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## **TEST REPORT**

**OET 65C and RSS 102** 

Report Reference No...... TRE13030164 R/C: 91312

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Date of issue..... Apr 22, 2013

Testing Laboratory Name ...... Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd

Address...... Keji Nan No.12 Road, Hi-tech Park, Shenzhen, China

Applicant's name...... Hytera Communications Corporation Ltd.

Address...... HYT Tower, Hi-Tech Industrial Park North, Nanshan

District, Shenzhen China. 518057

Test specification:

Standard ..... RSS 102

**OET 65C** 

TRF Originator...... Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection CO., Ltd

Master TRF...... Dated 2006-06

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Test item description ...... Digital Portable Radio

Trade Mark ...... Hytera

Manufacturer ...... Hytera Communications Corporation Ltd.

Model/Type reference...... PD782G U5/PD785G U5/PD786G U5/PD788G U5/

HD785G U5

Listed Models ...... /

Ratings...... DC 7.4 V

Modulation ..... FM&4FSK

Channel Separation...... 12.5KHz&25KHz

Operation Frequency Range ................................... 806-825MHz/851-870MHz/896-902MHz/935-941MHz

Result..... Positive

# TEST REPORT

Test Report No. :	TRE13030164	Apr 22, 2013
	11CL 13030104	Date of issue

Equipment under Test : Digital Portable Radio

Model /Type : PD782G U5/PD786G U5/PD788G U5/

HD785G U5

Listed Models : /

Applicant : Hytera Communications Corporation Ltd.

Address : HYT Tower, Hi-Tech Industrial Park North, Nanshan

District, Shenzhen China. 518057

Manufacturer : Hytera Communications Corporation Ltd.

Address : HYT Tower, Hi-Tech Industrial Park North, Nanshan

District, Shenzhen China. 518057

<b>Test Result</b> according to the standards on page 4:	Positive
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The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.

It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.

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# 1. TEST STANDARDS

The tests were performed according to following standards:

<u>IEEE Std C95.1, 1999:</u> IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 KHz to 300 GHz.

<u>IEEE Std 1528™-2003:</u> IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

SUPPLEMENT C Edition 01-01 to OET BULLETIN 65 Edition 97-01 June 2001 including DA 02-1438 June 19, 2002: Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields Additional Information for Evaluation Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions.

KDB 447498 D01 Mobile Portable RF Exposure v04: Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies

RSS-102 2010: Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands)

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# 2. SUMMARY

## 2.1. General Remarks

Date of receipt of test sample	:	Apr 10, 2013
Testing commenced on	:	Apr 10, 2013
Testing concluded on	:	Apr 22, 2013

# 2.2. Product Description

The Hytera Communications Corporation Ltd.'s Model: PD782G U5/PD785G U5/PD786G U5/PD788G U5/ HD785G U5 or the "EUT" as referred to in this report; more general information as follows, for more details, refer to the user's manual of the EUT.

Name of EUT	Digital Portable Radio				
Model Number	PD782G U5/PD785G U5/PD786G U5/PD788G U5/ HD785G U5				
Rated Output Power	3 Watts(34.77dBm)/1 Watts(30.00dBm) for 806-825MHz/851-				
	870MHz				
		)/1 Watts(30.00dBm) for 896-902MHz/935-			
	941MHz				
Power tolerance	High power: $3W \pm 0.9$	$5W 2.5W \pm 0.5W$			
	Low power: $1.2\pm0.5$	W			
	FM for Analog Voice				
Modilation Type	4FSK for Digital Voice				
	4FSK for Digital Data				
	Analog	11K0F3E for 12.5KHz Channel Separation			
Emission Designator		16K0F3E for 25KHz Channel Separation			
Emission Designator	Digital	7K60FXD for Digital Voice			
		7K60FXW for Digital Data			
	Analog Voice	12.5KHz&25KHz			
Channel Separation	Digital Voice/Data	12.5KHz			
	Digital Data	12.5KHz			
Antenna Type	External				
Frequency Range	806-825MHz/851-870MHz/896-902MHz/935-941MHz				
Maximum SAR Values	FCC:				
	3.592 W/Kg For body worn(50% duty cycle)				
	1.728 W/Kg For face held (50% duty cycle)				
	IC:				
	3.770 W/Kg For body worn(50% duty cycle)				
	1.762 W/Kg For face	held (50% duty cycle)			

**Note:** The product has the same digital working characters when operating in both two digitized voice/data mode (7K60FXD and 7K60FXW). So only one set of test results for digital modulation modes are provided in this test report.

# 2.3. Equipment under Test

## Power supply system utilised

Power supply voltage	:	0	120V / 60 Hz	0	115V / 60Hz
		0	12 V DC	0	24 V DC
		•	Other (specified in blank bel	ow	)

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## **Test frequency list**

Modulation Type	Test Channel	Test Frequency	
Analog/Digital	Low Channel	806.5000 MHz	
	Low Channel	823.5000 MHz	
	Middle Channel	851.5000 MHz	
	Middle Channel	868.5000 MHz	
	High Channel	899.0000 MHz	
	High Channel	938.0000 MHz	

## 2.4. Short description of the Equipment under Test (EUT)

Digital Portable Radio with GPS function(PD782G U5/PD785G U5/PD786G U5/PD788G U5/ HD785G U5).

The spatial peak SAR values were assessed for UHF systems. Battery and accessories shell be specified by

the manufacturer. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output.

# 2.5. TEST Configuration

Face-held Configuration

The front of the EUT is towards the phantom.

The front surface of the EUT is positioned at 25mm parallel to the flat phantom.

**Body-worn Configuration** 

Body-worn Configuration - Default Battery Selection - per FCC KDB 643646, Page 5, Section 1) A): Start by testing a PTT radio with the thinnest battery and a standard (default) Body-worn accessory.

Body-worn Configuration - Default Body-worn Accessory Selection - the belt-clip was selected as the default Body-worn accessory based on the smaller separation distance it provides between the radio and the user in comparison to the remaining accessories. Per FCC KDB 643646, Page 5, Section 1) A): "When multiple default Body-worn accessories are supplied with a radio, the standard Body-worn accessory expected to result in the highest SAR based on its construction and exposure conditions is considered the default Body-worn accessory for making Body-worn measurements."

Body-worn Configuration - Additional Body-worn Accessories - the remaining Body-worn accessories were evaluated based on the "additional Body-worn accessory" guidance provided in FCC KDB 643646, Page 7, Section 4). The remaining Body-worn accessories can be utilized with all the audio accessory options.

Body-worn Configuration - Selection of Default Audio Accessories by Category - the Default Audio Accessories by Category were selected based on the guidance provided in FCC KDB 643646, Section "Body SAR Test Considerations for Audio Accessories without Built-in Antenna", Page 10: "For audio accessories with similar construction and operating requirements, test only the audio accessory within the group that is expected to result in the highest SAR, with respect to changes in RF characteristics and exposure conditions for the combination. If it is unclear which audio accessory within a group of similar accessories is expected to result in the highest SAR, good engineering judgment and preliminary testing should be applied to select the accessory that is expected to result in the highest SAR." The Remaining Audio Accessories by Category were evaluated on the highest SAR channel from the Default Audio Accessory evaluations.

## 2.6. EUT operation mode

The EUT has been tested under typical operating condition and The Transmitter was operated in the normal operating mode. The TX frequency was fixed which was for the purpose of the measurements.

# 2.7. EUT configuration

The following peripheral devices and interface cables were connected during the measurement:

Accessory name	Model	Description	Remark
Antenna	AN0873H02	806-941MHz	performed
Thicker Battery	BL2503	Battery,Li-Ion 2500 MAH,DMR	performed
Thin Battery	BL2006	Battery,Li-Ion 2000 MAH,DMR	performed
Belt	BC19	Belt Clip,DMR	performed
Pocket	LCY003	Care, leather w/Swivel,DMR	performed
Chest pack LCBN13		Chest pack must used with belt-clip, The measure distance will be larger than only belt-clip.	Not performed
	SM18N2	Speaker Mic, Water-Proof Remote, DMR	performed
	ESS07	Earbud,Receive Only,DMR	performed
	ESS08	Earpiece,Receive Only,DMR	performed
	EHN12	D-Earset, w/ In-Line Mic and PTT,DMR	performed
	EAN16	Earpiece, w/ On-Mic PTT,DMR	performed
	EAN17/ EAN18	Earpiece, 3-wire Surveillance Kit,DMR They are just different in colour	performed
	ESN10	Earbud, w/ On-Mic PTT,DMR	performed
	EWN09	2-wire Earpiece with Wireless Earphone and Neck Loop(Beige)	performed
	ESN12	Detachable Earpiece with Transparent Acoustic Tube, contains two parts, one is ACN-01, the other is ES-01	performed
Audio Accessories	EAN23	Detachable Earpiece with Transparent Acoustic Tube, contains two parts, one is ACN-01, the other is ES-02	performed
7.0000001100	EHN16	Remote C-Earset,contains two parts,one is ACN-01,the other is EH-01	performed
	EHN17	Remote Swivel Earset, contains two parts, one is ACN-01, the other is EH-02	performed
	ACN-01	PTT&MIC cable(for use with Receive-Only Earpiece)	Please see ESN12, EAN23, EHN16, EHN17 Description
	EH-01	Receive—Only C Style Earloop(for use with PTT&MIC cable)	Please see ESN12 Description
	EH-02	Receive—Only Ajustable Earhook with Swivel Speaker(for use with PTT&MIC cable)	Please see EAN23 Description
	ES-01	Receiver - Only Earpiece (for use with PTT&MIC cable)	Please see EHN16 Description
	ES-02	Receive-Only Earpiece with Transparent Acoustic Tube(for use with PTT&MIC cable)	Please see EHN17 Description

# 2.8. Note

The EUT is a U frequency band (806-825MHz/851-870MHz/896-902MHz/935-941MHz) Digital Portable Radio, The functions of the EUT listed as below:

	Test Standards	Reference Report
SAR	RSS-102: 2010 OET 65C	TRE13030164

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# 3. TEST ENVIRONMENT

# 3.1. Address of the test laboratory

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd Keji Nan No.12 Road, Hi-tech Park, Shenzhen, China Phone: 86-755-26715686 Fax: 86-755-26748089

The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.7, ANSI C63.4 (2009) and CISPR Publication 22.

