Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd.
Keji S.12th, Road, Hi-tech Industrial Park, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
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TEST REPORT

Report Reference No.......................:	**TRE1309002601 R/C: 79119**
FCC ID...:	**YAMPD79XEX**
Compiled by (position+printed name+signature)..:	File administrators Jerome Luo
Supervised by (position+printed name+signature)..:	Test Engineer Yuchao Wang
Approved by (position+printed name+signature)..:	Manager Wenliang Li
Date of issue.....................................:	Oct 28, 2013
Testing Laboratory Name ....:	**Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd**
Address...:	Keji Nan No.12 Road, Hi-tech Park, Shenzhen, China
Applicant's name............................:	**Hytera Communications Co.,Ltd.**
Address...:	HYT Tower,Hi-Tech Industrial Park North,Nanshan District,Shenzhen China.518057
Test specification .... :	
Standard ....:	**ANSI C95.1–1999** **47 §CFR 2.1093**
TRF Originator..................................:	Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection CO., Ltd
Master TRF.......................................:	Dated 2006-06

Test item description ....:	Ex Digital Radio
Trade Mark ....:	Hytera
Manufacturer ....:	**Hytera Communications Corporation Ltd.**
Model/Type reference.......................:	PD792 Ex
Listed Models ....:	PD795 Ex, PD796 Ex, PD798 Ex, HD795 Ex
Ratings...:	DC 7.40V
Modulation and Emission Type ....:	FM&4FSK
Channel Separation...........................	12.5KHz
Operation Frequency Range	From 400MHz to 470MHz
Rated Power	1 Watts(30.00dBm)/0.5 Watts(27.00dBm)
Result...:	**PASS**

T E S T R E P O R T

Test Report No. :	**TRE1309002801**	Oct 28, 2013 Date of issue

Equipment under Test	:	Ex Digital Radio
Model /Type	:	PD792 Ex
Listed Models	:	PD795 Ex, PD796 Ex, PD798 Ex, HD795 Ex
Applicant	:	**Hytera Communications Corporation Ltd.**
Address	:	HYT Tower,Hi-Tech Industrial Park North,Nanshan District,Shenzhen China.518057
Manufacturer	:	**Hytera Communications Corporation Ltd.**
Address	:	HYT Tower,Hi-Tech Industrial Park North,Nanshan District,Shenzhen China.518057

Test Result:	**PASS**

The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.
It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.

Contents

1. TEST STANDARDS

The tests were performed according to following standards:

IEEE Std C95.1, 1999: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 KHz to 300 GHz.
IEEE Std 1528™-2003: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.
KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz
KDB865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01: RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations
KDB 447498 D01 Mobile Portable RF Exposure v05: Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies
FCC Part 2.1093 Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation:Portable Devices
643646 D01 SAR Test for PTT Radios v01r01:SAR Test Reduction Considerations for Occupational PTT Radios

2. SUMMARY

2.1. General Remarks

Date of receipt of test sample	:	Oct 10, 2013
Testing commenced on	:	Oct 10, 2013
Testing concluded on	:	Oct 28, 2013

2.2. Product Description

The **Hytera Communications Corporation Ltd.**'s Model: PD792 Ex or the "EUT" as referred to in this report; more general information as follows, for more details, refer to the user's manual of the EUT.

Name of EUT	Ex Digital Radio	
Model Number	PD792 Ex, PD795 Ex, PD796 Ex, PD798 Ex, HD795 Ex	
FCC	YAMPD79XEX	
Rated Output Power	1 Watts(30.00dBm)/0.5 Watts(26.99dBm)	
Support data rate	9.6kbps	
Modilation Type	FM for Analog Voice	
	4FSK for Digital Voice/Digital Data	
	4FSK for Digital Data	
	Analog	11K0F3E for 12.5KHz Channel Separation
	Digital	7K60FXD for Digital Data only
		7K60FXW for Digital Data & Digital Voice
Channel Separation	Analog Voice	12.5KHz
	Digital Voice/Data	12.5KHz
	Digital Data	12.5KHz
Antenna Type	External	
Frequency Range	From 400 MHz to 470 MHz	

Note: The product has the same digital working characters when operating in both two digitized voice/data mode (7K60FXD and 7K60FXW). So only one set of test results for digital modulation modes are provided in this test report.

2.3. Equipment under Test

Power supply system utilised

Power supply voltage	:	○	120V / 60 Hz	○	115V / 60Hz
		○	12 V DC	○	24 V DC
		●	Other (specified in blank below)		

DC 7.40V

Test frequency list

Modulation Type	Test Channel	Test Frequency
Analog/FM	Low Channel	400.5000 MHz
	Low Channel	418.0000 MHz
	Middle Channel	435.5000 MHz
	High Channel	453.0000 MHz
	High Channel	469.5000 MHz
Digital/4FSK	Low Channel	400.5000 MHz
	Low Channel	418.0000 MHz
	Middle Channel	435.5000 MHz
	High Channel	453.0000 MHz
	High Channel	469.5000 MHz

2.4. Short description of the Equipment under Test (EUT)

406-470 MHz U frequency band Ex Digital Radio with GPS function(Model: PD792 Ex).

The spatial peak SAR values were assessed for UHF systems. Battery and accessories shell be specified by the manufacturer. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output.

2.5. TEST Configuration

Face-held Configuration

The front of the EUT is towards the phantom.

The front surface of the EUT is positioned at 25mm parallel to the flat phantom.

Body-worn Configuration

Body-worn Configuration - Default Battery Selection - per FCC KDB 643646, Page 5, Section 1) A): Start by testing a PTT radio with the battery and a standard (default) Body-worn accessory.

Body-worn Configuration - Default Body-worn Accessory Selection - the belt-clip was selected as the default Body-worn accessory based on the smaller separation distance it provides between the radio and the user in comparison to the remaining accessories. Per FCC KDB 643646, Page 5, Section 1) A): "When multiple default Body-worn accessories are supplied with a radio, the standard Body-worn accessory expected to result in the highest SAR based on its construction and exposure conditions is considered the default Body-worn accessory for making Body-worn measurements."

Body-worn Configuration - Additional Body-worn Accessories - the remaining Body-worn accessories were evaluated based on the "additional Body-worn accessory" guidance provided in FCC KDB 643646, Page 7, Section 4). The remaining Body-worn accessories can be utilized with all the audio accessory options.

Body-worn Configuration - Selection of Default Audio Accessories by Category - the Default Audio Accessories by Category were selected based on the guidance provided in FCC KDB 643646, Section "Body SAR Test Considerations for Audio Accessories without Built-in Antenna", Page 10: "For audio accessories with similar construction and operating requirements, test only the audio accessory within the group that is expected to result in the highest SAR, with respect to changes in RF characteristics and exposure conditions for the combination. If it is unclear which audio accessory within a group of similar accessories is expected to result in the highest SAR, good engineering judgment and preliminary testing should be applied to select the accessory that is expected to result in the highest SAR." The Remaining Audio Accessories by Category were evaluated on the highest SAR channel from the Default Audio Accessory evaluations.

2.6. EUT operation mode

The EUT has been tested under typical operating condition and The Transmitter was operated in the normal operating mode. The TX frequency was fixed which was for the purpose of the measurements.

2.7. EUT configuration

The following peripheral devices and interface cables were connected during the measurement:

Accessory name	Internal Identification	Model	Description	Remark
Antenna	A1	AN0435H05	Antenna,400-470 MHz,Stub,DMR	performed
Battery	B1	BL1807-Ex	Intrinsically Safe Li-ion Battery(1800mAh)	performed
Belt clip	BC2	BC19	Spring Belt Clip	performed
Leather Case	LC1	LCY005	Carrying Case with (Leather)(swivel)	performed
Audio Accessories	AA1	EHN12-Ex	Ex earset with On-Mic PTT	performed
	AA2	EBN10-Ex	Intrinsically Safe Bone Conduction Headset	performed
	AA3	ELN09-Ex	Intrinsically Safe Throat-vibrating Earpiece	performed

	AA4	ECN20-Ex	Intrinsically Safe Noise-cancelling Headset	performed
	AA5	SM18N4-Ex	Intrinsically Safe Remote Speaker Microphone	performed

AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

2.8. Note

1. The EUT is a U frequency band (400-470MHz) Ex Digital Radio with GPS function,The functions of the EUT listed as below:

	Test Standards	Reference Report
SAR	FCC §2.1093 IEEE1528:2003	TRE1309002801

3. TEST ENVIRONMENT

3.1. Address of the test laboratory

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd
Keji Nan No.12 Road, Hi-tech Park, Shenzhen, China
Phone: 86-755-26715686 Fax: 86-755-26748089

The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.7, ANSI C63.4 (2009) and CISPR Publication 22.

3.2. Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

CNAS-Lab Code: L1225

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for Testing and Calibration Laboratories (identical to ISO/IEC 17025: 2005 General Requirements) for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories, Date of Registration: Mar. 29, 2012. Valid time is until Feb. 28, 2015.

A2LA-Lab Cert. No. 2243.01

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been accredited by A2LA for technical competence in the field of electrical testing, and proved to be in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025: 2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories and any additional program requirements in the identified field of testing. Valid time is until Sept. 30, 2015.

FCC-Registration No.: 662850

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the FCC (Federal Communications Commission). The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Registration 662850, Renewal date June. 01, 2012, valid time is until June. 01, 2015.

IC-Registration No.: 5377A

The 3m Alternate Test Site of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for the performance of radiated measurements with Registration No. 5377A on Jan. 25, 2011, valid time is until Jan. 24, 2014.

ACA

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory can also perform testing for the Australian C-Tick mark as a result of our A2LA accreditation.

VCCI

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber (12.2m×7.95m×6.7m) and Shielded Room (8m×4m×3m) of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered in accordance with the Regulations for Voluntary Control Measures with Registration No.: G-292. Date of Registration: Dec. 20, 2012. Valid time is until Dec. 19, 2015.

Main Ports Conducted Interference Measurement of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered in accordance with the Regulations for Voluntary Control Measures with Registration No.: C-2726. Date of Registration: Dec. 20, 2012. Valid time is until Dec. 19, 2015.

Telecommunication Ports Conducted Interference Measurement of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered in accordance with the Regulations for Voluntary Control Measures with Registration No.: T-1837. Date of Registration: May 07, 2013. Valid time is until May 06, 2016.

DNV

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been found to comply with the requirements of DNV towards subcontractor of EMC and safety testing services in conjunction with the EMC and Low voltage Directives and in the voluntary field. The acceptance is based on a formal quality Audit and follow-ups according to relevant parts of ISO/IEC Guide 17025 (2005), in accordance with the requirements of the DNV Laboratory Quality Manual towards subcontractors. Valid time is until Aug. 24, 2016.

