

# FCC / IC BT LE REPORT

## Certification

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**Date of Issue:**

March 25, 2019

**Test Site/Location:**

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**Report No.:** HCT-RF-1903-FI013

<b>FCC ID:</b>	<b>YCK-B-124X</b>
<b>IC:</b>	<b>23402-B124X</b>
<b>APPLICANT:</b>	<b>PITTASOFT CO., LTD.</b>

<b>Model:</b>	B-124X
<b>EUT Type:</b>	Rechargeable Li-ion Battery
<b>RF Peak Output Power:</b>	1.992 dBm (1.582 mW)
<b>Frequency Range:</b>	2402 MHz -2480 MHz
<b>Modulation type</b>	GFSK
<b>FCC Classification:</b>	Digital Transmission System(DTS)
<b>FCC Rule Part(s):</b>	Part 15.247
<b>IC Rule Part(s):</b>	RSS-247 Issue 2 (February 2017), RSS-Gen Issue 5(April 2018)

**Engineering Statement:**

The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

HCT CO., LTD. Certifies that no party to this application has subject to a denial of Federal benefits that includes FCC benefits pursuant to section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1998,21 U.S. C.853(a)



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**Engineer of Telecommunication testing center**



**Approved by : Jong Seok Lee**  
**Manager of Telecommunication testing center**

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## Version

TEST REPORT NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
HCT-RF-1903-FI013	March 25, 2019	- First Approval Report

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## 1. EUT DESCRIPTION

Model	B-124X
EUT Type	Rechargeable Li-ion Battery
Power Supply	DC 12V, 24V
Frequency Range	TX: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz RX: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Max. RF Output Power	Peak : 1.992 dBm (1.582 mW) Average : 1.750 dBm (1.496 mW)
HVIN	B-124X
PMN	BlackVue
FVIN	F152
BT Operating Mode	BT_Low Energy Mode
Modulation Type	GFSK
Number of Channels	40 Channels
Antenna Specification	Antenna type: Dielectric Chip Antenna Peak Gain : 3.14 dBi
Date(s) of Tests	January 09, 2019~ January 18, 2019

## 2. METHODOLOGY

FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v05r01 dated February 11 , 2019 entitled "Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems(DTS) and the measurement procedure described in ANSI C63.10(Version : 2013) 'the American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices'.

### EUT CONFIGURATION

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

### EUT EXERCISE

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart C / the RSS-GEN issue 5, RSS-247 issue 2.

### GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES

#### Conducted Emissions

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 6.2 of ANSI C63.10. (Version :2013) Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

#### Radiated Emissions

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane below 1GHz. Above 1GHz with 1.5m using absorbers between the EUT and receive antenna. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3.75 m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1 m to 4 m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the max. emission, the relative positions of this hand-held transmitter (EUT) was rotated through three orthogonal axes according to the requirements in Section 8 of ANSI C63.10. (Version: 2013)

#### Conducted Antenna Terminal

See Section from 9.1 to 9.2.(KDB 558074 v05r01)

### DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT has been tested under operating condition. Test program used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode is programmed.

### 3. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipment's, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

Especially, all antenna for measurement is calibrated in accordance with the requirements of C63.5 (Version : 2017).

### 4. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

#### FACILITIES

The SAC(Semi-Anechoic Chamber) and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data are located at the 74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil,

Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 17383, Rep. of KOREA.

The site is constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4. (Version :2014) and CISPR Publication 22.

Detailed description of test facility was submitted to the Commission and accepted dated April 02, 2018 (Registration Number: KR0032 ).

For ISED, test facility was accepted dated July 30, 2018(Registration Number: 5944A-5)

#### EQUIPMENT

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of Linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, bi-conical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements.

Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers. Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

### 5. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS

#### According to FCC 47 CFR §15.203:

"An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section."

\* The antennas of this E.U.T are permanently attached.

\* The E.U.T Complies with the requirement of §15.203

## 6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with the requirements of ANSI C63.10-2013.

All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of  $k = 2$  to indicate a 95 % level of confidence.

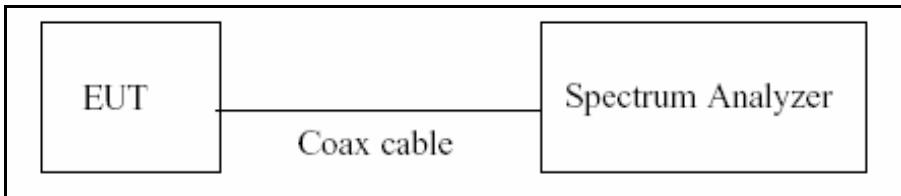
The measurement data shown herein meets or exceeds the  $U_{\text{CISPR}}$  measurement uncertainty values specified in CISPR 16-4-2 and, thus, can be compared directly to specified limits to determine compliance.

Parameter	Expanded Uncertainty ( $\pm$ dB)
Conducted Disturbance (150 kHz ~ 30 MHz)	1.82
Radiated Disturbance (9 kHz ~ 30 MHz)	3.40
Radiated Disturbance (30 MHz ~ 1 GHz)	4.80
Radiated Disturbance (1 GHz ~ 18 GHz)	5.70
Radiated Disturbance (18 GHz ~ 40 GHz)	5.71

## 7. DESCRIPTION OF TESTS

### 7.1. Duty Cycle

#### Test Configuration



#### Test Procedure

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

We tested according to the zero-span measurement method, 6.0)b) in KDB 558074 v05r01.

The largest available value of RBW is 8 MHz and VBW is 50 MHz.

The zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if  $T \leq 6.25$  microseconds. ( $50/6.25 = 8$ )

The zero-span method was used because all measured T data are  $> 6.25$  microseconds and both RBW and VBW are  $> 50/T$ .

1. RBW = 8 MHz (the largest available value)
2. VBW = 8 MHz ( $\geq$  RBW)
3. SPAN = 0 Hz
4. Detector = Peak
5. Number of points in sweep  $> 100$
6. Trace mode = Clear write
7. Measure  $T_{total}$  and  $T_{on}$
8. Calculate Duty Cycle =  $T_{on} / T_{total}$  and Duty Cycle Factor =  $10 \cdot \log(1/\text{Duty Cycle})$



## 7.2. 6dB Bandwidth

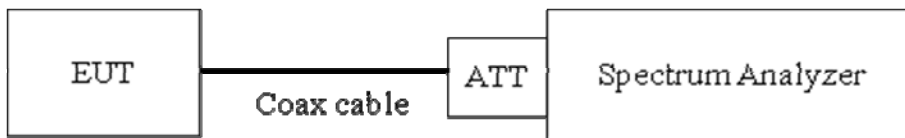
### Limit

#### **Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(a)(2) / RSS-247(Issue 2) Section 5.2.**

The bandwidth at 6 dB down from the highest in-band spectral density is measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the receive antenna while the EUT is operating in transmission mode at the appropriate frequencies.

The minimum permissible 6 dB bandwidth is 500 kHz.

### Test Configuration



### Test Procedure

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to (Procedure 8.2 in KDB 558074 v05r01, Procedure 11.8.1 in ANSI 63.10-2013)

- 1) RBW = 100 kHz
- 2) VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW
- 3) Detector = Peak
- 4) Trace mode = max hold
- 5) Sweep = auto couple
- 6) Allow the trace to stabilize
- 7) We tested 6 dB bandwidth using the automatic bandwidth measurement capability of a spectrum analyzer. X dB is set 6 dB.

### 7.3. Output Power

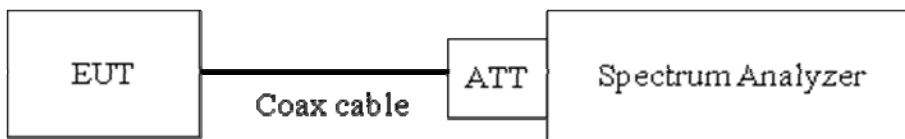
#### Limit

#### **Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(b)(3) / RSS-247(Issue2) Section 5.4.4.**

A transmitter antenna terminal of EUT is connected to the input of a Spectrum Analyzer. Measurement is made while the EUT is operating in transmission mode at the appropriate frequencies.

The maximum permissible conducted output power is 1 Watt.

#### Test Configuration



#### Test Procedure

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

This EUT TX condition is actual operating mode by BT LE mode test program.

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to

- Peak Power (Procedure 8.3.1.1 in KDB 558074 v05r01, Procedure 11.9.1.1 in ANSI 63.10-2013)
  - 1) RBW  $\geq$  DTS Bandwidth
  - 2) VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW
  - 3) SPAN  $\geq$  3 x RBW
  - 4) Detector Mode = Peak
  - 5) Sweep = auto couple
  - 6) race Mode = max hold
  - 7) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
  - 8) Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level
  
- Average Power (Procedure 8.3.2.2 in KDB 558074 v05r01, Procedure 11.9.2.2 in ANSI 63.10-2013)
  - 1) We use the spectrum analyzer's integrated band power measurement function.
  - 2) Measure the duty cycle
  - 3) Set span to at least 1.5 times the OBW
  - 4) RBW = 1-5 % of the OBW, not to exceed 1 MHz.
  - 5) VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.
  - 6) Number of points in sweep  $\geq$  2 x span / RBW. (This gives bin-to-bin spacing  $\leq$  RBW/2, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)
  - 7) Sweep time = auto.
  - 8) Detector = RMS(i.e., power averaging)

- 9) Do not use sweep triggering. Allow the sweep to “free run”.
- 10) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging(RMS) mode.
- 11) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the OBW of the signal using the instrument’s band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the OBW band edges.
- 12) Add  $10 \log (1/x)$ , where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times.

### **Sample Calculation**

- Conducted Output Power(Peak) = Reading Value + ATT loss + Cable loss
- Conducted Output Power(Average) = Reading Value + ATT loss + Cable loss + Duty Cycle Factor

#### Note :

1. The power results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the attenuator and cable combination.
2. Spectrum offset = Attenuator loss + Cable loss
3. We apply to the offset in the 2.4 GHz range that was rounded off to the closest tenth dB. So, 20.5 dB is offset for 2.4 GHz Band.

## 7.4. Power Spectral Density

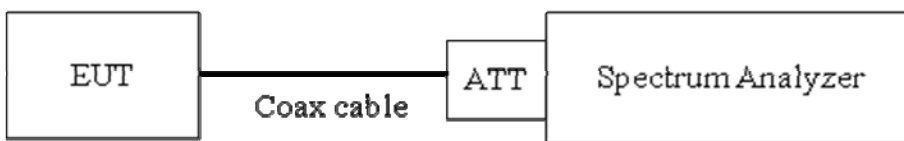
### Limit

#### **Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(e) / RSS-247(Issue 2) Section 5.2.**

The peak power density is measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal while the EUT is operating in transmission mode at the appropriate frequencies.

**Minimum Standard – The transmitter power density average over 1-second interval shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3kHz BW.**

### Test Configuration



### Test Procedure

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

We tested according to Procedure 8.4 in KDB 558074 v05r01, Procedure 11.10 in ANSI 63.10-2013.

The spectrum analyzer is set to :

- 1) Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- 2) Span = 1.5 times the DTS channel bandwidth.
- 3)  $RBW = 3 \text{ kHz} \leq RBW \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$ .
- 4)  $VBW \geq 3 \times RBW$ .
- 5) Sweep = auto couple
- 6) Detector = peak
- 7) Trace Mode = max hold
- 8) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 9) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.

If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

### Sample Calculation

- Power Spectral Density = Reading Value + ATT loss + Cable loss

Note :

1. The PSD results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the attenuator and cable combination.
2. Spectrum offset = Attenuator loss + Cable loss
3. We apply to the offset in the 2.4 GHz range that was rounded off to the closest tenth dB. So, 20.5 dB is offset for 2.4 GHz Band.

## 7.5. Conducted Band Edge(Out of Band Emissions) & Conducted Spurious Emissions

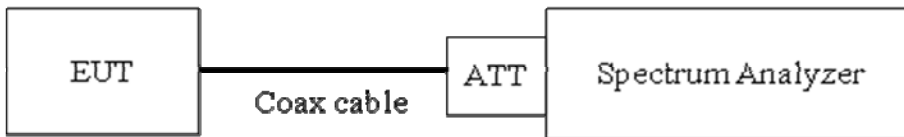
### Limit

#### **Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(d) / RSS-247(Issue 2) Section 5.5.**

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).

[ Conducted > 20 dBc ]

### Test Configuration



### Test Procedure

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer.

(Procedure 8.5 in KDB 558074 v05r01, Procedure 11.11 in ANSI 63.10-2013)

- 1) RBW = 100 kHz
- 2) VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW
- 3) Set span to encompass the spectrum to be examined
- 4) Detector = Peak
- 5) Trace Mode = max hold
- 6) Sweep time = auto couple
- 7) Ensure that the number of measurement points  $\geq 2 \times$  Span/RBW
- 8) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 9) Use peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Measurements are made over the 30 MHz to 25 GHz range with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

Note :

1. The maximum peak conducted output power procedure was used to demonstrate compliance as

described in 9.1(KDB558074 v05r01), so the peak output power measured in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 20 dBc).

