



# **DASY5 E-field Result**

Date: 26.08.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

### DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1018

 $\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 1880 MHz \\ \mbox{Medium parameters used: } \sigma = 0 \ S/m, \ \epsilon_r = 1; \ \rho = 0 \ kg/m^3 \\ \mbox{Phantom section: } RF \ Section \\ \mbox{Measurement Standard: } DASY5 \ (IEEE/IEC/ANSI \ C63.19-2011) \\ \end{array}$ 

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 SN4013; ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 1880 MHz; Calibrated: 03.01.2019
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 09.01.2019
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.10.2(1504); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7470)

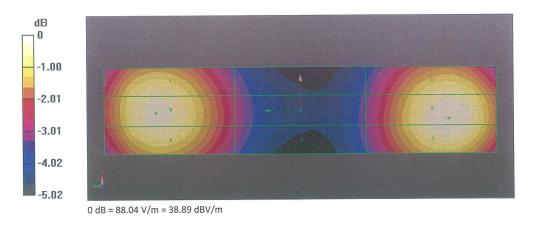
Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 151.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Applied MIF = 0.00 dB RF audio interference level = 38.89 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

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Grid 1 <b>M2</b>	Grid 2 <b>M2</b>	Grid 3 M2
38.47 dBV/m	38.89 dBV/m	38.86 dBV/m
Grid 4 M2	Grid 5 <b>M2</b>	Grid 6 M2
35.88 dBV/m	36.02 dBV/m	35.97 dBV/m
Grid 7 M2	Grid 8 M2	Grid 9 M2
38.51 dBV/m	38.74 dBV/m	38.6 dBV/m



Certificate No: CD1880V3-1018\_Aug19

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# Dipole 2450 MHz

Calibration Laboratory ( Schmid & Partner Engineering AG <sub>Zeughausstrasse</sub> 43, 8004 Zurich, S		BC MRA	Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service
Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation The Swiss Accreditation Service is Multilateral Agreement for the reco	one of the signatories	to the EA	ccreditation No.: SCS 0108
Client CTTL (Auden)		Certificate No	: CD2450V3-1021_Aug19
CALIBRATION CE	EKTIFICAT		
Object	CD2450V3 - SN:	1021	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-20.v7 Calibration Proce	dure for Validation Sources in a	ir
Calibration date:	August 26, 2019		
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator	critical for calibration) ID # SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20
Type-N mismatch combination Probe EF3DV3 DAE4	SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 4013 SN: 781	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895) 03-Jan-19 (No. EF3-4013_Jan19) 09-Jan-19 (No. DAE4-781_Jan19)	Apr-20 Jan-20 Jan-20
Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B	ID # SN: GB42420191	Check Date (in house) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US38485102 SN: US37295597 SN: 837633/005 SN: US41080477	05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17) 10-Jan-19 (in house check Jan-19) 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-22 In house check: Oct-19
Calibrated by:	Name Leif Klysner	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	all the
This calibration certificate shall not	be reproduced except in	n full without written approval of the laborato	Issued: August 27, 2019 ry.

Certificate No: CD2450V3-1021\_Aug19 Page 1 of 5





#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### References

- [1] ANSI-C63.19-2011
  - American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
  figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
  is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
  directional couple? While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic E-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.2
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

### Maximum Field values at 2450 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	85.5 V/m = 38.64 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	85.0 V/m = 38.59 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	85.3 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

### **Antenna Parameters**

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
2250 MHz	18.1 dB	63.5 Ω + 4.3 jΩ
2350 MHz	30.1 dB	52.2 Ω - 2.3 jΩ
2450 MHz	27.6 dB	54.0 Ω - 1.7 jΩ
2550 MHz	29.7 dB	50.6 Ω - 3.2 jΩ
2650 MHz	19.2 dB	59.7 Ω - 7.3 jΩ

#### 3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

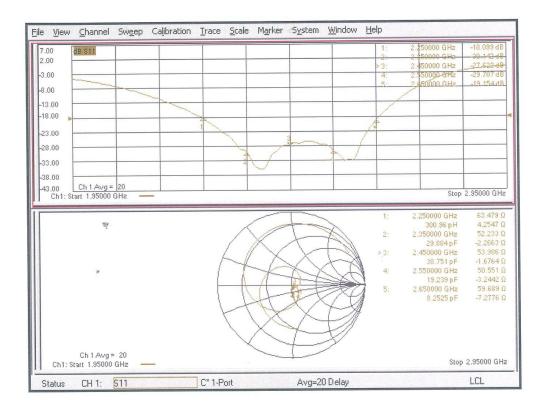
After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

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# **Impedance Measurement Plot**



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### **DASY5 E-field Result**

Date: 26.08.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

# DUT: HAC Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: CD2450V3; Serial: CD2450V3 - SN: 1021

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 2450 MHz Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: RF Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 SN4013; ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 03.01.2019
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 09.01.2019
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.10.2(1504); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7470)

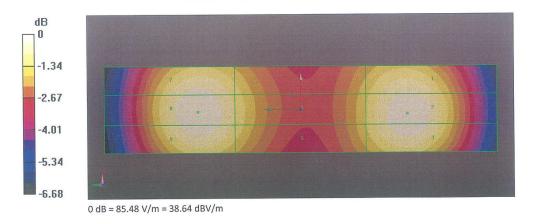
Dipole E-Field measurement @ 2450MHz/E-Scan - 2450MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 73.50 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Applied MIF = 0.00 dB RF audio interference level = 38.64 dBV/m Emission category: M2