3.3. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Temperature:	18-25 ° C
Humidity:	40-65 %
Atmospheric pressure:	950-1050mbar

3.4. SAR Limits

FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

EXPOSURE LIMITS	SAR (W/kg)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

3.5. Equipments Used during the Test

Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Calibration	Calibration Interval
Data Acquisition Electronics DAEx	SPEAG	DAE4	1315	2013/02/27	1
E-field Probe	SPEAG	ES3DV3	3292	2013/02/24	1
System Validation Dipole D450V3	SPEAG	D450V3	1079	2013/02/28	1
Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent	85070E	US44020288	/	/
Power meter	Agilent	E4417A	GB41292254	2013/03/26	1
Power sensor	Agilent	8481H	MY41095360	2013/03/26	1
Signal generator	IFR	2032	203002/100	2013/10/26	1
Amplifier	AR	75A250	302205	2013/10/26	1

4. SAR Measurements System configuration

4.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.

The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.

The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003.

DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.

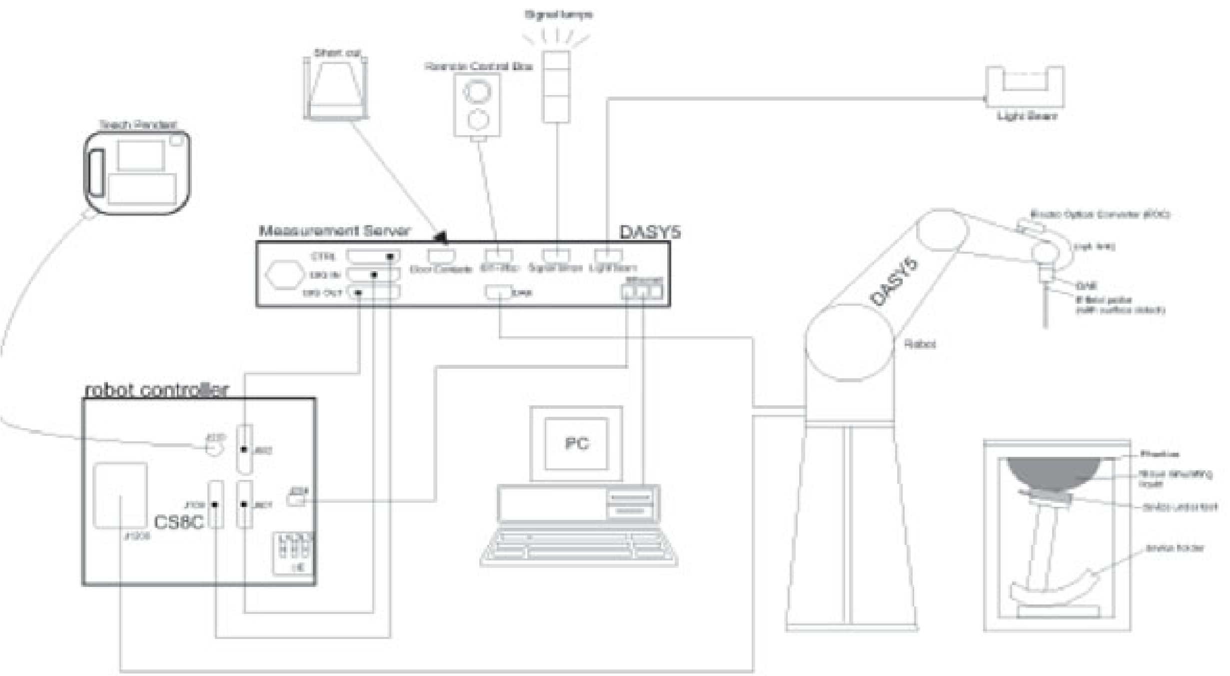
Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.

The device holder for handheld mobile phones.

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.

System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.



4.2. DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe ES3DV3 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

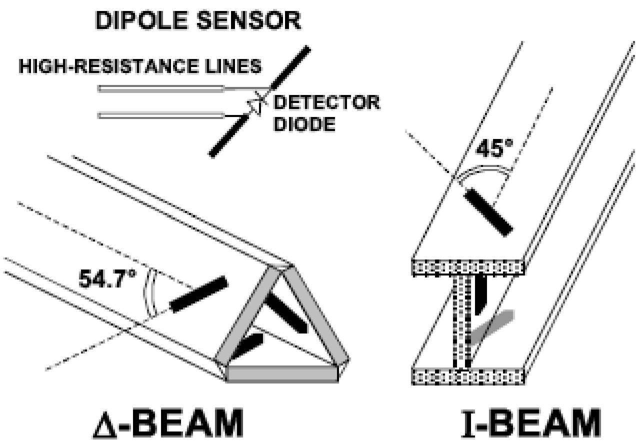
Probe Specification

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 µW/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 4 GHz Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of mobile phones
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



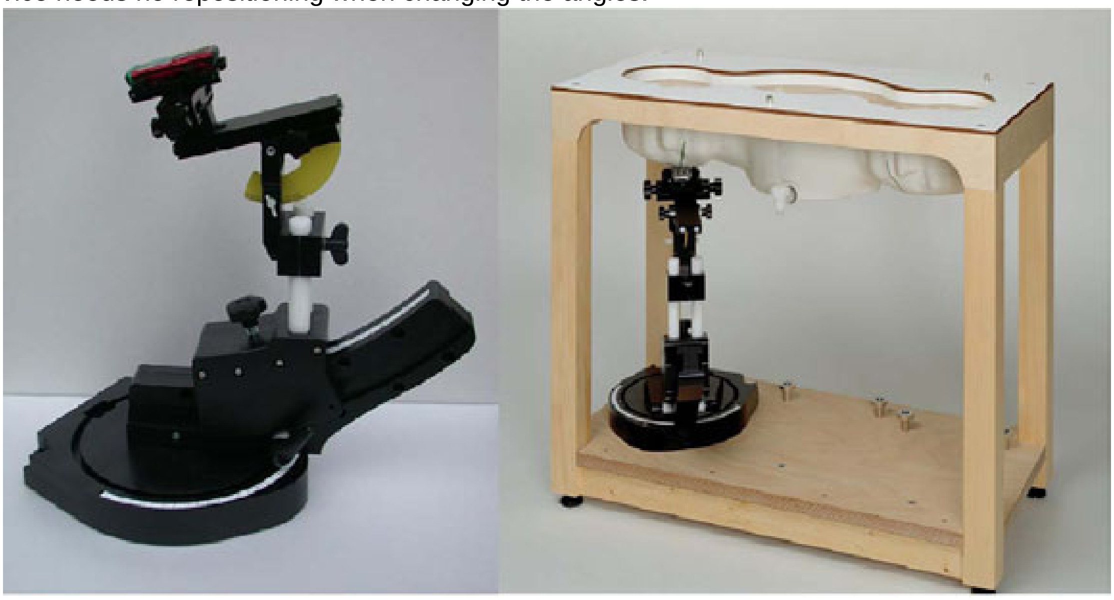
4.3. Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6mm).
System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.

SAM Twin Phantom

4.4. Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the DASY system.
The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

4.5. Scanning Procedure

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

The “reference” and “drift” measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT’s output power and should vary max. ± 5 %.

The “surface check” measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above ± 0.1mm). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within ± 30°.)

Area Scan
The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot.Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged. After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

Zoom Scan
Zoom Scans are used to estimate the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan is done by 7x7x7 points within a cube whose base is centered around the maxima found in the preceding area scan.

Spatial Peak Detection
The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented and can determine values of masses of 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses.The DASY5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as: • maximum search • extrapolation • boundary correction • peak search for averaged SAR During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard’s method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation. Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space. They are used in the Zoom Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard’s method for extrapolation. For a grid using 7x7x7 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1g and 10g cubes.

A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube 7x7x7 scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 5mm steps.

4.6. Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage
The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension “.DA4”. The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm^2], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation
The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2
	- Conversion factor	ConvFi
	- Diode compression point	Dcpi
Device parameters:	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters:	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

With Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)
Ui = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)
cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)
dcpi = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\mathrm{E-fieldprobes:} \qquad E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

$$\mathrm{H-fieldprobes:} \qquad H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1} f + a_{i2} f^2}{f}$$

With Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)
Normi = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)
[mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes
ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution
aij = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes
f = carrier frequency [GHz]
Ei = electric field strength of channel i in V/m
Hi = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g
Etot = total field strength in V/m
σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

4.7. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The liquid is consisted of water,salt,Glycol,Sugar,Preventol and Cellulose.The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the KDB865664.

Target Frequency	Head		Body	
(MHz)	ε_r	σ(S/m)	ε_r	σ(S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

(ε_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m^3)

4.8. Dielectric Performance

Dielectric Performance of Head Tissue Simulating Liquid

Measurement is made at temperature 22.0℃ and relative humidity 55%.			
Liquid temperature during the test: 22.0℃			
Measurement Date: 450 MHz Oct 10^{th}, 2013			
/	Frequency	Frequency ε	Conductivity σ (S/m)
Measurement value	450 MHz	44.09	0.89

Dielectric Performance of Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

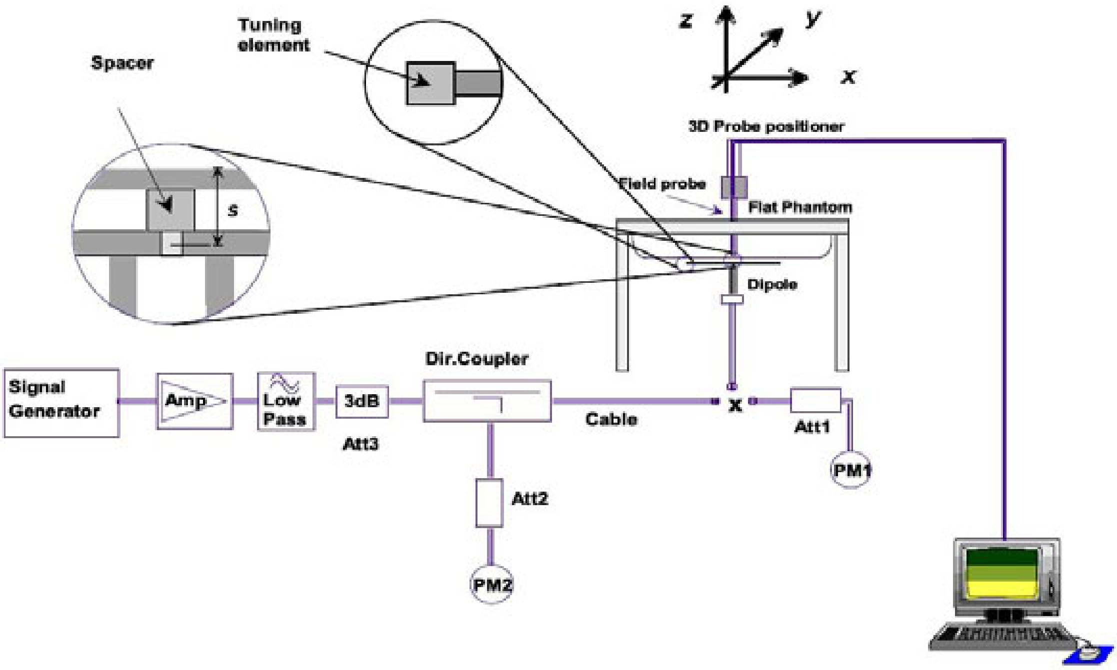
Measurement is made at temperature 22.0℃ and relative humidity 55%.			
Liquid temperature during the test: 22.0℃			
Measurement Date: 450 MHz Oct 10^{th}, 2013			
/	Frequency	Frequency ε	Conductivity σ (S/m)
Measurement value	450 MHz	54.39	0.90

4.9. System Check

The purpose of the system check is to verify that the system operates within its specifications at the decice test frequency.The system check is simple check of repeatability to make sure that the system works correctly at the time of the compliance test;

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system (±10 %).

