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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **Morlab-SZ (Auden)**

Certificate No: **CD835V3-1113\_Oct21**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **CD835V3 - SN: 1113**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-20.v6  
Calibration procedure for dipoles in air**

Calibration date: **October 23, 2021**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-21 (No. 217-02672/02673)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-21 (No. 217-02672)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-21 (No. 217-02673)	Apr-22
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-21 (No. 217-02682)	Apr-22
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-21 (No. 217-02683)	Apr-22
Probe EF3DV3	SN: 4013	05-Mar-21 (No. EF3-4013_Mar18)	Mar-22
DAE4	SN: 781	17-Jan-21 (No. DAE4-781_Jan18)	Jan-22

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-21
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-21
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-21
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-21
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-21

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: October 23, 2021

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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## References

- [1] ANSI-C63.19-2011  
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Coordinate System:* y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- *Antenna Positioning:* The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminated by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- *E-field distribution:* E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.2
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

## Maximum Field values at 835 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	110.9 V/m = 40.90 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	110.7 V/m = 40.88 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	<b>110.8 V/m <math>\pm</math> 12.8 % (k=2)</b>

## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

### Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
800 MHz	16.7 dB	40.3 $\Omega$ - 9.0 j $\Omega$
835 MHz	25.2 dB	50.7 $\Omega$ + 5.5 j $\Omega$
880 MHz	17.4 dB	60.4 $\Omega$ - 10.6 j $\Omega$
900 MHz	17.1 dB	51.7 $\Omega$ - 14.3 j $\Omega$
945 MHz	23.0 dB	46.7 $\Omega$ + 6.0 j $\Omega$

### 3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

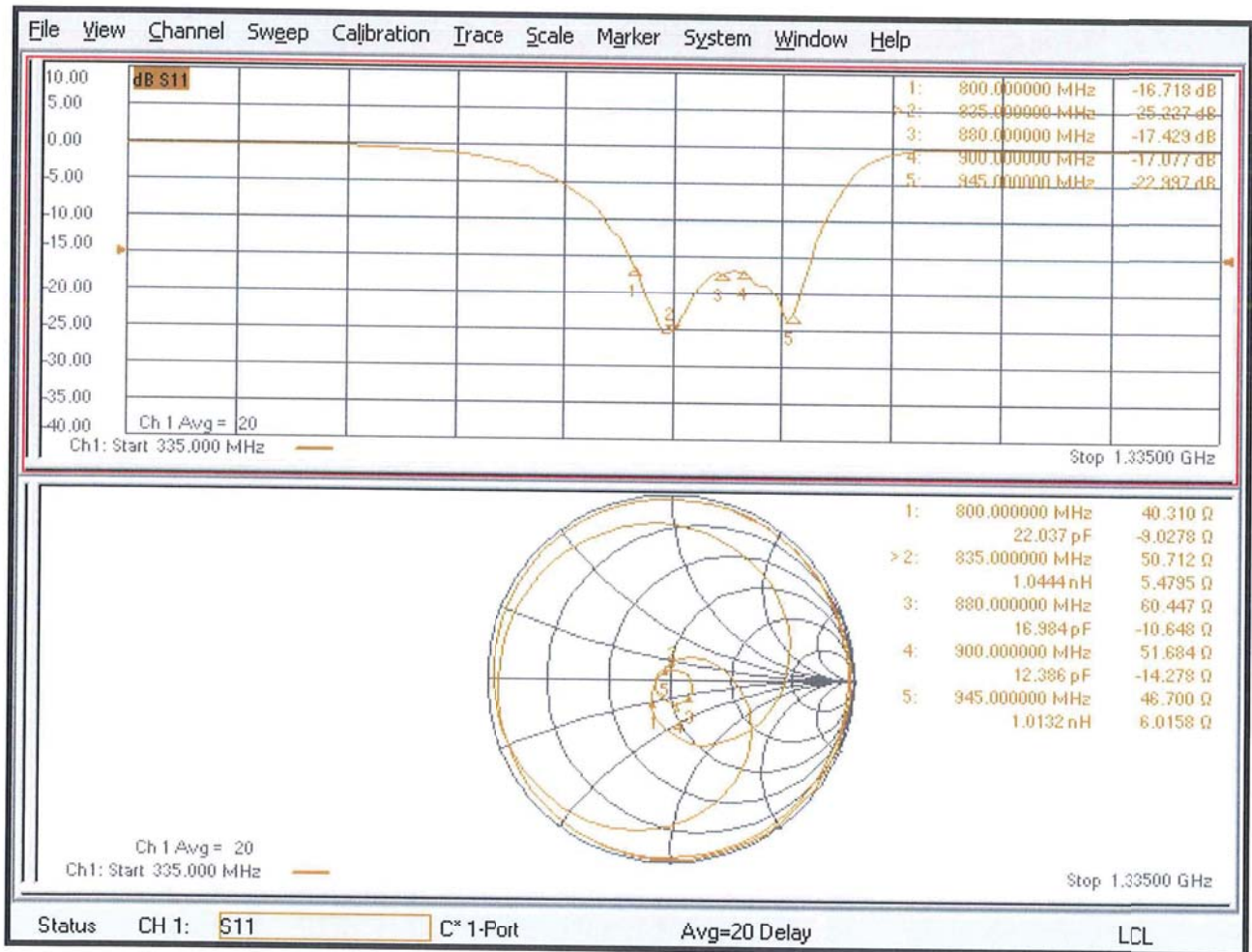
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

