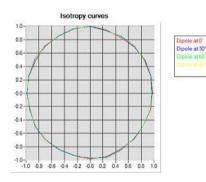
HL900 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.04 dB - Hemispherical isotropy: 0.05 dB



HL1800 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.04 dB - Hemispherical isotropy: 0.06 dB





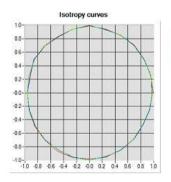
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HL5600 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.06 dB - Hemispherical isotropy: 0.08 dB







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6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet					
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date	
Flat Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No ca required.	
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2016	02/2019	
Reference Probe	MVG	EP 94 SN 37/08	10/2015	10/2016	
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	12/2013	12/2016	
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	12/2013	12/2016	
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	12/2013	12/2016	
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	12/2013	12/2016	
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Waveguide	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-712	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
Waveguide Transition	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
Waveguide Termination	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Control Company	150798832	10/2015	10/2017	



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SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.165.2.17.SATU.A

SIEMIC TESTING AND CERTIFICATION SERVICES

ZONE A,FLOOR 1,BUILDING 2,WAN YE LONG TECHNOLOGY PARK,SOUTH SIDE OF ZHOUSHI ROAD, SHIYAN STREET,BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN 518108, GUANGDONG, P.R.C.

MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 835 MHZ SERIAL NO.: SN 18/11 DIPC150

Calibrated at MVG US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144





Calibration Date: 06/8/2017

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in MVG USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



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Distribution :	SIEMIC Testing and Certification Services

Issue	Date 6/14/2017	Modifications	
A	6/14/2017	Initial release	



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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test		
Device Type	COMOSAR 835 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	
Manufacturer	MVG	
Model	SID835	
Serial Number	SN 18/11 DIPC150	
Product Condition (new / used)	Used	

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 - MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole

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4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constucted as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
3 - 300	0.05 mm

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volu	me Expa	anded Uncertainty
1 g		20.3 %

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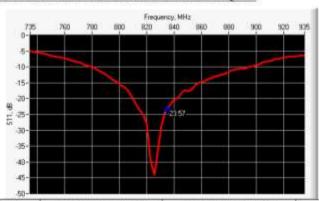


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10 g	20.1 %
-	

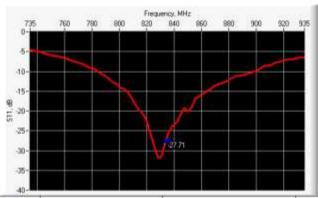
6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID



Frequency (MHz) Return Loss (dB) Requirement (dB) Impedance 835 -23.57 -20 $57.0 \Omega + 1.2 j\Omega$

6.2 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
835	-27.71	-20	$52.9 \Omega + 3.1 j\Omega$

6.3 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	Lmm		h mm		d mm	
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	

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450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %		6.35 ±1 %	
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
835	161.0 ±1 %.	PASS	89.8 ±1 %,	PASS	3.6 ±1 %,	PASS
900	149.0 ±1 %,		83.3 ±1 %,		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %,	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.		39.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %,	
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %,	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %,	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2600	48.5 ±1 %.		28.8 ±1 %.		3,6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.		25.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ϵ_{c} ')		Conductivity (a) S/m	
17000	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
750	41.9 ±5 %		0.89 ±5 %	
835	41.5 ±5 %	PASS	0.90 ±5 %	PASS
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %	
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	

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1800	40.0 ±5 %	1.40 ±5 %
1900	40.0 ±5 %	1.40 ±5 %
1950	40.0 ±5 %	1,40 ±5 %
2000	40.0 ±5 %	1.40 ±5 %
2100	39.8 ±5 %	1.49 ±5 %
2300	39.5 ±5 %	1.67 ±5 %
2450	39.2 ±5 %	1.80 ±5 %
2600	39.0 ±5 %	1.96 ±5 %
3000	38.5 ±5 %	2.40 ±5 %
3500	37.9 ±5 %	2.91 ±5 %

7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps'; 40.0 sigma: 0.90
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	835 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR	(W/kg/W)	10 g SAR	(W/kg/W)
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8,49		5.55	
835	9.56	9.64 (0.96)	6.22	6.20 (0.62
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19,3	
1800	38.4		20.1	

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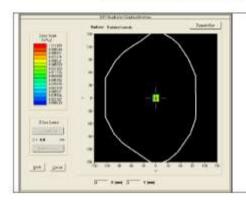


