



**MET Laboratories, Inc.** *Safety Certification - EMI - Telecom Environmental Simulation*

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April 20, 2011

OEM Controls, Inc.  
10 Controls Drive  
Shelton, CT 06484

Dear David Student,

Enclosed is the EMC Wireless test report for compliance testing of the OEM Controls, Inc., ST-570 RFID Cube as tested to the requirements of Title 47 of the CFR, Ch. 1 (10-1-06 ed.), Part 15, Subpart B, ICES-003, Issue 4 February 2004 for a Class A Digital Device and FCC Part 15 Subpart C, RSS-210, Issue 8, Dec. 2010 for Intentional Radiators.

Thank you for using the services of MET Laboratories, Inc. If you have any questions regarding these results or if MET can be of further service to you, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely yours,  
MET LABORATORIES, INC.

Jennifer Warnell  
Documentation Department

Reference: (\OEM Controls, Inc.\EMC30866A-FCC247 Rev. 1)

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## **Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria Test Report**

for the

**OEM Controls, Inc.  
ST-570 RFID Cube**

**Tested under**  
the FCC Certification Rules  
contained in  
Title 47 of the CFR, Parts 15 Subpart B & ICES-003  
for Class A Digital Devices  
&  
15.247 Subpart C & RSS-210, Issue 8, Dec. 2010  
for Intentional Radiators

**MET Report: EMC30866A-FCC247 Rev. 1**

April 20, 2011

**Prepared For:**

**OEM Controls, Inc.  
10 Controls Drive  
Shelton, CT 06484**

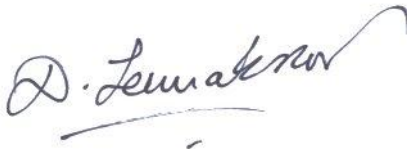
**Prepared By:**  
**MET Laboratories, Inc.**  
914 W. Patapsco Ave.  
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**OEM Controls, Inc.**  
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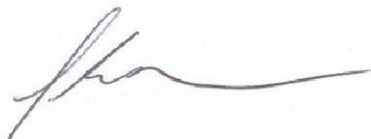


Dusmantha Tennakoon, Project Engineer  
Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab



Jennifer Warnell  
Documentation Department

**Engineering Statement:** The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of the FCC Rules Parts 15B, 15.247 and Industry Canada standards ICES-003, Issue 4 February 2004, RSS-210, Issue 8, Dec. 2010 under normal use and maintenance.



Shawn McMillen,  
Wireless Manager, Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab

## Report Status Sheet

Revision	Report Date	Reason for Revision
Ø	April 19, 2011	Initial Issue.
1	April 20, 2011	Revised to reflect correct EUT name.

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## List of Terms and Abbreviations

<b>AC</b>	<b>Alternating Current</b>
<b>ACF</b>	<b>Antenna Correction Factor</b>
<b>Cal</b>	<b>Calibration</b>
<b><i>d</i></b>	<b>Measurement Distance</b>
<b>dB</b>	<b>Decibels</b>
<b>dB<sub>μ</sub>A</b>	<b>Decibels above one microamp</b>
<b>dB<sub>μ</sub>V</b>	<b>Decibels above one microvolt</b>
<b>dB<sub>μ</sub>A/m</b>	<b>Decibels above one microamp per meter</b>
<b>dB<sub>μ</sub>V/m</b>	<b>Decibels above one microvolt per meter</b>
<b>DC</b>	<b>Direct Current</b>
<b>E</b>	<b>Electric Field</b>
<b>DSL</b>	<b>Digital Subscriber Line</b>
<b>ESD</b>	<b>Electrostatic Discharge</b>
<b>EUT</b>	<b>Equipment Under Test</b>
<b><i>f</i></b>	<b>Frequency</b>
<b>FCC</b>	<b>Federal Communications Commission</b>
<b>GRP</b>	<b>Ground Reference Plane</b>
<b>H</b>	<b>Magnetic Field</b>
<b>HCP</b>	<b>Horizontal Coupling Plane</b>
<b>Hz</b>	<b>Hertz</b>
<b>IEC</b>	<b>International Electrotechnical Commission</b>
<b>kHz</b>	<b>kilohertz</b>
<b>kPa</b>	<b>kilopascal</b>
<b>kV</b>	<b>kilovolt</b>
<b>LISN</b>	<b>Line Impedance Stabilization Network</b>
<b>MHz</b>	<b>Megahertz</b>
<b>μH</b>	<b>microhenry</b>
<b>μ</b>	<b>microfarad</b>
<b>μs</b>	<b>microseconds</b>
<b>NEBS</b>	<b>Network Equipment-Building System</b>
<b>PRF</b>	<b>Pulse Repetition Frequency</b>
<b>RF</b>	<b>Radio Frequency</b>
<b>RMS</b>	<b>Root-Mean-Square</b>
<b>TWT</b>	<b>Traveling Wave Tube</b>
<b>V/m</b>	<b>Volts per meter</b>
<b>VCP</b>	<b>Vertical Coupling Plane</b>



# **I. Executive Summary**

## A. Purpose of Test

An EMC evaluation was performed to determine compliance of the OEM Controls, Inc. ST-570 RFID Cube, with the requirements of Part 15, §15.247. All references are to the most current version of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations in effect. In accordance with §2.1033, the following data is presented in support of the Certification of the ST-570 RFID Cube. OEM Controls, Inc. should retain a copy of this document which should be kept on file for at least two years after the manufacturing of the ST-570 RFID Cube, has been **permanently** discontinued.

## B. Executive Summary

The following tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with Part 15, §15.247, in accordance with OEM Controls, Inc., quote number 1OEM2001R1. All tests were conducted using measurement procedure ANSI C63.4-2003.

FCC Reference 47 CFR Part 15.247:2005	IC Reference RSS-210 Issue 8: 2010	Description	Compliance
47 CFR Part 15.107 (a)	ICES-003 Issue 4 February 2004	Conducted Emission Limits for a Class A Digital Device	Not Applicable
47 CFR Part 15.109 (a)	ICES-003 Issue 4 February 2004	Radiated Emission Limits for a Class A Digital Device	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.203	N/A	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.207(a)	RSS-210(7.2.2)	Conducted Emission Limits	Not Applicable
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(a)(2)	RSS-Gen(4.6)	6dB Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant
		99% Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(b)	RSS-210(A8.4)	Peak Power Output	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d); §15.209; §15.205	RSS-210(A8.5)	Radiated Spurious Emissions Requirements	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15; §15.247(e)	RSS-210(A8.3)	Peak Power Spectral Density	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(i)	RSS-Gen(5.5)	Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)	Compliant
N/A	RSS-Gen(4.8)	Receiver Spurious Emissions	Compliant

**Table 1. Executive Summary of EMC Part 15.247 Compliance Testing**

## II. Equipment Configuration

## A. Overview

MET Laboratories, Inc. was contracted by OEM Controls, Inc. to perform testing on the ST-570 RFID Cube, under OEM Controls, Inc.'s quote number 1OEM2001R1.

This document describes the test setups, test methods, required test equipment, and the test limit criteria used to perform compliance testing of the OEM Controls, Inc., ST-570 RFID Cube.

The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.

<b>Model(s) Tested:</b>	ST-570 RFID Cube	
<b>Model(s) Covered:</b>	ST-570 RFID Cube	
<b>EUT Specifications:</b>	Primary Power: 12 VDC	
	FCC ID: YD7-ST570RFID IC: 8901A-ST570RFID	
	Type of Modulations:	DSSS
	Equipment Code:	DTS
	Peak RF Output Power:	-3.38 dBm EIRP
	EUT Frequency Ranges:	2405 – 2480 MHz
<b>Analysis:</b>	The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.	
<b>Environmental Test Conditions:</b>	Temperature: 15-35° C	
	Relative Humidity: 30-60%	
	Barometric Pressure: 860-1060 mbar	
<b>Evaluated by:</b>	Dusmantha Tennakoon	
<b>Report Date(s):</b>	April 20, 2011	

**Table 2. EUT Summary Table**

## B. References

<b>CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C</b>	Federal Communication Commission, Code of Federal Regulations, Title 47, Part 15: General Rules and Regulations, Allocation, Assignment, and Use of Radio Frequencies
<b>RSS-210, Issue 8, Dec. 2010</b>	Low-power Licence-exempt Radiocommunications Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment
<b>CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart B</b>	Electromagnetic Compatibility: Criteria for Radio Frequency Devices
<b>ICES-003, Issue 4 February 2004</b>	Electromagnetic Compatibility: Criteria for Radio Frequency Devices
<b>ANSI C63.4:2003</b>	Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical And Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
<b>ANSI/NCSL Z540-1-1994</b>	Calibration Laboratories and Measuring and Test Equipment - General Requirements
<b>ANSI/ISO/IEC 17025:2000</b>	General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories
<b>ANSI C63.10-2009</b>	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices

**Table 3. References**

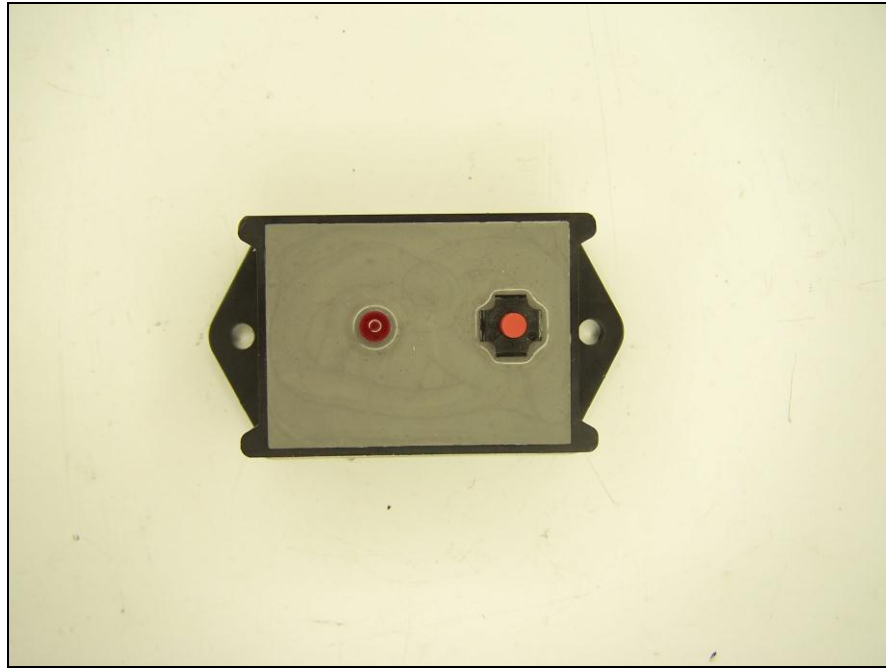
## C. Test Site

All testing was performed at MET Laboratories, Inc., 914 W. Patapsco Ave., Baltimore, MD 21230. All equipment used in making physical determinations is accurate and bears recent traceability to the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Radiated Emissions measurements were performed in a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber (equivalent to an Open Area Test Site). In accordance with §2.948(a)(3), a complete site description is contained at MET Laboratories.