# 3.2. Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

#### CNAS-Lab Code: L1225

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for Testing and Calibration Laboratories (identical to ISO/IEC 17025: 2005 General Requirements) for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories, Date of Registration: Mar. 01, 2012. Valid time is until Feb. 28, 2015.

## FCC-Registration No.: 662850

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the FCC (Federal Communications Commission). The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Registration 662850, Renewal date Jul. 01, 2009, valid time is until Jun. 30, 2015.

#### 3.3. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Temperature:	18-25 ° C
Humidity:	40-65 %
Atmospheric pressure:	950-1050mbar

## 3.4. SAR Limits

FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

	SAR (W/kg)			
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)		
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4		
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0		
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0		

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

# 3.5. Equipments Used during the Test

				Calib	ration
Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last	Calibration
				Calibration	Interval
Data Acquisition Electronics DAEx	SPEAG	DAE4	1315	2013/02/27	1
E-field Probe	SPEAG	ES3DV3	3292	2013/02/24	1
System Validation Dipole D835V2	SPEAG	D835V2	4d134	2013/02/27	1
Network analyzer	Agilent	8753E	US37390562	2013/03/26	1
Signal generator	IFR	2032	203002/100	2012/10/27	1
Amplifier	AR	75A250	302205	2012/10/27	1

# 4. SAR Measurements System configuration

## 4.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.

The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.

The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003.

DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.

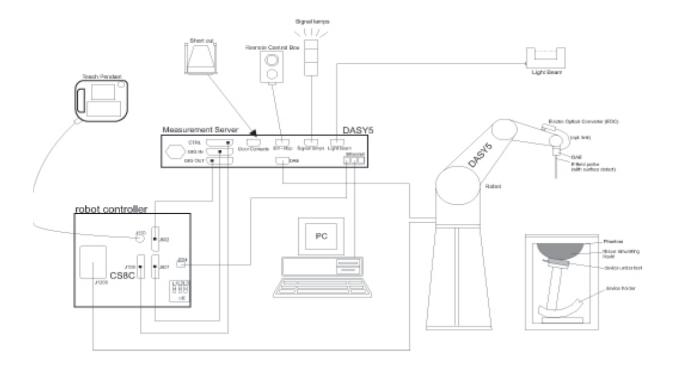
Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.

The device holder for handheld mobile phones.

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.

System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.



# 4.2. DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe ES3DV3 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

## **Probe Specification**

Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core

Interleaved sensors

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

Calibration ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.

Frequency 10 MHz to 4 GHz;

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz)

Directivity  $\pm 0.2 \text{ dB}$  in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range 5  $\mu$ W/g to > 100 mW/g;

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB

Dimensions Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm)

Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm)

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm

Application General dosimetry up to 4 GHz

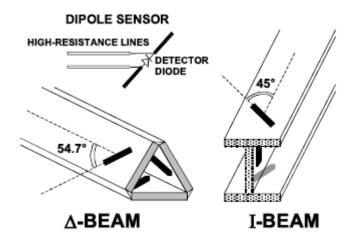
Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of mobile phones

Compatibility DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI



The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:





## 4.3. Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6mm).

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.



**SAM Twin Phantom** 

#### 4.4. Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the DASY system.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

# 4.5. Scanning Procedure

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max.  $\pm 5$  %.

The "surface check" measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above  $\pm$  0.1mm). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within  $\pm$  30°.)

#### Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot.Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged. After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

#### Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to estimate the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan is done by 7x7x7 points within a cube whose base is centered around the maxima found in the preceding area scan.

#### Spatial Peak Detection

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented and can determine values of masses of 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as: • maximum search • extrapolation • boundary correction • peak search for averaged SAR During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation. Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space. They are used in the Zoom Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation. For a grid using 7x7x7 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1g and 10g cubes.

A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube 7x7x7 scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 5mm steps.

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# 4.6. Data Storage and Evaluation

## Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

#### **Data Evaluation**

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2

- Conversion factor ConvFi - Diode compression point Dcpi

Device parameters: - Frequency f

- Crest factor cf

Media parameters: - Conductivity σ

- Density

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

With Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

Ui = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) (DASY parameter) dcpi = diode compression point

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E – field  
probes : 
$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

$${\rm H-field probes}$$
 : 
$$H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

With = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)Normi = sensor sensitivity of channel i

[mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes

= sensitivity enhancement in solution ConvF

= sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

= electric field strength of channel i in V/m Εi Hi = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

Etot = total field strength in V/m

σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m] ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

# 4.7. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Ingredients	Frequency (MHz)									
(% by weight)	450		835		915		1900		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (Nacl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton x-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (s/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 P1528 Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters

Frequency	Head	Tissue	Body	Tissue
(MHz)	εr	O' (S/m)	εr	O' (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

# 4.8. Tissue equivalent liquid properties

Dielectric performance of Head tissue simulating liquid

Frequency	Description	Dielectric paramenters				
	Всооприон	ε <sub>r</sub>	ď			
835MHz(Head)	Target Value + FW	41.5	0.90			
	Target Value ±5%	(39.43-43.58)	(0.86-0.94)			
	Measurement Value	42.06	0.89			
806 MHz(Head)	Measurement Value	41.62	0.87			
868 MHz(Head)	Measurement Value	42.62	0.89			
938 MHz(Head)	Measurement Value	42.89	0.92			
Measurement Data: 2013-04-15		Measurement temperature 20.6℃				

Dielectric performance of Body tissue simulating liquid

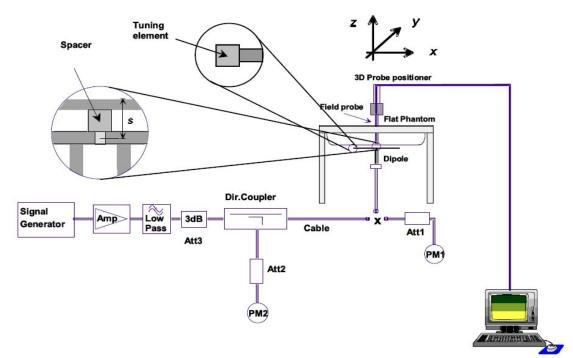
Frequency	Description	Dielectric paramenters				
requeriey	Description	ε <sub>r</sub>	O,			
	Target Value + FW	55.20	0.97			
835MHz(Body)	Target Value ±5%	(52.44-57.96)	(0.92-1.01)			
835WHZ(B0dy)	Measurement Value	55.25	0.96			
806 MHz(Body)	Measurement Value	53.42	0.93			
868 MHz(Body)	Measurement Value	55.60	0.97			
938 MHz(Body)	Measurement Value	55.96	0.98			
Measurement Data: 2013-04-15		Measurement temperature 20.6℃				

# 4.9. System Check

The purpose of the system check is to verify that the system operates within its specifications at the decice test frequency. The system check is simple check of repeatability to make sure that the system works correctly at the time of the compliance test;

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system (±10 %).

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY5 system.



