

EUT: HUF4762  
FCC ID: YGOHUF4762

Date of issue: 2012-09-03



Deutsche  
Akkreditierungsstelle  
D-PL-12053-01-01

**Test Report acc. to FCC Title 47 CFR Part 15  
relating to  
Huf Hülsbeck & Fürst GmbH & Co. KG  
HUF4762**

**Title 47 - Telecommunication  
Part 15 - Radio Frequency Devices  
Subpart C – Intentional Radiators  
Measurement Procedure:  
ANSI C63.4-2009**

EUT: HUF4762  
 FCC ID: YGOHUF4762

Date of issue: 2012-09-03

<b>Manufacturer's details</b>	
Manufacturer	Huf Hülsbeck & Fürst GmbH & Co. KG
Manufacturer's grantee code	<b>YGO</b>
Manufacturer's address	Huf Hülsbeck & Fürst GmbH & Co. KG
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	Germany
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Relevant standard used	47 CFR Part 15C - Intentional Radiators
	ANSI C63.4-2009

<b>Test Report prepared by</b>	
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<b>Equipment Under Test (EUT)</b>	
Equipment category	RF transmitter
Trade name	HUF
Type designation	HUF4762
Serial no.	---
Variants	---

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**1. Test result summary**

Clause	Requirements headline	Test result			Report page number
		Pass	Fail	N.t.*	
8.1	Antenna requirement	Pass	<del>Fail</del>	<del>N.t.*</del>	9
8.2	Conducted limits	Pass	<del>Fail</del>	N.t.*	10 to 12
8.3	Restricted bands of operation	Pass	<del>Fail</del>	<del>N.t.*</del>	13 to 15
8.4	Radiated emission limits, general requirements	Pass	<del>Fail</del>	<del>N.t.*</del>	16 to 21
8.5	Periodic operation characteristics	Pass	<del>Fail</del>	<del>N.t.*</del>	22 to 23
8.6	Fundamental frequencies / Field strength limits	Pass	<del>Fail</del>	<del>N.t.*</del>	24 to 31
8.7	Bandwidth (20 dB)	Pass	<del>Fail</del>	<del>N.t.*</del>	32 to 33

\* Not tested

<b>The equipment meets the requirements</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<del>No</del>
---------------------------------------------	------------	---------------

 Signature: .....  
 (Technician)

 Signature: .....  
 (Manager)

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## 2. Introduction

This test report consists of:

- Test result summary
- List of contents
- Introduction and further information
- Performance assessment
- Detailed test information

All pages have been numbered consecutively and bear the m. dudde hochfrequenz-technik logo, the test report number, the date, the test specification in its current version as well as the type designation of the EUT. The total number of pages in this report is **35**.

The tests were carried out at:

**- m. dudde hochfrequenz-technik, D-51429 Bergisch Gladbach**

in a representative assembly and in accordance with the test methods and/or requirements stated in:

**FCC Title 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C & ANSI C63.4-2009**

The sample of the product was received on:

**- 2012-07-17**

The tests were carried out in the following period of time:

**- 2012-08-06 - 2012-08-08**

## 3. Testing laboratory

m. dudde hochfrequenz-technik  
Rottland 5a, 51429 Bergisch Gladbach, Germany

Phone: +49 - (0) 22 07 / 96 89-0

Fax: +49 - (0) 22 07 / 96 89-20

- FCC Registration Number: **699717**

Accredited by:

**DAkkS Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH**  
**DAkkS accreditation number: D-PL-12053-01**

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#### 4. Applicant

Company name : Huf Hülsbeck & Fürst GmbH & Co. KG  
Address : Steeger Str. 17  
42551 Velbert  
Country : Germany  
Telephone : +49 (0) 2051 272 877  
Fax : +49 (0) 2051 272 700877  
Email : thomas.herzog@huf-group.com  
Date of order : 2012-06-12  
References : Mr. Thomas Herzog

#### 5. Product and product documentation

Samples of the following apparatus were submitted for testing:

Manufacturer : Huf Hülsbeck & Fürst GmbH & Co. KG  
Trademark : Huf  
Type designation : **HUF4762**  
Hardware versions : HUF4762  
Variants : ---  
Serial number : ---  
Software release : ---  
Type of equipment : Car lock unlock device  
Power used : 3.0 V DC (battery)  
Frequency used : 314.0 MHz – 314.900 MHz  
Generated or used frequencies : 18.0 MHz (crystal),  
314.000 MHz (carrier) Channel 1, 314.900 (carrier) Channel 2  
314.450 MHz (carrier) Channel 3  
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For issuing this report the following product documentation was used:

Description	Date	Identifications
External photographs of the <b>Equipment Under Test (EUT)</b>	2012-09-03	Annex no. 1
Internal photographs of the <b>Equipment Under Test (EUT)</b>	2012-09-03	Annex no. 2
Channel occupancy / bandwidth	2012-09-03	Annex no. 3
Label sample	2012-09-03	Annex no. 4
Functional description / User manual	2012-09-03	Annex no. 5
Test setup photos	2012-09-03	Annex no. 6
Block diagram	2012-09-03	Annex no. 7
Operational description	2012-09-03	Annex no. 8
Schematics	2012-09-03	Annex no. 9
Parts list	2012-09-03	Annex no. 10
Periodic operation characteristics	2012-09-03	Annex no. 11

## 6. Conclusions, observations and comments

The test report will be filed at m. dudde hochfrequenz-technik for a period of 10 years following the issue of this report. It may only be reproduced or published in full. Reproduction or publication of extracts from the report requires the prior written approval of m. dudde hochfrequenz-technik.

The results of the tests as stated in this report are exclusively applicable to the EUT as identified in this report. m. dudde hochfrequenz-technik cannot be held liable for properties of the EUT that have not been observed during these tests.

m. dudde hochfrequenz-technik assumes the sample to comply with the requirements of FCC Title 47 CFR Part 15 for the respective test sector, if the test results turn out positive.

### Comments: ---

Date : 2012-09-03

Name : Ralf Trepper

Function : Technician

Signature : 

Date : 2012-09-03

Name : Manfred Dudde

Function : Manager

Signature : 

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## 7. Operational description

### 7.1 EUT details

Car lock/unlock device

### 7.2 EUT configuration

Configuration for field strength of fundamental and spurious emissions measurements: the test samples *transmitter HUF4762* operated in continuous transmitting mode after pressing a button. One of the samples simulates the “remote key functionality” the other one simulates the “remote engine start functionality”.

Configuration for time measurements: one of the test samples operates in normal application mode.

