

► **Measurements below 1000 MHz**

- a) Follow the requirements in section II.G.3, "General Requirements for Unwanted Emissions Measurements".
- b) Compliance shall be demonstrated using **CISPR quasi-peak detection**; however, **peak detection** is permitted as an alternative to quasi-peak detection.

► **Measurements Above 1000 MHz (Peak)**

- a) Follow the requirements in section II.G.3, "General Requirements for Unwanted Emissions Measurements".
- b) Peak emission levels are measured by setting the analyzer as follows:
 - (i) **RBW = 1 MHz.**
 - (ii) **VBW ≥ 3 MHz.**
 - (iii) **Detector = Peak.**
 - (iv) Sweep time = Auto.
 - (v) Trace mode = Max hold.
 - (vi) Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes. Note that if the transmission is not continuous, the time required for the trace to stabilize will increase by a factor of approximately $1/x$, where x is the duty cycle. For example, at 50 percent duty cycle, the measurement time will increase by a factor of two relative to measurement time for continuous transmission.

► **Measurements Above 1000 MHz (Method AD)**

- (i) **RBW = 1 MHz.**
- (ii) **VBW ≥ 3 MHz.**
- (iii) **Detector = RMS**, if $\text{span} / (\# \text{ of points in sweep}) \leq \text{RBW} / 2$. Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If the condition is not satisfied, the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- (iv) Averaging type = power (i.e., RMS)
 - As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging. Some analyzers require linear display mode in order to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.
- (v) Sweep time = Auto.
- (vi) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces if the transmission is continuous. If the transmission is not continuous, the number of traces shall be increased by a factor of $1/x$, where x is the duty cycle. For example, with 50 percent duty cycle, at least 200 traces shall be averaged.
- (vii) If tests are performed with the EUT transmitting at a duty cycle less than 98 percent, a correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
 - **If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step (iv) above, the correction factor is $10 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle.** For example, if the transmit duty cycle was 50 percent, then 3 dB must be added to the measured emission levels.
 - If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step (iv) above, the correction factor is $20 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle. For example, if the transmit duty cycle was 50 percent, then 6 dB must be added to the measured emission levels.
 - If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (100 percent duty cycle) rather than turning on and off with the transmit cycle, no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

Please refer to Appendix II for the duty correction factor

■ Test Results: **Comply**

- Tested Power Supply: DC 12 V

Radiated Spurious Emissions data(9 kHz ~ 40 GHz) : 802.11a

Band	Tested Channel	Freq. (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCCF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
U-NII 1	36 (5180 MHz)	5 149.48	V	X	PK	64.19	1.79	N/A	N/A	65.98	74.00	8.02
		5 149.69	V	X	AV	45.52	1.79	1.03	N/A	48.34	54.00	5.66
		10 359.79	V	X	PK	46.55	10.68	N/A	N/A	57.23	68.20	10.97
	40 (5200 MHz)	10 399.62	V	X	PK	47.84	10.73	N/A	N/A	58.57	68.20	9.63
	48 (5240 MHz)	10 480.88	V	X	PK	49.00	10.72	N/A	N/A	59.72	68.20	8.48
U-NII 3	149 (5745 MHz)	5 634.77	V	X	PK	51.02	3.22	N/A	N/A	54.24	68.20	13.96
		11 489.80	V	X	PK	49.41	11.14	N/A	N/A	60.55	74.00	13.45
		11 488.96	V	X	AV	38.36	11.14	1.03	N/A	50.53	54.00	3.47
	157 (5785 MHz)	11 571.23	V	X	PK	50.95	11.54	N/A	N/A	62.49	74.00	11.51
		11 571.22	V	X	AV	38.35	11.54	1.03	N/A	50.92	54.00	3.08
	165 (5825 MHz)	5 928.93	V	X	PK	47.61	3.98	N/A	N/A	51.59	68.20	16.61
		11 648.66	V	X	PK	49.31	11.85	N/A	N/A	61.16	74.00	12.84
		11 649.11	V	X	AV	37.81	11.85	1.03	N/A	50.69	54.00	3.31

Note.

- No other spurious and harmonic emissions were found greater than listed emissions on above table.
- Information of Distance Factor
For finding emissions, the test distance might be reduced from 3 m to 1 m. In this case, the distance factor (-9.54 dB) is applied to the result.
- Calculation of distance factor = $20 \log(\text{applied distance} / \text{required distance}) = 20 \log(1 \text{ m} / 3 \text{ m}) = -9.54 \text{ dB}$
When distance factor is "N/A", the distance is 3 m and distance factor is not applied.
- Sample Calculation.
Margin = Limit – Result / Result = Reading + T.F+ DCCF + DCF / T.F = AF + CL – AG
Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain,
DCCF = Duty Cycle Correction Factor, DCF = Distance Correction Factor
- The limit is converted to field strength.
 $E[\text{dBuV/m}] = \text{EIRP}[\text{dBm}] + 95.2 \text{ dB} = -27 \text{ dBm} + 95.2 = 68.2 \text{ dBuV/m}$

Radiated Spurious Emissions data(9 kHz ~ 40 GHz) : 802.11n(HT20)

Band	Tested Channel	Freq. (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCCF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
U-NII 1	36 (5180 MHz)	5 148.78	V	X	PK	63.20	1.79	N/A	N/A	64.99	74.00	9.01
		5 149.02	V	X	AV	46.83	1.79	0.52	N/A	49.14	54.00	4.86
		10 359.18	V	X	PK	46.85	10.68	N/A	N/A	57.53	68.20	10.67
	40 (5200 MHz)	10 400.67	V	X	PK	46.57	10.73	N/A	N/A	57.30	68.20	10.90
	48 (5240 MHz)	10 480.37	V	X	PK	47.86	10.72	N/A	N/A	58.58	68.20	9.62
U-NII 3	149 (5785 MHz)	5 600.88	V	X	PK	51.01	3.26	N/A	N/A	54.27	68.20	13.93
		11 489.69	V	X	PK	49.43	11.14	N/A	N/A	60.57	74.00	13.43
		11 488.39	V	X	AV	38.31	11.14	0.52	N/A	49.97	54.00	4.03
	157 (5785 MHz)	11 571.02	V	X	PK	51.71	11.54	N/A	N/A	63.25	74.00	10.75
		11 570.01	V	X	AV	38.36	11.53	0.52	N/A	50.41	54.00	3.59
	165 (5825 MHz)	5 925.95	V	X	PK	47.93	3.96	N/A	N/A	51.89	68.20	16.31
		11 649.92	V	X	PK	47.64	11.85	N/A	N/A	59.49	74.00	14.51
		11 650.10	V	X	AV	37.46	11.86	0.52	N/A	49.84	54.00	4.16

Note.

- No other spurious and harmonic emissions were found greater than listed emissions on above table.
- Information of Distance Factor
For finding emissions, the test distance might be reduced from 3 m to 1 m. In this case, the distance factor (-9.54 dB) is applied to the result.
- Calculation of distance factor = $20 \log(\text{applied distance} / \text{required distance}) = 20 \log(1 \text{ m} / 3 \text{ m}) = -9.54 \text{ dB}$
When distance factor is "N/A", the distance is 3 m and distance factor is not applied.
- Sample Calculation.
Margin = Limit – Result / Result = Reading + T.F+ DCCF + DCF / T.F = AF + CL – AG
Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain,
DCCF = Duty Cycle Correction Factor, DCF = Distance Correction Factor
- The limit is converted to field strength.
 $E[\text{dBuV/m}] = \text{EIRP}[\text{dBm}] + 95.2 \text{ dB} = -27 \text{ dBm} + 95.2 = 68.2 \text{ dBuV/m}$

Radiated Spurious Emissions data(9 kHz ~ 40 GHz) : 802.11n(HT40)

Band	Tested Channel	Freq. (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCCF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
U-NII 1	38 (5190 MHz)	5 149.68	V	X	PK	64.25	1.79	N/A	N/A	66.04	74.00	7.96
		5 149.51	V	X	AV	47.77	1.79	0.99	N/A	50.55	54.00	3.45
		10 380.17	V	X	PK	43.90	10.70	N/A	N/A	54.60	68.20	13.60
	46 (5230 MHz)	10 459.21	V	X	PK	46.07	10.69	N/A	N/A	56.76	68.20	11.44
U-NII 3	151 (5755 MHz)	5 624.75	V	X	PK	51.20	3.23	N/A	N/A	54.43	68.20	13.77
		11 508.58	V	X	PK	50.14	11.21	N/A	N/A	61.35	74.00	12.65
		11 509.79	V	X	AV	38.23	11.21	0.99	N/A	50.43	54.00	3.57
	159 (5795 MHz)	5 946.60	V	X	PK	48.57	4.07	N/A	N/A	52.64	68.20	15.56
		11 589.91	V	X	PK	49.52	11.64	N/A	N/A	61.16	74.00	12.84
		11 590.05	V	X	AV	38.14	11.64	0.99	N/A	50.77	54.00	3.23

Note.

- No other spurious and harmonic emissions were found greater than listed emissions on above table.
- Information of Distance Factor
For finding emissions, the test distance might be reduced from 3 m to 1 m. In this case, the distance factor (-9.54 dB) is applied to the result.
- Calculation of distance factor = $20 \log(\text{applied distance} / \text{required distance}) = 20 \log(1 \text{ m} / 3 \text{ m}) = \underline{\underline{-9.54 \text{ dB}}}$
When distance factor is "N/A", the distance is 3 m and distance factor is not applied.
- Sample Calculation.
Margin = Limit – Result / Result = Reading + T.F+ DCCF + DCF / T.F = AF + CL – AG
Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain,
DCCF = Duty Cycle Correction Factor, DCF = Distance Correction Factor
- The limit is converted to field strength.
 $E[\text{dBuV/m}] = \text{EIRP}[\text{dBm}] + 95.2 \text{ dB} = -27 \text{ dBm} + 95.2 = 68.2 \text{ dBuV/m}$

Radiated Spurious Emissions data(9 kHz ~ 40 GHz) : 802.11ac(VHT80)

Band	Tested Channel	Freq. (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCCF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
U-NII 1	42 (5210 MHz)	5 149.29	V	X	PK	61.61	1.79	N/A	N/A	63.40	74.00	10.60
		5 149.45	V	X	AV	46.33	1.79	1.85	N/A	49.97	54.00	4.03
		10 420.08	V	X	PK	44.26	10.71	N/A	N/A	54.97	68.20	13.23
U-NII 3	155 (5775 MHz)	5 647.38	V	X	PK	51.62	3.21	N/A	N/A	54.83	68.20	13.37
		5 925.24	V	X	PK	48.26	3.96	N/A	N/A	52.22	68.20	15.98
		11 550.58	V	X	PK	48.49	11.43	N/A	N/A	59.92	74.00	14.08
		11 549.36	V	X	AV	36.57	11.42	1.85	N/A	49.84	54.00	4.16

Note.

- No other spurious and harmonic emissions were found greater than listed emissions on above table.
- Information of Distance Factor
For finding emissions, the test distance might be reduced from 3 m to 1 m. In this case, the distance factor (-9.54 dB) is applied to the result.
- Calculation of distance factor = $20 \log(\text{applied distance} / \text{required distance}) = 20 \log(1 \text{ m} / 3 \text{ m}) = -9.54 \text{ dB}$
When distance factor is "N/A", the distance is 3 m and distance factor is not applied.
- Sample Calculation.
Margin = Limit – Result / Result = Reading + T.F+ DCCF + DCF / T.F = AF + CL – AG
Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain,
DCCF = Duty Cycle Correction Factor, DCF = Distance Correction Factor
- The limit is converted to field strength.
 $E[\text{dBuV/m}] = \text{EIRP}[\text{dBm}] + 95.2 \text{ dB} = -27 \text{ dBm} + 95.2 = 68.2 \text{ dBuV/m}$

- Tested Power Supply: DC 24 V

Radiated Spurious Emissions data(9 kHz ~ 40 GHz) : 802.11a

Band	Tested Channel	Freq. (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCCF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
U-NII 1	36 (5180 MHz)	5 149.24	V	X	PK	63.71	1.79	N/A	N/A	65.50	74.00	8.50
		5 149.24	V	X	AV	46.17	1.79	1.03	N/A	48.99	54.00	5.01
		10 361.69	V	X	PK	45.85	10.68	N/A	N/A	56.53	68.20	11.67
	40 (5200 MHz)	10 400.85	V	X	PK	47.46	10.73	N/A	N/A	58.19	68.20	10.01
	48 (5240 MHz)	10 482.73	V	X	PK	48.90	10.72	N/A	N/A	59.62	68.20	8.58
U-NII 3	149 (5745 MHz)	5 601.18	V	X	PK	51.50	3.26	N/A	N/A	54.76	68.20	13.44
		11 488.58	V	X	PK	49.98	11.14	N/A	N/A	61.12	74.00	12.88
		11 488.78	V	X	AV	38.34	11.14	1.03	N/A	50.51	54.00	3.49
	157 (5785 MHz)	11 571.19	V	X	PK	50.17	11.54	N/A	N/A	61.71	74.00	12.29
		11 570.68	V	X	AV	38.13	11.53	1.03	N/A	50.69	54.00	3.31
	165 (5825 MHz)	5 955.86	V	X	PK	48.98	4.11	N/A	N/A	53.09	68.20	15.11
		11 648.40	V	X	PK	49.19	11.85	N/A	N/A	61.04	74.00	12.96
		11 648.38	V	X	AV	37.77	11.85	1.03	N/A	50.65	54.00	3.35

Note.

- No other spurious and harmonic emissions were found greater than listed emissions on above table.
- Information of Distance Factor
For finding emissions, the test distance might be reduced from 3 m to 1 m. In this case, the distance factor (-9.54 dB) is applied to the result.
- Calculation of distance factor = $20 \log(\text{applied distance} / \text{required distance}) = 20 \log(1 \text{ m} / 3 \text{ m}) = -9.54 \text{ dB}$
When distance factor is "N/A", the distance is 3 m and distance factor is not applied.
- Sample Calculation.
Margin = Limit – Result / Result = Reading + T.F+ DCCF + DCF / T.F = AF + CL – AG
Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain,
DCCF = Duty Cycle Correction Factor, DCF = Distance Correction Factor
- The limit is converted to field strength.
 $E[\text{dBuV/m}] = \text{EIRP}[\text{dBm}] + 95.2 \text{ dB} = -27 \text{ dBm} + 95.2 = 68.2 \text{ dBuV/m}$

Radiated Spurious Emissions data(9 kHz ~ 40 GHz) : 802.11n(HT20)

Band	Tested Channel	Freq. (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCCF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
U-NII 1	36 (5180 MHz)	5 148.07	V	X	PK	62.03	1.78	N/A	N/A	63.81	74.00	10.19
		5 149.17	V	X	AV	45.98	1.79	0.52	N/A	48.29	54.00	5.71
		10 358.48	V	X	PK	46.43	10.68	N/A	N/A	57.11	68.20	11.09
	40 (5200 MHz)	10 398.68	V	X	PK	46.28	10.72	N/A	N/A	57.00	68.20	11.20
	48 (5240 MHz)	10 479.10	V	X	PK	47.66	10.72	N/A	N/A	58.38	68.20	9.82
U-NII 3	149 (5785 MHz)	5 624.06	V	X	PK	50.81	3.23	N/A	N/A	54.04	68.20	14.16
		11 489.24	V	X	PK	50.09	11.14	N/A	N/A	61.23	74.00	12.77
		11 490.25	V	X	AV	38.31	11.14	0.52	N/A	49.97	54.00	4.03
	157 (5785 MHz)	11 568.08	V	X	PK	49.99	11.52	N/A	N/A	61.51	74.00	12.49
		11 568.95	V	X	AV	38.38	11.53	0.52	N/A	50.43	54.00	3.57
	165 (5825 MHz)	5 955.29	V	X	PK	47.86	4.11	N/A	N/A	51.97	68.20	16.23
		11 649.77	V	X	PK	48.38	11.85	N/A	N/A	60.23	74.00	13.77
		11 649.69	V	X	AV	37.43	11.85	0.52	N/A	49.80	54.00	4.20

Note.

- No other spurious and harmonic emissions were found greater than listed emissions on above table.
- Information of Distance Factor
For finding emissions, the test distance might be reduced from 3 m to 1 m. In this case, the distance factor (-9.54 dB) is applied to the result.
- Calculation of distance factor = $20 \log(\text{applied distance} / \text{required distance}) = 20 \log(1 \text{ m} / 3 \text{ m}) = -9.54 \text{ dB}$
When distance factor is "N/A", the distance is 3 m and distance factor is not applied.
- Sample Calculation.
Margin = Limit – Result / Result = Reading + T.F+ DCCF + DCF / T.F = AF + CL – AG
Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain,
DCCF = Duty Cycle Correction Factor, DCF = Distance Correction Factor
- The limit is converted to field strength.
 $E[\text{dBuV/m}] = \text{EIRP}[\text{dBm}] + 95.2 \text{ dB} = -27 \text{ dBm} + 95.2 = 68.2 \text{ dBuV/m}$

Radiated Spurious Emissions data(9 kHz ~ 40 GHz) : 802.11n(HT40)

Band	Tested Channel	Freq. (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCCF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
U-NII 1	38 (5190 MHz)	5 148.66	V	X	PK	63.17	1.78	N/A	N/A	64.95	74.00	9.05
		5 149.15	V	X	AV	47.49	1.79	0.99	N/A	50.27	54.00	3.73
		10 380.00	V	X	PK	43.95	10.70	N/A	N/A	54.65	68.20	13.55
	46 (5230 MHz)	10 459.08	V	X	PK	46.32	10.69	N/A	N/A	57.01	68.20	11.19
U-NII 3	151 (5755 MHz)	5 623.76	V	X	PK	50.76	3.23	N/A	N/A	53.99	68.20	14.21
		11 511.76	V	X	PK	49.58	11.22	N/A	N/A	60.80	74.00	13.20
		11 511.74	V	X	AV	38.34	11.22	0.99	N/A	50.55	54.00	3.45
	159 (5795 MHz)	5 967.71	V	X	PK	48.58	4.16	N/A	N/A	52.74	68.20	15.46
		11 588.72	V	X	PK	48.67	11.63	N/A	N/A	60.30	74.00	13.70
		11 589.19	V	X	AV	37.95	11.63	0.99	N/A	50.57	54.00	3.43

Note.

- No other spurious and harmonic emissions were found greater than listed emissions on above table.
- Information of Distance Factor
For finding emissions, the test distance might be reduced from 3 m to 1 m. In this case, the distance factor (-9.54 dB) is applied to the result.
- Calculation of distance factor = $20 \log(\text{applied distance} / \text{required distance}) = 20 \log(1 \text{ m} / 3 \text{ m}) = -9.54 \text{ dB}$
When distance factor is "N/A", the distance is 3 m and distance factor is not applied.
- Sample Calculation.
Margin = Limit – Result / Result = Reading + T.F+ DCCF + DCF / T.F = AF + CL – AG
Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain,
DCCF = Duty Cycle Correction Factor, DCF = Distance Correction Factor
- The limit is converted to field strength.
 $E[\text{dBuV/m}] = \text{EIRP}[\text{dBm}] + 95.2 \text{ dB} = -27 \text{ dBm} + 95.2 = 68.2 \text{ dBuV/m}$

Radiated Spurious Emissions data(9 kHz ~ 40 GHz) : 802.11ac(VHT80)

Band	Tested Channel	Freq. (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCCF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
U-NII 1	42 (5210 MHz)	5 149.17	V	X	PK	61.65	1.79	N/A	N/A	63.44	74.00	10.56
		5 149.75	V	X	AV	45.78	1.79	1.85	N/A	49.42	54.00	4.58
		10 420.31	V	X	PK	43.82	10.71	N/A	N/A	54.53	68.20	13.67
U-NII 3	155 (5775 MHz)	5 629.57	V	X	PK	51.27	3.23	N/A	N/A	54.50	68.20	13.70
		5 952.15	V	X	PK	47.95	4.10	N/A	N/A	52.05	68.20	16.15
		11 551.18	V	X	PK	48.90	11.43	N/A	N/A	60.33	74.00	13.67
		11 550.60	V	X	AV	36.67	11.43	1.85	N/A	49.95	54.00	4.05

Note.

- No other spurious and harmonic emissions were found greater than listed emissions on above table.
- Information of Distance Factor
For finding emissions, the test distance might be reduced from 3 m to 1 m. In this case, the distance factor (-9.54 dB) is applied to the result.
- Calculation of distance factor = $20 \log(\text{applied distance} / \text{required distance}) = 20 \log(1 \text{ m} / 3 \text{ m}) = -9.54 \text{ dB}$
When distance factor is "N/A", the distance is 3 m and distance factor is not applied.
- Sample Calculation.
Margin = Limit – Result / Result = Reading + T.F+ DCCF + DCF / T.F = AF + CL – AG
Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain,
DCCF = Duty Cycle Correction Factor, DCF = Distance Correction Factor
- The limit is converted to field strength.
 $E[\text{dBuV/m}] = \text{EIRP}[\text{dBm}] + 95.2 \text{ dB} = -27 \text{ dBm} + 95.2 = 68.2 \text{ dBuV/m}$

8.6 AC Conducted Emissions

■ Test Requirements and limit, §15.207

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency Range (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average
0.15 ~ 0.5	66 to 56 *	56 to 46 *
0.5 ~ 5	56	46
5 ~ 30	60	50

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line (LINE and NEUTRAL) and ground at the power terminals.

■ Test Configuration

See test photographs for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

■ Test Procedure

Conducted emissions from the EUT were measured according to the ANSI C63.10-2013.

1. The test procedure is performed in a 6.5 m × 3.5 m × 3.5 m (L × W × H) shielded room. The EUT along with its peripherals were placed on a 1.0 m (W) × 1.5 m (L) and 0.8 m in height wooden table and the EUT was adjusted to maintain a 0.4 meter space from a vertical reference plane.
2. The EUT was connected to power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN) which provides 50 ohm coupling impedance for measuring instrument and the chassis ground was bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room.
3. All peripherals were connected to the second LISN and the chassis ground also bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room.
4. The excess power cable between the EUT and the LISN was bundled. The power cables of peripherals were unbundled. All connecting cables of EUT and peripherals were moved to find the maximum emission.

■ Test Results: **NA**

8.7 Occupied Bandwidth (99%)

■ Test Requirements

When an occupied bandwidth value is not specified in the applicable RSS, the transmitted signal bandwidth to be reported is to be its 99% emission bandwidth, as calculated or measured

■ Test Configuration

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

■ Test Procedure

RSS-Gen[6.7]

- The transmitter shall be operated at its maximum carrier power measured under normal test conditions.
- The span of the analyzer shall be set to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts.
- The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the occupied bandwidth (OBW) and video bandwidth (VBW) shall be approximately 3x RBW.

