: Lenovo Mobile Communication Technology Ltd. APPLICANT

EQUIPMENT : Mobile Cellular Phone

BRAND NAME : Lenovo

MODEL NAME : Lenovo K53b36, Lenovo K53b37

FCC ID : YCNK53B3

STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

IEEE 1528-2013

This is a variant report which is only valid together with the original test report. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Prepared by: Mark Qu / Manager

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Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager



Report No. : FA691407

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Revision History

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REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA691407	Rev. 01	This is a variant report for Lenovo K53b36, Lenovo K53b37. The product equality declaration could be referred to Appendix E. All the test cases were performed in original report which can be referred to Sporton Report Number FA662005. Based on the original test report, only the worst cases were verified for the differences.	Oct. 31, 2016

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1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for Lenovo Mobile Communication Technology Ltd., Mobile Cellular Phone, Lenovo K53b36, Lenovo K53b37, are as follows.

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			High	nest 1g SAR Sumn	nary	Liberary
Equipment Class		equency Band	Head (Separation 0mm)	Hotspot (Separation 10mm)	Body-worn (Separation 10mm)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
				1g SAR (W/kg)		ig SAR (W/kg)
	GSM	GSM850	0.33	0.54	0.54	
	GSIVI	GSM1900	0.31	1.15	1.15	
		Band V	0.27	0.47	0.47	
	WCDMA	Band IV	0.57	1.13	1.13	
Licensed		Band II	0.18	0.67	0.67	1.36
		Band 5	0.26	0.44	0.44	
	LTE	Band 4	0.50	1.06	1.06	
	LIE	Band 2	0.18	0.98	0.98	
		Band 7	0.28	0.79	1.06	
DTS	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	0.52	<0.10	<0.10	1.19
DSS	Bluetooth	2.4GHz BT				1.36
	Date of Test	ing:		2016/09/23 -	- 2016/09/24	

Frequency	Highest SAR Summary
Band	Product Specific 10g SAR (W/kg) (Gap 0mm)
Band 7	2.79

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue; 10-gram SAR for Product Specific 10g SAR, limit: 4.0W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.

2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory					
Test Site SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC.					
Test Site Location	No. 3-2, PingXiang Road, Kunshan, Jiangsu Province, P. R. China TEL: +86-0512-5790-0158 FAX: +86-0512-5790-0958				

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	Applicant
Company Name	Lenovo Mobile Communication Technology Ltd.
Address	No.999, Qishan North 2nd Road, Information & Optoelectronics Park, Torch Hi-tech Industry Development Zone, Xiamen, P. R. China

Manufacturer						
Company Name	Motorola Mobility LLC					
Address	222 W. Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago IL 60654 USA					

3. Guidance Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC.

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

4.1 General Information

	Product Feature & Specification							
Equipment Name	Mobile Cellular Phone							
Brand Name	Lenovo							
Model Name	enovo K53b36, Lenovo K53b37							
FCC ID	CNK53B3							
IMEI Code	SIM1: 861901030037136 SIM2: 861901030037144							
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1712.4 MHz ~ 1752.6 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz							
Mode	- GSM/GPRS/EGPRS - RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps - HSDPA - HSUPA - DC-HSDPA - HSPA+ (16QAM uplink is not supported) - LTE - 802.11b/g/n HT20 - Bluetooth v3.0+EDR, Bluetooth v4.0 LE, Bluetooth v4.2 LE							
HW Version	82939_1_13							
SW Version	K53_S016_160729_ROW							
mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.							
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype							
Domorke								

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Remark:

- 1. 802.11n-HT40 is not supported in 2.4GHz WLAN.
- 2. This device 2.4GHz WLAN supports hotspot operation.
- This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), and LTE supports VoLTE operation.
- 4. This device supports GRPS/EGPRS mode up to multi-slot class33 and does not support DTM operation.
- 5. There are two different types of EUT. They are single SIM card mobile (Model Name: Lenovo K53b37) and dual SIM card mobile (Model Name: Lenovo K53b36). The others are the same including circuit design, PCB board, structure and all components. It is special to declare. After pre-scan two types of EUT, we found test result of the sample that dual SIM was the worst, so we chose dual SIM card mobile to perform all tests.
- 6. For dual SIM card mobile has 2 SIM slots and supports dual SIM dual Standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (Single active). After pre-scan two SIM cards power, we found test result of the SIM1 was the worse, so we chose dual SIM1 card to perform all tests.
- 7. Power reduction which is triggered by hotspot mode and it is implemented in LTE Band 7.



4.2 Accessories and Support Equipment

		Specification of Acc	essory					
AC Adoptor 1	Brand Name	Lenovo (Acbel)	Model Name	C-P35				
AC Adapter 1	Power Rating	I/P: 100-240Vac, 300mA	I/P: 100-240Vac, 300mA, O/P: 5.2Vdc, 2000mA					
AC Adoptor 2	Brand Name	Lenovo (Huntkey)	Model Name	C-P35				
AC Adapter 2	Power Rating	I/P: 100-240Vac, 500mA	, O/P: 5.2Vdc, 20	000mA				
Battery	Brand Name	Lenovo (SCUD)	Model Name	BL270				
Datter y	Power Rating	3.85Vdc, 4000mAh						
Earnhone	Brand Name	Lenovo (Cosonic)	Model Name	LS-118M				
Earphone	Signal Line Type	1.1 meter, non-shielded	1.1 meter, non-shielded cable, without ferrite core					
USB Cable 1	Brand Name	Lenovo(Starw)	Model Name	XJ-007070				
USB Cable I	Signal Line Type	1.0 meter, non-shielded	cable, without fer	rite core				
USB Cable 2	Brand Name	Lenovo(Saibao)	Model Name	SWT-A053A				
USB Cable 2	Signal Line Type	1.0 meter, non-shielded	cable, without fer	rite core				
LCD Panel	Brand Name	O-FILM	Model Name	MTF-055-2594-03TMA				
Camera_Front	Brand Name	Q-Tech	Model Name	FX219BQS				
Camera_Rear	Brand Name	Sunny	Model Name	A16S05J-200				
CTP Module	Brand Name	O-FILM	Model Name	Black: MCF-055-2594 White: MCF-055-2594 Golden: MCF-055-2594				

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4.3 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarized r	necessary item	s address	sed in Kl	DB 941	225 D05	v02r05		
FCC ID	YCNK53B3							
Equipment Name	Mobile Cellular Phone							
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 02: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 04: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 05: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 07: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz							
Channel Bandwidth	LTE Band 02:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 04:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 05:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 07: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz							
uplink modulations used	QPSK, and 160	MAQ						
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Data only							
		6.2.3-1: Ma		22 12 242 1		5 SC\$(10) 50 50 50 50		
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	Modulation	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	MPR (dB)
			WITZ					
	QPSK	>5	>4	>8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤1
	QPSK 16 QAM 16 QAM				> 12 ≤ 12 > 12	> 16 ≤ 16 > 16	> 18 ≤ 18 > 18	≤ 1 ≤ 1 ≤ 2
LTE A-MPR	In the base star to disable A-MF all TTI frames (>5 ≤5 >5 stion simular PR during Maximum	>4 ≤4 >4 ator confi SAR tes TTI)	>8 ≤8 >8 >8 guratio	≤ 12 > 12 n, Netwo d the LTE	≤ 16 > 16 rk Setting E SAR tes	≤ 18 > 18 y value is sts was t	set to NS_01 ransmitting on
	16 QAM 16 QAM In the base star to disable A-MF	>5 ≤5 >5 tion simula PR during Maximum figured ba therefore	>4 ≤4 >4 ator confi SAR tes TTI) ase static , spectru	>8 ≤8 >8 guratio ting and on simu	≤ 12 > 12 n, Netwo d the LTE llator was ts for e	≤ 16 > 16 rk Setting E SAR tes	≤ 18 > 18 g value is sts was t	set to NS_01 ransmitting on
LTE A-MPR	In the base state to disable A-MF all TTI frames (A properly conmeasurement; configuration at	>5 ≤5 >5 stion simula PR during Maximum figured ba therefore re not inclusivating in	>4 ≤4 >4 ator confi SAR tes TTI) ase static , spectruded in the	>8 ≤8 >8 guratio ting and on simu um plo ne SAR	≤ 12 > 12 n, Netwo d the LTE llator was ts for e report.	≤ 16 > 16 rk Setting E SAR tes s used fo ach RB	≤ 18 > 18 y value is sts was t or the SA allocation	set to NS_01 ransmitting on AR and power on and offset
LTE A-MPR Spectrum plots for RB configuration Power reduction applied to satisfy SAR	In the base state to disable A-MF all TTI frames (A properly conmeasurement; configuration at Yes, when ope	>5 ≤5 >5 stion simula PR during Maximum figured ba therefore re not inclusivating in	>4 ≤4 >4 ator confi SAR tes TTI) ase static , spectruded in the	>8 ≤8 >8 guratio ting and on simu um plo ne SAR	≤ 12 > 12 n, Netwo d the LTE llator was ts for e report.	≤ 16 > 16 rk Setting E SAR tes s used fo ach RB	≤ 18 > 18 y value is sts was t or the SA allocation	set to NS_01 ransmitting on AR and power on and offset

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			Transm	ission (H, I	M, L)	chan	nel numbe	rs and fred	uenc	ies in	each LTE	band			
							LTE Ba	and 2							
	Bandwidth	ո 1.4 MHz	Bandwid	th 3 MHz	MHz Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz Bandwidt		th 15 MHz Ban		ndwidth 20 MHz				
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch	. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)		Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)			Freq. (MHz)
L	18607	1850.7	18615	1851.5	186	325	1852.5	18650	18	55	18675	1857.5	187	00	1860
M	18900	1880	18900	1880	189	900	1880	18900	18	80	18900	1880	189	00	1880
Н	19193	1909.3	19185	1908.5	191	75	1907.5	19150	19	05	19125	1902.5	191	00	1900
							LTE Ba	and 4							
	Bandwidth	า 1.4 MHz	Bandwid	th 3 MHz	Bar	ndwid	th 5 MHz	Bandwidt	h 10 N	ЛНz	Bandwidt	h 15 MHz	Band	dwidtl	h 20 MHz
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #		Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Fre (Mł		Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch.	. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	19957	1710.7	19965	1711.5	199	975	1712.5	20000	17	15	20025	1717.5	200	50	1720
Μ	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	201	75	1732.5	20175	173	2.5	20175	1732.5	201	75	1732.5
Н	20393	1754.3	20385	1753.5	203	375	1752.5	20350	17	50	20325	1747.5	203	00	1745
							LTE Ba	and 5							
	Ban	dwidth 1.4	4 MHz	Bar	ndwid	th 3 N	ИHz	Ва	ndwid	th 5 N	ЛHz	Bar	ndwidth	ո 10 l	ИHz
	Ch. #	F	req. (MHz)	Ch. #		Fre	eq. (MHz)	Ch. # Fro		eq. (MHz)	Ch. #	ŧ	Fre	eq. (MHz)	
L	20407	7	824.7	20415	5		825.5	20425		826.5		20450	50 82		829
M	20525	5	836.5	20525	5		836.5	20525		836.5		20525	25		836.5
Н	20643	3	848.3	20635	5		847.5	2062	5		846.5 2060		00 844		844
							LTE Ba	and 7							
	Bai	ndwidth 5	MHz	Ban	Bandwidth 10 MHz			andwidth 10 MHz Bandwidth 15 MHz		MHz	Bandwidt		n 20 l	ИHz	
	Ch. #	F	req. (MHz)	Ch. #		Fre	eq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Ė	Fre	eq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Ē	Fre	eq. (MHz)
L	20775	5	2502.5	20800)		2505	2082	5		2507.5	20850)		2510
M	21100)	2535	21100)		2535	21100)		2535	21100)		2535
Н	21425	5	2567.5	21400)		2565	2137	5		2562.5	21350)	·	2560

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5. RF Exposure Limits

5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

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5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

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6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

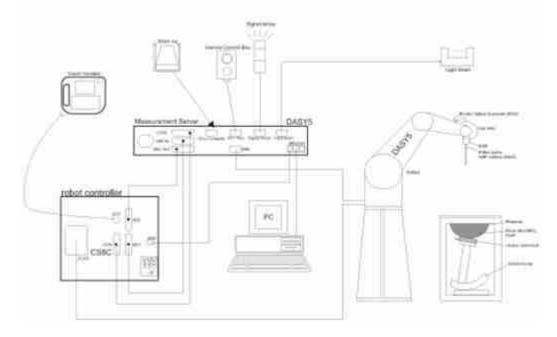
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



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- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing,
 AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps,
 etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

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7.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)					
Frequency	10 MHz - >6 GHz					
. ,	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)					
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)					
Directivity	±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)					
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g – >100 mW/g					
Dynamic Kange	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 µW/g)					
	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm)					
Dimensions	Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm)					
Dimensions	Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1					
	mm					



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7.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Fig 5.1 **Photo of DAE**

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7.3 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

107		
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	Jan San San San San San San San San San S
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	7 5
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

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The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

7.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.