## D. Description of Test Sample

The OEM Controls, Inc. ST-570 RFID Cube, Equipment Under Test (EUT), is a Zigbee radio product that attaches to a piece of customer equipment and is used to link information collected by other ST products to the specific piece of equipment.



Photograph 1. OEM Controls, Inc. ST-570 RFID Cube

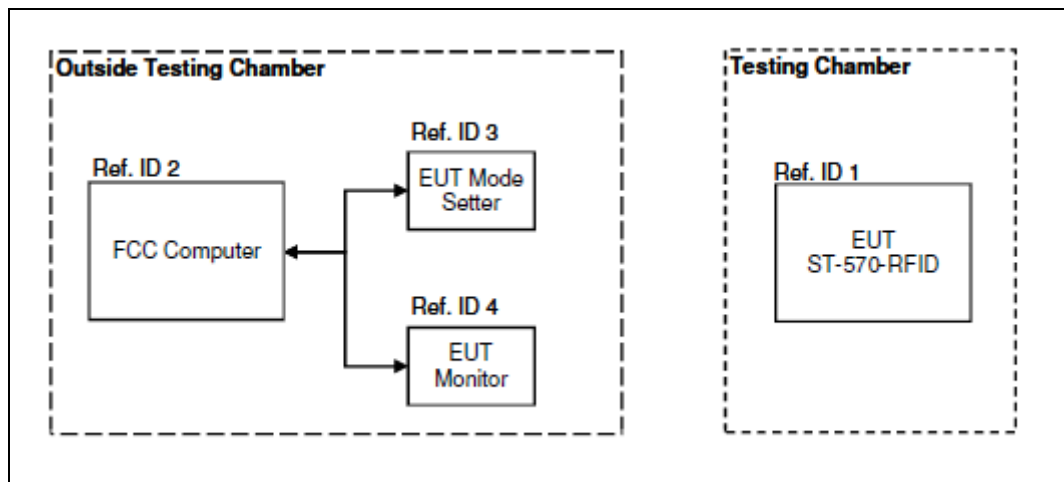


Figure 1. Block Diagram of Test Configuration

## E. Equipment Configuration

The EUT was set up as outlined in Figure 1, Block Diagram of Test Setup. All cards, racks, etc., incorporated as part of the EUT is included in the following list.

Ref. ID	Name / Description	Model Number	Serial Number
1	ST-570 RFID Cube	ST-570 RFID	319413001

Table 4. Equipment Configuration

## F. Support Equipment

Support equipment necessary for the operation and testing of the EUT is included in the following list.

Ref. ID	Name / Description	Manufacturer	Model Number
2	FCC Computer	Mobile Demand	xTablet T7000
3	EUT Mode Setter	OEM Controls	N/A
4	EUT Monitor	OEM Controls	N/A

Table 5. Support Equipment

## G. Ports and Cabling Information

The EUT did not require any ports and cabling information for operation or monitoring.

## H. Mode of Operation

The EUT will be capable of 100% duty cycle continuous transmit mode and continuous receive mode on any channel.

## I. Method of Monitoring EUT Operation

Monitoring to ensure the EUT is in its desired mode will be done through an accompanying laptop computer.

## J. Modifications

- a) **Modifications to EUT**  
No modifications were made to the EUT.
- b) **Modifications to Test Standard**  
No modifications were made to the test standard.

## K. Disposition of EUT

The test sample including all support equipment submitted to the Electro-Magnetic Compatibility Lab for testing was returned to OEM Controls, Inc. upon completion of testing.

### **III. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Unintentional Radiators**



## Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria

### § 15.107 Conducted Emissions Limits

**Test Requirement(s):** **15.107 (a)** Except for Class A digital devices, for equipment that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 6. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals.

**15.107 (b)** For a Class A digital device that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 6. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals. The lower limit applies at the band edges.

**15.207(a)**, Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section\*, charging, AC adapters or battery eliminators the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the Table 6, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequencies ranges.

Frequency range (MHz)	Class A Conducted Limits (dB $\mu$ V)		*Class B Conducted Limits (dB $\mu$ V)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average	Quasi-Peak	Average
* 0.15- 0.45	79	66	66 - 56	56 - 46
0.45 - 0.5	79	66	56	46
0.5 - 30	73	60	60	50
Note 1 — The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies. Note 2 — The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm if the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.5 MHz. * -- Limits per Subsection 15.207(a).				

**Table 6. Conducted Limits for Radio Frequency Devices calculated from FCC Part 15 Subsections 15.107(a) (b) and 15.207(a)**

**Test Results:** The EUT was not applicable with the Class A requirement(s) of this section. Device runs on vehicle battery.

## Radiated Emission Limits

### § 15.109 Radiated Emissions Limits

**Test Requirement(s):** **15.109 (a)** Except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the Class B limits expressed in Table 7.

**15.109 (b)** The field strength of radiated emissions from a Class A digital device, as determined at a distance of 10 meters, shall not exceed the Class A limits expressed in Table 7.

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	
	§15.109 (b), Class A Limit (dBμV) @ 10m	§15.109 (a), Class B Limit (dBμV) @ 3m
30 - 88	39.00	40.00
88 - 216	43.50	43.50
216 - 960	46.40	46.00
Above 960	49.50	54.00

**Table 7. Radiated Emissions Limits calculated from FCC Part 15, §15.109 (a) (b)**

**Test Procedures:** The EUT was placed on a non-metallic table, 80 cm above the ground plane inside a semi-anechoic chamber. The method of testing and test conditions of ANSI C63.4 were used. An antenna was located 3 m from the EUT on an adjustable mast. A pre-scan was first performed in order to find prominent radiated emissions. For final emissions measurements at each frequency of interest, the EUT was rotated and the antenna height was varied between 1 m and 4 m in order to maximize the emission. Measurements in both horizontal and vertical polarities were made and the data was recorded. Unless otherwise specified, measurements were made using a quasi-peak detector with a 120 kHz bandwidth.

**Test Results:** The EUT was compliant with the Class A requirement(s) of this section. Measured emissions were below applicable limits.

**Test Engineer(s):** Dusmantha Tennakoon

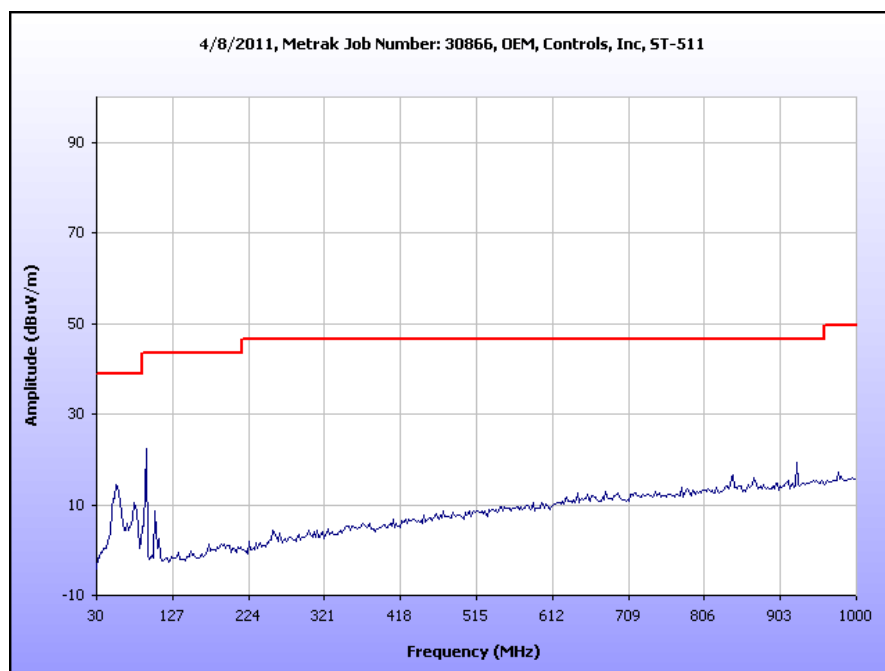
**Test Date(s):** 04/08/11

## Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, Class A

Frequency (MHz)	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Antenna HEIGHT (m)	Uncorrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Antenna Correction Factor (dB) (+)	Cable Loss (dB) (+)	Distance Correction Factor (dB) (-)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
95.103457	347	H	2.83	10.71	8.83	0.23	10.46	9.31	43.50	-34.19
95.103457	362	V	1.00	24.96	8.83	0.23	10.46	23.56	43.50	-19.94
57.066132	361	H	1.00	5.34	7.49	0.23	10.46	2.60	39.00	-36.40
57.066132	184	V	1.00	11.93	7.49	0.23	10.46	9.19	39.00	-29.81

**Table 8. Radiated Emissions Limits, Test Results, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, FCC Limits**

Note: The EUT was tested at 3 m.