■ Test Results: **Comply**

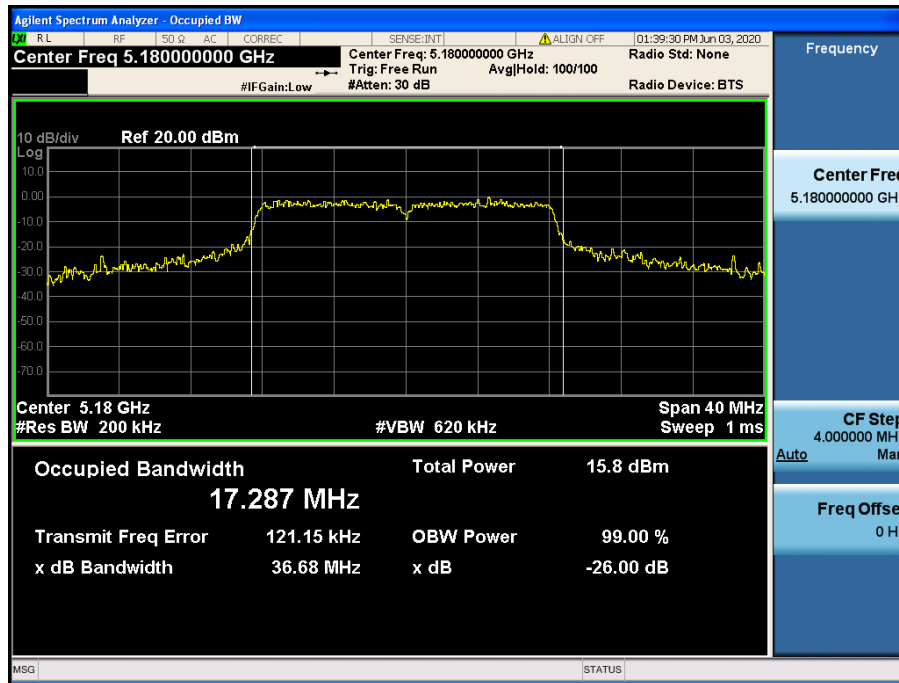
Mode	Bands	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Test Result [MHz]	
				DC 12 V	DC 24 V
802.11a	U-NII 1	36	5 180	17.29	17.01
		40	5 200	17.27	17.12
		48	5 240	17.21	17.11
	U-NII 3	149	5 745	16.61	16.58
		157	5 785	16.55	16.59
		165	5 825	16.55	16.62
802.11n(HT20)	U-NII 1	36	5 180	18.06	17.99
		40	5 200	18.14	18.09
		48	5 240	18.11	18.05
	U-NII 3	149	5 745	17.70	17.66
		157	5 785	17.69	17.74
		165	5 825	17.65	17.69
802.11n(HT40)	U-NII 1	38	5 190	36.46	36.49
		46	5 230	36.84	36.90
	U-NII 3	151	5 755	36.24	36.26
		159	5 795	36.26	36.25
802.11ac(VHT80)	U-NII 1	42	5 210	75.97	75.97
	U-NII 3	155	5 775	75.79	75.78