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY5 system.



The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 26 dBm (398mW) before dipole is connected.

Photo of Dipole Setup

System Validation of Head

Measurement is made at temperature 22.0 ℃ and relative humidity 55%.							
Liquid temperature during the test: 22.0℃							
Measurement Date: 450 MHz Oct 10th, 2013							
Verification results	Frequency (MHz)	Target value (W/kg)		Measured value (W/kg)		Deviation	
		10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average
	450	1.21	1.81	1.15	1.72	-4.96%	-4.94%

System Validation of Body

Measurement is made at temperature 22.0 ℃ and relative humidity 55%.							
Liquid							
Measurement Date: 450 MHz Oct 10th, 2013							
Verification results	Frequency (MHz)	Target value (W/kg)		Measured value (W/kg)		Deviation	
		10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average
	450	1.16	1.74	1.09	1.66	-6.03%	-4.60%

5. TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

5.1. Conducted Power Results

According KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r01Section 4.1 2) states that “Unless it is specified differently in the published RF exposure KDB procedures, these requirements also apply to test reduction and test exclusion considerations. Time-averaged maximum conducted output power applies to SAR and, as required by § 2.1091(c), time-averaged ERP applies to MPE. When an antenna port is not available on the device to support conducted power measurement, such as FRS and certain Part 15 transmitters with built-in integral antennas, the maximum output power allowed for production units should be used to determine RF exposure test exclusion and compliance.”

Modulation Type	Channel Separation	Test Channel	Test Frequency	Maximum Transmitter Power at Rated High Power Level(dBm)
Analog/FM	12.5KHz	Ch1	400.5MHz	30.77
		Ch2	418.0 MHz	30.78
		Ch3	435.5 MHz	30.79
		Ch4	453.0 MHz	30.77
		Ch5	469.5 MHz	30.78
Digital/4FSK	12.5KHz	Ch1	400.5MHz	30.76
		Ch2	418.0 MHz	30.75
		Ch3	435.5 MHz	30.79
		Ch4	453.0 MHz	30.78
		Ch5	469.5 MHz	30.76

5.2. Test reduction procedure

Maximum power level

The maximum power level, $P_{max,m}$, that can be transmitted by a device before the SAR averaged over a mass, m, exceeds a given limit, SAR_{lim}, can be defined. Any device transmitting at power levels below $P_{max,m}$ can then be excluded from SAR testing. The lowest possible value for $P_{max,m}$ is: $P_{max,m} = SAR_{lim} * m$.

5.3. SAR Measurement Results

Test Frequency		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Test Configuration	Measurement SAR over 1g(W/kg)		Power drift	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR over1g (W/kg)		SAR limit 1g (W/kg)	Ref. Plot #
Channel	MHz					100% Duty Cycle	50% Duty Cycle			100% Duty Cycle	50% Duty Cycle		
The EUT display towards ground for 12.5 KHz (Analog, face held)													
Ch1	400.5	PTT	31.00	30.77	Face Held	**1.922**	**0.961**	**0.09**	**1.05**	**2.018**	**1.009**	8.00	1
Ch2	418.0	PTT	31.00	30.78	Face Held	1.360	0.780	0.00	1.05	1.428	0.819	8.00	---
Ch3	435.5	PTT	31.00	30.79	Face Held	0.642	0.321	-0.16	1.05	0.674	0.337	8.00	---
Ch4	453.0	PTT	31.00	30.77	Face Held	0.884	0.442	0.13	1.05	0.928	0.464	8.00	---
Ch5	469.5	PTT	31.00	30.78	Face Held	0.374	0.187	-0.12	1.05	0.393	0.196	8.00	---
Worst case position for 12.5 KHz (Digital, face held)													
Ch1	400.5	PTT	31.00	30.77	Face Held	1.788	0.894	-0.16	1.05	1.877	0.939	8.00	---
The EUT display towards ground for 12.5 KHz with BC2 and AA1 (Analog, Body-Worn)													
Ch1	400.5	PTT	31.00	30.77	Body Worn	**3.624**	**1.812**	**0.11**	**1.05**	**3.805**	**1.903**	8.00	2
Ch2	418.0	PTT	31.00	30.78	Body Worn	2.420	1.210	-0.08	1.05	2.541	1.271	8.00	---
Ch3	435.5	PTT	31.00	30.79	Body Worn	3.112	1.556	0.05	1.05	3.268	1.634	8.00	---
Ch4	453.0	PTT	31.00	30.77	Body Worn	2.508	1.254	-0.03	1.05	2.633	1.317	8.00	---
Ch5	469.5	PTT	31.00	30.78	Body Worn	1.277	0.639	-0.24	1.05	1.341	0.671	8.00	---
Worst case position for 12.5 KHz with BC2 and AA1 (Digital, Body-Worn)													
Ch1	400.5	PTT	31.00	30.77	Body Worn	3.464	1.732	-0.22	1.05	3.637	1.819	8.0	---
The EUT display towards ground for 12.5 KHz with LC1 and AA1 (Analog, Body-Worn)													
Ch1	400.5	PTT	31.00	30.77	Body Worn	3.270	1.635	0.14	1.05	3.434	1.717	8.0	---
The EUT display towards ground for 12.5 KHz with LC1 and AA2 (Analog, Body-Worn)													
Ch1	400.5	PTT	31.00	30.77	Body Worn	2.876	1.438	-0.04	1.05	3.020	1.510	8.0	---
The EUT display towards ground for 12.5 KHz with LC1 and AA3 (Analog, Body-Worn)													
Ch1	400.5	PTT	31.00	30.77	Body Worn	2.930	1.465	-0.13	1.05	3.077	1.538	8.0	---
The EUT display towards ground for 12.5 KHz with LC1 and AA4 (Analog, Body-Worn)													
Ch1	400.5	PTT	31.00	30.77	Body Worn	3.141	1.571	0.12	1.05	3.298	1.650	8.0	---
The EUT display towards ground for 12.5 KHz with LC1 and AA5 (Analog, Body-Worn)													
Ch1	400.5	PTT	31.00	30.77	Body Worn	3.198	1.599	-0.06	1.05	3.358	1.679	8.0	---

Note: 1. When the head SAR of an antenna tested on the highest output power channel with the default battery is < 3.5 W/kg, testing of all other required channels is not necessary.

2. When the SAR for all antennas tested using the default battery is < 4.0 W/kg, test additional batteries using the antenna and channel configuration that resulted in the highest SAR among all antennas.

3. For body-worn configuration, battery “Thinner” was selected as the default battery".

4. When the body SAR of an antenna is ≤ 3.5 W/kg, testing of all other required channels is not necessary for that antenna.

5. When the highest SAR of an antenna tested with the default battery using the default body-worn and audio accessory is > 4.0 W/kg, test additional batteries with the default body-worn and audio accessory on the channel that resulted in the highest SAR for that antenna.

6. The audio accessory Speaker Mic was selected as the default audio accessory based on preliminary evaluations resulting in the most conservative SAR of all the disclosed audio accessory options.

5.4. Measurement Uncertainty (300MHz-3GHz)

No.	Error Description	Type	Uncertainty Value	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	Degree of freedom
Measurement System										
1	Probe calibration	B	5.50%	N	1	1	1	5.50%	5.50%	∞
2	Axial isotropy	B	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.90%	1.90%	∞
3	Hemispherical isotropy	B	9.60%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	3.90%	3.90%	∞
4	Boundary Effects	B	1.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	∞
5	Probe Linearity	B	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.70%	2.70%	∞
6	Detection limit	B	1.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	∞
7	RF ambient conditions-noise	B	0.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	∞
8	RF ambient conditions-reflection	B	0.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	∞
9	Response time	B	0.80%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.50%	0.50%	∞
10	Integration time	B	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.90%	2.90%	∞
11	RF ambient	B	3.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	∞
12	Probe positioned mech. restrictions	B	0.40%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.20%	0.20%	∞
13	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	B	2.90%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	∞
14	Max.SAR evalation	B	3.90%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	∞
Test Sample Related										
15	Test sample positioning	A	1.86%	N	1	1	1	1.86%	1.86%	∞
16	Device holder uncertainty	A	1.70%	N	1	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	∞
17	Drift of output power	B	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.90%	2.90%	∞
Phantom and Set-up										
18	Phantom uncertainty	B	4.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	∞

19	Liquid conductivity (target)	B	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.80%	1.20%	∞
20	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	0.50%	N	1	0.64	0.43	0.32%	0.26%	∞
21	Liquid permittivity (target)	B	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.80%	1.20%	∞
22	Liquid cpermittivity (meas.)	A	0.16%	N	1	0.64	0.43	0.10%	0.07%	∞
Combined standard uncertainty	$u_c = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{22} c_i^2 u_i^2}$		/	/	/	/	/	10.20%	10.00%	∞
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)	$u_e = 2u_c$		/	R	K=2	/	/	20.40%	20.00%	∞

5.5. System Check Results

System Performance Check at 450 MHz Head TSL

DUT: Dipole450 MHz; Type: D450V2; Serial: 4d134

Date/Time: 10/10/2013 09:06:09 AM

Communication System: DuiJiangJi; Frequency: 450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 450 MHz; σ = 0.89 mho/m; ε r = 42.81; ρ = 1000 kg/m

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.71, 6.71, 6.71); Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 1315; Calibrated: 27/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (101x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.66 W/kg

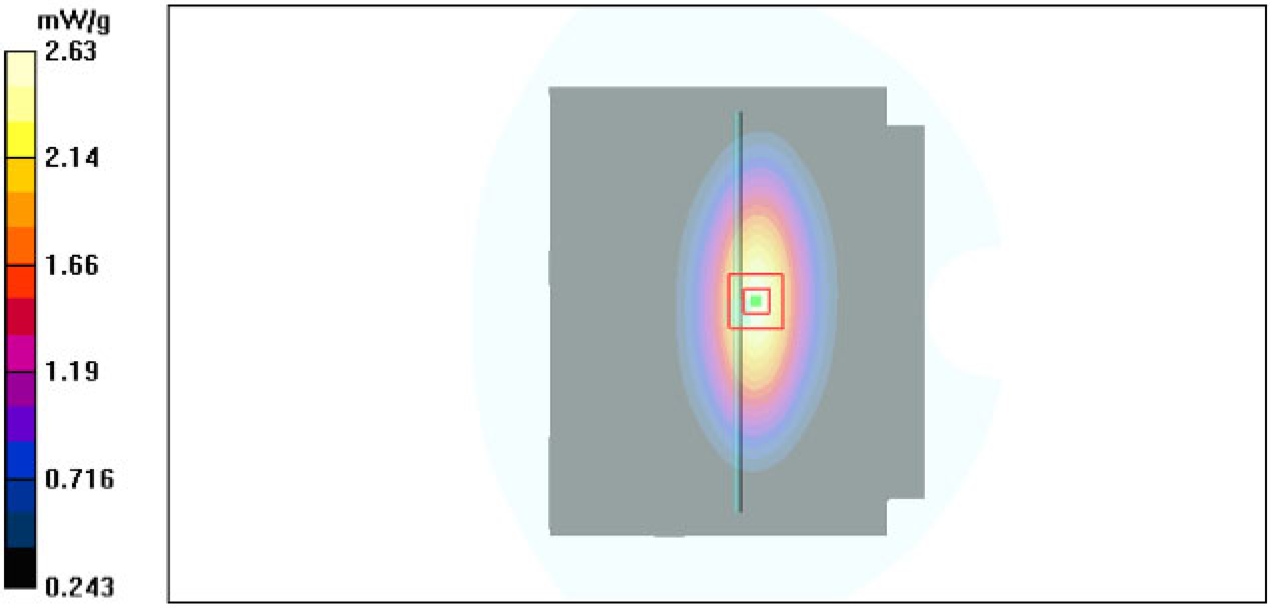
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 51.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.031 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.87 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 1.72 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.15 mW/ g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =2.58 W/kg