**Plot 1. Radiated Emissions, 30 MHz - 1 GHz, FCC Limits**

## Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, Class A

Frequency (MHz)	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Antenna HEIGHT (m)	Uncorrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Antenna Correction Factor (dB) (+)	Cable Loss (dB) (+)	Distance Correction Factor (dB) (-)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
95.103457	347	H	2.83	10.71	8.83	0.23	10.46	9.31	40.00	-30.69
95.103457	362	V	1.00	24.96	8.83	0.23	10.46	23.56	40.00	-16.44
57.066132	361	H	1.00	5.34	7.49	0.23	10.46	2.60	40.00	-37.40
57.066132	184	V	1.00	11.93	7.49	0.23	10.46	9.19	40.00	-30.81

**Table 9. Radiated Emissions Limits, Test Results, ICES-003 Limits**

Note: The EUT was tested at 3 m.

## Radiated Emission Limits Test Setup



**Photograph 2. Radiated Emissions, Test Setup**

## **IV. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators**

## Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

### § 15.203      Antenna Requirement

**Test Requirement:**      § 15.203: An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with Section 15.203 of the Rules. Section 15.203 states that the subject device must meet at least one of the following criteria:

- a.) Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b.) Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.
- c.) Unit must be professionally installed. Installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

**Results:**      The EUT as tested is compliant the criteria of §15.203. The antenna is an integrated F-mode antenna.

**Test Engineer(s):**      Dusmantha Tennakoon

**Test Date(s):**      04/05/11

## Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

### § 15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Limits

**Test Requirement(s):** § 15.207 (a): For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50  $\Omega$  line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency range (MHz)	§ 15.207(a), Conducted Limit (dB $\mu$ V)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average
* 0.15- 0.45	66 - 56	56 - 46
0.45 - 0.5	56	46
0.5 - 30	60	50

**Table 10. Conducted Limits for Intentional Radiators from FCC Part 15 § 15.207(a)**

**Test Results:** The EUT was not applicable with this requirement. The EUT is battery operated.



## Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

### § 15.247(a)(2) 6 dB and 99% Bandwidth

**Test Requirements:** § 15.247(a)(2): Operation under the provisions of this section is limited to frequency hopping and digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions:

For systems using digital modulation techniques, the EUT may operate in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

**Test Procedure:** The transmitter was on and transmitting at the highest output power. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using a RBW approximately 1% of the total emission bandwidth, VBW > RBW. The 6 dB Bandwidth was measured and recorded. The measurements were performed on the low, mid and high channels.

**Test Results** The EUT was compliant with § 15.247 (a)(2).

The 6 dB and 99% Bandwidth was determined from the plots on the following pages. Measurements were made radiated.

**Test Engineer(s):** Dusmantha Tennakoon

**Test Date(s):** 04/05/11

## Occupied Bandwidth Test Results

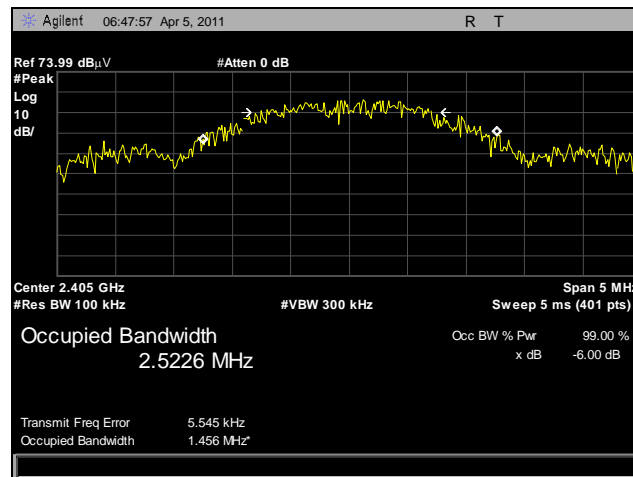
Occupied Bandwidth		
Carrier Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured 6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	2405	1.456
Mid	2440	1.581
High	2480	1.464

**Table 11. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Test Results**

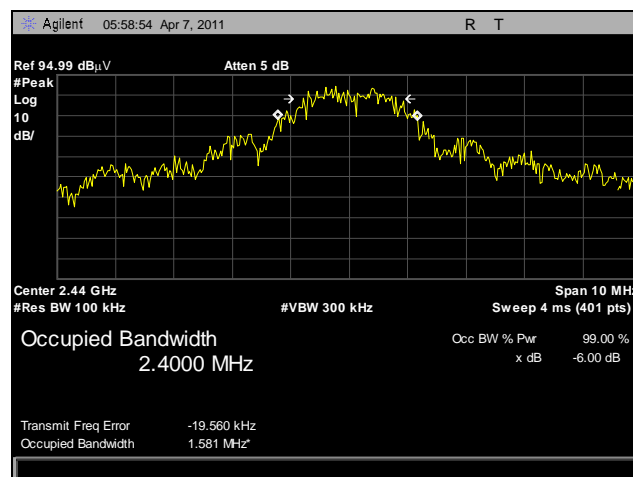
Occupied Bandwidth		
Carrier Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured 99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	2405	2.4639
Mid	2440	2.3232
High	2480	2.3898

**Table 12. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, Test Results**

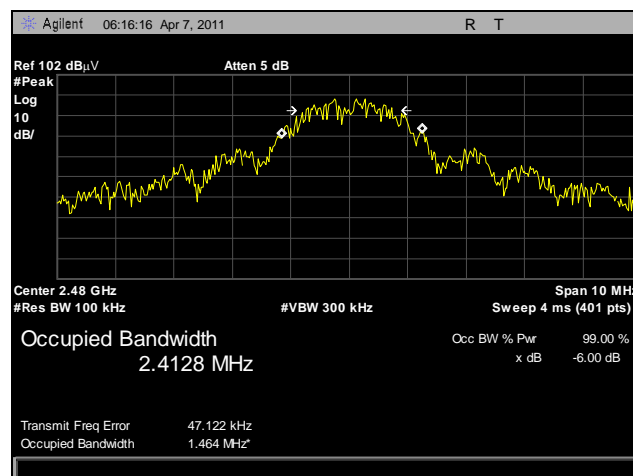
## Occupied Bandwidth Test Results



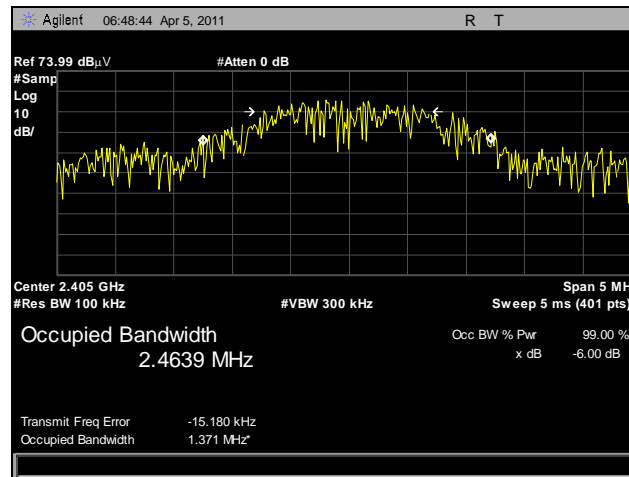
**Plot 2. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel**



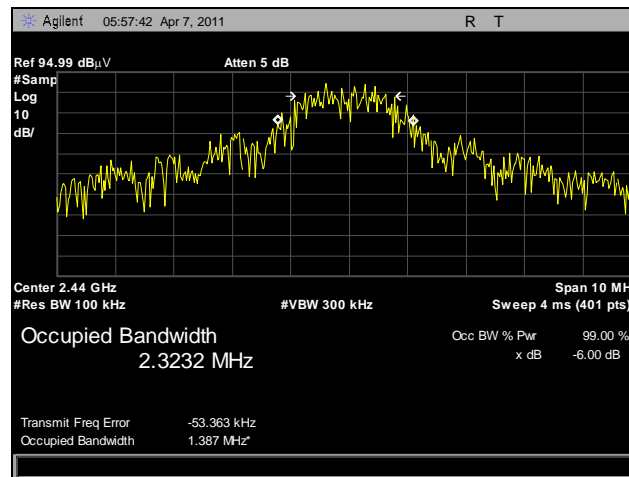
**Plot 3. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Mid Channel**



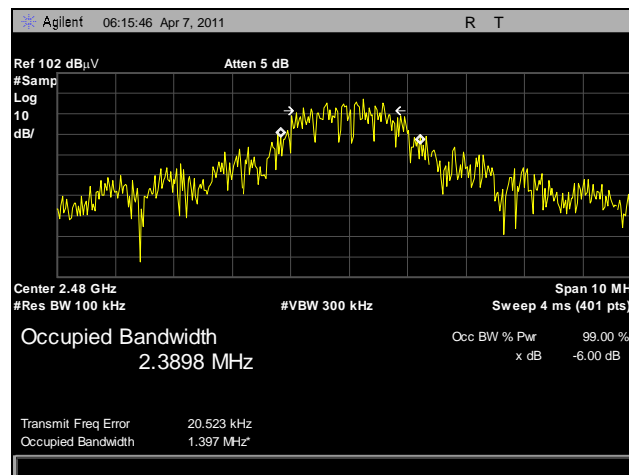
**Plot 4. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel**



**Plot 5. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel**



**Plot 6. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, Mid Channel**



**Plot 7. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel**

## Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

### § 15.247(b) Peak Power Output

**Test Requirements:** §15.247(b): The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

Digital Transmission Systems (MHz)	Output Limit (Watts)
902-928	1.000
2400-2483.5	1.000
5725- 5850	1.000

**Table 13. Output Power Requirements from §15.247(b)**

§15.247(c): if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the peak output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in the Table 13, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Systems operating in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz band and using a point to point application may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Systems operating in the 5725 – 5850 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter peak output power.