Result Plots

- Tested Power Supply: DC 12 V

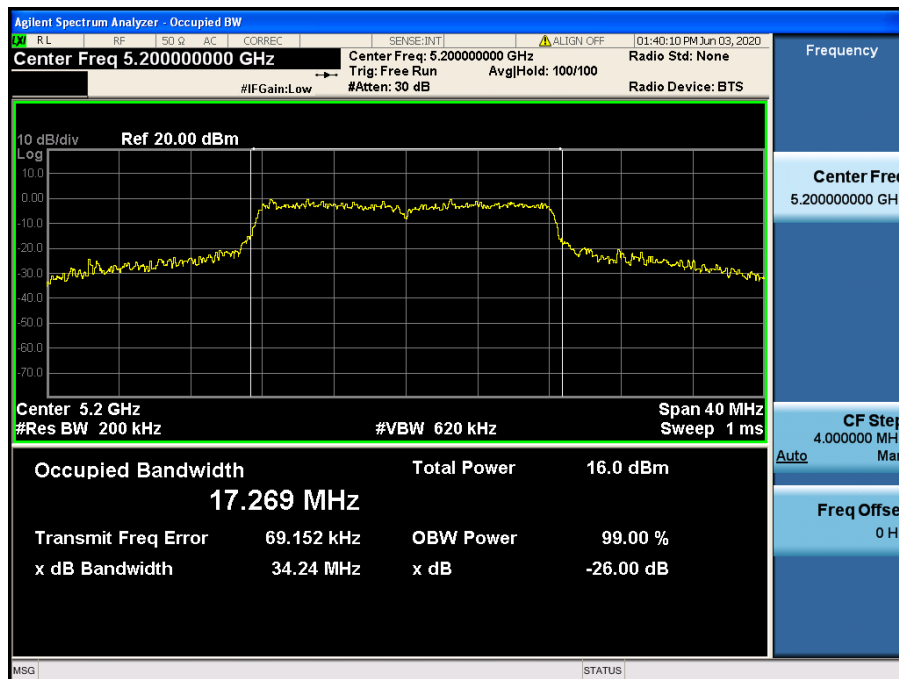
Occupied Bandwidth 99 %

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.36



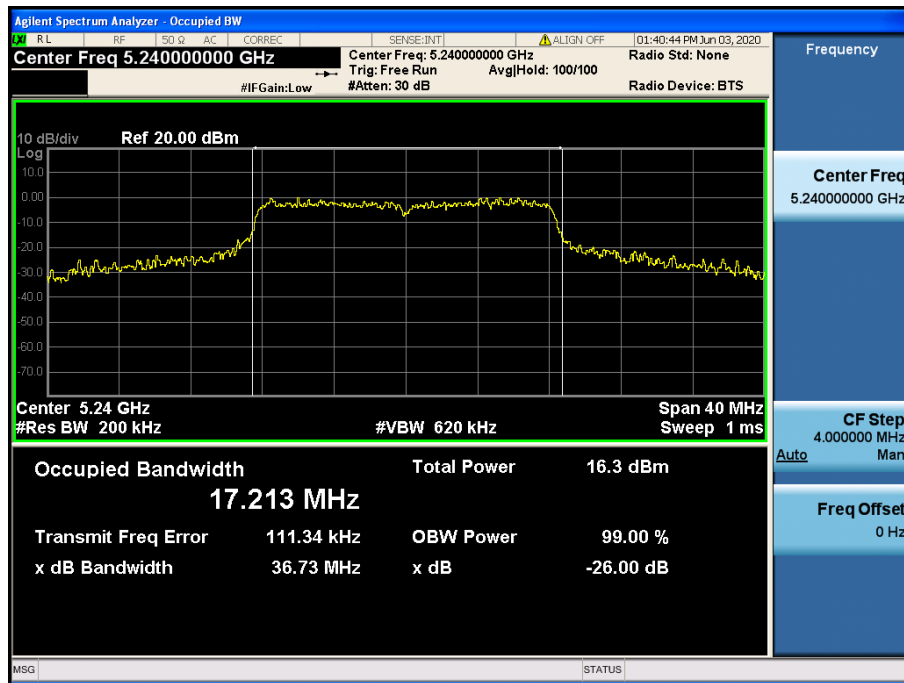
Occupied Bandwidth 99 %

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.40



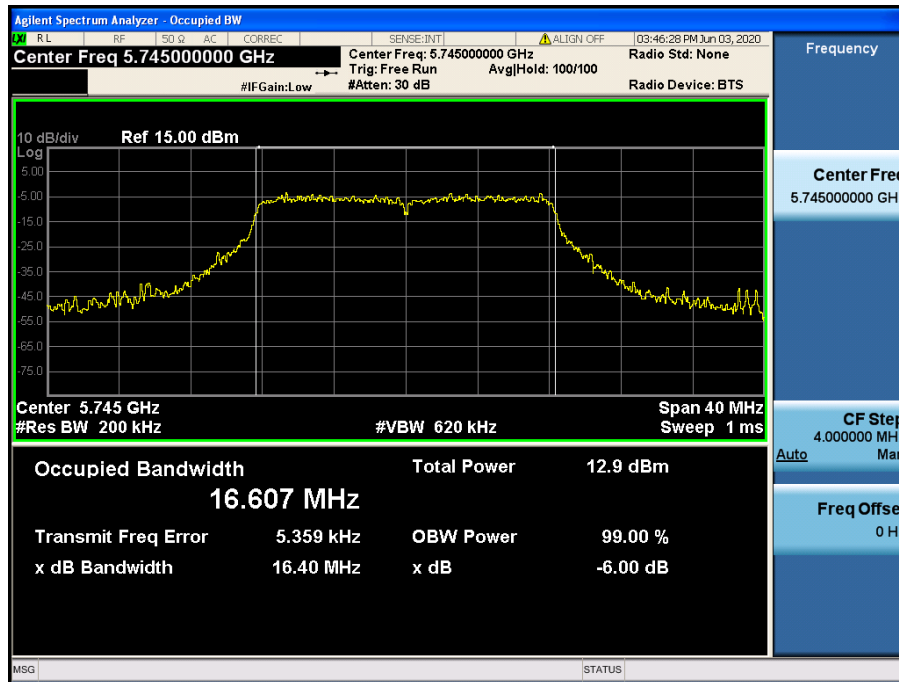
Occupied Bandwidth 99 %

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.48



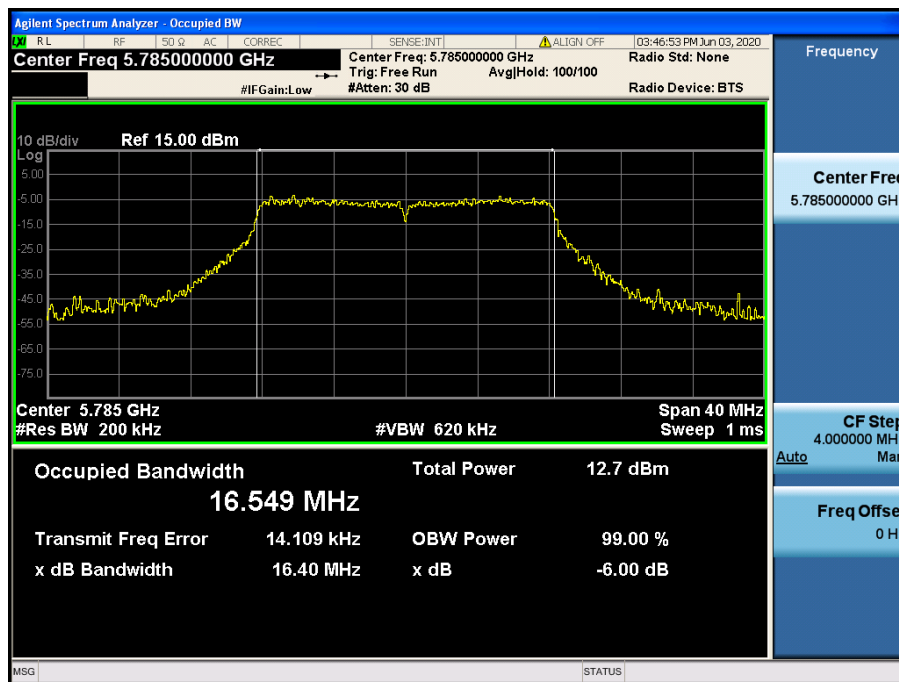
Occupied Bandwidth 99 %

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.149



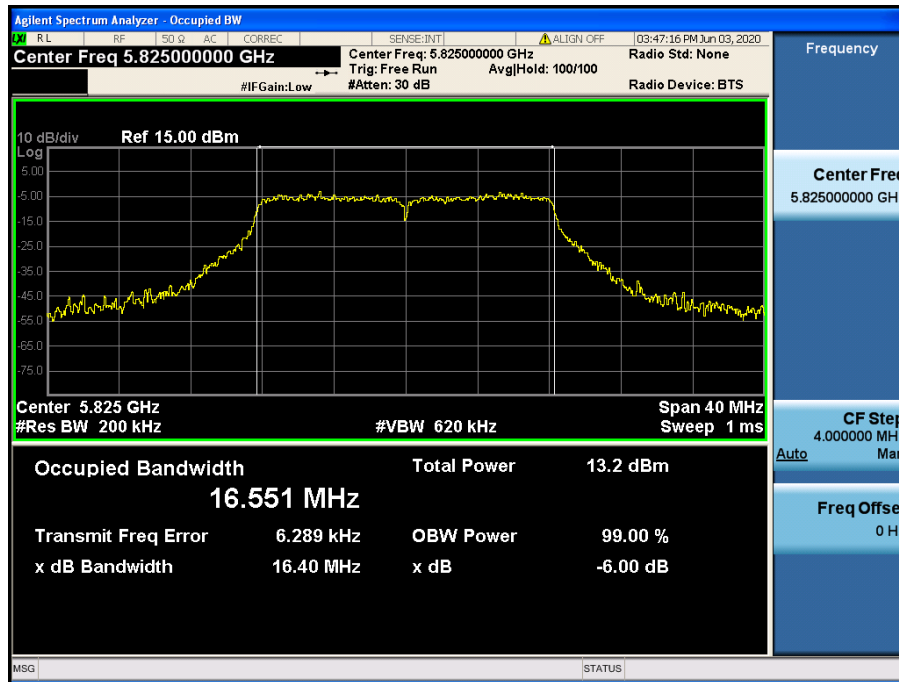
Occupied Bandwidth 99 %

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.157



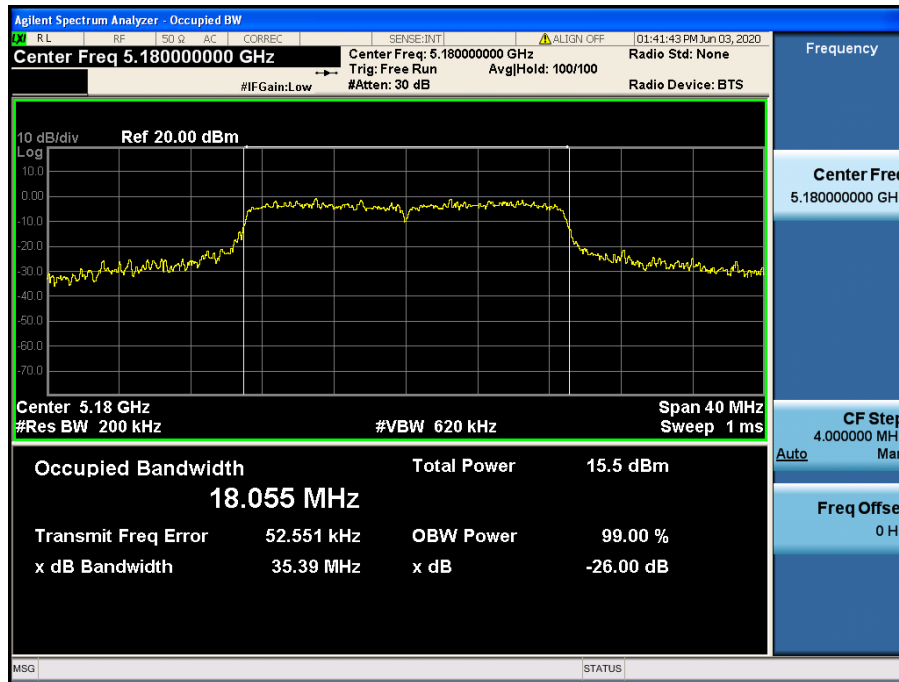
Occupied Bandwidth 99 %

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.165



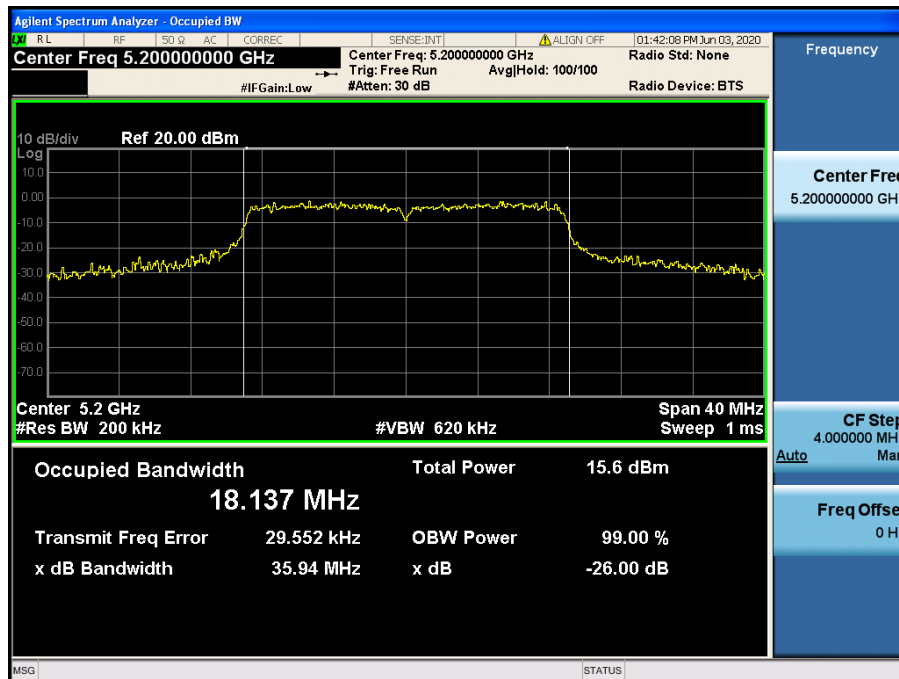
Occupied Bandwidth 99 %

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT20) & Ch.36



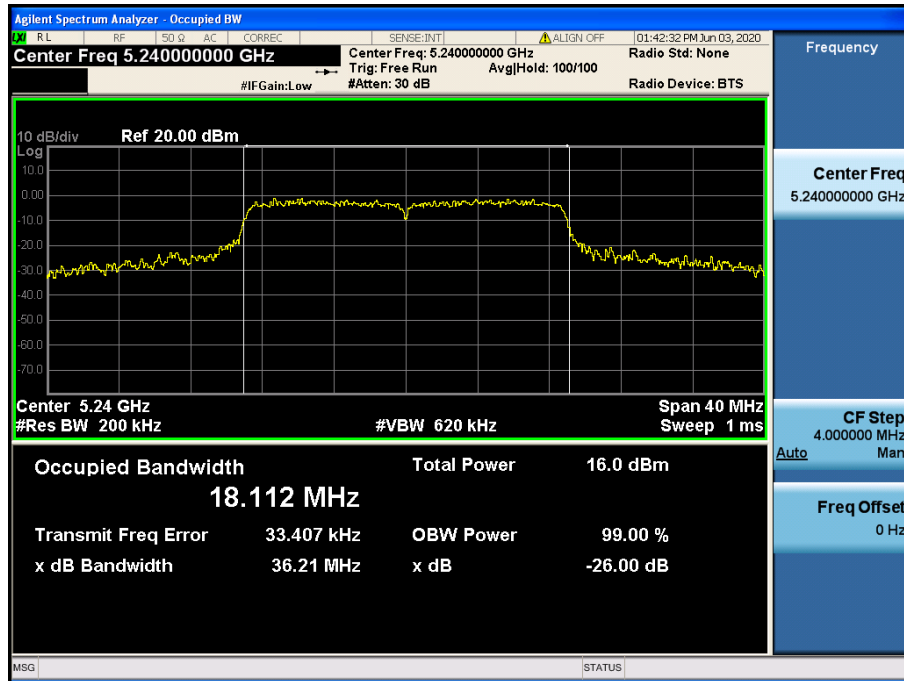
Occupied Bandwidth 99 %

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT20) & Ch.40



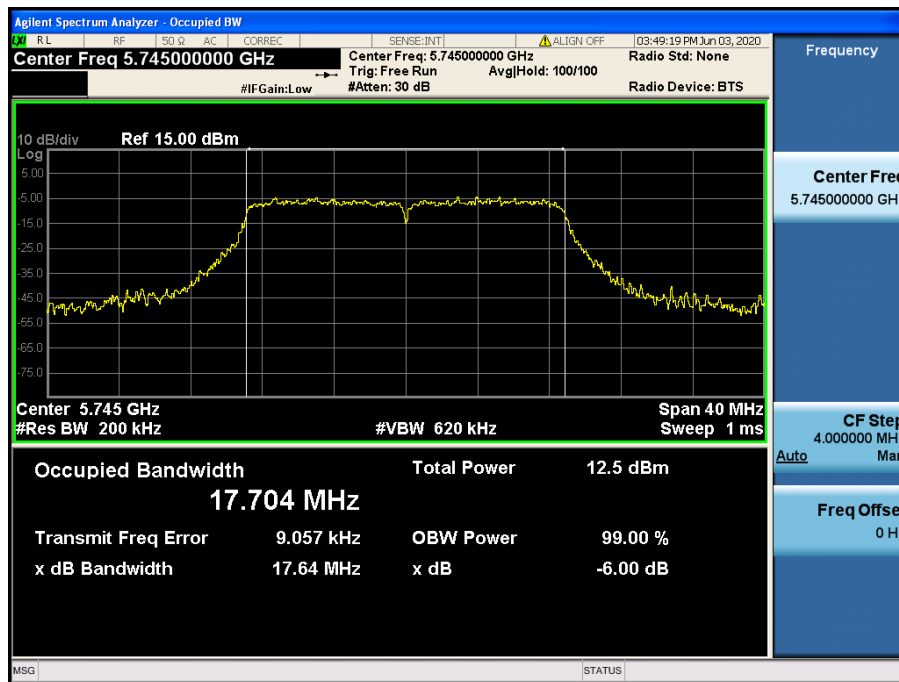
Occupied Bandwidth 99 %

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT20) & Ch.48



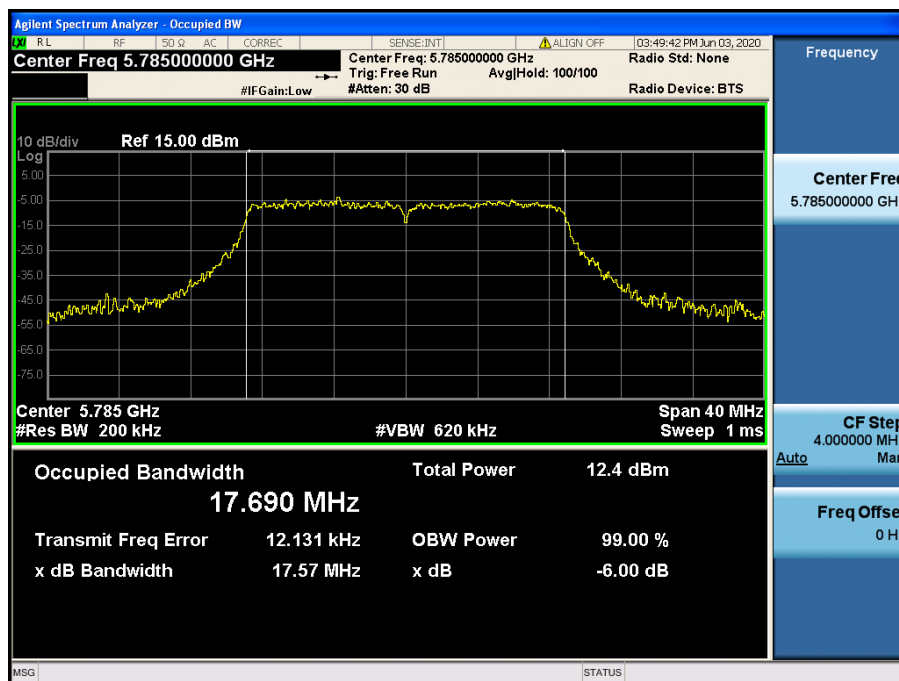
Occupied Bandwidth 99 %

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT20) & Ch.149



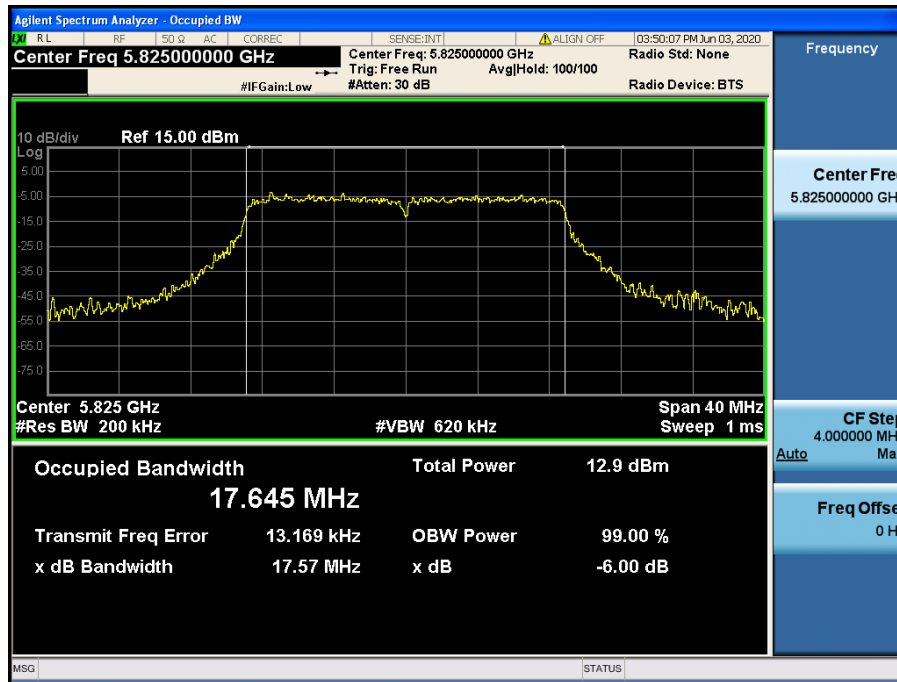
Occupied Bandwidth 99 %

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT20) & Ch.157



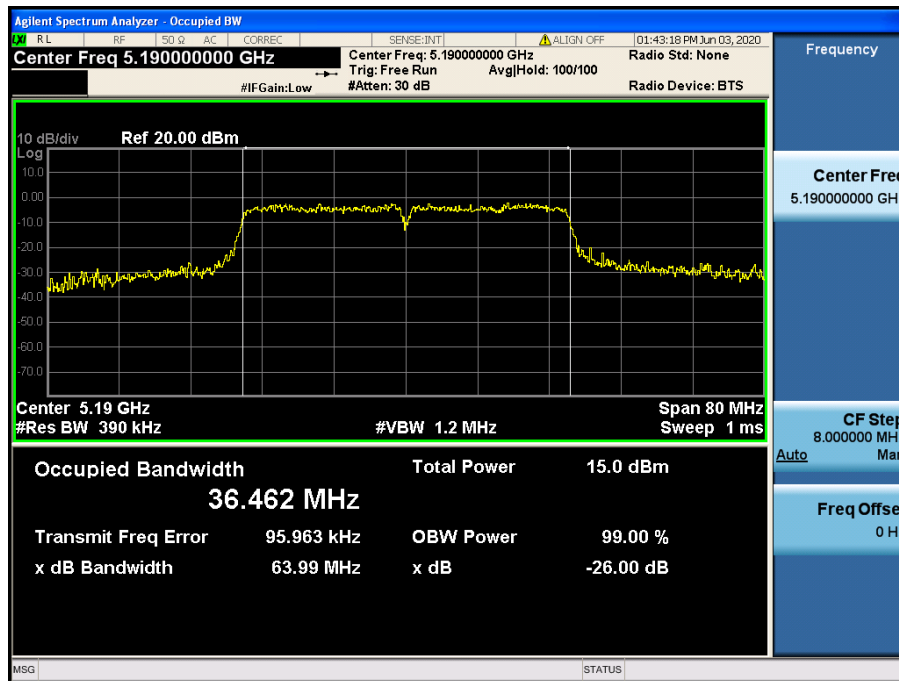
Occupied Bandwidth 99 %

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT20) & Ch.165



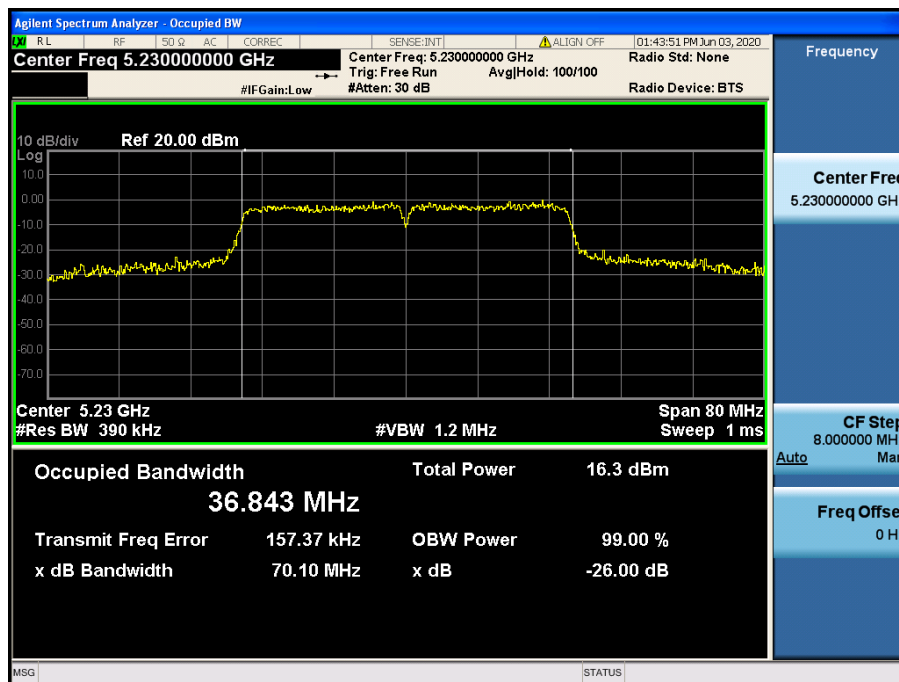
Occupied Bandwidth 99 %

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT40) & Ch.38



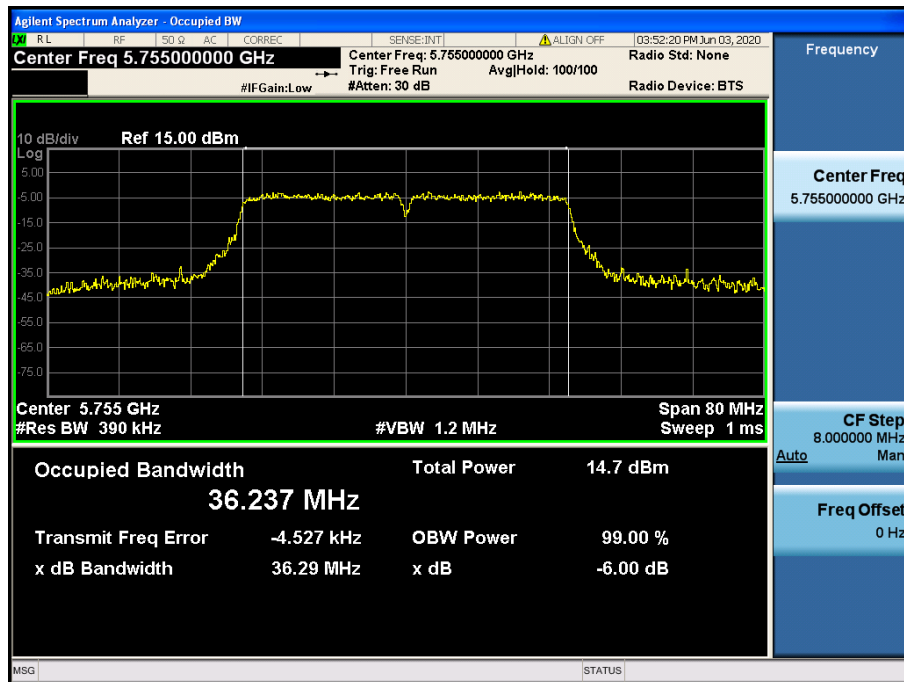
Occupied Bandwidth 99 %

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT40) & Ch.46



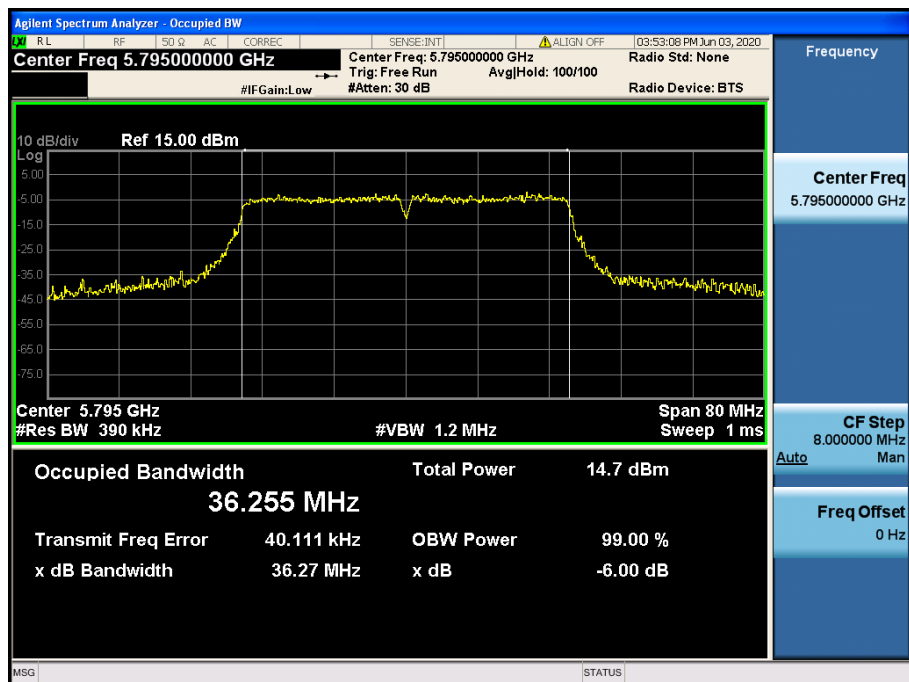
Occupied Bandwidth 99 %

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT40) & Ch.151



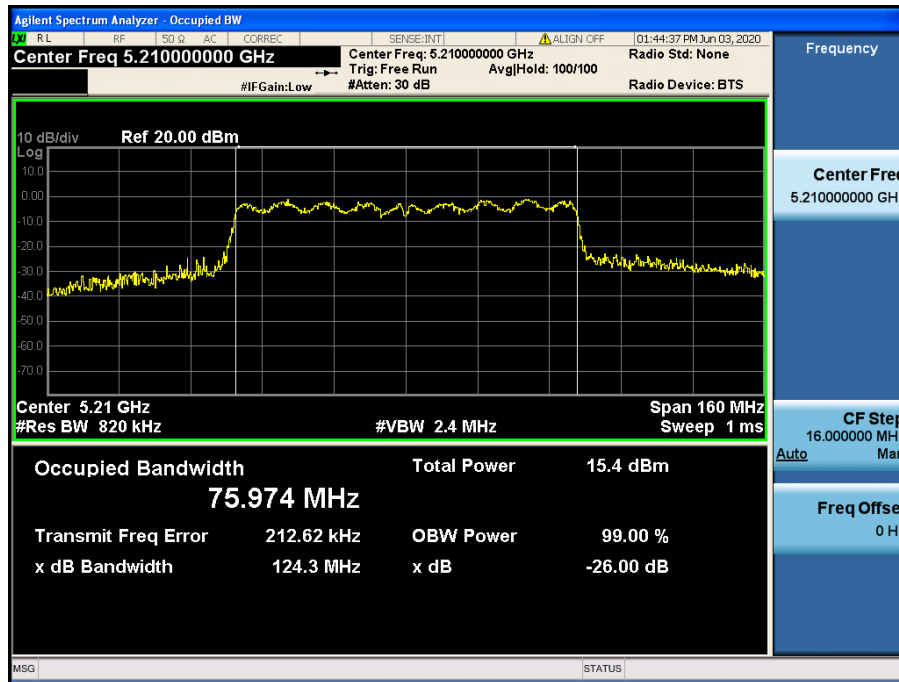
Occupied Bandwidth 99 %

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT40) & Ch.159



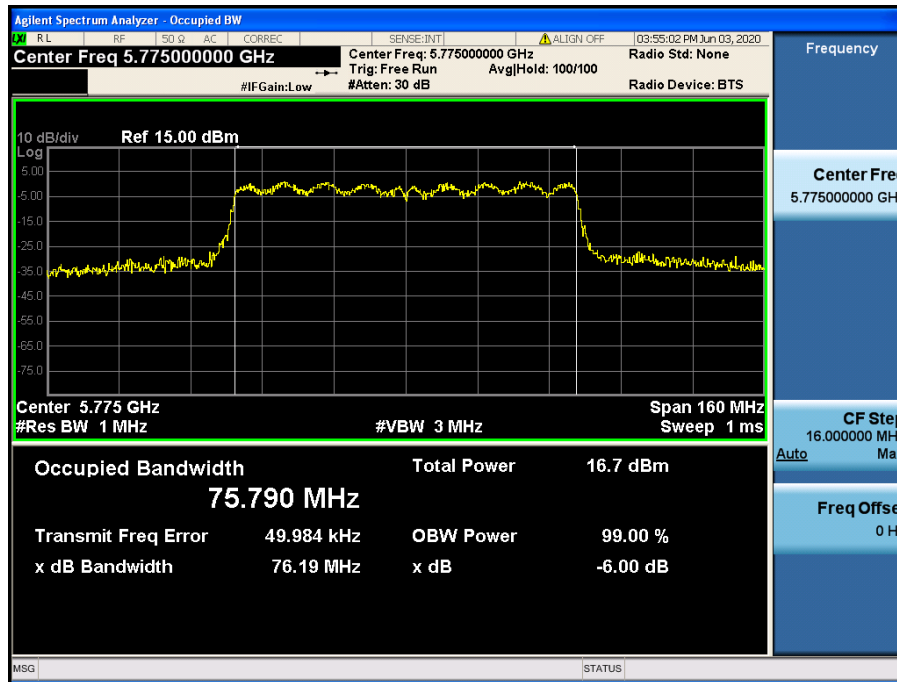
Occupied Bandwidth 99 %

Test Mode: 802.11ac(VHT80) & Ch.42



Occupied Bandwidth 99 %

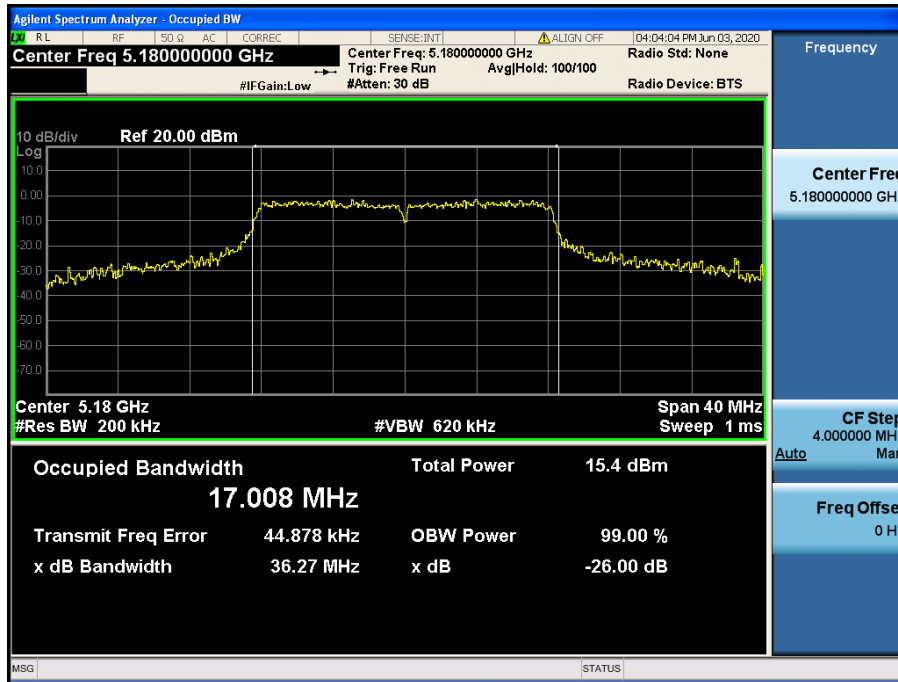
Test Mode: 802.11ac(VHT80) & Ch.155



- Tested Power Supply: DC 24 V

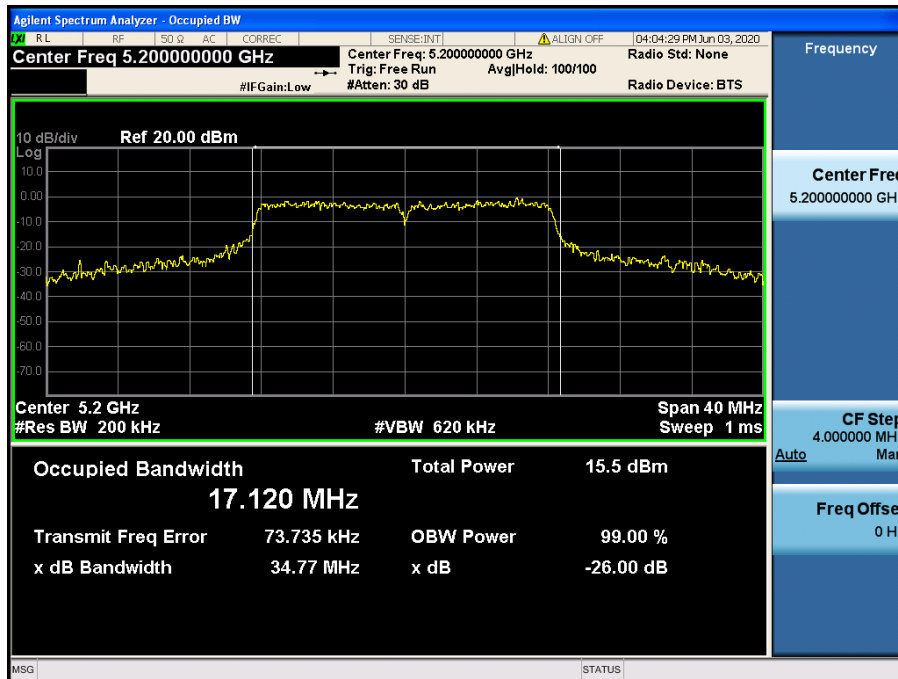
Occupied Bandwidth 99 %

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.36



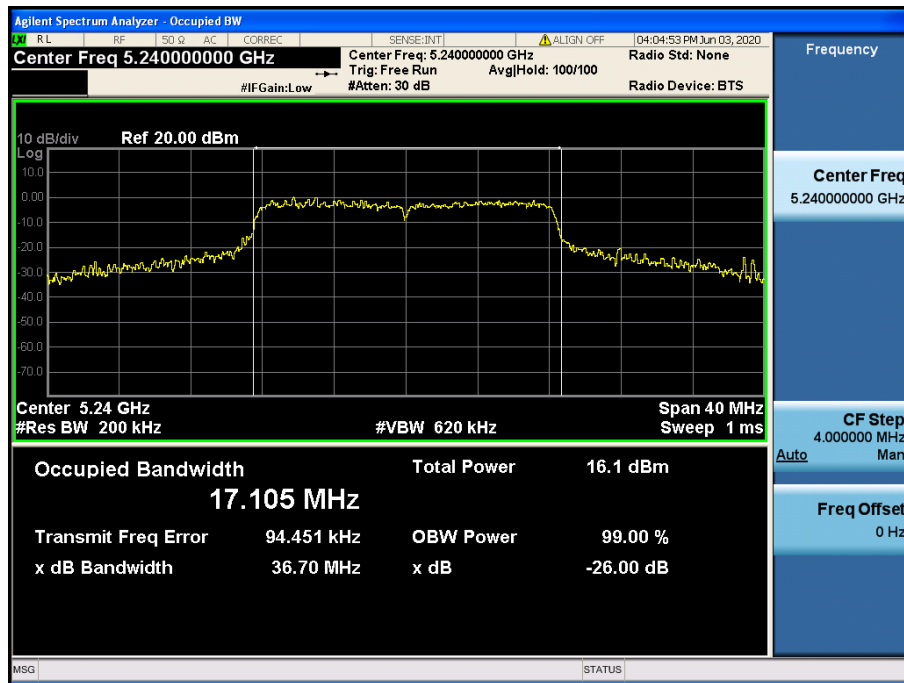
Occupied Bandwidth 99 %

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.40



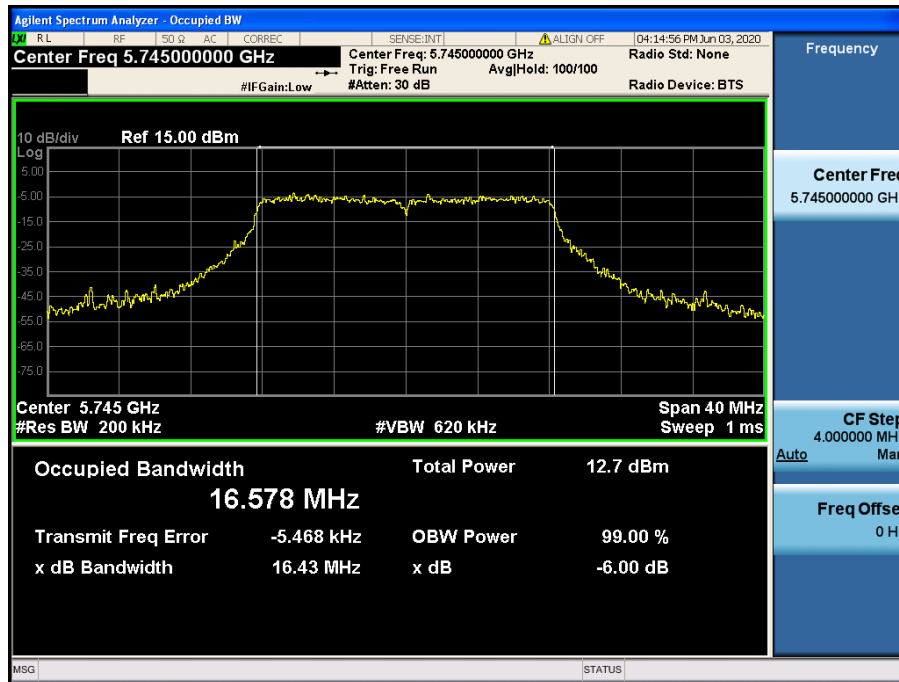
Occupied Bandwidth 99 %

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.48



Occupied Bandwidth 99 %

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.149



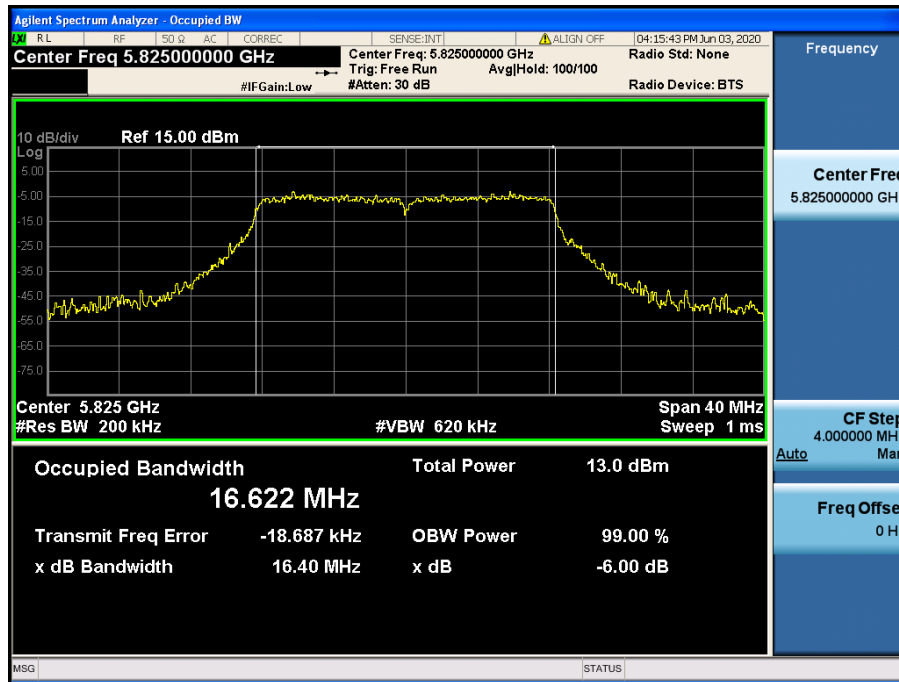
Occupied Bandwidth 99 %

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.157



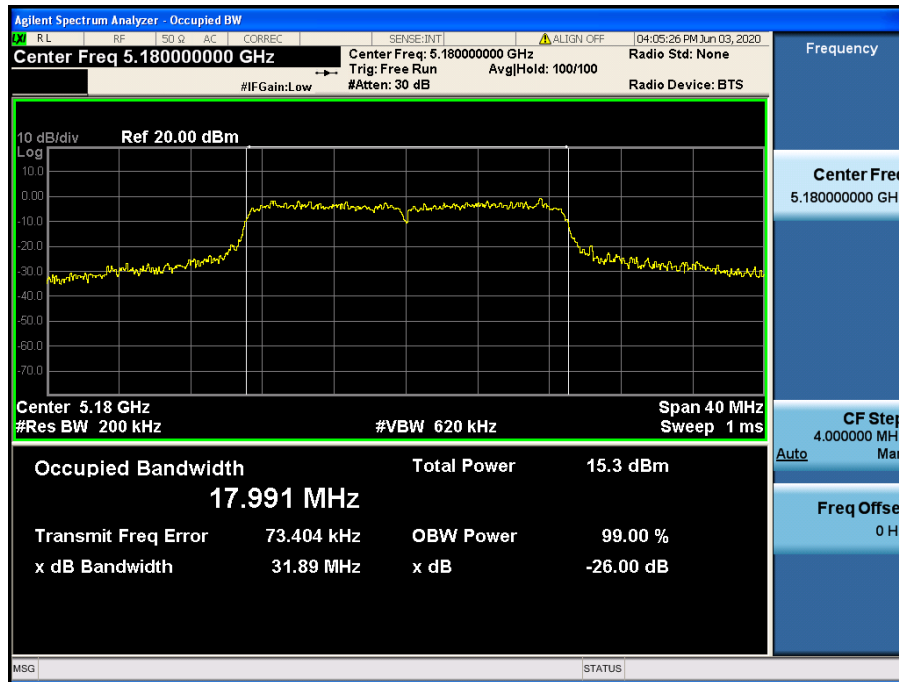
Occupied Bandwidth 99 %

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.165



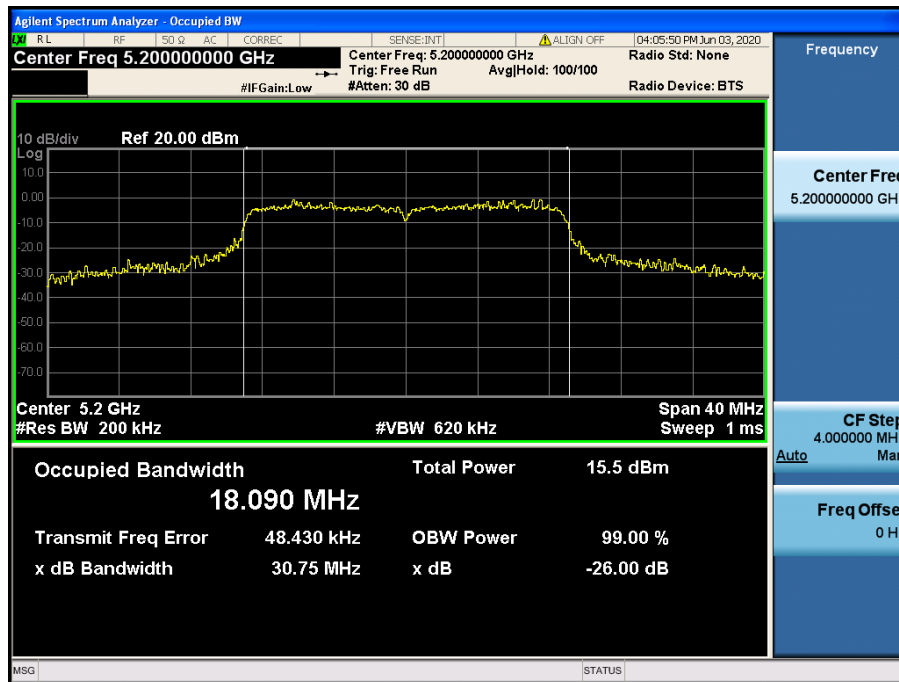
Occupied Bandwidth 99 %

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT20) & Ch.36



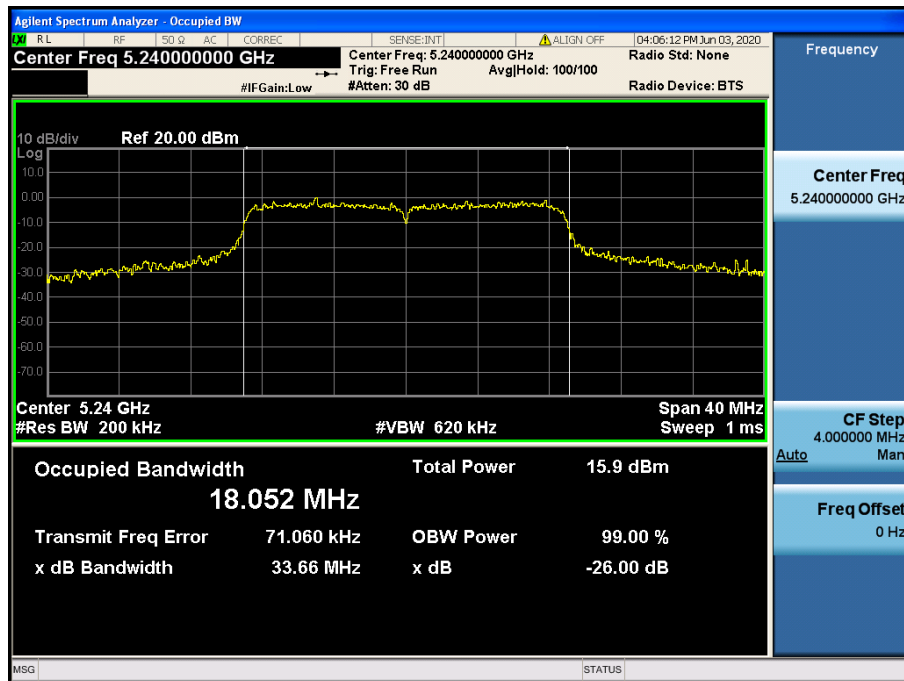
Occupied Bandwidth 99 %

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT20) & Ch.40



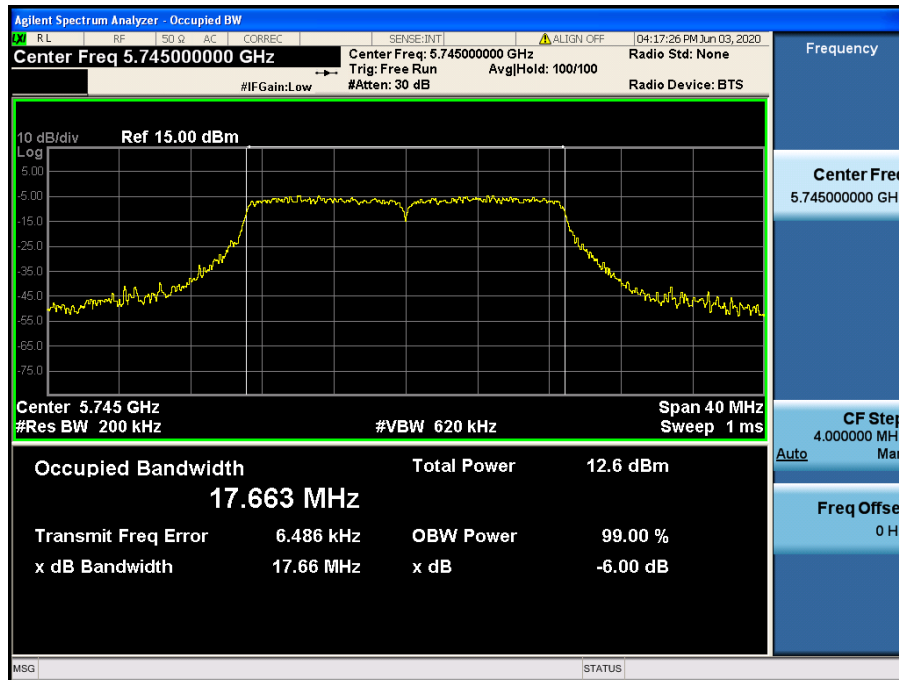
Occupied Bandwidth 99 %

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT20) & Ch.48



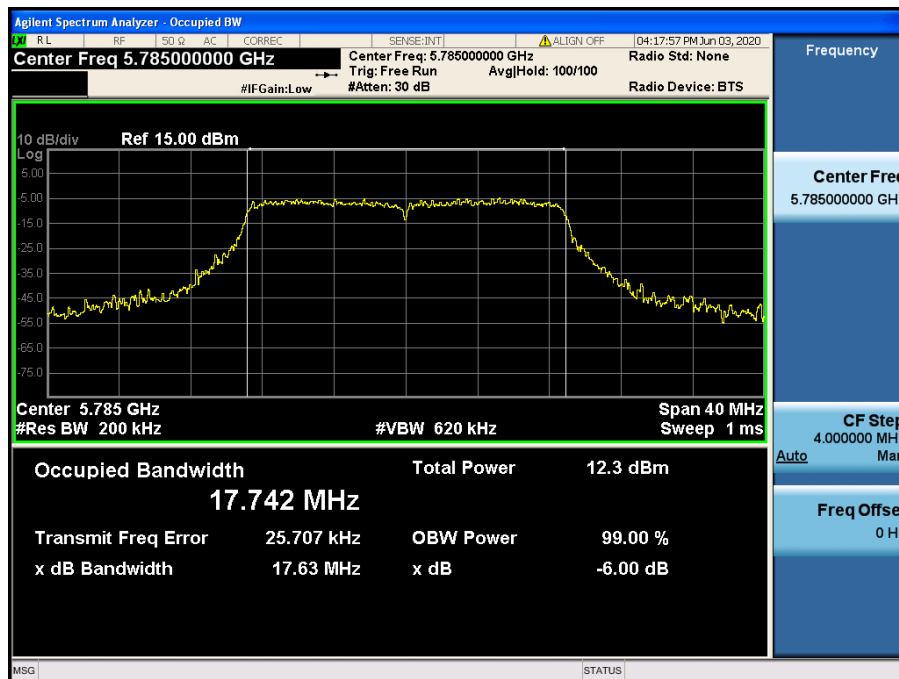
Occupied Bandwidth 99 %

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT20) & Ch.149



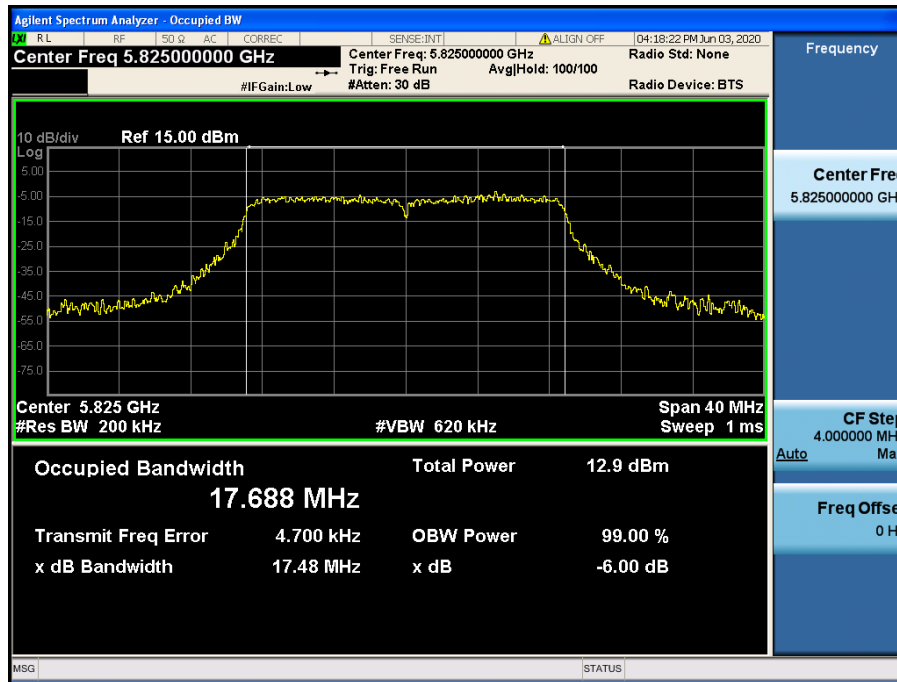
Occupied Bandwidth 99 %

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT20) & Ch.157



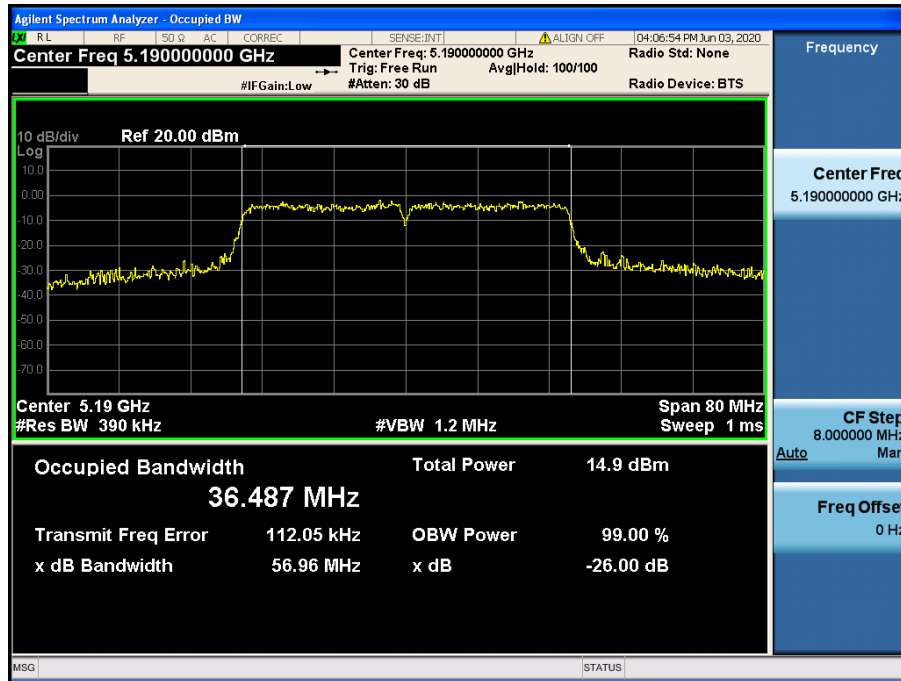
Occupied Bandwidth 99 %

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT20) & Ch.165



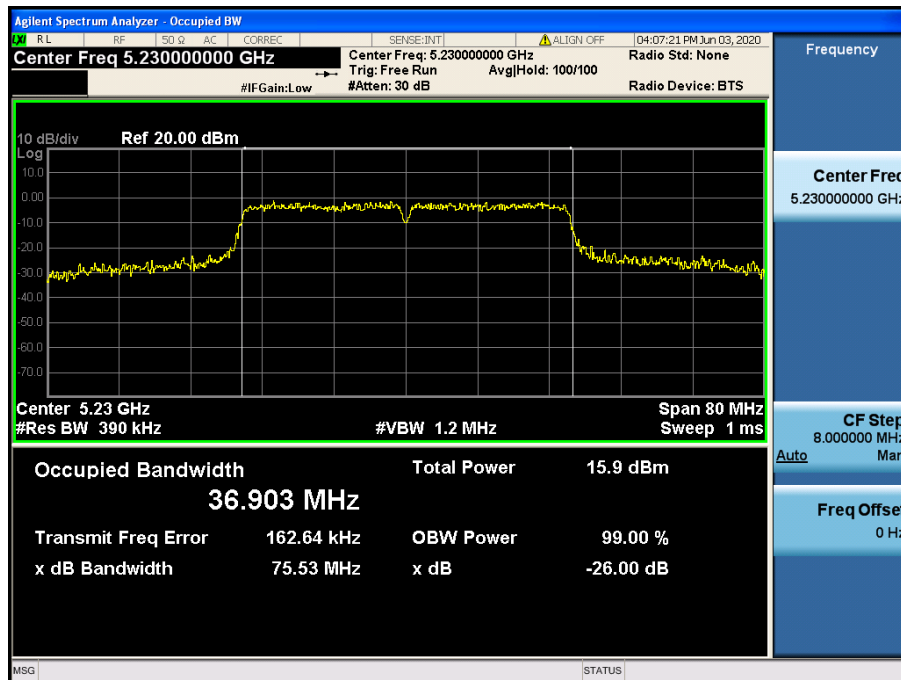
Occupied Bandwidth 99 %

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT40) & Ch.38



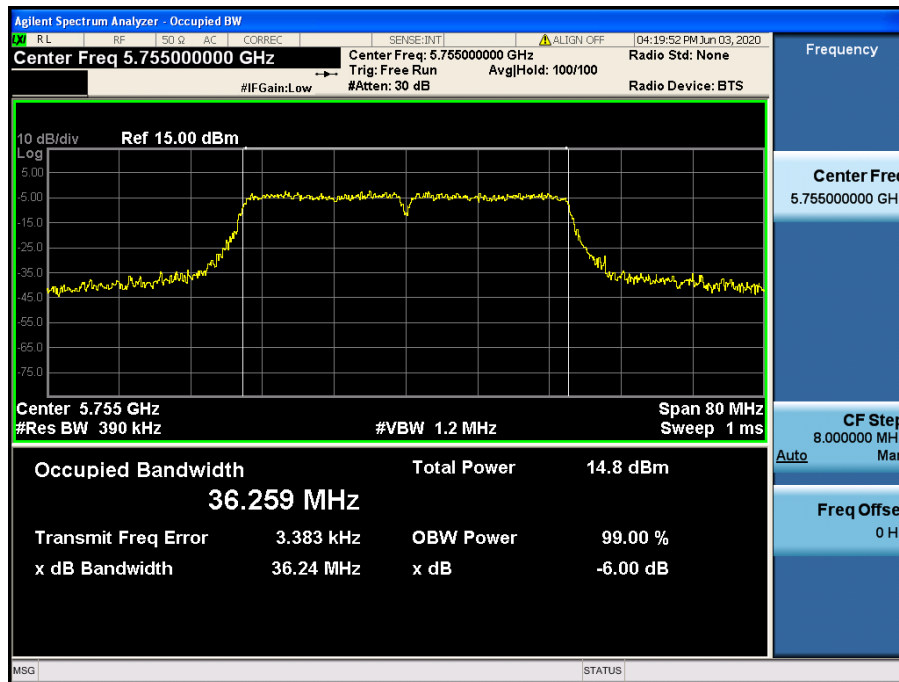
Occupied Bandwidth 99 %

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT40) & Ch.46



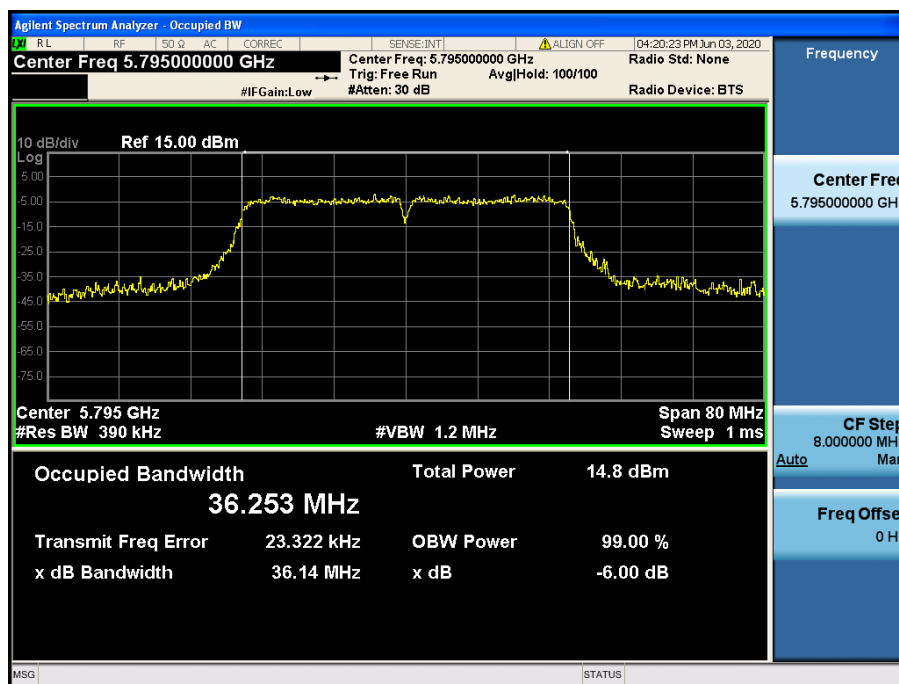