2. The band edge results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the attenuator and cable combination.
3. Spectrum offset = Attenuator loss + Cable loss
4. We apply to the offset in the 2.4 GHz range that was rounded off to the closest tenth dB. So, 20.5 dB is offset for 2.4 GHz Band.
5. In case of conducted spurious emissions test, please check factors blow table.
6. In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the worst case channel and data rate.

**Factors for frequency**

Freq(MHz)	Factor(dB)
30	21.30
100	19.83
200	20.19
300	20.13
400	20.23
500	20.25
600	20.32
700	20.35
800	20.35
900	20.34
1000	20.39
2000	20.45
2400*	20.50
2500*	20.61
3000	20.68
4000	20.89
5000	21.07
6000	21.06
7000	21.35
8000	21.32
9000	21.48
10000	21.56
11000	21.56
12000	21.68
13000	21.83
14000	21.90
15000	21.98
16000	22.04
17000	22.02
18000	22.08
19000	22.07
20000	22.14
21000	22.17
22000	22.31
23000	22.60
24000	22.34
25000	22.53
26000	22.02

Note : 1. '\*\*' is fundamental frequency range.  
2. Factor = Attenuator loss + Cable loss

**7.6. Radiated Test**

**Limit**

**FCC**

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30	30	30

**IC**

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (uA/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 – 0.490	6.37/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	63.7/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30	0.08	30

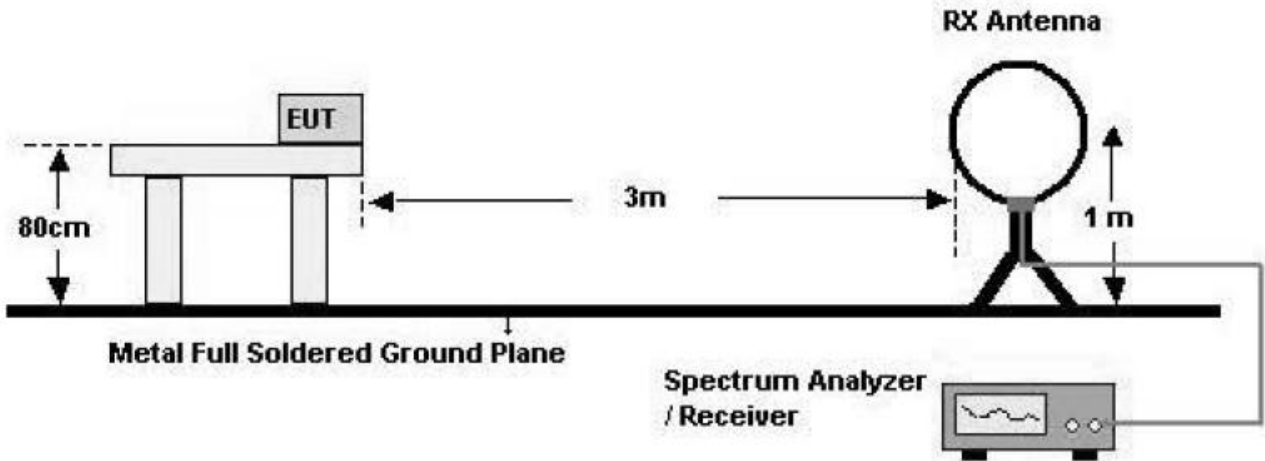
**Fcc&IC**

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
30-88	100	3
88-216	150	3
216-960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

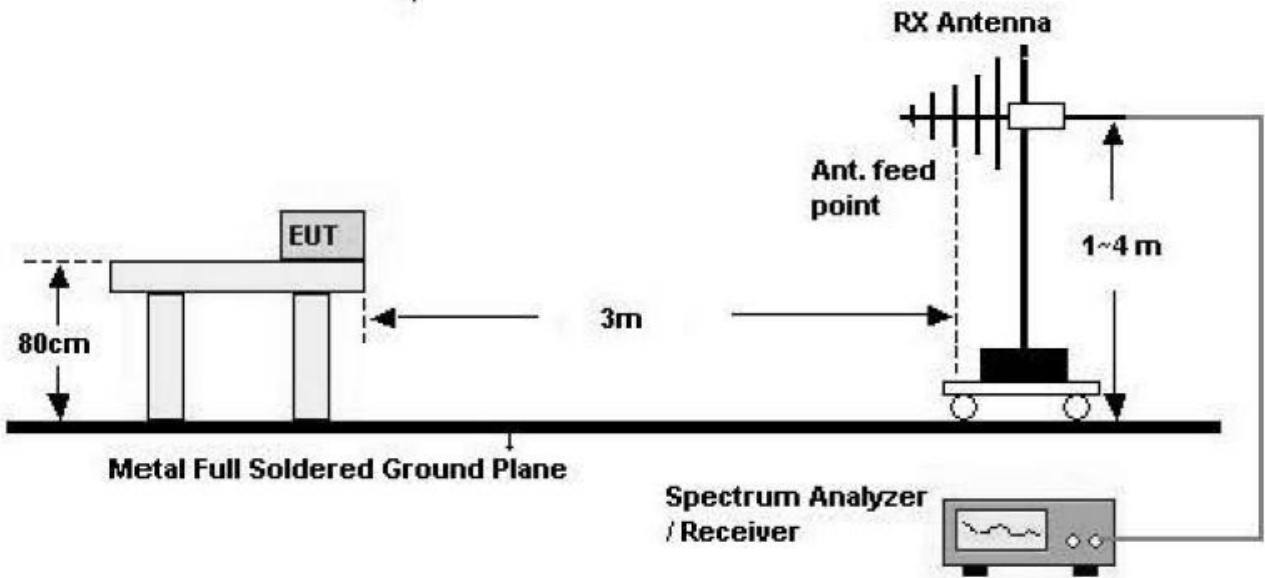


**Test Configuration**

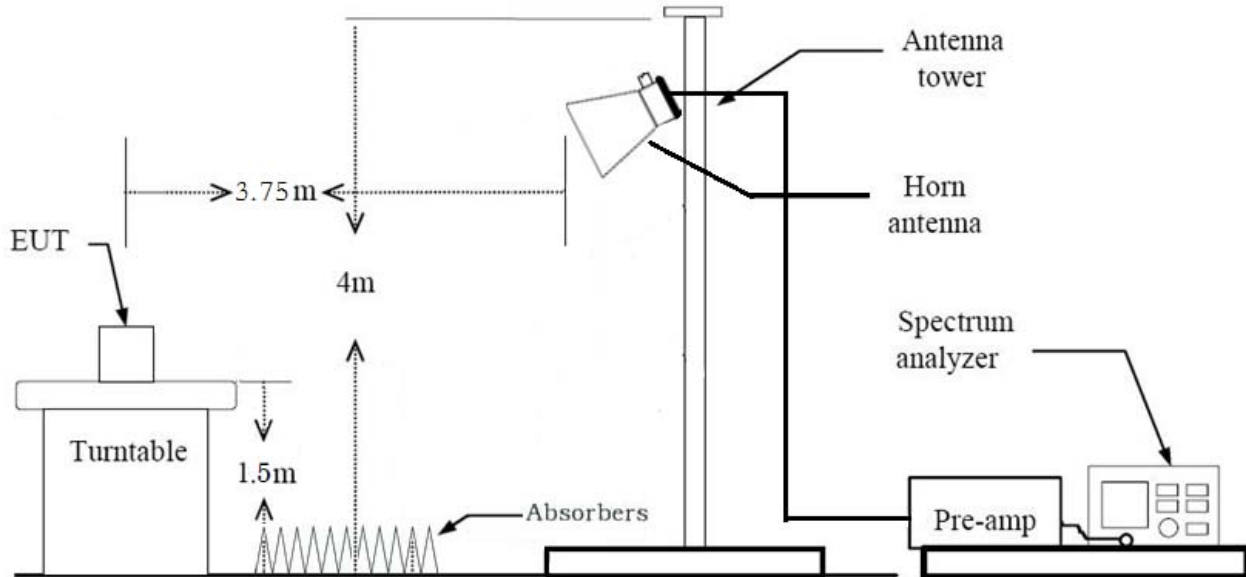
Below 30 MHz



30 MHz - 1 GHz



Above 1 GHz



**Test Procedure of Radiated spurious emissions(Below 30 MHz)**

1. The EUT was placed on a non-conductive table located on semi-anechoic chamber.
2. The loop antenna was placed at a location 3m from the EUT
3. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
4. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
5. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
6. Distance Correction Factor(0.009 MHz – 0.490 MHz) =  $40 \cdot \log(3 \text{ m}/300 \text{ m}) = - 80 \text{ dB}$   
Measurement Distance : 3 m
7. Distance Correction Factor(0.490 MHz – 30 MHz) =  $40 \cdot \log(3 \text{ m}/30 \text{ m}) = - 40 \text{ dB}$   
Measurement Distance : 3 m
8. Spectrum Setting
  - Frequency Range = 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz
  - Detector = Peak
  - Trace = Maxhold
  - RBW = 9 kHz
  - VBW  $\geq 3 \cdot \text{RBW}$
9. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) + Distance Factor(D.F)
10. The test results for below 30 MHz is correlated to an open site.  
The result on OFS is about 2 dB higher than semi-anechoic chamber(10 m chamber)

**Test Procedure of Radiated spurious emissions(Below 1GHz)**

1. The EUT was placed on a non-conductive table located on semi-anechoic chamber.
2. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
3. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
4. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
5. Spectrum Setting

## (1) Measurement Type(Peak):

- Measured Frequency Range : 30 MHz – 1 GHz
- Detector = Peak
- Trace = Maxhold
- RBW = 100 kHz
- VBW  $\geq$  3\*RBW

## (2) Measurement Type(Quasi-peak):

- Measured Frequency Range : 30 MHz – 1 GHz
- Detector = Quasi-Peak
- RBW = 120 kHz

\*In general, (1) is used mainly

6. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L)

**Test Procedure of Radiated spurious emissions (Above 1 GHz)**

1. Radiated test is performed with hopping off.
2. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 1.5 m above ground plane.
3. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
4. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
5. EUT is set 3.75 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
6. According to SVSWR requirement in ANSI 63.4-2014, We performed the radiated test at 3.75 m distance from center of turn table. So, we applied the distance factor( reference distance : 3 m).  
\*Distance extrapolation factor =  $20 \cdot \log(\text{test distance} / \text{specific distance})$  (dB)
7. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
8. Each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
9. The unit was tested with its standard battery.
10. Spectrum Setting

## (1) Measurement Type(Peak):

- Measured Frequency Range : 1 GHz – 25 GHz
- Detector = Peak
- Trace = Maxhold

- RBW = 1 MHz

- VBW  $\geq$  3\*RBW

(2) Measurement Type(Average):

- We performed using a reduced video BW method was done with the analyzer in linear mode

- Measured Frequency Range : 1 GHz – 25 GHz

- Detector = Peak

- Trace = Maxhold

- RBW = 1 MHz

- VBW  $\geq$  1/ $\tau$  Hz, where  $\tau$  = pulse width in seconds

The actual setting value of VBW = 1 kHz

11. Measurement value only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.

12. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) - Amp Gain(G) + Distance Factor(D.F)

**Test Procedure of Radiated Restricted Band Edge**

1. Radiated test is performed with hopping off.
2. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 1.5 m above ground plane.
3. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
4. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
5. EUT is set 3.75 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
6. According to SVSWR requirement in ANSI 63.4-2014, We performed the radiated test at 3.75 m distance from center of turn table. So, we applied the distance factor( reference distance : 3 m).  
\*Distance extrapolation factor =  $20 \cdot \log(\text{test distance} / \text{specific distance})$  (dB)
7. Each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
8. The unit was tested with its standard battery.

## 9. Spectrum Setting

## (1) Measurement Type(Peak):

- Detector = Peak
- Trace = Maxhold
- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW  $\geq 3 \cdot \text{RBW}$

## (2) Measurement Type(Average):

- We performed using a reduced video BW method was done with the analyzer in linear mode
- Detector = Peak
- Trace = Maxhold
- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW  $\geq 1/\tau$  Hz, where  $\tau$  = pulse width in seconds

The actual setting value of VBW = 1 kHz

## 10. Total

= Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) + Distance Factor(D.F)

## 7.7. AC Power line Conducted Emissions

### Limit

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limits (dB $\mu$ V)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.50 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50

\*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line (LINE and NEUTRAL) and ground at the power terminals.

### Test Configuration

See test photographs attached in Annex A for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

### Test Procedure

1. The EUT is placed on a wooden table 80 cm above the reference ground plane.
2. The EUT is connected via LISN to a test power supply.
3. The measurement results are obtained as described below:
4. Detectors : Quasi Peak and Average Detector.