Fixed, point-to-point operation excludes the use of point-to-multipoint systems, Omni-directional applications, and multiple co-located intentional radiators transmitting the same information. The operator of the spread spectrum intentional radiator or, if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer is responsible for ensuring that the system is used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations. The instruction manual furnished with the intentional radiator shall contain language in the installation instructions informing the operator and the installer of this responsibility.

**Test Procedure:** The EUT was measured at the low, mid and high channels of each band at the maximum power level. The field strength of each channel was measured at 3m. Since the power of the fundamental is low a preamp was used. Then this field strength was used to calculate the EIRP from the following equation:

$$\text{EIRP} = \text{field strength (dBuV/m)} + 20\log(d) - 104.8 \text{ dBm}$$

**Test Results:** The EUT was compliant with the Peak Power Output limits of §15.247(b).

**Test Engineer(s):** Dusmantha Tennakoon

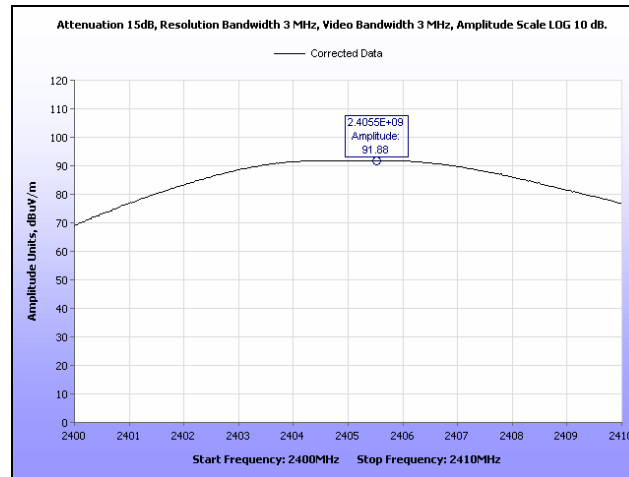
**Test Date(s):** 04/08/11

## Peak Power Output Test Results

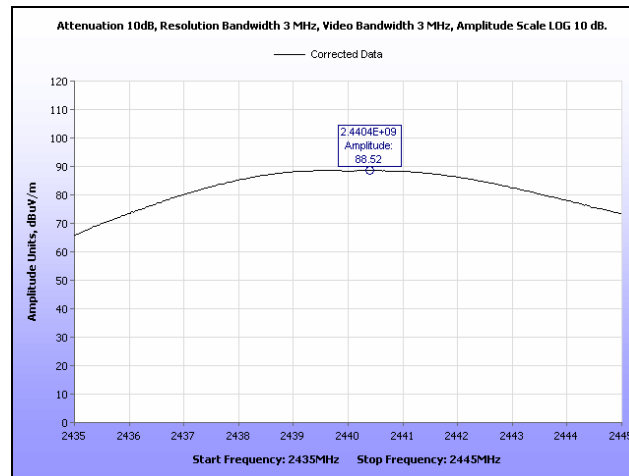
Channel	Frequency (GHz)	Measured Amplitude @ 3m (dBuV/m)	EIRP= $E_o+20\log(d)-104.8$ (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
1	2.405	91.88	-3.38	36
8	2.44	88.52	-6.74	36
16	2.48	89.7	-5.56	36

**Table 14. EIRP, Test Results**

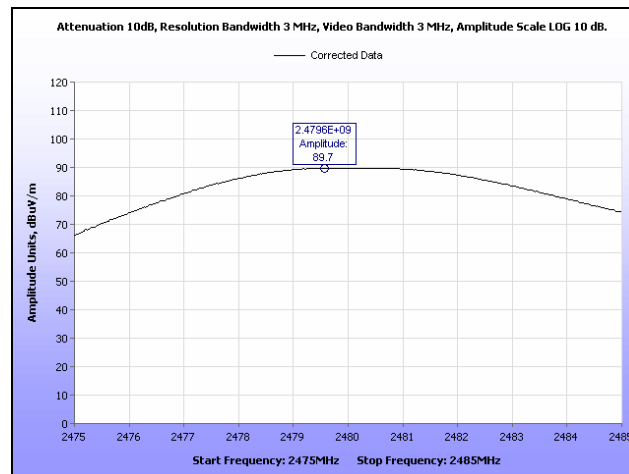
## Peak Power Output Test Results



**Plot 8. Peak Power Output, Low Channel**



**Plot 9. Peak Power Output, Mid Channel**



**Plot 10. Peak Power Output, High Channel**

## Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

### § 15.247(d) Radiated Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge

**Test Requirements:** §15.247(d); §15.205: Emissions outside the frequency band.

**§15.247(d):** In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a).

**§15.205(a):** Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090–0.110-----	16.42–16.423	399.9–410	4.5–5.15
<sup>1</sup> 0.495–0.505-----	16.69475–16.69525	608–614	5.35–5.46
2.1735–2.1905-----	16.80425–16.80475	960–1240	7.25–7.75
4.125–4.128-----	25.5–25.67	1300–1427	8.025–8.5
4.17725–4.17775-----	37.5–38.25	1435–1626.5	9.0–9.2
4.20725–4.20775-----	73–74.6	1645.5–1646.5	9.3–9.5
6.215–6.218-----	74.8–75.2	1660–1710	10.6–12.7
6.26775–6.26825-----	108–121.94	1718.8–1722.2	13.25–13.4
6.31175–6.31225-----	123–138	2200–2300	14.47–14.5
8.291–8.294-----	149.9–150.05	2310–2390	15.35–16.2
8.362–8.366-----	156.52475–156.52525	2483.5–2500	17.7–21.4
8.37625–8.38675-----	156.7–156.9	2655–2900	22.01–23.12
8.41425–8.41475-----	162.0125–167.17	3260–3267	23.6–24.0
12.29–12.293-----	167.72–173.2	3332–3339	31.2–31.8
12.51975–12.52025-----	240–285	3345.8–3358.36	43–36.5
12.57675–12.57725-----	322–335.4	3600–4400	( <sup>2</sup> )

**Table 15. Restricted Bands of Operation**

<sup>1</sup> Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490 – 0.510 MHz.

<sup>2</sup> Above 38.6



**Test Requirement(s):** § 15.209 (a): Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in Table 16.

Frequency (MHz)	§ 15.209(a), Radiated Emission Limits (dB $\mu$ V) @ 3m
30 - 88	40.00
88 - 216	43.50
216 - 960	46.00
Above 960	54.00

**Table 16. Radiated Emissions Limits Calculated from FCC Part 15, § 15.209 (a)**

**Test Procedures:** The transmitter was turned on. Measurements were performed of the low, mid and high Channels. The EUT was rotated orthogonally through all three axes. Plots shown are corrected for antenna correction factor, preamp factors and cable loss.

**Test Results:** The EUT was compliant with the Radiated Spurious Emission limits of § 15.247(d).

**Test Engineer(s):** Dusmantha Tennakoon

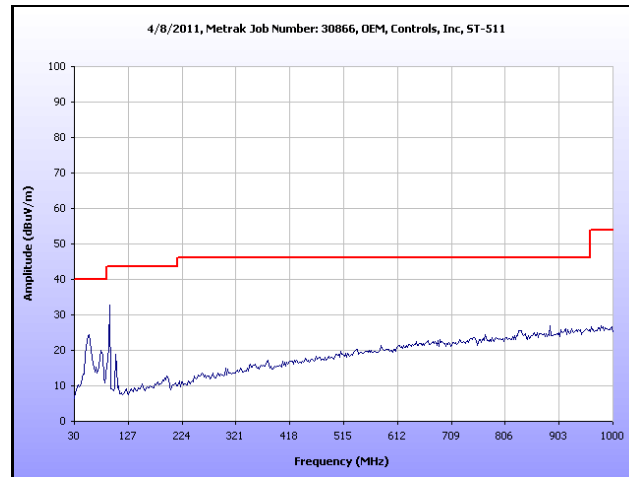
**Test Date(s):** 04/08/11

## Harmonic Emissions Requirements – Radiated

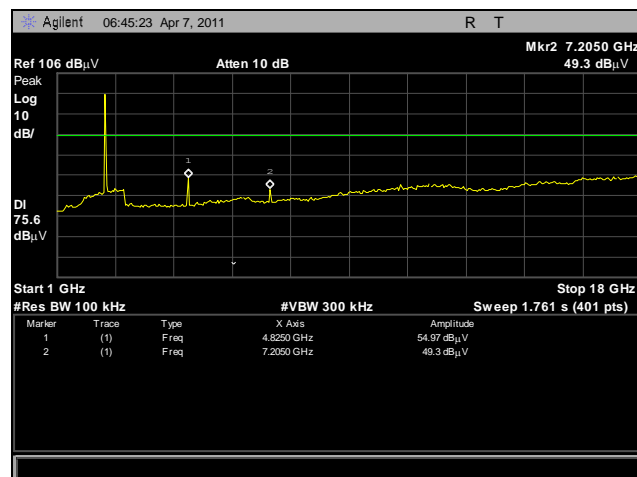
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Amplitude @ 3m (dBuV/m) Corrected	Detector	Limit @ 3m (dBuV/m)	Note
1	4810	46.14	Avg	54	Pass
	4810	54.4	Peak	74	Pass
8	4880	47.84	Peak	54	Meets Avg limit with Peak detector
16	4960	49.1	Peak	54	Meets Avg limit with Peak detector