Occupied Bandwidth 99 %

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT40) & Ch.151



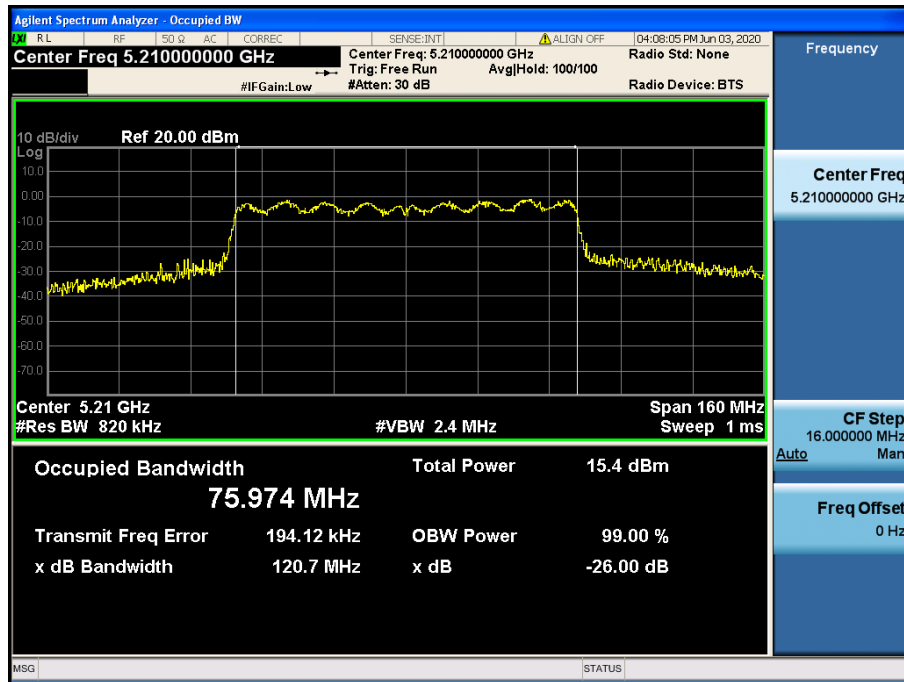
Occupied Bandwidth 99 %

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT40) & Ch.159



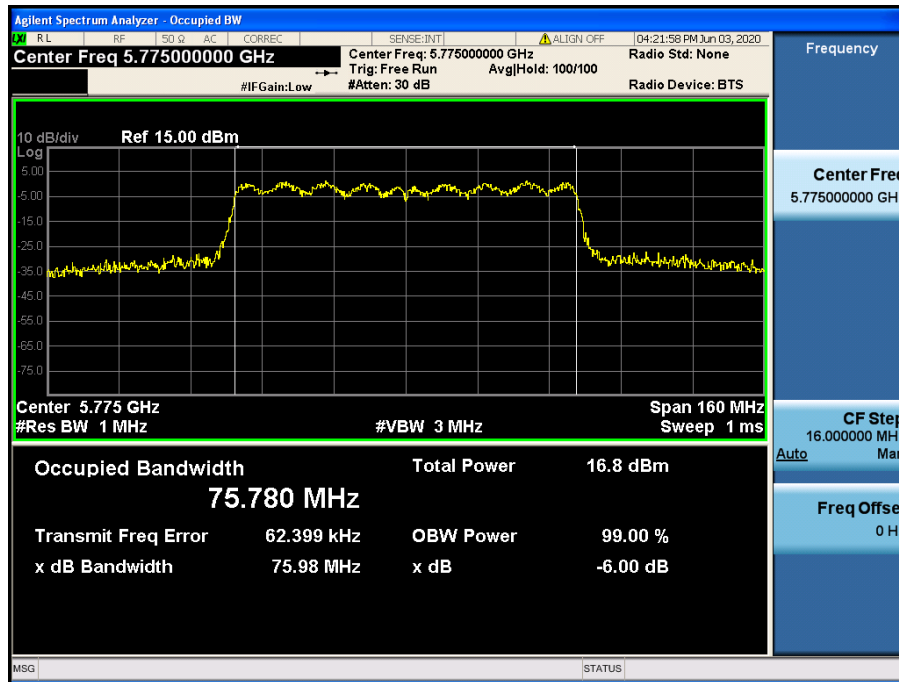
Occupied Bandwidth 99 %

Test Mode: 802.11ac(VHT80) & Ch.42



Occupied Bandwidth 99 %

Test Mode: 802.11ac(VHT80) & Ch.155



9. LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT

Type	Manufacturer	Model	Cal.Date (yy/mm/dd)	Next.Cal.Date (yy/mm/dd)	S/N
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent Technologies	N9020A	20/02/26	21/02/26	MY46471251
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent Technologies	N9020A	19/12/16	20/12/16	MY48011700
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent Technologies	N9020A	19/12/16	20/12/16	MY48010133
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent Technologies	N9030A	19/12/16	20/12/16	MY53310140
DC Power Supply	Agilent Technologies	66332A	19/12/16	20/12/16	US37476998
DC Power Supply	SM techno	SDP30-5D	19/06/24	20/06/24	305DMG305
DC Power Supply	Agilent Technologies	6654A	19/06/27	20/06/27	MY40002935
Multimeter	FLUKE	17B	19/12/16	20/12/16	26030065WS
Signal Generator	Rohde Schwarz	SMBV100A	19/12/16	20/12/16	255571
Signal Generator	ANRITSU	MG3695C	19/12/16	20/12/16	173501
Thermohygrometer	BODYCOM	BJ5478	19/12/18	20/12/18	120612-1
Thermohygrometer	BODYCOM	BJ5478	19/12/18	20/12/18	120612-2
Thermohygrometer	BODYCOM	BJ5478	19/06/25	20/06/25	N/A
Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB1513	20/02/19	22/02/19	1513-128
BILOG ANTENNA	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9160	19/04/23	21/04/23	9160-3362
Horn Antenna	ETS-Lindgren	3115	20/01/30	22/01/30	6419
Horn Antenna	A.H.Systems Inc.	SAS-574	19/07/03	21/07/03	155
PreAmplifier	tsj	MLA-0118-B01-40	19/12/16	20/12/16	1852267
PreAmplifier	tsj	MLA-1840-J02-45	19/06/27	20/06/27	16966-10728
PreAmplifier	H.P	8447D	19/12/16	20/12/16	2944A07774
High Pass Filter	Wainwright Instruments	WHKX12-935-1000-15000-40SS	19/06/26	20/06/26	8
High Pass Filter	Wainwright Instruments	WHKX10-2838-3300-18000-60SS	19/06/26	20/06/26	1
High Pass Filter	Wainwright Instruments	WHNX8.0/26.5-6SS	19/06/27	20/06/27	3
Attenuator	Hefei Shunze	SS5T2.92-10-40	19/06/27	20/06/27	16012202
Attenuator	SRTechnology	F01-B0606-01	19/06/27	20/06/27	13092403
Attenuator	Aeroflex/Weinschel	56-3	19/06/27	20/06/27	Y2370
Attenuator	SMAJK	SMAJK-2-3	19/06/27	20/06/27	2
Attenuator	SMAJK	SMAJK-50-10	19/06/25	20/06/25	15081903
Power Meter & Wide Bandwidth Sensor	Anritsu	ML2495A MA2490A	19/06/24	20/06/24	1306007 1249001
EMI Receiver	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESW44	19/07/30	20/07/30	101645
Cable	Junkosha	MWX241	20/01/13	21/01/13	G-04
Cable	Junkosha	MWX241	20/01/13	21/01/13	G-07
Cable	DT&C	Cable	20/01/13	21/01/13	G-13
Cable	DT&C	Cable	20/01/13	21/01/13	G-14
Cable	HUBER+SUHNER	SUCOFLEX 104	20/01/13	21/01/13	G-15
Cable	Radiall	TESTPRO3	20/01/16	21/01/16	M-01
Cable	Junkosha	MWX315	20/01/16	21/01/16	M-05
Cable	Junkosha	MWX221	20/01/16	21/01/16	M-06
Cable	Radiall	TESTPRO3	20/01/16	21/01/16	RF-92
Test Software	tsj	Radiated Emission Measurement	N/A	N/A	Version 2.00.0177

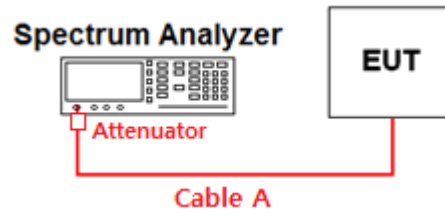
Note1: The measurement antennas were calibrated in accordance to the requirements of ANSI C63.5-2017

Note2: The cable is not a regular calibration item, so it has been calibrated by DT & C itself.

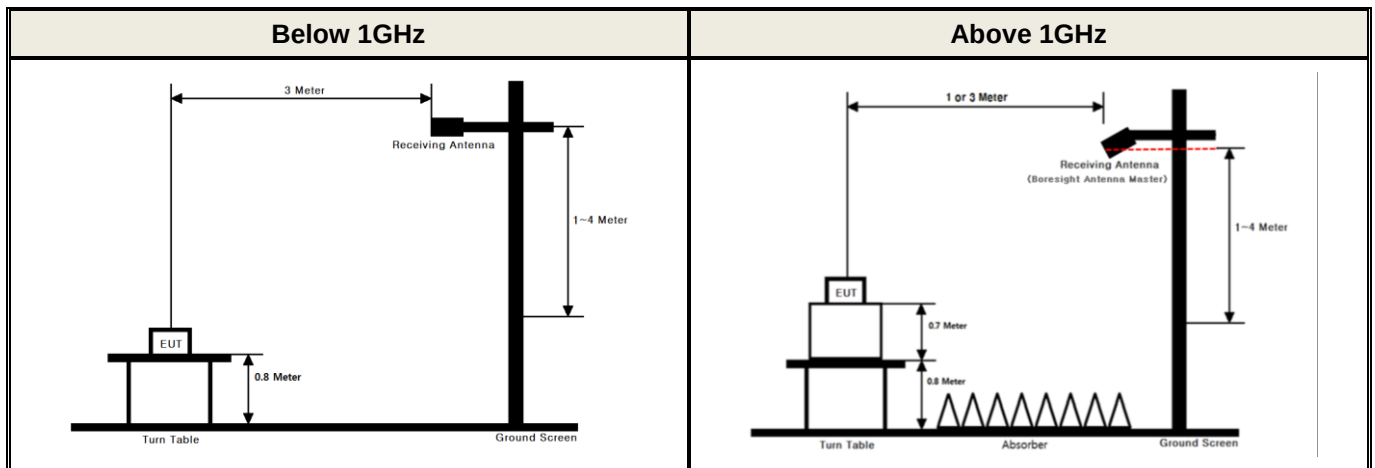
APPENDIX I

Test set up Diagram

▪ Conducted Measurement



▪ Radiated Measurement



APPENDIX II

Duty Cycle Information

■ Test Procedure

Duty Cycle [X = On Time / (On + Off time)] is measured using Measurement Procedure of **KDB789033 D02v02r01**

1. Set the center frequency of the spectrum analyzer to the center frequency of the transmission.
2. Set RBW $\geq$ EBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value.
3. Set VBW $\geq$ RBW. Set detector = peak.
4. Note : The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both **RBW and VBW are $> 50/T$** , where T is defined in section II.B.1.a), and **the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100**. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if $T \leq 16.7$ microseconds.)