### 7.3 EUT measurement description

The *transmitter HUF4762* was tested in a typical fashion. During preliminary emission tests, both test samples of the *transmitter HUF4762* were operated in continuous transmitting mode for worst case emission mode investigation. Therefore, the final qualification testing was completed with the *transmitter HUF4762* simulating the “remote engine start functionality”, operated in continuous mode. All tests were performed with the applicant’s typical voltage: 3.0 V DC. In order to establish the maximum radiation, firstly, there have been viewed all orthogonal adjustments of the test samples, secondly the test samples have been rotated at all adjustments around the own axis between 0° and 360°, and thirdly, the antenna polarization between horizontal and vertical had been varied.



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## 8.1 Antenna requirement

### 8.1.1 Regulation

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of Sections 15.211, 15.213, 15.217, 15.219, or 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with Section 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this Part are not exceeded.

### 8.1.2 Result

The equipment meets the requirements	Yes	<del>No</del>	<del>N.t.</del>
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Further test results are attached	<del>Yes</del>	No	
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*Integrated loop antenna (Antenna is part of the PCB).*

N.t.\* See page no. 34

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## 8.2 Conducted limits

### 8.2.1 Regulation

(a) Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency of emission(MHz)	Conducted limit (dB $\mu$ V)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 - 0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5 - 5	56	46
5 -30	60	50

\*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

(b) The shown limit in paragraph (a) of this Section shall not apply to carrier current systems operating as intentional radiators on frequencies below 30 MHz. In lieu thereof, these carrier current systems shall be subject to the following standards:

- (1) For carrier current systems containing their fundamental emission within the frequency band 535-1705 kHz and intended to be received using a standard AM broadcast receiver: no limit on conducted emissions.
- (2) For all other carrier current systems: 1000  $\mu$ V within the frequency band 535-1705 kHz, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50 ohms LISN.
- (3) Carrier current systems operating below 30 MHz are also subject to the radiated emission limits in Section 15.205 and Section 15.209, 15.221, 15.223, 15.225 or 15.227, as appropriate.

(c) Measurements to demonstrate compliance with the conducted limits are not required for devices which only employ battery power for operation and which do not operate from the AC power lines or contain provisions for operation while connected to the AC power lines. Devices that include, or make provision for, the use of battery chargers which permit operating while charging, AC adaptors or battery eliminators or that connect to the AC power lines indirectly, obtaining their power through another device which is connected to the AC power lines, shall be tested to demonstrate compliance with the conducted limits.

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### 8.1.2 Test equipment

Type	Manufacturer/ Model no.	Serial no.	Last calibration	Next calibration	Calibration executed by
V-LISN 50 ohms/(50 uH+5 ohms)	EMCO (49b)	9512-1227	07/2010	07/2014	Dudde
V-LISN 50 ohms/(50 uH+5 ohms)	RFT NNB 11 (72)	13835240	07/2010	07/2013	Dudde
Protector limiter 9 kHz - 30MHz 10 dB	Rhode & Schwarz ESH 3Z2 (272)	357,881052	09/2011	09/2013	Dudde
Receiver (9 kHz - 30MHz)	Schwarzbeck FMLK 1518 (428)	1518294 9360	08/2010	08/2013	Schwarzbeck
Panorama- Monitor FMLK / VUMA	PAZ1550 (429)	---	---	---	---
RF- cable	Aircell 1.5m [BNC/N]	K30	09/2011	09/2012	Dudde

### 8.2.3 Test procedures

The EUT and the additional equipment (if required) are connected to the main power through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN). The LISN must be appropriate to ANSI C63.4-2009 Section 7.

Additional equipment must also be connected to a second LISN with the same specifications described in the above sentence (if required).



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### 8.3 Restricted bands of operation

#### 8.3.1 Regulation

(a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
<sup>1</sup> 0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2690 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 - 335.4	3600 - 4400	( <sup>2</sup> )
13.36 - 13.41			

<sup>1</sup> Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

<sup>2</sup> Above 38.6

(b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

(c) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), regardless of the field strength limits specified elsewhere in this Subpart, the provisions of this Section apply to emissions from any intentional radiator.

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(d) The following devices are exempt from the requirements of this Section:

- (1) Swept frequency field disturbance sensors operating between 1.705 and 37 MHz provided their emissions only sweep through the bands listed in paragraph (a), the sweep is never stopped with the fundamental emission within the bands listed in paragraph (a), and the fundamental emission is outside of the bands listed in paragraph (a) more than 99% of the time the device is actively transmitting, without compensation for duty cycle.
- (2) Transmitters used to detect buried electronic markers at 101.4 kHz which are employed by telephone companies.
- (3) Cable locating equipment operated pursuant to Section 15.213.
- (4) Any equipment operated under the provisions of § 15.253, § 15.255 or § 15.257 of this part.
- (5) Biomedical telemetry devices operating under the provisions of Section 15.242 of this part are not subject to the restricted band 608-614 MHz but are subject to compliance within the other restricted bands.
- (6) Transmitters operating under the provisions of Subpart D or F of this part.
- (7) Devices operated pursuant to § 15.225 are exempt from complying with this section for the 13.36-13.41 MHz band only.
- (8) Devices operated in the 24.075-24.175 GHz band under § 15.245 are exempt from complying with the requirements of this section for the 48.15-48.35 GHz and 72.225-72.525 GHz bands only, and shall not exceed the limits specified in § 15.245(b).
- (9) Devices operated in the 24.0-24.25 GHz band under § 15.249 are exempt from complying with the requirements of this section for the 48.0-48.5 GHz and 72.0-72.75 GHz bands only, and shall not exceed the limits specified in § 15.249(a).

(e) Harmonic emissions appearing in the restricted bands above 17.7 GHz from field disturbance sensors operating under the provisions of Section 15.245 shall not exceed the limits specified in Section 15.245(b).

(b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

(c) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), regardless of the field strength limits specified elsewhere in this Subpart, the provisions of this Section apply to emissions from any intentional radiator. (d) The following devices are exempt from the requirements of this Section:

- (1) Swept frequency field disturbance sensors operating between 1.705 and 37 MHz provided their emissions only sweep through the bands listed in paragraph (a), the sweep is never stopped with the fundamental emission within the bands listed in paragraph (a), and the fundamental emission is outside of the bands listed in paragraph (a) more than 99% of the time the device is actively transmitting, without compensation for duty cycle.