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Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters

Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

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8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

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- Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power
- Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band (e)
- Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- Power reference measurement (a)
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and (b) measurement parameters)
- Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume (c)
- Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid (d)
- Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface (e)
- Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

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8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

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8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Area}},\Delta y_{\text{Area}}$	When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution of x or y dimension of the test of measurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above, must be ≤ the corresponding levice with at least one

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8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

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Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum zoom scan s	patial reso	lution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm [*]	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
	uniform	grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded grid	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
		Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$		
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

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When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}$, $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$, $\leq 7 \text{ mm}$ and $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$ zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

9. Test Equipment List

				Calib	ration
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d091	Nov. 24, 2015	Nov. 23, 2016
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1069	Nov. 23, 2015	Nov. 22, 2016
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d118	Nov. 23, 2015	Nov. 22, 2016
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	840	Nov. 25, 2015	Nov. 24, 2016
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1061	Nov. 25, 2015	Nov. 24, 2016
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1279	Apr. 04, 2016	Apr. 03, 2017
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1210	May 18, 2016	May 17, 2017
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3954	Nov. 27, 2015	Nov. 26, 2016
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3857	May 25, 2016	May 24, 2017
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1477	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1479	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1644	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1542	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Radio communication analyzer	MT8820C	6201563814	Mar. 21, 2016	Mar. 20, 201
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY52102706	Apr. 22, 2016	Apr. 21, 2017
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46111157	Apr. 22, 2016	Apr. 21, 2017
SPEAG	DAK Kit	DAK3.5	1144	Nov. 24, 2015	Nov. 23, 201
Agilent	Signal Generator	N5181A	MY50145381	Jan. 12, 2016	Jan. 11, 2017
Anritsu	Power Senor	MA2411B	0917070	Jan. 20, 2016	Jan. 19, 201
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1005002	Jan. 20, 2016	Jan. 19, 2017
Anritsu	Power Senor	MA2411B	1339163	Jan. 20, 2016	Jan. 19, 2017
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1435004	Jan. 20, 2016	Jan. 19, 2017
R&S	Signal Generator	SMBV100A	258305	Jan. 20, 2016	Jan. 19, 2017
R&S	CBT BLUETOOTH TESTER	CBT	101137	Aug. 09, 2016	Aug. 08, 201
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV7	101631	Aug. 08, 2016	Aug. 07, 201
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	No	te1
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	No	te1
PASTERNACK	Dual Directional Coupler	PE2214-10	N/A	No	te1
AR	Amplifier	5S1G4	333096	No	te1
MCL	Attenuation1	BW-S10W5+	N/A	No	te1
MCL	Attenuation2	BW-S10W5+	N/A	No	te1
MCL	Attenuation3	BW-S10W5+	N/A	No	te1

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General Note:

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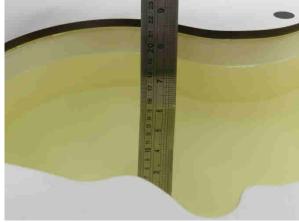
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Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.

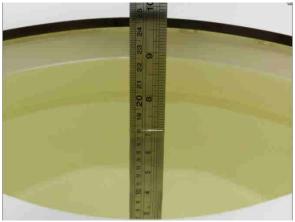
10. System Verification

10.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.2.







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Fig 10.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

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10.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target

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tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)					
	For Head												
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5					
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5					
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0					
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2					
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0					
				For Body									
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2					
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3					
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7					
2600	68.1	0	0	0.1	0	31.8	2.16	52.5					

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε _r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε _r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
835	Head	22.6	0.902	42.135	0.90	41.50	0.22	1.53	±5	2016/9/23
1750	Head	22.7	1.410	41.452	1.37	40.10	2.92	3.37	±5	2016/9/24
1900	Head	22.7	1.429	40.554	1.40	40.00	2.07	1.39	±5	2016/9/24
2450	Head	22.7	1.817	39.208	1.80	39.20	0.94	0.02	±5	2016/9/24
2600	Head	22.7	1.981	38.254	1.96	39.00	1.07	-1.91	±5	2016/9/24
835	Body	22.6	0.969	55.694	0.97	55.20	-0.10	0.89	±5	2016/9/23
1750	Body	22.7	1.539	54.578	1.49	53.40	3.29	2.21	±5	2016/9/23
1900	Body	22.7	1.552	53.377	1.52	53.30	2.11	0.14	±5	2016/9/23
2450	Body	22.6	2.026	53.965	1.95	52.70	3.90	2.40	±5	2016/9/23
2600	Body	22.6	2.219	52.079	2.16	52.50	2.73	-0.80	±5	2016/9/23

10.3 System Performance Check Results

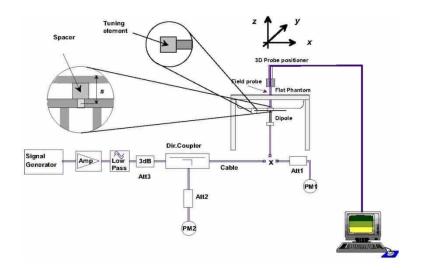
Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

<For 1g SAR>

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2016/9/23	835	Head	250	4d091	3954	1279	2.33	9.14	9.32	1.97
2016/9/24	1750	Head	250	1069	3857	1210	8.56	37.00	34.24	-7.46
2016/9/24	1900	Head	250	5d118	3857	1210	10.20	39.40	40.8	3.55
2016/9/24	2450	Head	250	840	3857	1210	12.31	50.40	49.24	-2.30
2016/9/24	2600	Head	250	1061	3857	1210	14.40	58.10	57.6	-0.86
2016/9/23	835	Body	250	4d091	3954	1279	2.44	9.55	9.76	2.20
2016/9/23	1750	Body	250	1069	3857	1210	9.05	35.90	36.2	0.84
2016/9/23	1900	Body	250	5d118	3857	1210	10.40	40.60	41.6	2.46
2016/9/23	2450	Body	250	840	3954	1279	13.10	51.10	52.4	2.54
2016/9/23	2600	Body	250	1061	3954	1279	13.20	54.60	52.8	-3.30

<For 10g SAR>

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 10g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 10g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2016/9/23	2600	Body	250	1061	3954	1279	5.84	24.40	23.36	-4.26







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Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

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11. RF Exposure Positions

11.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 9.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 9.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 9.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 9.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

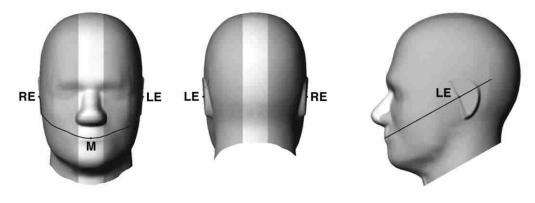


Fig 9.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

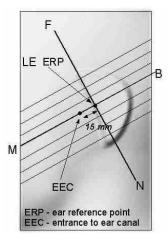
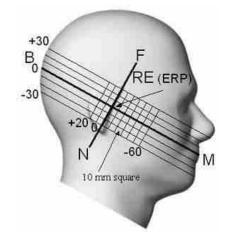


Fig 9.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.



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Fig 9.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

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11.2 Definition of the cheek position

- 1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
- 2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 9.2.1 and Figure 9.2.2), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 9.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 9.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
- 3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 9.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- 4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
- 5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
- 6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
- 7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 9.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

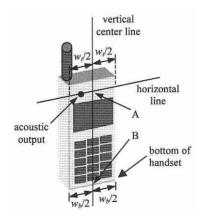
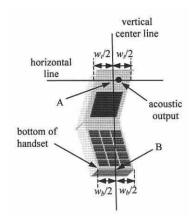
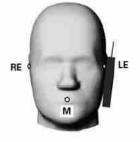


Fig 9.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case



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Fig 9.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"clam-shell case"





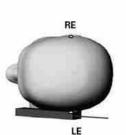


Fig 9.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

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11.3 Definition of the tilt position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.

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- 2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
- 3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
- 4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 9.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

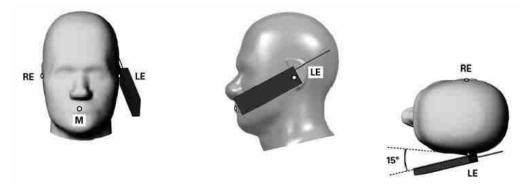
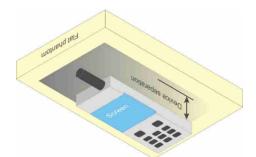


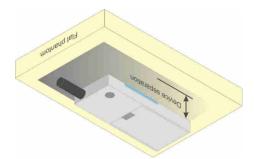
Fig 9.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

11.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 9.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is < 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.





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Fig 9.4 Body Worn Position

11.5 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W \ge 9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined form general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.



11.6 Product Specific 10g SAR Exposure

For smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets that support voice calls next to the ear, According to KDB648474 D04v01r03, the following phablet procedures should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance for each applicable wireless modes and frequency band. Devices marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance

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- 1. The normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures for handsets, including hotspot mode, must be applied.
- 2. The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at ≤ 25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for Product specific 10g SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB 865664 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions.6 The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g Product specific 10g SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

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12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<GSM Conducted Power>

 Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.

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- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the frame-average output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900 is considered as the primary mode.
- Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction
 procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a
 secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary
 mode.

GSM850	Burst Av	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up
TX Channel	128	189	251	Limit	128	189	251	Limit
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)
GSM 1 Tx slot	32.82	33.01	32.79	33.50	23.82	24.01	23.79	24.50
GPRS 1 Tx slot	32.81	32.59	32.77	33.50	23.81	23.59	23.77	24.50
GPRS 2 Tx slots	31.63	31.70	31.50	32.00	25.63	25.70	25.50	26.00
GPRS 3 Tx slots	30.50	30.57	30.36	31.00	26.24	26.31	26.10	26.74
GPRS 4 Tx slots	29.36	29.37	29.27	30.00	26.36	26.37	26.27	27.00
EDGE 1 Tx slot	25.31	25.25	25.24	26.00	16.31	16.25	16.24	17.00
EDGE 2 Tx slots	24.25	24.17	24.20	25.00	18.25	18.17	18.20	19.00
EDGE 3 Tx slots	23.12	23.04	23.02	24.00	18.86	18.78	18.76	19.74
EDGE 4 Tx slots	22.10	21.98	22.00	23.00	19.10	18.98	19.00	20.00

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.

The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

GSM1900	Burst Ave	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up
TX Channel	512	661	810	Limit	512	661	810	Limit
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	(dBm)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	(dBm)
GSM 1 Tx slot	30.06	30.05	30.41	31.00	21.06	21.05	21.41	22.00
GPRS 1 Tx slot	30.04	30.04	30.39	31.00	21.04	21.04	21.39	22.00
GPRS 2 Tx slots	29.31	28.95	29.05	29.50	23.31	22.95	23.05	23.50
GPRS 3 Tx slots	28.25	27.89	28.06	28.50	23.99	23.63	23.80	24.24
GPRS 4 Tx slots	27.04	26.82	27.00	27.50	24.04	23.82	24.00	24.50
EDGE 1 Tx slot	24.93	24.79	24.78	25.00	15.93	15.79	15.78	16.00
EDGE 2 Tx slots	23.80	23.61	23.67	24.00	17.80	17.61	17.67	18.00
EDGE 3 Tx slots	22.71	22.43	22.48	23.00	18.45	18.17	18.22	18.74
EDGE 4 Tx slots	21.46	21.27	21.27	22.00	18.46	18.27	18.27	19.00

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.

The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

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<WCDMA Conducted Power>

- 1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
- 2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.

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 For DC-HSDPA, the device was configured according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1, with the primary and the secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell enabled during the power measurement.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	βε	βd	β _d (SF)	βе/βа	βнs (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: \triangle ACK, \triangle NACK and \triangle CQI = 30/15 with β _{In} = 30/15 * β _C.

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and Δ_{NACK} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c , and Δ_{CQI} = 24/15 with β_{hs} = 24/15 * β_c .

Note 3: CM = 1 for β_e/β_d =12/15, β_{he}/β_c=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 11/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Setup Configuration

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HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting *:
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121

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- iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
- iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
- v. Set UE Target Power

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- vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
- vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
- viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βс	βa	β _d (SF)	βc/βd	βнs (Note1)	βес	β _{ed} (Note 5) (Note 6)	β _{ed} (SF)	β _{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β _{ed} 1: 47/15 β _{ed} 2: 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

- Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c .
- Note 2: CM = 1 for β_0/β_d =12/15, β_{1s}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_d/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by
- setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 10/15 and β_d = 15/15. Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_d/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by
- setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 14/15 and β_d = 15/15. Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.
- Note 6: βed can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Setup Configuration

DC-HSDPA 3GPP release 8 Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration below
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting: C.
 - Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - ii. Set Cell Power = -25 dBm
 - Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 12, QPSK) iii.
 - Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters iv.
 - Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121

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- a). Subtest 1: $\beta_c/\beta_d=2/15$ b). Subtest 2: $\beta_c/\beta_d=12/15$
- c). Subtest 3: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/8$
- d). Subtest 4: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/4$
- Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8 vi.
- vii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
- Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
- Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2 ix.
- Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

C.8.1.12 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 12

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

	Parameter	Unit	Value					
Nominal .	Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60					
Inter-TTI	Distance	TTľs	1					
Number of	of HARQ Processes	Proces	6					
		ses	· ·					
Information	on Bit Payload ($N_{\it INF}$)	Bits	120					
Number (Code Blocks	Blocks	1					
Binary Cl	nannel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960					
Total Ava	ilable SML's in UE	SML's	19200					
Number of	of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200					
Coding R	ate		0.15					
Number of	of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1					
Modulatio	on		QPSK					
Note 1:	The RMC is intended to be used for	or DC-HSD	PA					
	mode and both cells shall transmit	with identi	cal					
	parameters as listed in the table.							
Note 2:								
	retransmission is not allowed. The	e redundan	cy and					
	constellation version 0 shall be use	ed.						

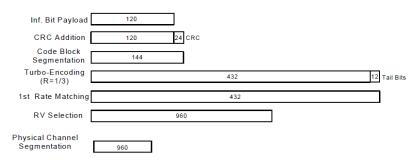


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

Setup Configuration

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<WCDMA Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".

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2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA.