T : The minimum transmission duration over which the transmitter is on and is transmitting at its maximum power control level for the tested mode of operation.

(T = **On time** of the above table since the EUT operates with above fixed Duty Cycle and it is the minimum On time)

■ Test Results:

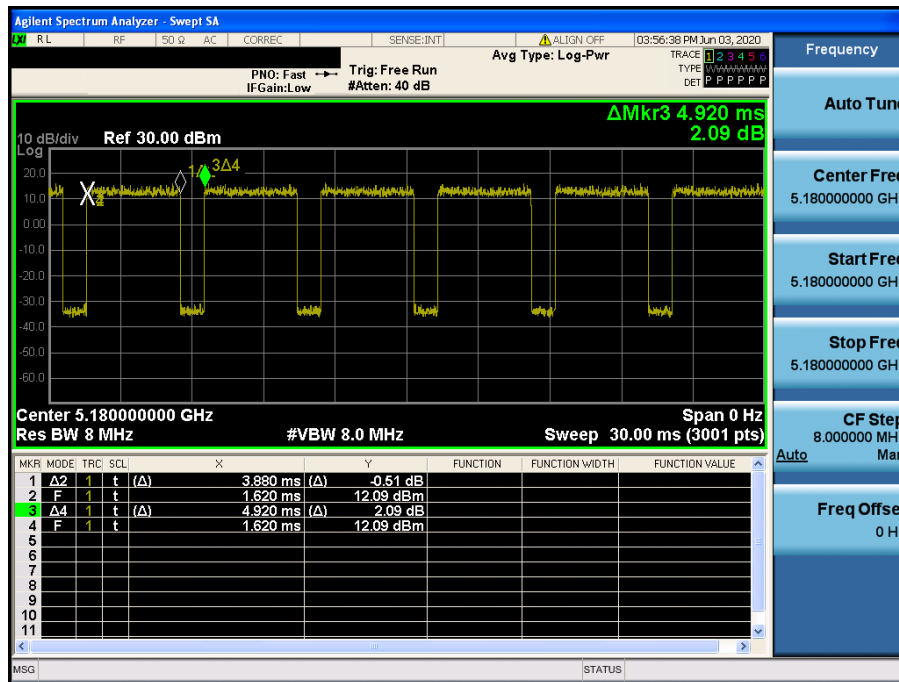
Duty cycle

Mode	Data Rate	Tested Frequency [MHz]	Maximum Achievable Duty Cycle (x) = On / (On+Off)			Duty Cycle Correction Factor [dB]	50/T [kHz]
			On Time [ms]	(On+Off) Time [ms]	x		
802.11a	6Mbps	5 180	3.880	4.920	0.788 6	1.03	12.89
802.11n (HT20)	MCS0	5 180	8.625	9.725	0.886 9	0.52	5.80
802.11n (HT40)	MCS0	5 190	4.150	5.217	0.795 5	0.99	12.05
802.11ac (VHT80)	MCS0	5 210	1.940	2.973	0.652 5	1.85	25.77

Single Transmit

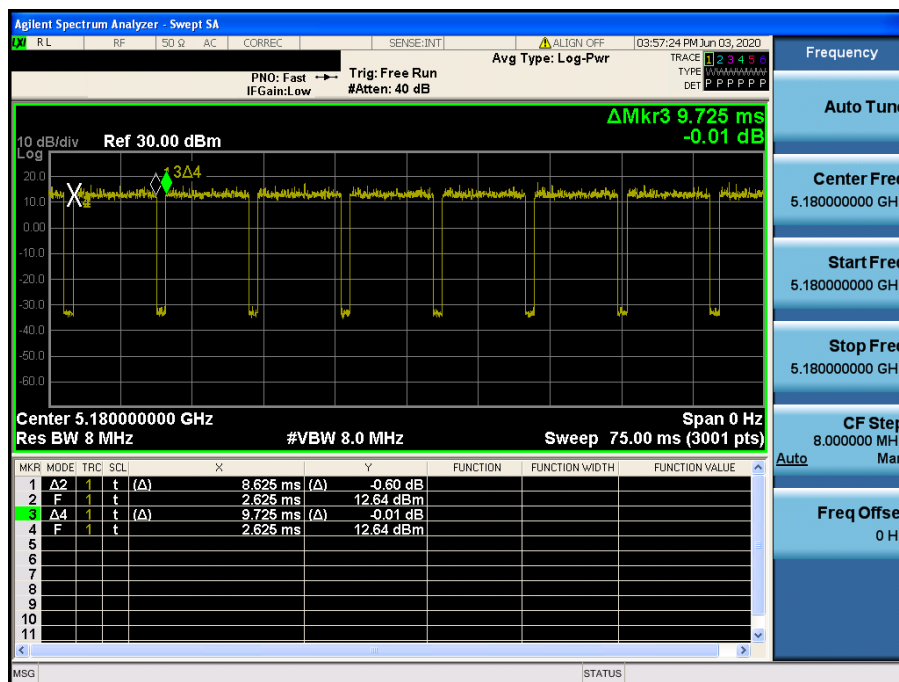
Duty Cycle

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.36



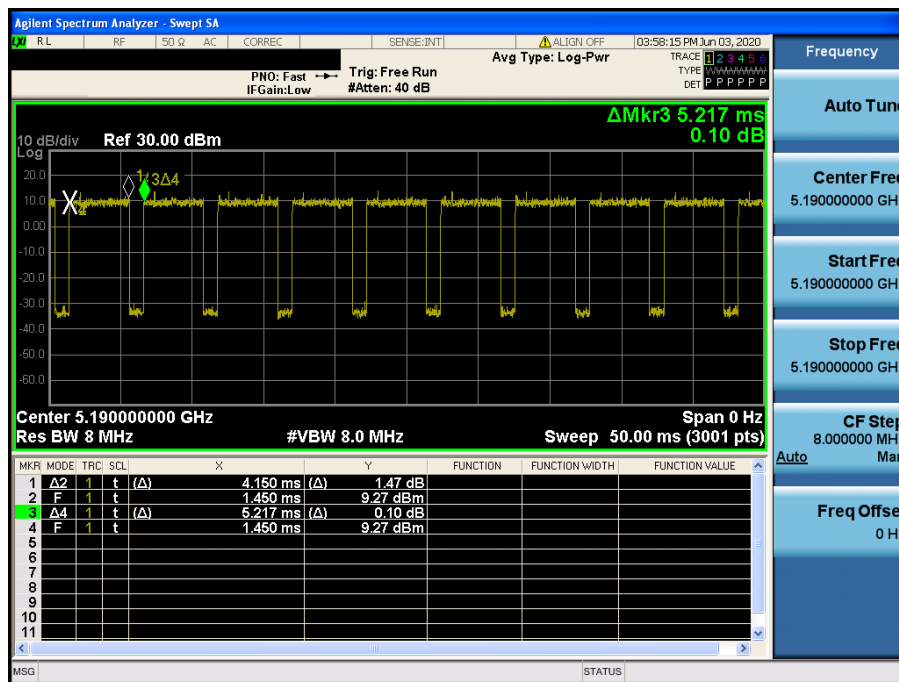
Duty Cycle

Test Mode: 802.11n HT20 & Ch.36



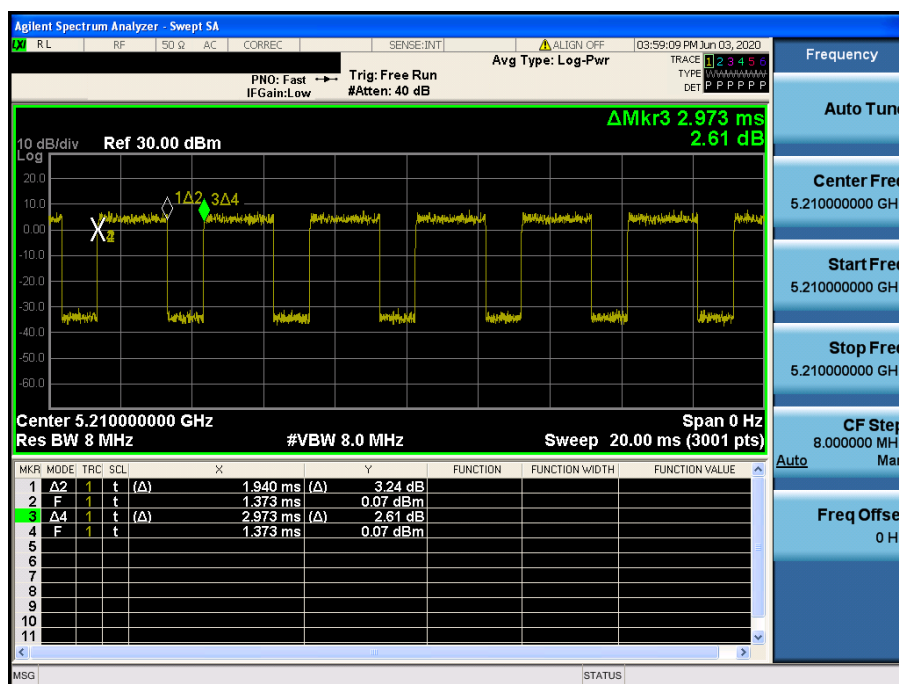
Duty Cycle

Test Mode: 802.11n HT40 & Ch.38



Duty Cycle

Test Mode: 802.11ac VHT80 & Ch.42



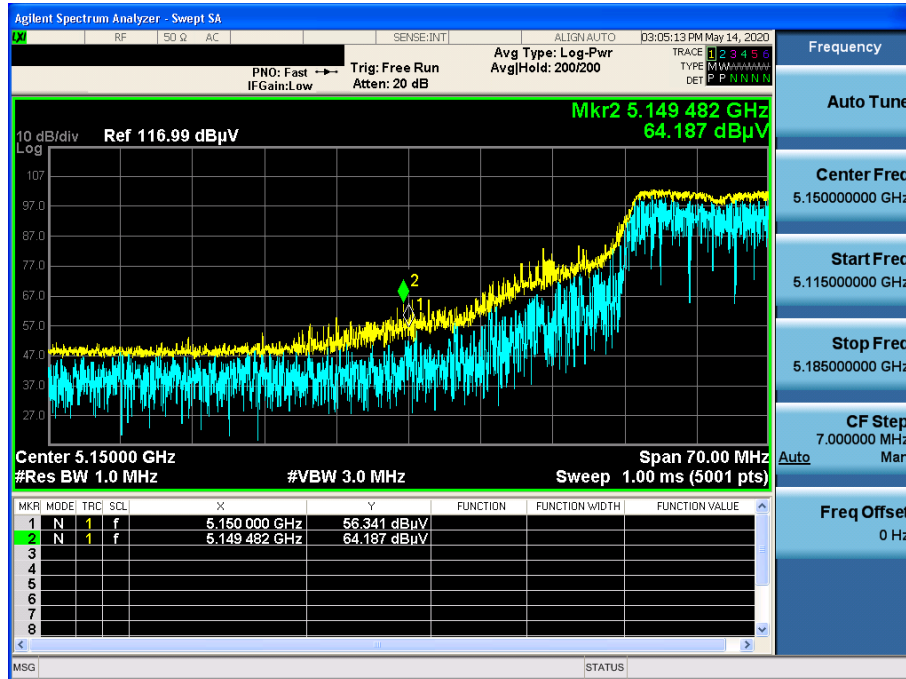
APPENDIX III

Unwanted Emissions (Radiated) Test Plot

- Tested Power Supply: DC 12 V

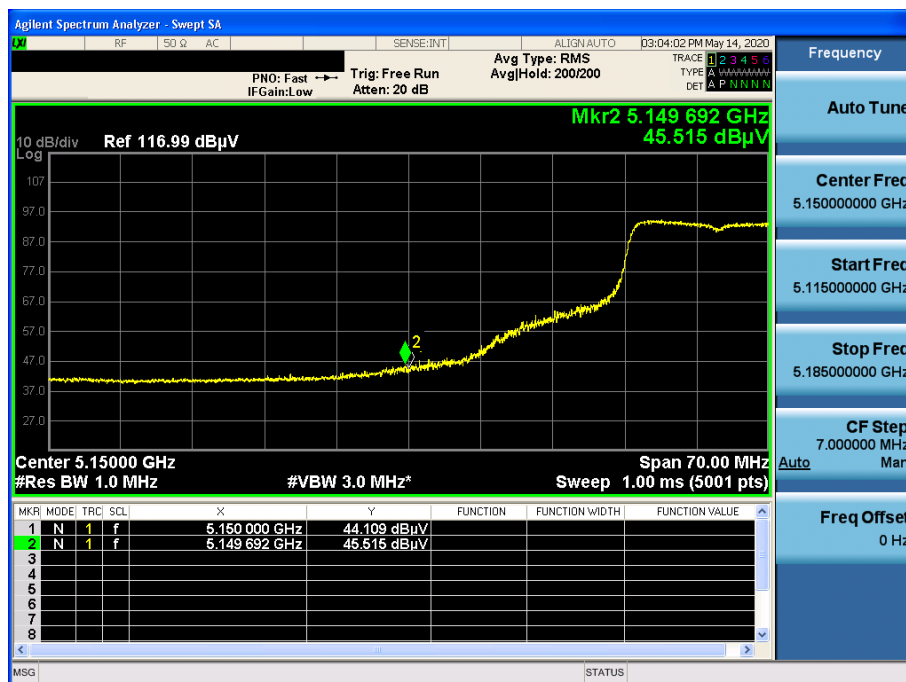
802.11a & U-NII 1 & Ch.36 & X axis & Ver

Detector Mode : PK



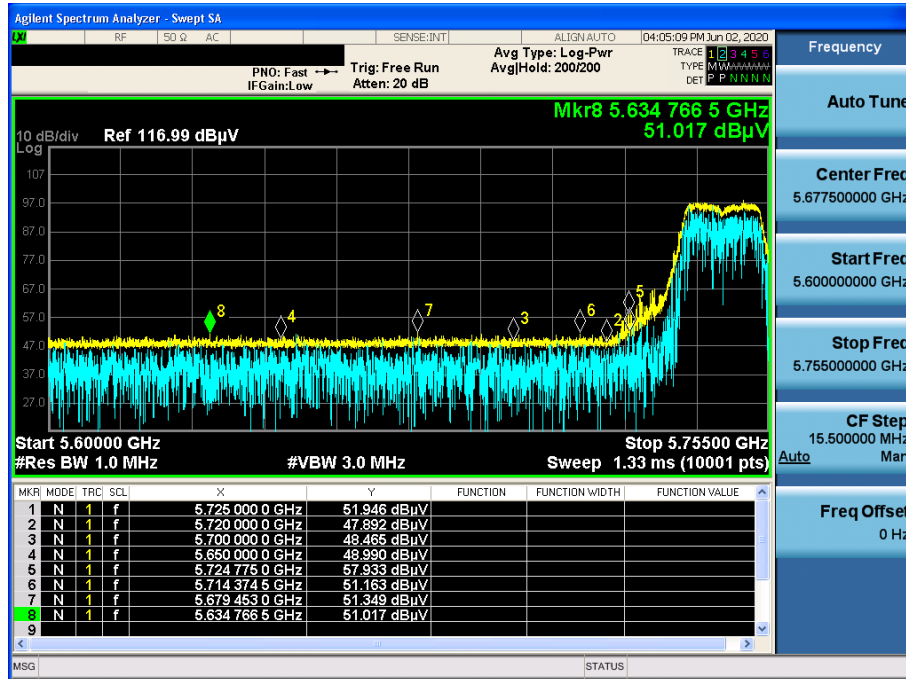
802.11a & U-NII 1 & Ch.36 & X axis & Ver

Detector Mode : AV



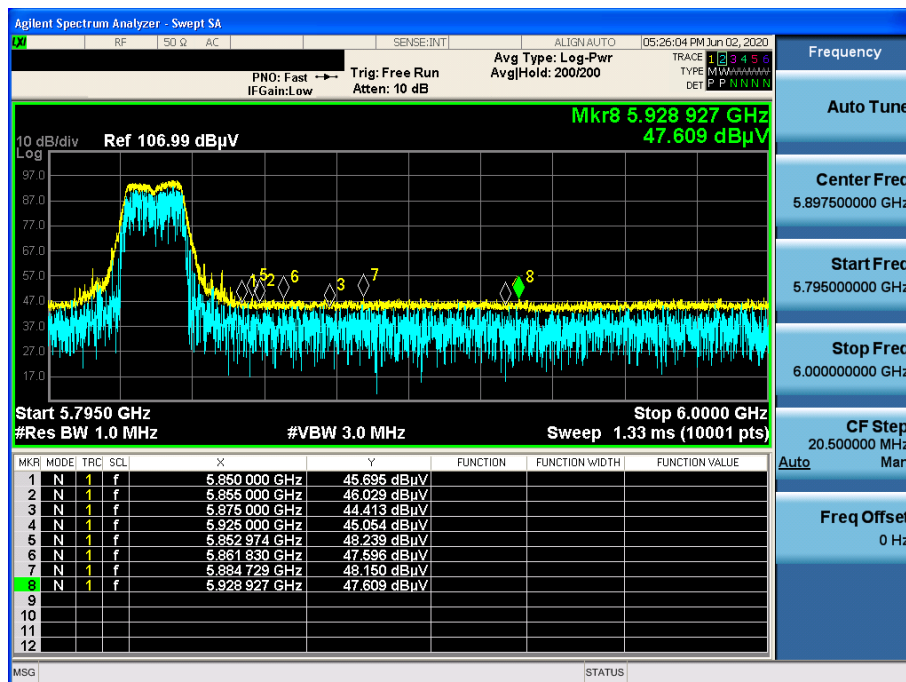
802.11a & U-NII 3 & Ch.149 & X axis & Ver

Detector Mode : PK



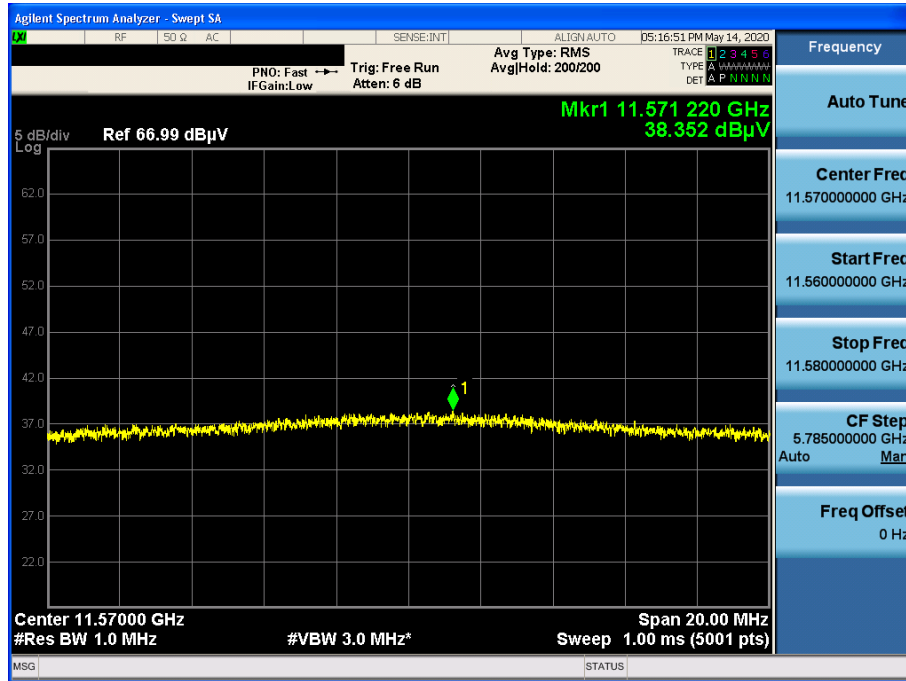
802.11a & U-NII 3 & Ch.165 & X axis & Ver

Detector Mode : PK

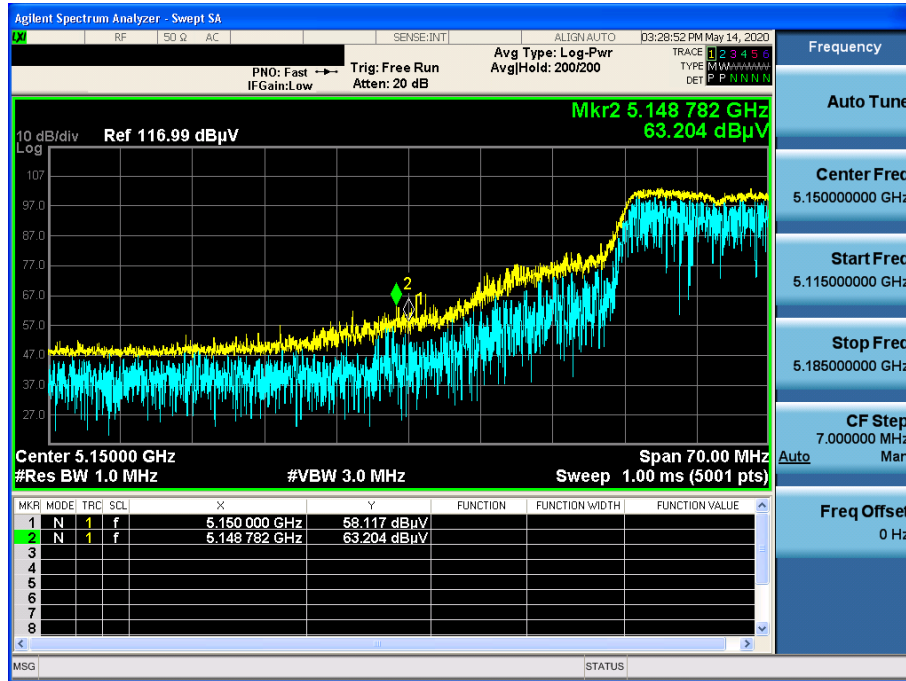


802.11a & U-NII 3 & Ch.157 & X axis & Ver

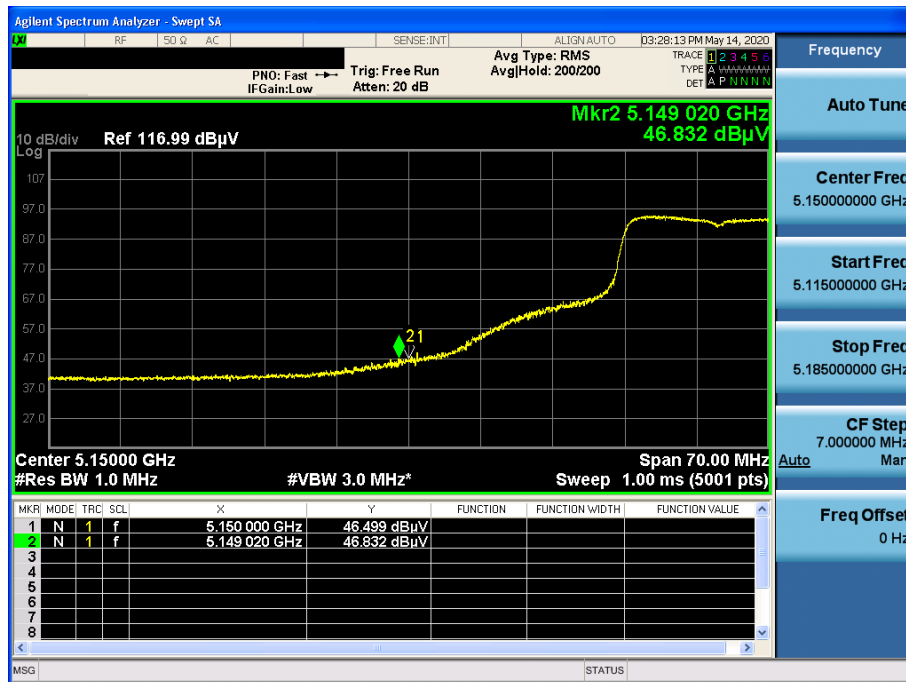
Detector Mode : AV



Detector Mode : PK

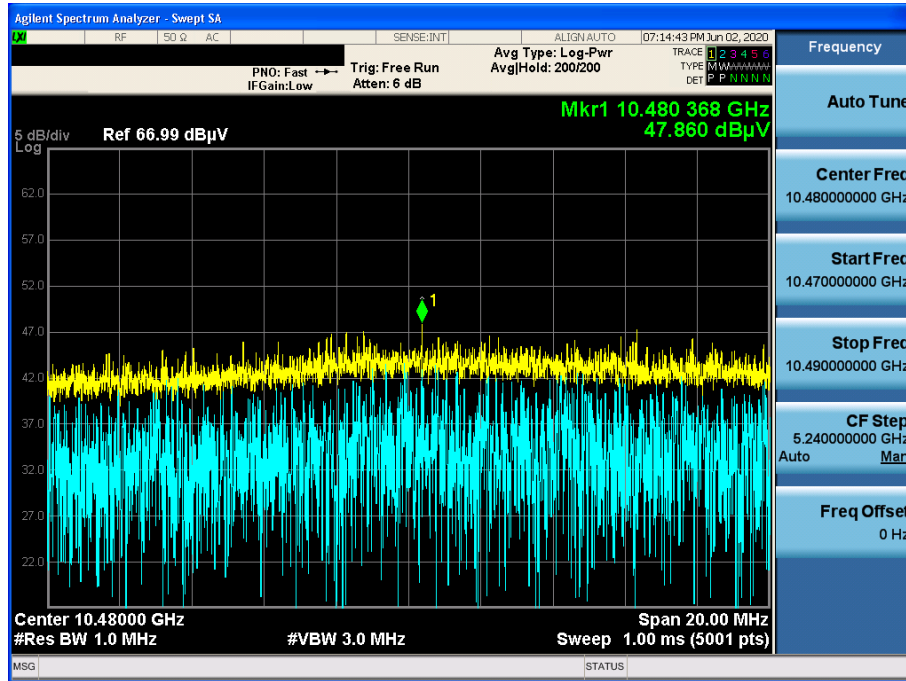


Detector Mode : AV



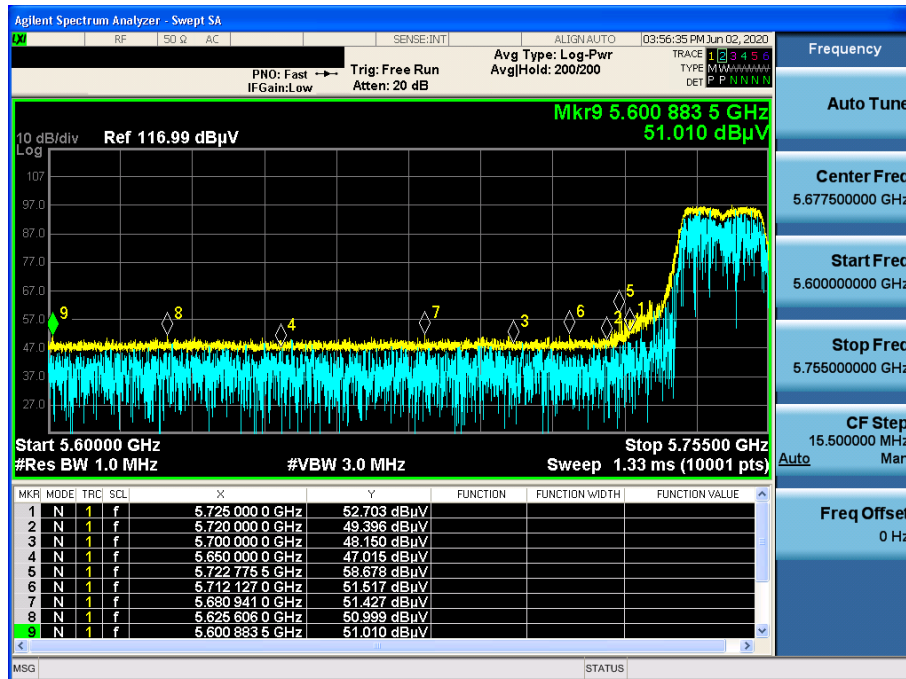
802.11n(HT20) & U-NII 1 & Ch.48 & X axis & Ver