### Sample Calculation

Quasi-peak(Final Result) = Reading Value + Correction Factor

## **7.8. Worst case configuration and mode**

### **Radiated test**

1. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst case configuration results are reported.
  - Mode : Stand alone, Stand alone + external accessories
  - Worstcase : Stand alone
2. EUT Axis
  - Radiated Spurious Emissions : Y
  - Radiated Restricted Band Edge : Y
3. All packet length of operation were investigated and the test results are worst case in highest packet length. (Worst case : 37 Byte)

### **AC Power line Conducted Emissions**

1. We don't perform powerline conducted emission test. Because this EUT is used with vehicle.

### **Conducted test**

1. The EUT was configured with packet length of highest power.  
(Packet length of highest power : 37 Byte)

## 8. SUMMARY TEST OF RESULTS

Test Description	FCC Part Section(s)	Test Limit	Test Condition	Test Result
6 dB Bandwidth	§15.247(a)(2)	> 500 kHz	Conducted	PASS
Conducted Maximum Peak Output Power	§15.247(b)(3)	< 1 Watt		PASS
Power Spectral Density	§15.247(e)	< 8 dBm / 3 kHz Band		PASS
Band Edge (Out of Band Emissions)	§15.247(d)	Conducted > 20 dBc		PASS
AC Power line Conducted Emissions	§15.207	cf. Section 7.7		N/A
Radiated Spurious Emissions	§15.247(d), 15.205, 15.209	cf. Section 7.6	Radiated	PASS
Radiated Restricted Band Edge	§15.247(d), 15.205, 15.209	cf. Section 7.6		PASS

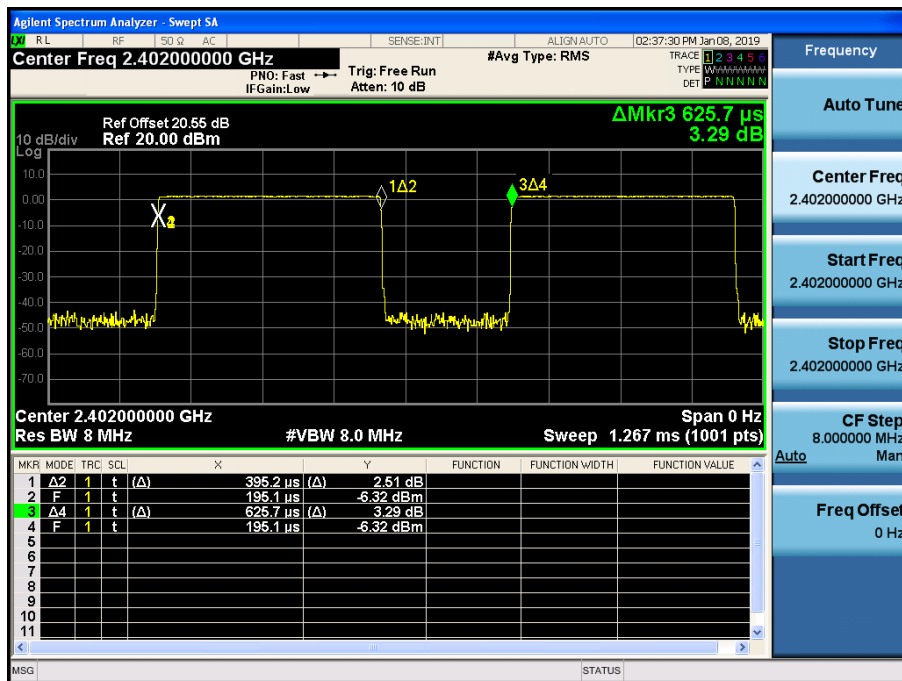


## 9. TEST RESULT

### 9.1 DUTY CYCLE

$T_{on}$ (ms)	$T_{total}$ (ms)	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)
0.3965	0.6257	0.6336	1.982

#### Test Plots

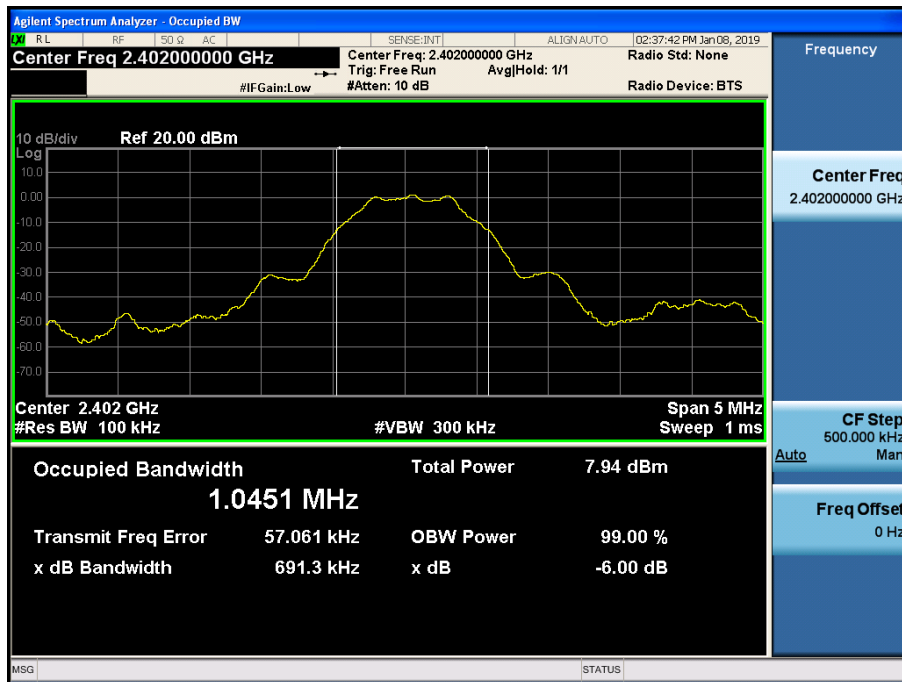


## 9.2 6 dB BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT

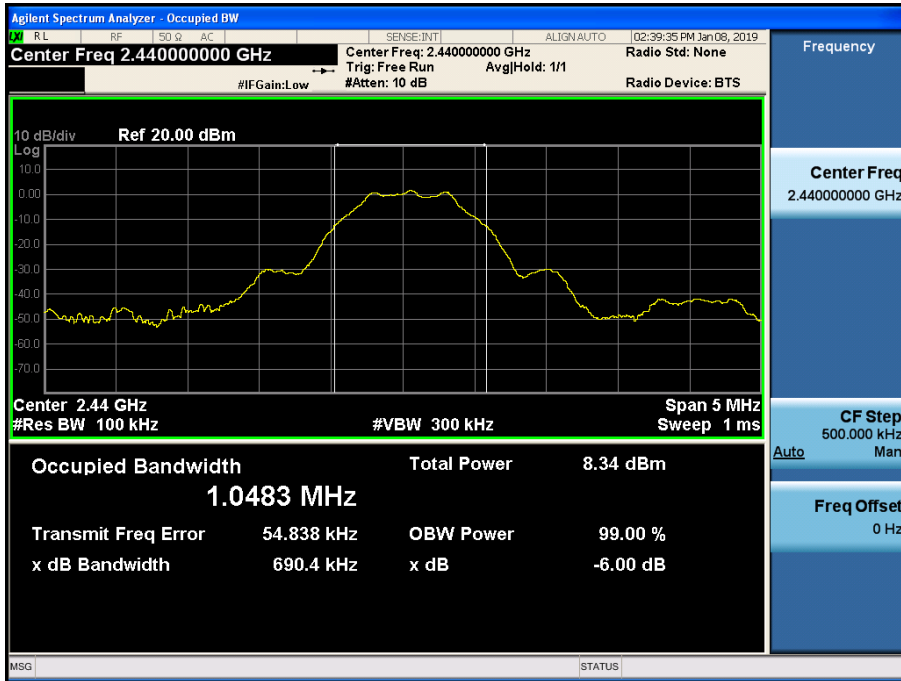
Channel	6 dB Bandwidth (kHz)	Limit (kHz)
0	691.3	> 500
19	690.4	
39	702.9	

### Test Plots

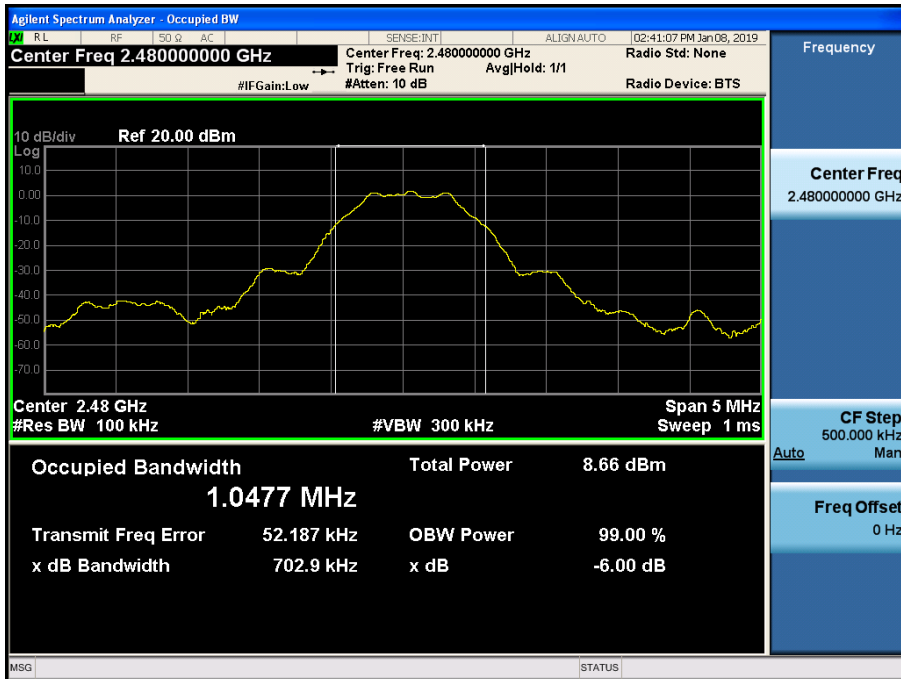
6 dB Bandwidth plot (Low-CH 0)



6 dB Bandwidth plot (Mid-CH 19)



6 dB Bandwidth plot (High-CH 39)

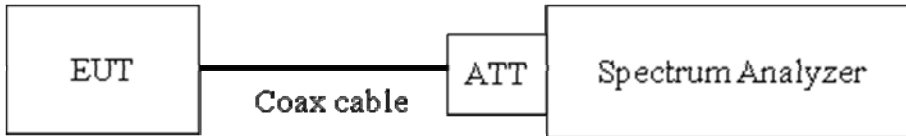


### 9.3 99% BANDWIDTH

#### Limit, RSS-Gen(Issue 5) Section 6.7

The 99 % bandwidth is used to determine the conducted power limits.

#### ■ TEST CONFIGURATION



#### ■ TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer.

RBW = 1% ~ 5% of the occupied bandwidth

VBW = 3 x RBW

Detector = Peak

Trace mode = max hold

Sweep = auto couple

Allow the trace to stabilize

Note : We tested OBW using the automatic bandwidth measurement capability of a spectrum analyzer.

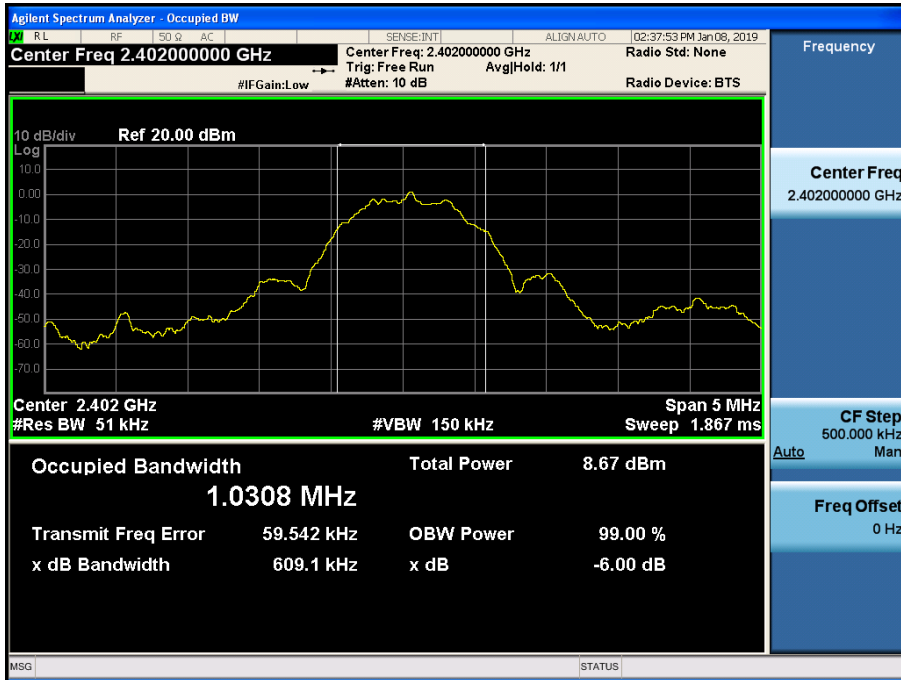
#### ■ TEST RESULTS

##### Conducted 99% Bandwidth Measurements for LE Mode

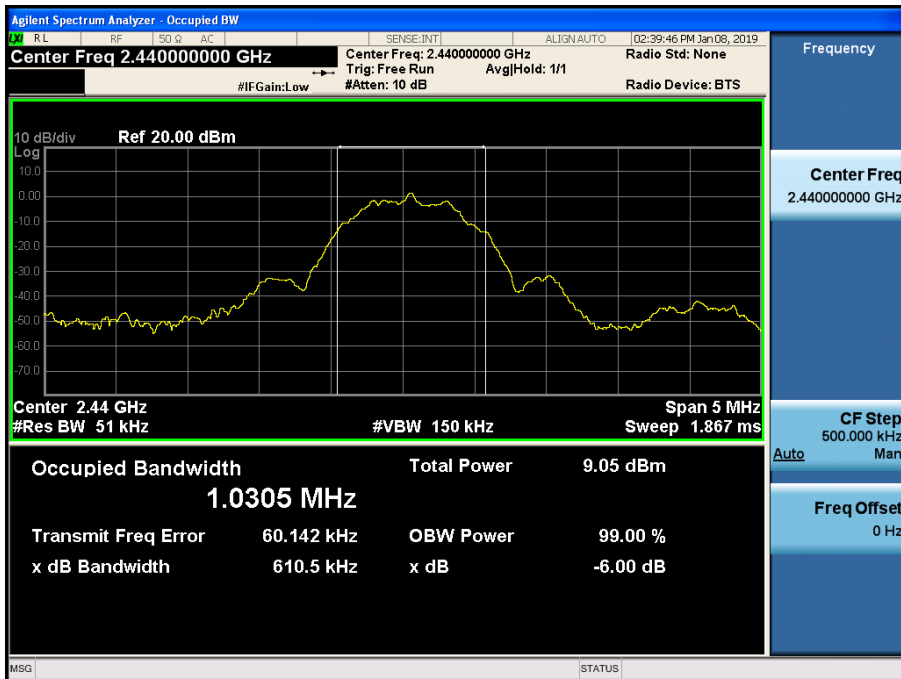
LE Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.	
2402	0	1.0308
2440	19	1.0305
2480	39	1.0306