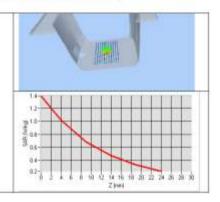
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1900	39.7	20.5	
1950	40.5	20.9	
2000	41.1	21.1	
2100	43.6	21.9	
2300	48.7	23.3	
2450	52.4	24	
2600	55.3	24.6	
3000	63.8	25.7	
3500	67.1	25	
3700	67.4	24.2	





7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ε,')		Conductivity (a) S/m	
200000	required	measured	required	measured
150	61.9 ±5 %		0.80 ±5 %	
300	58.2 ±5 %		0.92 ±5 %	
450	56.7 ±5 %		0.94 ±5 %	
750	55.5±5%		0.96±5%	
835	55.2±5%	PASS	0.97 ±5 %	PASS
900	55.0 ±5 %		1.05 ±5 %	
915	55.0 ±5 %		1.06 ±5 %	
1450	54.0 ±5.%		1.30 ±5 %	
1610	53.8 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1800	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
1900	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2000	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2100	53.2 ±5 %		1.62 ±5 %	

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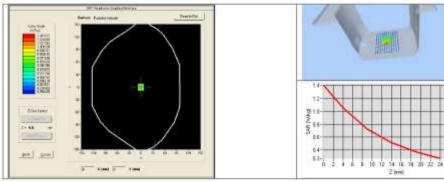
Ref: ACR.165.2.17.SATU.A

2300	52.9 ±5 %	1.81 ±5 %
2450	52.7.±5%	1.95±5%
2600	52.5 ±5 %	2.16 ±5 %
3000	52.0 ±5 %	2.73±5%
3500	51.3 ±5 %	3.31 ±5 %
3700	51.0 ±5 %	3.55 45 %
5200	49.0 ±10 %	5.30 ±10 %
5300	48.9 ±10 %	5.42 ±10 %
5400	48,7±10%	5.53 ±10 %
5500	48.6 ±10 %	5.65 ±10 %
5600	48.5 ±10 %	5.77 ±10 %
5800	48.2 ±10 %	6.00 ±10 %

7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: eps' : 57.5 sigma : 0.96
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	835 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45%

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)
	measured	measured
835	9.96 (1.00)	6.53 (0.65)



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8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date	
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2016	02/2019	
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	01/2017	01/2020	
Reference Probe	MVG	EPG122 SN 18/11	10/2016	10/2017	
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	01/2017	01/2020	
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	01/2017	01/2020	
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.		
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	01/2017	01/2020	
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	01/2017	01/2020	
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.		
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	150798832	10/2015	10/2017	



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SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.165.4.17.SATU.A

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ZONE A,FLOOR 1,BUILDING 2,WAN YE LONG TECHNOLOGY PARK,SOUTH SIDE OF ZHOUSHI ROAD, SHIYAN STREET,BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN 518108, GUANGDONG, P.R.C.

MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 1800 MHZ SERIAL NO.: SN 18/11 DIPF152

Calibrated at MVG US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144





Calibration Date: 06/8/2017

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in MVG USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



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Ref: ACR.165.4.17.SATU.A.

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	6/14/2017	23
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	6/14/2017	JS
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	Customer Name
Distribution :	SIEMIC Testing and Certification Services

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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test			
Device Type	COMOSAR 1800 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE		
Manufacturer	MVG		
Model	SID1800		
Serial Number	SN 18/11 DIPF152		
Product Condition (new / used)	Used		

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 - MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole

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4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constucted as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
3 - 300	0.05 mm

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 2	20.3 %

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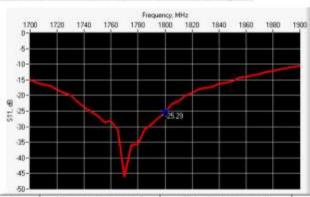


Ref. ACR.165.4.17.SATU.A

20.1 %

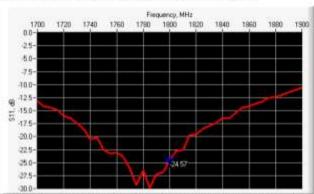
6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID



Frequency (MHz) Return Loss (dB) Requirement (dB) Impedance 1800 -25.29 -20 $44.9 \Omega + 0.2 j\Omega$

