

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd.

1/F,Bldg 3,Hongfa Hi-tech Industrial Park,Genyu Road,Tianliao,Gongming,Shenzhen,China Phone:86-755-26748019 Fax:86-755-26748089 http://www.szhtw.com.cn



TEST REPORT

Report Reference No.....: TRE15100129 R/C........ 30330

Applicant's name.....: Hytera Communications Co.,Ltd.

Address...... HYT Tower, Hi-Tech Industrial Park North, Nanshan District,

Shenzhen China

Manufacturer...... Hytera Communications Co.,Ltd.

Shenzhen China

Test item description: TETRA TERMINAL

Trade Mark Hytera

Model/Type reference...... PT580H Plus F4

Listed Model(s) -

Standard: FCC 47 CFR Part2.1093

ANSI/IEEE C95.1: 1999

IEEE 1528: 2003

Date of receipt of test sample............ Oct 26, 2015

Date of testing....... Nov 12, 2015- Nov 13, 2015

Date of issue...... Nov 20, 2015

Result...... PASS

Compiled by

(position+printed name+signature)..: File administrators: Cand Liu

Control

liu

Supervised by

(position+printed name+signature)..: Test Engineer: Hans Hu

Hours Hu

Approved by

(position+printed name+signature)..: Manager: Hans Hu

Testing Laboratory Name: Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd

Gongming, Shenzhen, China

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1. Test Standards and Test Desciption

1.1. Test Standards

The tests were performed according to following standards:

<u>EEE Std C95.1, 1999:</u> IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 KHz to 300 GHz.

<u>IEEE Std 1528™-2003:</u> IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

<u>KDB 447498 D01</u> Mobile Portable RF Exposure v05r02: Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies

KDB 643646 D01 SAR Test for PTT Radios v01r03 :SAR Test Reduction Considerations for Occupational PTT Radios

1.2. Test Description

The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power

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2. **Summary**

2.1. Client Information

Applicant:	Hytera Communications Co.,Ltd.
Address:	HYT Tower, Hi-Tech Industrial Park North, Nanshan District, Shenzhen China
Manufacturer:	Hytera Communications Co.,Ltd.
Address:	HYT Tower, Hi-Tech Industrial Park North, Nanshan District, Shenzhen China

2.2. Product Description

Name of EUT TETRA TERMINAL						
Trade Mark:	Hytera					
Model/Type reference:	PT580H Plus	s F4				
List Model :	-					
Power supply:	DC 7.4V					
Battery information:	Battery 1		Model:BL1806 DC7.4V,1800mAh/13.3Wh			
	Battery 2		Model:BL2505 DC7.4V,2500mAh/18.5Wh			
Charger information:	Charger 1:		Model:CH10A07 Input: DC12V,1000mA Output:DC8.4V, 1000mA			
	Charger 2:		Model:CH10A05 Input:DC12V,2.0A Output:DC8.4V,1000mA			
AC Adapter information:	Model:HKA0 Input:100-24 Output:12Vd	0Va.c.,50				
Maximum SAR Value						
Separation Distance:	Body:	0mm				
	Face:	25mm				
Maximun SAR Value (1g):	Body:	0.440 W	/Kg			
	Face:	0.196 W	/Kg			
Operation Frequency Range:	e: 450MHz ~ 470MHz					
Rated Output Power:	3 Watts (34.77dBm)					
Modulation Type:	π/4 DQPSK					
Channel Separation:	25kHz					
Antenna Type	External					

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2.3. Test frequency list

Modulation Type	Test	Test Frequency (MHz)			
Modulation Type	Channel	TX	RX		
	CH∟	450.025	450.025		
DMO	CH _M	460.025	460.025		
	CH _H	469.975	469.975		
	CH∟	450.025	450.025		
TMO	CH _M	460.025	460.025		
	CH _H	469.975	469.975		

2.4. EUT configuration

The following peripheral devices and interface cables were connected during the measurement:

- - supplied by the manufacturer
- supplied by the lab

0	Power Cable	Length (m):	1
		Shield :	1
		Detachable :	1
0	Multimeter	Manufacturer:	1
		Model No. :	1

2.5. Modifications

No modifications were implemented to meet testing criteria.

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3. Test Environment

3.1. Address of the test laboratory

Laboratory: Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd.

Address: 1/F, Bldg 3, Hongfa Hi-tech Industrial Park, Genyu Road, Tianliao, Gongming, Shenzhen, China

Phone: 86-755-26748019 Fax: 86-755-26748089

3.2. Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

CNAS-Lab Code: L1225

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for Testing and Calibration Laboratories

(identical to ISO/IEC17025: 2005 General Requirements) for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Labo ratories, Date of Registration: February 28, 2015. Valid time is until February 27, 2018.

A2LA-Lab Cert. No. 3902.01

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been accredited by A2LA for tec hnical competence in the field of electrical testing, and proved to be in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025: 2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories and any additional program requirements in the identified field of testing. Valid time is until December 31, 2016.

FCC-Registration No.: 317478

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the FCC (Federal Communications Commission). The acceptance letter from the FC C is maintained in our files. Registration 317478, Renewal date Jul. 18, 2014, valid time is until Jul. 18, 2017.

IC-Registration No.: 5377A&5377B

The 3m Alternate Test Site of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for the performance of radiated measurements with Registration No. 5377A on Dec. 31, 2013, valid time is until Dec. 31, 2016.

Two 3m Alternate Test Site of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for the performance of radiated measurements with Registration No. 5377B on Dec.03, 2014, valid time is until Dec.03, 2017.

ACA

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory can also perform testing for the Aust ralian C-Tick mark as a result of our A2LA accreditation.

VCCI

The 3m Semi-

anechoic chamber (12.2m×7.95m×6.7m) of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd.

has been registered in accordance with the Regulations for Voluntary Control Measures with Registration No.: R-2484. Date of Registration: Dec. 20, 2012. Valid time is until Dec. 29, 2015.

Radiated disturbance above 1GHz measurement of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. h as been registered in accordance with the Regulations for Voluntary Control Measures with Registration No.: G-292. Date of Registration: Dec. 24, 2013. Valid time is until Dec. 23, 2016.