RESULT PLOTS

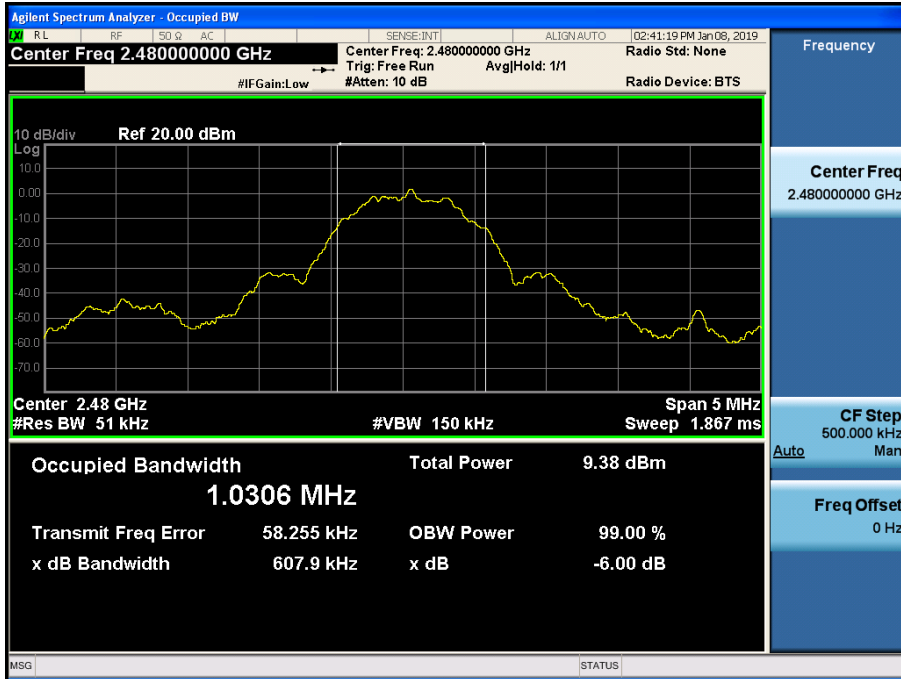
99% Bandwidth plot (Low-CH 0)



99% Bandwidth plot (Mid-CH 19)



**99% Bandwidth plot (High-CH 39)**



## 9.4 OUTPUT POWER

### Peak Power

LE Mode		Measured Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)
Frequency[MHz]	Channel No.		
2402	0	1.367	30
2440	19	1.732	30
2480	39	1.992	30

### Average Power

LE Mode		Measured Power(dBm)	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Measured Power(dBm) + Duty Cycle Factor(dB)	Limit (dBm)
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.				
2402	0	-0.99	1.98	1.00	30
2440	19	-0.47	1.98	1.51	30
2480	39	-0.23	1.98	1.75	30

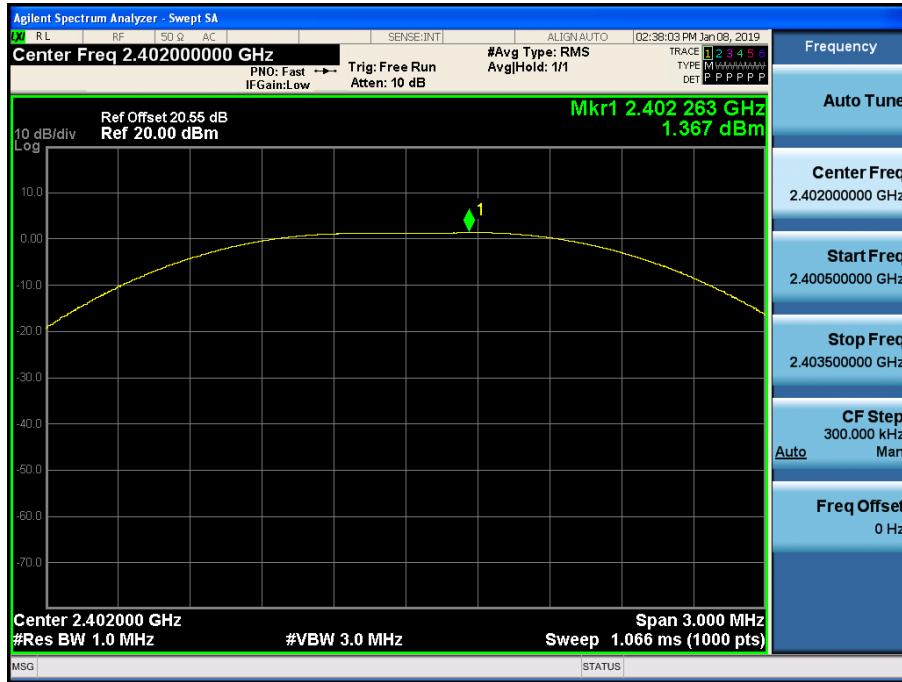
### Note :

1. Spectrum reading values are not plot data.  
The power results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the attenuator and cable combination.
2. Spectrum offset = Attenuator loss + Cable loss
3. We apply to the offset in the 2.4 GHz range that was rounded off to the closest twentieth dB.  
So, 20.55 dB is offset for 2.4 GHz Band.

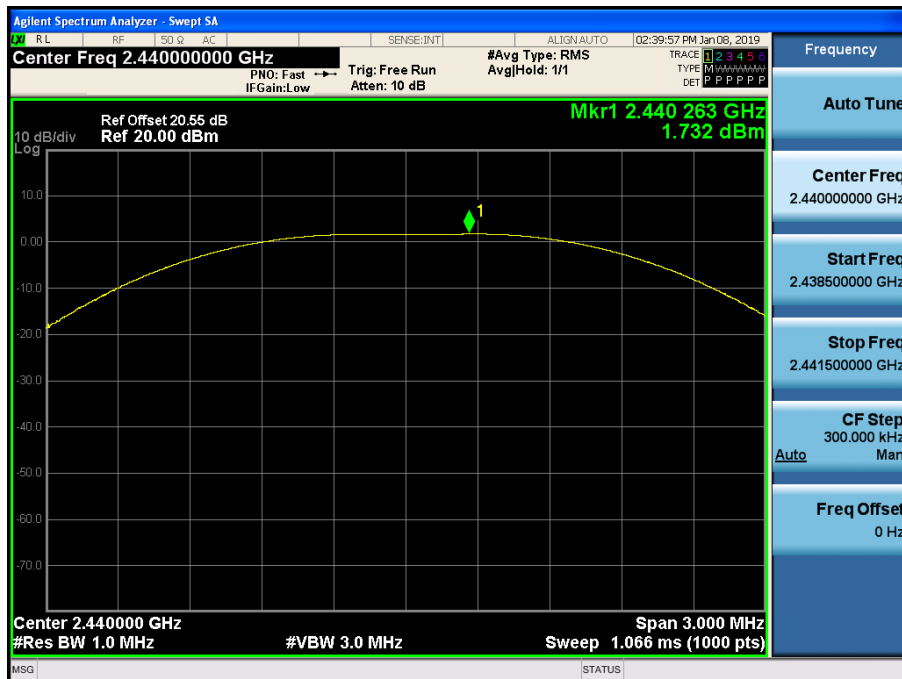
■ Test Plots

Peak Power

Conducted Output Power (Low-CH 0)



Conducted Output Power (Mid-CH 19)



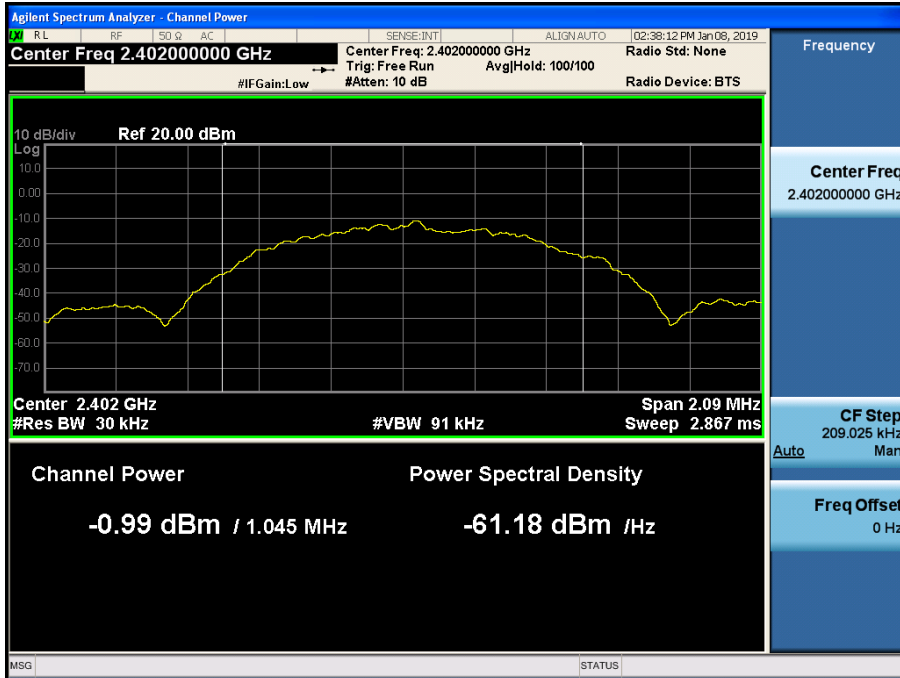


Conducted Output Power (High-CH 39)

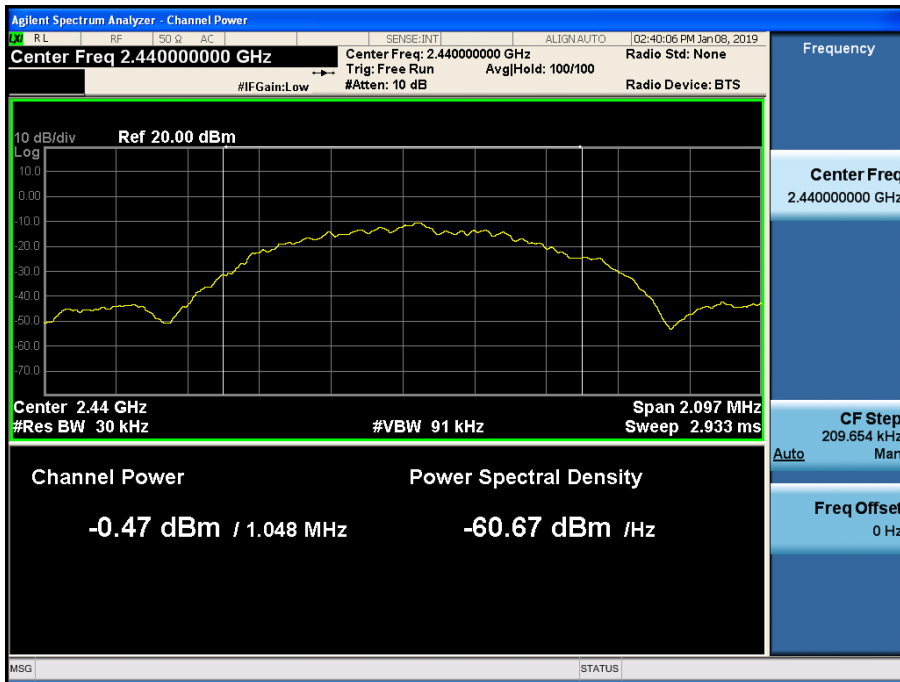


**Average Power**

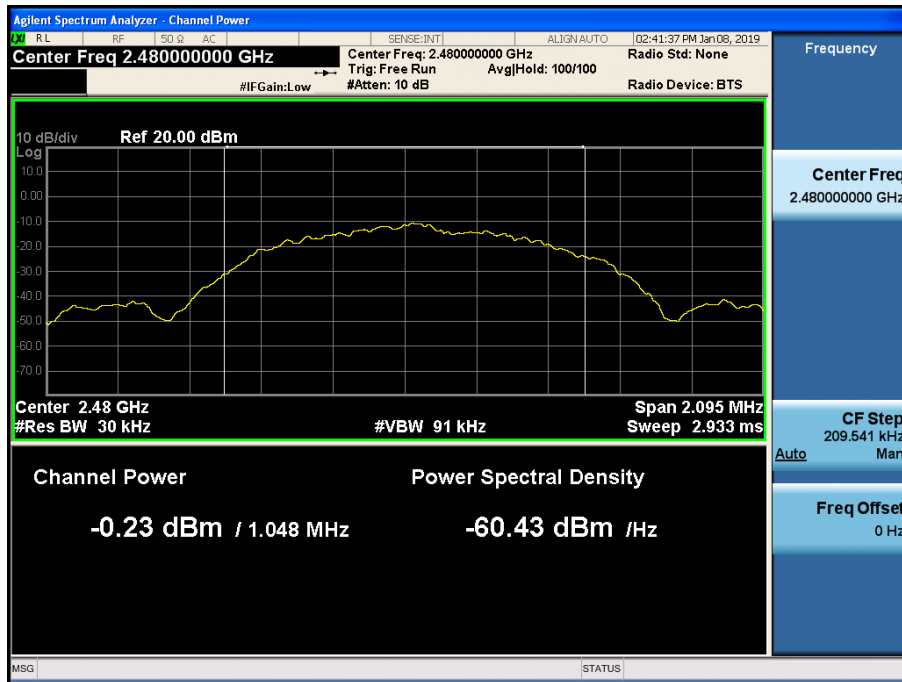
Conducted Output Power (Low-CH 0)