6.2 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
1800	-24.57	-20	46.2 Ω - 4.2 iΩ

6.3 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	Lr	nm	hm	ım	d mm	
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	

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450	290.0±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100,0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
835	161.0±1 %.		89.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %:		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %,		42,9 ±1 %.		3,6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.	PASS	41.7 ±1 %.	PASS	3.6 ±1 %.	PASS
1900	68.0 ±1 %.		39,5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1950	66,3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0±1%.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30,4 ±1 %.		3,6 ±1 %,	
2600	48.5 ±1 %.		28.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.		25.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.		26,4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative per	mittivity (ε,')	Conductivity (a) 5	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
750	41.9±5%		0.89 ±5 %	
835	41.5 ±5 %		0.90 ±5 %	
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1,23 ±5 %	
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	

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1800	40.0±5%	PASS	1.40 ±5 %	PASS
1900	40.0 ±5 96		1.40 ±5 %	
1950	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2000	40.0 ±5 %		1,40 ±5 %	
2100	39.8 ±5 %		1.49±5%	
2300	39.5 ±5 %		1.67 ±5 %	
2450	39.2 ±5 %		1.80 ±5 %	
2600	39.0 ±5 %		1.96±5%	
3000	38.5 ±5 %		2.40 ±5 %	
3500	37.9 ±5 %		2.91 ±5 %	

7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Software	OPENSAR V4		
Planton	SN 20/09 SAM71		
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122		
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps': 41.7 sigma: 1.46		
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm		
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm		
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm		
Frequency	1800 MHz		
Input power	20 dBm		
Liquid Temperature	21 °C		
Lab Temperature	21 °C		
Lab Humidity	45.%		

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		(W/kg/W)
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56		6.22	
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18,4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4	37.99 (3.80)	20.1	20.05 (2.00

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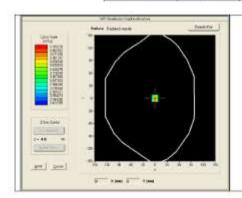


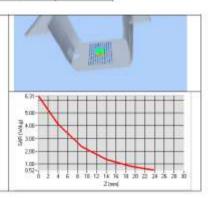
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1900	39.7	20.5	
1950	40.5	20.9	
2000	41.1	21.1	
2100	43.6	21.9	
2300	48.7	23.3	
2450	52.4	24	
2600	55.3	24.6	
3000	63.8	25.7	
3500	67.1	25	
3700	67.4	24.2	





7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative per	mittivity (ε,')	Conductivity (a) S/	
	required	measured	required	measured
150	61.9 ±5 %		0.80 ±5 %	
300	58:2 ±5 %		0.92 ±5 %	
450	56.7 ±5 %		0.94 ±5 %	
750	55.5 ±5 %		0.96 ±5 %	
835	55.2 ±5 %		0.97±5%	
900	55.0 ±5 %		1.05 ±5 %	
915	55.0 ±5 %		1.06 ±5 %	
1450	54.0 ±5 %		1.30 ±5 %	
1610	53.8 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1800	53.3 ±5 %	PASS	1.52 ±5 %	PASS
1900	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2000	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2100	53.2 ±5 %		1.62 ±5 %	

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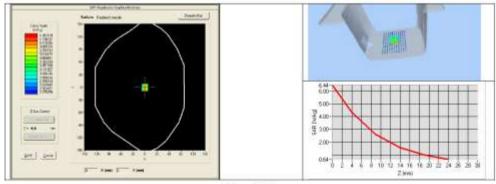
Ref. ACR.165.4.17.SATU.A

2300	52.9 ±5 %	1.81 ±5 %
2450	52.7 ±5 %	1.95 ±5 %
2600	52.5 ±5 %	2.16 ±5 %
3000	52.0 ±5 %	2.73 ±5 %
3500	51.3 ±5 %	3.31 ±5 %
3700	51.0 ±5 %	3.55 ±5 %
5200	49.0 ±10 %	5.30 ±10 %
5300	48.9 ±10 %	5.42 ±10 %
5400	48.7 ±10 %	5.53 ±10 %
5500	48.6 ±10 %	5.65 ±10 %
5600	48.5 ±10 %	5.77 ±10 %
5800	48.2 ±10 %	6.00 ±10 %