System Performance Check 450MHz 398mW

System Performance Check at 450 MHz Body TSL

DUT: Dipole450 MHz; Type: D450V2; Serial: 4d134

Date/Time: 10/10/2013 10:12:14 AM

Communication System: DuiJiangJi; Frequency: 450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 450 MHz; σ = 0.96 S/m; ε_r = 54.02; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(7.10, 7.10, 7.10); Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 1315; Calibrated: 27/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.91 W/kg

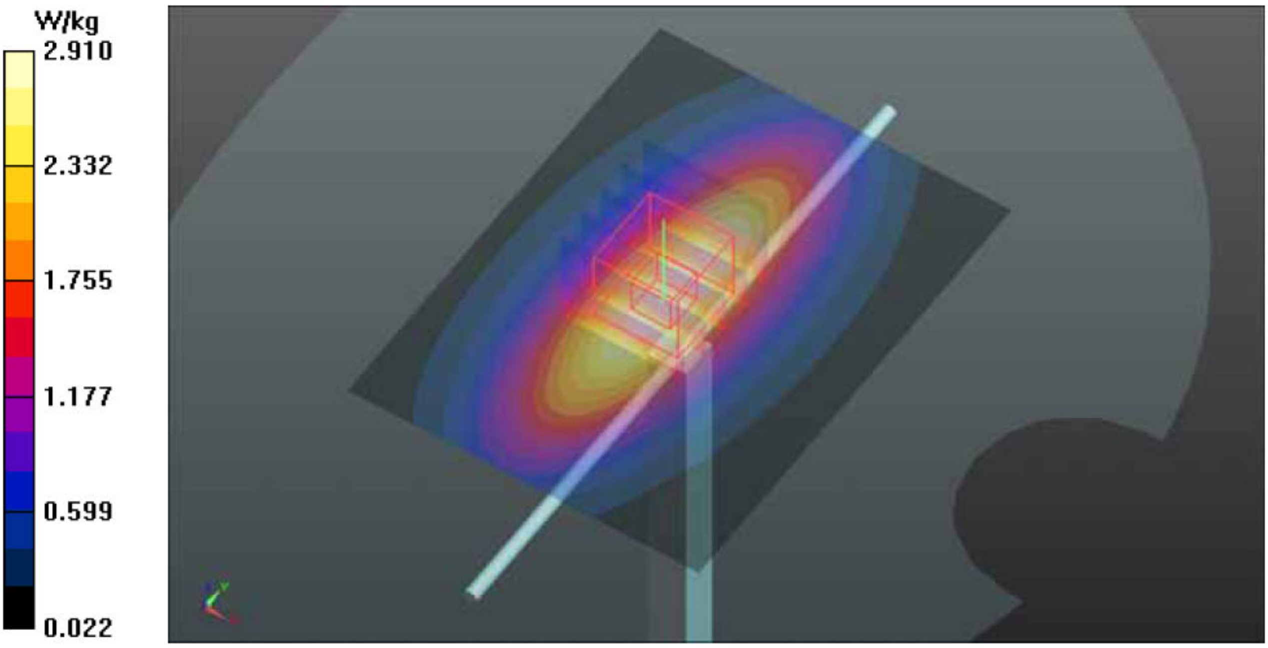
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.439 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.45 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 1.66 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.09 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =2.94 W/kg



System Performance Check 450MHz 398mW

5.6. SAR Test Graph Results

Face held for 12.5 KHz Analog Front towards Phantom 400.5 MHz

Communication System: DuiJiangJi; Frequency: 400.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 400.5 MHz; σ = 0.89 S/m; ε_r = 43.67; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.71, 6.71, 6.71); Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn851; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (51x131x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.13 W/kg

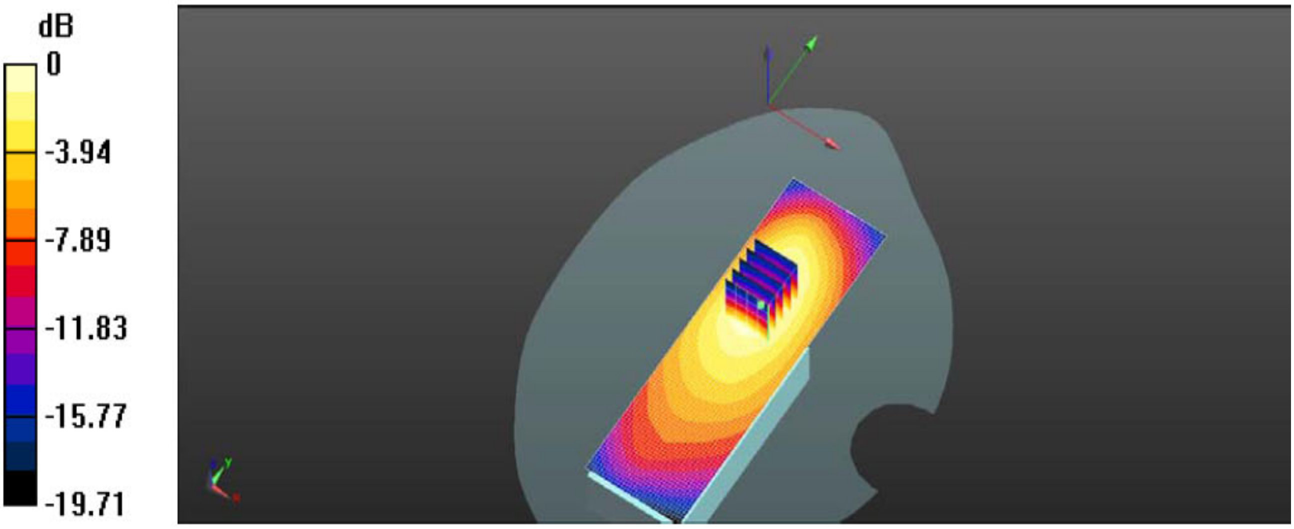
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 50.234 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.412 W/kg

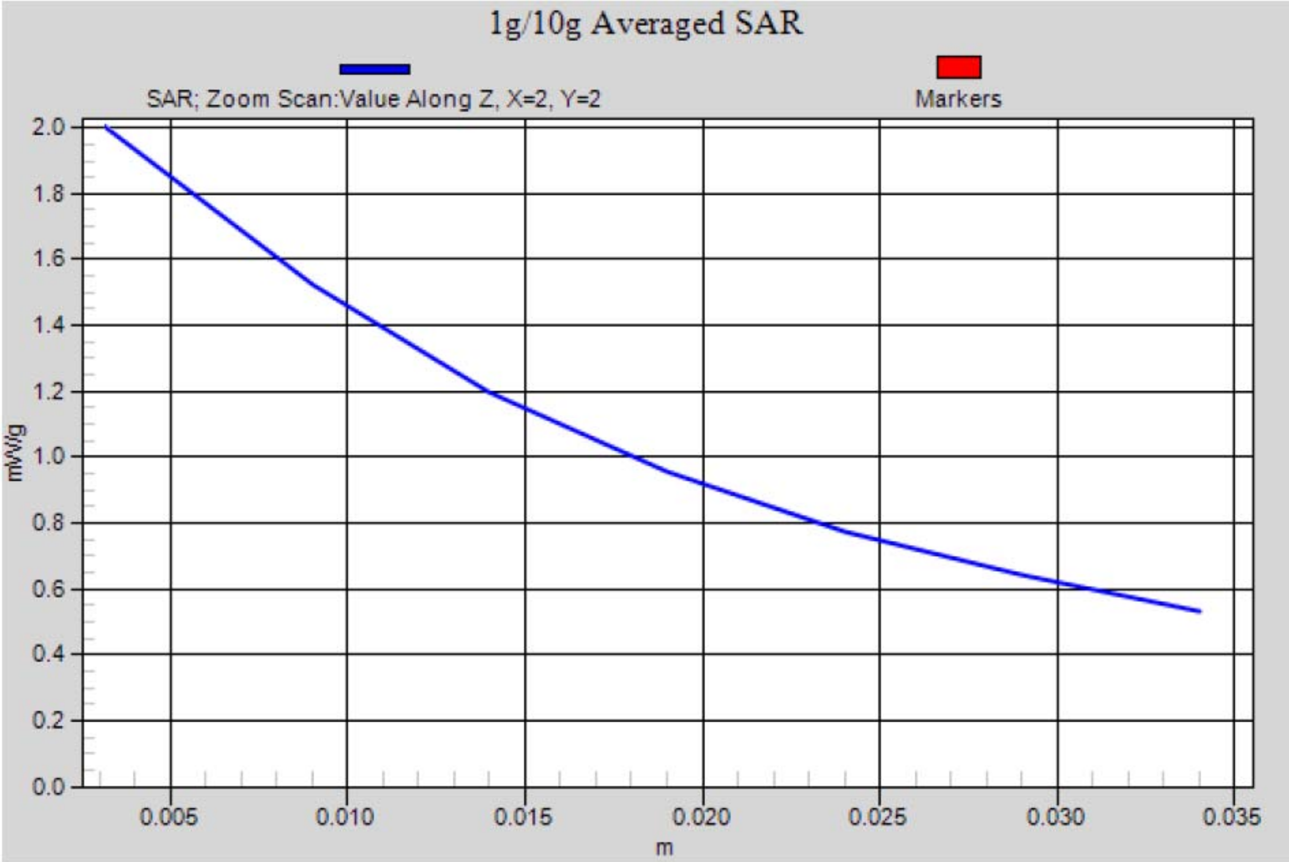
SAR(1 g) = 1.922 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.397 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.05 W/kg



0 dB = 2.05 W/kg = 3.12 dB W/kg

Figure 1: Face held for 12.5 KHz Analog Front towards Phantom 400.5 MHz



Z-Scan at power reference point- Face held for 12.5 KHz Analog (400.5 MHz)