Conducted Output Power (Mid-CH 19)



Conducted Output Power (High-CH 39)



### 9.5 POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

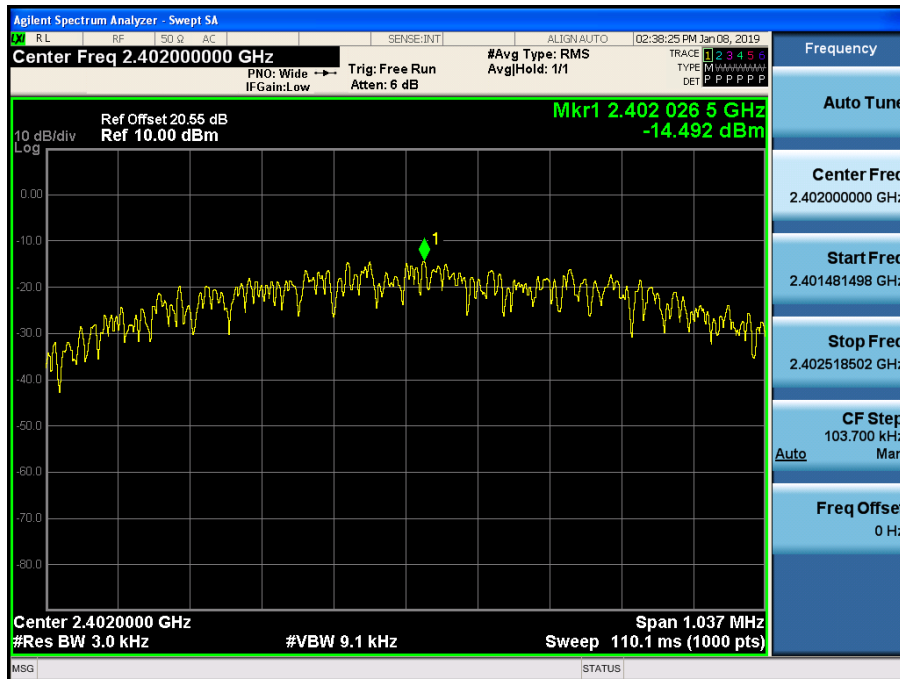
Frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	Test Result	
		PSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
2402	0	-14.492	8.000
2440	19	-14.065	8.000
2480	39	-13.388	8.000

**Note :**

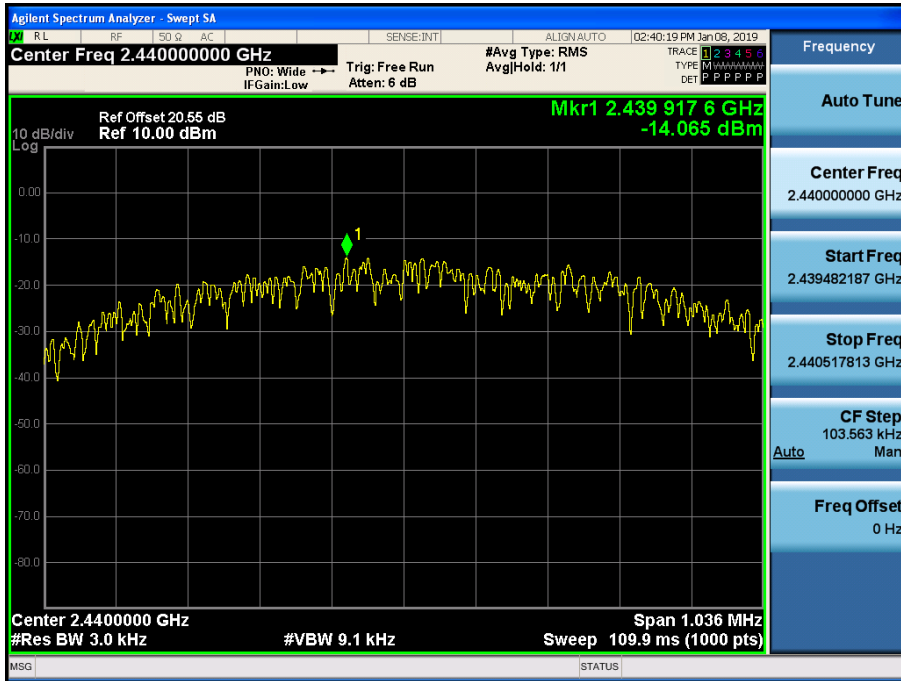
- Spectrum reading values are not plot data.  
The PSD results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the attenuator and cable combination.
- Spectrum offset = Attenuator loss + Cable loss
- We apply to the offset in the 2.4 GHz range that was rounded off to the closest twentieth dB.  
So, 20.55 dB is offset for 2.4 GHz Band.

**Test Plots**

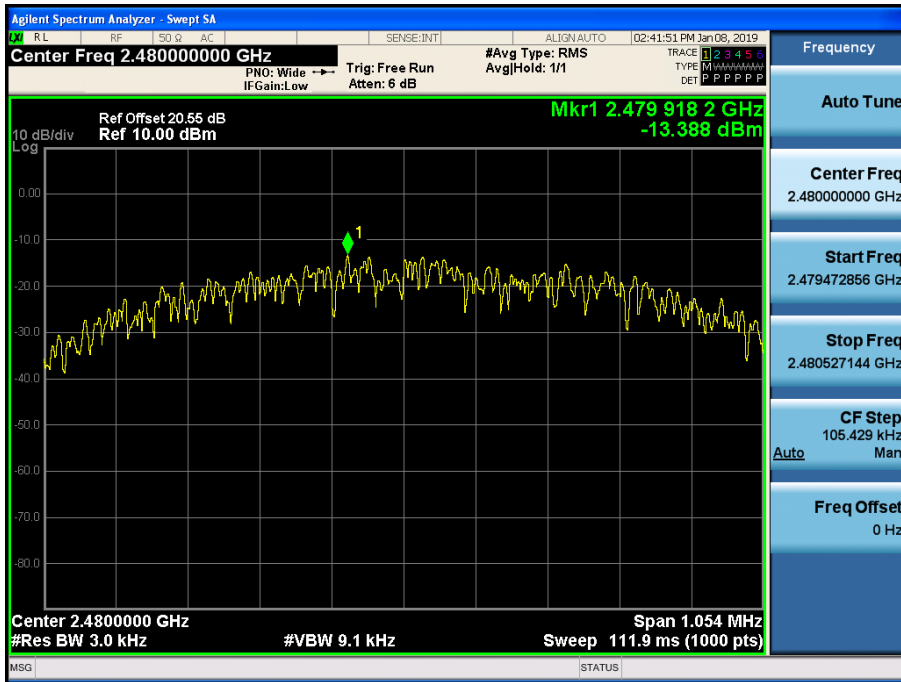
Power Spectral Density (Low-CH 0)



Power Spectral Density (Mid-CH 19)



Power Spectral Density (High-CH 39)



■ Test Plots(BandEdge)

Low-CH 0



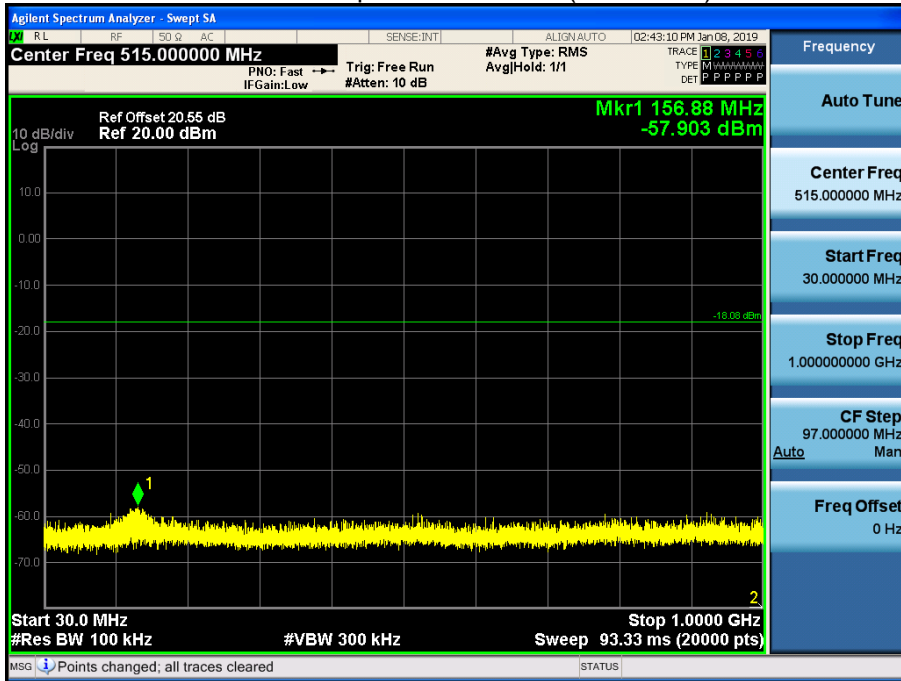
High-CH 39



■ Test Plots(Conducted Spurious Emission)

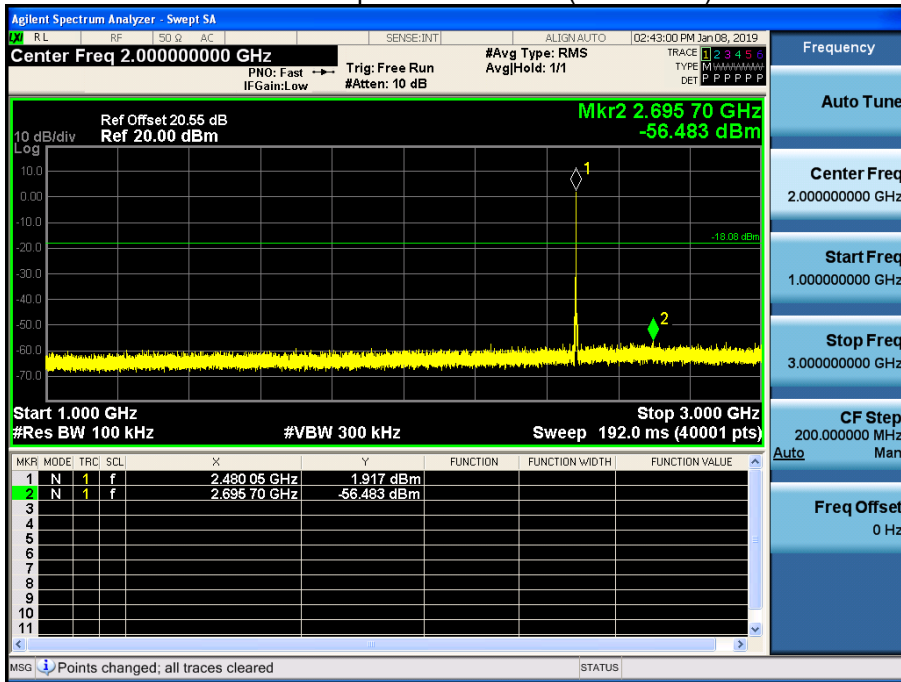
30 MHz ~ 1 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 39)