7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantoni	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: eps': 53.9 sigma: 1.46
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	1800 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)
	measured	measured
1800	39.62 (3.96)	21.19 (2.12)



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8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date	
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No ca required.	
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2016	02/2019	
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	01/2017	01/2020	
Reference Probe	MVG	EPG122 SN 18/11	10/2016	10/2017	
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	01/2017	01/2020	
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	01/2017	01/2020	
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	01/2017	01/2020	
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	01/2017	01/2020	
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required	
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	150798832	10/2015	10/2017	



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SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.165.5.17.SATU.A

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MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 1900 MHZ SERIAL NO.; SN 18/11 DIPG153

Calibrated at MVG US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144





Calibration Date: 06/8/2017

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in MVG USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



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	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	6/14/2017	25
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	6/14/2017	25
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	6/14/2017	Ham Mathewski

	Customer Name
Distribution:	SIEMIC Testing and Certification Services

Issue	Date	Modifications
A	6/14/2017	Initial release



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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test				
Device Type	COMOSAR 1900 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE			
Manufacturer	MVG			
Model	SID1900			
Serial Number	SN 18/11 DIPG153			
Product Condition (new / used)	Used			

A yearly calibration interval is recommended,

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 - MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole

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4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constucted as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

	Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss		
12	400-6000MHz	0.1 dB		

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Expanded Uncertainty on Length		
0.05 mm		

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty		
1 g	20.3 %		
1 g	20.3 %		

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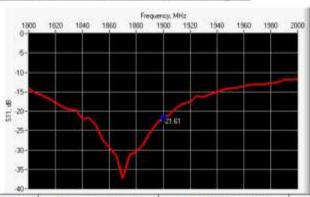


Ref. ACR.165,5.17.SATU.A

10 g	20.1 %
10000	DIMENS.

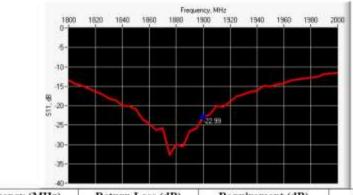
6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID



Frequency (MHz) Return Loss (dB) Requirement (dB) Impedance 1900 -21.61 -20 $52.8 \Omega + 8.1 \text{ j}\Omega$

6.2 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
1900	-22.99	-20	$47.9 \Omega + 6.6 j\Omega$

6.3 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	L mm		h mm		d mm	
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	

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450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
B35	161.0 ±1 %.		89.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72,0 ±1 %.		41.7±1%.		3,6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.	PASS	39.5 ±1 %.	PASS	3.6 ±1 %.	PASS
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61,0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6±1%.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2600	48.5 ±1 %.		28.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1.%	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.		25.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (s,')		Conductivity (a) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3±5%		0.87 ±5 %	
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
750	41.9 ±5 %		0.89 ±5 %	
835	41.5 ±5 %		0.90 ±5 %	
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %	
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	

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Ref: ACR.165.5.17.SATU.A

1800	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1900	40.0 ±5 %	PASS	1.40 ±5 %	PASS
1950	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2000	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2100	39.8 ±5 %		1.49 ±5 %	
2300	39.5 ±5 %		1.67 ±5 %	
2450	39.2 ±5 %		1.80 ±5 %	
2600	39.0 ±5 %		1.96 ±5 %	
3000	38.5 ±5 %		2.40 ±5 %	
3500	37.9 ±5 %		2.91 ±5 %	

7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Software	OPENSAR V4	
Phanton	SN 20/09 SAM71	
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122	
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps': 38.5 sigma: 1.45	
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm	
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm	
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz	
Input power	20 dBm	
Liquid Temperature	21 °C	
Lab Temperature	21 °C	
Lab Humidity	45 %	

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR (W/kg/W)	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56		6.22	
900	10.9		6,99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	

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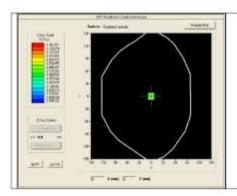


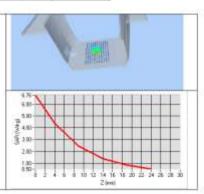
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Ref: ACR.165.5.17.SATU.A

1900	39.7	39.88 (3.99)	20.5	20.52 (2.05)
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4		24	
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	
3700	67.4		24.2	