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# 4.10. System Check Results

# System check for head tissue simulating liquid

Frequency	Measured Result (250mW)	Normalized Result (1W)	Nominal value	Deviation (±10%)	Graph results
835MHz	2.43 W/Kg	9.72 W/Kg	9.37 W/Kg	3.73	See section 5.4
Measurement	Data: 2013-04-15				

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# 5. TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

# 5.1. Conducted Power Results

Conducted power measurement results

Modulation	Channel	Test	Test	Power Level
Type	Separation	Channel	Frequency	(dBm)
		Low Channel	806.5000 MHz	35.21
		Low Channel	823.5000 MHz	34.87
Analog/FM	12.5KHz	Middle Channel	851.5000 MHz	35.09
7 thatog/1 tvi		Middle Channel	868.5000 MHz	35.05
		High Channel	899.0000 MHz	34.26
		High Channel	938.0000 MHz	34.20
		Low Channel	806.5000 MHz	35.17
Analog/EM	25KHz	Low Channel	823.5000 MHz	34.80
Analog/FM	ZONHZ	Middle Channel	851.5000 MHz	35.02
		Middle Channel	868.5000 MHz	35.07
		Low Channel	806.5000 MHz	35.23
		Low Channel	823.5000 MHz	34.90
Digital	12.5KHz	Middle Channel	851.5000 MHz	35.04
Digital	12.51(112	Middle Channel	868.5000 MHz	35.11
		High Channel	899.0000 MHz	34.20
		High Channel	938.0000 MHz	34.25

# 5.2. SAR Measurement Results

Lincito	1 g Avera	ge(W/Kg)	Power Drift(dB)							
Limits	8.	0	±0.21	Cropb regulte						
Fraguency	Duty	Cycle	Dower Drift(dD)	- Graph results						
Frequency	100%	50%	Power Drift(dB)							
The EUT display towards phantom for 12.5KHz with Thicker(analog,face held)										
806.5 MHz	3.26	1.630	-0.02	Figure 1						
	Worst case position	n with Thinner Batte	ry(analog,face held)							
806.5 MHz	3.02	0.12	Figure 2							
The EUT disp		or 12.5 KHz with Thi (Analog, Body-Worn	nner Battery, Belt and )	Accessory 1						
806.5 MHz	6.71	3.355	-0.06	Figure 3						
823.5 MHz	5.84	2.920	-0.13	Figure 4						
851.5 MHz	4.93	2.465	-0.10	Figure 5						
868.5 MHz	5.76	2.880	0.05	Figure 6						
899.0 MHz	2.70	1.350	0.12	Figure 7						
938.0 MHz	2.52	1.260	-0.18	Figure 8						
The EUT display to	_	5 KHz with Thinner B (Analog, Body-Worn	Sattery, Belt, Accessor )	y 1 and Earphone 1						
823.5 MHz	6.11	3.005	-0.11	Figure 9						
The EUT display to		KHz with Thinner B (Analog, Body-Worn	Battery, Belt, Accessor )	y 1 and Earphone 2						
823.5 MHz	5.60	2.80	-0.02	Figure 10						
The EUT display to	The EUT display towards ground for 12.5 KHz with Thinner Battery, Belt, Accessory 2 and Earphone 3 (Analog, Body-Worn)									

806.5 MHz	2.66	1.33	-0.06	Figure 11
The EUT display to	wards ground for 12.			ry 2 and Earphone 4
	1	(Analog, Body-Worn)		1
806.5 MHz	3.29	1.645	-0.02	Figure 12
The EUT display to	wards ground for 12.			ry 2 and Earphone 5
	1	(Analog, Body-Worn)		1
806.5 MHz	3.95	1.975	-0.03	Figure 13
The EUT display to	wards ground for 12.			ry 2 and Earphone 6
	•	(Analog, Body-Worn)		•
806.5 MHz	2.45	1.225	-0.06	Figure 14
The EUT display	towards ground for			udio Accessory 3
	•	(Analog, Body-Worn)		•
806.5 MHz	2.55	1.275	-0.17	Figure 15
The EUT display	towards ground for			idio Accessory 4
		(Analog, Body-Worn)		
806.5 MHz	5.35	2.675	-0.19	Figure 16
The EUT display	towards ground for	12.5 KHz with Thinne	r Battery, Belt and Au	idio Accessory 5
		(Analog, Body-Worn)		
806.5 MHz	2.79	1.395	-0.14	Figure 17
The EUT display	towards ground for			idio Accessory 6
		(Analog, Body-Worn)		
806.5 MHz	5.09	2.545	-0.13	Figure 18
The EUT display	towards ground for			idio Accessory 7
	•	(Analog, Body-Worn)		•
806.5 MHz	2.64	1.820	0.01	Figure 19
The EUT displ	ay towards ground fo			nd Accessory 1
	1	(Analog, Body-Worn)		1
806.5 MHz	2.61	1.305	0.05	Figure 20
Worst case posit	ion of Analog for Digi	tal with Thinner Batte	ery, Belt and Accesso	ory 1 (Body-Worn)
806.5 MHz	6.10	3.050	-0.11	Figure 21
Worst cas	e position of Analog f	or 25KHz with Thinne	er Battery, Belt and A	ccessory 1
		(Body-Worn)		
806.5 MHz	6.33	3.165	0.18	Figure 22
Worst case	position with Thicke	er Battery, Belt and A	ccessory 1 (Analog, E	Body-Worn)
806.5 MHz	5.86	2.930	-0.14	Figure 23
	0.00	2.000	0.17	J

# For FCC Review

Limits	1 g Average(W/Kg)		Power Drift(dB)			SAR Values Include the Power Drift and Scaling factor				
	8.0		±0.21	Power Drift 10 <sup>^</sup> (dB/10)	Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle				
_	Duty Cycle Power	Power	10 (45/10)	1 40101						
Frequency	100%	50%	Drift(dB)			100%	50%			
W				l-: 64 1 1 :		<u> </u>				
worst	case posit	ion includ	ing the power o	iritt and scall	ng tactor(i	Body-worn)				
806.5 MHz	6.71	3.355	-0.06	1.01	1.06	7.184	3.592			
Wors	Worst case position including the power drift and scaling factor(face held)									
806.5 MHz	3.26	1.630	-0.02	1.00	1.06	3.456	1.728			

#### For IC Review

Limits	1 g Average(W/Kg)		Power Drift(dB)	Power Drift		SAR Values Include the Power Drift and Scaling factor	
	8.0		±0.21	100 + (ΔSAR x -	Scaling Factor	Duty	Cycle
Frequency	Duty	Cycle	Power	1)/100	1 40101	, ,	
			Drift(dB)			100%	50%
	100%	50%	Dint(ab)			10070	0070
,	Worst cas	e position	including the p	ower drift an	d scaling f	actor	
806.5 MHz	6.71	3.355	-0.06	1.06	1.06	7.539	3.770
Wors	t case pos	ition includ	ding the power	drift and sca	ling factor	(face held)	
806.5 MHz	3.26	1.630	-0.02	1.02	1.06	3.525	1.762

- Note: 1. For face-held configuration, battery "Thicker" was selected as the default battery (highest mAh).
  - 2. When the head SAR of an antenna tested on the highest output power channel with the default battery is < 3.5 W/kg, testing of all other required channels is not necessary.
  - 3. When the SAR for all antennas tested using the default battery is < 4.0 W/kg, test additional batteries using the antenna and channel configuration that resulted in the highest SAR among all antennas.
    - 4. For body-worn configuration, battery "Thinner" was selected as the default battery.
  - 5. When the body SAR of an antenna is  $\leq$  3.5 W/kg, testing of all other required channels is not necessary for that antenna.
  - 6. When the highest SAR of an antenna tested with the default battery using the default body-worn and audio accessory is > 4.0 W/kg, test additional batteries with the default body-worn and audio accessory on the channel that resulted in the highest SAR for that antenna.
  - 7. The audio accessory Speaker Mic was selected as the default audio accessory based on preliminary evaluations resulting in the most conservative SAR of all the disclosed audio accessory options.

# **5.3. Measurement Uncertainty**

# For IEC62209-2 measurement procedures

Uncertainty Component	Unc. vaule ±%	Prob Dist.	Div.	C <sub>i</sub> 1g	C <sub>i</sub> 10g	Std.Unc. ±%.1g	Std.Unc. ±%.10g	Vi
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	5.9	N	1	1	1	5.9	5.9	8
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9	8
Boundary Effect	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	8
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	8
System Detection Limits	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	8
Readout Electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	8
Response Time	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	8
Integration Time	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	8
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	8
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	8
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	80
Test Sample Related								
Test Sample Positioning	2.9	N	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder Uncertainty	3.6	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	8
Phantom and Tissue Parameters								•
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	8
Conductivity Target - tolerance	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1	∞
Permittivity Target - tolerance	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	8
Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	2.5	N	1	0.60	0.49	1.5	1.2	5
<b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b>		R				±11.1%	±10.7%	387
Coverage Factor for 95%			2					
Expanded STD Uncertainty						±22.2%	±21.4%	

# For IEEE 1528 measurement procedures

Uncertainty Component	Unc. vaule ±%	Prob Dist.	Div.	C <sub>i</sub> 1g	C <sub>i</sub> 10g	Std.Unc. ±%.1g	Std.Unc. ±%.10g	Vi
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	5.9	N	1	1	1	5.9	5.9	8
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9	8
Boundary Effect	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	8
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	8
System Detection Limits	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	8
Readout Electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	~
Response Time	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	8
Integration Time	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	8
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	8
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	8
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	8
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	8
Test Sample Related								
Test Sample Positioning	2.1	N	1	1	1	2.1	2.1	150
Device Holder Uncertainty	3.6	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	8
Phantom and Tissue Parameters								
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Conductivity Target - tolerance	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	8
Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1	∞
Permittivity Target - tolerance	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	1.9	N	1	0.60	0.49	1.5	1.2	5
Combined Standard Uncertainty		R				±11.2%	±10.8%	387
Coverage Factor for 95%			2					
Expanded STD Uncertainty						+22.4%	±21.6%	