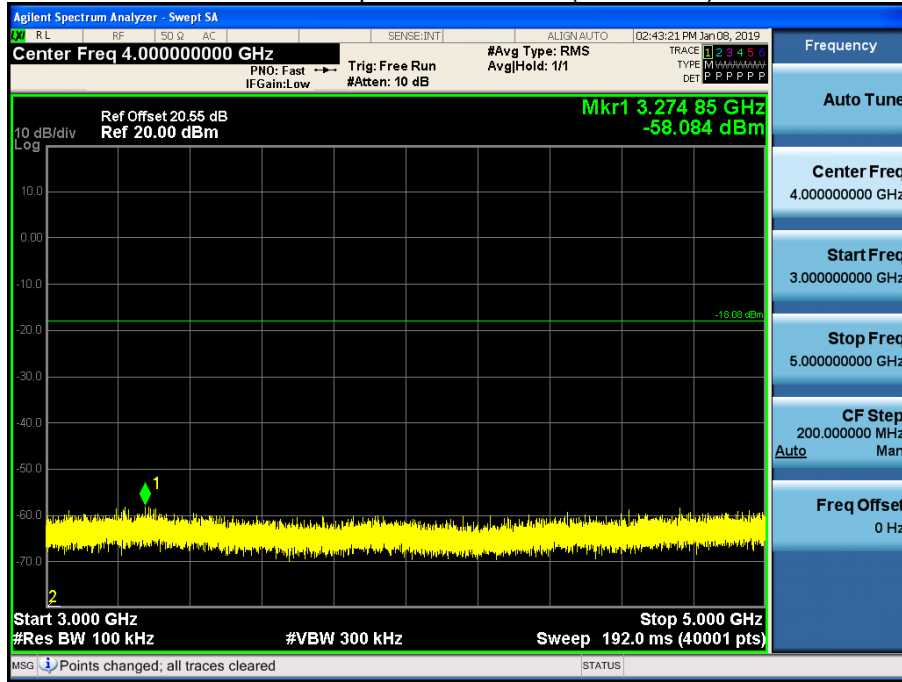
1 GHz ~ 3 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 39)



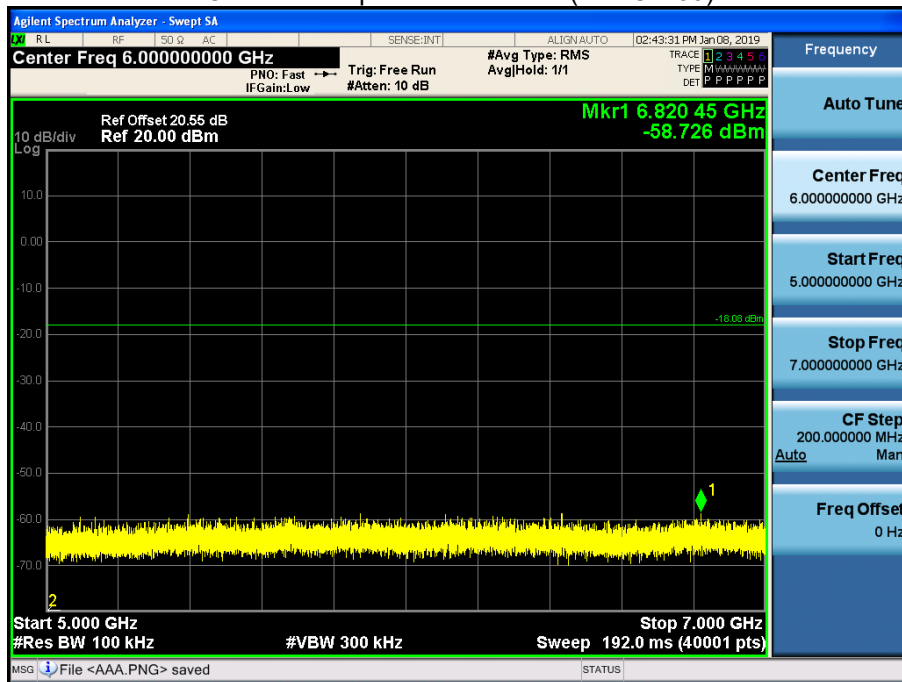
3 GHz ~ 5 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 39)



5 GHz ~ 7 GHz

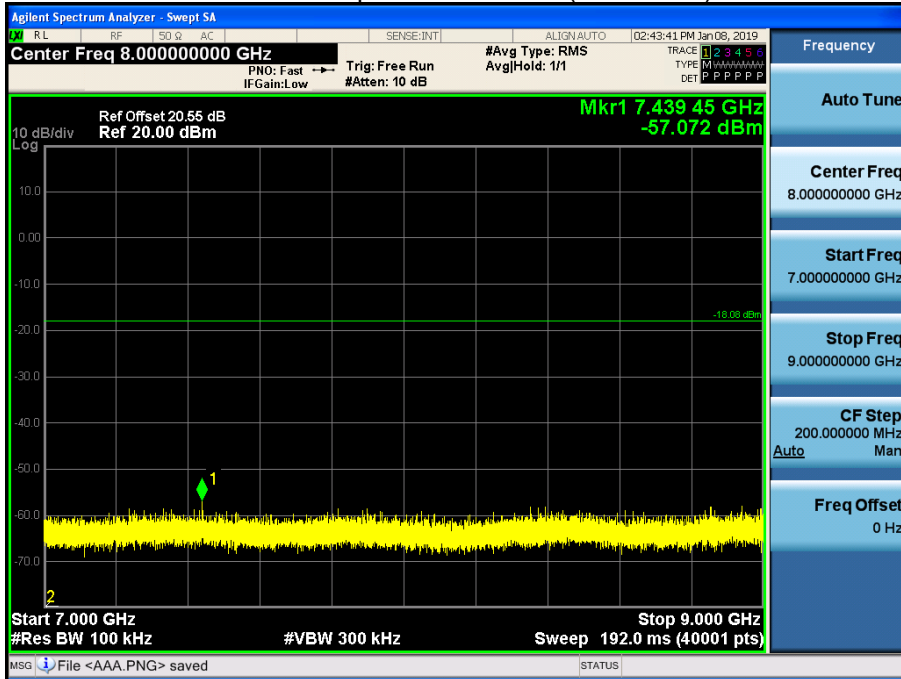
Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 39)





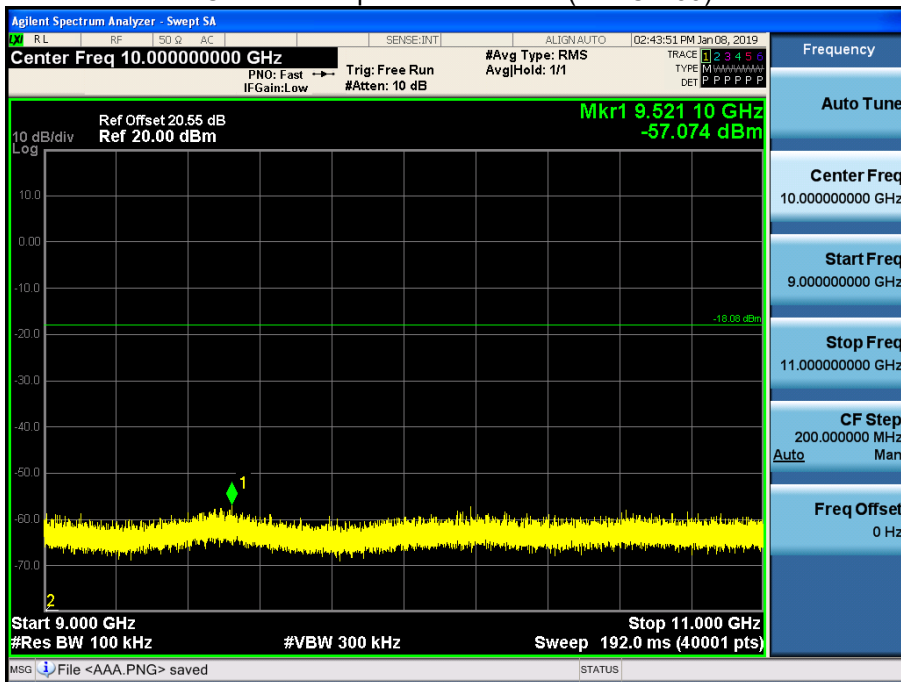
7 GHz ~ 9 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 39)



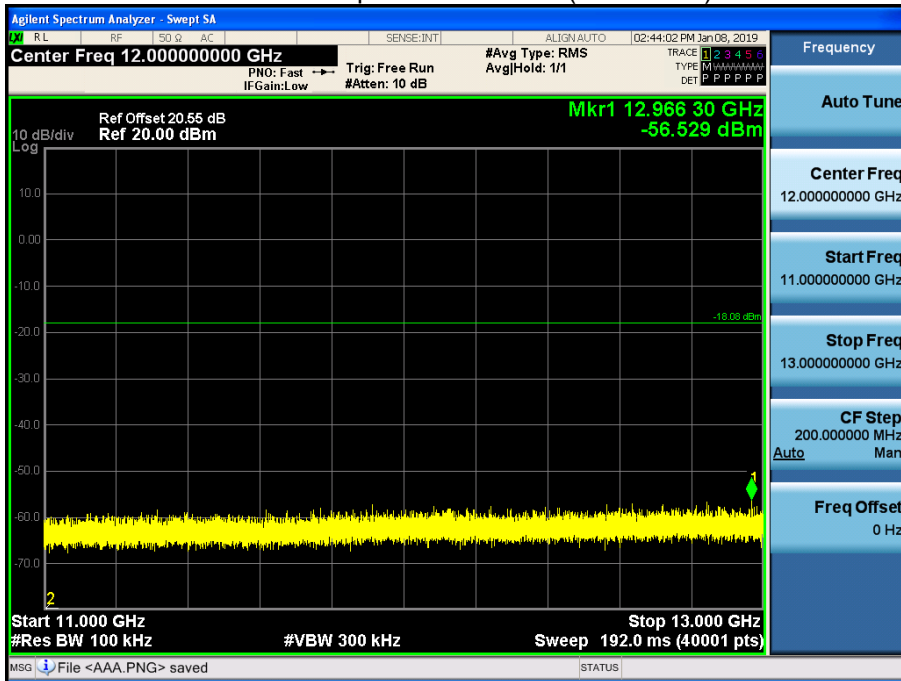
9 GHz ~ 11 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 39)



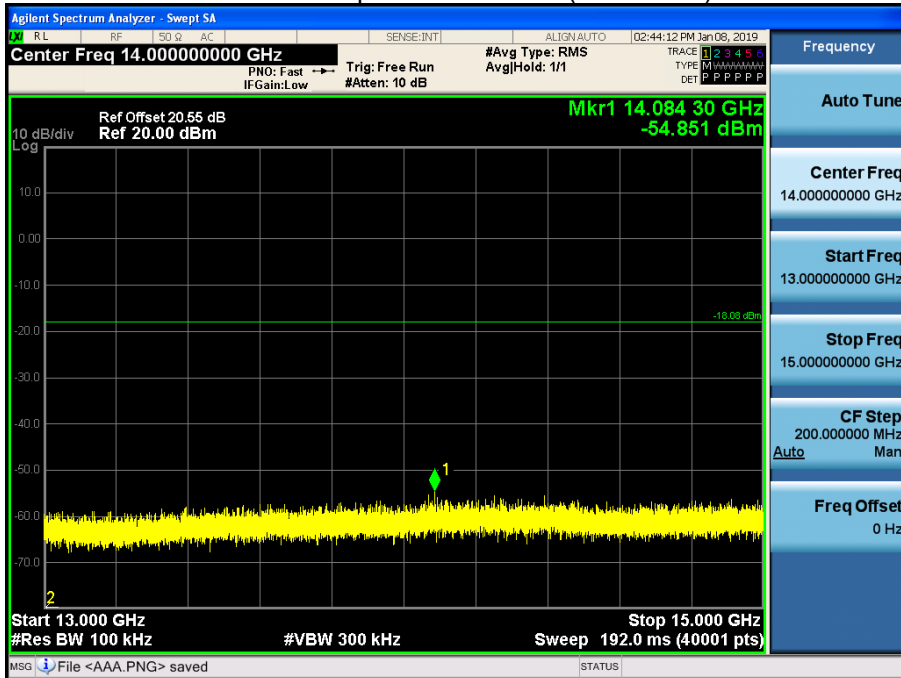
11 GHz ~ 13 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 39)