7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ε,')		Conductivity (a) S/r	
	required	measured	required	measured
150	61.9 ±5 %		0.80 ±5 %	
300	58.2 ±5 %		0.92 ±5 %	
450	56.7 ±5 %		0.94 ±5 %	
750	55.5 ±5 %		0.96 ±5 %	
835	55.2 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
900	55.0 ±5 %		1.05 ±5 %	
915	55.0 ±5 %		1.06 ±5 %	
1450	54.0 ±5 %		1.30 ±5 %	
1610	53.8 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1800	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
1900	53.3 ±5 %	PASS	1.52 ±5 %	PASS
2000	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2100	53.2 ±5 %		1.62 ±5 %	

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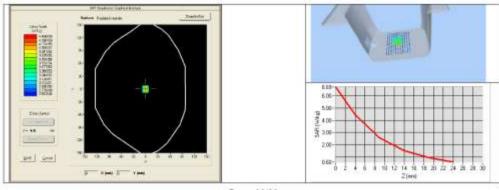
Ref: ACR.165.5.17.SATU.A

2300	52.9 ±5 %	1.81 ±5 %
2450	52.7 ±5 %	1.95 ±5 %
2600	52.5 ±5 %	2.16 ±5 %
3000	52.0 ±5 %	2.73±5%
3500	51.3 ±5 %	3.31 ±5 %
3700	51.0.±5 %	3.55 ±5 %
5200	49.0 ±10 %	5.30 ±10 %
5300	48.9 ±10 %	5.42 ±10 %
5400	48.7 ±10 %	5.53 ±10 %
5500	48.6 ±10 %	5.65 ±10 %
5600	48.5 ±10 %	5.77 ±10 %
5800	48.2 ±10 %	6.00 ±10 %

7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: eps' : 53,3 sigma : 1.56
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	1900 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)
	measured	measured
1900	40.38 (4.04)	20.98 (2.10)



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8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet					
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date	
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated: No cal required.	Validated, No cal required.	
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated, No cal required.	
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2016	02/2019	
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	01/2017	01/2020	
Reference Probe	MVG	EPG122 SN 18/11	10/2016	10/2017	
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	01/2017	01/2020	
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	01/2017	01/2020	
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	01/2017	01/2020	
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	01/2017	01/2020	
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	150798832	10/2015	10/2017	



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SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.165.7.17.SATU.A

SIEMIC TESTING AND CERTIFICATION SERVICES

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MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 2450 MHZ SERIAL NO.: SN 18/11 DIPJ155

Calibrated at MVG US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144





Calibration Date: 06/8/2017

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in MVG USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



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	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	6/14/2017	25
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	6/14/2017	JS
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	6/14/2017	-Rum Pastknoshi

	Customer Name
Distribution :	SIEMIC Testing and Certification Services

Issue	Date	Modifications	
A	6/14/2017	Initial release	
) SANGURO 412ES.	10000000000000000000000000000000000000	



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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test		
Device Type COMOSAR 2450 MHz REFERENCE DIPOL		
Manufacturer	MVG	
Model	SID2450	
Serial Number	SN 18/11 DIPJ155	
Product Condition (new / used)	Used	

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 - MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole

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4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constucted as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Los			
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB			

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
3 - 300	0.05 mm

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %

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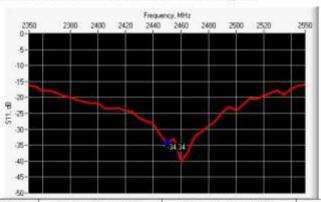


Ref: ACR.165.7.17.SATU.A

10 g	20.1 %

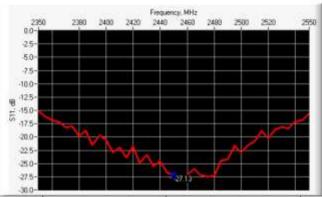
6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID



Frequency (MHz) Return Loss (dB) Requirement (dB) Impedance 2450 -34.34 -20 $50.3 \Omega + 1.9 j\Omega$

6.2 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
2450	-27.13	-20	54.0 Ω + 2.3 is

6.3 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	Lmm		hir	um	d mm	
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250:0 ±1 %		6.35 ±1 %	