Band		WCDMA Band II				WCDMA Band IV				WCDMA Band V			
Tx Channel		9262	9400	9538	Tune-up Limit	1312	1413	1513	Tune-up	4132	4182	4233	Tune-up Limit (dBm)
Rx Channel		9662	9800	9938	(dBm)	1537	1638	1738	Limit (dBm)	4357	4407	4458	
Frequency (MHz)		1852.4	1880	1907.6		1712.4	1732.6	1752.6		826.4	836.4	846.6	
3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	22.71	22.70	22.75	23.00	23.41	23.52	23.60	24.00	24.25	24.37	24.38	25.00
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	22.73	22.72	22.76	23.00	23.45	23.57	23.63	24.00	24.27	24.39	24.40	25.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	21.66	21.85	21.63	22.50	22.57	22.54	22.78	23.00	23.24	23.26	23.36	23.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	21.75	21.82	21.59	22.50	22.53	22.53	22.74	23.00	23.21	23.40	23.40	23.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	21.74	21.31	21.16	22.00	22.09	22.11	22.20	22.50	22.73	22.73	22.93	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	21.23	21.36	21.13	22.00	22.12	22.09	22.22	22.50	22.77	22.88	22.96	23.00
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-1	21.54	21.83	21.59	22.00	22.56	22.58	22.66	23.00	23.28	23.14	23.24	23.50
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-2	21.53	21.23	21.60	22.00	22.46	22.41	22.67	23.00	23.09	23.33	23.33	23.50
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-3	21.23	21.28	21.04	21.50	22.09	22.04	22.18	22.50	22.72	22.77	22.91	23.00
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-4	21.10	21.22	20.99	21.50	22.10	22.08	22.11	22.50	22.77	22.88	22.96	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	21.09	20.39	21.25	22.00	22.77	23.01	22.60	23.50	22.89	22.71	23.30	24.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	20.74	20.44	20.19	21.00	21.53	21.92	22.16	22.50	22.32	22.20	22.10	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	20.38	20.43	19.95	21.00	22.09	22.06	22.03	22.50	22.12	22.39	21.77	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	20.37	21.78	20.70	22.00	22.48	22.17	22.58	23.00	22.86	22.69	22.91	23.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	21.70	21.83	21.54	22.00	22.88	22.95	23.06	23.50	23.46	23.25	23.41	24.00

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<FDD LTE Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.

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- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 8. For LTE band 4/5 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

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<Full Power Mode>

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<LTE Band 2>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit	MPR	
Channel				18700	18900	19100	(dBm)	(dB)	
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		1860	1880	1900			
20	QPSK	1	0	22.83	22.77	22.90			
20	QPSK	1	49	22.93	23.05	22.92	23.50	0	
20	QPSK	1	99	22.48	22.97	22.77			
20	QPSK	50	0	21.96	21.87	22.01			
20	QPSK	50	24	22.00	22.11	22.10	22.50	1	
20	QPSK	50	50	21.87	21.98	22.00	22.50	'	
20	QPSK	100	0	21.95	22.06	22.02			
20	16QAM	1	0	21.95	22.12	21.83			
20	16QAM	1	49	22.22	21.87	21.85	22.50	1	
20	16QAM	1	99	21.57	22.23	21.78			
20	16QAM	50	0	20.92	20.94	20.99			
20	16QAM	50	24	20.98	21.07	21.09	21.50	0	
20	16QAM	50	50	20.86	21.05	21.04		2	
20	16QAM	100	0	20.83	20.98	21.03			
	Cha	nnel		18675	18900	19125	Tune-up	MPR	
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		1857.5	1880	1902.5	limit (dBm)	(dB)	
15	QPSK	1	0	22.99	22.82	23.00			
15	QPSK	1	37	22.99	22.91	23.05	23.50	0	
15	QPSK	1	74	22.84	23.00	22.86			
15	QPSK	36	0	22.04	22.02	22.10			
15	QPSK	36	20	22.06	22.10	22.13	22.50	1	
15	QPSK	36	39	21.87	22.12	22.14	22.50	'	
15	QPSK	75	0	21.89	22.00	22.04			
15	16QAM	1	0	21.94	21.66	21.81			
15	16QAM	1	37	21.55	21.71	22.17	22.50	1	
15	16QAM	1	74	21.64	21.76	22.22			
15	16QAM	36	0	20.90	20.97	20.95			
15	16QAM	36	20	20.95	21.07	21.10	24.50	2	
15	16QAM	36	39	20.85	21.08	21.09	21.50	2	
15	16QAM	75	0	20.97	20.93	20.94			

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	Cha	nnel		18650	18900	19150	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		1855	1880	1905	limit (dBm)	(dB)
10	QPSK	1	0	22.92	22.78	22.82		
10	QPSK	1	25	22.89	22.94	22.98	23.50	0
10	QPSK	1	49	22.80	22.81	22.80		
10	QPSK	25	0	22.10	22.03	22.13		
10	QPSK	25	12	22.04	22.17	22.18	22.50	4
10	QPSK	25	25	22.02	22.00	22.14	22.50	1
10	QPSK	50	0	21.95	22.06	22.05		
10	16QAM	1	0	21.95	22.08	21.81	22.50	
10	16QAM	1	25	21.99	22.25	21.91		1
10	16QAM	1	49	21.82	21.90	21.84		
10	16QAM	25	0	20.96	21.06	21.10	21.50	
10	16QAM	25	12	21.02	21.04	21.14		0
10	16QAM	25	25	20.99	20.97	21.08		2
10	16QAM	50	0	20.92	20.93	21.13		
	Cha	nnel		18625	18900	19175	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		1852.5	1880	1907.5	limit (dBm)	(dB)
5	QPSK	1	0	22.96	22.79	23.05		
5	QPSK	1	12	23.06	22.78	23.16	23.50	0
5	QPSK	1	24	22.76	23.21	22.89		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.93	21.98	22.05		
5	QPSK	12	7	22.05	22.12	22.10	22.50	1
5	QPSK	12	13	22.11	22.01	22.07	22.50	'
5	QPSK	25	0	22.02	21.99	22.20		
5	16QAM	1	0	21.81	21.61	21.86		
5	16QAM	1	12	21.59	21.50	21.82	22.50	1
5	16QAM	1	24	22.15	21.65	21.77		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.90	20.85	21.03		
5	16QAM	12	7	20.85	21.04	21.18	21.50	2
5	16QAM	12	13	20.91	21.03	21.05	21.30	2
5	16QAM	25	0	20.90	20.97	21.28		

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SPORTON LAB.	ariant FC0		Report No. :	FA691407					
	Cha	nnel		18615	18900	19185	Tune-up	MPR	
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		1851.5	1880	1908.5	limit (dBm)	(dB)	
3	QPSK	1	0	23.07	22.85	23.10			
3	QPSK	1	8	23.07	23.01	23.04	23.50	0	
3	QPSK	1	14	23.12	22.85	23.16			
3	QPSK	8	0	22.21	22.07	22.25			
3	QPSK	8	4	22.25	22.19	22.20	22.50	4	
3	QPSK	8	7	22.21	22.15	22.18	22.50	1	
3	QPSK	15	0	22.21	22.16	22.26			
3	16QAM	1	0	21.91	21.78	22.01	22.50		
3	16QAM	1	8	21.94	21.84	21.89		1	
3	16QAM	1	14	21.90	21.79	21.98			
3	16QAM	8	0	21.13	20.81	21.15	21.50		
3	16QAM	8	4	21.00	20.83	21.10		2	
3	16QAM	8	7	21.14	21.08	21.20		2	
3	16QAM	15	0	21.12	21.24	21.06			
	Channel				18900	19193	Tune-up	MPR	
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		1850.7	1880	1909.3	limit (dBm)	(dB)	
1.4	QPSK	1	0	23.06	23.08	23.10			
1.4	QPSK	1	3	23.18	23.23	23.16			
1.4	QPSK	1	5	22.89	23.06	23.00	23.50	0	
1.4	QPSK	3	0	23.20	23.12	23.21	23.50	U	
1.4	QPSK	3	1	23.24	23.16	23.18			
1.4	QPSK	3	3	23.24	23.16	23.33			
1.4	QPSK	6	0	22.21	22.11	22.24	22.50	1	
1.4	16QAM	1	0	21.86	21.96	22.10			
1.4	16QAM	1	3	21.90	21.89	22.02			
1.4	16QAM	1	5	21.87	21.83	21.96	22.50	1	
1.4	16QAM	3	0	22.15	22.01	22.09	22.50	1	
1.4	16QAM	3	1	22.19	22.15	22.18			
1.4	16QAM	3	3	22.19	22.15	22.15			
1.4	16QAM	6	0	21.13	21.07	21.23	21.50	2	

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<LTE Band 4>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Cha	nnel		20050	20175	20300	(dBm)	(dB)
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		1720	1732.5	1745		
20	QPSK	1	0	23.35	23.47	23.47		
20	QPSK	1	49	23.39	23.63	23.80	24.00	0
20	QPSK	1	99	23.28	23.37	23.32		
20	QPSK	50	0	22.62	22.61	22.71		
20	QPSK	50	24	22.57	22.57	22.58	23.00	1
20	QPSK	50	50	22.48	22.52	22.57	23.00	ļ
20	QPSK	100	0	22.57	22.59	22.65		
20	16QAM	1	0	22.53	22.39	22.55		
20	16QAM	1	49	22.42	22.39	22.30	23.00	1
20	16QAM	1	99	22.36	22.24	22.34		
20	16QAM	50	0	21.48	21.53	21.64		
20	16QAM	50	24	21.55	21.67	21.52	22.00	2
20	16QAM	50	50	21.58	21.58	21.52	22.00	2
20	16QAM	100	0	21.50	21.53	21.59		
	Cha	nnel		20025	20175	20325	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		1717.5	1732.5	1747.5	limit (dBm)	(dB)
15	QPSK	1	0	23.45	23.76	23.42		
15	QPSK	1	37	23.43	23.72	23.41	24.00	0
15	QPSK	1	74	23.44	23.42	23.35		
15	QPSK	36	0	22.60	22.56	22.59		
15	QPSK	36	20	22.49	22.55	22.48	22.00	4
15	QPSK	36	39	22.44	22.54	22.58	23.00	1
15	QPSK	75	0	22.50	22.54	22.57		
15	16QAM	1	0	22.55	22.42	22.40		
15	16QAM	1	37	22.33	22.41	22.41	23.00	1
15	16QAM	1	74	22.24	22.23	22.33		
15	16QAM	36	0	21.52	21.56	21.51		
15	16QAM	36	20	21.52	21.51	21.51	22.00	2
15	16QAM	36	39	21.48	21.60	21.50	22.00	2
15	16QAM	75	0	21.54	21.60	21.54		

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SPORTON LAB.	ariant FCC	C SAR Tes	st Report				Report No. :	FA691407
	Cha	nnel		20000	20175	20350	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		1715	1732.5	1750	limit (dBm)	(dB)
10	QPSK	1	0	23.35	23.29	23.27		
10	QPSK	1	25	23.34	23.46	23.20	24.00	0
10	QPSK	1	49	23.10	23.46	23.32	1	
10	QPSK	25	0	22.57	22.61	22.57		
10	QPSK	25	12	22.62	22.61	22.54	22.00	4
10	QPSK	25	25	22.49	22.61	22.48	23.00	1
10	QPSK	50	0	22.49	22.54	22.57		
10	16QAM	1	0	22.73	22.41	22.44		
10	16QAM	1	25	22.43	22.36	22.41	23.00	1
10	16QAM	1	49	22.21	22.00	22.31		
10	16QAM	25	0	21.50	21.57	21.60		
10	16QAM	25	12	21.56	21.58	21.58	22.00	2
10	16QAM	25	25	21.65	21.59	21.45	22.00	2
10	16QAM	50	0	21.61	21.51	21.50		
	Cha	nnel		19975	20175	20375	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		1712.5	1732.5	1752.5	(dBm)	(dB)
5	QPSK	1	0	23.46	23.44	23.37		
5	QPSK	1	12	23.33	23.54	23.32	24.00	0
5	QPSK	1	24	23.12	23.27	23.40		
5	QPSK	12	0	22.55	22.54	22.53		
5	QPSK	12	7	22.42	22.58	22.50	23.00	1
5	QPSK	12	13	22.48	22.56	22.65	23.00	'
5	QPSK	25	0	22.47	22.59	22.61		
5	16QAM	1	0	22.37	22.32	22.40		
5	16QAM	1	12	22.21	22.16	22.20	23.00	1
5	16QAM	1	24	22.29	22.32	22.43		
5	16QAM	12	0	21.42	21.61	21.31		
5	16QAM	12	7	21.47	21.61	21.38	22.00	2
5	16QAM	12	13	21.53	21.45	21.40	22.00	2
5	16QAM	25	0	21.51	21.50	21.57		

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PORTON LAB. V	ariant FCC	C SAR Tes	st Report				Report No. :	FA691407
	Cha	nnel		19965	20175	20385	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		1711.5	1732.5	1753.5	limit (dBm)	(dB)
3	QPSK	1	0	23.51	23.43	23.29		
3	QPSK	1	8	23.42	23.58	23.26	24.00	0
3	QPSK	1	14	23.44	23.57	23.25		
3	QPSK	8	0	22.52	22.58	22.45		
3	QPSK	8	4	22.64	22.64	22.55	22.00	4
3	QPSK	8	7	22.56	22.55	22.49	23.00	1
3	QPSK	15	0	22.50	22.61	22.52		
3	16QAM	1	0	22.47	22.95	22.20		
3	16QAM	1	8	22.24	22.87	22.30	23.00	1
3	16QAM	1	14	22.35	22.28	22.38		
3	16QAM	8	0	21.60	21.59	21.21		
3	16QAM	8	4	21.53	21.56	21.26	22.00	0
3	16QAM	8	7	21.64	21.65	21.16	22.00	2
3	16QAM	15	0	21.46	21.60	21.48		
	Cha	nnel		19957	20175	20393	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		1710.7	1732.5	1754.3	limit (dBm)	(dB)
1.4	QPSK	1	0	23.30	23.54	23.53		
1.4	QPSK	1	3	23.55	23.57	23.66		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	23.40	23.46	23.57	04.00	0
1.4	QPSK	3	0	23.42	23.62	23.56	24.00	0
1.4	QPSK	3	1	23.51	23.60	23.69		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	23.51	23.59	23.58		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	22.45	22.58	22.57	23.00	1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	22.49	22.42	22.18		
1.4	16QAM	1	3	22.44	22.35	22.42		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	22.53	22.40	22.32	22.00	4
1.4	16QAM	3	0	22.43	22.59	22.36	23.00	1
1.4	16QAM	3	1	22.53	22.62	22.58		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	22.45	22.68	22.66		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	21.32	21.54	21.49	22.00	2