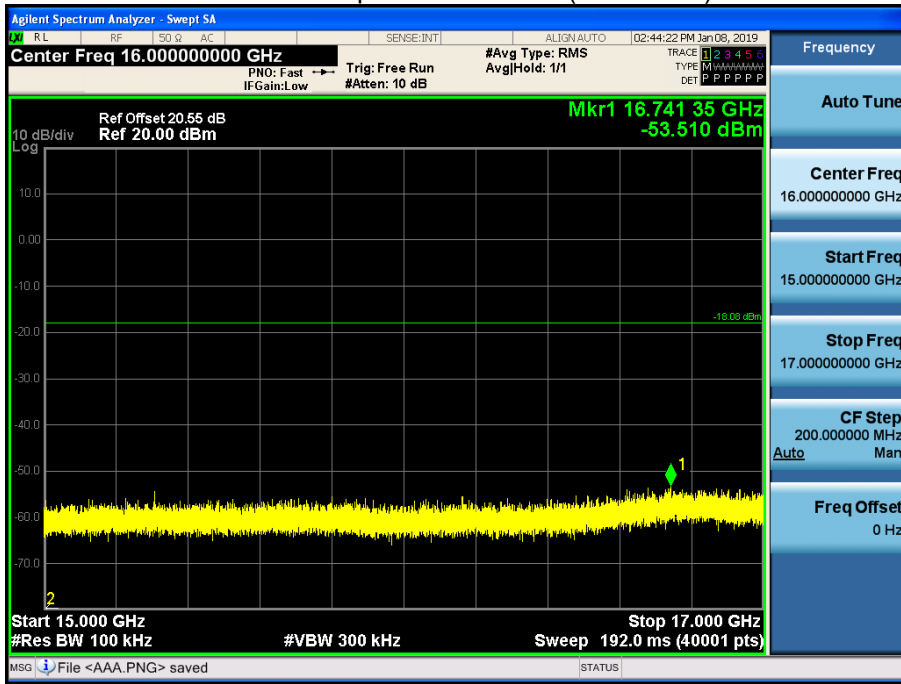
13 GHz ~ 15 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 39)



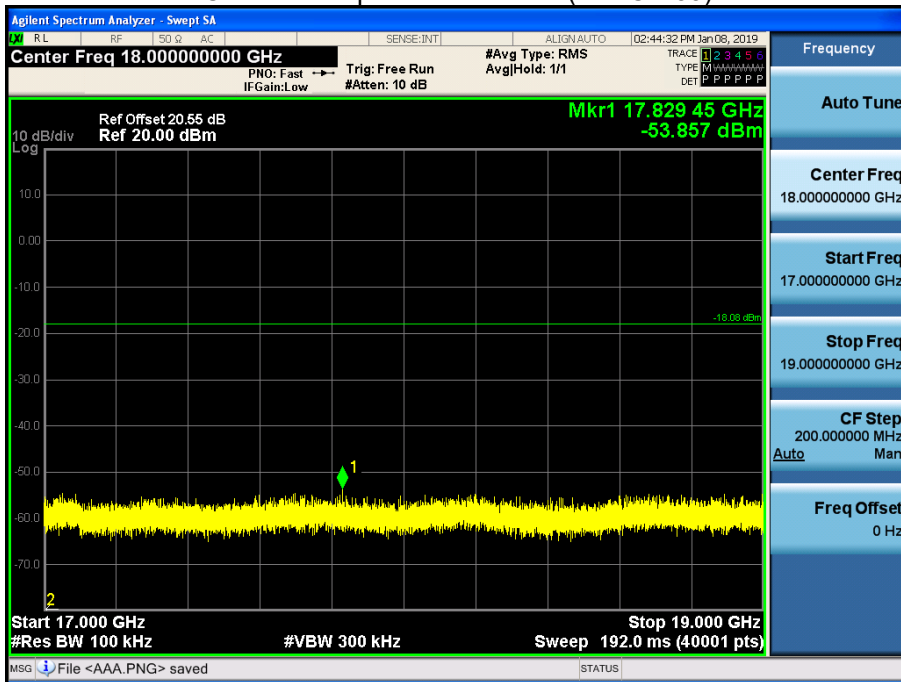
15 GHz ~ 17 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 39)



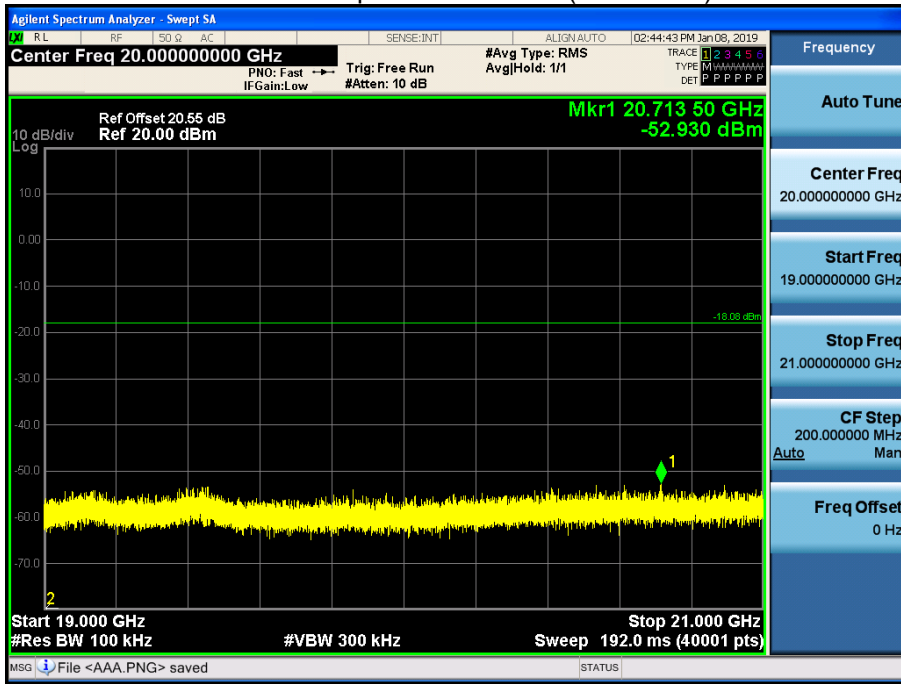
17 GHz ~ 19 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 39)



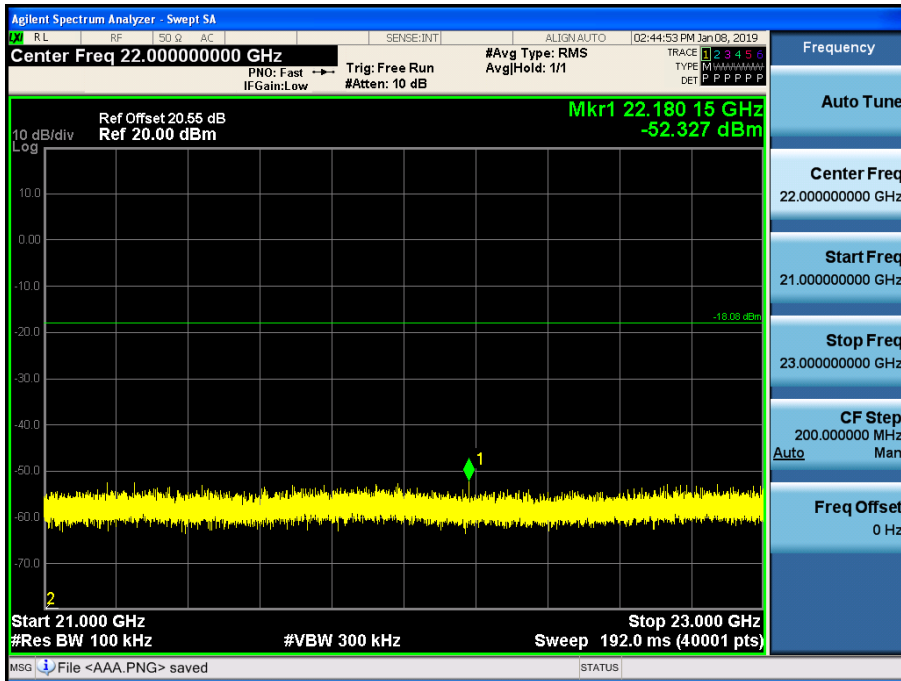
19 GHz ~ 21 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 39)



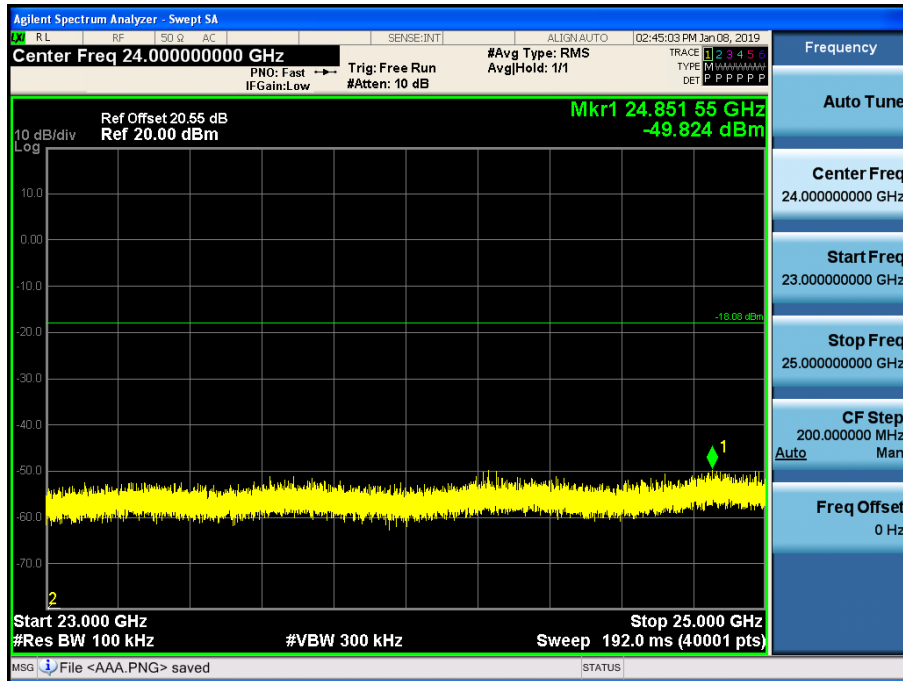
21 GHz ~ 23 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 39)



23 GHz ~ 25 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 39)



## 9.6 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

### Frequency Range : 9 kHz – 30MHz

Frequency	Reading	Ant. factor	Cable loss	Ant. POL	Total	Limit	Margin
MHz	dBuV/m	dBm/m	dBm	(H/V)	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB
No Critical peaks found							

**Note:**

1. The reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
2. Distance extrapolation factor =  $40 \cdot \log(\text{specific distance} / \text{test distance})$  (dB)
3. Limit line = specific Limits (dBuV) + Distance extrapolation factor
4. Radiated test is performed with hopping off.
5. The test results for below 30 MHz is correlated to an open site.  
The result on OFS is about 2 dB higher than semi-anechoic chamber(10 m chamber)

### Frequency Range : Below 1 GHz

Frequency	Reading	Ant. factor	Cable loss	Ant. POL	Total	Limit	Margin
MHz	dBuV/m	dBm/m	dBm	(H/V)	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB
No Critical peaks found							

**Note:**

1. Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 30 MHz to 1000 MHz were made with an instrument using Quasi peak detector mode.

**Frequency Range : Above 1 GHz**

Operation Mode: CH Low

Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dBuV]	Duty Cycle Factor [dB]	A.F + C.L - A.G + D.F [dB]	Pol. [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
4804	44.94	0.00	2.17	V	47.11	73.98	26.87	PK
4804	35.57	1.98	2.17	V	39.72	53.98	14.26	AV
7206	43.63	0.00	8.97	V	52.60	73.98	21.38	PK
7206	31.88	1.98	8.97	V	42.83	53.98	11.15	AV
4804	44.64	0.00	2.17	H	46.81	73.98	27.17	PK
4804	35.19	1.98	2.17	H	39.34	53.98	14.64	AV
7206	43.22	0.00	8.97	H	52.19	73.98	21.79	PK
7206	31.01	1.98	8.97	H	41.96	53.98	12.02	AV

Operation Mode: CH Mid

Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dBuV]	Duty Cycle Factor [dB]	A.F + C.L - A.G + D.F [dB]	Pol. [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
4880	44.34	0.00	2.66	V	47.00	73.98	26.98	PK
4880	36.01	1.98	2.66	V	40.65	53.98	13.33	AV
7320	42.26	0.00	9.04	V	51.30	73.98	22.68	PK
7320	31.82	1.98	9.04	V	42.84	53.98	11.14	AV
4880	44.21	0.00	2.66	H	46.87	73.98	27.11	PK
4880	35.84	1.98	2.66	H	40.48	53.98	13.50	AV
7320	42.05	0.00	9.04	H	51.09	73.98	22.89	PK
7320	30.89	1.98	9.04	H	41.91	53.98	12.07	AV