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750	450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %		6.35 ±1 %.	
900	750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
1450 89.1 ± 1 %. 51.7 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 1500 80.5 ± 1 %. 50.0 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 1640 79.0 ± 1 %. 45.7 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 1750 75.2 ± 1 %. 42.9 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 1800 72.0 ± 1 %. 41.7 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 1900 68.0 ± 1 %. 39.5 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 1950 66.3 ± 1 %. 38.5 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 2000 64.5 ± 1 %. 37.5 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 2100 61.0 ± 1 %. 35.7 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 2300 55.5 ± 1 %. 32.6 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 2450 51.5 ± 1 %. PASS 30.4 ± 1 %. PASS 2600 48.5 ± 1 %. 28.8 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 3000 41.5 ± 1 %. 25.0 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 3500 37.0± 1 %. 26.4 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %.	835	161.0 ±1 %		89.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500 80.5 ±1 %. 50.0 ±1 %. 3.6 ±1 %. 3.6 ±1 %. 1640 79.0 ±1 %. 45.7 ±1 %. 3.6 ±1 %. 3.6 ±1 %. 1750 75.2 ±1 %. 42.9 ±1 %. 3.6 ±1 %. 3.6 ±1 %. 1800 72.0 ±1 %. 41.7 ±1 %. 3.6 ±1 %. 3.6 ±1 %. 1900 68.0 ±1 %. 39.5 ±1 %. 3.6 ±1 %. 3.6 ±1 %. 2000 64.5 ±1 %. 37.5 ±1 %. 3.6 ±1 %. 3.6 ±1 %. 2000 61.0 ±1 %. 35.7 ±1 %. 3.6 ±1 %. 3.6 ±1 %. 2000 55.5 ±1 %. 32.6 ±1 %. 36.6 ±1 %. 2450 51.5 ±1 %. PASS 30.4 ±1 %. PASS 3.6 ±1 %. 2600 48.5 ±1 %. 28.8 ±1 %. 3.6 ±1 %. 36.6 ±1 %. 3000 41.5 ±1 %. 25.0 ±1 %. 36.6 ±	900	149.0 ±1 %		83.3 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640 79.0±1%. 45.7±1%. 3.6±1%. 1750 75.2±1%. 42.9±1%. 3.6±1%. 1800 72.0±1%. 41.7±1%. 3.6±1%. 1900 68.0±1%. 39.5±1%. 3.6±1%. 1950 66.3±1%. 38.5±1%. 3.6±1%. 2000 64.5±1%. 37.5±1%. 3.6±1%. 2100 61.0±1%. 35.7±1%. 3.6±1%. 2300 55.5±1%. 32.6±1%. 3.6±1%. 2450 51.5±1%. PASS 30.4±1%. PASS 2600 48.5±1%. 28.8±1%. 3.6±1%. 3000 41.5±1%. 25.0±1%. 3.6±1%. 3500 37.0±1%. 26.4±1%. 3.6±1%.	1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750 75.2 ± 1 %. 42.9 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 1800 72.0 ± 1 %. 41.7 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 1900 68.0 ± 1 %. 39.5 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 1950 66.3 ± 1 %. 38.5 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 2000 64.5 ± 1 %. 37.5 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 2100 61.0 ± 1 %. 35.7 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 2300 55.5 ± 1 %. 32.6 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 2450 51.5 ± 1 %. PASS 30.4 ± 1 %. PASS 3.6 ± 1 %. 2600 48.5 ± 1 %. 28.8 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 3000 41.5 ± 1 %. 25.0 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 3500 37.0 ± 1 %. 26.4 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %.	1500	80.5 ±1 %,		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800 72.0 ± 1 %. 41.7 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 1900 68.0 ± 1 %. 39.5 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 1950 66.3 ± 1 %. 38.5 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 2000 64.5 ± 1 %. 37.5 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 2100 61.0 ± 1 %. 35.7 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 2300 55.5 ± 1 %. 32.6 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 2450 51.5 ± 1 %. PASS 30.4 ± 1 %. PASS 3.6 ± 1 %. 2600 48.5 ± 1 %. 28.8 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 3000 41.5 ± 1 %. 25.0 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 3500 37.0 ± 1 %. 26.4 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %.	1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1900 68.0 ± 1 %. 