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# 5.4. System Check Results

## System Performance Check at 835 MHz Head TSL

DUT: Dipole835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d134

Date/Time: 04/15/2013 09:06:09 AM

Communication System: DuiJiangJi; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.89 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 42.06$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 1315; Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**Area Scan (101x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.66 W/kg

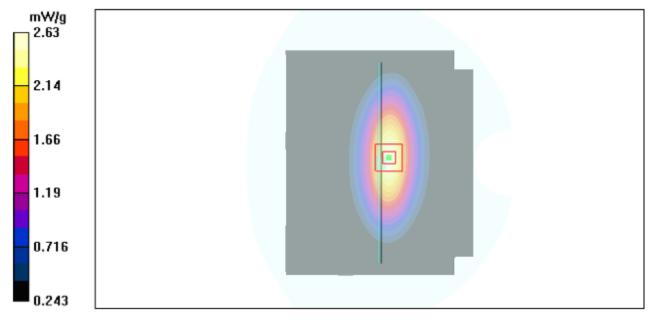
**Zoom Scan** (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 51.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.031 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.87 mW/g

## SAR(1 g) = 2.43 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.58 W/kg



System Performance Check 835MHz 250mW

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# 5.5. SAR Test Graph Results

## Face Held for 12.5 KHz with Thicker Battery, Front towards Phantom 806.5 MHz

Communication System: DuiJiangJi; Frequency: 806.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 806.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.91 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 43.03$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 1315; Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.08 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 61.623 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.282 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 3.26 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.12 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.93 W/kg

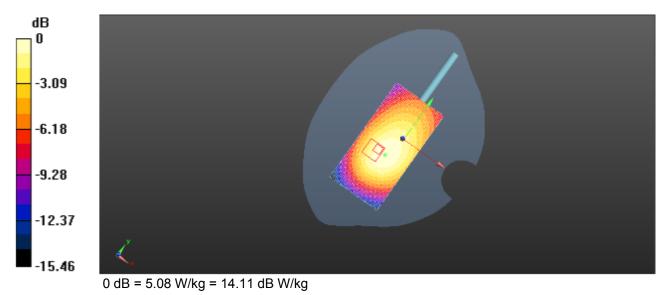


Figure 1: Face Held for 12.5 KHz with Thicker Battery, Front towards Phantom 806.5 MHz

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## Face Held for 12.5 KHz with Thinner Battery, Front towards Phantom 806.5 MHz

Communication System: DuiJiangJi; Frequency: 806.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 806.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.90 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 43.10$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 1315; Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**Area Scan (51x101x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.26 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.927 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 8.744 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 3.02 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.04 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.07 W/kg

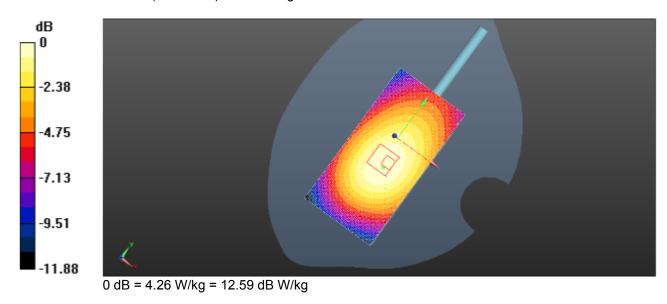


Figure 2: Face Held for 12.5 KHz with Thinner Battery, Front towards Phantom 806.5 MHz

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## Body-worn for 12.5 KHz with Thinner Battery, Belt and Accessory 1, Front towards Phantom 806.5 MHz

Communication System: DuiJiangJi; Frequency: 806.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 806.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.96 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 54.02$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 1315; Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**Area Scan (51x101x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =7.41 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 77.411 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 8.475 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 6.71 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.01 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.06 W/kg

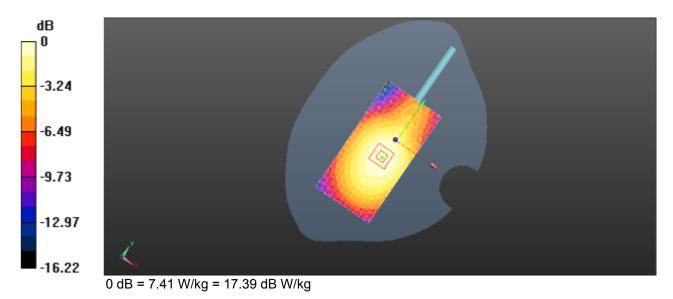


Figure 3: Body-worn for 12.5 KHz with Thinner Battery, Belt and Accessory 1, Front towards Phantom 806.5 MHz

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## Body-worn for 12.5 KHz with Thinner Battery, Belt and Accessory 1, Front towards Phantom 806.5 MHz

Communication System: DuiJiangJi; Frequency: 806.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 806.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.97 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 44.23$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 1315; Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**Area Scan (51x101x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =6.29 W/kg

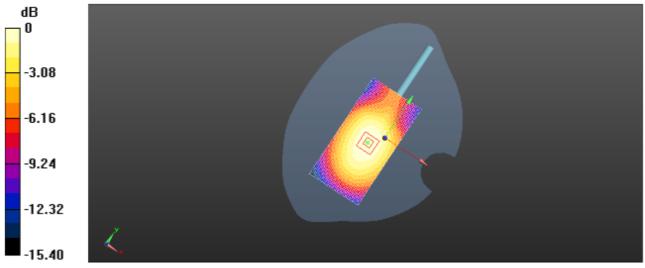
**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 73.562 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.466 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 5.84 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.33 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.16 W/kg



0 dB = 6.29 W/kg = 15.97 dB W/kg

Figure 4: Body-worn for 12.5 KHz with Thinner Battery, Belt and Accessory 1, Front towards Phantom 806.5 MHz

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## Body-worn for 12.5 KHz with Thinner Battery, Belt and Accessory 1, Front towards Phantom 851.5 MHz

Communication System: DuiJiangJi; Frequency: 851.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 851.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 54.23$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 1315; Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**Area Scan (51x101x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =5.30 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 63.592 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.290 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 4.93 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 3.65 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.20 W/kg

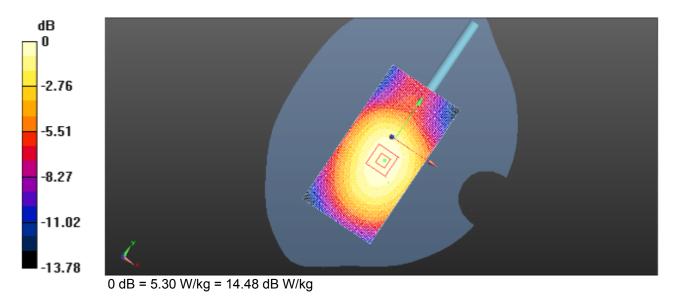


Figure 5: Body-worn for 12.5 KHz with Thinner Battery, Belt and Accessory 1, Front towards Phantom 851.5 MHz

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## Body-worn for 12.5 KHz with Thinner Battery, Belt and Accessory 1, Front towards Phantom 868.5 MHz

Communication System: DuiJiangJi; Frequency: 868.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 868.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 54.54$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 1315; Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**Area Scan (51x101x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =6.48 W/kg

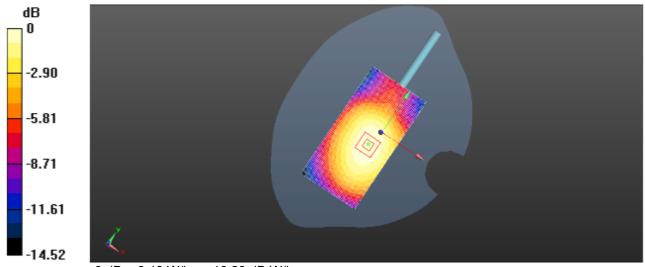
**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 72.161 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.332 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 5.76 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.27 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.08 W/kg



0 dB = 6.48 W/kg = 16.23 dB W/kg

Figure 6: Body-worn for 12.5 KHz with Thinner Battery, Belt and Accessory 1, Front towards Phantom 868.5 MHz

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# Body-worn for 12.5 KHz with Thinner Battery, Belt and Accessory 1, Front towards Phantom 899.0 MHz

Communication System: DuiJiangJi; Frequency: 899.0 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 899.0 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.99 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 54.54$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 1315; Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**Area Scan (51x101x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =3.03W/kg

**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 44.256 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.440 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 2.70 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.04 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.83 W/kg

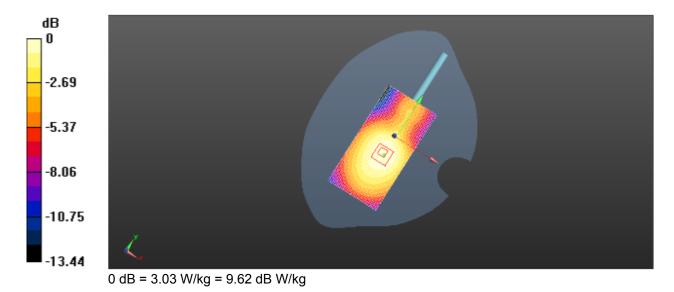


Figure 7: Body-worn for 12.5 KHz with Thinner Battery, Belt and Accessory 1, Front towards Phantom 899.0 MHz