Body-worn for 12.5 KHz Analog with BC2 and AA1 Front towards Ground 400.5 MHz

Communication System: DuiJiangJi; Frequency: 400.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 400.5 MHz; σ = 0.95 mho/m; ε_r = 57.32; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Body- worn

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(7.10, 7.10, 7.10); Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 1315; Calibrated: 27/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (51x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =3.92 W/kg

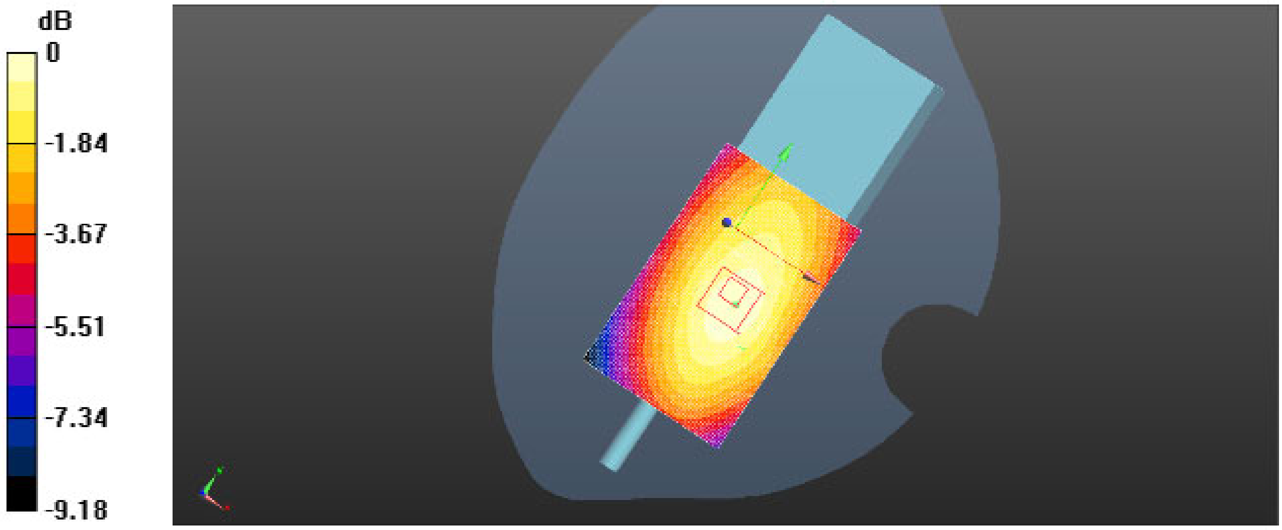
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 76.88 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.26 mW/g

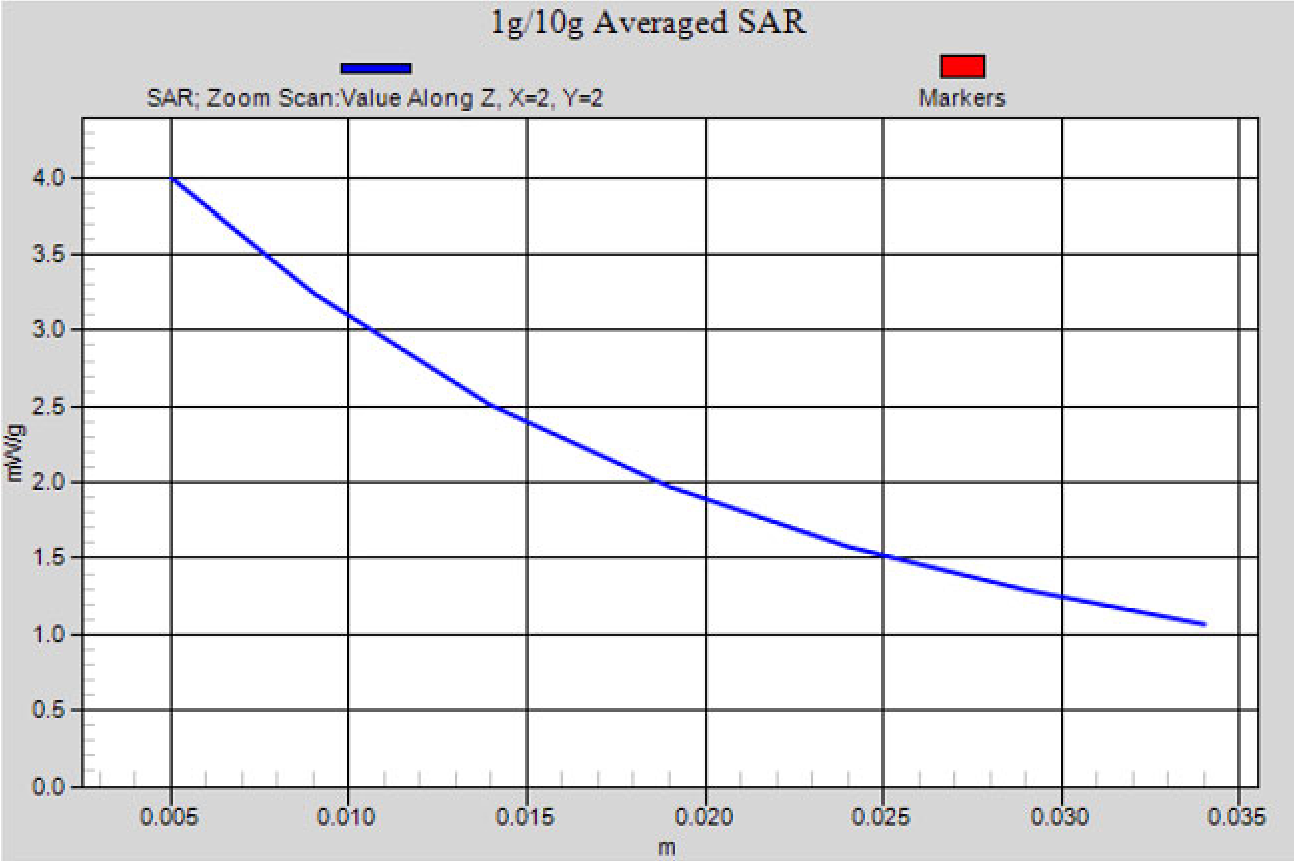
SAR(1 g) = 3.624 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.891 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.95 W/kg



0 dB = 3.95 W/kg = 5.96 dB W/kg

Figure 2: Body-worn for 12.5 KHz Analog with BC2 and AA1 Front towards Ground 400.5 MHz



Z-Scan at power reference point- Body-worn for 12.5 KHz Analog with BC2 and AA1 (400.5 MHz)

6. Calibration Certificate

6.1. Probe Calibration Ceriticate

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

ilac-MRA SWISS CALIBRATION

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client CIQ SZ (Auden)

Certificate No: ES3-3292_Feb13

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: ES3DV3 - SN:3292

Calibration procedure(s): QA CAL-01.v8, QA CAL-14.v7, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v4
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: February 24, 2013

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	31-Mar-12 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-13
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	31-Mar-12 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-13
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01369)	Apr-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-13
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01370)	Apr-13
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	29-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3013_Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 654	3-May-12 (No. DAE4-654_May12)	May-13
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-12)	In house check: Apr-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: February 27, 2013

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
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Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., ϑ = 0 is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z:* Assessed for E-field polarization ϑ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- *NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- *DCPx,y,z:* DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- *PAR:* PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- *Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z, VRx,y,z: A, B, C* are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. *VR* is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:* Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to *NORMx,y,z * ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Probe ES3DV3

SN:3292

Manufactured: July 6, 2010
Calibrated: February 24, 2013

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3292

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu V/(V/m)^2$)[A]	0.81	0.90	1.18	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV)[B]	105.9	104.7	102.0	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dB	C dB	VR mV	Unc[E] (k=2)
10000	CW	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	117.3	±2.2 %
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	94.2	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	108.2	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

[A] The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).
[B] Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
[E] Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3292

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) [C]	Relative Permittivity [F]	Conductivity (S/m) [F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
450	43.5	0.87	6.71	6.71	6.71	0.15	1.80	± 13.4 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.06	6.06	6.06	0.26	2.19	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	6.03	6.03	6.03	0.29	2.00	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	5.25	5.25	5.25	0.80	1.17	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	5.21	5.21	5.21	0.63	1.38	± 12.0 %
2100	39.8	1.49	5.15	5.15	5.15	0.80	1.20	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.47	4.47	4.47	0.63	1.50	± 12.0 %

[C] Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.
[F] At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3292

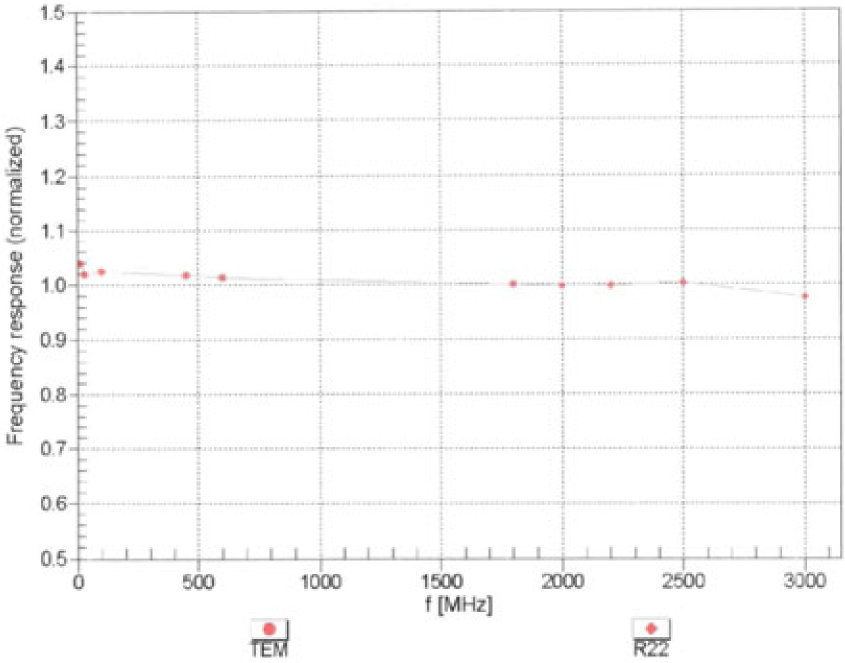
Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) [C]	Relative Permittivity [F]	Conductivity (S/m) [F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
450	56.7	0.94	7.10	7.10	7.10	0.09	1.00	± 13.4 %
835	55.2	0.97	6.14	6.14	6.14	0.42	1.57	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	6.07	6.07	6.07	0.48	1.49	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	4.86	4.86	4.86	0.62	1.42	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.66	4.66	4.66	0.47	1.75	± 12.0 %
2100	53.2	1.62	4.76	4.76	4.76	0.70	1.39	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.25	4.25	4.25	0.80	1.03	± 12.0 %

[C] Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.
[F] At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. A: frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Frequency Response of E-Field