39.5 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 2000 66.3 ± 1 %. 37.5 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 2000 64.5 ± 1 %. 37.5 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 2100 61.0 ± 1 %. 35.7 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 2300 55.5 ± 1 %. 32.6 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 2450 51.5 ± 1 %. PASS 30.4 ± 1 %. PASS 3.6 ± 1 %. PASS 2600 48.5 ± 1 %. 28.8 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 3000 41.5 ± 1 %. 25.0 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %.	1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1950 66.3 ± 1 %. 38.5 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 2000 64.5 ± 1 %. 37.5 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 2100 61.0 ± 1 %. 35.7 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 2300 55.5 ± 1 %. 32.6 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 2450 51.5 ± 1 %. PASS 30.4 ± 1 %. PASS 3.6 ± 1 %. PASS 2600 48.5 ± 1 %. 28.8 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 3000 41.5 ± 1 %. 25.0 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 3500 37.0 ± 1 %. 26.4 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %.	1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000 64.5 ± 1 %. 37.5 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 2100 61.0 ± 1 %. 35.7 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 2300 55.5 ± 1 %. 32.6 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 2450 51.5 ± 1 %. PASS 30.4 ± 1 %. PASS 3.6 ± 1 %. 2600 48.5 ± 1 %. 28.8 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 3000 41.5 ± 1 %. 25.0 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 3500 37.0± 1 %. 26.4 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %.	1900	68.0 ±1 %.		39.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100 61.0 ± 1 %. 35.7 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 2300 55.5 ± 1 %. 32.6 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 2450 51.5 ± 1 %. PASS 30.4 ± 1 %. PASS 3.6 ± 1 %. 2600 48.5 ± 1 %. 28.8 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 3000 41.5 ± 1 %. 25.0 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %. 3500 37.0 ± 1 %. 26.4 ± 1 %. 3.6 ± 1 %.	1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300 55.5 ±1 %. 32.6 ±1 %. 3.6 ±1 %. 2450 51.5 ±1 %. PASS 30.4 ±1 %. PASS 3.6 ±1 %. 2600 48.5 ±1 %. 28.8 ±1 %. 3.6 ±1 %. 3000 41.5 ±1 %. 25.0 ±1 %. 3.6 ±1 %. 3500 37.0±1 %. 26.4 ±1 %. 3.6 ±1 %.	2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450 51.5 ±1 %. PASS 30.4 ±1 %. PASS 3.6 ±1 %. PASS 2600 48.5 ±1 %. 28.8 ±1 %. 3.6 ±1 %. 3000 41.5 ±1 %. 25.0 ±1 %. 3.6 ±1 %. 3500 37.0±1 %. 26.4 ±1 %. 3.6 ±1 %.	2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2600 48.5 ±1 %. 28.8 ±1 %. 3.6 ±1 %. 3000 41.5 ±1 %. 25.0 ±1 %. 3.6 ±1 %. 3500 37.0±1 %. 26.4 ±1 %. 3.6 ±1 %.	2300	55.5 ±1 %,		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3000 41.5 ±1 %. 25.0 ±1 %. 3.6 ±1 %. 3500 37.0±1 %. 26.4 ±1 %. 3.6 ±1 %.	2450	51.5 ±1 %,	PASS	30.4 ±1 %.	PASS	3.6 ±1 %.	PAS
3500 37.0±1%, 26.4±1%, 3.6±1%.	2600	48.5 ±1 %.		28.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
The state of the s	3000	41.5 ±1 %.		25.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3700 34.7±1%. 26.4±1%. 3.6±1%.	3500	37.0±1%.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
	3700	34.7±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative per	mittivity (ε,')	Conductivity (a) S/m		
	required	measured	required	measured	
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %		
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %		
750	41.9±5%		0.89 ±5 %		
835	41.5 ±5 %		0.90 ±5 %		
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %		
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %		
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %		
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %		
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %		