Will Scaled L-field	MIF	scaled	E-field
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Grid 1 M2	Grid 2 M2	Grid 3 M2
38.27 dBV/m	38.59 dBV/m	38.53 dBV/m
Grid 4 M2	Grid 5 <b>M2</b>	Grid 6 M2
37.56 dBV/m	37.73 dBV/m	37.65 dBV/m
Grid 7 M2	Grid 8 M2	Grid 9 M2
38.41 dBV/m	38.64 dBV/m	38.51 dBV/m



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# Dipole 2600 MHz

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG eughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, S		CONTRACTOR	<ul> <li>S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst</li> <li>S Service suisse d'étalonnage</li> <li>S Servizio svizzero di taratura</li> <li>S Swiss Calibration Service</li> </ul>
Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation the Swiss Accreditation Service is fultilateral Agreement for the recog	one of the signatories		Accreditation No.: SCS 0108
Client CTTL (Auden)		Certificate	No: CD2600V3-1017_Aug19
CALIBRATION CE	RTIFICATE		
Object	CD2600V3 - SN:	1017	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-20.v7 Calibration Proce	dure for Validation Sources ir	n air
Calibration date:	August 23, 2019		
The measurements and the uncerta	inties with confidence pr	onal standards, which realize the physica obability are given on the following page y facility: environment temperature (22 ±	es and are part of the certificate.
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893)	Apr-20
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894)	Apr-20
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895)	Apr-20
Probe EF3DV3	SN: 4013	03-Jan-19 (No. EF3-4013_Jan19)	Jan-20
DAE4	SN: 781	09-Jan-19 (No. DAE4-781_Jan19)	Jan-20
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 837633/005	10-Jan-19 (in house check Jan-19)	In house check: Oct-22
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-19
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	Sel Illen
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	Muy
			Issued: August 27, 2019
This calibration certificate shall not	be reproduced except in	n full without written approval of the labor	ratory.

Certificate No: CD2600V3-1017\_Aug19

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Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### References

[1]

- ANSI-C63.19-2011
- American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
  figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
  is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
  directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic E-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: CD2600V3-1017\_Aug19

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# **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.2
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	2600 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

### Maximum Field values at 2600 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	84.8 V/m = 38.57 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	83.4 V/m = 38.42 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	84.1 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

### **Antenna Parameters**

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
2450 MHz	24.2 dB	44.3 Ω + 1.0 jΩ
2550 MHz	22.2 dB	57.1 Ω + 4.4 jΩ
2600 MHz	20.7 dB	59.5 Ω - 3.5 jΩ
2650 MHz	19.3 dB	55.4 Ω - 10.1 jΩ
2750 MHz	15.6 dB	40.8 Ω - 12.1 jΩ

#### 3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

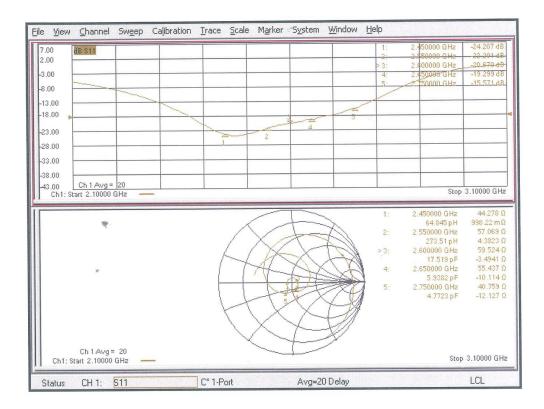
Certificate No: CD2600V3-1017\_Aug19

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### Impedance Measurement Plot



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# DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 23.08.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

### DUT: HAC Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: CD2600V3; Serial: CD2600V3 - SN: 1017

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 2600 MHz Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: RF Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

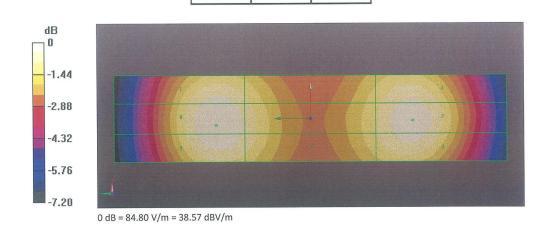
- Probe: EF3DV3 SN4013; ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 2600 MHz; Calibrated: 03.01.2019
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 09.01.2019
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.10.2(1504); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7470)

**Dipole E-Field measurement** @ 2600MHz/E-Scan - 2600MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm Reference Value = 61.02 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Applied MIF = 0.00 dB RF audio interference level = 38.57 dBV/m Emission category: M2

Grid 1 M2	Grid 2 M2	Grid 3 M2
38.19 dBV/m	38.42 dBV/m	38.34 dBV/m
Grid 4 M2	Grid 5 M2	Grid 6 M2
37.8 dBV/m	38.05 dBV/m	38.02 dBV/m
Grid 7 M2	Grid 8 M2	Grid 9 M2

38.31 dBV/m 38.57 dBV/m 38.51 dBV/m



Certificate No: CD2600V3-1017\_Aug19

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# The photos of HAC test are presented in the additional document:

Appendix to test report No.I20Z60640-SEM06/07

The photos of HAC test