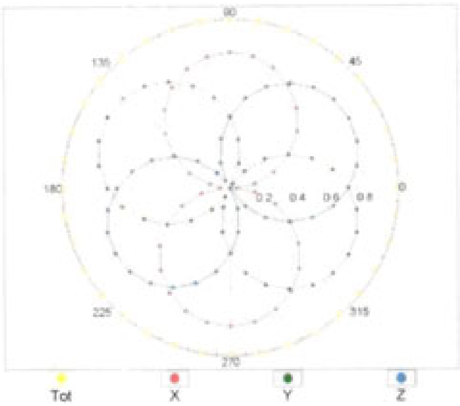
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



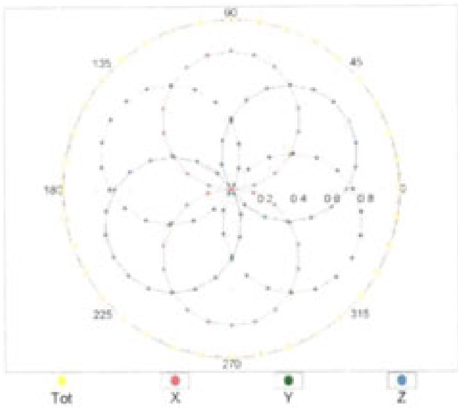
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

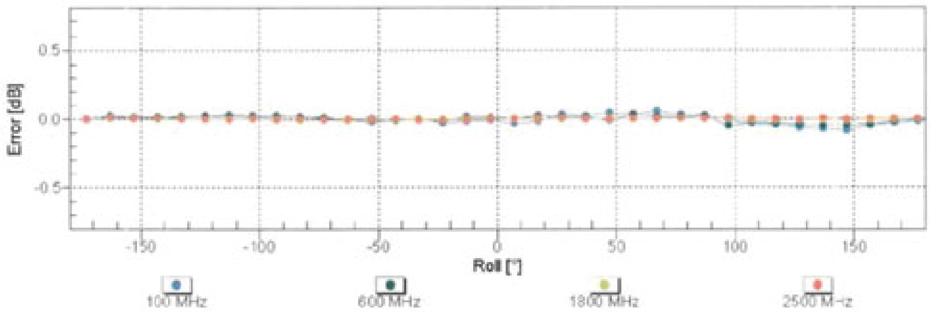
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 0°

f=600 MHz,TEM



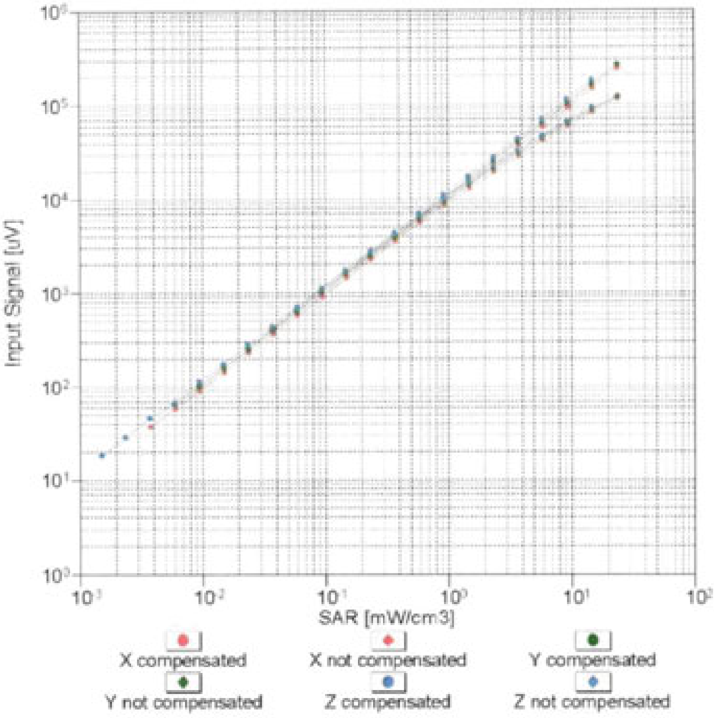
f=1800 MHz,R22

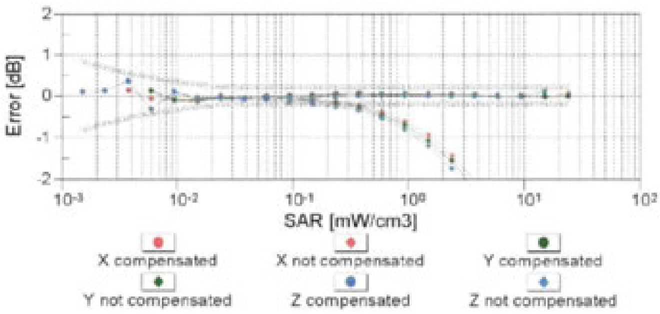




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})
(TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)

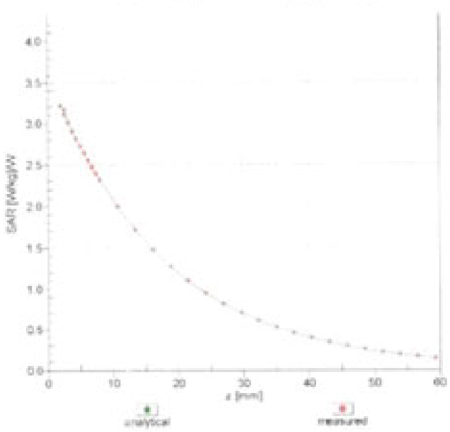


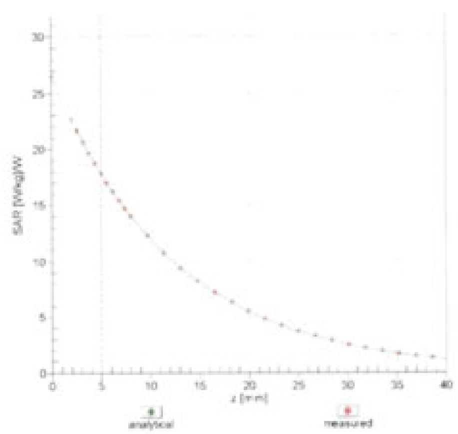


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

ES3DV3– SN:3292 February 24, 2013

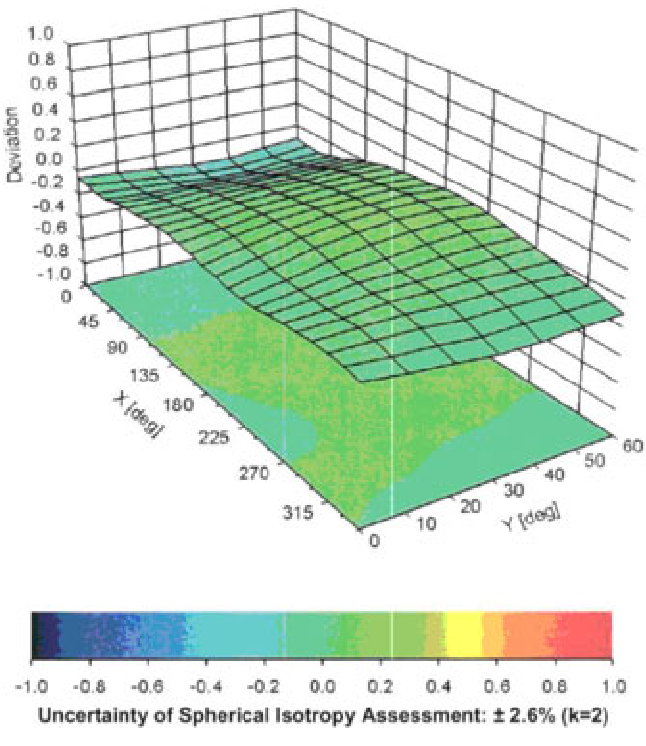
Conversion Factor Assessment





Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, ϑ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3292

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm

6.2. D450V3 Dipole Calibration Ceriticate

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **CIQ SZ (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D450V3-1079_Feb13**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D450V3 - SN: 1079
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-15.v6 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits below 700 MHz
Calibration date:	February 28, 2013

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	31-Mar-12 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-13
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	31-Mar-12 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-13
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01369)	Apr-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-13
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01168)	Apr-13
Reference Probe ET3DV6	SN: 1507	30-Dec-12 (No. ET3-1507_Dec11)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 654	03-May-12 (No. DAE4-654_May11)	May-13

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: February 28, 2013

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of
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Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.0
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	ELI4 Flat Phantom	Shell thickness: 2 ± 0.2 mm
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	43.5	0.87 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	43.6 ± 6 %	0.85 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	398 mW input power	1.81 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**4.63 mW /g ± 18.1 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	398 mW input power	1.21 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**3.09 mW /g ± 17.6 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	56.7	0.94 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	55.0 ± 6 %	0.91 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	398 mW input power	1.74 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**4.45 mW / g ± 18.1 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	398 mW input power	1.16 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**2.97 mW / g ± 17.6 % (k=2)**

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	59.8 Ω - 0.5 jΩ
Return Loss	- 21.0 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.4 Ω - 5.9 jΩ
Return Loss	- 21.7 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.350 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	March 03, 2011

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 28.02.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG

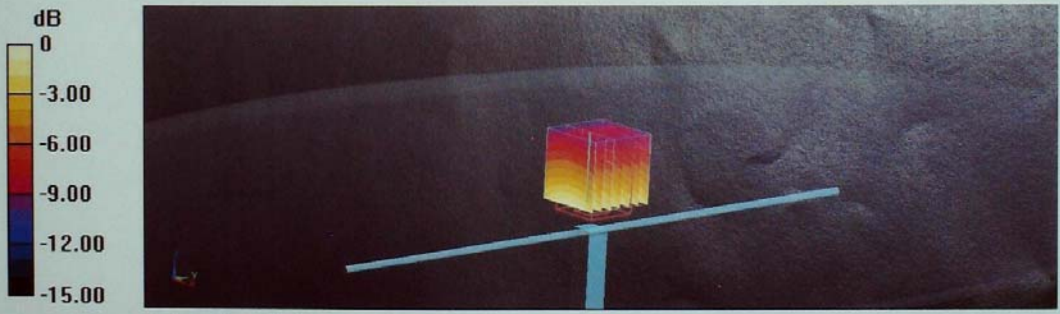
DUT: Dipole 450 MHz; Type: D450V3; Serial: D450V3 - SN: 1079

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 450 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 450 MHz; $\sigma = 0.85$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 43.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