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- (2) Transmitters used to detect buried electronic markers at 101.4 kHz which are employed by telephone companies.
- (3) Cable locating equipment operated pursuant to Section 15.213.
- (4) Any equipment operated under the provisions of § 15.253, § 15.255 or § 15.257 of this part.
- (5) Biomedical telemetry devices operating under the provisions of Section 15.242 of this part are not subject to the restricted band 608-614 MHz but are subject to compliance within the other restricted bands.
- (6) Transmitters operating under the provisions of Subpart D or F of this part.
- (7) Devices operated pursuant to § 15.225 are exempt from complying with this section for the 13.36-13.41 MHz band only.
- (8) Devices operated in the 24.075-24.175 GHz band under § 15.245 are exempt from complying with the requirements of this section for the 48.15-48.35 GHz and 72.225-72.525 GHz bands only, and shall not exceed the limits specified in § 15.245(b).
- (9) Devices operated in the 24.0-24.25 GHz band under § 15.249 are exempt from 83 complying with the requirements of this section for the 48.0-48.5 GHz and 72.0-72.75 GHz bands only, and shall not exceed the limits specified in § 15.249(a).
- (e) Harmonic emissions appearing in the restricted bands above 17.7 GHz from field disturbance sensors operating under the provisions of Section 15.245 shall not exceed the limits specified in Section 15.245(b).

### 8.3.2 Result

The equipment meets the requirements	Yes	<del>No</del>	<del>N.t.</del>
Further test results are attached	Yes	<del>No</del>	Page no. 29 - 31

N.t.\* See page no. 34

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## 8.4 Radiated emission limits, general requirements

### 8.4.1 Regulation

(a) Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement distance (meters)
0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705-30.0	30	30
30-88	100	3
88-216	150	3
216-960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

(b) In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

(c) The level of any unwanted emissions from an intentional radiator operating under these general provisions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental emission. For intentional radiators which operate under the provisions of other sections within this part and which are required to reduce their unwanted emissions to the limits specified in this table, the limits in this table are based on the frequency of the unwanted emission and not the fundamental frequency. However, the level of any unwanted emissions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental frequency.

(d) The emission limits shown in the above table are based on measurements employing a CISPR quasi peak detector except for the frequency bands 9-90 kHz, 110-490 kHz and above 1000 MHz. Radiated emission limits in these three bands are based on measurements employing an average detector.

(e) The provisions in §§ 15.31, 15.33, and 15.35 for measuring emissions at distances other than the distances specified in the above table, determining the frequency range over which radiated emissions are to be measured, and limiting peak emissions apply to all devices operated under this part.

(f) In accordance with Section 15.33(a), in some cases the emissions from an intentional radiator must be measured to beyond the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency designed to be emitted by the intentional radiator because of the incorporation of a digital device. If measurements above the tenth harmonic are so required, the radiated emissions above the tenth harmonic shall comply with the general radiated emission limits applicable to the incorporated digital device, as shown in Section 15.109 and as based on the frequency of the emission being measured, or, except for emissions contained in the restricted frequency bands shown in Section 15.205, the limit on spurious emissions specified for the intentional radiator, whichever is the higher limit. Emissions which must be measured above the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency designed to be emitted by the intentional radiator and which fall within the restricted bands shall comply with the general radiated emission limits in Section 15.109 that are applicable to the incorporated digital device.



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## 8.4.2 Test equipment

Type	Manufacturer/ Model no.	Serial no.	Last calibration	Next calibration	Calibration executed by
Test fixture	Dudde	---	04/2012	04/2013	Dudde
Magnetic loop antenna (9 kHz - 30 MHz)	Schwarzbeck FMZB 1516 (23)	---	05/2010	05/2013	Dudde
OATS	Dudde (104)	---	08/2012	08/2014	Dudde
Digital Multimeter	GW GDM-8045G (144)	0090256	08/2011	08/2014	Dudde
Pre-amplifier (100kHz - 1.3GHz)	Hewlett Packard 8447 E (166a)	1726A00705	01/2012	01/2014	Dudde
Hornantenna (2.0-14.0 GHz)	Schwarzbeck BBHA 9120 C (169)	305	03/2011	03/2013	Dudde
Receiver (9 kHz –18.0 GHz)	Rohde & Schwarz Spectrum Analyzer FSL 18 (171a)	100.117	11/2010	11/2012	Rohde & Schwarz
Hornantenna (0.86-8.5 GHz)	Schwarzbeck BBHA 9120 A (284)	236	08/2012	08/2015	Dudde
Pre-amplifier (1GHz - 18GHz)	Narda (345)	---	01/2012	01/2014	Dudde
Bilog-antenna (30- 1000 MHz)	Schwarzbeck VULP 9168 (406)	---	04/2011	04/2014	Schwazbeck
Bilog antenna (1- 18 GHz)	Schwarzbeck STLP 9148 (445)	---	09/2009	09/2012	Schwazbeck
Receiver (9 kHz –30.0 GHz)	Rohde & Schwarz Spectrum Analyzer FSV 30 (502)	100932	02/2010	02/2013	Rohde & Schwarz

## Cable list

RF- cable	Kabelmetal 18m [N]	K1a	04/2012	04/2013	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex 104 2m [APC]	K17a	03/2012	03/2013	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex 104 2m [APC]	K18a	03/2012	03/2013	Dudde
RF- cable	Aircell 0.5m [BNC]	K40	10/2011	10/2012	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex 104 Suhner [N] 1 m	K52	06/2012	06/2013	Dudde
RF- cable	Aircell 1m [BNC/N]	K56	10/2011	10/2012	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex 100 Suhner [N] 1 m	K61	06/2012	06/2013	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex 106 Suhner 6,4m [N]	K74	10/2011	10/2012	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex 106 Suhner 6,4m [N]	K75	10/2011	10/2012	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex Suhner 13 m [N]	K144	04/2012	04/2013	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex Suhner 8m [SMA]	K145	04/2012	04/2013	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex Suhner 8m [SMA]	K146	04/2012	04/2013	Dudde

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### 8.4.3 Test procedure

The EUT and this peripheral (when additional equipment exists) are placed on a turn table which is 0.8 m above the ground. The turn table would be allowed to rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of the maximum emission level. The test distance between the EUT and the receiving antenna are 3m. To find the maximum emission, the polarization of the receiving antenna is changed in horizontal and vertical polarization; the position of the EUT was changed in different orthogonal determinations.

ANSI C63.4: 2009 Section 8 “Radiated Emissions Testing”

Measurement procedures for electric field radiated emissions above 1 GHz are covered in Clause 8 of ANSI C63.4-2009. The C63.4-2009 measurement procedure consists of both an exploratory test and a final measurement. The exploratory test is critical to determine the frequency of all significant emissions. For each mode of operation required to be tested, the frequency spectrum is monitored. Variations in antenna height, antenna orientation, antenna polarization, EUT azimuth, and cable or wire placement is explored to produce the emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit.

The final measurements are made based on the findings in the exploratory testing. When making exploratory and final measurements it is necessary to maximize the measured radiated emission. Subclause 8.3.1.2 of C63.4-2009 states that the measurement is to be made “while keeping the antenna in the ‘cone of radiation’ from that area and pointed at the area both in azimuth and elevation, with polarization oriented for maximum response.” We consider the “cone of radiation” to be the 3 dB beamwidth of the measurement antenna.