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# Body-worn for 12.5 KHz with Thinner Battery, Belt and Accessory 1, Front towards Phantom 938.0 MHz

Communication System: DuiJiangJi; Frequency: 938.0 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 938.0 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 54.03$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 1315; Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**Area Scan (51x101x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =2.57 W/kg

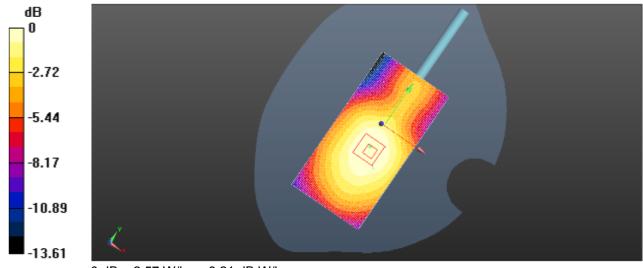
**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 41.843 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.115 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 2.52 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.9 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.64 W/kg



0 dB = 2.57 W/kg = 8.21 dB W/kg

Figure 8: Body-worn for 12.5 KHz with Thinner Battery, Belt and Accessory 1, Front towards Phantom 938.0 MHz

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# Body-worn for 12.5 KHz with Thinner Battery, Belt ,Accessory 1 and Earphone1 Front towards Phantom 806.5 MHz

Communication System: DuiJiangJi; Frequency: 806.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 806.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.99 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 54.03$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 1315; Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =6.61 W/kg

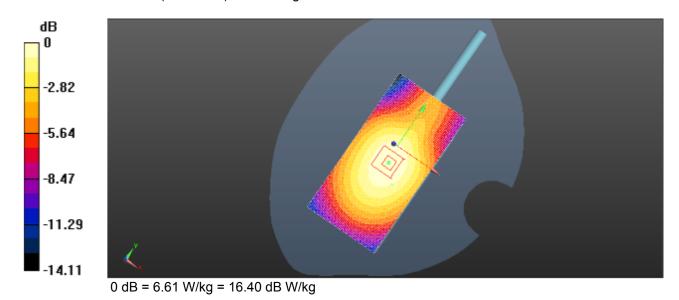
**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 74.683 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) =7.746 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 6.11 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.57 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =6.45 W/kg



Front towards Phantom 806.5 MHz

Figure 9: Body-worn for 12.5 KHz with Thinner Battery, Belt ,Accessory 1 and Earphone1

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# Body-worn for 12.5 KHz with Thinner Battery, Belt ,Accessory 1 and Earphone2 Front towards Phantom 806.5 MHz

Communication System: DuiJiangJi; Frequency: 806.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 806.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.99 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 54.03$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 1315; Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =6.29 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 62.746 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.135 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 5.6 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.13 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =5.91W/kg

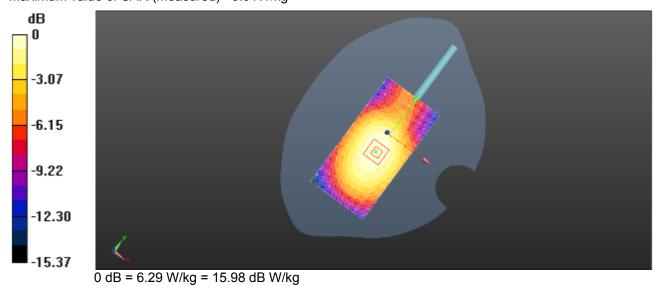


Figure 10: Body-worn for 12.5 KHz with Thinner Battery, Belt ,Accessory 1 and Earphone2 Front towards Phantom 806.5 MHz

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# Body-worn for 12.5 KHz with Thinner Battery, Belt ,Accessory 2 and Earphone3 Front towards Phantom 806.5 MHz

Communication System: DuiJiangJi; Frequency: 806.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 806.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.99 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 54.03$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 1315; Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**Area Scan (51x101x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =3.02 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 44.516 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.408 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 2.66 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.98 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =2.80W/kg

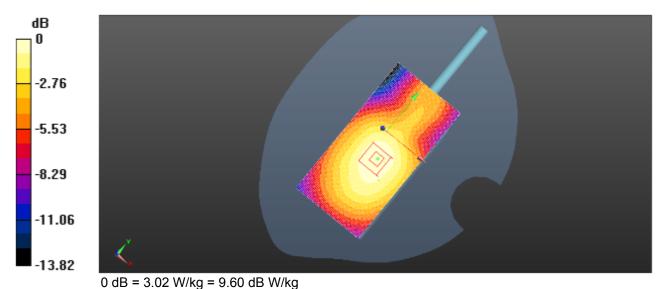


Figure 11: Body-worn for 12.5 KHz with Thinner Battery, Belt ,Accessory 2 and Earphone3
Front towards Phantom 806.5 MHz

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# Body-worn for 12.5 KHz with Thinner Battery, Belt ,Accessory 2 and Earphone4 Front towards Phantom 806.5 MHz

Communication System: DuiJiangJi; Frequency: 806.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 806.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.99 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 54.03$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 1315; Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**Area Scan (51x101x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =5.70 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 71.150 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 10.432 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 3.29 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.02 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =3.42W/kg

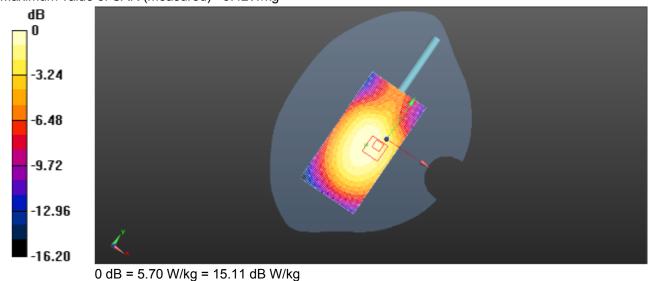


Figure 12: Body-worn for 12.5 KHz with Thinner Battery, Belt ,Accessory 2 and Earphone4 Front towards Phantom 806.5 MHz

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# Body-worn for 12.5 KHz with Thinner Battery, Belt ,Accessory 2 and Earphone5 Front towards Phantom 806.5 MHz

Communication System: DuiJiangJi; Frequency: 806.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 806.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.99 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 54.03$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 1315; Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**Area Scan (51x101x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =4.34 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 59.586 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.087 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 3.95 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.89 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =4.16W/kg

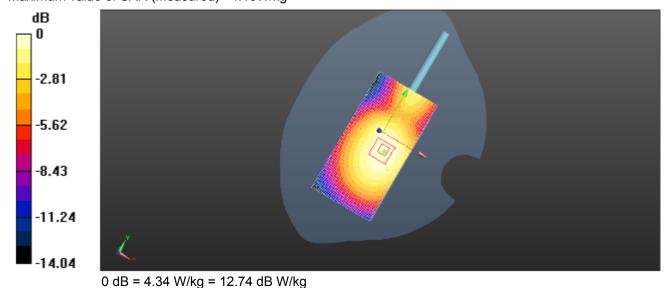


Figure 13: Body-worn for 12.5 KHz with Thinner Battery, Belt ,Accessory 2 and Earphone5 Front towards Phantom 806.5 MHz

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# Body-worn for 12.5 KHz with Thinner Battery, Belt ,Accessory 2 and Earphone6 Front towards Phantom 806.5 MHz

Communication System: DuiJiangJi; Frequency: 806.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 806.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.99 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 54.03$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 1315; Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**Area Scan (51x101x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =2.60 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 41.142 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.095 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 2.45 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.84 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =2.60W/kg

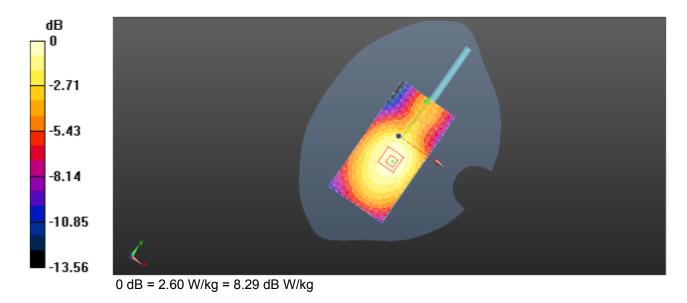


Figure 14: Body-worn for 12.5 KHz with Thinner Battery, Belt ,Accessory 2 and Earphone6 Front towards Phantom 806.5 MHz

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# Body-worn for 12.5 KHz with Thinner Battery, Belt and Audio Accessory3 Front towards Phantom 806.5 MHz

Communication System: DuiJiangJi; Frequency: 806.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 806.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.99 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 54.03$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 1315; Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =2.83 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 43.550 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.169 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 2.55 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.94 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.67 W/kg