Main Ports Conducted Interference Measurement of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered in accordance with the Regulations for Voluntary Control Measures with Registration No.: C-2726. Date of Registration: Dec. 20, 2012. Valid time is until Dec. 19, 2015.

Telecommunication Ports Conducted Interference Measurement of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered in accordance with the Regulations for Voluntary Control Measures with Registration No.: T-1837. Date of Registration: May 07, 2013. Valid time is until May 06, 2016.

DNV

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been found to comply with the requirements of D NV towards subcontractor of EMC and safety testing services in conjunction with the EMC and Low voltage Di rectives and in the voluntary field. The acceptance is based on a formal quality Audit and follow-ups according to relevant parts of ISO/IEC Guide 17025 (2005), in accordance with the requirements of the D NV Laboratory Quality Manual towards subcontractors. Valid time is until Aug. 24, 2016.

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3.3. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Temperature:	18-25 ° C
Humidity:	40-65 %
Atmospheric pressure:	950-1050mbar

4. Equipments Used during the Test

				Calibration		
Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Interval	
Data Acquisition Electronics DAEx	SPEAG	DAE4	1315	2015/07/22	1	
E-field Probe	SPEAG	ES3DV3	3292	2015/08/15	1	
System Validation Dipole D450V3	SPEAG	D450V3	1079	2015/02/28	1	
Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent	85070E	US44020288	/	/	
Power meter	Agilent	E4417A	GB41292254	2015/10/26	1	
Power sensor	Agilent	8481H	MY41095360	2015/10/26	1	
Network analyzer	Agilent	8753E	US37390562	2015/10/25	1	
Universal Radio Communication Tester	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	CMU200	112012	2015/10/23	1	

Note:

The Probe, Dipole and DAE calibration reference to the Appendix A.

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5. Measurement Uncertainty

2	em e calibration Axial	Туре	Value	Distribution		1g	10g	(1g)	(10g)	
2		B							(119)	freedom
2 i	Avial		5.50%	N	1	1	1	5.50%	5.50%	∞
	sotropy	В	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.90%	1.90%	8
	nispherical sotropy	В	9.60%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	3.90%	3.90%	∞
	oundary Effects	В	1.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	∞
h	Probe inearity	В	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.70%	2.70%	∞
6 Det	ection limit	В	1.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	8
	ambient itions-noise	В	0.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	8
8 cc	ambient nditions- eflection	В	0.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	8
9 Res	ponse time	В	0.80%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.50%	0.50%	8
10 Integ	ration time	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.90%	2.90%	8
11	RF ambient	В	3.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	80
	e positioned restrictions	В	0.40%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.20%	0.20%	00
13 with	e positioning respect to ntom shell	В	2.90%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	00
14	lax.SAR valation	В	3.90%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	∞
				Test Sample Re	lated					
15 pc	st sample sitioning	Α	1.86%	N	1	1	1	1.86%	1.86%	8
	rice holder certainty	А	1.70%	N	1	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	80
	t of output power	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.90%	2.90%	∞
I				Phantom and Se						
	hantom certainty	В	4.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	8
	Liquid nductivity (target)	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.80%	1.20%	∞
20 co	Liquid nductivity meas.)	А	0.50%	N	1	0.64	0.43	0.32%	0.26%	∞
	d permittivity (target)	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.80%	1.20%	8
	Liquid ermittivity meas.)	А	0.16%	N	1	0.64	0.43	0.10%	0.07%	∞
Combined standard	-	$u_c = $	$\sum_{i=1}^{22} c_i^2 u_i^2$	1	/	/	/	10.20%	10.00%	8
Expanded und (confidence interv		u_e	$=2u_c$	R	K=2	/	/	20.40%	20.00%	80

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6. SAR Measurements System Configuration

6.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.

The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.

The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003.

DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.

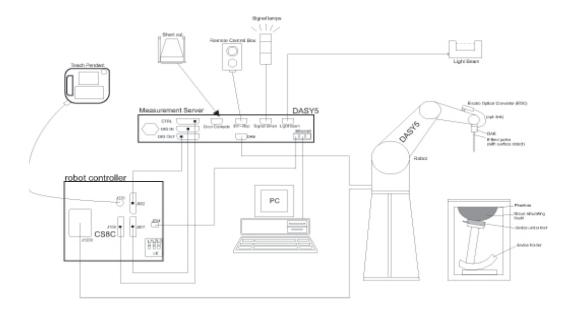
Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.

The device holder for handheld Mobile Phones.

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.

System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.



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6.2. DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe ES3DV3 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

Probe Specification

Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core

Interleaved sensors

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

CalibrationISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.

Frequency 10 MHz to 4 GHz;

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz)

Directivity \pm 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range 5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g;

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB

Dimensions Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm)

Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm)

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm

Application General dosimetry up to 4 GHz

Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of Mobile Phones

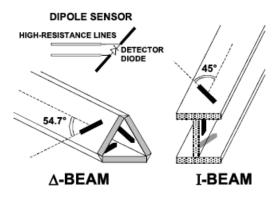
Compatibility DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI



Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



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6.3. Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6mm).

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.



SAM Twin Phantom

6.4. Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the DASY system.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

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7. SAR Test Procedure

7.1. Scanning Procedure

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. ± 5 %.

The "surface check" measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above \pm 0.1mm). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within \pm 30°.)

Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot.Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged. After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to estimate the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan is done by 7x7x5 points within a cube whose base is centered around the maxima found in the preceding area scan.

Spatial Peak Detection

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented and can determine values of masses of 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as: • maximum search • extrapolation • boundary correction • peak search for averaged SAR During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation. Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space. They are used in the Zoom Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation. For a grid using 7x7x5 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1g and 10g cubes.

A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube 7x7x5 scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 5mm steps.