While the “bore-sighting” technique is not explicitly mentioned in C63.4-2009, it is a useful technique for measurements using a directional antenna, such as a double-ridged waveguide antenna. Several precautions must be observed, including: knowledge of the beamwidth of the antenna and the resulting illumination area relative to the size of the EUT, estimation for source of the emission and general location within larger EUTS, measuring system sensitivity, etc.

C63.4-2009 requires that the measurement antenna is kept pointed at the source of the emission both in azimuth and elevation, with the polarization of the antenna oriented for maximum response. That means that if the directional radiation pattern of the EUT results in a maximum emission at an upwards angle from the EUT, when a directional antenna is used to make the measurement it will be necessary for it to be pointed towards the source of the emission within the EUT. This can be done by either pointing the antenna at an angle towards the source of the emission, or by rotating the EUT, in both height and polarization, to maximize the measured emission. The emission must be kept within the illumination area of the 3 dB beamwidth of the antenna so that the maximum emission from the EUT is measured.

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Radiated emissions test characteristics	
Frequency range	30 MHz - 4,000 MHz
Test distance	3 m*
Test instrumentation resolution bandwidth	120 kHz (30 MHz - 1,000 MHz) 1 MHz (1000 MHz - 4,000 MHz)
Receive antenna scan height	1 m - 4 m
Receive antenna polarization	Vertical/horizontal

\* According to Section 15.31 (f) (1): At frequencies at or above 30 MHz, measurements may be performed at a distance other than what is specified provided: measurements are not made in the near field except where it can be shown that near field measurements are appropriate due to the characteristics of the device; and it can be demonstrated that the signal levels needed to be measured at the distance employed can be detected by the measurement equipment. When performing measurements at a distance other than that specified, the results shall be extrapolated to the specified distance using an extrapolation factor of 20dB/decade (inverse linear-distance for field strength measurements; inverse-linear-distance-squared for power density measurements).

#### 8.4.4 Calculation of the field strength

The field strength is calculated by the following calculation:

Corrected Level = Receiver Level + Correction Factor (without the use of a pre-amplifier)

Corrected Level = Receiver Level + Correction Factor – Pre-amplifier (with the use of a pre-amplifier)

Receiver Level : Receiver reading without correction factors

Correction Factor : Antenna factor + cable loss

For example:

The receiver reading is 32.7 dB $\mu$ V. The antenna factor for the measured frequency is +2.5 dB (1/m) and the cable factor for the measured frequency is 0.71 dB, giving a field strength of 35.91dB $\mu$ V/m.

The 35.91dB $\mu$ V/m value can be mathematically converted to its corresponding level in  $\mu$ V/m.

Level in  $\mu$ V/m = Common Antilogarithm (35.91/20) = 39.8

For test distance other than what is specified, but fulfilling the requirements of Section 15.31 (f) (1) the field strength is calculated by adding additionally an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade (inverse linear distance for field strength measurements).

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**8.4.5 Result**

TRANSMITTER SPURIOUS RADIATION BELOW 30 MHz (Section 15.205, 15.209)										
f (MHz)	Bandwidth (kHz) Type of detector	Noted receiver level dBµV	Test distance m	Correction factor dB	Distance extrapol. factor dB	Level corrected dBµV/m	Limit dBµV/m	Margin dBµV/m	Polarisation EUT / antenna	Antenna height cm
									H,V 360°/ H,V	100-400
									H,V 360°/ H,V	100-400
									H,V 360°/ H,V	100-400
									H,V 360°/ H,V	100-400
									H,V 360°/ H,V	100-400
									H,V 360°/ H,V	100-400
									H,V 360°/ H,V	100-400
									H,V 360°/ H,V	100-400
									H,V 360°/ H,V	100-400
									H,V 360°/ H,V	100-400
									H,V 360°/ H,V	100-400
									H,V 360°/ H,V	100-400
									H,V 360°/ H,V	100-400
									H,V 360°/ H,V	100-400
<b>* No emissions detected</b>										
Measurement uncertainty						4 dB				

Remark: \*<sup>1</sup> Noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 4.0dBµV @ 10m distance (0.009 MHz – 30 MHz)

Remark: \* Peak Limit according to Section 15.35 (b).

The equipment meets the requirements	<b>Yes*</b>	<del>No</del>	<del>N.t.</del>
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Further test results are attached	<del>Yes</del>	<b>No</b>	Page no.
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N.t.\* See page no. 34

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**TRANSMITTER SPURIOUS RADIATION ABOVE 30 MHz (Section 15.205, 15.209)**

f (MHz)	Bandwidth (kHz) Type of detector	Noted receiver level dBµV	Test distance m	Correction factor dB	Distance extrapo factor dB	AV Correction factor dB	Level corrected dBµV/m	Limit dBµV/m	Margin dBµV/m	Polaris. EUT / Antenna	Antenna height cm
										H,V,360°/H,V	100-400
										H,V,360°/H,V	100-400
										H,V,360°/H,V	100-400
										H,V,360°/H,V	100-400
										H,V,360°/H,V	100-400
										H,V,360°/H,V	100-400
										H,V,360°/H,V	100-400
										H,V,360°/H,V	100-400
										H,V,360°/H,V	100-400
										H,V,360°/H,V	100-400
										H,V,360°/H,V	100-400
										H,V,360°/H,V	100-400
										H,V,360°/H,V	100-400
										H,V,360°/H,V	100-400
										H,V,360°/H,V	100-400
										H,V,360°/H,V	100-400
										H,V,360°/H,V	100-400

\* No emission detected

Measurement uncertainty | 4 dB

Bandwidth = the measuring receiver bandwidth

- Remark: \*<sup>1</sup> noise floor      noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 3.5dBµV @ 3m distance (30 – 1,000 MHz)
- Remark: \*<sup>2</sup> noise floor      noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 4.5dBµV @ 3m distance (1,000 – 2,000 MHz)
- Remark: \*<sup>3</sup> noise floor      noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 10dBµV @ 3m distance (2,000 – 5,500 MHz)
- Remark: \*<sup>4</sup> noise floor      noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 14dBµV @ 3m distance (5,500 – 14,500 MHz)
- Remark: \*<sup>5</sup> for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 100 kHz and 1,000 MHz
- Remark: \*<sup>6</sup> for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 1.0 GHz and 18.0 GHz

The equipment meets the requirements	<b>Yes*</b>	<del>No</del>	<del>N.t.</del>
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Further test results are attached	<del>Yes</del>	<b>No</b>	Page no.
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N.t.\* See page no. 34

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## 8.5 Periodic operation characteristics

### 8.5.1 Regulation

(a) The provisions of this Section are restricted to periodic operation within the band 40.66 - 40.70 MHz and above 70 MHz. Except as shown in paragraph (e) of this Section, the intentional radiator is restricted to the transmission of a control signal such as those used with alarm systems, door openers, remote switches, etc. Continuous transmissions, voice, video and the radio control of toys are not permitted. Data is permitted to be sent with a control signal. The following conditions shall be met to comply with the provisions for this periodic operation:

#### 8.5.2 Result

The equipment meets the requirements	Yes	<del>No</del>	<del>N.t.</del>
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Further test results are attached	Yes	<del>No</del>	Annex no. 11
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(1) A manually operated transmitter shall employ a switch that will automatically deactivate the transmitter within not more than 5 seconds of being released.