# Impedance Measurement Plot



# DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 23.10.2021

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

**DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: 1113**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4013; ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 05.03.2021
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 17.01.2021
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

**Dipole E-Field measurement @ 835MHz/E-Scan - 835MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):**

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 131.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

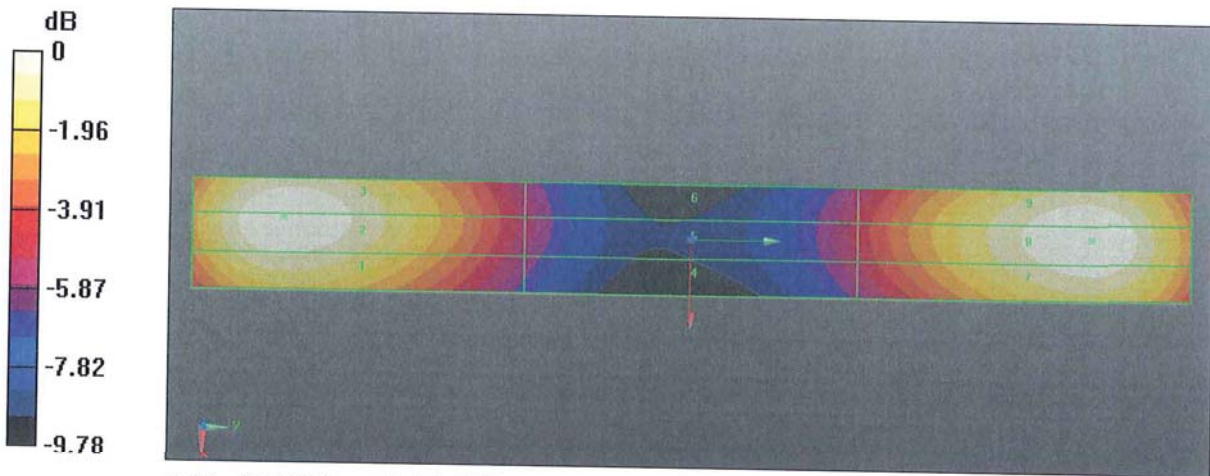
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 40.90 dBV/m

**Emission category: M3**

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M3 40.29 dBV/m	Grid 2 M3 40.9 dBV/m	Grid 3 M3 40.89 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 35.68 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 35.96 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 35.92 dBV/m
Grid 7 M3 40.56 dBV/m	Grid 8 M3 40.88 dBV/m	Grid 9 M3 40.8 dBV/m



0 dB = 110.9 V/m = 40.90 dBV/m



## Appendix Annual validation for Test Lab.

### General calibration information

Date	2022.10.22
Test Laboratory	ShenZhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.
Antenna serial No.	CD835V3-SN1113

### Antenna Parameters with at 835 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.114 $\Omega$ +0.320j $\Omega$
Return Loss	-49.386dB

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.276 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feed point can be measured

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arm, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feed point may be damaged.