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7.2. Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation

Media parameters:

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: Sensitivity: Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2

Conversion factor: ConvFi
Diode compression point: Dcpi

Device parameters: Frequency: f

Crest factor: cf
Conductivity: σ

Density: ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

Vi: compensated signal of channel (i = x, y, z)

Ui: input signal of channel (i = x, y, z)

cf: crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) dcpi: diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\mathbf{E}- ext{fieldprobes}: \qquad E_i = \sqrt{rac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

$$\mathbf{H}-\text{fieldprobes}: \qquad H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

Vi: compensated signal of channel (i = x, y, z) Normi: sensor sensitivity of channel (i = x, y, z),

[mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes

ConvF: sensitivity enhancement in solution

aij: sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f: carrier frequency [GHz]

Ei: electric field strength of channel i in V/m
Hi: magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

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The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.
$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

SAR: local specific absorption rate in mW/g

Etot: total field strength in V/m

conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m] σ: equivalent tissue density in g/cm3 ρ:

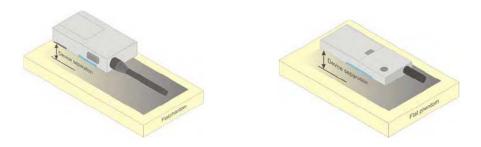
Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

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8. Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

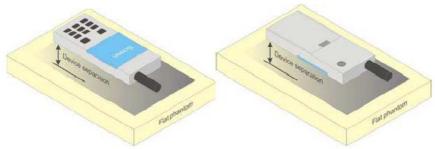
8.1. Front-of-face

A typical example of a front-of-face device is a two-way radio that is held at a distance from the face of the user when transmitting. In these cases the device under test shall be positioned at the distance to the phantom surface that corresponds to the intended use as specified by the manufacturer in the user instructions. If the intended use is not specified, a separation distance of 25 mm between the phantom surface and the device shall be used.



8.2. Body Position

A typical example of a body-worn device is a mobile phone, wireless enabled PDA or other battery operated wireless device with the ability to transmit while mounted on a person's body using a carry accessory approved by the wireless device manufacturer.



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9. SAR System Validation

Per FCC KDB 865664 D02v01,SAR system validadion status should be documented to confirm measurement accuracy. The SAR systems (including SAR probes, system components and software versions) used for this device were validated against its performance specifications prior to the SAR measurements. Reference dipoles were used with the required tissue-equivalent media for system validation, according to the procedures outlined in FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01 and IEEE 1528-2013. Since SAR probe calibrations are frequency dependent, each probe calibration point, using the system that normally operates with the probe for routine SAR measurements and according to the required tissue-equivalent media.

A tabulated summary of the system validation status including the validation date(s),measurement frequencies, SAR probes and tissue dielectric parameters has been included.

SAR System Validation Summary

	Ortic System variation cummary										
D	Probe	robe Probe		Dielectric Parameters		CW Validation			Modulation Validation		
Probe	type Calibration Point			Conductivity	Permittivity	Sensitivity	Probe linearity	Probe Isotropy	Moduation type	Duty factor	PAR
3292	ES3DV3	450	Head	0.89	43.64	PASS	PASS	PASS	4FSK/FM	PASS	N/A
3292	ES3DV3	450	Body	0.95	56.50	PASS	PASS	PASS	4FSK/FM	PASS	N/A

NOTE:

While the probes have been calibrated for both CW and modulated signals, all measurements were performed using communication systems calibrated for CW signals only. Modulations in the table above represent test configurations for which the measurement system has been validated per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01 for scenarios when CW probe calibrations are used with other signal types.

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10. System Verification

10.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameters

The liquid used for the frequency consisted of water, sugar, salt and Cellulose. The liquid has been previously proven to be suited for worst-case. The Table 1 and 2 shows the detail solution. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the KDB865664.

Table 1. Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter

Tis	ssue dielectric param	eters for head and b	oody phantoms	
Target Frequency	Не	ad	[Body
(MHz)	٤r	σ(s/m)	εr	σ(s/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

Table 2. Targets for tissue simulating liquid

	Table 2. Talgete for deede chinalating inquia								
Frequency	Head 7	Гissue	Body Tissue						
(MHz)	er	O' (S/m)	εr	O' (S/m)					
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80					
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92					
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94					
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97					
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05					
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06					
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30					
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40					
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52					
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95					
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73					
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00					

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Check Result:

Dielectric performance of Head tissue simulating liquid								
Frequency	DielectricParameters							
(MHz)	Description	εr	σ(s/m)	$^{\circ}$				
450	Recommended result ±5% window	43.50 41.32 - 45.67	0.87 0.83–0.91	1				
	Measurement value 2015-11-12	43.64	0.89	21				

Dielectric performance of Body tissue simulating liquid						
Frequency	Description	DielectricPa	Temp			
(MHz)	Description	εr	σ(s/m)	$^{\circ}$		
450	Recommended result ±5% window	56.7 53.87 - 59.53	0.94 0.89–0.98	/		
450	Measurement value 2015-11-13	56.50	0.95	21		

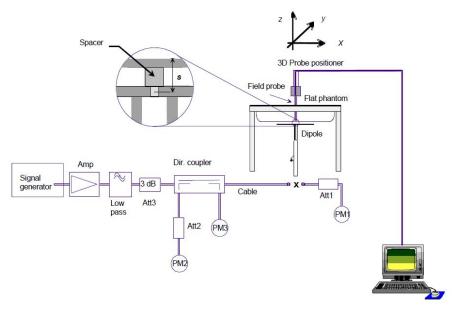
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10.2. SAR System Verification

The purpose of the system check is to verify that the system operates within its specifications at the decice test frequency. The system check is simple check of repeatability to make sure that the system works correctly at the time of the compliance test;

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system (±10 %).

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY5 system.



The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 26 dBm (398mW) before dipole is connected.



Photo of Dipole Setup

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Check Result:

	System Validation Result for Head						
Frequency	Description	SAR(Temp				
(MHz)	Description	1g	10g	$^{\circ}$			
450	Recommended result ±10% window	1.81 1.63 – 1.99	1.21 1.09 - 1.33	1			
430	Measurement value 2015-11-12	1.78	1.17	21			

System Validation Result for Body					
Frequency	Description	SAR(Temp		
(MHz) Description		1g	10g	$^{\circ}$	
450	Recommended result ±10% window	1.74 1.57 – 1.91	1.16 1.04 - 1.27	1	
450	Measurement value 2015-11-13	1.69	1.12	21	

Note:

- the graph results see follow.
 Recommended Values used derive from the calibration certificate and 250 mW is used asfeeding power to the calibrated dipole.