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<LTE Band 5>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Cha	nnel		20450	20525	20600	(dBm)	(dB)
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		829	836.5	844		
10	QPSK	1	0	24.12	24.40	24.25		
10	QPSK	1	25	24.57	24.56	24.43	25.00	0
10	QPSK	1	49	24.37	24.25	24.32		
10	QPSK	25	0	23.59	23.46	23.49		
10	QPSK	25	12	23.51	23.43	23.41	24.00	4
10	QPSK	25	25	23.49	23.42	23.44	24.00	1
10	QPSK	50	0	23.44	23.43	23.41		
10	16QAM	1	0	23.25	23.07	23.06		
10	16QAM	1	25	23.29	23.23	23.17	24.00	1
10	16QAM	1	49	22.96	23.19	23.03		
10	16QAM	25	0	22.47	22.54	22.48		
10	16QAM	25	12	22.59	22.53	22.42	22.00	0
10	16QAM	25	25	22.62	22.47	22.48	23.00	2
10	16QAM	50	0	22.60	22.33	22.46		
	Cha	nnel		20425	20525	20625	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		826.5	836.5	846.5	limit (dBm)	(dB)
5	QPSK	1	0	24.09	24.39	24.46		
5	QPSK	1	12	24.50	24.52	24.57	25.00	0
5	QPSK	1	24	24.23	24.10	24.03		
5	QPSK	12	0	23.32	23.41	23.48		
5	QPSK	12	7	23.40	23.43	23.47	24.00	4
5	QPSK	12	13	23.43	23.41	23.30	24.00	1
5	QPSK	25	0	23.45	23.35	23.37		
5	16QAM	1	0	23.14	23.12	23.28		
5	16QAM	1	12	23.48	23.18	23.02	24.00	1
5	16QAM	1	24	23.16	23.15	22.99		
5	16QAM	12	0	22.25	22.49	22.34		
5	16QAM	12	7	22.28	22.42	22.37	22.00	2
5	16QAM	12	13	22.30	22.21	22.21	23.00	2
5	16QAM	25	0	22.38	22.34	22.35		

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	Cha	nnel		20415	20525	20635	Tune-up	MPR		
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		825.5	836.5	847.5	limit (dBm)	(dB)		
3	QPSK	1	0	24.37	24.37	24.68				
3	QPSK	1	8	24.42	24.40	24.32	25.00	0		
3	QPSK	1	14	24.43	24.59	24.34]			
3	QPSK	8	0	23.38	23.41	23.50				
3	QPSK	8	4	23.51	23.44	23.44	24.00	4		
3	QPSK	8	7	23.62	23.43	23.50	24.00	1		
3	QPSK	15	0	23.59	23.46	23.40]			
3	16QAM	1	0	23.03	23.21	23.56				
3	16QAM	1	8	23.06	23.21	22.86	24.00	1		
3	16QAM	1	14	23.27	23.36	23.68				
3	16QAM	8	0	22.58	22.52	22.41				
3	16QAM	8	4	22.76	22.46	22.35	22.00	2		
3	16QAM	8	7	22.65	22.46	22.42	23.00			
3	16QAM	15	0	22.55	22.38	22.51]			
	Cha	nnel		20407	20525	20643	Tune-up	MPR		
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		824.7	836.5	848.3	limit (dBm)	(dB)		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	24.41	24.38	24.38				
1.4	QPSK	1	3	24.70	24.50	24.41]			
1.4	QPSK	1	5	24.50	24.32	24.33	25.00	0		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	24.57	24.49	24.41	25.00	0		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	24.64	24.65	24.43				
1.4	QPSK	3	3	24.54	24.50	24.38				
1.4	QPSK	6	0	23.49	23.48	23.45	24.00	1		
1.4	16QAM	1	0	23.63	23.67	23.53				
1.4	16QAM	1	3	23.75	23.75	23.20				
1.4	16QAM	1	5	23.27	23.58	23.19	24.00	4		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	23.39	23.60	23.53	24.00	1		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	23.45	23.71	23.45				
1.4	16QAM	3	3	23.65	23.78	23.59				
1.4	16QAM	6	0	22.33	22.46	22.38	23.00	2		

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<LTE Band 7>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	1	Measured Powe	èΓ	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Cha	nnel		20850	21100	21350	(dBm)	(dB)
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		2510	2535	2560		
20	QPSK	1	0	23.33	23.49	23.49		
20	QPSK	1	49	23.49	23.73	23.67	24.00	0
20	QPSK	1	99	23.15	23.33	23.51		
20	QPSK	50	0	22.58	22.81	22.80		
20	QPSK	50	24	22.51	22.69	22.62	23.00	1
20	QPSK	50	50	22.43	22.71	22.73	23.00	'
20	QPSK	100	0	22.49	22.76	22.73		
20	16QAM	1	0	22.37	22.48	22.51		
20	16QAM	1	49	22.34	22.52	22.50	23.00	1
20	16QAM	1	99	22.21	22.35	22.36		
20	16QAM	50	0	21.51	21.72	21.73		
20	16QAM	50	24	21.39	21.78	21.62	22.00	2
20	16QAM	50	50	21.36	21.68	21.74	22.00	2
20	16QAM	100	0	21.53	21.60	21.72		
	Cha	nnel		20825	21100	21375	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		2507.5	2535	2562.5	limit (dBm)	(dB)
15	QPSK	1	0	23.37	23.55	23.73		
15	QPSK	1	37	23.35	23.77	23.77	24.00	0
15	QPSK	1	74	23.17	23.71	23.69		
15	QPSK	36	0	22.52	22.75	22.87		
15	QPSK	36	20	22.60	22.78	22.82	22.00	1
15	QPSK	36	39	22.47	22.84	22.73	23.00	1
15	QPSK	75	0	22.49	22.79	22.84		
15	16QAM	1	0	22.51	22.40	22.75		
15	16QAM	1	37	22.30	22.67	22.58	23.00	1
15	16QAM	1	74	22.24	22.53	22.43		
15	16QAM	36	0	21.49	21.69	21.70		
15	16QAM	36	20	21.51	21.81	21.69	22.00	0
15	16QAM	36	39	21.36	21.73	21.70	22.00	2
15	16QAM	75	0	21.48	21.61	21.64		

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SPORTON LAB.	ariant FCC	C SAR Tes	st Report				Report No. :	FA691407
	Cha	nnel		20800	21100	21400	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		2505	2535	2565	limit (dBm)	(dB)
10	QPSK	1	0	23.35	23.45	23.51		
10	QPSK	1	25	23.53	23.68	23.70	24.00	0
10	QPSK	1	49	23.19	23.69	23.50	1	
10	QPSK	25	0	22.44	22.85	22.79		
10	QPSK	25	12	22.59	22.82	22.68	22.00	4
10	QPSK	25	25	22.54	22.82	22.69	23.00	1
10	QPSK	50	0	22.58	22.79	22.78	1	
10	16QAM	1	0	22.33	22.65	22.90		
10	16QAM	1	25	22.33	22.56	22.80	23.00	1
10	16QAM	1	49	22.34	22.61	22.53	_	
10	16QAM	25	0	21.41	21.80	21.75		
10	16QAM	25	12	21.51	21.92	21.89	22.00	0
10	16QAM	25	25	21.55	21.70	21.71	22.00	2
10	16QAM	50	0	21.58	21.72	21.81		
	Cha	nnel		20775	21100	21425	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		2502.5	2535	2567.5	limit (dBm)	(dB)
5	QPSK	1	0	23.37	23.49	23.21		
5	QPSK	1	12	23.46	23.65	23.51	24.00	0
5	QPSK	1	24	23.47	23.60	23.62		
5	QPSK	12	0	22.44	22.78	22.57		
5	QPSK	12	7	22.54	22.77	22.56	22.00	1
5	QPSK	12	13	22.51	22.71	22.53	23.00	'
5	QPSK	25	0	22.44	22.83	22.66		
5	16QAM	1	0	22.31	22.47	22.38		
5	16QAM	1	12	22.13	22.44	22.27	23.00	1
5	16QAM	1	24	22.35	22.34	22.32		
5	16QAM	12	0	21.27	21.54	21.68		
5	16QAM	12	7	21.32	21.63	21.66	22.00	2
5	16QAM	12	13	21.60	21.64	21.73	22.00	2
5	16QAM	25	0	21.61	21.89	21.59		

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< Reduced Power Mode>

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<FDD LTE Band 7>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset		Measured Powe	er	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Cha	nnel		20850	21100	21350	(dBm)	(dB)
	Frequenc	cy (MHz)		2510	2535	2560		
20	QPSK	1	0	20.04	20.32	20.47		
20	QPSK	1	49	20.48	20.75	20.69	21.00	0
20	QPSK	1	99	20.06	20.71	20.57		
20	QPSK	50	0	19.57	19.89	19.88		
20	QPSK	50	24	19.50	19.84	19.83	20.00	1
20	QPSK	50	50	19.48	19.74	19.82	20.00	ļ.
20	QPSK	100	0	19.54	19.74	19.73		
20	16QAM	1	0	19.25	19.44	19.54		
20	16QAM	1	49	19.51	19.60	19.61	20.00	1
20	16QAM	1	99	19.21	19.62	19.53		
20	16QAM	50	0	18.40	18.67	18.80		
20	16QAM	50	24	18.45	18.79	18.75	19.00	2
20	16QAM	50	50	18.39	18.75	18.78		
20	16QAM	100	0	18.52	18.67	18.71		
	Cha	nnel		20825	21100	21375	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequenc	cy (MHz)		2507.5	2535	2562.5	limit (dBm)	(dB)
15	QPSK	1	0	20.23	20.52	20.63		
15	QPSK	1	37	20.63	20.73	20.70	21.00	0
15	QPSK	1	74	20.54	20.70	20.63		
15	QPSK	36	0	19.38	19.77	19.82		
15	QPSK	36	20	19.47	19.81	19.86	20.00	1
15	QPSK	36	39	19.42	19.81	19.83	20.00	ļ.
15	QPSK	75	0	19.43	19.79	19.82		
15	16QAM	1	0	19.12	19.53	19.68		
15	16QAM	1	37	19.56	19.71	19.46	20.00	1
15	16QAM	1	74	19.30	19.60	19.54		
15	16QAM	36	0	18.43	18.68	18.86		
15	16QAM	36	20	18.53	18.71	18.66	10.00	2
15	16QAM	36	39	18.27	18.73	18.64	19.00	
15	16QAM	75	0	18.32	18.69	18.75		

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	Cha	nnel		20800	21100	21400	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		2505	2535	2565	limit (dBm)	(dB)
10	QPSK	1	0	20.05	20.42	20.38		
10	QPSK	1	25	20.68	20.71	20.68	21.00	0
10	QPSK	1	49	20.08	20.61	20.66		
10	QPSK	25	0	19.47	19.75	19.79		
10	QPSK	25	12	19.41	19.82	19.84	20.00	4
10	QPSK	25	25	19.44	19.82	19.83	20.00	1
10	QPSK	50	0	19.40	19.83	19.84		
10	16QAM	1	0	19.06	19.46	19.48		
10	16QAM	1	25	19.28	19.55	19.62	20.00	1
10	16QAM	1	49	19.14	19.67	19.62		
10	16QAM	25	0	18.25	18.68	18.63		
10	16QAM	25	12	18.49	18.54	18.68	19.00	2
10	16QAM	25	25	18.61	18.54	18.69		2
10	16QAM	50	0	18.38	18.67	18.80		
	Cha	nnel		20775	21100	21425	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		2502.5	2535	2567.5	limit (dBm)	(dB)
5	QPSK	1	0	20.13	20.57	20.31		
5	QPSK	1	12	20.30	20.73	20.58	21.00	0
5	QPSK	1	24	20.37	20.74	20.41		
5	QPSK	12	0	19.42	19.70	19.73		
5	QPSK	12	7	19.44	19.78	19.77	20.00	1
5	QPSK	12	13	19.44	19.76	19.73	20.00	'
5	QPSK	25	0	19.36	19.78	19.71		
5	16QAM	1	0	18.97	19.43	19.45		
5	16QAM	1	12	19.60	19.72	19.49	20.00	1
5	16QAM	1	24	19.10	19.57	19.39		
5	16QAM	12	0	18.39	18.62	18.56		
5	16QAM	12	7	18.41	18.78	18.60	10.00	2
5	16QAM	12	13	18.42	18.58	18.56	19.00	2
5	16QAM	25	0	18.34	18.70	18.64		

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Variant FCC SAR Test Report

<WLAN Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.

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- 2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
- 3. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
- 4. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
 - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
 - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
 - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

<2.4GHz WLAN>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		CH 1	2412		<mark>12.92</mark>	13.50	
	802.11b	CH 6	2437	1Mbps	12.26	13.00	97.59
2.4GHz		CH 11	2462		11.91	12.50	
WLAN		CH 1	2412		11.97	12.50	
	802.11g	CH 6	2437	6Mbps	10.90	11.50	87.50
		CH 11	2462		10.35	11.00	
		CH 1	2412		10.96	11.50	
	802.11n-HT20	CH 6	2437	MCS0	9.99	10.50	86.53
		CH 11	2462		9.43	10.00	

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13. Bluetooth Exclusions Applied

Mode Band	Average power(dBm)						
Wode Balld	Bluetooth v3.0+EDR	Bluetooth v4.0 LE	Bluetooth v4.2 LE				
2.4GHz Bluetooth	10.00	0.50	0.50				

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Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

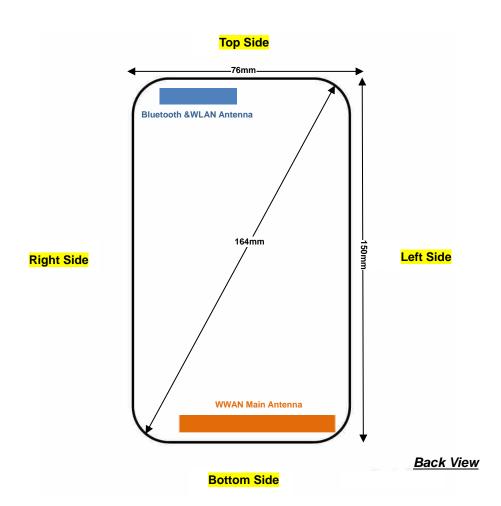
Bluetooth Max Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	Exclusion Thresholds
10.00	10	2.48	1.6

Note:

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the test exclusion threshold is 1.6 which is <= 3, SAR testing is not required.