Test Laboratory: Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.

Date: 2022.10.22

**System Check\_835MHz\_HAC\_RF\_E**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
 Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C

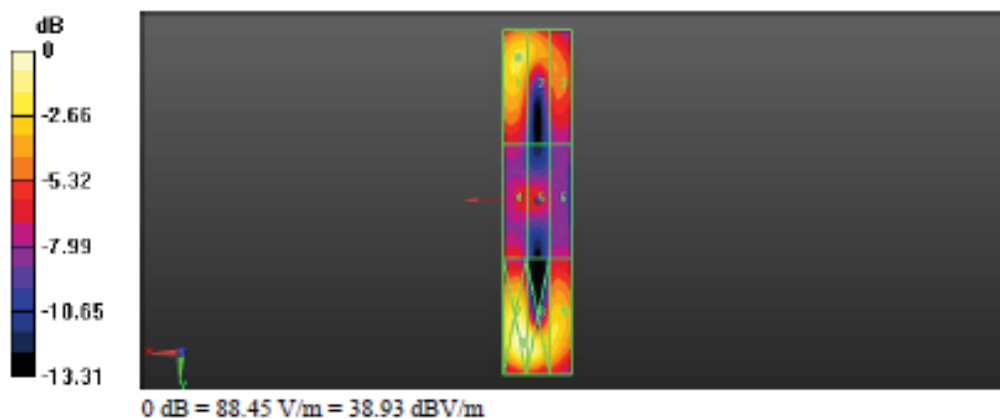
**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2434; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2022.03.04;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface), Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2022.06.22
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

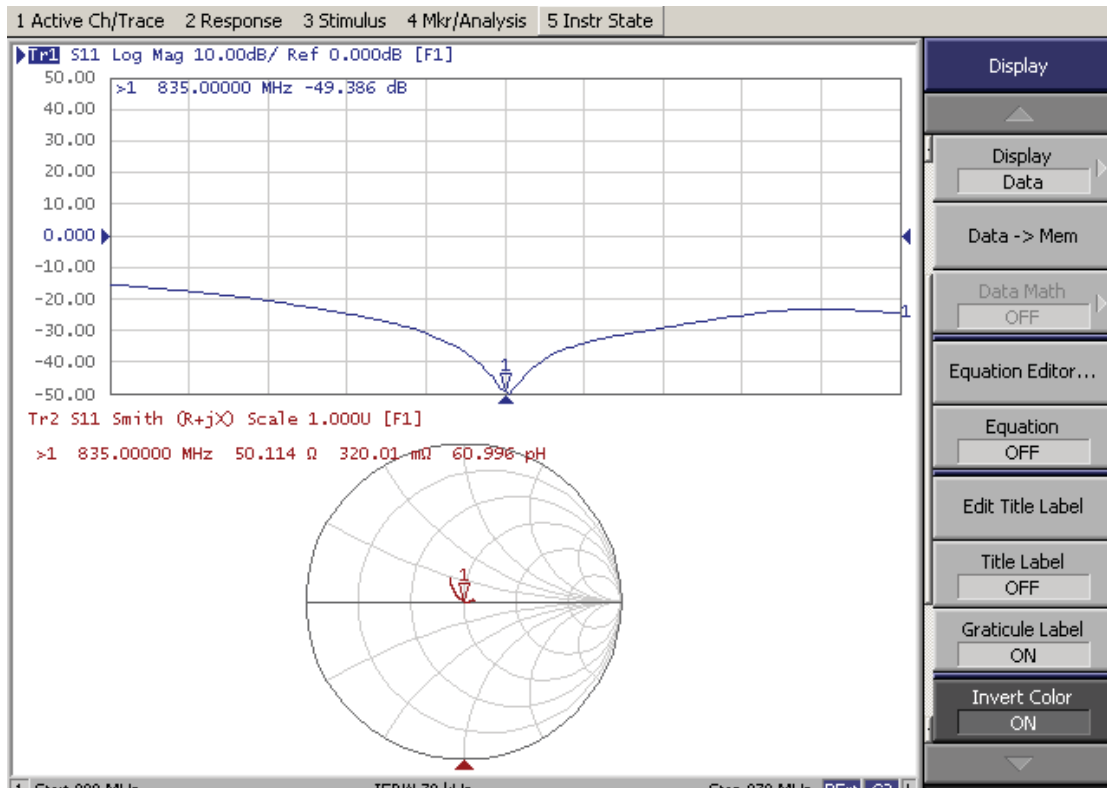
**Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (81x401x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm  
 Maximum value of Total (interpolated) = 88.45 V/m  
 Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm  
 Reference Value = 54.91 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB  
 Applied MIF = 0.00 dB  
 RF audio interference level = 36.74 dBV/m  
**Emission category: M4**