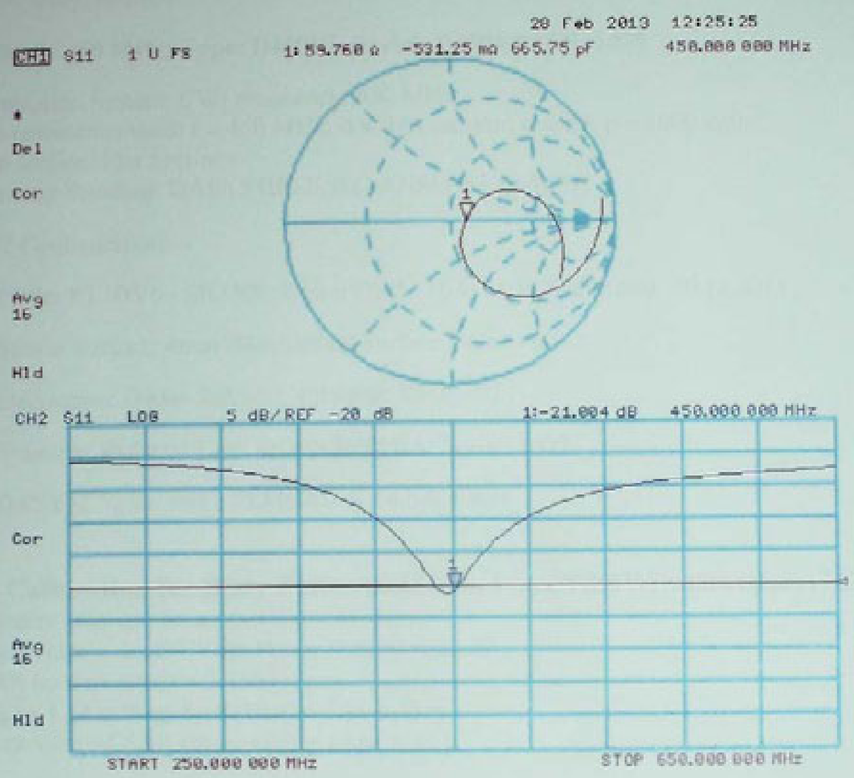
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(6.59, 6.59, 6.59); Calibrated: 30.12.2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn654; Calibrated: 03.05.2012
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1003
- DASY52 52.8.0(692); SEMCAD X 14.6.4(4989)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=398mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 49.699 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.7560
SAR(1 g) = 1.81 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.21 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.936 mW/g



0 dB = 1.940mW/g = 5.76 dB mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 28.02.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG

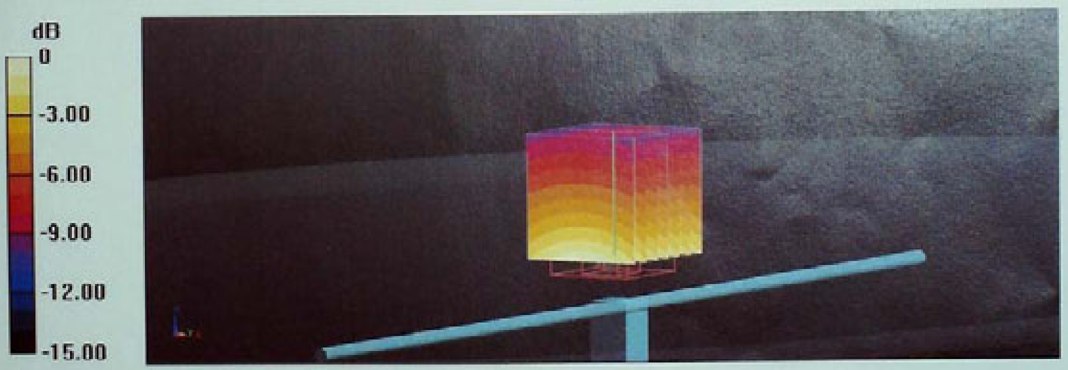
DUT: Dipole 450 MHz; Type: D450V3; Serial: D450V3 - SN: 1079

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 450 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 450 MHz; σ = 0.91 mho/m; ε_r = 55; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

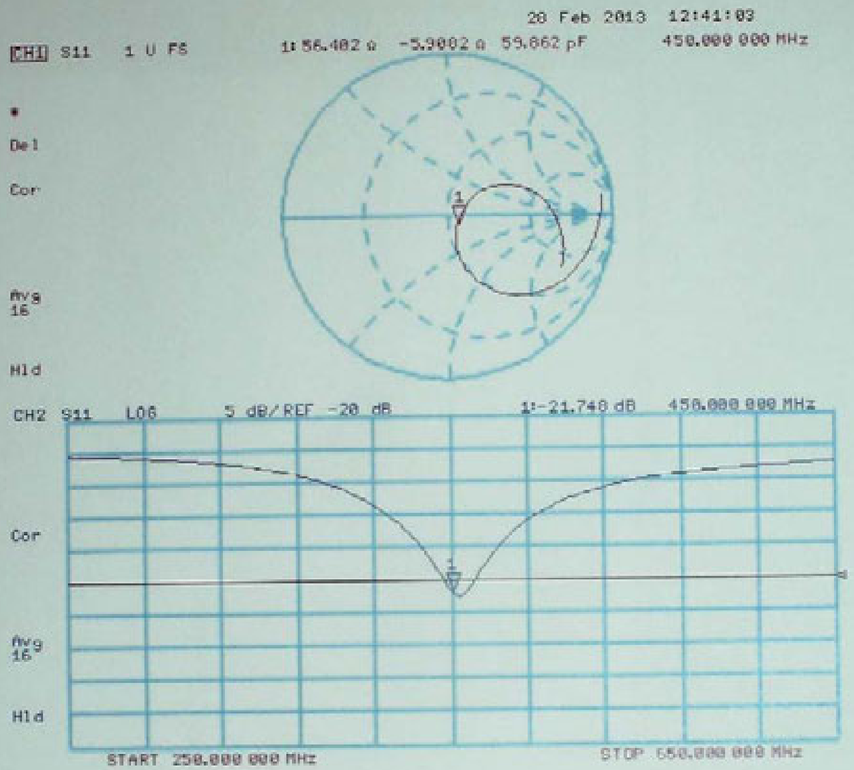
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(7.05, 7.05, 7.05); Calibrated: 30.12.2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn654; Calibrated: 03.05.2012
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1003
- DASY52 52.8.0(692); SEMCAD X 14.6.4(4989)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=398mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 46.491 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.7360
SAR(1 g) = 1.74 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.16 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.861 mW/g



0 dB = 1.860mW/g = 5.39 dB mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



6.3. DAE4 Calibration Ceriticate

Calibration Laboratory of
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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **CIQ SZ (Auden)**

Certificate No: **DAE4-1315_Feb13**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BJ - SN: 1315
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-06.v24 Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)
Calibration date:	February 27, 2013

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	28-Sep-12 (No:11450)	Sep-13
Secondary Standards	**ID #**	**Check Date (in house)**	**Scheduled Check**
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	05-Jan-12 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-13

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Andrea Guntli	Technician	
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	R&D Director	i.V.

Issued: February 27, 2013

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Glossary

DAE	data acquisition electronics
Connector angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle*: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
    - *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:* Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
    - *Common mode sensitivity:* Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
    - *Channel separation:* Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
    - *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:* Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
    - *Input Offset Measurement*: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
    - *Input Offset Current:* Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
    - *Input resistance:* Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
    - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage:* Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
    - *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1μV , full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV , full range = -1.......+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	405.194 ± 0.1% (k=2)	405.031 ± 0.1% (k=2)	405.006 ± 0.1% (k=2)
Low Range	4.00179 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.99504 ± 0.7% (k=2)	4.00535 ± 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	20.0 ° ± 1 °

Appendix

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	199993.07	-0.46	-0.00
Channel X	+ Input	19998.21	0.29	0.00
Channel X	- Input	-19997.04	5.94	-0.03
Channel Y	+ Input	199992.78	-1.05	-0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	19995.99	-1.88	-0.01
Channel Y	- Input	-20001.41	1.50	-0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	199996.23	3.02	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	19996.75	-0.72	-0.00
Channel Z	- Input	-20003.50	-0.24	0.00

Low Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	1999.32	-1.73	-0.09
Channel X	+ Input	200.22	-1.03	-0.51
Channel X	- Input	-198.55	0.32	-0.16
Channel Y	+ Input	1997.53	-3.28	-0.16
Channel Y	+ Input	199.64	-1.21	-0.60
Channel Y	- Input	-199.77	-0.78	0.39
Channel Z	+ Input	1997.90	-2.04	-0.10
Channel Z	+ Input	199.23	-1.21	-0.61
Channel Z	- Input	-200.63	-1.12	0.56

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	-1.10	-3.09
	- 200	4.35	3.23
Channel Y	200	-22.09	-22.46
	- 200	21.74	22.31
Channel Z	200	-4.46	-4.92
	- 200	3.65	2.86

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	-2.62	-3.29
Channel Y	200	6.73	-	-2.17
Channel Z	200	8.11	5.38	-

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16132	15682
Channel Y	16251	15151
Channel Z	15551	15659

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec
Input 10MΩ

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (μV)
Channel X	1.32	0.22	2.38	0.46
Channel Y	-1.23	-2.04	-0.58	0.36
Channel Z	-1.89	-3.56	-1.12	0.39

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

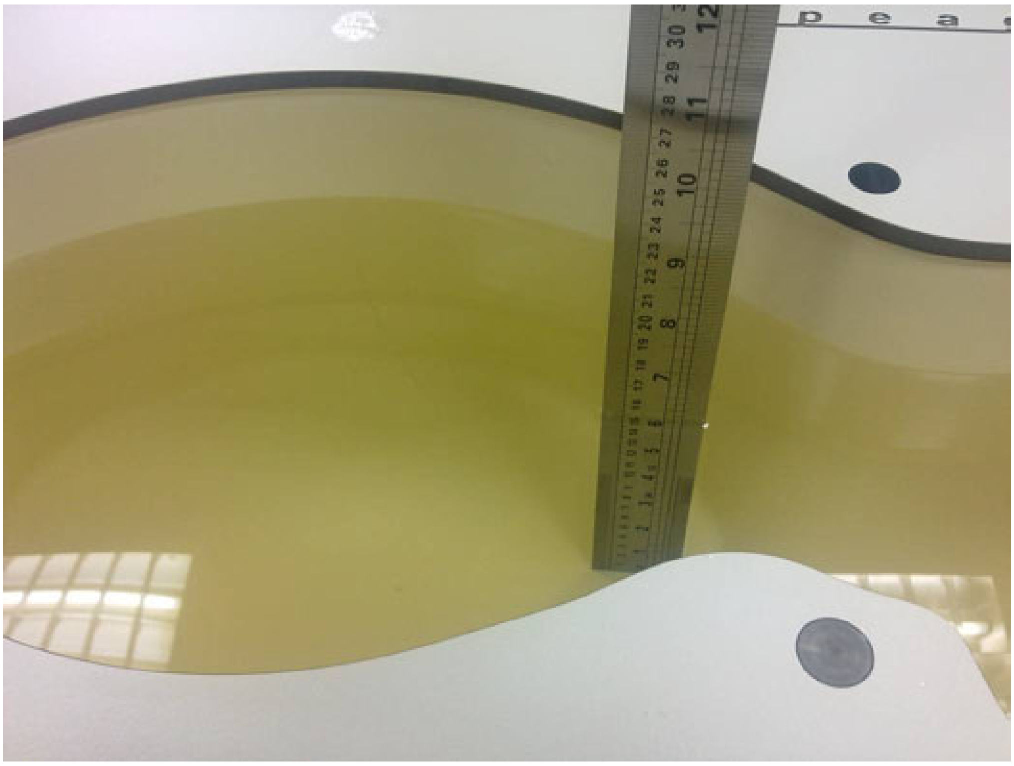
8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