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System Performance Check at 450 MHz Head

DUT: Dipole 450 MHz; Type: D450V3; Serial: 4d134

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 450 MHz; $\sigma = 0.89 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 43.64$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.71, 6.71, 6.71); Calibrated: 15/08/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 22/07/2015

Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x171x1):Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.58 mW/g

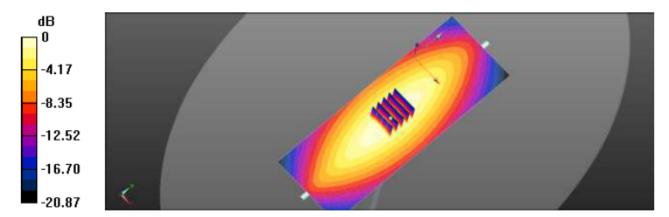
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.994 V/m; Power Drift = 0.082 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.542 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.78 mW/g SAR(10 g) = 1.17 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.59 mW/g



System Performance Check 450MHz Head 250mW

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System Performance Check at 450 MHz Body

DUT: Dipole 450 MHz; Type: D450V3; Serial: 4d134

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 450 MHz; $\sigma = 0.95 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 56.50$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(7.10, 7.10, 7.10); Calibrated: 15/08/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 22/07/2015

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x171x1):Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.15 mW/g

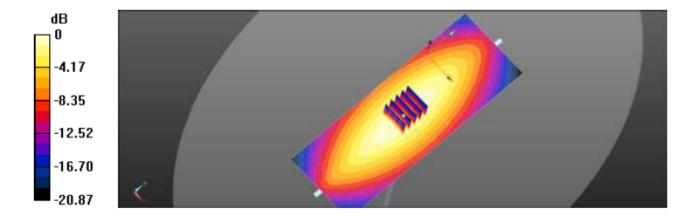
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 46.528 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.262 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.69 mW/g SAR(10 g) = 1.12 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.24 mW/g



System Performance Check 450MHz Body 250mW

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11. SAR Exposure Limits

	Limit (W/kg)			
Type Exposure	General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment	Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment		
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08	0.4		
Spatial Peak SAR (10g cube tissue for head and trunk)	1.60	8.0		
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for limb)	4.0	20.0		

Population/Uncontrolled Environments: are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments: are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

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12. Conducted Power Measurement Results

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted power (dBm)
	CH∟	450.025	34.40
DMO	CH _M	460.025	34.30
	СНн	469.975	34.10
	CH _L	450.025	34.40
TMO	CH _M	460.025	34.40
	СНн	469.975	34.20

Note:

- 1. For modes with the same specified maximum output power, the higher power should be tested.
- 2. For modulation type is same, so only select the DMO mode which is tested.

Bluetooth Conducted Power

General note:

Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100MHz to 6GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50mm are determined by:

[(max. Power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] * [$\sqrt{f(GHz)}$] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

Bluetooth					
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted power (dBm)		
	00	2402	6.43		
GFSK	39	2441	6.65		
	78	2480	6.79		
	00	2402	5.52		
π/4QPSK	39	2441	5.27		
	78	2480	5.31		
	00	2402	5.00		
8DPSK	39	2441	5.41		
	78	2480	6.02		
	00	2402	4.72		
GFSK (BLE)	19	2440	5.23		
	39	2480	5.91		

Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, when the minimum test separation distance is <5mm, a distance of 5mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion thereshold is 0.6 which is \leq 3, SAR testing is not required.

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13. Maximum Tune-up Limit

This device operates using the following maximum output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB publication 447498 D01v05r02

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Tune up power	
DMO / TMO	450 ~ 470	34.00dBm ~ 34.77dBm	

Mode	Tune up power
Bluetooth V2.1+EDR	5.00dBm ~ 6.80dBm
Bluetooth – BLE	4.50dBm ~ 6.00dBm

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14. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency	Fre	quency	Conducted	Tune-		Tune-	Measured	Report	SAR	
range (MHz)	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit	Power up Drift(dB) Scaling factor	Scaling	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	50% Test duty Plot (W/kg)	
With Battery	2									
	CH _{M1}	450.025	34.40	34.77	-	-	-	-	-	-
Body	CH _{M2}	460.025	34.30	34.77	0.03	1.11	0.781	0.864	0.432	#B1
	СНн	469.975	34.10	34.77	-	-	-	-	-	-
	CH _{M1}	450.025	34.40	34.77	-	-	-	-	-	-
Face	CH _{M2}	460.025	34.30	34.77	-0.12	1.15	0.365	0.418	0.209	#F1
	СНн	469.975	34.10	34.77	-	-	-	-	-	-
With Battery 1										
Body	CH _{M2}	460.025	34.30	34.77	0.11	1.09	0.714	0.776	0.388	-
Face	CH _{M2}	460.025	34.30	34.77	0.08	1.09	0.355	0.388	0.194	-

Note:

- 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
- 2. Batteries are fully charged at the beginning of the SAR measurements
- 3. The EUT was tested for face-held SAR with a 2.5cm separation distance between the front of the EUT and the outer surface of the planer phantom
- 4. When the SAR for all antennas tested using the default battery is ≤ 3.5 W/kg (50% PTT duty factor), testing of all other required channels is not necessary.
- 5. When the SAR of an antenna tested on the highest output power using the default battery is > 3.5 W/Kg and ≤ 4.0 W/Kg (50% PTT duty factor), testing of the immediately adjacent channel(s) is not necessary, but testing of other required channels may still be required.
- 6. When the SAR for all antennas tested using the default battery \leq 4.0 W/kg(50% PTT duty factor), test additional batteries using the antenna and channel configuration that resulted in the highest SAR.