**Table 17. Radiated Harmonic Emissions**

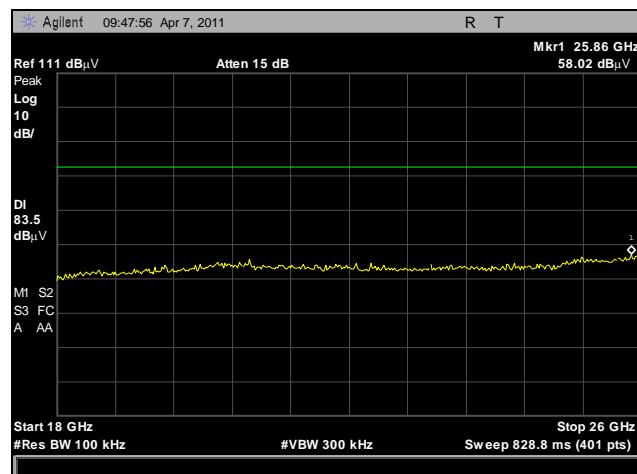
## Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Results



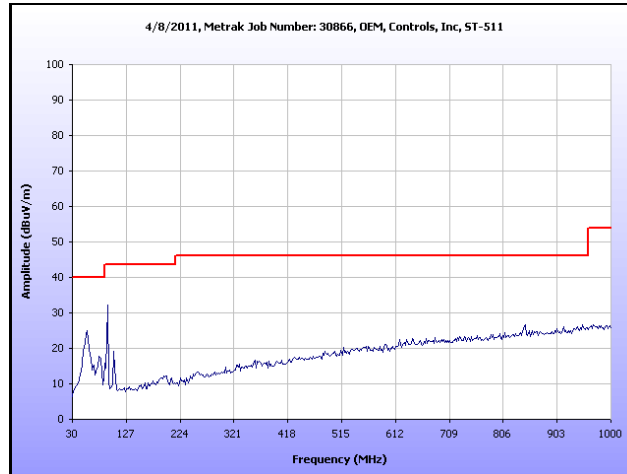
Plot 11. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



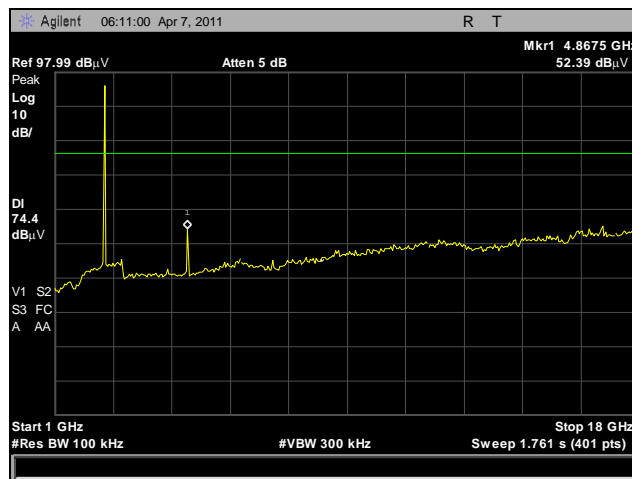
Plot 12. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, 20 dBc



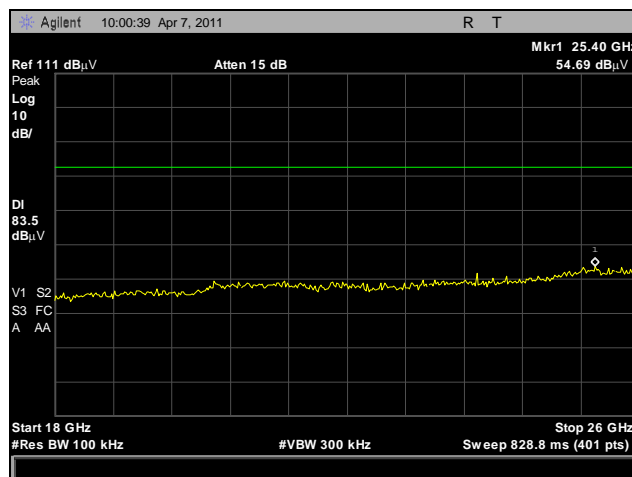
Plot 13. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 18 GHz – 26 GHz, 20 dBc



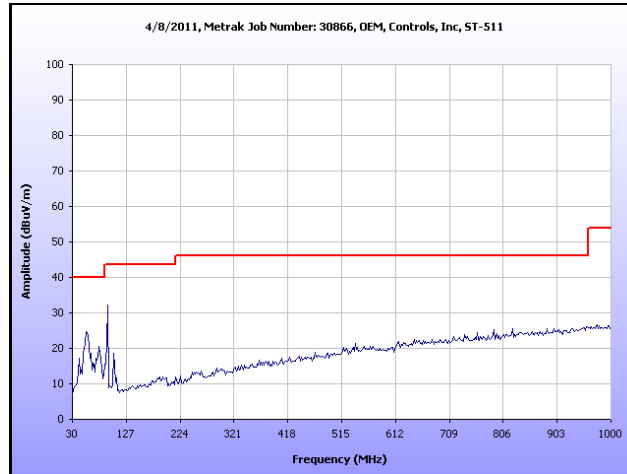
Plot 14. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



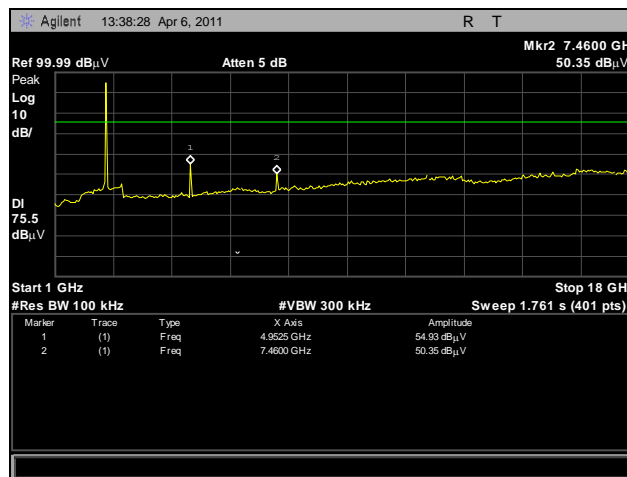
Plot 15. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, 20 dBc



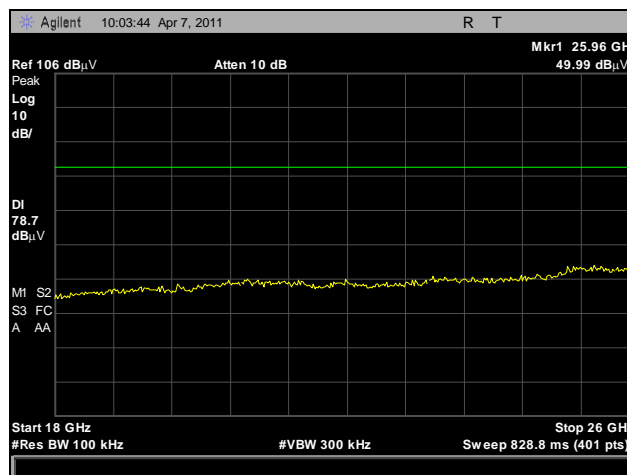
Plot 16. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 18 GHz – 26 GHz, 20 dBc



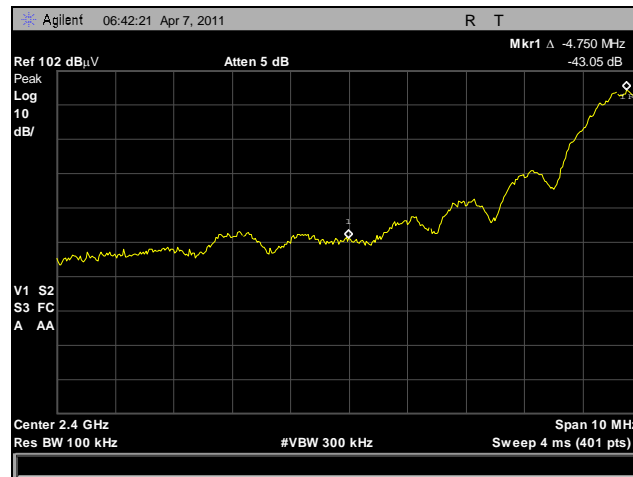
**Plot 17. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz**



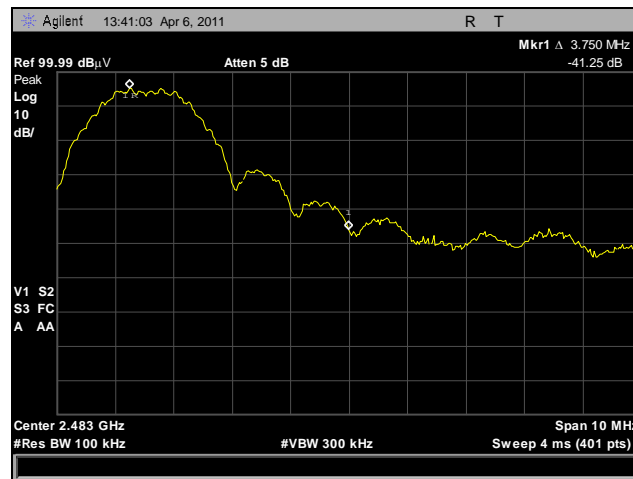
**Plot 18. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, 20 dBc**