Detector Mode : PK



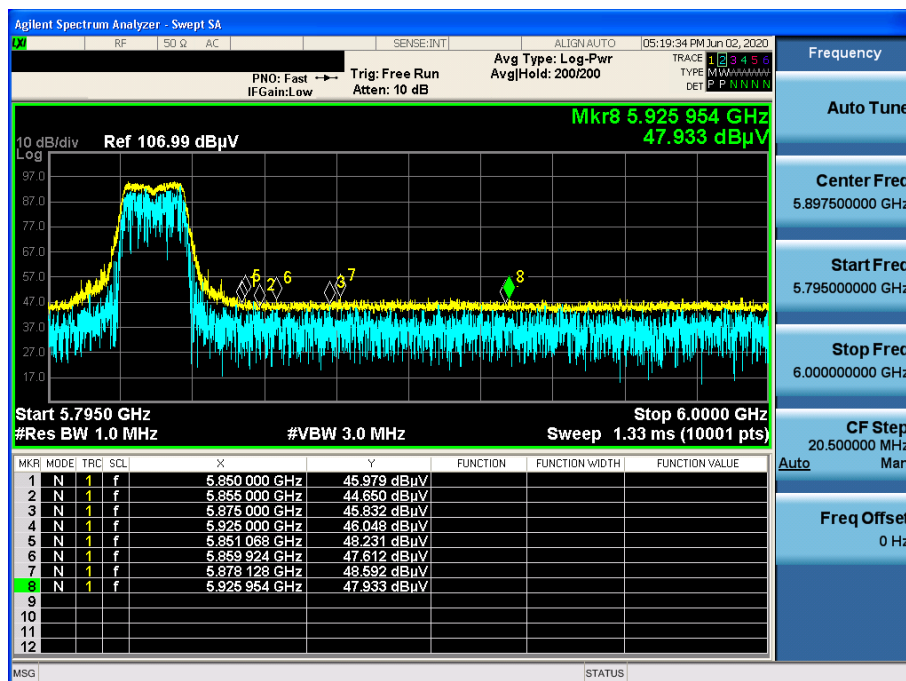
802.11n(HT20) & U-NII 3 & Ch.149 & X axis & Ver

Detector Mode : PK



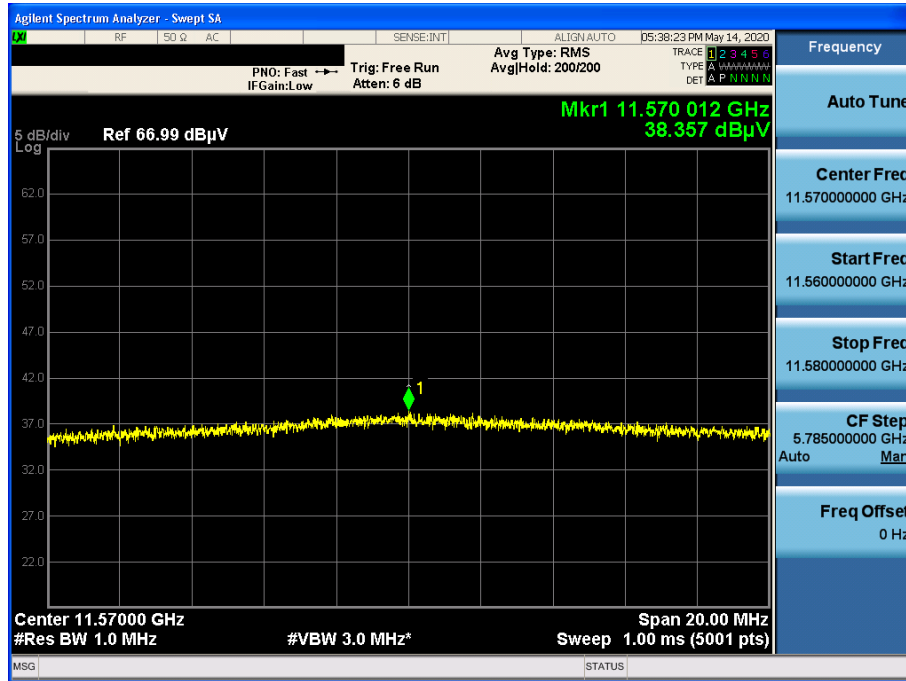
802.11n(HT20) & U-NII 3 & Ch.165 & X axis & Ver

Detector Mode : PK



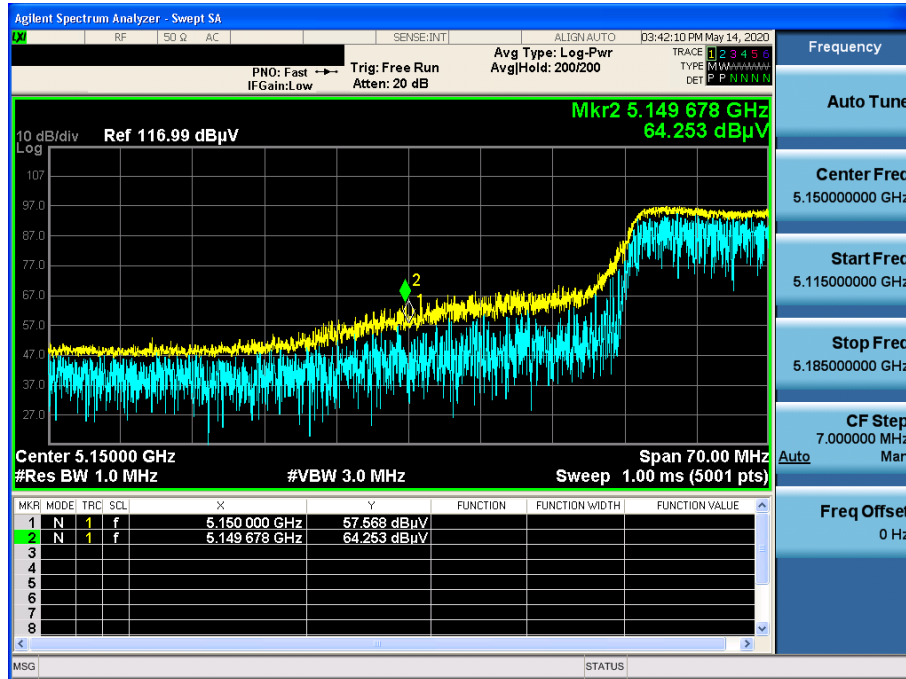
802.11n(HT20) & U-NII 3 & Ch.157 & X axis & Ver

Detector Mode : AV



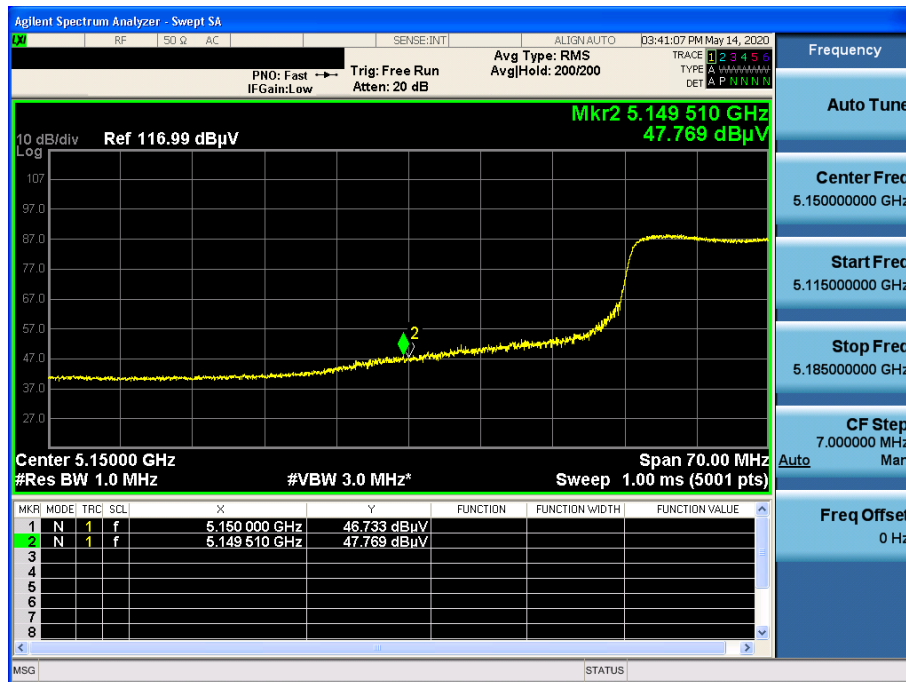
802.11n(HT40) & U-NII 1 & Ch.38 & X axis & Ver

Detector Mode : PK



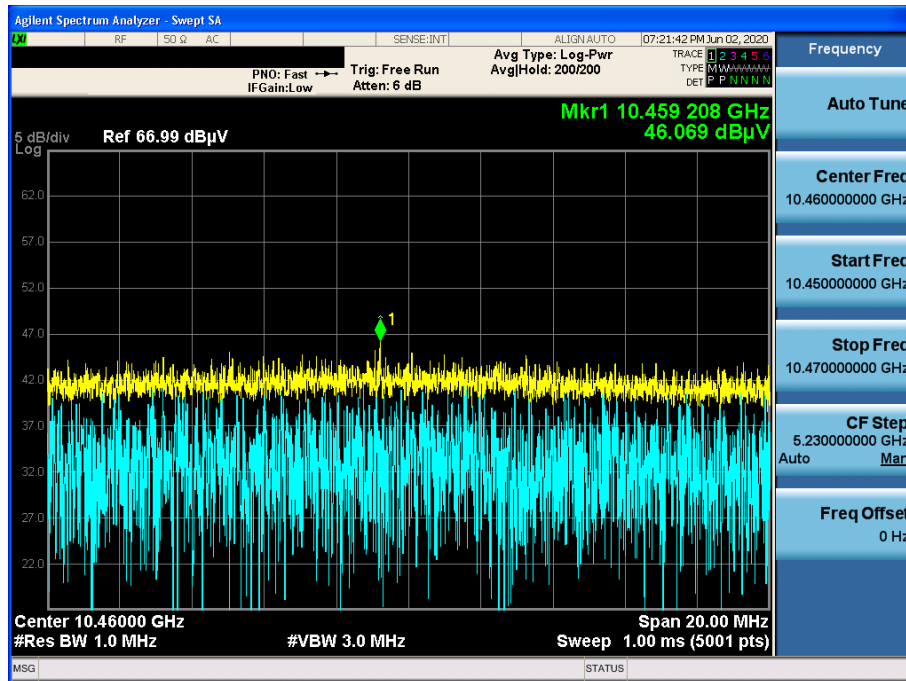
802.11n(HT40) & U-NII 1 & Ch.38 & X axis & Ver

Detector Mode : AV



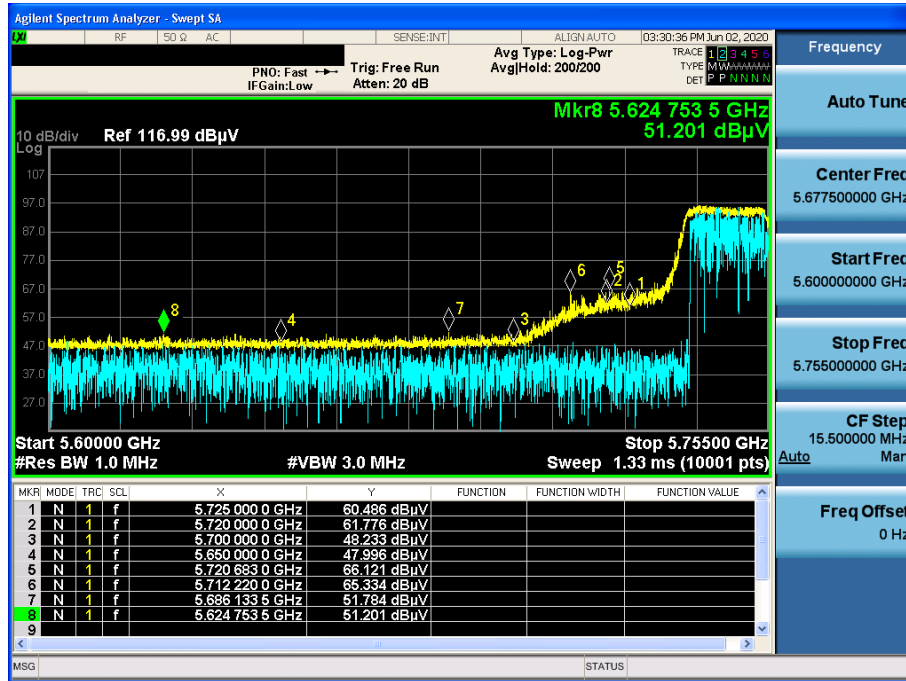
802.11n(HT40) & U-NII 1 & Ch.46 & X axis & Ver

Detector Mode : PK



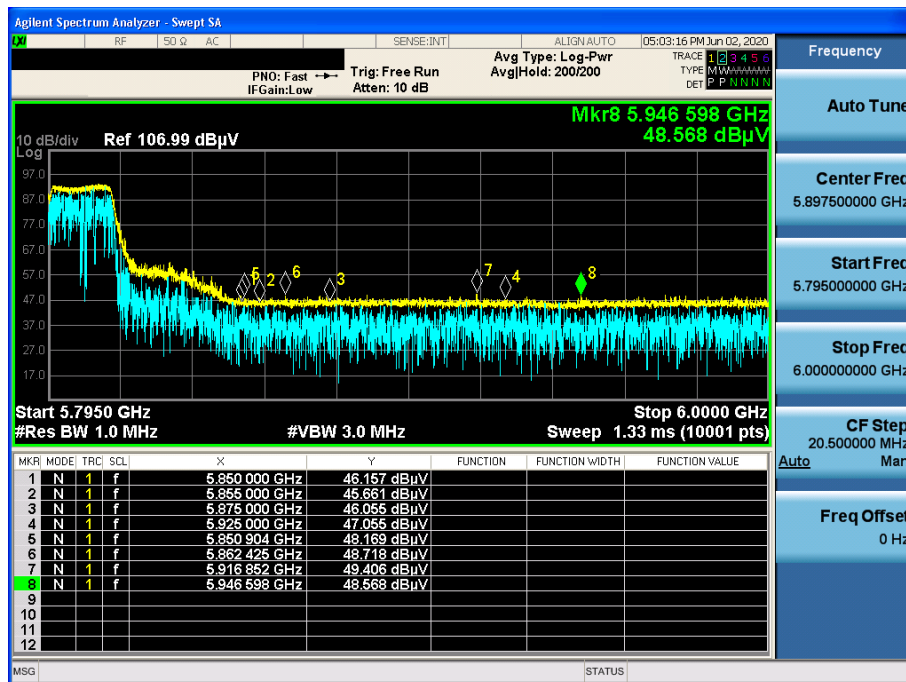
802.11n(HT40) & U-NII 3 & Ch.151 & X axis & Ver

Detector Mode : PK



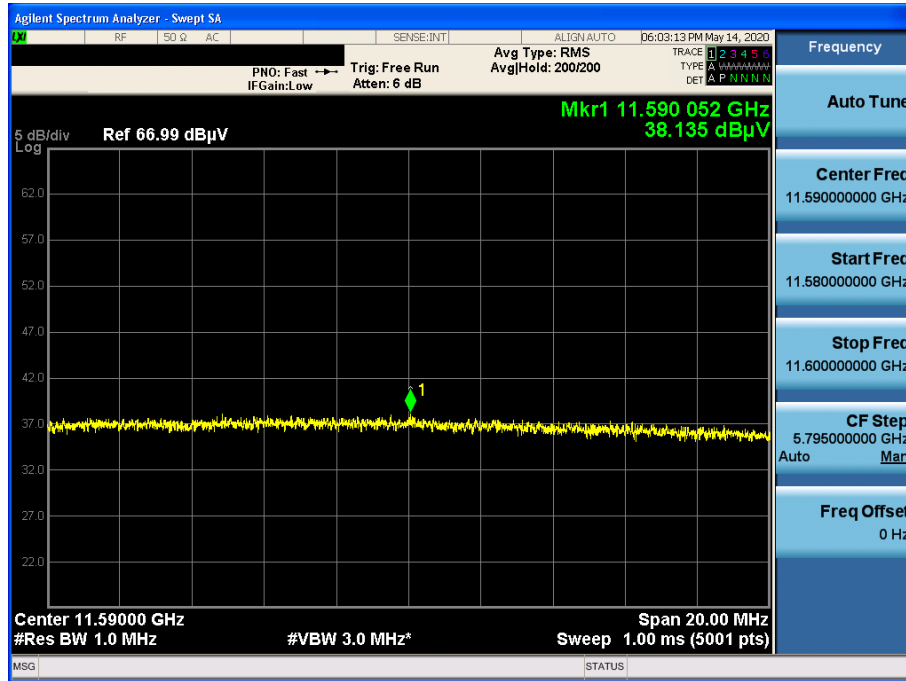
802.11n(HT40) & U-NII 3 & Ch.159 & X axis & Ver

Detector Mode : PK



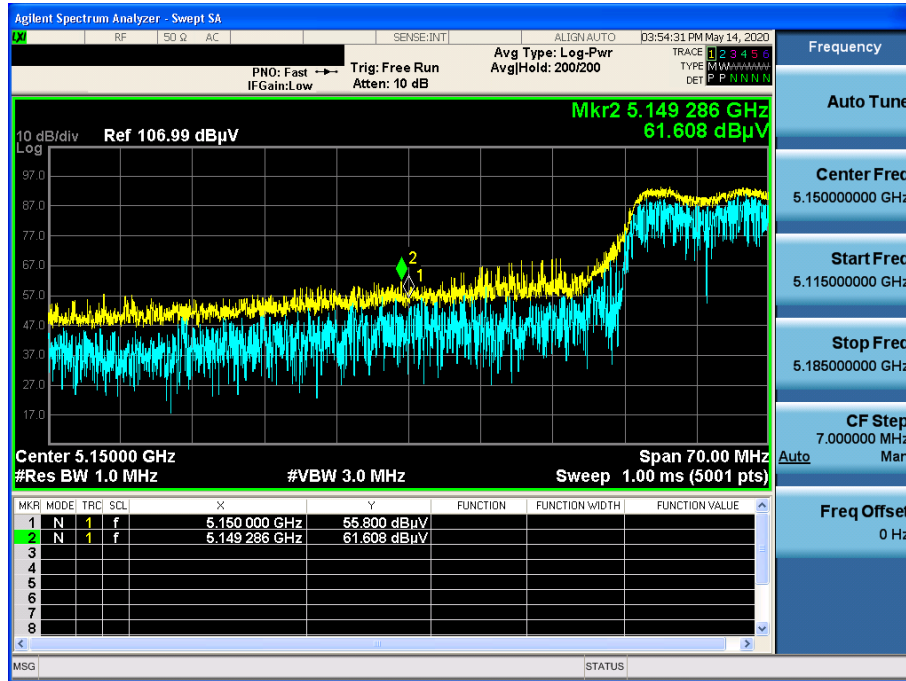
802.11n(HT40) & U-NII 3 & Ch.159 & X axis & Ver

Detector Mode : AV



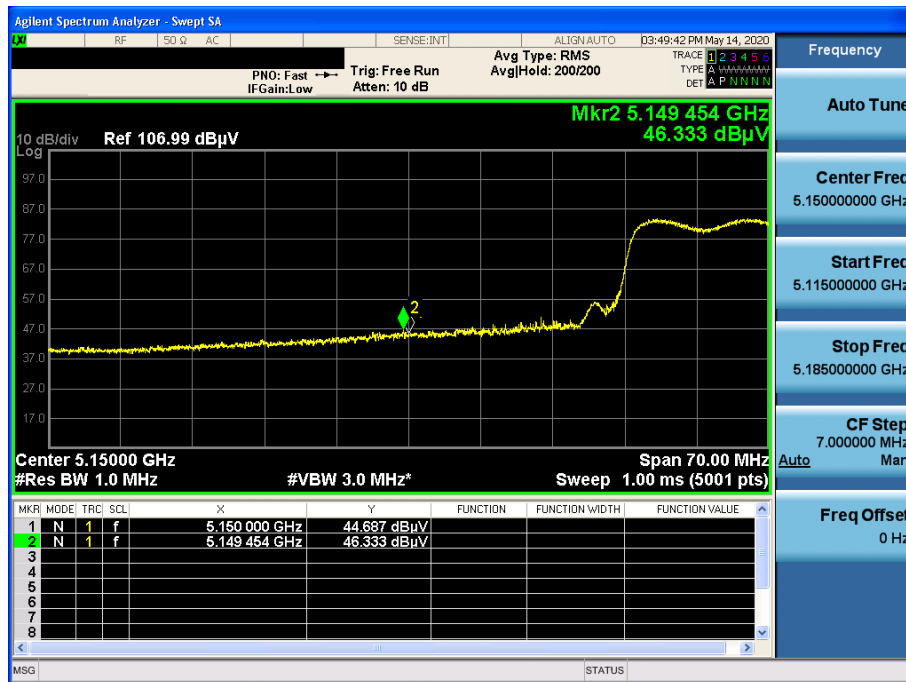
802.11ac(VHT80) & U-NII 1 & Ch.42 & X axis & Ver

Detector Mode : PK



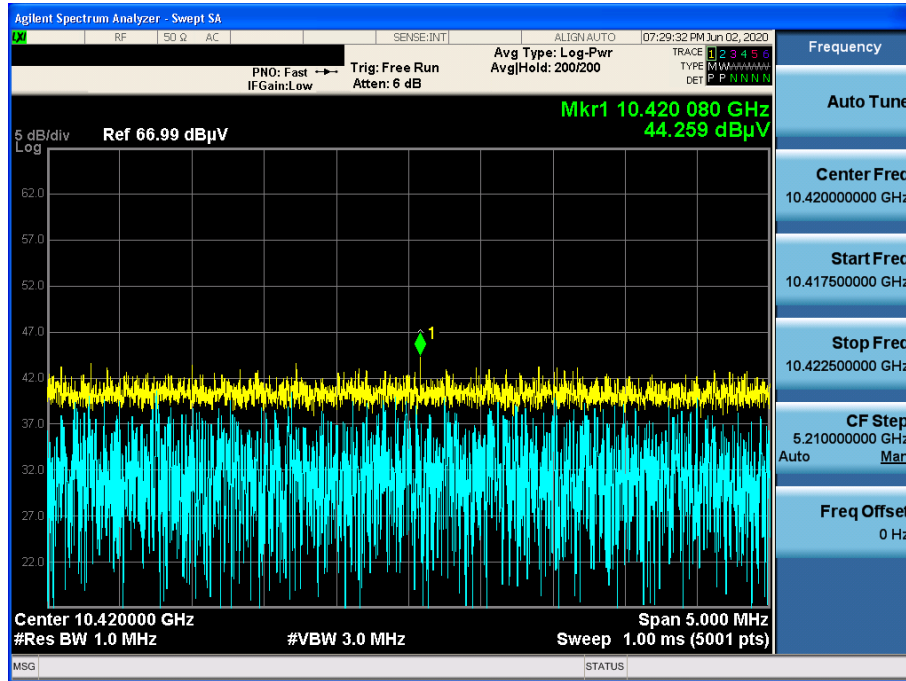
802.11ac(VHT80) & U-NII 1 & Ch.42 & X axis & Ver