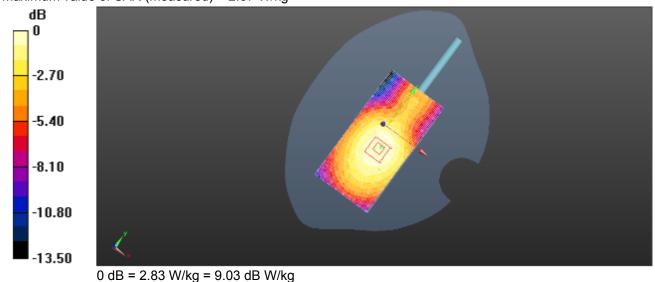


Figure 15: Body-worn for 12.5 KHz with Thinner Battery, Belt and Audio Accessory3
Front towards Phantom 806.5 MHz

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# Body-worn for 12.5 KHz with Thinner Battery, Belt and Audio Accessory4 Front towards Phantom 806.5 MHz

Communication System: DuiJiangJi; Frequency: 806.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 806.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.99 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 54.03$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 1315; Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =5.87 W/kg

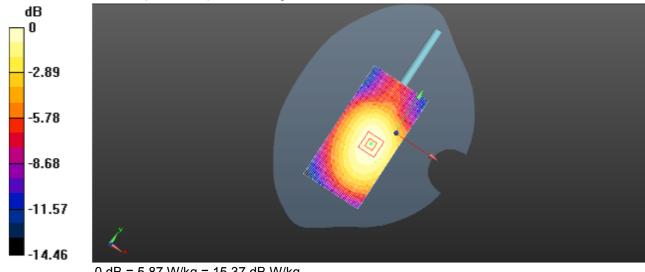
**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 67.774 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.817 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 5.35 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 3.96 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.65 W/kg



0 dB = 5.87 W/kg = 15.37 dB W/kg

Figure 16: Body-worn for 12.5 KHz with Thinner Battery, Belt and Audio Accessory4 Front towards Phantom 806.5 MHz

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# Body-worn for 12.5 KHz with Thinner Battery, Belt and Audio Accessory5 Front towards Phantom 806.5 MHz

Communication System: DuiJiangJi; Frequency: 806.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 806.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.99 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 54.03$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 1315; Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**Area Scan (51x101x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =2.98 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 46.664 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.467 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 2.79 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.12 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.92 W/kg

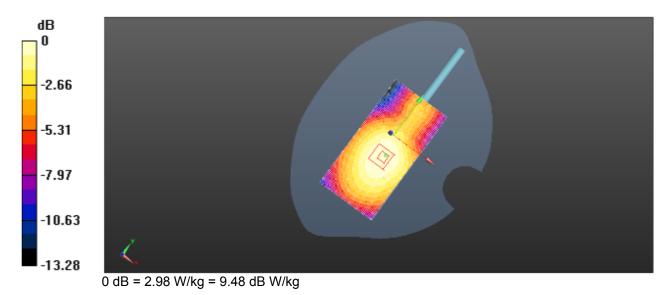


Figure 17: Body-worn for 12.5 KHz with Thinner Battery, Belt and Audio Accessory5 Front towards Phantom 806.5 MHz

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# Body-worn for 12.5 KHz with Thinner Battery, Belt and Audio Accessory6 Front towards Phantom 806.5 MHz

Communication System: DuiJiangJi; Frequency:806.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 806.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.99 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 54.03$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 1315; Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**Area Scan (51x101x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =5.50 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 65.484 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

0 dB = 5.50 W/kg = 14.82 dB W/kg

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.489 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 5.09 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 3.77 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.36 W/kg

-2.76 -5.51 -8.27 -11.02

Figure 18: Body-worn for 12.5 KHz with Thinner Battery, Belt and Audio Accessory6
Front towards Phantom 806.5 MHz

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# Body-worn for 12.5 KHz with Thinner Battery, Belt and Audio Accessory7 Front towards Phantom 806.5 MHz

Communication System: DuiJiangJi; Frequency:806.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 806.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.99 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 54.03$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 1315; Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**Area Scan (51x101x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =2.73 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 43.073 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.331 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 2.64 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.98 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.79 W/kg

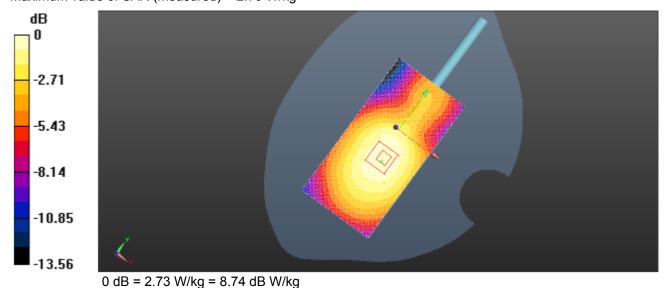


Figure 19: Body-worn for 12.5 KHz with Thinner Battery, Belt and Audio Accessory7 Front towards Phantom 806.5 MHz

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# Body-worn for 12.5 KHz with Thinner Battery, Pocket and Accessory1 Front towards Phantom 806.5 MHz

Communication System: DuiJiangJi; Frequency: 806.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 806.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.99 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 54.03$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 1315; Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**Area Scan (51x101x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =2.79 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 42.695 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.287 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 2.61 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.96 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.75 W/kg

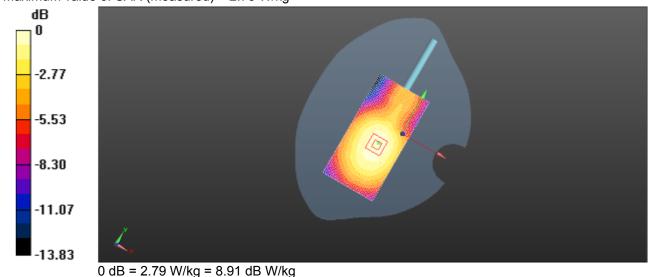


Figure 20: Body-worn for 12.5 KHz with Thinner Battery, Pocket and Accessory1
Front towards Phantom 806.5 MHz

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# Worst case position of analog 12.5KHz for Digital with Thinner Battery, Belt and Accessory 1 Front towards Phantom 806.5 MHz

Communication System: DuiJiangJi; Frequency: 806.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 806.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.99 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 54.03$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 1315; Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =6.54 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 75.661 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.795 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 6.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.5 mW/g

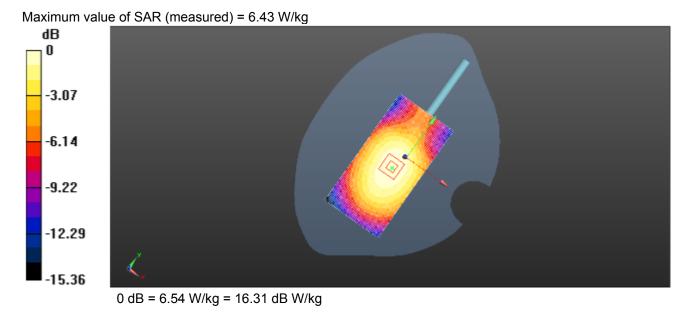


Figure 21: Worst case position of analog 12.5KHz for Digital with Thinner Battery, Belt and Accessory 1 Front towards Phantom 806.5 MHz

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# Worst case position of analog 12.5KHz for 25KHz with Thinner Battery, Belt and Accessory 1 Front towards Phantom 806.5 MHz

Communication System: DuiJiangJi; Frequency: 806.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 806.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.99 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 54.03$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 1315; Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =6.93 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 68.981 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 8.084 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 6.33 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.69 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.66 W/kg

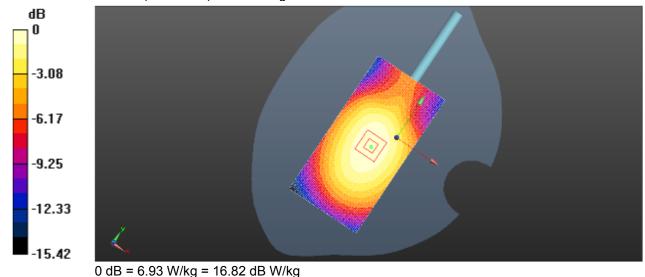


Figure 22: Worst case position of analog 12.5KHz for 25KHz with Thinner Battery, Belt and Accessory 1 Front towards Phantom 806.5 MHz

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# Worst case position with Thicker Battery, Belt and Accessory 1 Front towards Phantom 806.5 MHz

Communication System: DuiJiangJi; Frequency: 806.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 806.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.99 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 54.03$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 1315; Calibrated: 24/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =6.42 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 75.661 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.418 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 5.86 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.37 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.18 W/kg

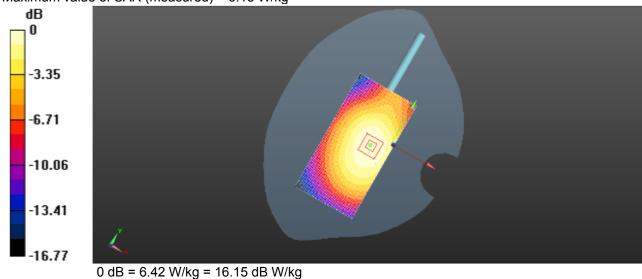


Figure 23: Worst case position with Thicker Battery, Belt and Accessory 1 Front towards Phantom 806.5 MHz

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### 6. Calibration Certificate

#### 6.1. Probe Calibration Ceriticate

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

CIQ SZ (Auden)