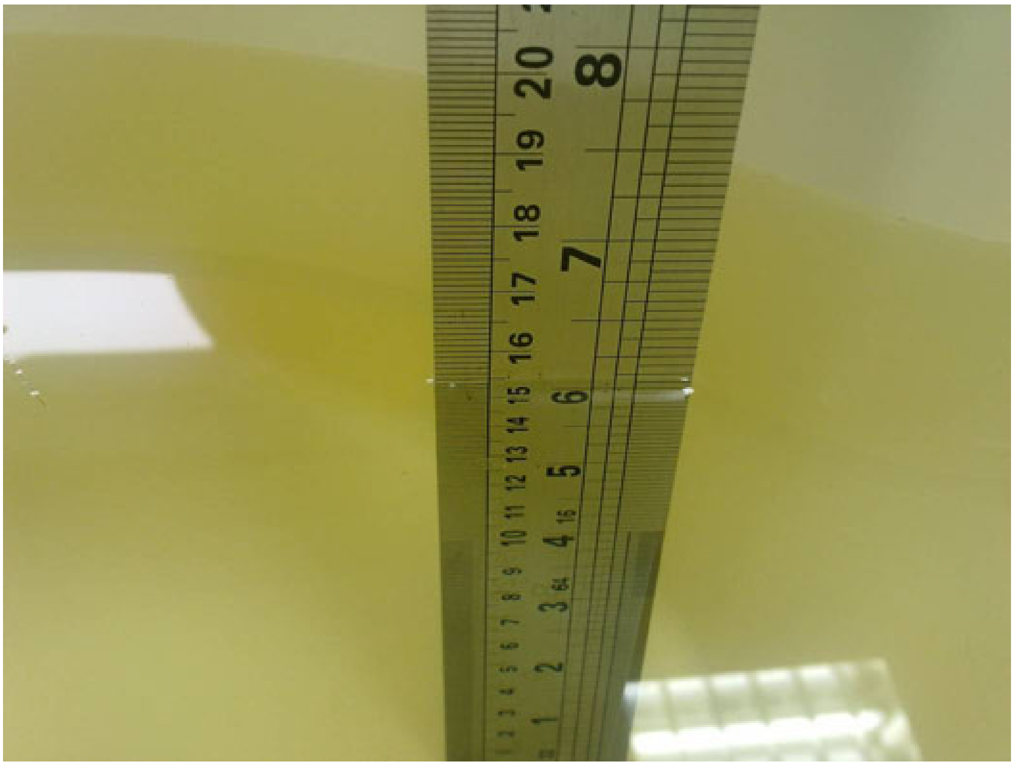
9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

7. Test Setup Photos

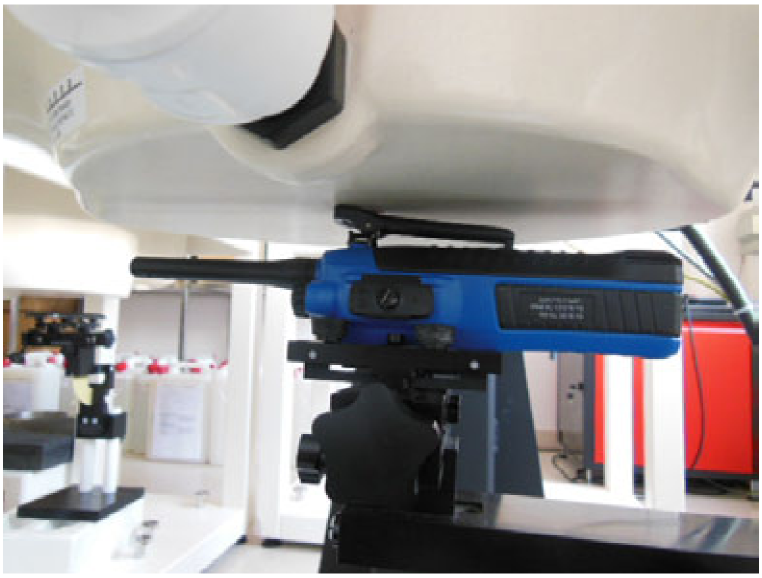


Photograph of the depth in the Head Phantom (450MHz)

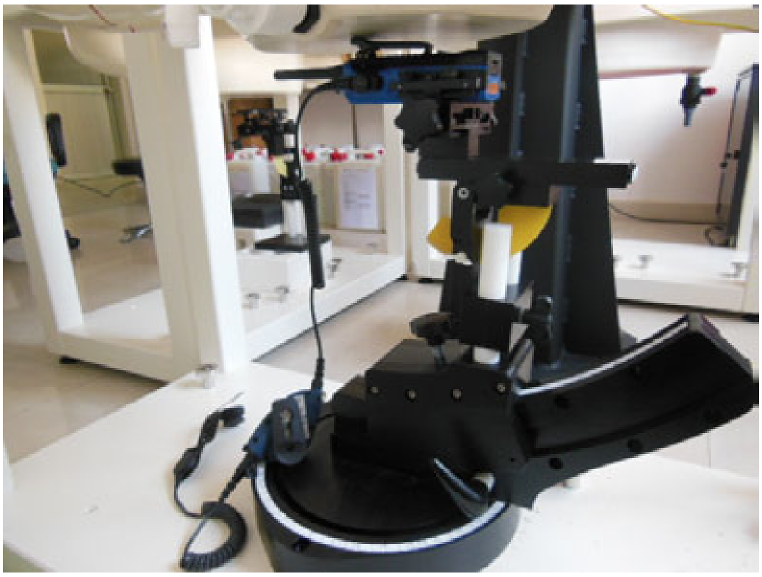


Photograph of the depth in the Body Phantom (450MHz)

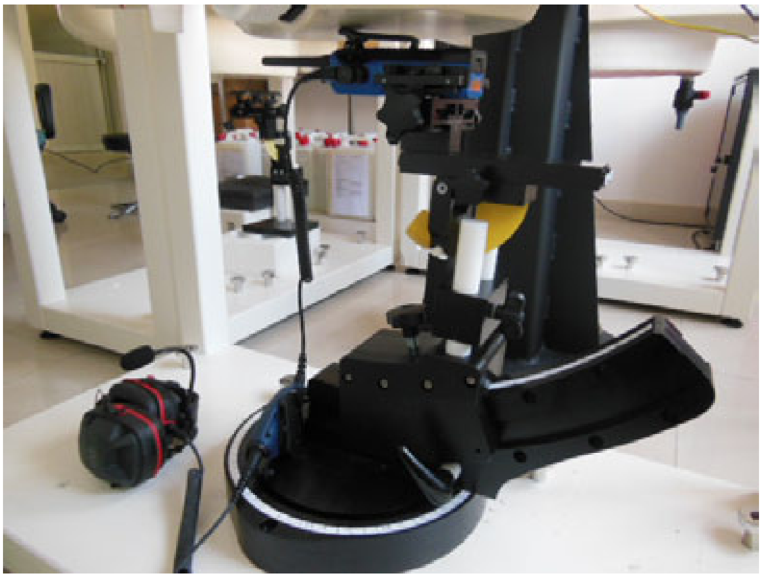
Face-held, the front of the EUT towards phantom



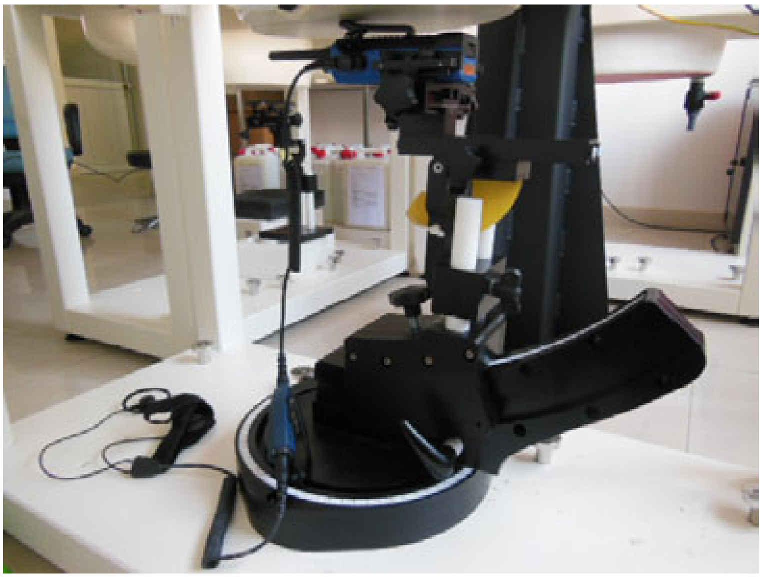
Body-worn, the front of the EUT towards ground



Body-worn, the front of the EUT towards ground with AA2

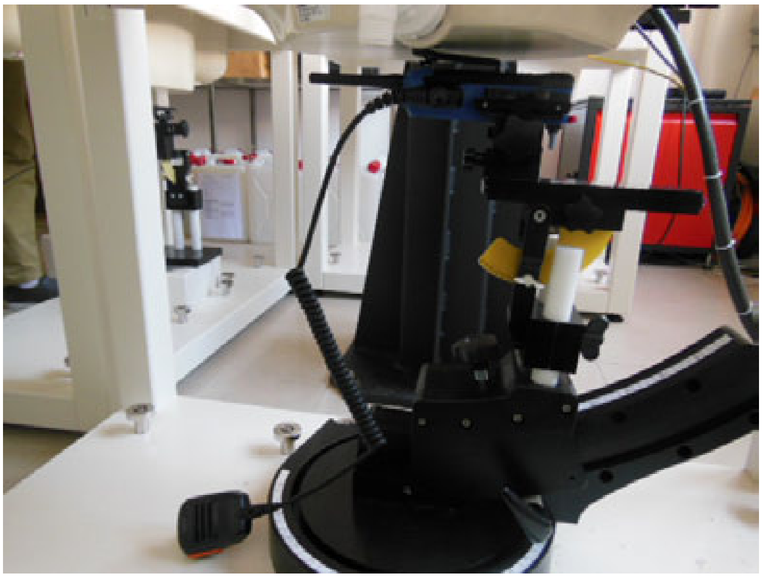


Body-worn, the front of the EUT towards ground with AA4



Body-worn, the front of the EUT towards ground with AA3

Body-worn, the front of the EUT towards ground with LC1



Body-worn, the front of the EUT towards ground with AA5

Body-worn, the front of the EUT towards ground with AA1

8. EUT Photos

A1- Antenna,400-470 MHz,Stub,DMR: AN0435H05

B1- Battery, Intrinsically Safe Li-ion Battery(1800mAh): BL1807-Ex

BC2- Spring Belt Clip:BC19

LC1- Leather Case, Carrying Case with (Leather)(swivel):LCY005

AA1- Ex earset with On-Mic PTT: EHN12-Ex

AA2- Intrinsically Safe Bone Conduction Headset: EBN10-Ex

AA3- Intrinsically Safe Throat-vibrating Earpiece: ELN09-Ex

AA4- I Intrinsically Safe Noise-cancelling Headset: ECN20-Ex

AA5- Intrinsically Safe Remote Speaker Microphone: SM18N4-Ex

.....................End of Report........................