SAR Test Data Plots

Test Plot: #B1 Test Position: Body-worn

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 460.025 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 460.025 MHz; $\sigma = 0.89 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 43.63$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

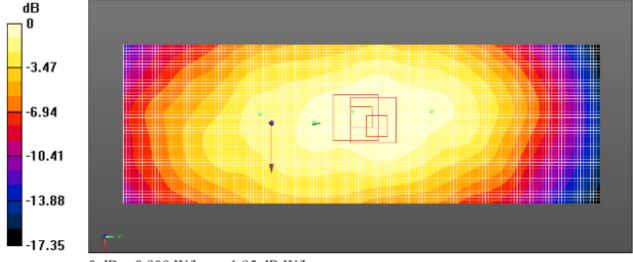
- •Probe: ES3DV3 SN3292; ConvF(7.10, 7.10, 7.10); Calibrated: 15/08/2015;
- •Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- •Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 22/07/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB
- •Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan(51x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =0.808 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7mm, dy=7mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 23.735 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.251 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.781 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.542 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =0.860 W/kg



0 dB = 0.808 W/kg = -1.85 dB W/kg

Test Plot: #F1 Test Position: Front of Face

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 460.025 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 460.025 MHz; σ = 0.89 S/m; ϵ r = 43.63; ρ =1000 kg/m3

Phantom section : Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- •Probe: ES3DV3 SN3292; ConvF(6.71, 6.71, 6.71); Calibrated: 15/08/2015;
- •Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- •Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 22/07/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB
- •Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan(51x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.376 W/kg

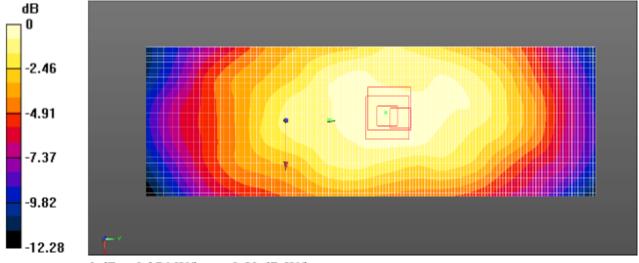
Zoom Scan (5x5x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7mm, dy=7mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =16.891 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.536 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.365 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.266 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =0.397 W/kg



0 dB = 0.376 W/kg = -8.50 dB W/kg

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15. Simultaneous Transmission analysis

Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Face	Body-worn	Note
DMO + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	

General note:

- 1. For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v05r02 based on the formula below
 - a) [(max. Power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] * $[\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}]W/kg$ for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm; whetn x=7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x=18.75 for 10-g SAR.
 - b) When the minimum separation distance is <5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion
 - c) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is >50mm.

Bluetooth	Exposure position	Face	Body
Max power	Test separation	25mm	5mm
6.80dBm	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.040W/kg	0.200W/kg

Test Result:

Battery type	Evacoure Desition	Max SAI	Summed SAR	
	Exposure Position	DMO	Bluetooth	(W/kg)
Battery 2	Body	0.432	0.200	0.632
	Face	0.209	0.040	0.249
Dotton/ 1	Body	0.388	0.200	0.588
Battery 1	Face	0.194	0.040	0.234

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16. TestSetup Photos



Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (450MHz) (15.3cm deep)



Body (0mm)



Face (25mm)

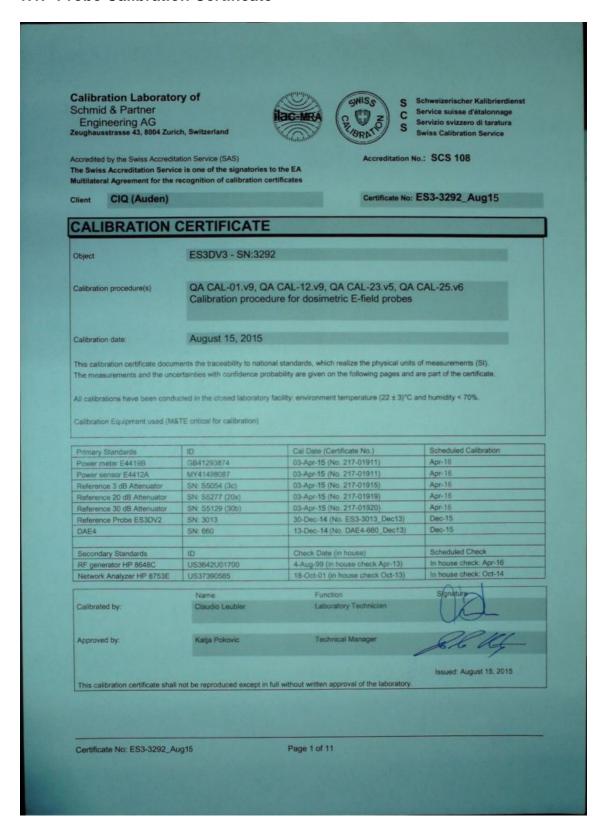
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17. Photos of the EUT

Please refer to the report No.: TRE1510013001

-----End of Report-----

1.1. Probe Calibration Certificate



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S

C

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- Techniques", June 2013
 b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z; A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: ES3-3292_Aug15

ES3DV3 - SN:3292 August 15, 2015

Probe ES3DV3

SN:3292

Manufactured: July 6, 2010 Repaired: July 28, 2015 Calibrated: August 15, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: ES3-3292_Aug15

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ES3DV3-SN:3292

August 15, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3292

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)	
Norm (µV/(V/m) ²) ^A DCP (mV) ⁸	0.89	0.95	1.46	± 10.1 %	
DCP (mV) ⁸	107.1	106.1	103.9		

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^b (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	209.7	±3.8 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		218.8	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		198.5	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: ES3-3292_Aug15

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<sup>The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

Uncertainty is determined using the max: deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.</sup>

ES3DV3-SN:3292 August 15, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3292

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
450	43.5	0.87	6.71	6.71	6.71	0.18	1.80	± 13.3 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.23	6.23	6.23	0.80	1.11	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	6.71 5.07	6.71 5.07	6.10 5.07	6.71 0.61	1.17	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0							
1900	40.0	1.40	5.03	5.03	5.03	0.45	1.55	± 12.0 %
2100	39.8	1.49	5.04	5.04	5.04	0.77	1.17	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.43	4.43	4.43	0.73	1.23	± 12.0 %