Certificate No: ES3-3292\_Feb13

Object	ES3DV3 - SN:3292
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v8, QA CAL-14.v7, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v4 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date:	February 24, 2013
	cuments the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI), uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.
All calibrations have been co	inducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	31-Mar-12 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-13
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	31-Mar-12 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-13
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01369)	Apr-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-13
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01370)	Apr-13
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	29-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3013_Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 654	3-May-12 (No. DAE4-654_May12)	May-13
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-12)	In house check: Apr-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	t the
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	2000
This calibration coefficient	a shall and be assent and according to the	I without written approval of the laboratory	Issued: February 27, 2013

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#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8034 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst S Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

tissue simulating liquid NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z ConvF diode compression point DCP

crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal CF A, B, C modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization o o rotation around probe axis

3 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), Polarization 9

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

 IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques', December 2003 IEC 62209-', "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close

proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx, y.z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx, y, z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx, y, z does not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y.z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y z; Cx,y,z, VRx,y,z; A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Soundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

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ES3DV3 - SN:3292

February 24, 2013

# Probe ES3DV3

SN:3292

Manufactured:

July 6, 2010

Calibrated: February 24, 2013

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: ES3-3292\_Feb13

Page 3 of 11

February 24, 2013

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3292

**Basic Calibration Parameters** 

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (µV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>A</sup>	0.81	0.90	1.18	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>II</sup>	105.9	104.7	102.0	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dB	C dB	WR mV	Unc (k=2)
10000	CW	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	117.3	±2.2 %
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	94.2	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	108.2	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>1</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).
 Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
 Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

February 24, 2013

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3292

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity F	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
450	43.5	0.87	6.71	6.71	6.71	0.15	1.80	± 13.4 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.06	6.06	6.06	0.26	2.19	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	6.03	6.03	6.03	0.29	2.00	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	5.25	5.25	5.25	0.80	1.17	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	5.21	5.21	5.21	0.63	1.38	± 12.0 %
2100	39.8	1.49	5.15	5.15	5.15	0.80	1.20	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.47	4.47	4.47	0.63	1.50	± 12.0 %

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Frequency validity of  $\pm$  100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to  $\pm$  50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the Corn/F uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

FAt frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to  $\pm$  10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to  $\pm$  5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the Corn/F uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

February 24, 2013

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3292

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

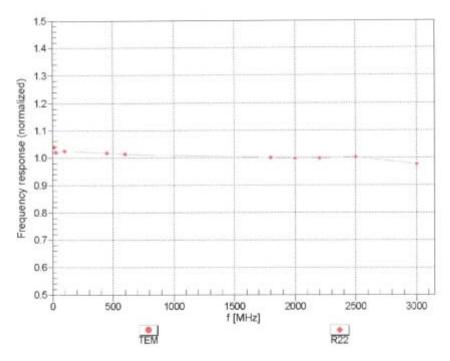
f (MHz) <sup>c</sup>	Relative Permittivity F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
450	56.7	0.94	7.10	7.10	7.10	0.09	1.00	± 13.4 %
835	55.2	0.97	6.14	6.14	6.14	0.42	1.57	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	6.07	6.07	6.07	0.48	1.49	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	4.86	4.86	4.86	0.62	1.42	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.66	4.66	4.66	0.47	1.75	± 12.0 %
2100	53.2	1.62	4.76	4.76	4.76	0.70	1.39	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.25	4.25	4.25	0.80	1.03	± 12.0 %

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Frequency validity of  $\pm$  100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to  $\pm$  50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the Corn/F uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>r</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to  $\pm$  10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. A: frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to  $\pm$  5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the Corn/F uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

February 24, 2013

# Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Certificate No: ES3-3292\_Feb13

Tot

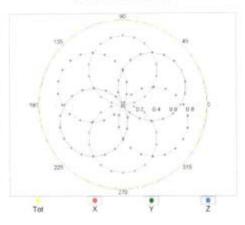
February 24, 2013

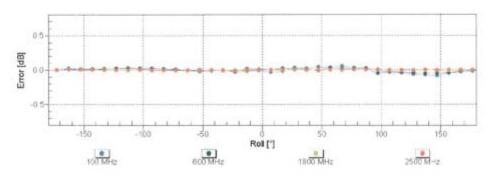
## Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\theta$ = 0°



180 180 180 182 04 08 08

f=1800 MHz,R22

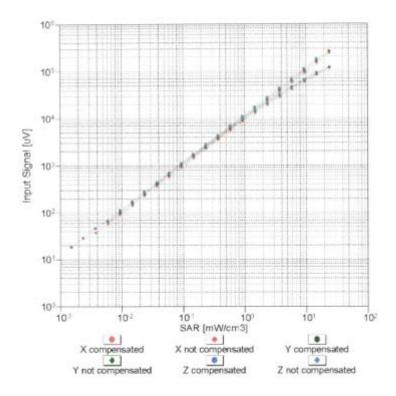


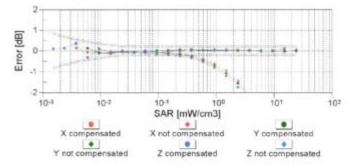


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

February 24, 2013

#### Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)

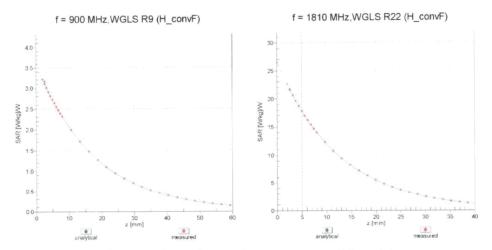




Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

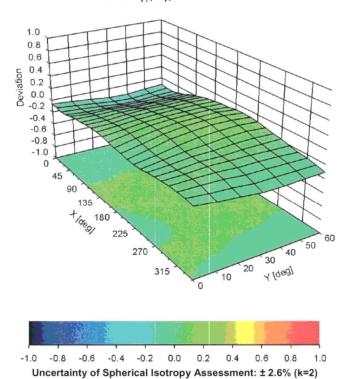
ES3DV3- SN:3292 February 24, 2013

#### **Conversion Factor Assessment**



## **Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid**

Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



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ES3DV3-SN:3292

February 24, 2013

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3292

#### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Senscr X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm

Certificate No: ES3-3292\_Feb13

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#### 6.2. D835V2 Dipole Calibration Ceriticate

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





C

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Object	D835V2 - SN: 4d	134	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v8 Calibration proce	dure for dipole validation kits abo	ove 700 MHz
Calibration date:	February 27, 201	3	
	ertainties with confidence p	ional standards, which realize the physical un robability are given on the following pages an	d are part of the certificate.
All calibrations have been condu-	cted in the closed laborator	ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°(	C and humidity < 70%.
		ry facility: environment temperature (22 $\pm$ 3) $^{\circ}$ (	C and humidity < 70%.
Calibration Equipment used (M&		ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)%  Cal Date (Certificate No.)	C and humidity < 70%.  Scheduled Calibration
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards	TE critical for calibration)		
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A	TE critical for calibration)	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A	TE critical for calibration)  ID #  GB37480704	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-13
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator	TE critical for calibration)  ID #  GB37480704  US37292783	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451) 05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3	ID #  GB37480704  US37292783  SN: 5086 (20g)  SN: 5047.2 / 06327  SN: 3205	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451) 05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01368) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01371) 30-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-13
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3	TE critical for calibration)  ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451) 05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01368) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01371)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-13 Apr-13
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4	ID #  GB37480704  US37292783  SN: 5086 (20g)  SN: 5047.2 / 06327  SN: 3205	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451) 05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01368) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01371) 30-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-13
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4	TE critical for calibration)  ID #  GB37480704  US37292783  SN: 5086 (20g)  SN: 5047.2 / 06327  SN: 3205  SN: 601	Cal Date (Certificate No.)  05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451)  05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451)  29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01368)  29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01371)  30-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11)  04-Jul-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-13 Jul-13
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A	TE critical for calibration)  ID #  GB37480704  US37292783  SN: 5086 (20g)  SN: 5047.2 / 06327  SN: 3205  SN: 601  ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)  05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451)  05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451)  29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01368)  29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01371)  30-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11)  04-Jul-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11)  Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-13 Jul-13 Scheduled Check
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	TE critical for calibration)  ID #  GB37480704  US37292783  SN: 5086 (20g)  SN: 5047.2 / 06327  SN: 3205  SN: 601  ID #  MY41092317	Cal Date (Certificate No.)  05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451)  05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451)  29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01368)  29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01371)  30-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11)  04-Jul-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11)  Check Date (in house)  18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-13 Jul-13 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-13
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	TE critical for calibration)  ID #  GB37480704  US37292783  SN: 5096 (20g)  SN: 5047.2 / 06327  SN: 3205  SN: 601  ID #  MY41092317  100005  US37390585 S4206	Cal Date (Certificate No.)  05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451)  05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451)  29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01368)  29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01371)  30-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11)  04-Jul-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11)  Check Date (in house)  18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)  04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)  18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-13 Jul-13 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-13 In house check; Oct-13
All calibrations have been conductable.  Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4  Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E  Calibrated by:	TE critical for calibration)  ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601  ID # MY41092317 100005	Cal Date (Certificate No.)  05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451)  05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451)  29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01368)  29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01371)  30-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11)  04-Jul-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11)  Check Date (in house)  18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)  04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-13 Jul-13 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-13 In house check: Oct-13 In house check: Oct-13
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	TE critical for calibration)  ID #  GB37480704  US37292783  SN: 5096 (20g)  SN: 5047.2 / 06327  SN: 3205  SN: 601  ID #  MY41092317  100005  US37390585 S4206  Name	Cal Date (Certificate No.)  05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451)  05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451)  29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01368)  29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01371)  30-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11)  04-Jul-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11)  Check Date (in house)  18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)  04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)  18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-13 Jul-13 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-13 In house check; Oct-13