Detector Mode : AV



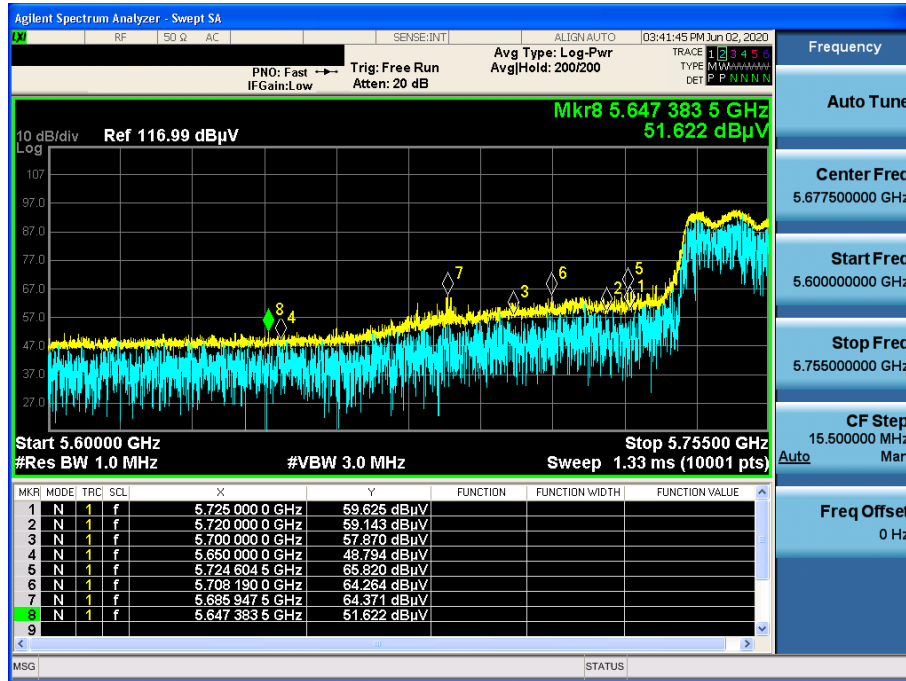
802.11ac(VHT80) & U-NII 1 & Ch.42 & X axis & Ver

Detector Mode : PK



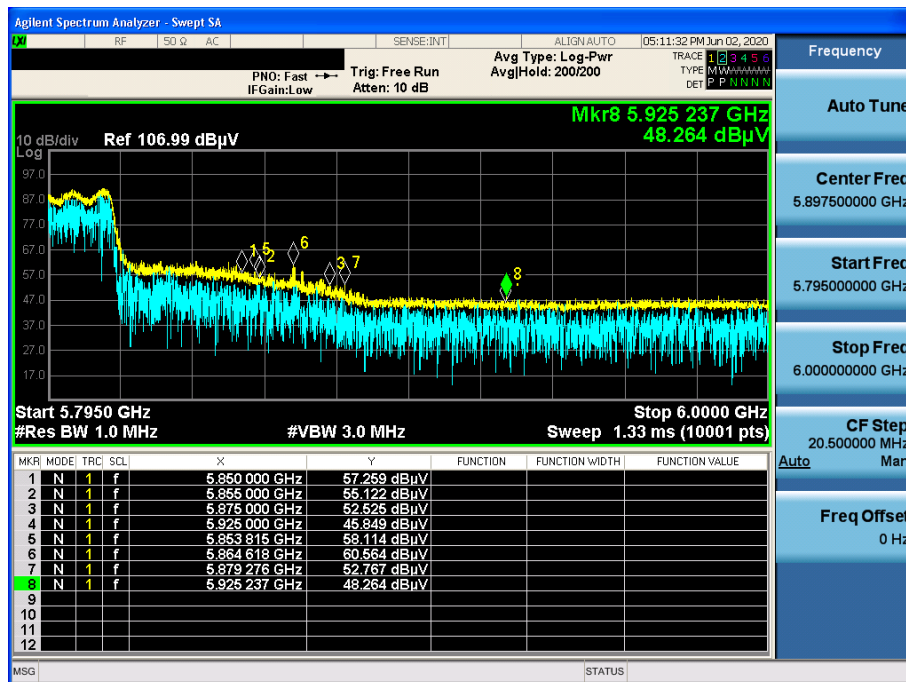
802.11ac(VHT80) & U-NII 3 & Ch.155 & X axis & Hor

Detector Mode : PK



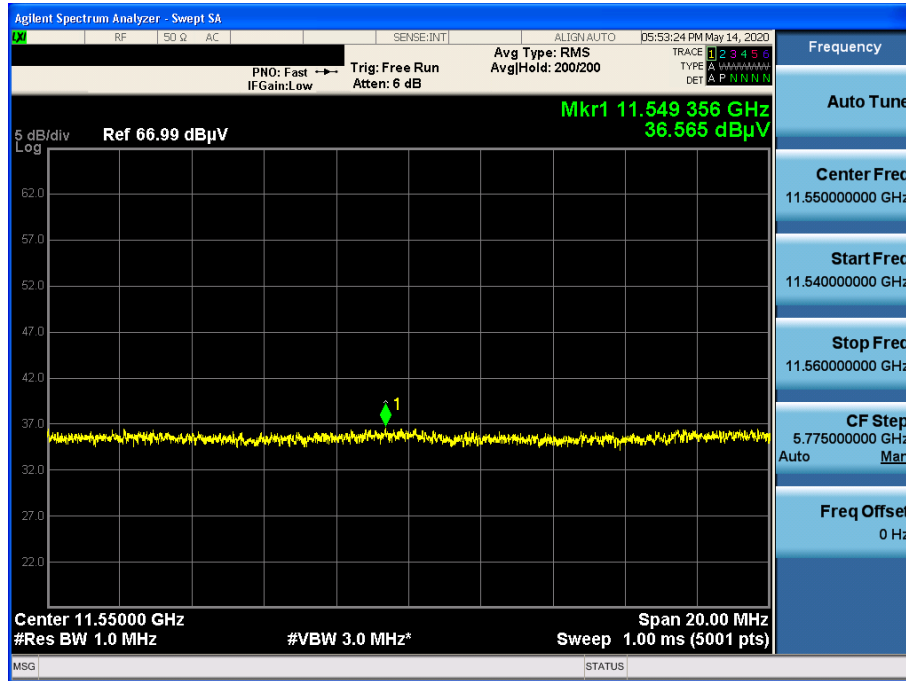
802.11ac(VHT80) & U-NII 3 & Ch.155 & X axis & Ver

Detector Mode : PK



802.11ac(VHT80) & U-NII 3 & Ch.155 & X axis & Ver

Detector Mode : AV

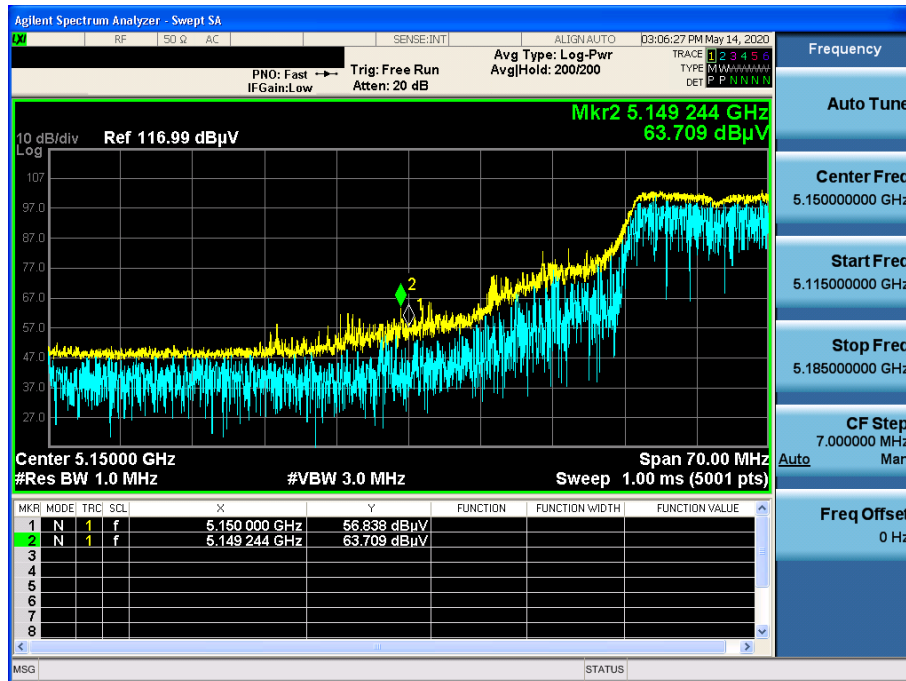


Unwanted Emissions (Radiated) Test Plot

- Tested Power Supply: DC 24 V

802.11a & U-NII 1 & Ch.36 & X axis & Ver

Detector Mode : PK



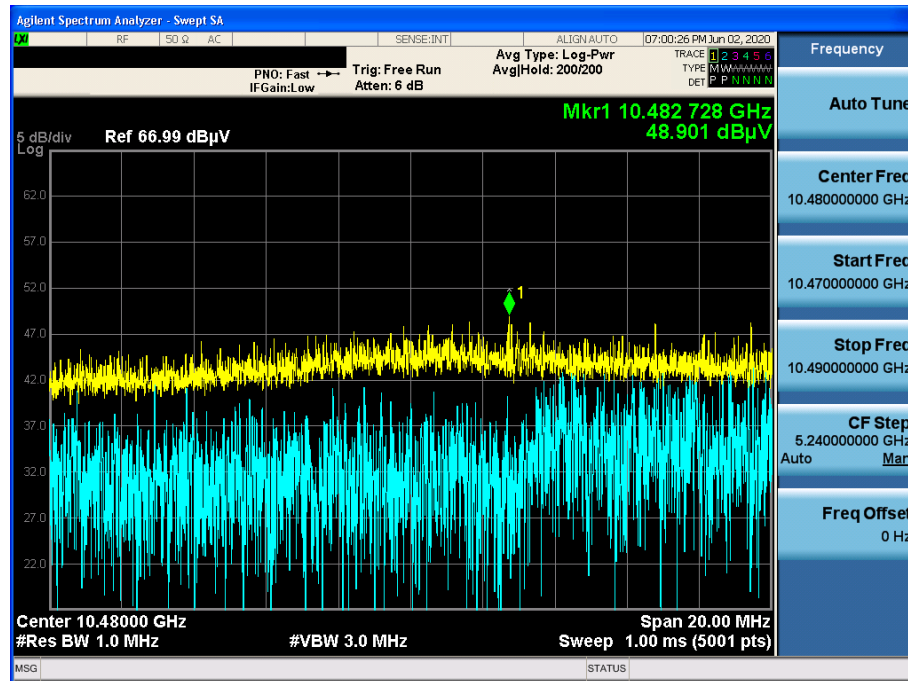
802.11a & U-NII 1 & Ch.36 & X axis & Ver

Detector Mode : AV



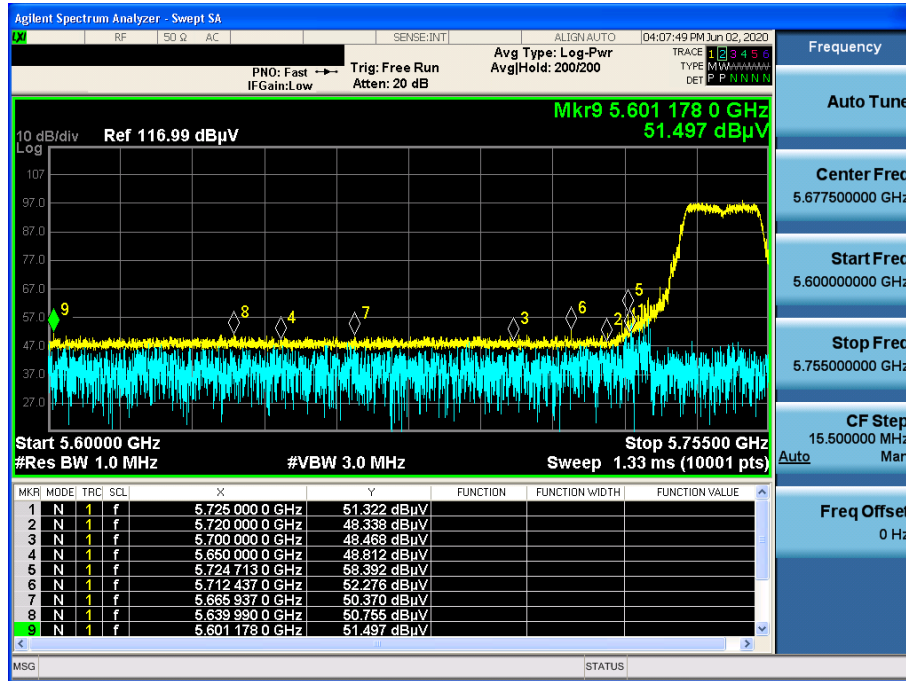
802.11a & U-NII 1 & Ch.48 & X axis & Ver

Detector Mode : PK



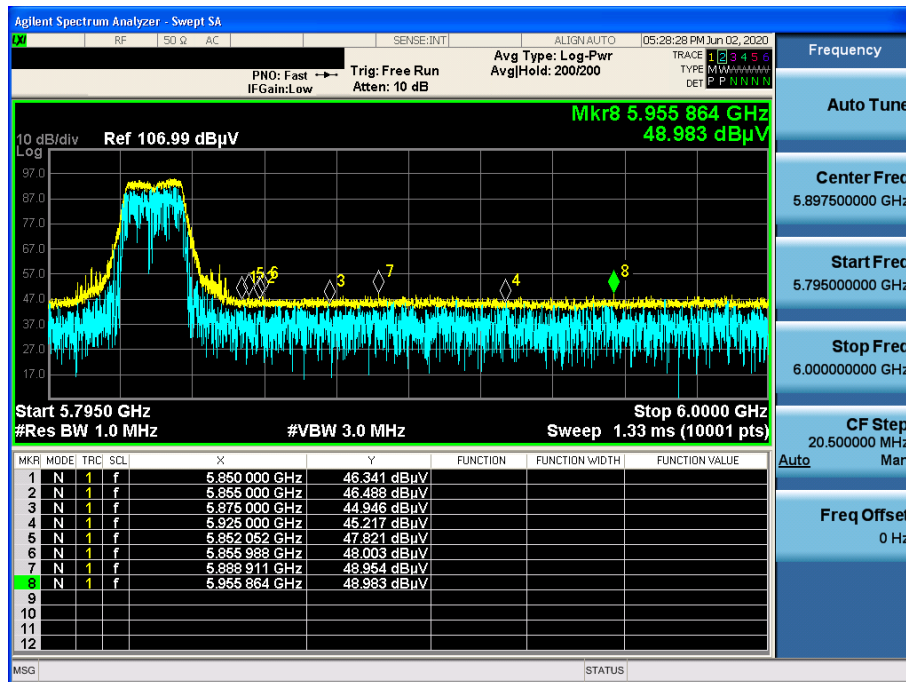
802.11a & U-NII 3 & Ch.149 & X axis & Ver

Detector Mode : PK



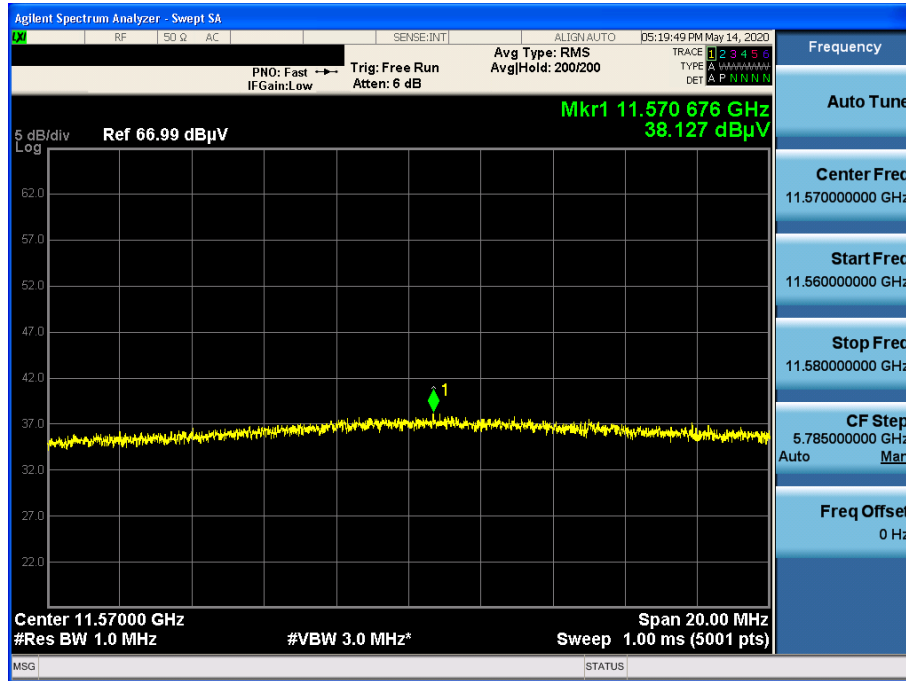
802.11a & U-NII 3 & Ch.165 & X axis & Ver

Detector Mode : PK



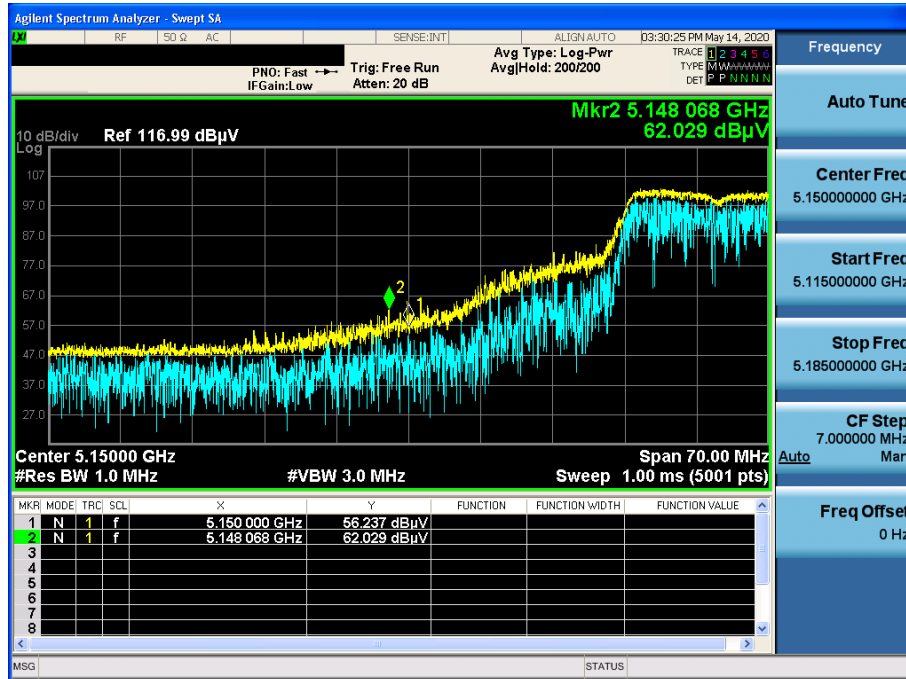
802.11a & U-NII 3 & Ch.157 & X axis & Ver

Detector Mode : AV



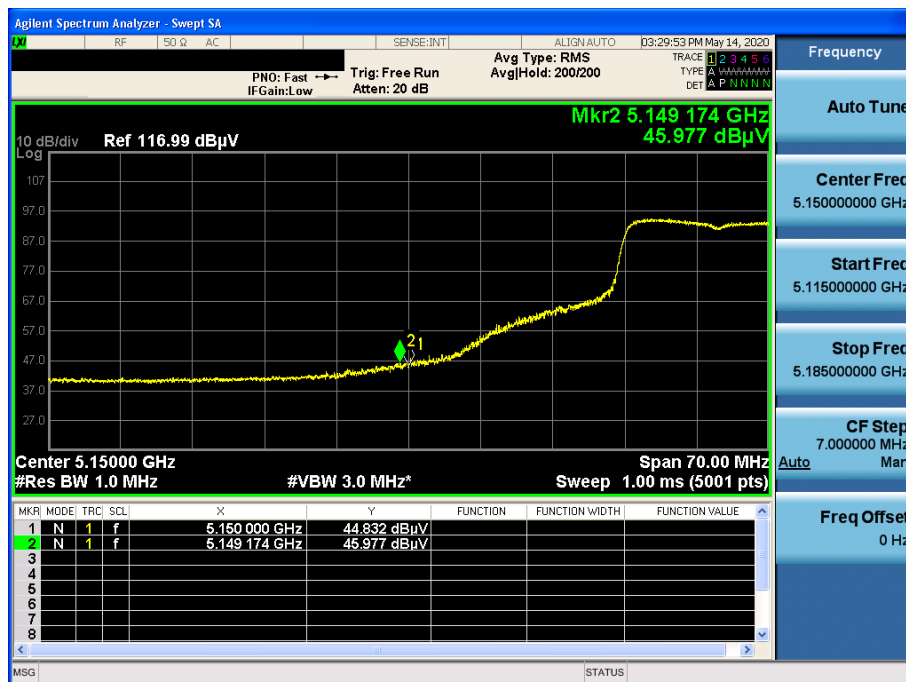
802.11n(HT20) & U-NII 1 & Ch.36 & X axis & Ver

Detector Mode : PK



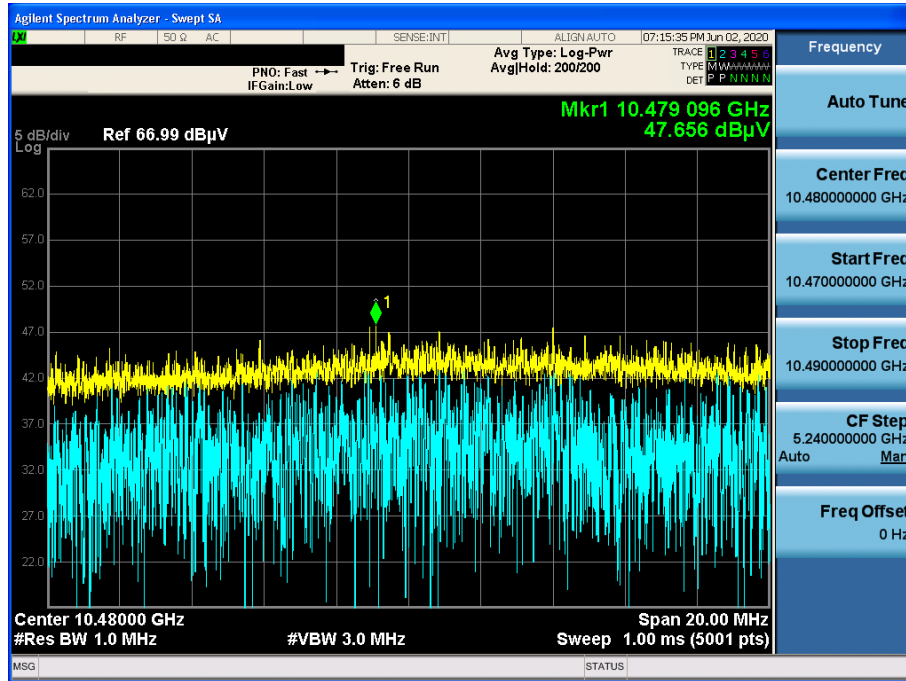
802.11n(HT20) & U-NII 1 & Ch.36 & X axis & Ver

Detector Mode : AV



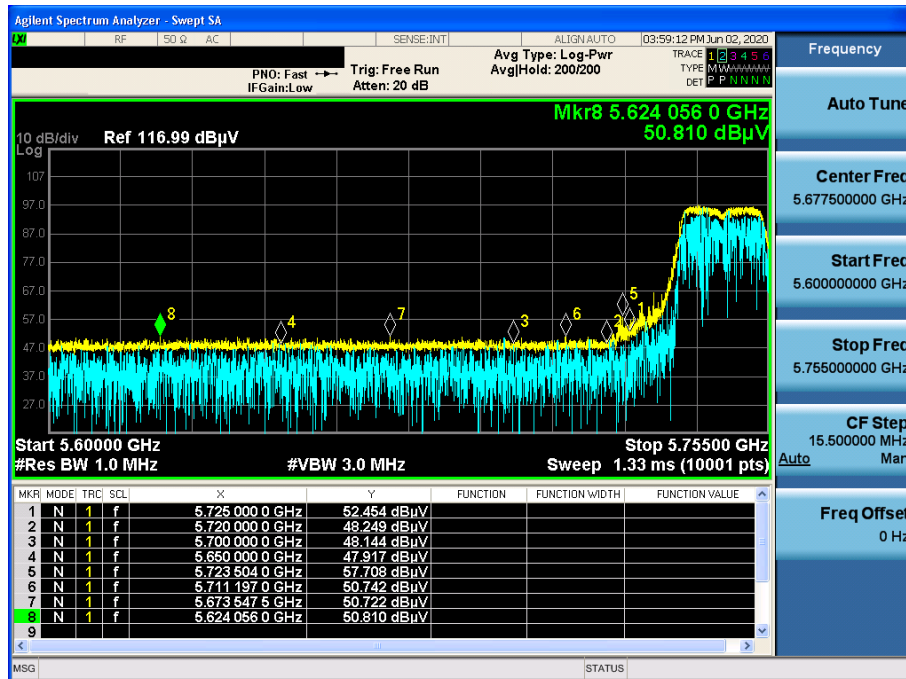
802.11n(HT20) & U-NII 1 & Ch.48 & X axis & Ver