**Plot 19. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 18 GHz – 26 GHz, dBc**



**Plot 20. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 20 dBc**

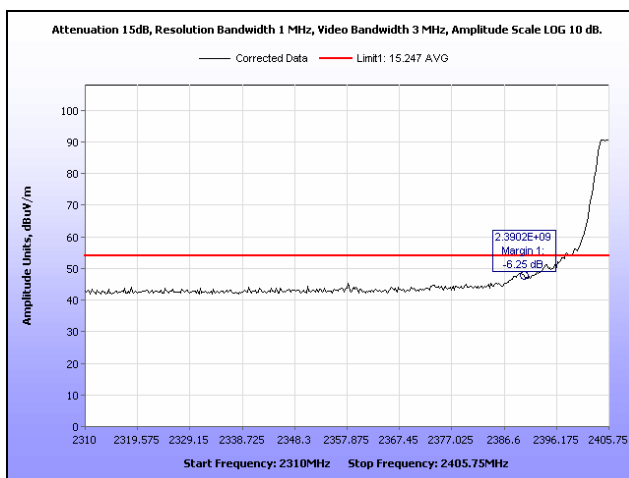


**Plot 21. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 20 dBc**

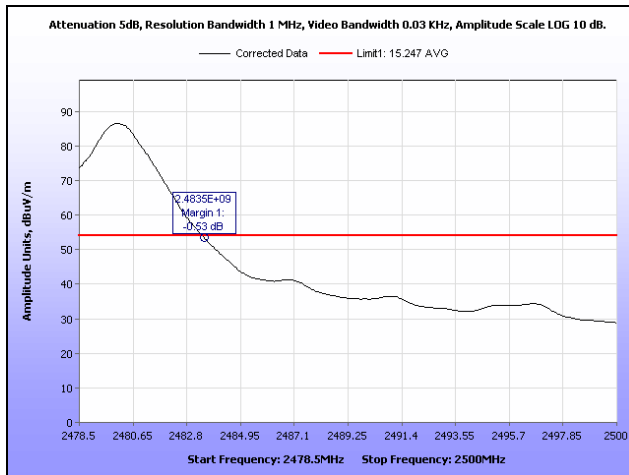
## Radiated Band Edge Measurements

### Test Procedures:

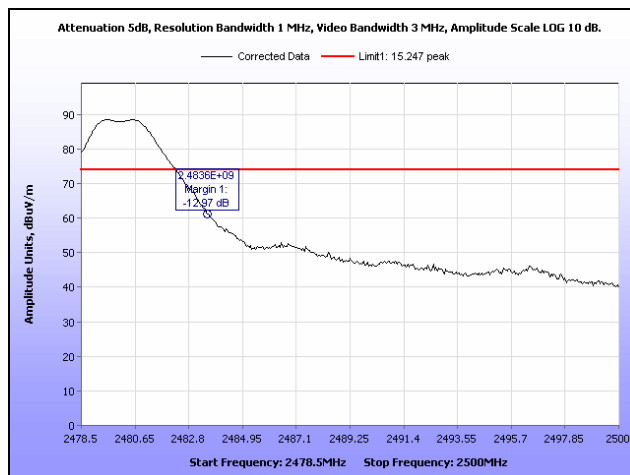
The transmitter was turned on. Measurements were performed of the low and high Channels. The EUT was rotated orthogonally through all three axes. Plots shown are corrected for both antenna correction factor, preamp factors and distance and compared to a 3 m limit line.



Plot 22. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Low Channel, Peak with Average Limit



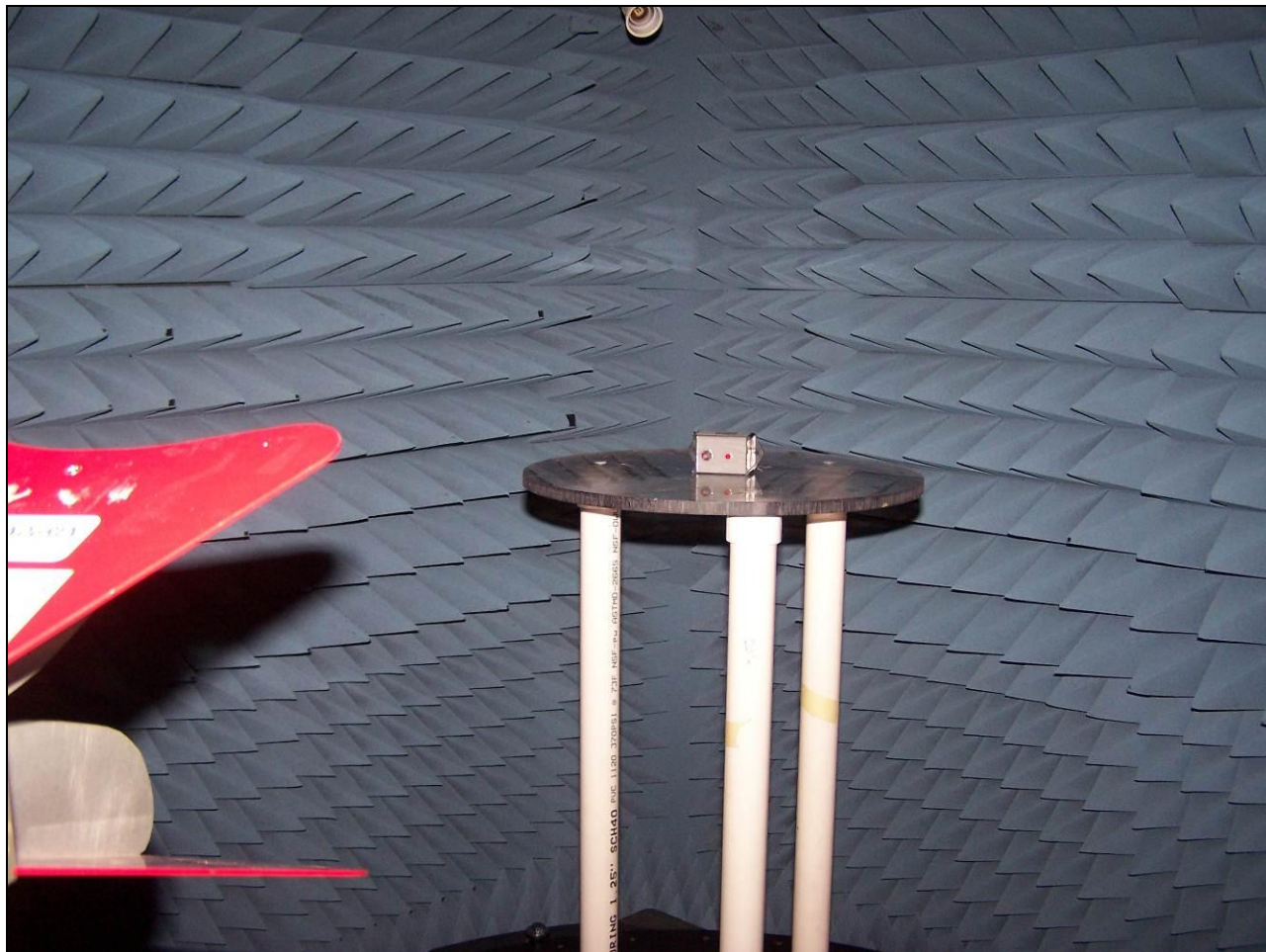
Plot 23. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, High Channel, Average



**Plot 24. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, High Channel, Peak**



## Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Setup



**Photograph 3. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Test Setup**

## Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

### § 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density

**Test Requirements:** §15.247(e): For digitally modulated systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

**Test Procedure:** Measurements were made radiated at 1m. The RBW was set to 3 kHz and a VBW set to 10 kHz. A peak detector was used. Measurements were carried out at the low, mid and high channels.

**Test Results:** The EUT was compliant with the peak power spectral density limits of § 15.247 (e).  
The peak power spectral density was determined from plots on the following page(s).

**Test Engineer:** Dusmantha Tennakoon

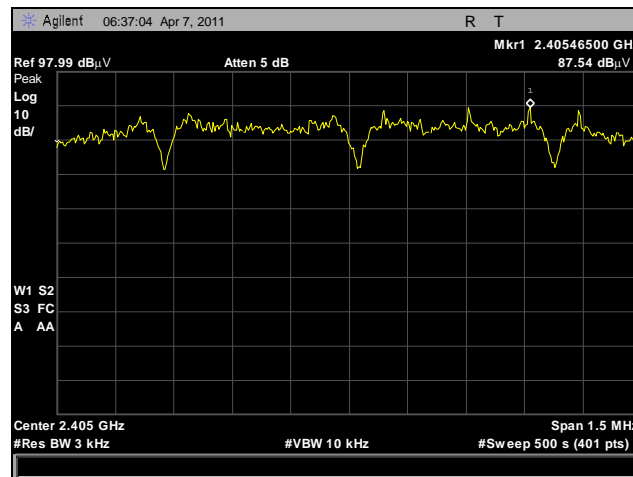
**Test Date:** 04/08/11

## Peak Power Spectral Density Test Results

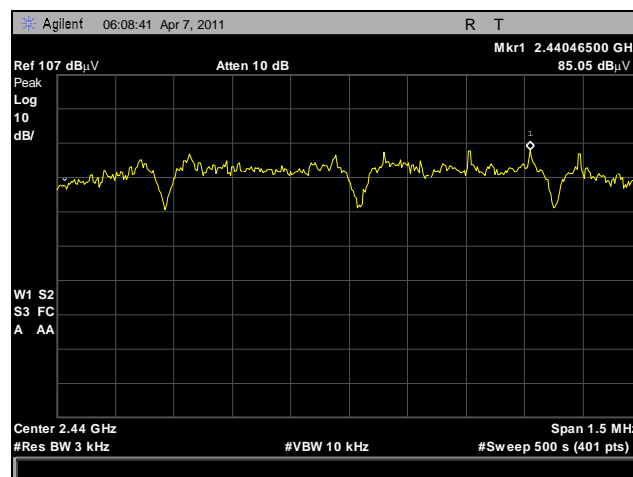
Channel	Frequency (GHz)	Measured Amplitude @ 1m (dBuV/m)	EIRP= $E_o+20\log(d)-104.8$ (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
1	2.405	87.54	-17.26	8
8	2.44	85.05	-19.75	8
16	2.48	86.34	-18.46	8

**Table 18. Peak Power Spectral Density, Test Results**

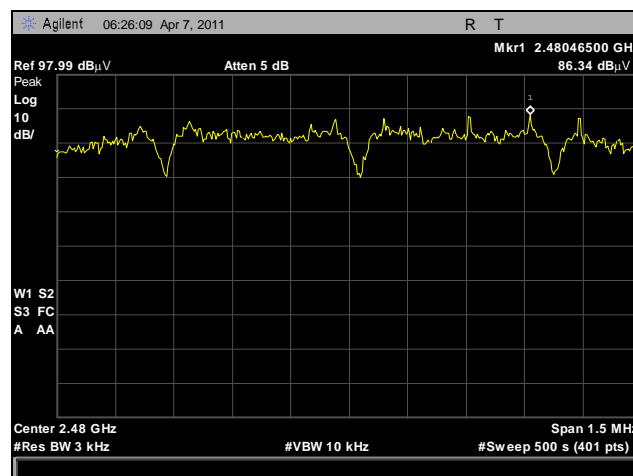
## Peak Power Spectral Density



Plot 25. Peak Power Spectral Density, Low Channel



Plot 26. Peak Power Spectral Density, Mid Channel



Plot 27. Peak Power Spectral Density, High Channel

## Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

### § 15.247(i) Maximum Permissible Exposure

**RF Exposure Requirements:** §1.1307(b)(1) and §1.1307(b)(2): Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

**RF Radiation Exposure Limit:** §1.1310: As specified in this section, the Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) Limit shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radiofrequency (RF) radiation as specified in Sec. 1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of Sec. 2.1093 of this chapter.