C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

**At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (and of) can be reliaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (and of) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

**Alpha/Cepth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Certificate No: ES3-3292_Aug15

ES3DV3-SN:3292 August 15, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3292

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

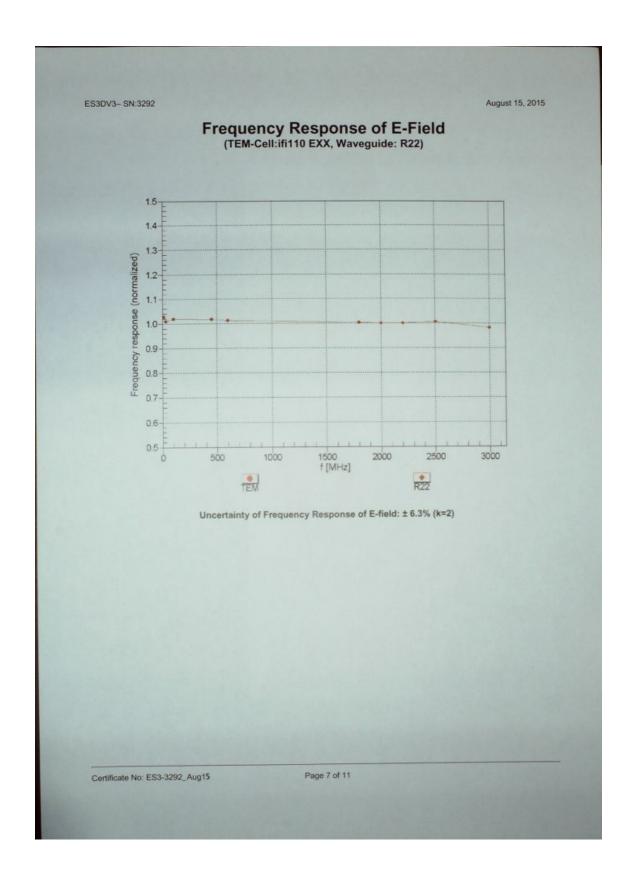
f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
450	56.7	0.94	7.10	7.10	7.10	0.13	1.00	± 13.3 %
835	55.2	0.97	6.11	6.11	6.11	0.36	1.78	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	5.97	5.97	5.97	0.73	1.22	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	4.79	4.79	4.79	0.59	1.45	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.66	4.66	4.66	0.41	1.79	± 12.0 %
2100	53.2	1.62	4.77	4.77	4.77	0.63	1.42	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.23	4.23	4.23	0.66	0.98	± 12.0 %

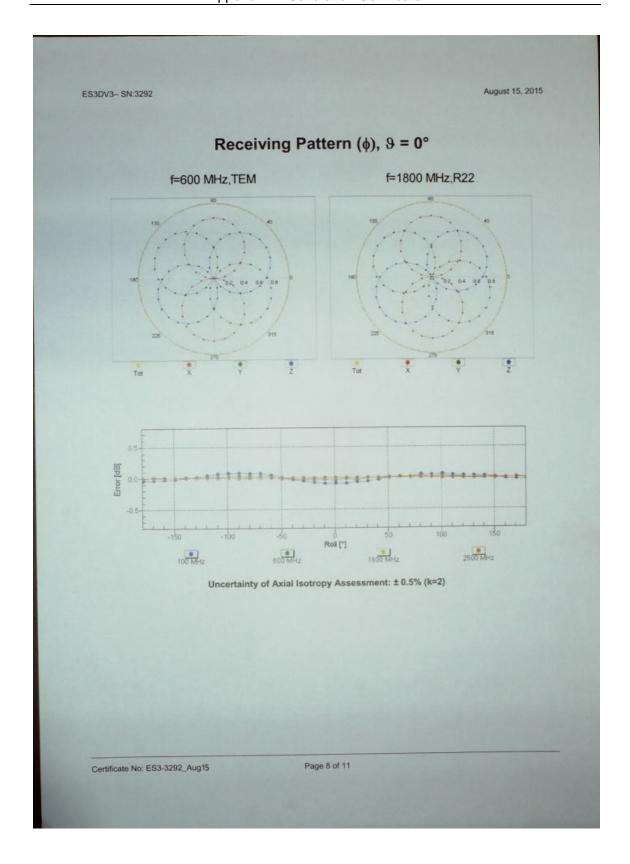
^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

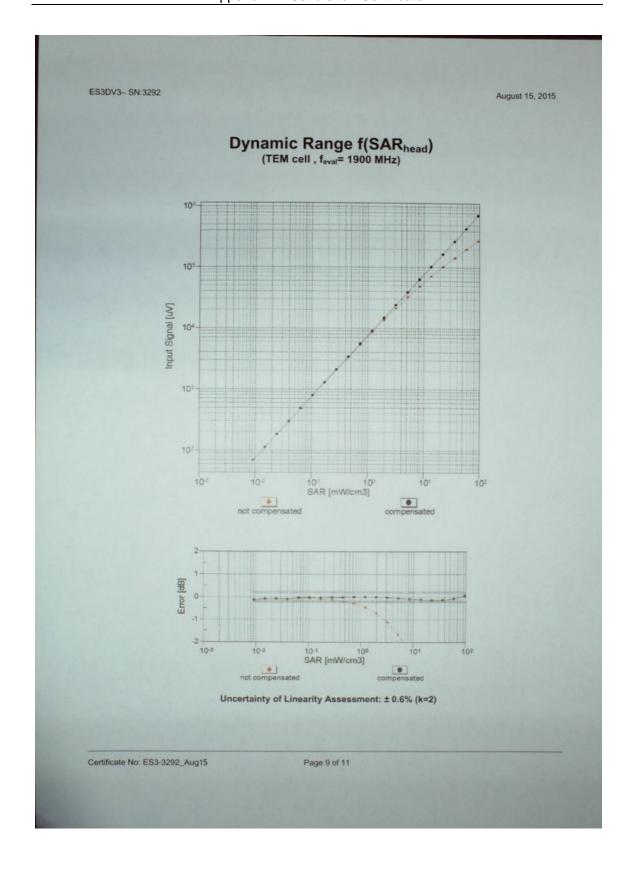
*At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