Detector Mode : PK



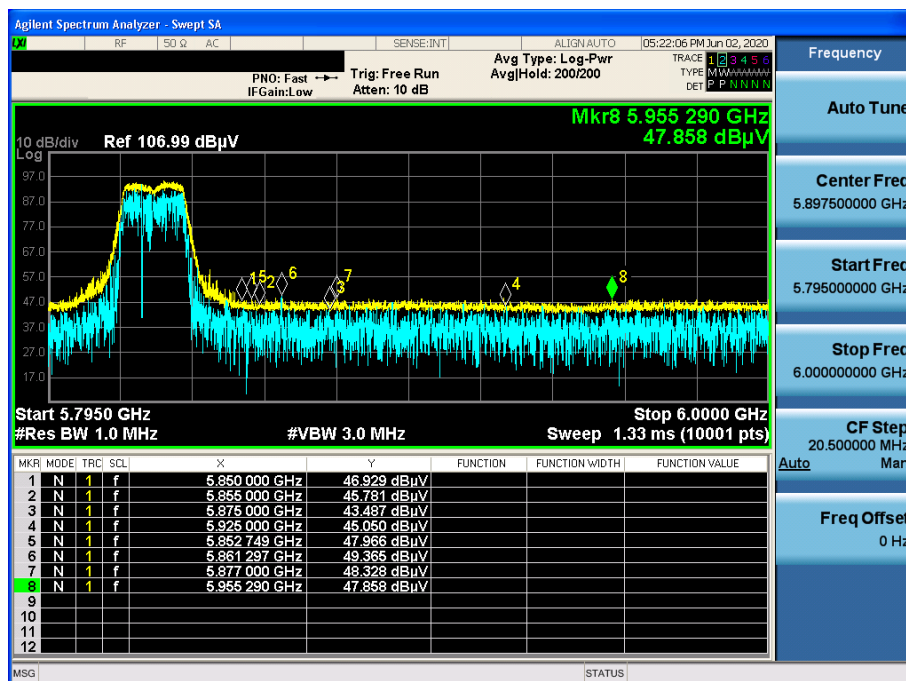
802.11n(HT20) & U-NII 3 & Ch.149 & X axis & Ver

Detector Mode : PK



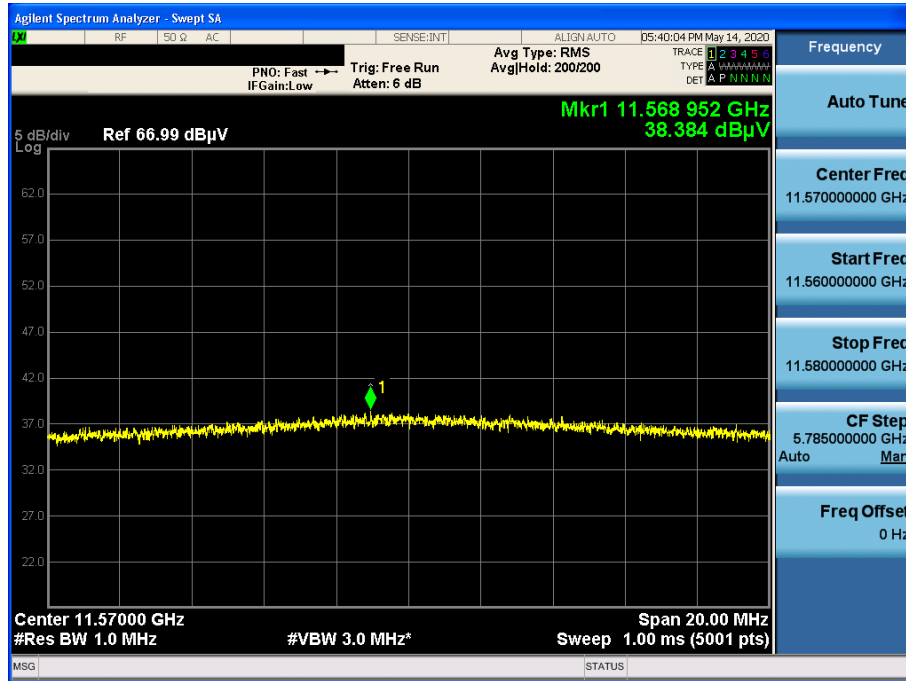
802.11n(HT20) & U-NII 3 & Ch.165 & X axis & Ver

Detector Mode : PK

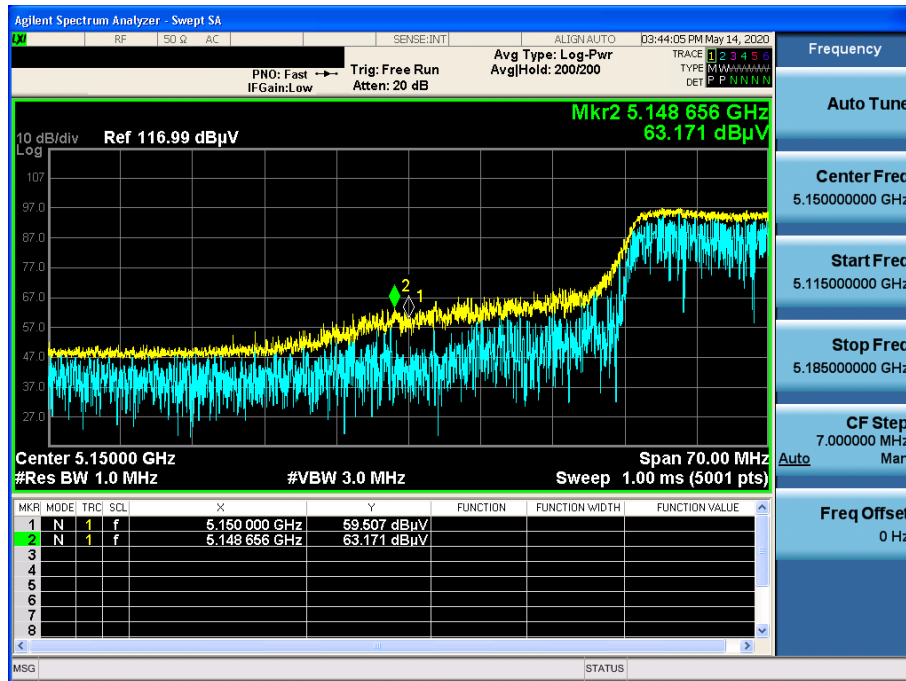


802.11n(HT20) & U-NII 3 & Ch.157 & X axis & Ver

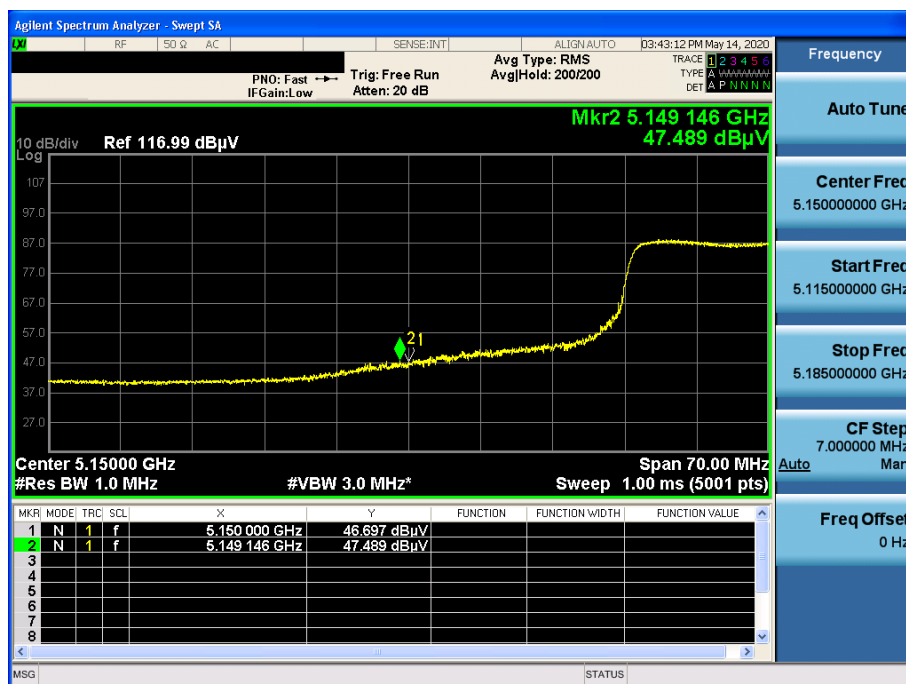
Detector Mode : AV



Detector Mode : PK

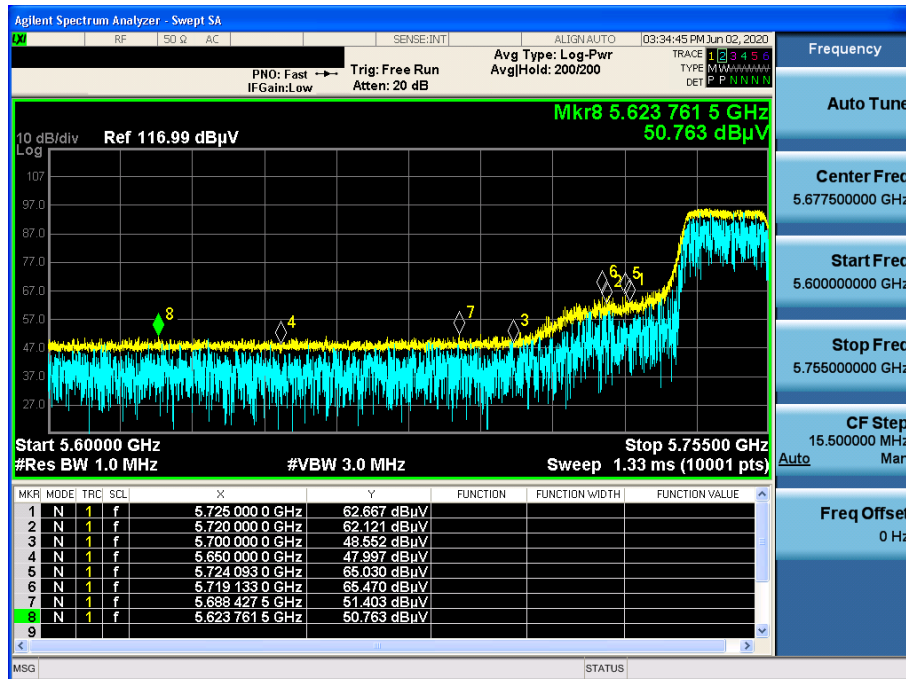


Detector Mode : AV



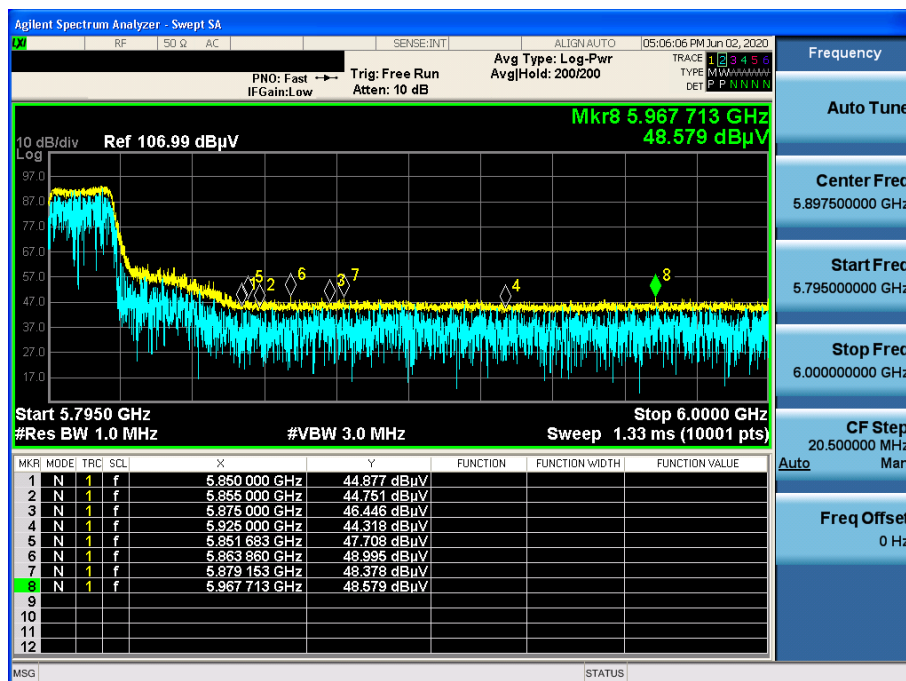
802.11n(HT40) & U-NII 3 & Ch.151 & X axis & Ver

Detector Mode : PK



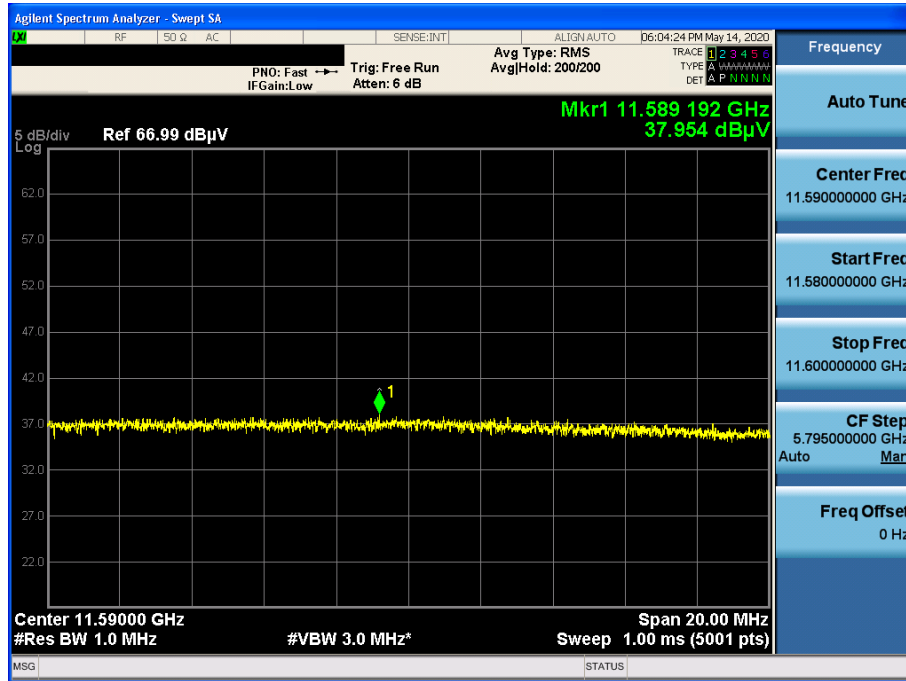
802.11n(HT40) & U-NII 3 & Ch.159 & X axis & Ver

Detector Mode : PK



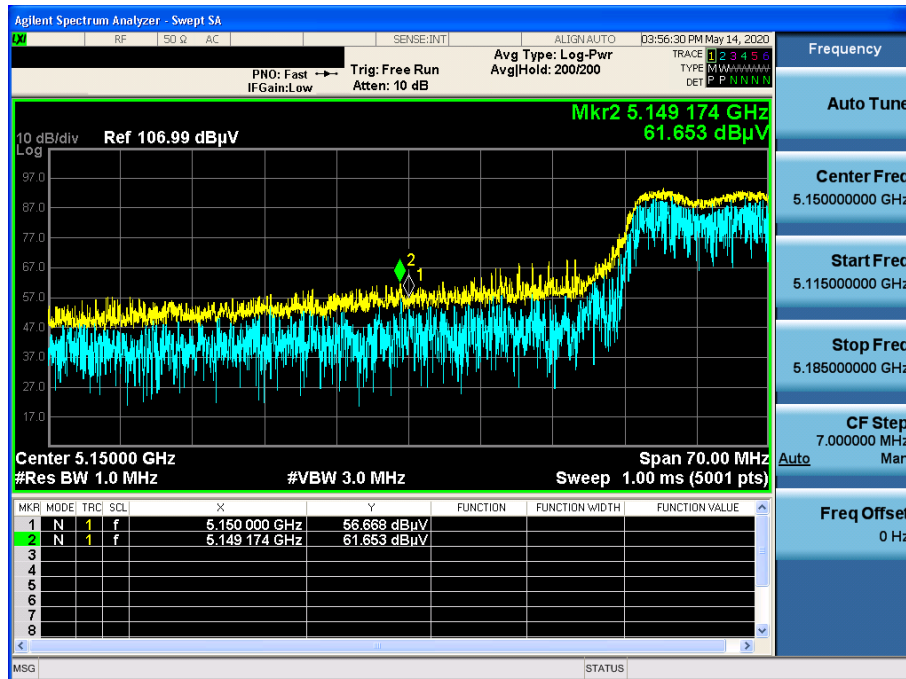
802.11n(HT40) & U-NII 3 & Ch.159 & X axis & Ver

Detector Mode : AV



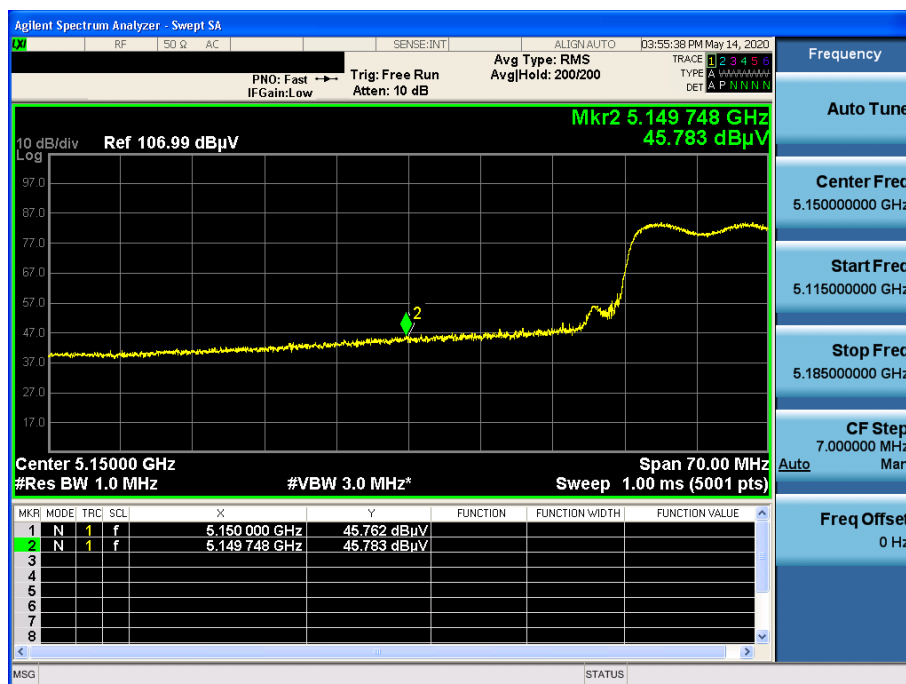
802.11ac(VHT80) & U-NII 1 & Ch.42 & X axis & Ver

Detector Mode : PK



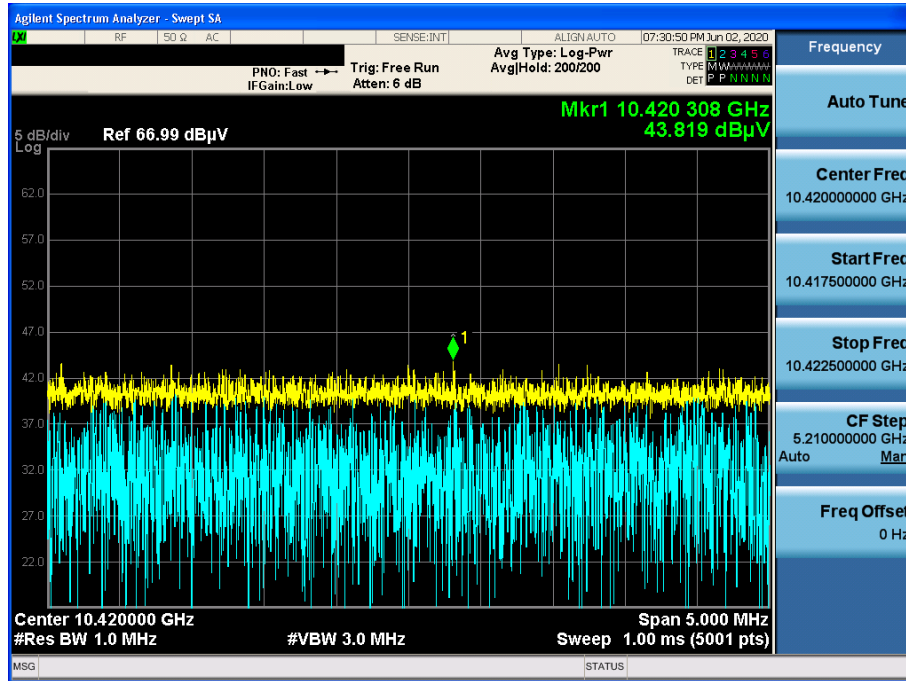
802.11ac(VHT80) & U-NII 1 & Ch.42 & X axis & Ver

Detector Mode : AV



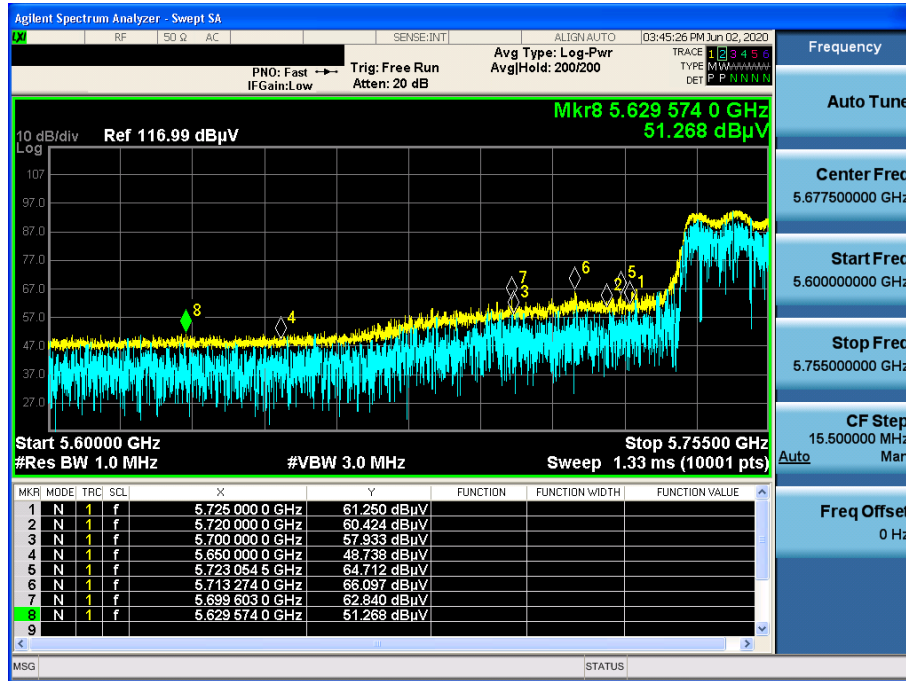
802.11ac(VHT80) & U-NII 1 & Ch.42 & X axis & Ver

Detector Mode : PK



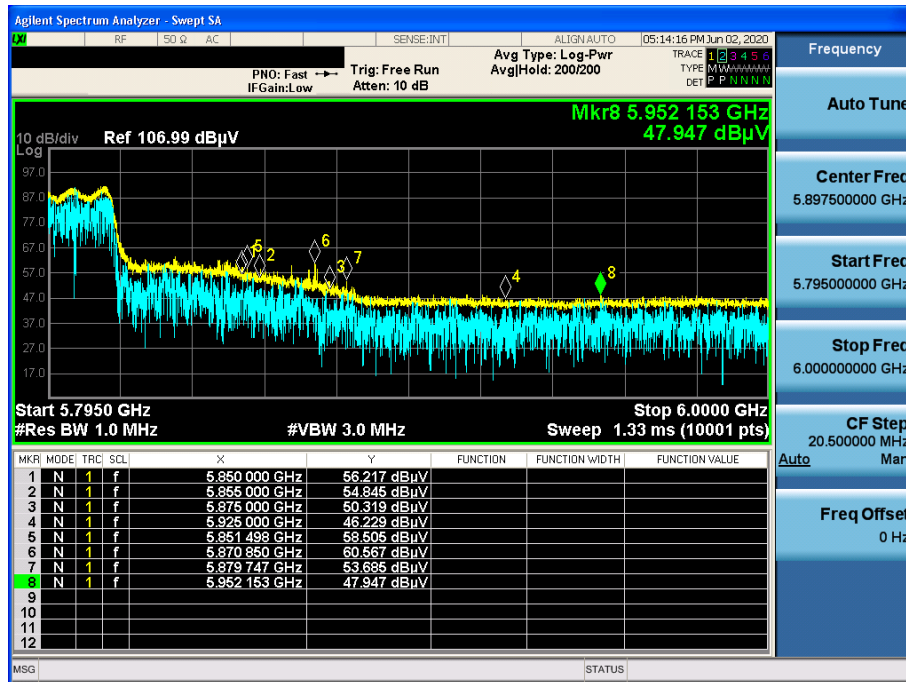
802.11ac(VHT80) & U-NII 3 & Ch.155 & X axis & Hor

Detector Mode : PK



802.11ac(VHT80) & U-NII 3 & Ch.155 & X axis & Ver

Detector Mode : PK



802.11ac(VHT80) & U-NII 3 & Ch.155 & X axis & Ver

Detector Mode : AV

