FCC§1.1307 (b) (1) & §2.1091- MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Report No.: RSZ131104004-00A

Applicable Standard

According to subpart 1.1307 (b)(1), 2.1091 systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures the public is not exposed to RF energy level in excess of the communication guidelines.

(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Averaging Time E ² , H ² or S (minutes)	
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	(100)*	6	
3.0-30	1842/f	4.89/f	$(900/f^2)*$	6	
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6	
300-1500			f/300	6	
1500-100,000			5	6	

f = frequency in MHz

Result

Calculated Formulary:

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$$

S = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm2)

P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mW).

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator, the power gain factor, is normally numeric gain.

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units, e.g., cm)

Frequency	Antenna Gain		Conducted Power		Evaluation	Power	MPE Limit
(MHz)	(dBi)	(numeric)	(dBm)	(mW)	Distance (cm)	Density (mW/cm ²)	(mW/cm ²)
851.0125	9	7.94	45.74	37497.30	350	0.19	2.84

Radiation Exposure Statement:

To comply with FCC RF exposure requirements, a minimum separation distance of 350cm is required between the antenna and all public persons.

Result: Compliance

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^{* =} Plane-wave equivalent power density