The equipment meets the requirements	Yes	<del>No</del>	<del>N.t.</del>
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Further test results are attached	Yes	<del>No</del>	Annex no. 11
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(2) A transmitter activated automatically shall cease transmission within 5 seconds after activation.

The equipment meets the requirements	<del>Yes</del>	<del>No</del>	N.t. <sup>3</sup>
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Further test results are attached	<del>Yes</del>	No	
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(3) Periodic transmissions at regular predetermined intervals are not permitted. However, polling or supervision transmissions, including data, to determine system integrity of transmitters used in security or safety applications are allowed if the total duration of transmissions does not exceed more than two seconds per hour for each transmitter. There is no limit on the number of individual transmissions, provided the total transmission time does not exceed two seconds per hour.

The equipment meets the requirements	<del>Yes</del>	<del>No</del>	N.t. <sup>3</sup>
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Further test results are attached	<del>Yes</del>	No	
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N.t.\* See page no. 34

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(4) Intentional radiators which are employed for radio control purposes during emergencies involving fire, security, and safety of life, when activated to signal an alarm, may operate during the pendency of the alarm condition.

The equipment meets the requirements	<del>Yes</del>	<del>No</del>	N.t. <sup>3</sup>
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Further test results are attached	<del>Yes</del>	No	
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(5) Transmission of set-up information for security systems may exceed the transmission duration limits in paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this section, provided such transmission are under the control of a professional installer and do not exceed ten seconds after a manually operated switch is released or a transmitter is activated automatically. Such set-up information may include data.

The equipment meets the requirements	<del>Yes</del>	<del>No</del>	N.t. <sup>3</sup>
--------------------------------------	----------------	---------------	-------------------

Further test results are attached	<del>Yes</del>	No	
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(6) Intentional radiators may operate at a periodic rate exceeding that specified in paragraph (a) and may be employed for any type of operation, including operation prohibited in paragraph (a), provided the intentional radiator complies with the provisions of paragraphs (b) through (d) of this Section, except the field strength table in paragraph (b) is replaced.

The equipment meets the requirements	<del>Yes</del>	<del>No</del>	N.t. <sup>3</sup>
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Further test results are attached	<del>Yes</del>	No	
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N.t.\* See page no. 34

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## 8.6 Fundamental frequencies / Field strength limits

### 8.6.1 Regulation

(e) Intentional radiators may operate at a periodic rate exceeding that specified in paragraph (a) of this section and may be employed for any type of operation, including operation prohibited in paragraph (a) of this section, provided the intentional radiator complies with the provisions of paragraphs (b) through (d) of this section, except the field strength table in paragraph (b) of this section is replaced by the following:

Fundamental Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength of Fundamental (microvolts/meter)	Field Strength of Spurious Emissions (microvolts/meter)
40.66 - 40.70	2,250	225
70 - 130	1,250	125
130 - 174	1,250 to 3,750**	125 to 375**
174 - 260	3,750	375
260 - 470	3,750 to 12,500**	375 to 1,250**
Above 470	12,500	1,250
** linear interpolations		

[Where F is the frequency in MHz, the formulas for calculating the maximum permitted fundamental field strengths are as follows: for the band 130-174 MHz,  $\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$  at 3 meters =  $56.81818(F) - 6136.3636$ ; for the band 260-470 MHz,  $\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$  at 3 meters =  $41.6667(F) - 7083.3333$ . The maximum permitted unwanted emission level is 20 dB below the maximum permitted fundamental level.]

- (1) The above field strength limits are specified at a distance of 3 meters. The tighter limits apply at the band edges.
- (2) Intentional radiators operating under the provisions of this Section shall demonstrate compliance with the limits on the field strength of emissions, as shown in the above table, based on the average value of the measured emissions. As an alternative, compliance with the limits in the above table may be based on the use of measurement instrumentation with a CISPR quasi-peak detector. The specific method of measurement employed shall be specified in the application for equipment authorization. If average emission measurements are employed, the provisions in Section 15.35 for averaging pulsed emissions and for limiting peak emissions apply. Further, compliance with the provisions of Section 15.205 shall be demonstrated using the measurement instrumentation specified in that section.
- (3) The limits on the field strength of the spurious emissions in the above table are based on the fundamental frequency of the intentional radiator. Spurious emissions shall be attenuated to the average (or, alternatively, CISPR quasi-peak) limits shown in this table or to the general limits shown in Section 15.209, whichever limit permits a higher field strength.



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## 8.6.2 Test equipment

Type	Manufacturer/ Model no.	Serial no.	Last calibration	Next calibration	Calibration executed by
Test fixture	Dudde	---	04/2012	04/2013	Dudde
Magnetic loop antenna (9 kHz - 30 MHz)	Schwarzbeck FMZB 1516 (23)	---	05/2010	05/2013	Dudde
OATS	Dudde (104)	---	08/2012	08/2014	Dudde
Digital Multimeter	GW GDM-8045G (144)	0090256	08/2011	08/2014	Dudde
Pre-amplifier (100kHz - 1.3GHz)	Hewlett Packard 8447 E (166a)	1726A00705	01/2012	01/2014	Dudde
Horn antenna (2.0-14.0 GHz)	Schwarzbeck BBHA 9120 C (169)	305	03/2011	03/2013	Dudde
Receiver (9 kHz –18.0 GHz)	Rohde & Schwarz Spectrum Analyzer FSL 18 (171a)	100.117	11/2010	11/2012	Rohde & Schwarz
Horn antenna (0.86-8.5 GHz)	Schwarzbeck BBHA 9120 A (284)	236	03/2011	03/2013	Dudde
Pre-amplifier (1GHz - 18GHz)	Narda --- (345)	---	01/2012	01/2014	Dudde
Bilog antenna (30- 1000 MHz)	Schwarzbeck VULP 9168 (406)	---	04/2011	04/2014	Schwarzbeck
Logt. Per, Antenne (1- 18 GHz)	Schwarzbeck STLP 9148 (445)	---	09/2009	09/2012	Schwarzbeck
Signal Analyzer (9 kHz –30.0 GHz)	Rohde & Schwarz FSV 30 (502)	100932	02/2010	02/2013	Rohde & Schwarz
RF- cable	Kabelmetal 18m [N]	K1a	04/2012	04/2013	Dudde
RF- cable	Aircell 0.5m [BNC]	K40	10/2011	10/2012	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex 100 Suhner 1 m [N]	K52	10/2011	10/2012	Dudde
RF- cable	Aircell 1m [BNC/N]	K56	10/2011	10/2012	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex 100 Suhner 1 m [N] (	K61	10/2011	10/2012	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex 106 Suhner 6,4m [N]	K74	10/2011	10/2012	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex 106 Suhner 6,4m [N]	K75	10/2011	10/2012	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex Suhner 13 m [N]	K144	04/2012	04/2013	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex Suhner 8m [SMA]	K145	04/2012	04/2013	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex Suhner 8m [SMA]	K146	04/2012	04/2013	Dudde