MPE Limit Calculation: EUT's operating frequencies between 2405 and 24800 MHz; Highest radiated power (EIRP) = -3.38 dBm. Therefore, **Limit for Uncontrolled exposure: 1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>**.

Equation from page 18 of OET 65, Edition 97-01

$$S = \text{EIRP} / 4\pi R^2$$

where,

S = Power Density mW/m<sup>2</sup>

EIRP = Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power

R = Distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (20 cm for Mobile minimum distance)

$$\text{EIRP} = 0.71 \text{ mW}$$

$$S = 0.46 / 4(3.1416)(20)^2$$

$$S = 0.00009 \text{ mW/cm}^2$$

Therefore, EUT meets the Uncontrolled Exposure limit @ 20 cm.

## Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

### RSS-GEN Receiver Spurious Emissions Requirements

**Test Requirements:** The following receiver spurious emission limits shall be complied with:

- (a) If a radiated measurement is made, all spurious emissions shall comply with the limits of Table 19.

Spurious Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolt/m at 3 metres)
30 – 88	100
88 – 216	150
216 – 960	200
Above 960	500

**Table 19. Spurious Emission Limits for Receivers**

- (b) If a conducted measurement is made, no spurious output signals appearing at the antenna terminals shall exceed 2 nanowatts per any 4 kHz spurious frequency in the band 30-1000 MHz, or 5 nanowatts above 1 GHz.

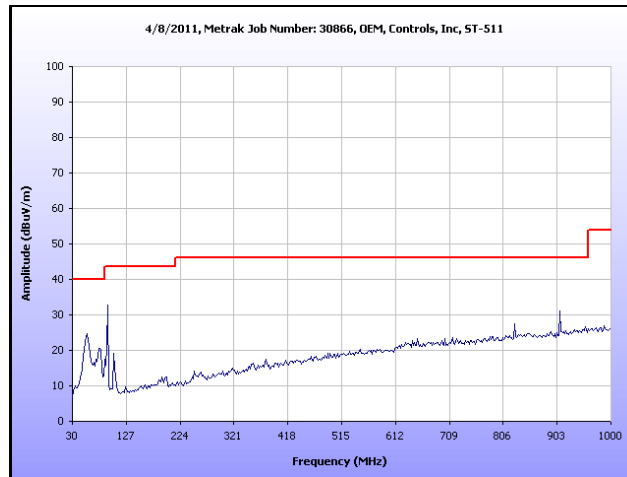
**Test Procedures:** The EUT was programmed for receive mode only. Radiated measurements were taken. All plots are corrected for cable loss, antenna correction factor and distance (if applicable). Measurements below 1 GHz were made at 3m and above 1 GHz the measurements were made at 1m.

**Test Results:** Equipment is compliant with the Receiver Spurious Emissions Requirements of RSS-GEN.

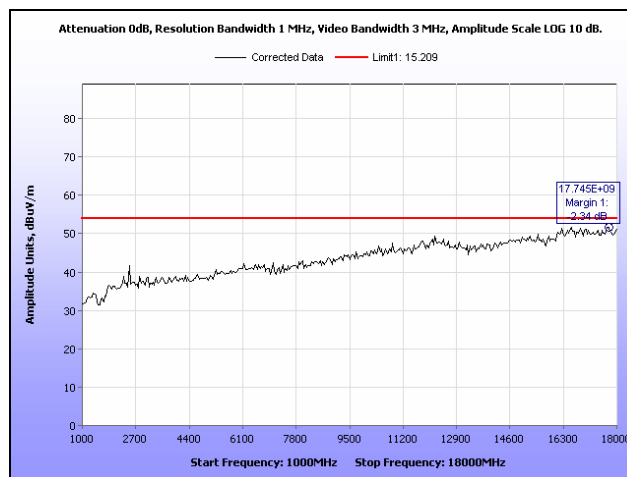
**Test Engineer(s):** Dusmantha Tennakoon

**Test Date(s):** 04/05/11

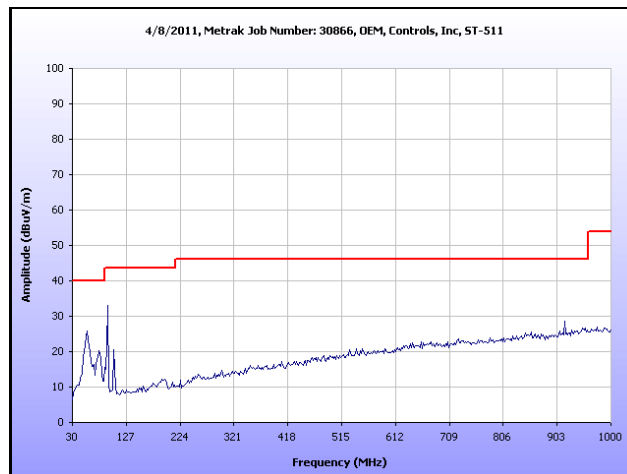
## Conducted Receiver Spurious Emissions



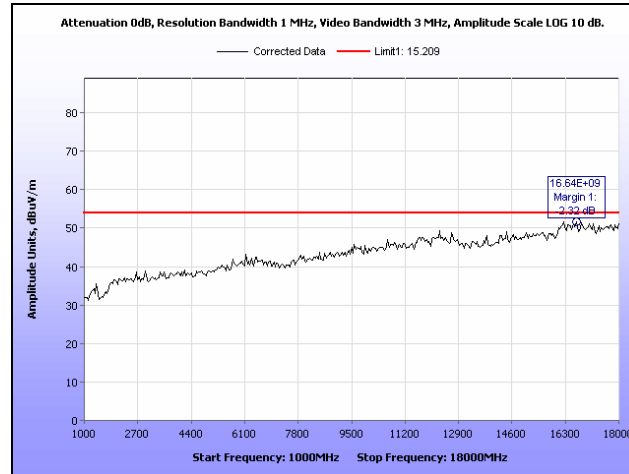
Plot 28. Receiver Spurious Emission, Low Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



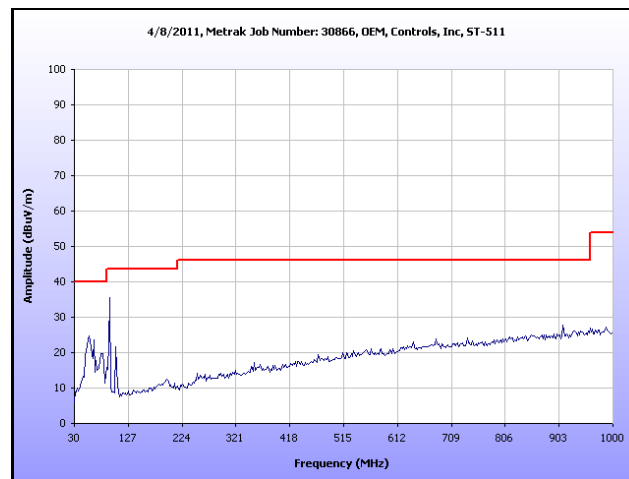
Plot 29. Receiver Spurious Emission, Low Channel, 1 GHz – 18 GHz



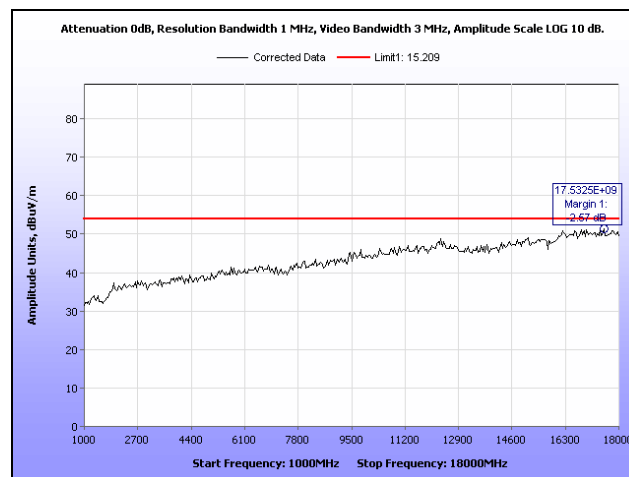
Plot 30. Receiver Spurious Emission, Mid Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



**Plot 31. Receiver Spurious Emission, Mid Channel, 1 GHz – 18 GHz**



**Plot 32. Receiver Spurious Emission, High Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz**



**Plot 33. Receiver Spurious Emission, High Channel, 1 GHz – 18 GHz**



## IV. Test Equipment

## Test Equipment

Calibrated test equipment utilized during testing was maintained in a current state of calibration per the requirements of ANSI/NCSL Z540-1-1994 and ANSI/ISO/IEC 17025:2000.