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4 36.74 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 36.4 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 34.54 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 33.14 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 32.73 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 32 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 38.93 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 38.85 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 36.47 dBV/m



### Appendix Impedance Measurement Plot for 835 MHz







## Appendix Annual validation for Test Lab.

### General calibration information

Date	2023.10.19
Test Laboratory	ShenZhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.
Antenna serial No.	CD835V3-SN1113

### Antenna Parameters with at 835 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$50.671 \Omega + 2.833j \Omega$
Return Loss	-30.780dB

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.276 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feed point can be measured

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arm, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feed point may be damaged.

Test Laboratory: Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.

Date: 2023.10.19

**System Check\_835MHz\_HAC\_RF\_E**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C;

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2434; ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 2023.2.17

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface), Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1643; Calibrated: 2023.2.22

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

**Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (81x401x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Maximum value of Total (interpolated) = 121.34 V/m

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 58.44 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

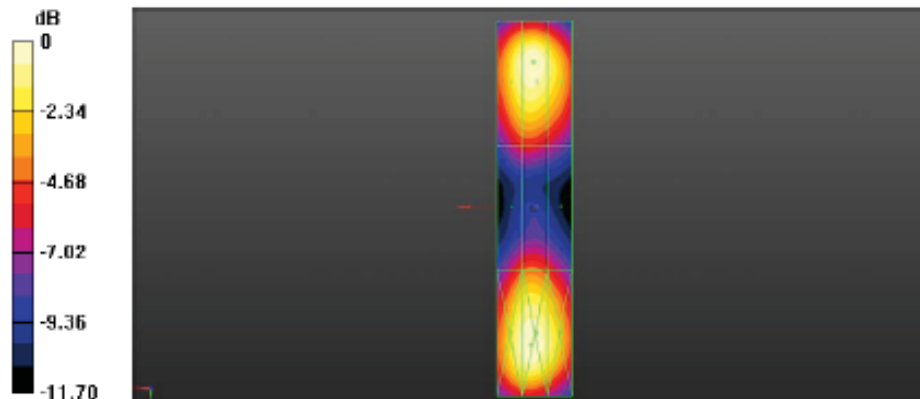
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 41.68 dBV/m