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14. Antenna Location



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	Distanc	e of the Antenna	to the EUT surfac	ce/edge									
Antennas Back Front Top Side Bottom Side Right Side Left Side													
WWAN Main	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	142mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm							
Bluetooth &WLAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	142mm	≤ 25mm	46mm							

	Po	ositions for SAR to	ests; Hotspot mod	de									
Antennas Back Front Top Side Bottom Side Right Side Left Side													
WWAN Main	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes							
Bluetooth &WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No							

General Note:

Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.

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15. SAR Test Results

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

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- b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
- c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- d. For WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - · ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- 4. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.
- 5. Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, for smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm, when hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg, however, when power reduction applies to hotspot mode the measured SAR must be scaled to the maximum output power, including tolerance, allowed for phablet modes to compare with the 1.2 W/kg SAR test reduction threshold.
- 6. When hotspot mode is enabled, power reduction will be activated to limit the maximum power of LTE band 7.
- 7. When 10-g product specific 10g SAR is considered, SAR thresholds is specified in the procedures for SAR test reduction and exclusion should be multiplied by 2.5.
- 8. Chose the LTE RB offset of original to do worse SAR evaluation.



15.1 Head SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
01	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	189	836.4	29.37	30.00	1.156	-0.03	0.287	0.333
02	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	512	1850.2	27.04	27.5	1.112	0.08	0.276	0.307

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
03	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	4233	846.6	24.4	25	1.148	0.06	0.237	<mark>0.272</mark>
04	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	1513	1752.6	23.63	24	1.089	0.17	0.523	<mark>0.570</mark>
05	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	9262	1907.6	22.73	23	1.064	0.09	0.172	0.183

<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Mode	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
06	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Right Cheek	20525	836.5	24.56	25	1.107	-0.19	0.230	<mark>0.255</mark>
07	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	20175	1732.5	23.63	24	1.089	0.12	0.459	0.500
08	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	18900	1880	23.05	23.5	1.109	0.16	0.159	<mark>0.176</mark>
09	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	21100	2535	23.73	24	1.064	0.08	0.266	0.283

<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
10	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	1	2412	12.92	13.50	1.143	97.59	1.025	0.02	0.441	<mark>0.517</mark>

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15.2 Hotspot SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
11	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	10	Off	189	836.4	29.37	30.00	1.156	-0.06	0.465	<mark>0.538</mark>
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	10	Off	512	1850.2	27.04	27.5	1.112	0	0.926	1.029
12	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	10	Off	661	1880	26.82	27.5	1.169	-0.03	0.979	<mark>1.145</mark>
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	10	Off	810	1909.8	27	27.5	1.122	0.01	1.010	1.133

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<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
13	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10	Off	4233	846.6	24.4	25	1.148	0.05	0.409	0.470
14	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10	Off	1413	1732.6	23.57	24	1.104	0.07	1.020	<mark>1.126</mark>
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10	Off	1312	1712.4	23.45	24	1.135	-0.1	0.982	1.115
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10	Off	1513	1752.6	23.63	24	1.089	-0.11	1.000	1.089
15	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10	Off	9262	1852.4	22.73	23	1.064	-0.05	0.630	0.670

<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Mode	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
16	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Back	10	Off	20525	836.5	24.56	25	1.107	0.11	0.401	0.444
17	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	Off	20175	1732.5	23.63	24	1.089	-0.04	0.974	1.061
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	Off	18900	1880	23.05	23.5	1.109	0.1	0.734	0.814
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	Off	18700	1860	22.93	23.5	1.140	-0.05	0.652	0.743
18	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	Off	19100	1900	22.92	23.5	1.143	-0.04	0.855	<mark>0.977</mark>
19	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	10	On	21100	2535	20.75	21	1.059	-0.15	0.742	<mark>0.786</mark>
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	10	On	20850	2510	20.48	21	1.127	-0.14	0.556	0.627
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	10	On	21350	2560	20.69	21	1.074	-0.18	0.654	0.702

<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	10	1	2412	12.92	13.50	1.109	97.59	1.025	-0.12	0.042	0.048
20	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side	10	1	2412	12.92	13.50	1.143	97.59	1.025	-0.16	0.053	<mark>0.062</mark>

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15.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
11	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	10	Off	189	836.4	29.37	30.00	1.156	-0.06	0.465	<mark>0.538</mark>
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	10	Off	512	1850.2	27.04	27.5	1.112	0	0.926	1.029
12	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	10	Off	661	1880	26.82	27.5	1.169	-0.03	0.979	<mark>1.145</mark>
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	10	Off	810	1909.8	27	27.5	1.122	0.01	1.010	1.133

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<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
13	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10	Off	4233	846.6	24.4	25	1.148	0.05	0.409	0.470
14	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10	Off	1413	1732.6	23.57	24	1.104	0.07	1.020	1.126
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10	Off	1312	1712.4	23.45	24	1.135	-0.1	0.982	1.115
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10	Off	1513	1752.6	23.63	24	1.089	-0.11	1.000	1.089
15	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10	Off	9262	1852.4	22.73	23	1.064	-0.05	0.630	0.670

<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Mode	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
16	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Back	10	Off	20525	836.5	24.56	25	1.107	0.11	0.401	0.444
17	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	Off	20175	1732.5	23.63	24	1.089	-0.04	0.974	1.061
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	Off	18900	1880	23.05	23.5	1.109	0.1	0.734	0.814
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	Off	18700	1860	22.93	23.5	1.140	-0.05	0.652	0.743
18	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	Off	19100	1900	22.92	23.5	1.143	-0.04	0.855	0.977
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	Off	21100	2535	23.73	24	1.064	-0.12	0.943	1.003
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	Off	20850	2510	23.49	24	1.125	0.04	0.880	0.990
21	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	Off	21350	2560	23.67	24	1.079	-0.01	0.979	1.056

<WLAN SAR>

Pl No		Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
2:	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	10	1	2412	12.92	13.50	1.109	97.59	1.025	-0.12	0.042	0.048

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15.4 Product specific 10g SAR

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Mode	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	0	Off	21100	2535	23.73	24	1.064	0.01	2.400	2.554
23	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	0	Off	20850	2510	23.49	24	1.125	-0.18	2.480	<mark>2.789</mark>
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	0	Off	21350	2560	23.67	24	1.079	-0.15	2.180	2.352

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15.5 Repeated SAR Measurement

<For 1g SAR>

No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Mode	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	GSM1900	-	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	-	-	Back	10	Off	810	1909.8	27	27.5	1.122	0.01	1.010	1	1.133
2nd	GSM1900	-	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	-	-	Back	10	Off	810	1909.8	27	27.5	1.122	0.03	1.000	1.010	1.045
1st	WCDMA Band IV	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	-	-	Back	10	Off	1413	1732.6	23.57	24	1.104	0.07	1.020	1	1.126
2nd	WCDMA Band IV	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	-	-	Back	10	Off	1413	1732.6	23.57	24	1.104	0.17	1.010	1.010	1.115
1st	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	Off	21350	2560	23.67	24	1.079	-0.01	0.979	1	1.056
2nd	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	Off	21350	2560	23.67	24	1.079	0.15	0.969	1.010	1.045

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<For 10g SAR>

No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Mode	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
1st	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	0	Off	20850	2510	23.49	24	1.125	-0.18	2.480	1	2.789
2nd	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	0	Off	20850	2510	23.49	24	1.125	0.11	2.470	1.004	2.778

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR <1.45W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
- 3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the extremity repeated SAR is necessary, the same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.
- 4. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated measured SAR.
- 5. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.



16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultanacua Transmissian Cantinuvations	P	ortable Hands	et	Note
NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	Note
1.	GSM Voice + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes		
2.	GPRS/EDGE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Hotspot
3.	WCDMA + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Hotspot
4.	LTE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Hotspot
5.	GSM Voice + Bluetooth		Yes		
6.	GPRS/EDGE + Bluetooth		Yes		WWAN VoIP
7 .	WCDMA+ Bluetooth		Yes		WWAN VoIP
8.	LTE + Bluetooth		Yes		WWAN VoIP

General Note:

- This device supported VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. 3rd party VoIP), and LTE supports VoLTE
 operation.
- 2. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 3. EUT will choose each GSM, WCDMA and LTE according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
- 4. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- For simultaneously transmission SAR analysis, SAR values only considered the worst position which we did perform SAR testing on FA691407, other test results were leverage from the parent model which referred to the test report number FA662005.
- 6. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
 - ii) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.
- 7. For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v06 based on the formula below.
 - i) (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
 - ii) When the minimum separation distance is < 5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion.
 - iii) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

Bluetooth	Exposure Position	Body worn
Max Power	Test separation	10 mm
10.0 dBm	Estimated SAR	0.210 W/kg

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16.1 Head Exposure Conditions

			1	2	1+2
WWA	N Band	Exposure Position	WWAN	WLAN	Summed 1g SAR
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	(W/kg)
	GSM850	Right Cheek	0.333	0.212	0.55
GSM	GSIVIOSO	Left Cheek	0.324	0.517	0.84
GSIVI	GSM1900	Right Cheek	0.307	0.212	0.52
	GSW1900	Left Cheek	0.103	0.517	0.62
	Band II	Right Cheek	0.183	0.212	0.40
WCDMA	Band IV	Left Cheek	0.570	0.517	1.09
WCDIVIA	Band V	Right Cheek	0.272	0.212	0.48
	вани у	Left Cheek	0.268	0.517	0.79
	Band 2	Right Cheek	0.176	0.212	0.39
	Band 2	Left Cheek	0.049	0.517	0.57
LTE	Band 4	Left Cheek	0.500	0.517	1.02
LTE	Band 5	Right Cheek	0.255	0.212	0.47
	Dand 5	Left Cheek	0.239	0.517	0.76
	Band 7	Left Cheek	0.283	0.517	0.80

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16.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

			1	2	1+2
WWA	AN Band	Exposure Position	WWAN	WLAN	Summed 1g SAR
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	(W/kg)
GSM	GSM850	Back	0.538	0.048	0.59
GSIVI	GSM1900	Back	1.145	0.048	<mark>1.19</mark>
	Band II	Back	0.670	0.048	0.72
WCDMA	Band IV	Back	1.126	0.048	1.17
	Band V	Back	0.470	0.048	0.52
	Band 2	Back	0.977	0.048	1.03
	Band 4	Back	1.061	0.048	1.11
LTE	Band 5	Back	0.444	0.048	0.49
	Band 7	Back	1.056	0.048	1.10
	Dailu /	Bottom side	0.786		0.79

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16.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

			1	2	3	1+2	1+3
WWA	N Band	Exposure Position	WWAN	WLAN	Bluetooth	Summed 1g SAR	Summed 1g SAR
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
GSM	GSM850	Back	0.538	0.048	0.210	0.59	0.75
GSIVI	GSM1900	Back	1.145	0.048	0.210	1.19	<mark>1.36</mark>
	Band II	Back	0.670	0.048	0.210	0.72	0.88
WCDMA	Band IV	Back	1.126	0.048	0.210	1.17	1.34
	Band V	Back	0.470	0.048	0.210	0.52	0.68
	Band 2	Back	0.977	0.048	0.210	1.03	1.19
LTE	Band 4	Back	1.061	0.048	0.210	1.11	1.27
LIE	Band 5	Back	0.444	0.048	0.210	0.49	0.65
	Band 7	Back	1.056	0.048	0.210	1.10	1.27

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17. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

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A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor ^(a)	1/k ^(b)	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

- (a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity
- (b) κ is the coverage factor

Table 17.1. Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.



Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)		
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	6.0	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0		
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9		
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9		
Boundary Effects	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6		
Linearity	4.7	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7		
System Detection Limits	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6		
Modulation Response	3.2	R	1.732	1	1	1.8	1.8		
Readout Electronics	1	0.3	0.3						
Response Time	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0		
Integration Time	2.6	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5		
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7		
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7		
Probe Positioner	0.4	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2		
Probe Positioning	2.9	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7		
Max. SAR Eval.	2.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2		
Test Sample Related									
Device Positioning	3.0	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0		
Device Holder	3.6	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6		
Power Drift	5.0	R	1.732	1	1	2.9	2.9		
Power Scaling	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0		
Phantom and Setup									
Phantom Uncertainty	6.1	R	1.732	1	1	3.5	3.5		
SAR correction	0.0	R	1.732	1	0.84	0.0	0.0		
Liquid Conductivity Repeatability	0.2	N	1	0.78	0.71	0.1	0.1		
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.0		
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.1	1.0		
Temp. unc Conductivity	3.4	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.4		
Liquid Permittivity Repeatability	0.15	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0		
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.7	0.8		
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.4		
Temp. unc Permittivity									
Cor	nbined Std. Un	certainty				11.4%	11.4%		
Co	Coverage Factor for 95 %								
Exp	Expanded STD Uncertainty								

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Table 17.2. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz



18. References

[1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"

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- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015
- [6] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015
- [7] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 2015
- [8] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets", Oct 2015
- [9] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Oct 2015.
- [10] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", Oct 2015
- [11] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices", Dec 2015
- [12] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", Oct 2015

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Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

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The plots are shown as follows.