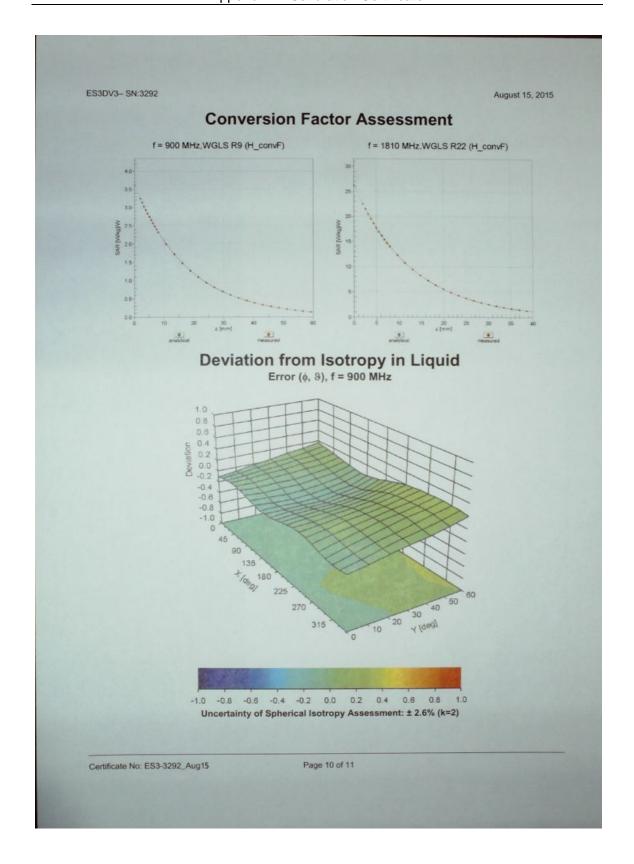
*ApharCepth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Certificate No: ES3-3292_Aug15









ES3DV3- SN:3292 August 15, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3292

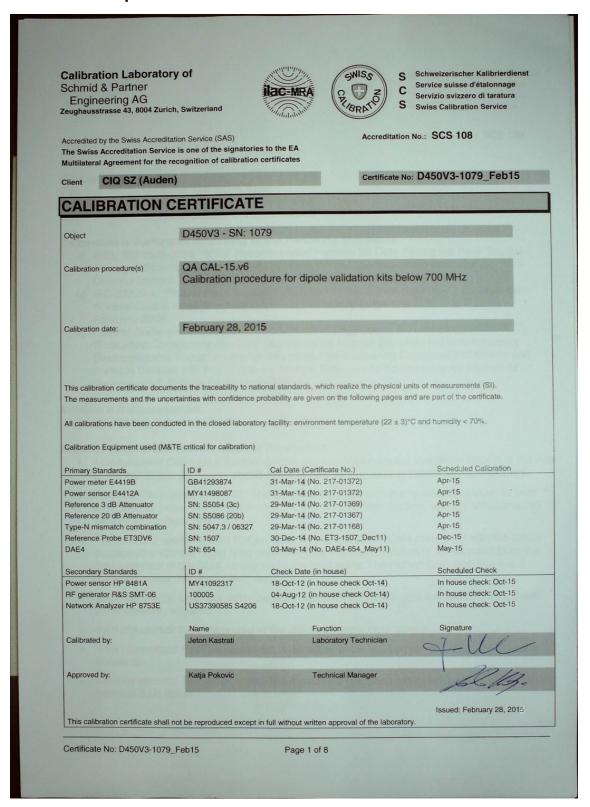
Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-8.9
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm

Certificate No: ES3-3292_Aug15

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1.2. D450V3 Dipole Calibration Certificate



Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL ConvF

N/A

tissue simulating liquid

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Certificate No: D450V3-1079_Feb15

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.0
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	ELI4 Flat Phantom	Shell thickness: 2 ± 0.2 mm
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy , $dz = 5 mm$	
Frequency	450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

to following parameters and calculations were applied.

he following parameters and calculations were approximately	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	43.5	0.87 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	43.6 ± 6 %	0.85 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	The little of the seal of the
SAR measured	398 mW input power	1.81 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	4.63 mW /g ± 18.1 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	398 mW input power	1.21 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	3.09 mW /g ± 17.6 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	56.7	0.94 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	55.0 ± 6 %	0.91 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	398 mW input power	1.74 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	4.45 mW / g ± 18.1 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	398 mW input power	1.16 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	2.97 mW / g ± 17.6 % (k=2)

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Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	59.8 Ω - 0.5 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 21.0 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.4 Ω - 5.9 jΩ
Return Loss	- 21.7 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.350 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG	
Manufactured on	March 03, 2011	

Certificate No: D450V3-1079_Feb15

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 28.02.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG

DUT: Dipole 450 MHz; Type: D450V3; Serial: D450V3 - SN: 1079

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 450 MHz; $\sigma = 0.85$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 43.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1507; ConvF(6.59, 6.59, 6.59); Calibrated: 30.12.2014
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn654; Calibrated: 03.05.2014
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1003
- DASY52 52.8.0(692); SEMCAD X 14.6.4(4989)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=398mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 49.699 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.7560