MET Asset #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date
1T4621	ESA-E SERIES SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT	E4402B	05/10/2010	05/10/2011
1T4752	PRE-AMPLIFIER	MITEQ	JS44-18004000-35-8P	SEE NOTE	
1T4149	HIGH-FREQUENCY ANECHOIC CHAMBER	RAY-PROOF	81	SEE NOTE	
1T4300	SEMI-ANECHOIC CHAMBER # 1	EMC TEST SYSTEMS	NONE	08/23/2010	08/23/2011
1T4409	EMI RECEIVER	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESIB7	05/25/2010	05/25/2011
1T4483	ANTENNA; HORN	ETS-LINDGREN	3117	06/08/2010	06/08/2011
1T4744	ANTENNA, HORN	ETS-LINDGREN	3116	05/27/2010	05/27/2011
1T4737	HIGH FREQUENCY PREAMP	MITEQ	AFS42-01001800	SEE NOTE	
1T4592	RF FILTER KIT	VARIOUS	N/A	SEE NOTE	

**Table 20. Test Equipment List**

Note: Functionally tested equipment is verified using calibrated instrumentation at the time of testing.

## **V. Certification & User's Manual Information**

## Certification & User's Manual Information

### A. Certification Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart I — Marketing of Radio frequency devices:

#### § 2.801 Radio-frequency device defined.

As used in this part, a radio-frequency device is any device which in its operation is capable of Emitting radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means. Radio- frequency devices include, but are not limited to:

- (a) The various types of radio communication transmitting devices described throughout this chapter.
- (b) *The incidental, unintentional and intentional radiators defined in Part 15 of this chapter.*
- (c) The industrial, scientific, and medical equipment described in Part 18 of this chapter.
- (d) Any part or component thereof which in use emits radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means.

#### § 2.803 Marketing of radio frequency devices prior to equipment authorization.

- (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this chapter, no person shall sell or lease, or offer for sale or lease (including advertising for sale or lease), or import, ship or distribute for the purpose of selling or leasing or offering for sale or lease, any radio frequency device unless:
  - (1) In the case of a device subject to certification, such device has been authorized by the Commission in accordance with the rules in this chapter and is properly identified and labeled as required by §2.925 and other relevant sections in this chapter; or
  - (2) In the case of a device that is not required to have a grant of equipment authorization issued by the Commission, but which must comply with the specified technical standards prior to use, such device also complies with all applicable administrative (including verification of the equipment or authorization under a Declaration of Conformity, where required), technical, labeling and identification requirements specified in this chapter.
- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, the offer for sale solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical users (but not an offer for sale to other parties or to end users located in a residential environment) of a radio frequency device that is in the conceptual, developmental, design or pre-production stage is permitted prior to equipment authorization or, for devices not subject to the equipment authorization requirements, prior to a determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements *provided* that the prospective buyer is advised in writing at the time of the offer for sale that the equipment is subject to the FCC rules and that the equipment will comply with the appropriate rules before delivery to the buyer or to centers of distribution.

- (e)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, prior to equipment authorization or determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements any radio frequency device may be operated, but not marketed, for the following purposes and under the following conditions:
- (i) *Compliance testing;*
  - (ii) Demonstrations at a trade show provided the notice contained in paragraph (c) of this section is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
  - (iii) Demonstrations at an exhibition conducted at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical location, but excluding locations in a residential environment, provided the notice contained in paragraphs (c) or (d) of this section, as appropriate, is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
  - (iv) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability, provided such operation takes place at the manufacturer's facilities during developmental, design or pre-production states; or
  - (v) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability where customer acceptability of a radio frequency device cannot be determined at the manufacturer's facilities because of size or unique capability of the device, provided the device is operated at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical user's site, but not at a residential site, during the development, design or pre-production stages.
- (e)(2) For the purpose of paragraphs (e)(1)(iv) and (e)(1)(v) of this section, the term *manufacturer's facilities* includes the facilities of the party responsible for compliance with the regulations and the manufacturer's premises, as well as the facilities of other entities working under the authorization of the responsible party in connection with the development and manufacture, but not the marketing, of the equipment.
- (f) For radio frequency devices subject to verification and sold solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific and medical users (excluding products sold to other parties or for operation in a residential environment), parties responsible for verification of the devices shall have the option of ensuring compliance with the applicable technical specifications of this chapter at each end user's location after installation, provided that the purchase or lease agreement includes a proviso that such a determination of compliance be made and is the responsibility of the party responsible for verification of the equipment.

## Certification & User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart J — Equipment Authorization Procedures:

### § 2.901 Basis and Purpose

- (a) In order to carry out its responsibilities under the Communications Act and the various treaties and international regulations, and in order to promote efficient use of the radio spectrum, the Commission has developed technical standards for radio frequency equipment and parts or components thereof. The technical standards applicable to individual types of equipment are found in that part of the rules governing the service wherein the equipment is to be operated.<sup>1</sup> *In addition to the technical standards provided, the rules governing the service may require that such equipment be verified by the manufacturer or importer, be authorized under a Declaration of Conformity, or receive an equipment authorization from the Commission by one of the following procedures: certification or registration.*
- (b) The following sections describe the verification procedure, the procedure for a Declaration of Conformity, and the procedures to be followed in obtaining certification from the Commission and the conditions attendant to such a grant.

### § 2.907 Certification.

- (a) Certification is an equipment authorization issued by the Commission, based on representation and test data submitted by the applicant.
- (b) Certification attaches to all units subsequently marketed by the grantee which are identical (see Section 2.908) to the sample tested except for permissive changes or other variations authorized by the Commission pursuant to Section 2.1043.

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<sup>1</sup> In this case, the equipment is subject to the rules of Part 15. More specifically, the equipment falls under Subpart B (of Part 15), which deals with unintentional radiators.

## Certification & User's Manual Information

### § 2.948 Description of measurement facilities.

- (a) Each party making measurements of equipment that is subject to an equipment authorization under Part 15 or Part 18 of this chapter, regardless of whether the measurements are filed with the Commission or kept on file by the party responsible for compliance of equipment marketed within the U.S. or its possessions, shall compile a description of the measurement facilities employed.
- (1) If the measured equipment is subject to the verification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be retained by the party responsible for verification of the equipment.
- (i) *If the equipment is verified through measurements performed by an independent laboratory, it is acceptable for the party responsible for verification of the equipment to rely upon the description of the measurement facilities retained by or placed on file with the Commission by that laboratory. In this situation, the party responsible for the verification of the equipment is not required to retain a duplicate copy of the description of the measurement facilities.*
- (ii) If the equipment is verified based on measurements performed at the installation site of the equipment, no specific site calibration data is required. It is acceptable to retain the description of the measurement facilities at the site at which the measurements were performed.
- (2) If the equipment is to be authorized by the Commission under the certification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be filed with the Commission's Laboratory in Columbia, Maryland. The data describing the measurement facilities need only be filed once but must be updated as changes are made to the measurement facilities or as otherwise described in this section. At least every three years, the organization responsible for filing the data with the Commission shall certify that the data on file is current.

## Certification & User's Manual Information

### 1. Label and User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart A — General:

#### § 15.19 Labeling requirements.

(a) *In addition to the requirements in Part 2 of this chapter, a device subject to certification or verification shall be labeled as follows:*

- (1) Receivers associated with the operation of a licensed radio service, e.g., FM broadcast under Part 73 of this chapter, land mobile operation under Part 90, etc., shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the condition that this device does not cause harmful interference.

- (2) A stand-alone cable input selector switch, shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device is verified to comply with Part 15 of the FCC Rules for use with cable television service.

- (3) All other devices shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

*This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.*

- (4) Where a device is constructed in two or more sections connected by wires and marketed together, the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section is required to be affixed only to the main control unit.
- (5) When the device is so small or for such use that it is not practicable to place the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section on it, the information required by this paragraph shall be placed in a prominent location in the instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user or, alternatively, shall be placed on the container in which the device is marketed. However, the FCC identifier or the unique identifier, as appropriate, must be displayed on the device.

#### § 15.21 Information to user.

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.



## Verification & User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart B — Unintentional Radiators:

### § 15.105 Information to the user.

- (a) For a Class A digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at own expense.

- (b) For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

## ICES-003 Procedural & Labeling Requirements

From the Industry Canada Electromagnetic Compatibility Advisory Bulletin entitled, "Implementation and Interpretation of the Interference-Causing Equipment Standard for Digital Apparatus, ICES-003" (EMCAB-3, Issue 2, July 1995):

"At present, CISPR 22: 2002 and ICES technical requirements are essentially equivalent. Therefore, if you have CISPR 22: 2002 approval by meeting CISPR Publication 22, the only additional requirements are: to attach a note to the report of the test results for compliance, indicating that these results are deemed satisfactory evidence of compliance with ICES-003 of the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Regulations; to maintain these records on file for the requisite five year period; and to provide the device with a notice of compliance in accordance with ICES-003."

### Procedural Requirements:

According to Industry Canada's Interference Causing Equipment Standard for Digital Apparatus ICES-003 Issue 4, February 2004:

- Section 6.1: A record of the measurements and results, showing the date that the measurements were completed, shall be retained by the manufacturer or importer for a period of at least five years from the date shown in the record and made available for examination on the request of the Minister.
- Section 6.2: A written notice indicating compliance must accompany each unit of digital apparatus to the end user. The notice shall be in the form of a label that is affixed to the apparatus. Where because of insufficient space or other constraints it is not feasible to affix a label to the apparatus, the notice may be in the form of a statement in the user's manual.

### Labeling Requirements:

The suggested text for the notice, in English and in French, is provided below, from the Annex of ICES-003:

This Class [<sup>2</sup>] digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe [<sup>1</sup>] est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

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<sup>2</sup> Insert either A or B but not both as appropriate for the equipment requirements.

# End of Report