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System Check_Head_835MHz_160923

DUT: D835V2 - SN:4d091

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_850_160923 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.902$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 42.135$; $\rho =$

Date: 2015.9.23

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6°C

DASY5 Configuration:

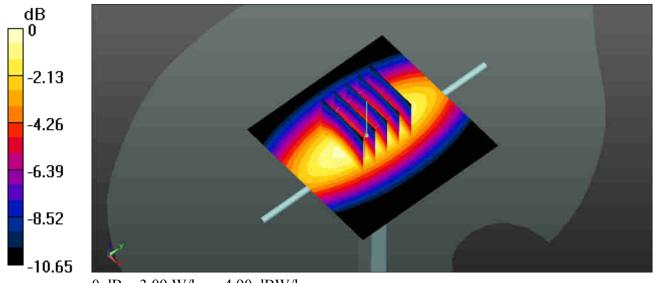
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(10.1, 10.1, 10.1); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.06 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 53.71 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.60 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.33 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.09 W/kg



0 dB = 3.09 W/kg = 4.90 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_1750MHz_160924

DUT: D1750V2 - SN:1069

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1750_160924 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.452$; $\rho =$

Date: 2016.9.24

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(8, 8, 8); Calibrated: 2016.5.25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.0 W/kg

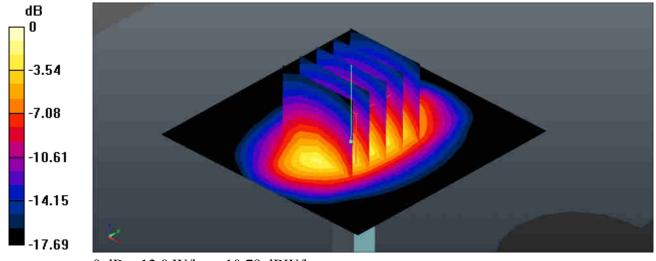
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 78.83 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.56 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.36 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.0 W/kg



0 dB = 12.0 W/kg = 10.79 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_1900MHz_160924

DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d118

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900_160924 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.429$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.554$; $\rho = 1.429$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.554$; $\epsilon_r = 40.5$

Date: 2016.9.24

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.85, 7.85, 7.85); Calibrated: 2016.5.25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.8 W/kg

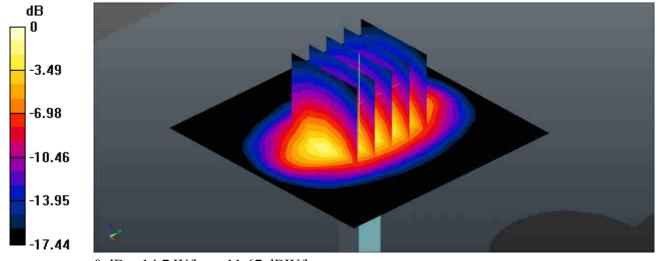
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 89.89 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.37 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.7 W/kg



0 dB = 14.7 W/kg = 11.67 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_2450MHz_160924

DUT: D2450V2 - SN:840

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2450_160924 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.817$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.208$; $\rho = 1.817$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.208$; $\epsilon_r = 39.2$

Date: 2016.9.24

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.19, 7.19, 7.19); Calibrated: 2016.5.25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.5 W/kg

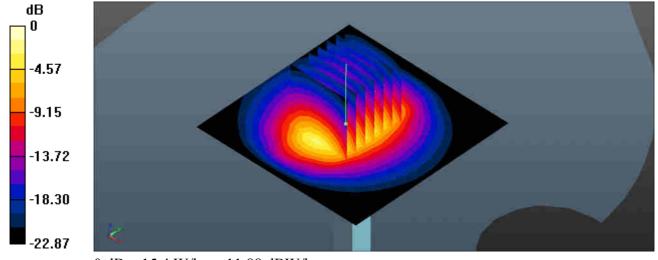
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 77.40 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 21.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.31 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.99 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.4 W/kg



0 dB = 15.4 W/kg = 11.88 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_2600MHz_160924

DUT: D2600V2 - SN:1061

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2600_160924 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 1.981$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.254$; $\rho = 1.981$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.254$; $\epsilon_r = 38.2$

Date: 2016.9.24

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 2016.5.25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 23.1 W/kg

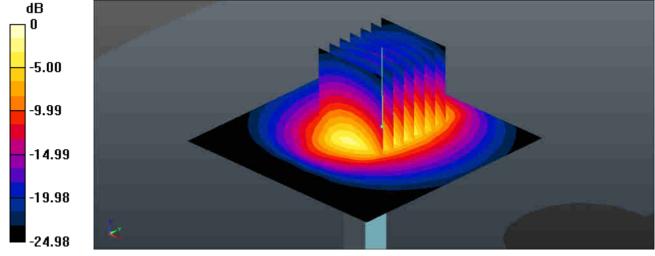
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 86.61 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.38 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.9 W/kg



0 dB = 22.9 W/kg = 13.60 dBW/kg

System Check_Body_835MHz_160923

DUT: D835V2 - SN:4d091

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_850_160923 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.969$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.694$; $\rho =$

Date: 2016.9.23

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

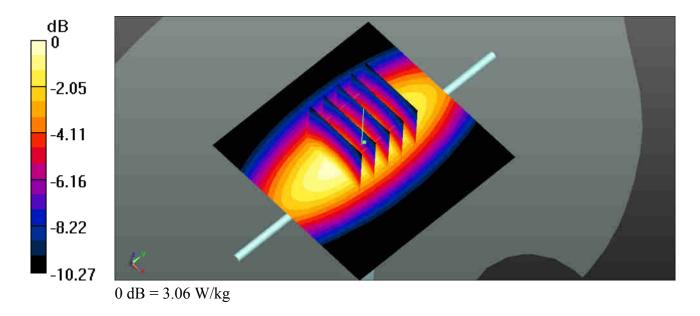
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(10.17, 10.17, 10.17); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2016.4.4
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.05 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 51.88 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.51 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.44 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.61 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.06 W/kg



System Check_Body_1750MHz_160923

DUT: D1750V2 - SN:1069

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_160923 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.539$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.578$; $\rho =$

Date: 2016.9.23

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.81, 7.81, 7.81); Calibrated: 2016.5.25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.6 W/kg

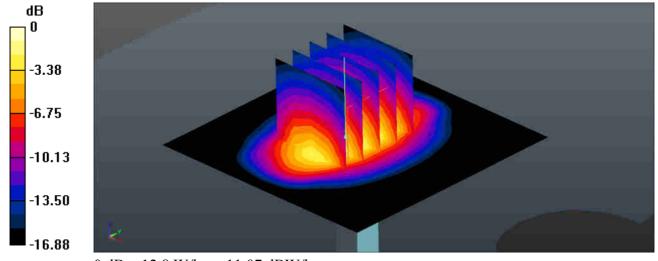
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 78.10 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.05 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.79 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.8 W/kg



0 dB = 12.8 W/kg = 11.07 dBW/kg

System Check_Body_1900MHz_160923

DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d118

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_160923 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.552$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.377$; $\rho =$

Date: 2016.9.23

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.55, 7.55, 7.55); Calibrated: 2016.5.25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.6 W/kg

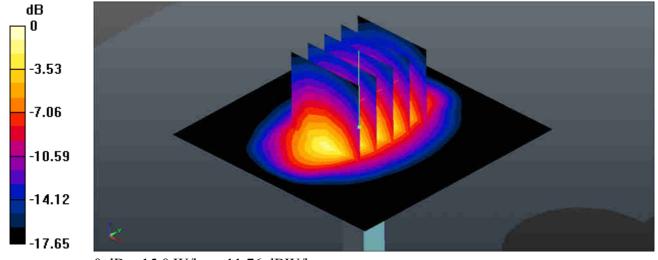
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 83.91 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.43 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.0 W/kg



0 dB = 15.0 W/kg = 11.76 dBW/kg

System Check_Body_2450MHz_160923

DUT: D2450V2 - SN:840

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2450_160923 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 2.026$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.965$; ρ

Date: 2016.9.23

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2016.4.4
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.7 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 86.13 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.21 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.6 W/kg

-4.09
-8.18
-12.28
-16.37
-20.46

0 dB = 19.6 W/kg = 12.92 dBW/kg

System Check_Body_2600MHz_160923

DUT: D2600V2 - SN:1061

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2600_160923 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 2.219$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.079$; ρ

Date: 2016.9.23

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

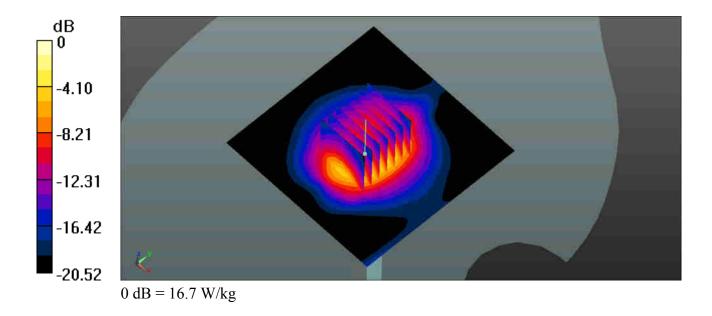
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2016.4.4
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.1 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 76.46 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 21.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.84 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.7 W/kg



Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement

Report No. : FA691407

The plots are shown as follows.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC.

01_GSM850_GPRS(4 Tx slots)_Right Cheek_0mm_Ch189

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08

Date: 2016.9.23

Medium: HSL_850_160923 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.903$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.121$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

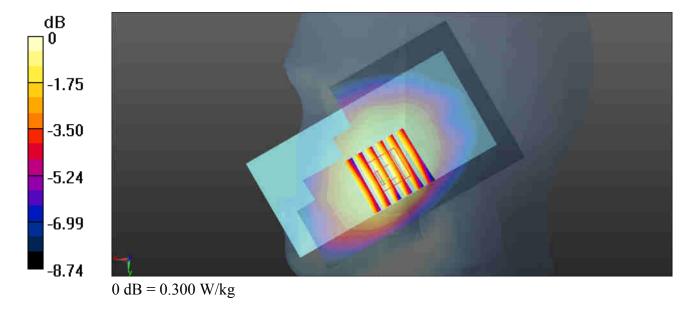
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(10.1, 10.1, 10.1); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2016.4.4
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch189/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.336 W/kg

Ch189/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 7.886 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.302 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.287 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.238 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.287 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.238 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.300 W/kg



02_GSM1900_GPRS 4 Tx slots_Right Cheek_0mm_Ch512

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08

Date: 2016.9.24

Medium: HSL_1900_160924 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.376$ S/m;

 $\varepsilon_r = 40.754$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.4°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.85, 7.85, 7.85); Calibrated: 2016.5.25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

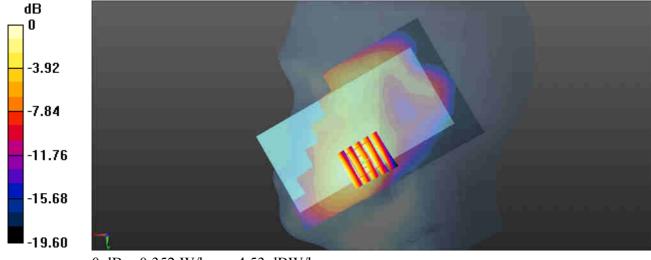
Ch512/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.363 W/kg

Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 7.537 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.415 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.276 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.174 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.352 W/kg



0 dB = 0.352 W/kg = -4.53 dBW/kg

03_WCDMA V_RMC12.2Kbps_Right Cheek_0mm_Ch4233

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_850_160923 Medium parameters used: f = 846.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.913$ S/m; = 41.992; $\rho =$

Date: 2016.9.23

 1000 kg/m^3

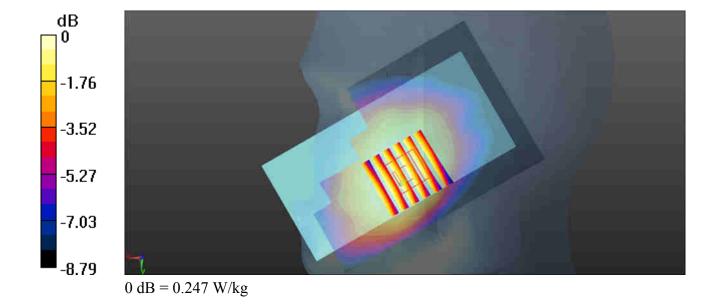
Ambient Temperature: 23.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(10.1, 10.1, 10.1); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2016.4.4
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch4233/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.294 W/kg

Ch4233/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.425 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.250 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.237 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.197 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.247 W/kg



04_WCDMA IV_RMC12.2Kbps_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch1513

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1752.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 1750 160924 Medium parameters used: f = 1752.6 MHz; $\sigma = 1.413 \text{ S/m}$; = 41.434; $\rho =$

Date: 2016.9.24

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(8, 8, 8); Calibrated: 2016.5.25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch1513/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.671 W/kg

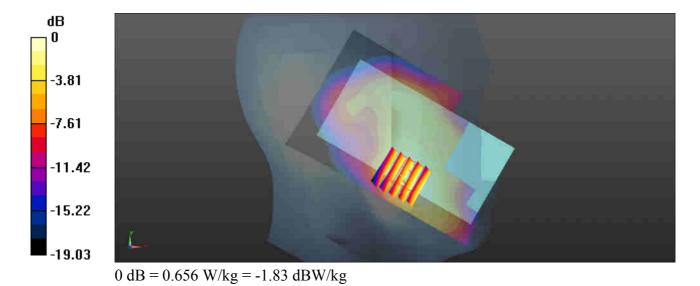
Ch1513/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.01 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.780 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.523 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.336 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.656 W/kg



05_WCDMA II_RMC12.2Kbps_Right Cheek_0mm_Ch9262

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 1900 160924 Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1.378$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.747$; ρ

Date: 2016.9.24

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.85, 7.85, 7.85); Calibrated: 2016.5.25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch9262/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.217 W/kg