Emission category: **M3**

**MIF scaled E-field**

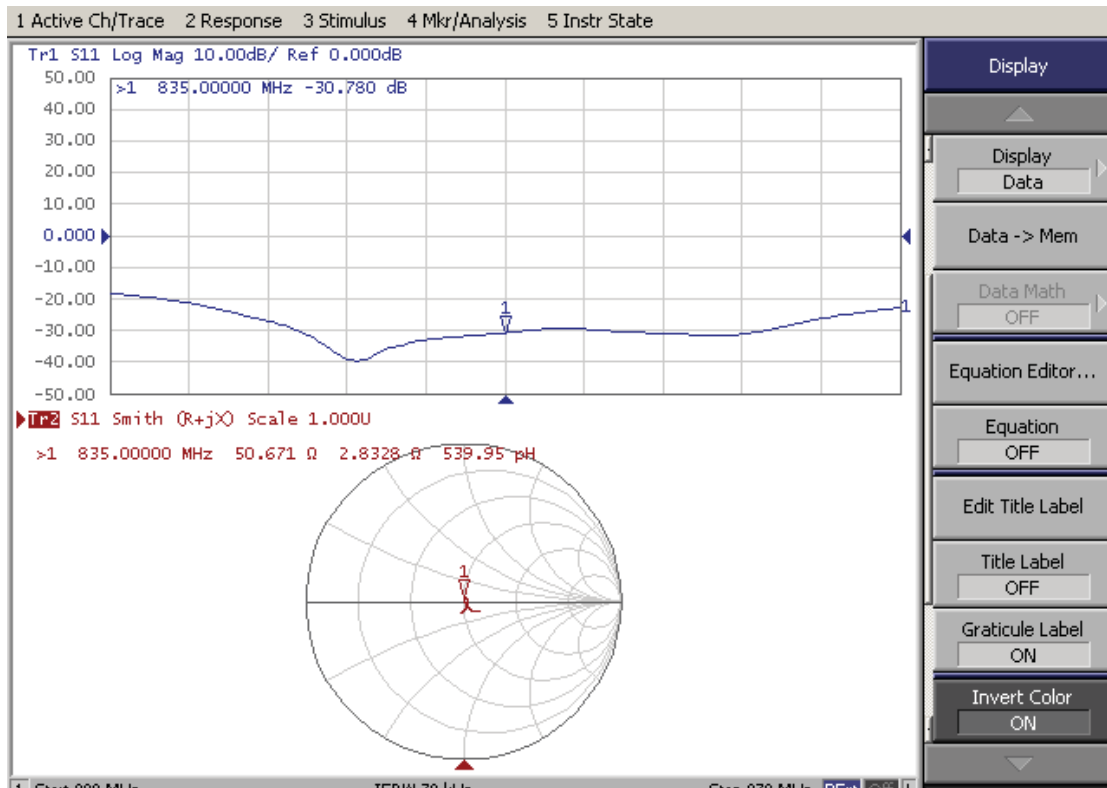
Grid 1 M3 41.14 dBV/m	Grid 2 M3 41.66 dBV/m	Grid 3 M3 40.63 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 36.94 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 37.95 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 36.45 dBV/m
Grid 7 M3 41.33 dBV/m	Grid 8 M3 41.68 dBV/m	Grid 9 M3 40.56 dBV/m



0 dB = 121.34 V/m = 41.68 dBV/m



### Appendix Impedance Measurement Plot for 835 MHz







## Appendix Annual validation for Test Lab.

### General calibration information

Date	2024.03.11
Test Laboratory	ShenZhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.
Antenna serial No.	CD835V3-SN1113

### Antenna Parameters with at 835 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$76.605 \Omega + 13.886j \Omega$
Return Loss	-12.555dB

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.276 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feed point can be measured

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arm, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feed point may be damaged.

# RF System Check Test Report

Measurement performed on March 11, 2024 at 16:59

## Device Under Test

Manufacturer	Model	Dimensions [mm]	Speaker Position [mm]
		146.2 x 71.8 x 7.5	144.3

## Hardware Setup

Probe Name	Probe Calibration Date	DAE Name	DAE Calibration Date
ER3DV6 - SN2434	February 17, 2024	DAE4 Sn480	September 19, 2023

## Communication Systems

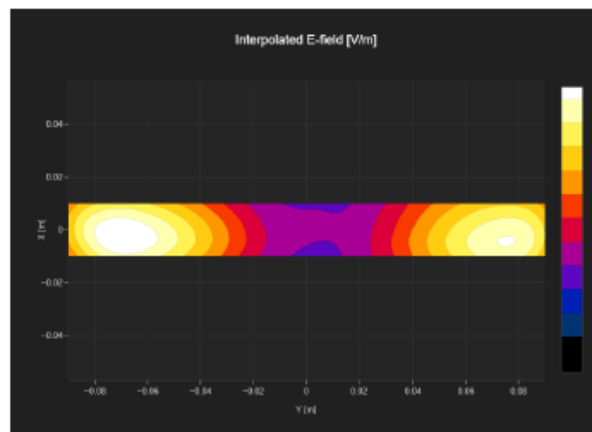
Band Name	Communication Systems Name	Channel	Frequency [MHz]
CD835	CW	50	835.0

## Grid Settings

Extent X [mm]	Extent Y [mm]	Step X [mm]	Step Y [mm]	Distance [mm]
20.0	180.0	5.0	5.0	15.0

## Results

Dipole Type	Dipole Serial Number	E <sub>max</sub> [V/m]	Drift [dB]
CD835	XXXX	107	-0.02





### Appendix Impedance Measurement Plot for 835 MHz