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1800	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1900	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1950	40.0±5%		1.40 ±5 %	
2000	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2100	39.8 ±5 %		1.49 ±5 %	
2300	39.5 ±5 %		1.67 ±5 %	
2450	39.2 ±5 %	PASS	1.80 ±5 %	PASS
2600	39.0 ±5 %		1.96 ±5 %	
3000	38.5 ±5 %		2.40 ±5 %	
3500	37.9 ±5 %		2.91 ±5 %	

7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Software	OPENSAR V4		
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71		
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122		
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps' : 37.5 sigma : 1.80		
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm		
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm		
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=5mm/dy=5mm/dz=5mm		
Frequency	2450 MHz		
Input power	20 dBm		
Liquid Temperature	21 °C		
Lab Temperature	21 °C		
Lab Humidity	45 %		

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR (W/kg/W)	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2,85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56		6.22	ii.
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	

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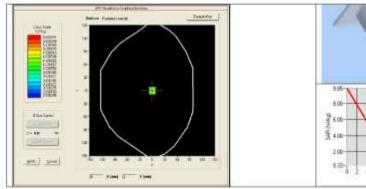


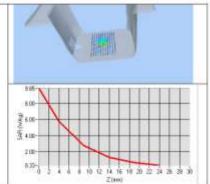
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1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4	53.18 (5.32)	24	23.97 (2.40)
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	
3700	67.4		24.2	





7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ϵ_{r}')		Conductivity (a) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
150	61.9 ±5 %		0.80 ±5 %	
300	58.2 ±5 %		0.92 ±5 %	
450	56.7 ±5 %		0.94 ±5 %	
750	55.5 ±5 %		0.96 ±5 %	
835	55.2 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
900	55.0 ±5 %		1.05 ±5 %	
915	55.0 ±5 %		1.06 ±5 %	
1450	54.0 ±5 %		1.30 ±5 %	
1610	53.8 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1800	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
1900	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2000	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2100	53.2 ±5 %		1.62 ±5 %	

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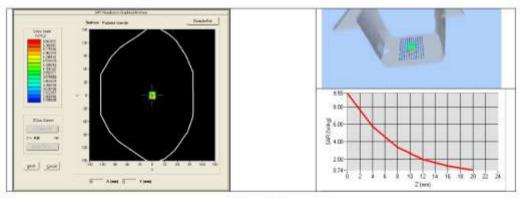
Ref: ACR.165,7.17.SATU.A

2300	52.9 ±5 %		1.81 ±5 %	
2450	52.7 ±5 %	PASS	1.95 ±5 %	PASS
2600	52.5 ±5 %		2.16±5%	
3000	52.0 ±5 %		2.73±5%	
3500	51.3 ±5 %		3.31 ±5 %	
3700	51.0 ±5 %		3.55 ±5 %	
5200	49.0 ±10 %		5.30 ±10 %	
5300	48.9 ±10 %		5.42 ±10 %	
5400	48.7 ±10 %		5.53 ±10 %	
5500	48.6 ±10 %		5.65 ±10 %	
5600	48.5 ±10 %		5.77±10%	
5800	48.2 ±10 %		6.00 ±10 %	

7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

Software	OPENSAR V4		
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71		
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122		
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: eps' : 53.2 sigma : 1.89		
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm		
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm		
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=5mm/dy=5mm/dz=5mm		
Frequency	2450 MHz		
Input power 20 dBm			
Liquid Temperature	21 °C		
Lab Temperature	21 °C		
Lab Humidity	45.%		

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)	
	measured	measured	
2450	52.73 (5.27)	24.27 (2.43)	



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8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet						
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date		
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated, No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2016	02/2019		
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	01/2017	01/2020		
Reference Probe	MVG	EPG122 SN 18/11	10/2016	10/2017		
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	01/2017	01/2020		
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	01/2017	01/2020		
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.		
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	01/2017	01/2020		
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	01/2017	01/2020		
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.		
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	150798832	10/2015	10/2017		



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Annex B SAR System PHOTOGRAPHS



Liquid depth ≥ 15cm





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Annex C SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS

Right Head Touch View



Right Head Tilt View





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Left Head Touch View



Left Head Tilt View



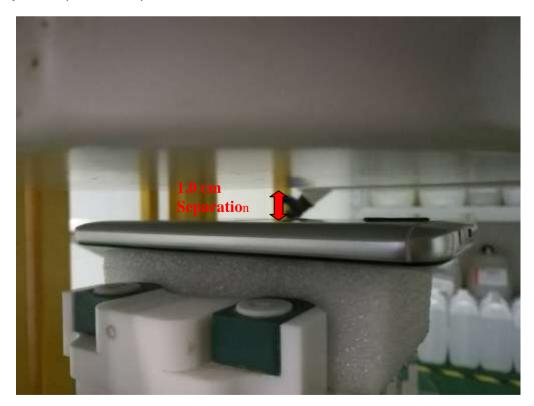


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Body Setup Photo (LCD UP)



Body Setup Photo (LCD DOWN)





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Body Setup Photo (LCD LEFT)



Body Setup Photo (LCD Right)





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Body Setup Photo (LCD BOTTOM)



Body Setup Photo (LCD TOP)