dB

-3.00 -6.00 -9.00 -12.00 -15.00

SAR(1 g) = 1.81 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.21 mW/g

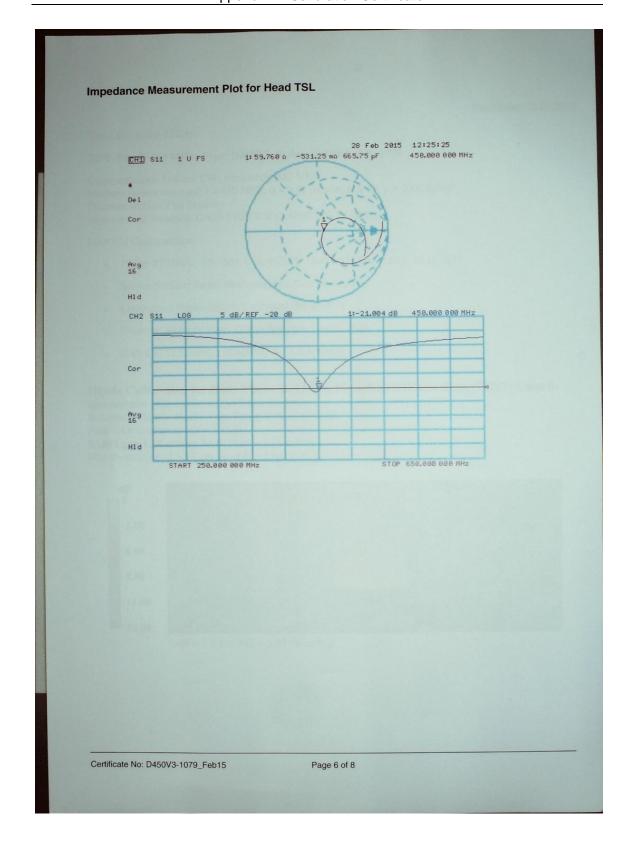
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.936 mW/g



0 dB = 1.940 mW/g = 5.76 dB mW/g

Certificate No: D450V3-1079_Feb15

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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 28.02.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG

DUT: Dipole 450 MHz; Type: D450V3; Serial: D450V3 - SN: 1079

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 450 MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1507; ConvF(7.05, 7.05, 7.05); Calibrated: 30.12.2014
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn654; Calibrated: 03.05.2014
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1003
- DASY52 52.8.0(692); SEMCAD X 14.6.4(4989)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=398mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

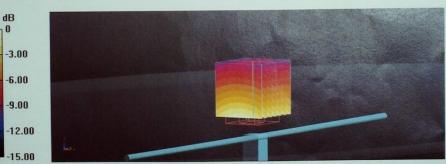
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 46.491 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.7360

SAR(1 g) = 1.74 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.16 mW/g

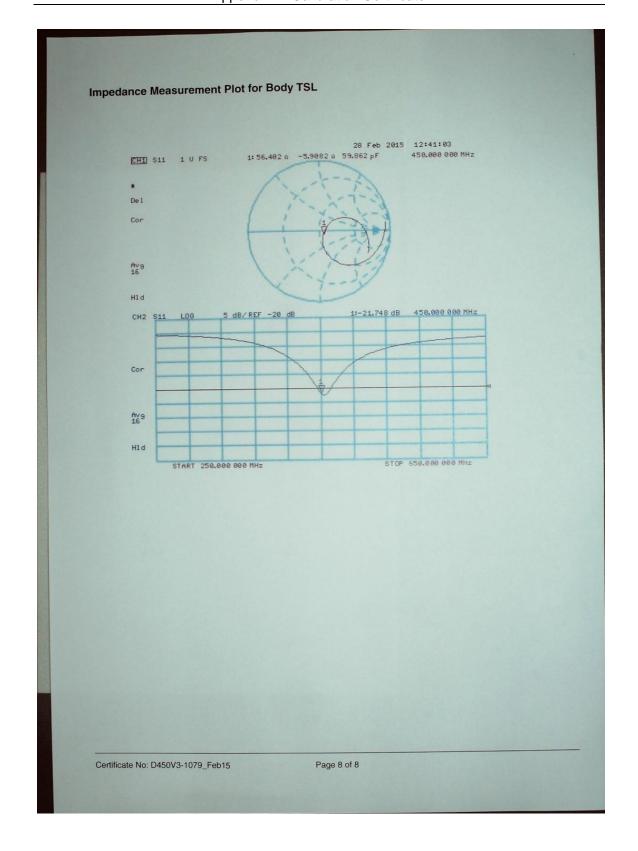
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.861 mW/g



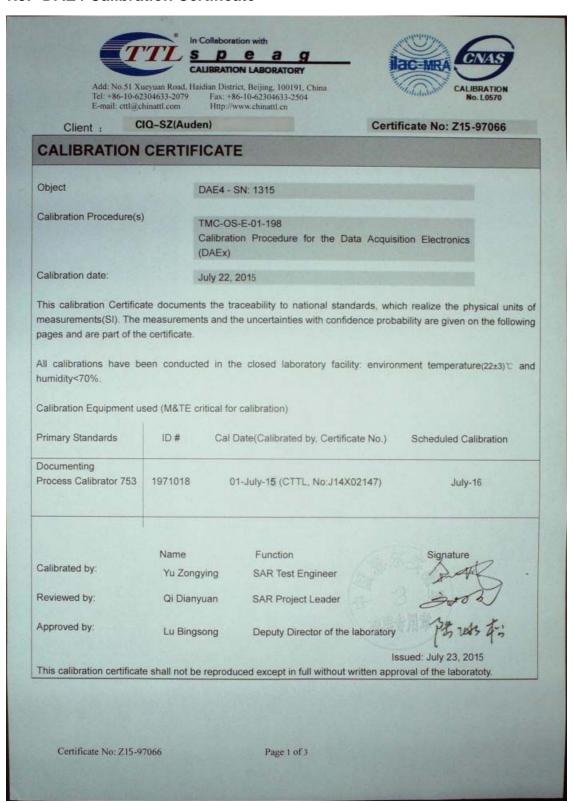
0 dB = 1.860 mW/g = 5.39 dB mW/g

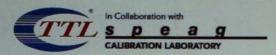
Certificate No: D450V3-1079_Feb15

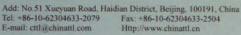
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1.3. DAE4 Calibration Certificate









Glossary:

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X

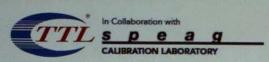
to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.

Certificate No: Z15-97066

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Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn



DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1 µV, full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV, full range = -1....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	405.162 ± 0.15% (k=2)	405.006 ± 0.15% (k=2)	404.963 ± 0.15% (k=2)
Low Range	3.99072 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.98481 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.98836 ± 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	22°±1°
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