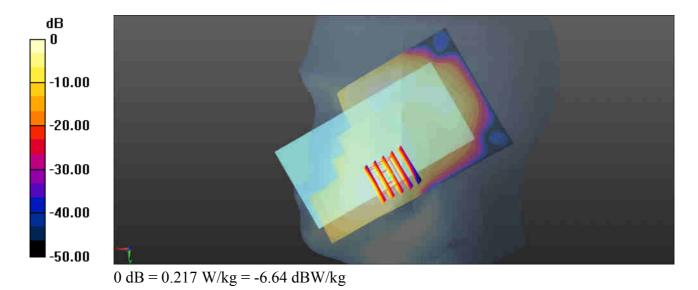
Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.360 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.254 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.172 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.111 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.214 W/kg



06 LTE Band 5 10M QPSK 1RB 25Offset Right Cheek 0mm Ch20525

Communication System: UID 0, FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_850_160923 Medium parameters used: f = 836.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.904$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 42.12$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2016.9.23

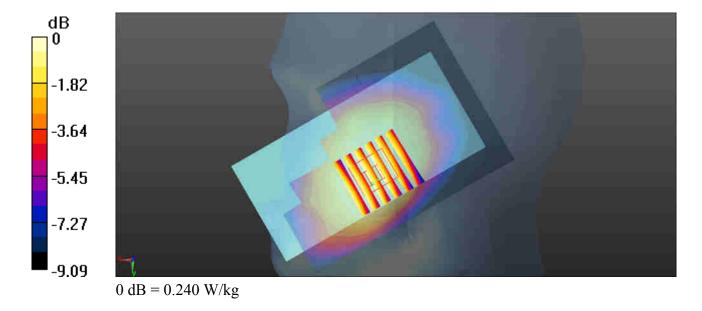
Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(10.1, 10.1, 10.1); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2016.4.4
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch20525/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.276 W/kg

Ch20525/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.985 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.242 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.230 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.191 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.240 W/kg



07 LTE Band 4 20M QPSK 1RB 49Offset Left Cheek 0mm Ch20175

Communication System: UID 0, FDD LTE (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1750_160924 Medium parameters used: f = 1732.5 MHz; $\sigma = 1.392$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.526$; ρ

Date: 2016.9.24

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(8, 8, 8); Calibrated: 2016.5.25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch20175/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.576 W/kg

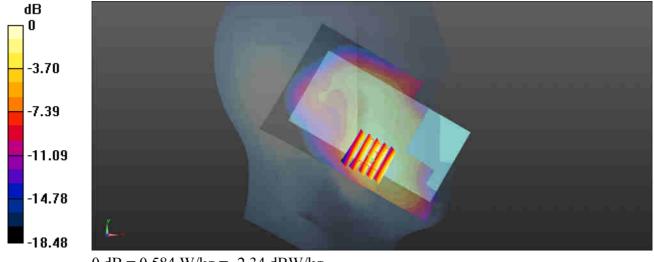
Ch20175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.363 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.690 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.459 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.296 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.584 W/kg



0 dB = 0.584 W/kg = -2.34 dBW/kg

08_LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK_1RB_49Offset_Right Cheek_0mm_Ch18900

Communication System: UID 0, FDD LTE (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 1900 160924 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.407$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.644$; $\rho =$

Date: 2016.9.24

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.85, 7.85, 7.85); Calibrated: 2016.5.25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch18900/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.204 W/kg

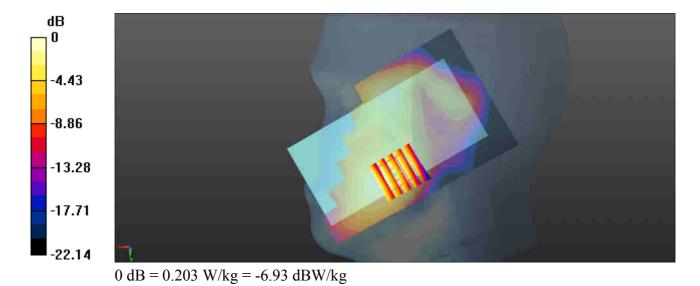
Ch18900/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.357 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.238 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.159 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.098 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.203 W/kg



09_LTE Band 7_20M_QPSK_1RB_49Offset_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch21100

Communication System: UID 0, FDD LTE (0); Frequency: 2535 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 2450 160924 Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; $\sigma = 1.922$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 38.895$; $\rho =$

Date: 2016.9.24

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 2016.5.25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch21100/Area Scan (81x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.397 W/kg

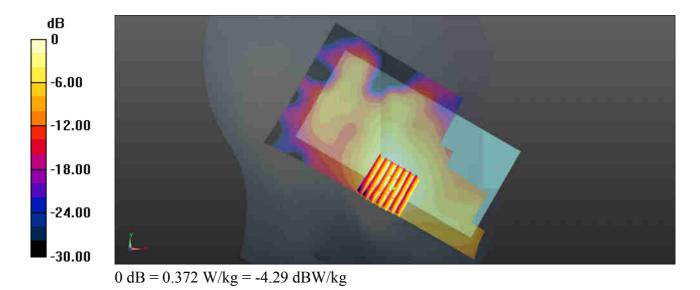
Ch21100/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.439 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.485 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.266 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.148 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.372 W/kg



10_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b 1Mbps_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch1

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.025

Medium: HSL_2450_160924 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; $\sigma = 1.774$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.354$; $\rho =$

Date: 2016.9.24

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.19, 7.19, 7.19); Calibrated: 2016.5.25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch1/Area Scan (81x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.781 W/kg

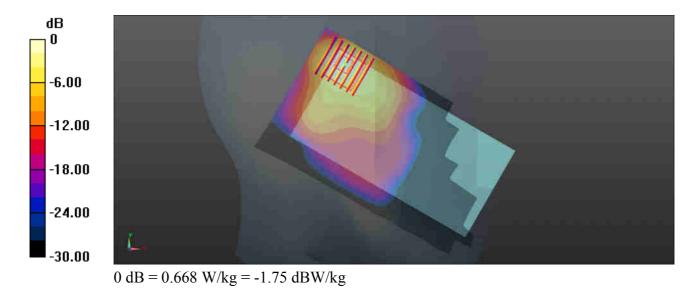
Ch1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.970 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.01 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.441 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.202 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.668 W/kg



11 GSM850 GPRS(4 Tx slots) Back 10mm Ch189

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08

Date: 2016.9.23

Medium: MSL_850_160923 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.971$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.682$; ρ

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

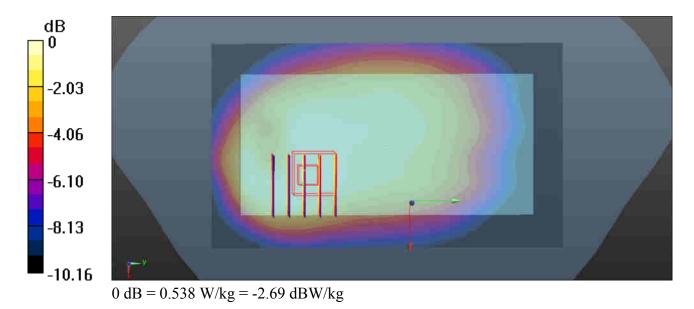
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(10.17, 10.17, 10.17); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2016.4.4
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch189/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.585 W/kg

Ch189/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 21.14 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.30 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.465 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.336 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.538 W/kg



12_GSM1900_GPRS 4 Tx slots_Back_10mm_Ch661

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08

Medium: MSL_1900_160923 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.528$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.433$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2016.9.23

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.55, 7.55, 7.55); Calibrated: 2016.5.25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch661/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.35 W/kg

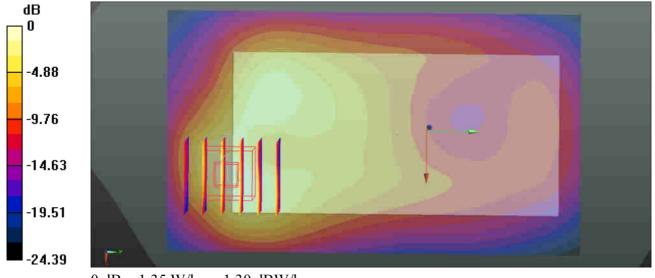
Ch661/Zoom Scan (5x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.44 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.77 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.979 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.502 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.35 W/kg



0 dB = 1.35 W/kg = 1.30 dBW/kg

13_WCDMA V_RMC12.2Kbps_Back_10mm_Ch4233

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL_850_160923 Medium parameters used: f = 846.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.98$ S/m; = 55.587; $\rho = \frac{6}{1000}$ kg/m³

Date: 2016.9.23

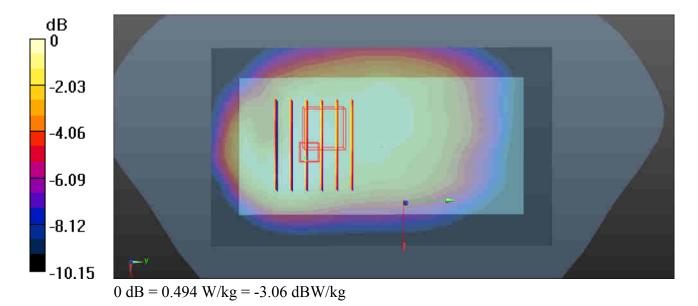
Ambient Temperature: 23.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(10.17, 10.17, 10.17); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2016.4.4
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch4233/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.489 W/kg

Ch4233/Zoom Scan (7x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 19.36 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.542 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.409 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.318 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.494 W/kg



14_WCDMA IV_RMC12.2Kbps_Back_10mm_Ch1413

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 1750 160923 Medium parameters used: f = 1733 MHz; $\sigma = 1.511$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.617$; $\rho =$

Date: 2016.9.23

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.81, 7.81, 7.81); Calibrated: 2016.5.25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch1413/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.27 W/kg

Ch1413/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.79 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.74 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.02 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.577 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.37 W/kg

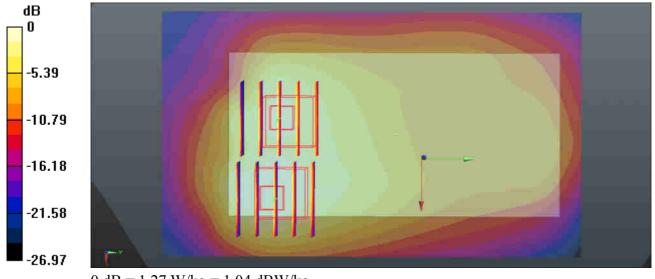
Ch1413/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.79 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.22 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.825 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.522 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.05 W/kg



0 dB = 1.27 W/kg = 1.04 dBW/kg

15_WCDMA II_RMC12.2Kbps_Back_10mm_Ch9262

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 1900 160923 Medium parameters used : f = 1852.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1.495$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.484$; ρ

Date: 2016.9.23

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.55, 7.55, 7.55); Calibrated: 2016.5.25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch9262/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mmMaximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.793 W/kg

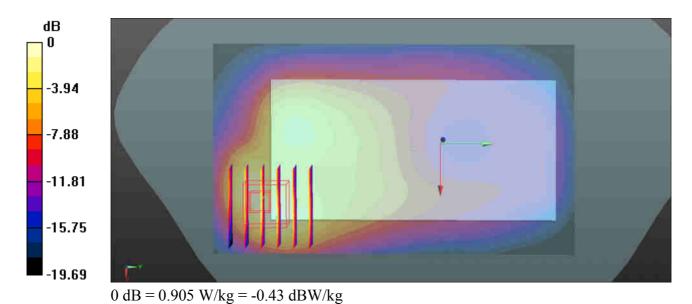
Ch9262/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.404 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.12 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.630 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.330 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.905 W/kg



16_LTE Band 5_10M_QPSK_1RB_25Offset_Back_10mm_Ch20525

Communication System: UID 0, FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL_850_160923 Medium parameters used: f = 836.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.971$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.681$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2016.9.23

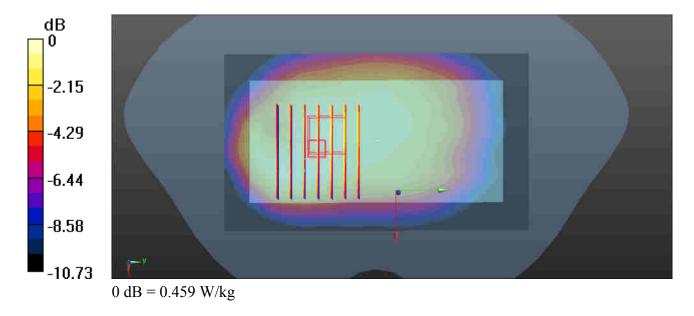
Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(10.17, 10.17, 10.17); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2016.4.4
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch20525/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.456 W/kg

Ch20525/Zoom Scan (8x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 18.99 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.514 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.401 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.312 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.459 W/kg



17 LTE Band 4 20M QPSK 1RB 49Offset Back 10mm Ch120175

Communication System: UID 0, FDD LTE (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 1750_160923 Medium parameters used: f = 1732.5 MHz; $\sigma = 1.511$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.618$; ρ

Date: 2016.9.23

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.81, 7.81, 7.81); Calibrated: 2016.5.25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch20175/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.21 W/kg

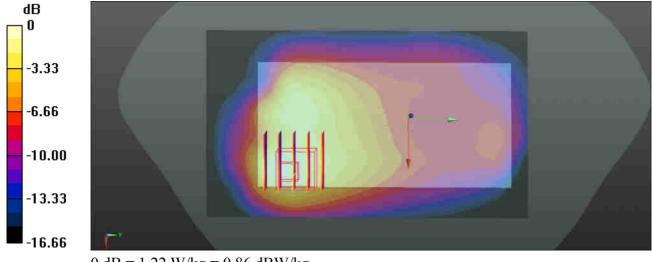
Ch20175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.88 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.68 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.974 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.545 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.22 W/kg



0 dB = 1.22 W/kg = 0.86 dBW/kg

18 LTE Band 2 20M QPSK 1RB 49Offset Back 10mm Ch19100

Communication System: UID 0, FDD LTE (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 1900 160923 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.552$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.377$; $\rho =$