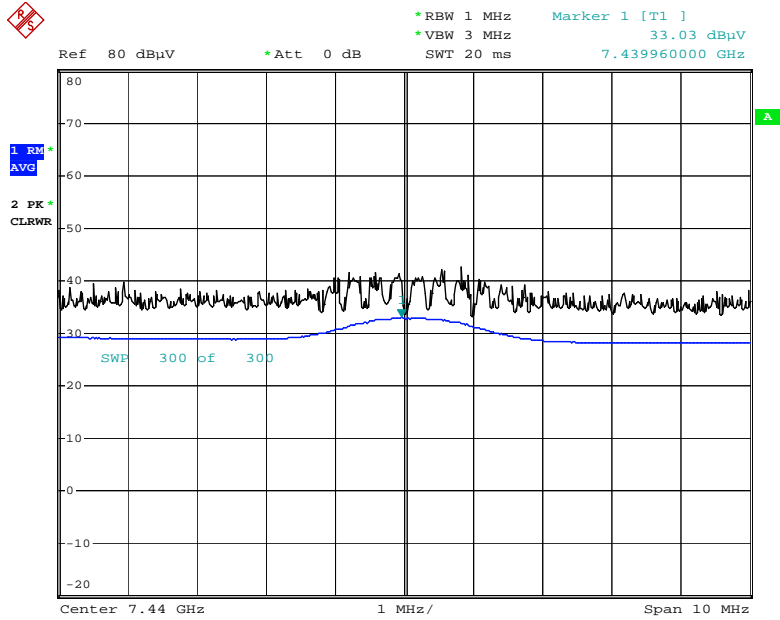
Operation Mode: CH High

Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dBuV]	Duty Cycle Factor [dB]	A.F + C.L - A.G + D.F [dB]	Pol. [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
4960	46.81	0.00	1.54	V	48.35	73.98	25.63	PK
4960	39.27	1.98	1.54	V	42.79	53.98	11.19	AV
7440	43.35	0.00	9.82	V	53.17	73.98	20.81	PK
7440	33.03	1.98	9.82	V	44.83	53.98	9.15	AV
4960	45.92	0.00	1.54	H	47.46	73.98	26.52	PK
4960	38.45	1.98	1.54	H	41.97	53.98	12.01	AV
7440	42.96	0.00	9.82	H	52.78	73.98	21.20	PK
7440	32.66	1.98	9.82	H	44.46	53.98	9.52	AV



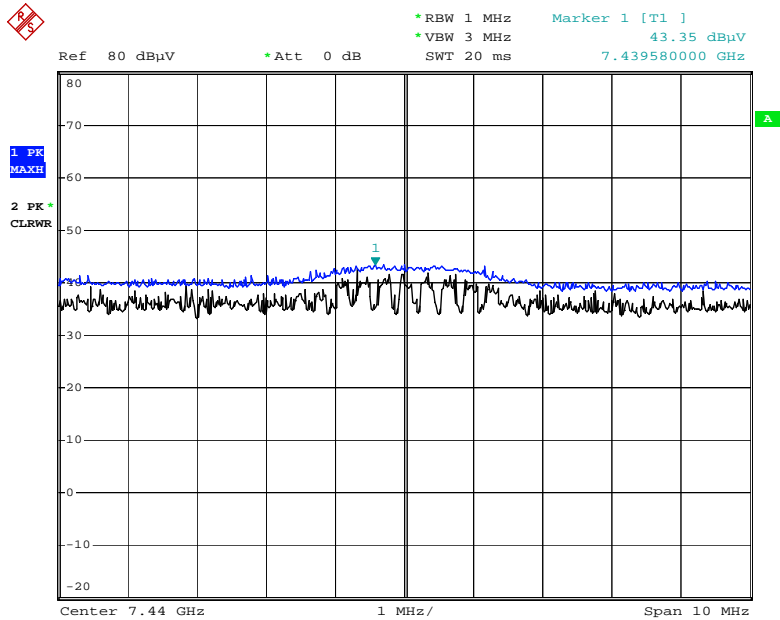
■ Test Plots (Worst case : V)

Radiated Spurious Emissions plot – Average Reading (Ch.39 3rd Harmonic)



Date: 14.JAN.2019 13:48:42

Radiated Spurious Emissions plot – Peak Reading (Ch.39 3rd Harmonic)



Date: 14.JAN.2019 13:47:31

**Note:**

Plot of worst case are only reported.

### 9.7 RADIATED RESTRICTED BAND EDGES

Operating Frequency 2402 MHz  
Channel No. 0

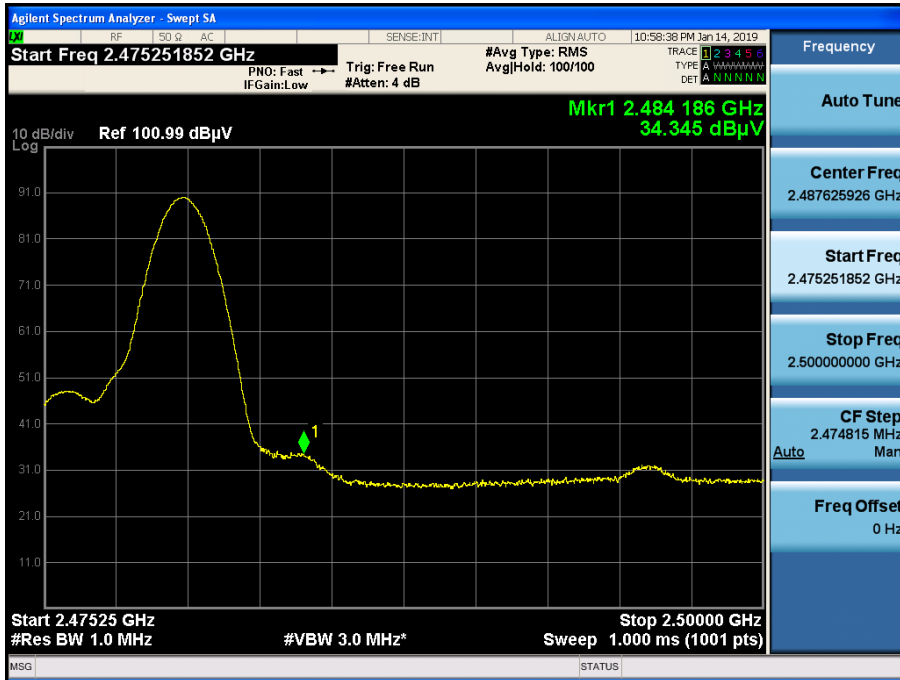
Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dBuV/m]	Duty Cycle Factor [dB]	A.F.+C.L.+D.F. [dB]	Ant. Pol. [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
2390.0	40.42	0.00	0.22	H	40.64	73.98	33.34	PK
2390.0	31.75	1.98	0.22	H	33.95	53.98	20.03	AV
2390.0	40.37	0.00	0.22	V	40.59	73.98	33.39	PK
2390.0	31.62	1.98	0.22	V	33.82	53.98	20.16	AV

Operating Frequency 2480 MHz  
Channel No. 39

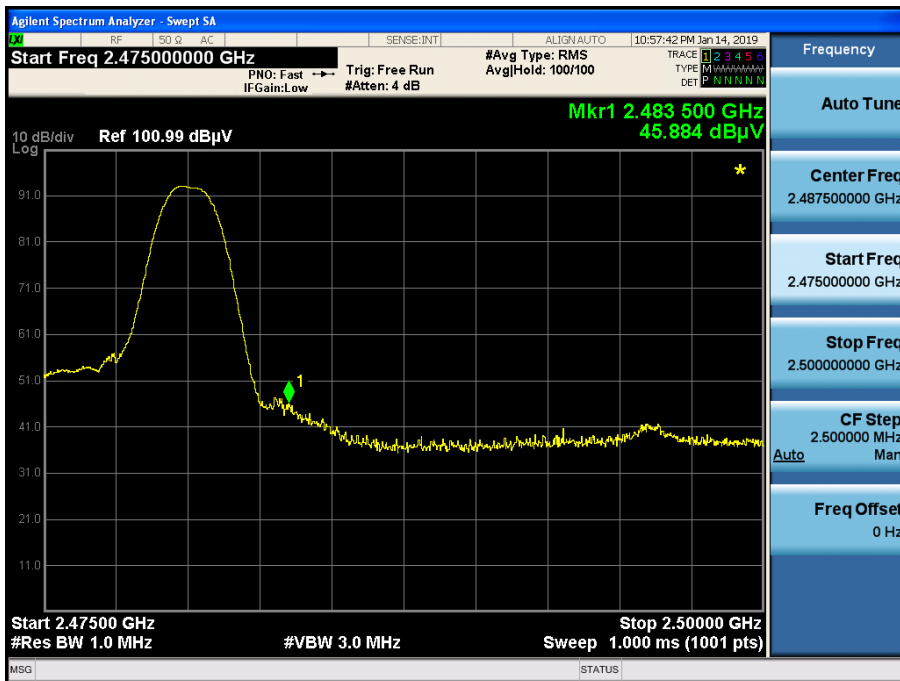
Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dBuV/m]	Duty Cycle Factor [dB]	A.F.+C.L.+D.F. [dB]	Ant. Pol. [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
2483.5	45.88	0.00	0.65	H	46.53	73.98	27.45	PK
2483.5	34.35	1.98	0.65	H	36.98	53.98	17.01	AV
2483.5	45.20	0.00	0.65	V	45.85	73.98	28.13	PK
2483.5	34.27	1.98	0.65	V	36.90	53.98	17.08	AV

■ Test Plots (Worst case : X-H)

Radiated Restricted Band Edges plot – Average Reading (Ch.39)



Radiated Restricted Band Edges plot – Peak Reading (Ch.39)



**Note:**

Plot of worst case are only reported.

### 9.8 RECEIVER SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

**Frequency Range : Below 1 GHz**

Frequency	Reading	Ant. factor	Cable loss	Ant. POL	Total	Limit	Margin
MHz	dBuV/m	dBm/m	dBm	(H/V)	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB
No Critical peaks found							

**Note:**

1. Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 30 MHz to 1000 MHz were made with an instrument using Quasi peak detector mode.

**Frequency Range : Above 1 GHz**

Frequency	Reading	Ant. factor	Cable loss	Ant. POL	Total	Limit	Margin
MHz	dBuV/m	dBm/m	dBm	(H/V)	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB
No Critical peaks found							

## 10. LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT

### Conducted Test

Manufacturer	Model / Equipment	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval	Serial No.
Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216 / LISN	12/12/2018	Annual	102245
Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI / Test Receiver	06/27/2018	Annual	100033
ESPACE	SU-642 / Temperature Chamber	03/30/2018	Annual	0093008124
Agilent	N9020A / Signal Analyzer	06/08/2018	Annual	MY51110085
Agilent	N9030A / Signal Analyzer	11/20/2018	Annual	MY49431210
Agilent	N1911A / Power Meter	04/16/2018	Annual	MY45100523
Agilent	N1921A / Power Sensor	04/16/2018	Annual	MY52260025
Agilent	87300B / Directional Coupler	11/20/2018	Annual	3116A03621
Hewlett Packard	11667B / Power Splitter	06/07/2018	Annual	05001
Hewlett Packard	E3632A / DC Power Supply	06/26/2018	Annual	KR75303960
Agilent	8493C / Attenuator(10 dB)	07/10/2018	Annual	07560
Rohde & Schwarz	EMC32 / Software	N/A	N/A	N/A
HCT CO., LTD.	FCC WLAN&BT&BLE Conducted Test Software v3.0	N/A	N/A	N/A

### **Note:**

1. Equipment listed above that calibrated during the testing period was set for test after the calibration.
2. Equipment listed above that has a calibration due date during the testing period, the testing is completed before equipment expiration date.

**Radiated Test**

Manufacturer	Model / Equipment	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval	Serial No.
Innco system	CO3000 / Controller(Antenna mast)	N/A	N/A	CO3000-4p
Innco system	MA4640/800-XP-EP / Antenna Position Tower	N/A	N/A	N/A
Emco	2090 / Controller	N/A	N/A	060520
Ets	Turn Table	N/A	N/A	N/A
Rohde & Schwarz	Loop Antenna	08/23/2018	Biennial	1513-175
Schwarzbeck	VULB 9160 / Hybrid Antenna	08/09/2018	Biennial	3368
Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120D / Horn Antenna	11/21/2017	Biennial	9120D-1191
Schwarzbeck	BBHA9170 / Horn Antenna(15 GHz ~ 40 GHz)	12/04/2017	Biennial	BBHA9170541
Rohde & Schwarz	FSP(9 kHz ~ 30 GHz) / Spectrum Analyzer	09/19/2018	Annual	836650/016
Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40-N / Spectrum Analyzer	09/19/2018	Annual	101068-SZ
Wainwright Instruments	WHKX10-2700-3000-18000-40SS / High Pass Filter	01/03/2019	Annual	4
Wainwright Instruments	WHKX8-6090-7000-18000-40SS / High Pass Filter	01/03/2019	Annual	5
Wainwright Instruments	WRCJV2400/2483.5-2370/2520-60/12SS / Band Reject Filter	06/29/2018	Annual	2
Wainwright Instruments	WRCJV5100/5850-40/50-8EEK / Band Reject Filter	01/03/2019	Annual	2
Api tech.	18B-03 / Attenuator (3 dB)	06/07/2018	Annual	2
WEINSCHTEL	56-10 / Attenuator(10 dB)	10/10/2018	Annual	72316
CERNEX	CBLU1183540B-01/Broadband Bench Top LNA	01/03/2019	Annual	28549
CERNEX	CBL06185030 / Broadband Low Noise Amplifier	01/03/2019	Annual	24615
CERNEX	CBL18265035 / Power Amplifier	01/03/2019	Annual	22966
CERNEX	CBL26405040 / Power Amplifier	06/29/2018	Annual	25956
TESCOM	TC-3000C / Bluetooth Tester	03/27/2018	Annual	3000C000276

**Note:**

1. Equipment listed above that calibrated during the testing period was set for test after the calibration.
2. Equipment listed above that has a calibration due date during the testing period, the testing is completed before equipment expiration date.

## 11. ANNEX A\_ TEST SETUP PHOTO

Please refer to test setup photo file no. as follows;

No.	Description
1	HCT-RF-1903-FI013-P