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### 8.6.3 Test procedure

The EUT and this peripheral (when additional equipment exists) are placed on a turn table which is 0.8m above the ground. The turn table would be allowed to rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of the maximum emission level. The test distance between the EUT and the receiving antenna are 3m. To find the maximum emission, the polarization of the receiving antenna are changed in horizontal and vertical polarization, the position of the EUT was changed in different orthogonal determinations.

ANSI C63.4: 2009 Section 8 “Radiated emission measurements”

Measurement procedures for electric field radiated emissions above 1 GHz are covered in Clause 8 of ANSI C63.4-2009. The C63.4-2009 measurement procedure consists of both an exploratory test and a final measurement. The exploratory test is critical to determine the frequency of all significant emissions. For each mode of operation required to be tested, the frequency spectrum is monitored. Variations in antenna height, antenna orientation, antenna polarization, EUT azimuth, and cable or wire placement is explored to produce the emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit.

The final measurements are made based on the findings in the exploratory testing. When making exploratory and final measurements it is necessary to maximize the measured radiated emission. Subclause 8.3.1.2 of C63.4-2009 states that the measurement is to be made “while keeping the antenna in the ‘cone of radiation’ from that area and pointed at the area both in azimuth and elevation, with polarization oriented for maximum response.” We consider the “cone of radiation” to be the 3 dB beamwidth of the measurement antenna.

While the “bore-sighting” technique is not explicitly mentioned in C63.4-2009, it is a useful technique for measurements using a directional antenna, such as a double-ridged waveguide antenna. Several precautions must be observed, including: knowledge of the beamwidth of the antenna and the resulting illumination area relative to the size of the EUT, estimation for source of the emission and general location within larger EUTS, measuring system sensitivity, etc.

C63.4-2009 requires that the measurement antenna is kept pointed at the source of the emission both in azimuth and elevation, with the polarization of the antenna oriented for maximum response. That means that if the directional radiation pattern of the EUT results in a maximum emission at an upwards angle from the EUT, when a directional antenna is used to make the measurement it will be necessary for it to be pointed towards the source of the emission within the EUT. This can be done by either pointing the antenna at an angle towards the source of the emission, or by rotating the EUT, in both height and polarization, to maximize the measured emission. The emission must be kept within the illumination area of the 3 dB beamwidth of the antenna so that the maximum emission from the EUT is measured.

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<b>Radiated emissions test characteristics</b>	
Frequency range	30 MHz - 12,000 MHz
Test distance	10m, 3 m*
Test instrumentation resolution bandwidth	9 kHz (20 kHz – 30 MHz)
	120 kHz (30 MHz - 1,000 MHz)
	1 MHz (1000 MHz - 12,000 MHz)
Receive antenna height	1 m (20 kHz – 30 MHz)
Receive antenna polarization	0° - 90° (20 kHz – 30 MHz)
Receive antenna scan height	1 m - 4 m (30 MHz - 12,000 MHz)
Receive antenna polarization	vertical/horizontal (30 MHz - 12,000 MHz)

\*According to Section 15.31 (f) (1): At frequencies at or above 30 MHz, measurements may be performed at a distance other than what is specified provided: measurements are not made in the near field except where it can be shown that near field measurements are appropriate due to the characteristics of the device; and it can be demonstrated that the signal levels needed to be measured at the distance employed can be detected by the measurement equipment. When performing measurements at a distance other than that specified, the results shall be extrapolated to the specified distance using an extrapolation factor of 20dB/decade (inverse linear-distance for field strength measurements; inverse-linear-distance-squared for power density measurements).

#### 8.6.4 Calculation of field strength limits

For example: Transmitter working on 433.920 MHz

Limit for average measurements →  $16.6667 \cdot (433.920 \text{ MHz}) - 2833.3333 = 4398.68 \mu\text{V/m} = 72.8 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V/m} @ 3\text{m}$

Limit for peak measurements → Limit for average measurements + 20dB = 92.8dB $\mu$ V/m @3m

#### 8.6.5 Calculation of the average correction factor

The average correction factor is computed by analyzing the "worst case" on time in any 100msec time period and using the formula: Corrections Factor +  $20 \cdot \log(\text{worst case on time}/100\text{msec})$ . Analysis of the remote transmitter worst case on time in any 100msec time period is an on time of 50msec, therefore the correction factor is  $20 \cdot \log(50/100) = -6 \text{ dB}$ . The maximum correction factor to be applied is 20 dB per section 15.35 of the FCC rules.

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### 8.6.6 Calculation of the field strengths

The field strength is calculated by the following calculation:

Corrected Level = Receiver Level + Correction Factor (without the use of a pre-amplifier)

Corrected Level = Receiver Level + Correction Factor – Pre-Amplifier (with the use of a pre-amplifier)

Receiver Level : Receiver reading without correction factors  
Correction Factor : Antenna factor + cable loss

For example:

The receiver reading is 32.7 dB $\mu$ V. The antenna factor for the measured frequency is +2.5 dB (1/m) and the cable factor for the measured frequency is 0.71 dB, giving a field strength of 35.91dB $\mu$ V/m.

The 35.91dB $\mu$ V/m value can be mathematically converted to its corresponding level in  $\mu$ V/m.

Level in  $\mu$ V/m = Common Antilogarithm (35.91/20) = 39.8

For test distance other than what is specified, but fulfilling the requirements of Section 15.31 (f) (1) the field strength is calculated by adding additionally an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade (inverse linear distance for field strength measurements).