Date: 2016.9.23

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.55, 7.55, 7.55); Calibrated: 2016.5.25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch19100/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.26 W/kg

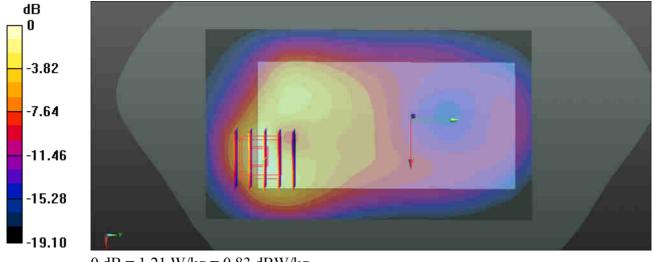
Ch19100/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.52 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.54 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.855 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.427 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.21 W/kg



0 dB = 1.21 W/kg = 0.83 dBW/kg

19 LTE Band 7 20M QPSK 1Rb 49Offset Bottom Side 10mm Ch21100

Communication System: UID 0, FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 2535 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL_2600_160923 Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; $\sigma = 2.125$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.296$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2016.9.23

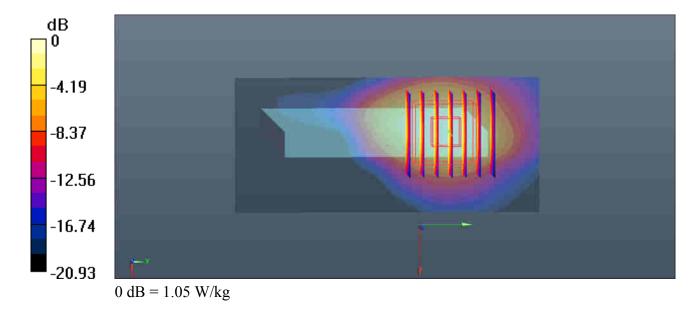
Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2016.4.4
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch21100/Area Scan (41x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.13 W/kg

Ch21100/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 10.96 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.29 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.742 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.368 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.05 W/kg



20_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b 1Mbps_Top Side_10mm_Ch1

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.025 Medium: MSL_2450_160923 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; $\sigma = 1.973$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.108$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2016.9.23

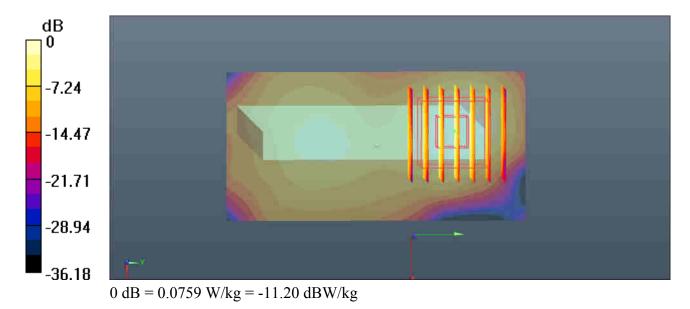
Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2016.4.4
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch1/Area Scan (41x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0852 W/kg

Ch1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.933 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0930 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.053 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.025 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0759 W/kg



21 LTE Band 7 20M QPSK 1Rb 49Offset Back 10mm Ch21350

Communication System: UID 0, FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 2560 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL_2600_160923 Medium parameters used: f = 2560 MHz; $\sigma = 2.161$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.213$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2016.9.23

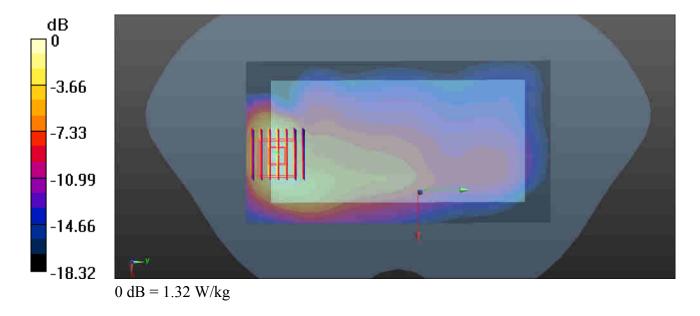
Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2016.4.4
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch21350/Area Scan (81x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.28 W/kg

Ch21350/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 9.608 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.57 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.979 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.531 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.32 W/kg



22_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b 1Mbps_Back_10mm_Ch1

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.025 Medium: MSL_2450_160923 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; $\sigma = 1.973$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.108$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2016.9.23

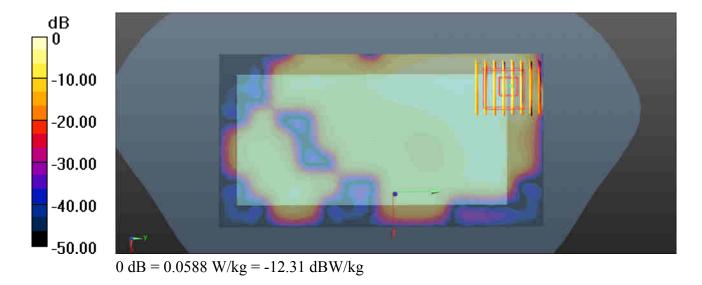
Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2016.4.4
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch1/Area Scan (81x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0681 W/kg

Ch1/Zoom Scan (7x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.328 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0740 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.042 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.018 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0588 W/kg



23 LTE Band 7 20M QPSK 1Rb 49Offset Bottom Side 0mm Ch20850

Communication System: UID 0, FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL_2600_160923 Medium parameters used: f = 2510 MHz; $\sigma = 2.089$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.395$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2016.9.23

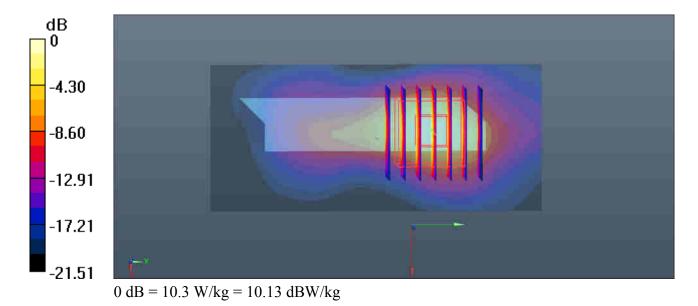
Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2016.4.4
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch20850/Area Scan (41x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.82 W/kg

Ch20850/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 33.37 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 13.5 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 6.21 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.48 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.3 W/kg



Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate

Report No. : FA691407

The DASY calibration certificates are shown as follows.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC.

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

Sporton-KS (Auden)

Certificate No: D835V2-4d091 Nov15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D835V2 - SN: 4d091

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v9

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: November 24, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).

The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222)	Oct-16
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222)	Oct-16
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02223)	Oct-16
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131)	Mar-16
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134)	Mar-16
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	30-Dec-14 (No. EX3-7349_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 601	17-Aug-15 (No. DAE4-601_Aug15)	Aug-16
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Jun-15)	In house check: Jun-18
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-16

Calibrated by:

Name Claudio Leubler Function Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic

Technical Manager

Issued: November 24, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL ConvF

N/A

tissue simulating liquid

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	42.6 ± 6 %	0.92 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.31 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.14 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.50 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	5.94 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	55.6 ± 6 %	0.99 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	****	

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.42 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.55 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.59 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.29 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D835V2-4d091_Nov15

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.3 Ω - 4.3 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 27.0 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.3 Ω - 6.3 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 23.0 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

TAKE A STATE OF A STAT	
Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.395 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	September 15, 2009

Certificate No: D835V2-4d091 Nov15

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 24.11.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d091

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.92 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 42.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(9.77, 9.77, 9.77); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 17.08.2015

Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001

DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

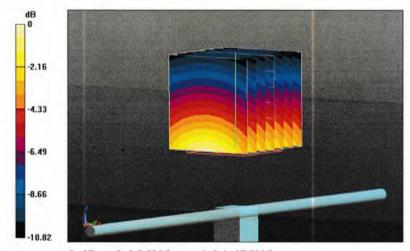
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 60.87 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.43 W/kg

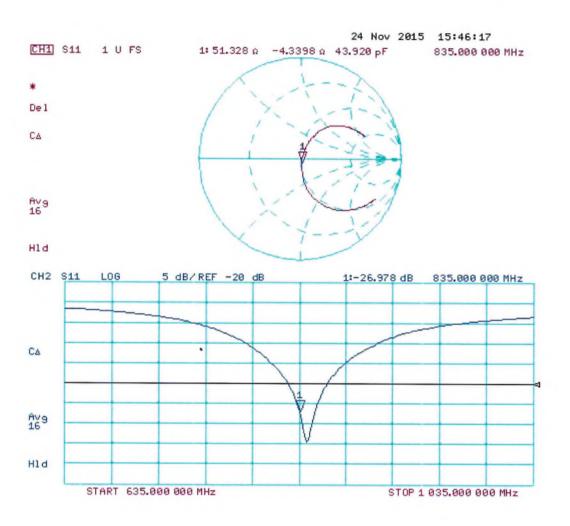
SAR(1 g) = 2.31 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.5 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.05 W/kg



0 dB = 3.05 W/kg = 4.84 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 24.11.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d091

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.99 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 55.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 17.08.2015

Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001

DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

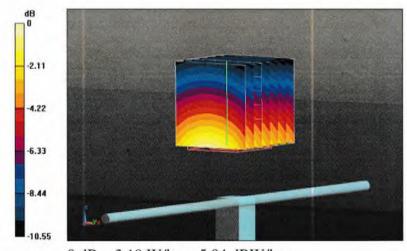
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 59.69 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.58 W/kg

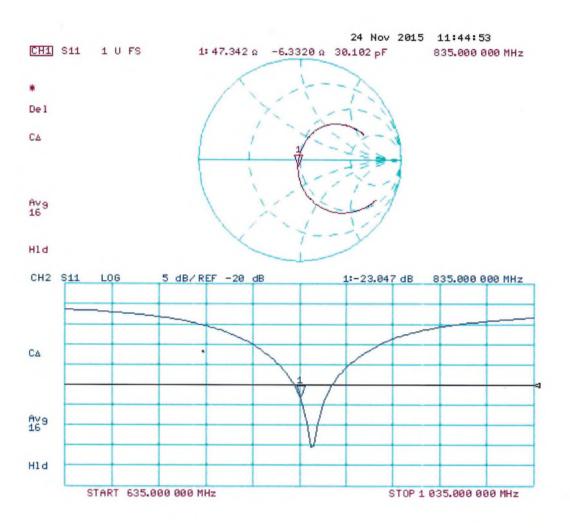
SAR(1 g) = 2.42 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.19 W/kg



0 dB = 3.19 W/kg = 5.04 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

Sporton-KS (Auden)

Certificate No: D1750V2-1069_Nov15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D1750V2 - SN: 1069

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-05.v9

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date:

November 23, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).

The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222)	Oct-16
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222)	Oct-16
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02223)	Oct-16
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131)	Mar-16
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134)	Mar-16
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	30-Dec-14 (No. EX3-7349_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 601	17-Aug-15 (No. DAE4-601_Aug15)	Aug-16
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Jun-15)	In house check: Jun-18
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-16

Calibrated by:

Name Michael Weber Function

Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic

Technical Manager

Issued: November 24, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D1750V2-1069_Nov15

Page 1 of 8

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL

N/A

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.1	1.37 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.8 ± 6 %	1.35 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.12 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	37.0 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	4.83 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	19.5 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.4	1.49 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.2 ± 6 %	1.48 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	8.92 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	35.9 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	4.76 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	19.1 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.5 Ω - 0.4 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 44.1 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.6 Ω - 0.4 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 29.1 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.218 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG	
Manufactured on	June 15, 2010	

Certificate No: D1750V2-1069_Nov15

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 23.11.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1069

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.35 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(8.38, 8.38, 8.38); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 17.08.2015

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001

DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

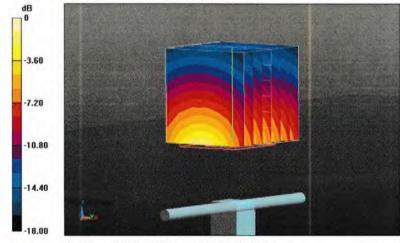
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 105.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.9 W/kg

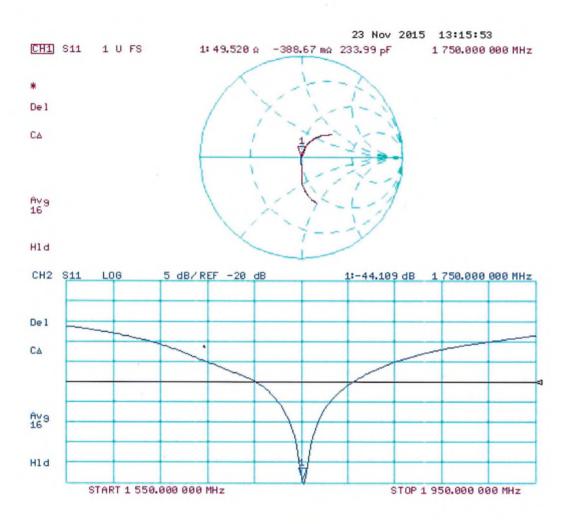
SAR(1 g) = 9.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.83 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.9 W/kg



0 dB = 13.9 W/kg = 11.43 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 23.11.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1069

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.48 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(8.25, 8.25, 8.25); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 17.08.2015

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002

DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

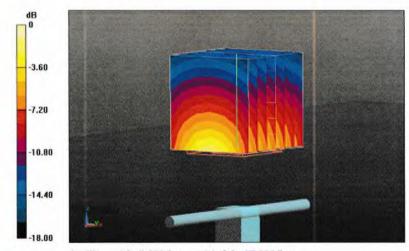
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 99.44 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.92 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.76 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.5 W/kg



0 dB = 13.5 W/kg = 11.30 dBW/kg