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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#### Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

#### Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
   No uncertainty required.
- · SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

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#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.0
Extrapolation	rapolation Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

#### **Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.0 ± 6 %	0.89 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	7222	

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.33 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.37 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.52 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.11 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

#### **Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	55.7 ± 6 %	1.01 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	****	***

#### SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.44 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.49 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	concition		
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.60 mW / g	
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.26 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)	

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#### Appendix

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.7 Ω - 2.1 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 29.6 dB	

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.1 Ω - 4.6 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 25.0 dB	

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.398 ns
Crossical Dotaly (one arrowship)	1.000110

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG	
Manufactured on	July 22, 2011	

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#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 27.02.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d134

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.89$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 41$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 30.12.2012

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2012

Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001

DASY52 52.8.0(692); SEMCAD X 14.6.4(4989)

#### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

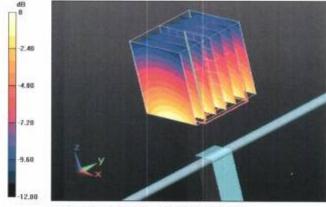
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.043 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.4280

SAR(1 g) = 2.33 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.52 mW/g

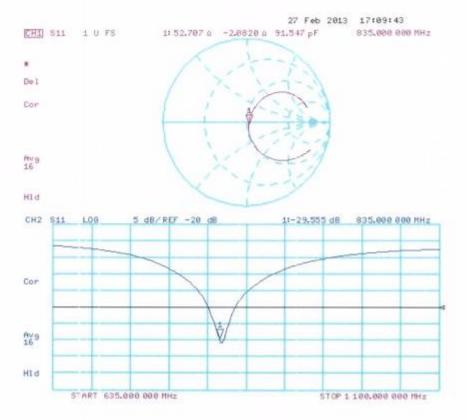
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.725 mW/g



0 dB = 2.730 mW/g = 8.72 dB mW/g

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#### Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Date: 27.02.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d134

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.01$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 55.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.02, 6.02, 6.02); Calibrated: 30.12.2012

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2012

Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001

DASY52 52.8.0(692); SEMCAD X 14.6.4(4989)

#### Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

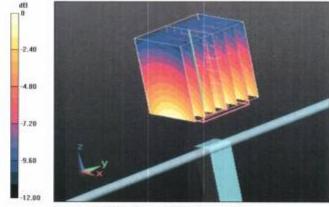
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.902 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0055 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.5280

SAR(1 g) = 2.44 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.6 mW/g

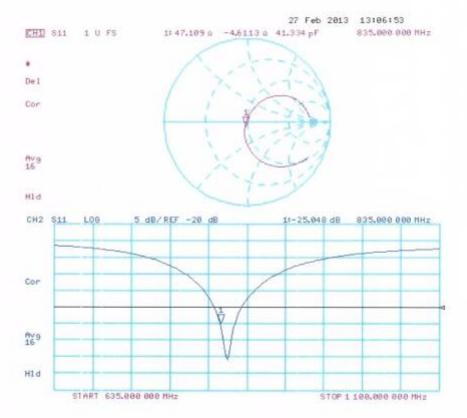
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.838 mW/g



0 dB = 2.840 mW/g = 9.07 dB mW/g

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#### Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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#### 6.3. DAE4 Calibration Ceriticate

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CIQ SZ (Auden			cate No: DAE4-1315_Feb13
Object	DAE4 - SD 000 D		
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-06.v24 Calibration proced	dure for the data acquisition	n electronics (DAE)
Calibration date:	February 27, 2013	3	
		nal standards, which realize the phy	
	S.	facility: environment temperature (2	
Calibration Equipment used (M&)			
Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	28-Sep-12 (No:11450)	Sep-13
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Calibrator Box V2.1		05-Jan-12 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-13
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Andrea Guntil	Technician	1400
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	R&D Director	Signature IV. Bellium
This calibration certificate shall or	of he reproduced except in t	ull without written announced of the lab	Issued: February 27, 2013

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#### Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

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# DC Voltage Measurement A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range:  $1LSB = 6.1\mu V$ , full range = -100...+300 mVLow Range: 1LSB = 61nV, full range = -1......+3mVDASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	405.194 ± 0.1% (k=2)	405.031 ± 0.1% (k=2)	405.006 ± 0.1% (k=2)
Low Range	4.00179 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.99504 ± 0.7% (k=2)	4.00535 ± 0.7% (k=2)

#### Connector Angle

	1.11 (A. 11 (A.
Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	20.0 ° ± 1 °

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#### **Appendix**

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X - Input	199993.07	-0.46	-0.00
Channel X - Input	19998.21	0.29	0.00
Channel X - Input	-19997,04	5.94	-0.03
Channel Y - Input	199992.78	-1.05	-0,00
Channel Y - Input	19995.99	-1.88	-0.01
Channel Y - Input	-20001.41	1.50	-0.01
Channel Z + Input	199996.23	3.02	0.00
Channel Z + Input	19996.75	-0.72	-0.00
Channel Z - Input	-20003.50	-0.24	0.00

Low Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	1999.32	-1.73	-0.09
Channel X + Input	200.22	-1.03	-0.51
Channel X - Input	-198.55	0.32	-0.16
Channel Y + Input	1997.53	-3.28	-0.16
Channel Y + Input	199.64	-1.21	-0.60
Channel Y - Input	-199.77	-0.78	0.39
Channel Z + Input	1997.90	-2.04	-0.10
Channel Z + Input	199.23	-1.21	-0.61
Channel Z - Input	-200.63	-1.12	0.56

#### 2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	-1.10	-3.09
	- 200	4.35	3.23
Channel Y	200	-22.09	-22.46
	- 200	21.74	22.31
Channel Z	200	-4.46	-4.92
	- 200	3.65	2.86

#### 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (µV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	*	-2.62	-3.29
Channel Y	200	6.73		-2.17
Channel Z	200	8.11	5.38	-

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#### 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16132	15682
Channel Y	16251	15151
Channel Z	15551	15659

#### 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10MΩ

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	1.32	0.22	2.38	0.46
Channel Y	-1.23	-2.04	-0.58	0.36
Channel Z	-1.89	-3.56	-1.12	0.39

#### 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

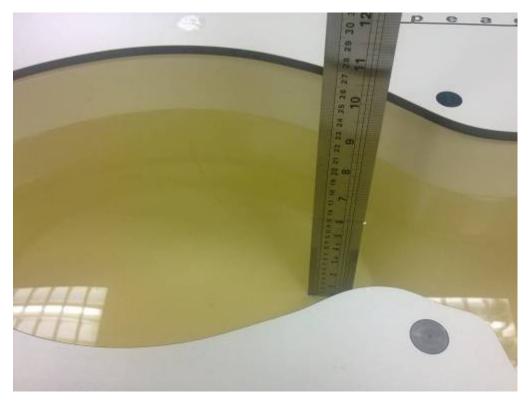
8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9	
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6	

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

## 7. Test Setup Photos







Face-held with Thicker Battery, the front of the EUT towards phantom



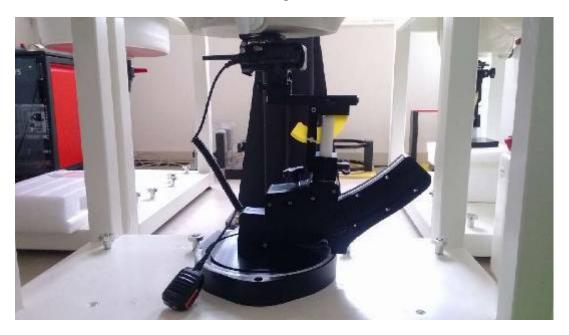
Face-held with Thinner Battery, the front of the EUT towards phantom



Body-worn with Thinner Battery, Belt, the front of the EUT towards ground



Body-worn with Thicker Battery, Belt, the front of the EUT towards ground



Body-worn with Thinner Battery, Pocket, the front of the EUT towards ground

## 8. **EUT Photos**



Battery Thicker:BL2503



Battery Thinner:BL2006



Belt:BC19



Pocket:LCY003





Earphone 1: ESS07



Earphone 2: ESS08



Earphone 3: EH-02



Earphone 4: EH-01



Earphone 5: ES-02



Earphone 6: ES-01



Accessory 1: SM18N2



Audio Accessory 2: ACN-01



Audio Accessory 3: EAN16



Audio Accessory 4: EAN18



Audio Accessory 5: ESN10



Audio Accessory 6: EHN12



## Audio Accessory 7:EWN09





.....End of Report.....