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## 8.6.7 Result

### Channel 1

TRANSMITTER SPURIOUS RADIATION (Section 15.231(b))										
f (MHz)	Bandwidth (kHz) / Type of detector	Noted receiver level  dBμV	Test distance  m	Correction factor  dB	Averaging correction Factor * <sup>7</sup>  dB	Level corrected  dBμV/m	Limit Average  dBμV/m	Margin  dBμV/m	Polarisation EUT / antenna	Antenna height  cm
314.000	100, PK	82.1	3	-6.8* <sup>5</sup>	-0.05	75.3	75.6	0.3	V,240°/V	168
628.000	100, PK	37.8	3	-0.7* <sup>5</sup>	-0.05	37.1	55.6	18.5	V,90°/V	150
942.000	100, PK	32.2	3	4.7* <sup>5</sup>	-0.05	36.9	55.6	18.7	V,90°/V	168
1256.000	1000, PK	43.9	3	1.7* <sup>6</sup>	-0.05	45.6	55.6	10.0	V,60°/V	163
1570.000	1000, PK	48.9	3	3.5* <sup>6</sup>	-0.05	52.4	54.0	1.6	V,120°/V	156
1884.000	1000, PK	41.9	3	6.3* <sup>6</sup>	-0.05	48.2	55.6	7.4	V,190°/V	159
2198.000	1000, PK	32.6	3	8.2* <sup>6</sup>	-0.05	40.8	54.0	13.2	V,190°/V	106
2512.000	1000, PK	≤ 10	3	9.0* <sup>6</sup>	-0.05	19.0	55.6	36.6	H,V,360°/H,V	100-400
2826.000	1000, PK	≤ 10	3	10.4* <sup>6</sup>	-0.05	20.4	54.0	33.6	H,V,360°/H,V	100-400
3140.000	1000, PK	≤ 10	3	11.4* <sup>6</sup>	-0.05	21.4	55.6	34.2	H,V,360°/H,V	100-400
3454.000	1000, PK	≤ 10	3	13.0* <sup>6</sup>	-0.05	23.0	55.6	32.6	H,V,360°/H,V	100-400
<b>The blue marked frequencies fall into the restricted bands</b>										
Measurement uncertainty						4 dB				

Bandwidth = the measuring receiver bandwidth

Remark: \*<sup>1</sup> noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 3.5dBμV @ 3m distance (30 – 1,000 MHz)

Remark: \*<sup>2</sup> noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 4.5dBμV @ 3m distance (1,000 – 2,000 MHz)

Remark: \*<sup>3</sup> noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 10dBμV @ 3m distance (2,000 – 5,500 MHz)

Remark: \*<sup>4</sup> noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 14dBμV @ 3m distance (5,500 – 14,500 MHz)

Remark: \*<sup>5</sup> for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 100 kHz and 1,000 MHz

Remark: \*<sup>6</sup> for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 1.0 GHz and 18.0 GHz

Remark: \*<sup>7</sup> for periodic operated transmitter

The equipment meets the requirements	Yes	No	N.t.
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Further test results are attached	Yes	No	
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Remark: \*<sup>7</sup> AVERAGE FACTOR CALCULATION (Standard 47 CFR Part 15C (periodic intentional transmitter))

Maximum transmitting duration in every 100 ms period: 99.4 ms

Averaging factor = 20 x log (99.4/100) = **-0.05 dB** (see Annex no. 11)

N.t.\* See page no. 34

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**Channel 2**

TRANSMITTER SPURIOUS RADIATION (Section 15.231(b))										
f (MHz)	Bandwidth (kHz) / Type of detector	Noted receiver level dBμV	Test distance m	Correction factor dB	Averaging correction Factor *7 dB	Level corrected dBμV/m	Limit Average dBμV/m	Margin dBμV/m	Polarisation EUT / antenna	Antenna height cm
314.900	100, PK	82.3	3	-6.8*5	-0.05	75.5	75.6	0.1	V,240°/V	141
629.800	100, PK	37.3	3	-0.7*5	-0.05	36.6	55.6	19.0	V,90°/V	153
944.700	100, PK	32.0	3	4.7*5	-0.05	36.7	55.6	18.9	V,90°/V	168
1259.600	1000, PK	44.6	3	1.7*6	-0.05	46.3	55.6	9.3	V,60°/V	163
1574.500	1000, PK	48.8	3	3.5*6	-0.05	52.3	54.0	1.7	V,70°/V	162
1889.400	1000, PK	43.2	3	6.3*6	-0.05	49.5	55.6	6.1	V,270°/V	160
2204.300	1000, PK	33.2	3	8.2*6	-0.05	41.4	54.0	12.6	V,230°/V	104
2518.400	1000, PK	≤ 10	3	9.0*6	-0.05	19.0	55.6	36.6	V,360°/H,V	100-400
2834.100	1000, PK	32.7	3	10.4*6	-0.05	43.1	54.0	11.9	V,230°/V	100
3149.000	1000, PK	≤ 10	3	11.4*6	-0.05	21.4	55.6	34.2	H,V,360°/H,V	100-400
3463.900	1000, PK	≤ 10	3	13.0*6	-0.05	23.0	55.6	32.6	H,V,360°/H,V	100-400
<b>The blue marked frequencies fall into the restricted bands</b>										
Measurement uncertainty						4 dB				

Bandwidth = the measuring receiver bandwidth

- Remark: \*1 noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 3.5dBμV @ 3m distance (30 – 1,000 MHz)
- Remark: \*2 noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 4.5dBμV @ 3m distance (1,000 – 2,000 MHz)
- Remark: \*3 noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 10dBμV @ 3m distance (2,000 – 5,500 MHz)
- Remark: \*4 noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 14dBμV @ 3m distance (5,500 – 14,500 MHz)
- Remark: \*5 for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 100 kHz and 1,000 MHz
- Remark: \*6 for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 1.0 GHz and 18.0 GHz
- Remark: \*7 for periodic operated transmitter

The equipment meets the requirements	Yes	No	N.t.
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Further test results are attached	Yes	No	
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Remark: \*7 AVERAGE FACTOR CALCULATION (Standard 47 CFR Part 15C (periodic intentional transmitter))

Maximum transmitting duration in every 100 ms period: 99.4 ms  
Averaging factor = 20 x log (99.4/100) = **-0.05 dB** (see Annex no. 11)

N.t.\* See page no. 34

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## Channel 3

TRANSMITTER SPURIOUS RADIATION (Section 15.231(b))										
f (MHz)	Bandwidth (kHz) / Type of detector	Noted receiver level dB $\mu$ V	Test distance m	Correction factor dB	Averaging correction Factor * <sup>7</sup> dB	Level corrected dB $\mu$ V/m	Limit Average dB $\mu$ V/m	Margin dB $\mu$ V/m	Polarisation EUT / antenna	Antenna height cm
314.450	100, PK	82.1	3	-6.8* <sup>5</sup>	-0.05	75.3	75.6	0.3	V,240°/V	149
628.900	100, PK	37.4	3	-0.7* <sup>5</sup>	-0.05	36.7	55.6	18.9	V,90°/V	155
943.350	100, PK	31.8	3	4.7* <sup>5</sup>	-0.05	36.5	55.6	19.1	V,90°/V	170
1257.800	1000, PK	44.8	3	1.7* <sup>6</sup>	-0.05	46.5	55.6	9.1	V,60°/V	163
1572.250	1000, PK	48.4	3	3.5* <sup>6</sup>	-0.05	51.9	54.0	2.1	V,60°/V	161
1886.700	1000, PK	431.1	3	6.3* <sup>6</sup>	-0.05	49.4	55.6	6.2	V,230°/V	160
2201.150	1000, PK	33.2	3	8.2* <sup>6</sup>	-0.05	41.4	54.0	12.6	V,230°/V	100
2515.600	1000, PK	≤ 10	3	9.0* <sup>6</sup>	-0.05	19.0	55.6	36.6	H,V,360°/H,V	100-400
2830.050	1000, PK	33.0	3	10.4* <sup>6</sup>	-0.05	43.4	54.0	10.6	V,230°/V	100
3144.500	1000, PK	≤ 10	3	11.4* <sup>6</sup>	-0.05	21.4	55.6	34.2	H,V,360°/H,V	100-400
3458.950	1000, PK	≤ 10	3	13.0* <sup>6</sup>	-0.05	23.0	55.6	32.6	H,V,360°/H,V	100-400
<b>The blue marked frequencies fall into the restricted bands</b>										
Measurement uncertainty						4 dB				

Bandwidth = the measuring receiver bandwidth

Remark: \*<sup>1</sup> noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 3.5dB $\mu$ V @ 3m distance (30 – 1,000 MHz)

Remark: \*<sup>2</sup> noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 4.5dB $\mu$ V @ 3m distance (1,000 – 2,000 MHz)

Remark: \*<sup>3</sup> noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 10dB $\mu$ V @ 3m distance (2,000 – 5,500 MHz)

Remark: \*<sup>4</sup> noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 14dB $\mu$ V @ 3m distance (5,500 – 14,500 MHz)

Remark: \*<sup>5</sup> for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 100 kHz and 1,000 MHz

Remark: \*<sup>6</sup> for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 1.0 GHz and 18.0 GHz

Remark: \*<sup>7</sup> for periodic operated transmitter

The equipment meets the requirements	Yes	<del>No</del>	<del>N.t.</del>
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Further test results are attached	<del>Yes</del>	No	
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Remark: \*<sup>7</sup> AVERAGE FACTOR CALCULATION (Standard 47 CFR Part 15C (periodic intentional transmitter))

Maximum transmitting duration in every 100 ms period: 99.4 ms

Averaging factor = 20 x log (99.4/100) = **-0.05 dB** (see Annex no. 11)

N.t.\* See page no. 34

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## 8.7 Bandwidth (20 dB)

### 8.7.1 Regulation

(c) The bandwidth of the emission shall be no wider than 0.25% of the center frequency for devices operating above 70 MHz and below 900 MHz. For devices operating above 900 MHz, the emission shall be no wider than 0.5% of the center frequency. Bandwidth is determined at the points 20 dB down from the modulated carrier.

### 8.7.2 Calculation of the 20 dB bandwidth limit

The 20 dB bandwidth limit =  $0.0025 * 314.00 \text{ MHz} = 785.000 \text{ kHz}$  Channel 1

The 20 dB bandwidth limit =  $0.0025 * 314.90 \text{ MHz} = 787.250 \text{ kHz}$  Channel 2

The 20 dB bandwidth limit =  $0.0025 * 314.45 \text{ MHz} = 786.125 \text{ kHz}$  Channel 3

### 8.7.3 Test equipment

Type	Manufacturer/ Model no.	Serial no.	Last calibration	Next calibration	Calibration executed by
Test fixture	Dudde	---	04/2012	04/2013	Dudde
Low noise signal generator (10kHz – 5.4GHz)	Marconi Instruments 2042 (6)	119347/003	01/2012	01/2014	Dudde
Frequency counter (10MHz -26.5GHz)	Hewlett & Packard 5351A Microwave frequency counter (130)	2432A00054	09/2011	09/2014	Rohde & Schwarz
Spectrum Analyzer (9 kHz –18.0 GHz)	Rohde & Schwarz FSL 18 (171a)	100.117	11/2010	11/2012	Rohde & Schwarz
Frequency Counter	Hewlett Packard 5351B (432)	3049A01217	08/2011	08/2013	DKD
Signal Analyzer (9 kHz –30.0 GHz)	Rohde & Schwarz FSV 30 (502)	100932	02/2010	02/2013	Rohde & Schwarz
RF- cable	Sucoflex 104 P Suhner 2,13m [APC 3.5]	K17a	03/2012	03/2013	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex 104 P Suhner 2,13m [APC 3.5]	K18a	03/2012	03/2013	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex Suhner 8m [SMA]	K145	04/2012	04/2013	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex Suhner 8m [SMA]	K146	04/2012	04/2013	Dudde

### 8.7.4 Test procedure

ANSI C63.4-2009 Section 13.1.7 Occupied bandwidth measurements. The bandwidth is measured at an amplitude level reduced from the reference level by a specified ratio. The reference level is the level of the highest amplitude signal observed from the transmitter at either the fundamental frequency or first-order modulation products in all typical modes of operation, including the unmodulated carrier, even if atypical. Once the reference level is established, the equipment is conditioned with typical modulating signals to produce worst-case (i.e., the widest) bandwidth. In order to measure the modulated signal properly, a resolution bandwidth that is small compared to the bandwidth required by the procuring or regulatory agency shall be used on the measuring instrument. However, the 6 dB resolution bandwidth of the measuring instrument shall be set to a value greater than 5% of the bandwidth requirements.



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### 8.7.5 Result

The measured 20 dB bandwidth is: 61.0 kHz Channel 1  
The measured 20 dB bandwidth is: 60.6 kHz Channel 2  
The measured 20 dB bandwidth is: 60.8 kHz Channel 3

The equipment meets the requirements	Yes	<del>No</del>	<del>N.t.</del>
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Further test results are attached	Yes	<del>No</del>	Annex no. 3
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N.t.\* See page no. 34

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## 9. Additional information to the test report

### Remarks

N.t. <sup>1</sup>	Not tested, because the antenna is part of the PCB
N.t. <sup>2</sup>	Not tested, because the EUT is directly battery powered
N.t. <sup>3</sup>	Not tested, because not applicable for this type of equipment
N.t. <sup>4</sup>	Not tested, because not ordered

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**End of test report**