

SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

Hytera Communications Co.,Ltd.

HYT Tower, Hi-Tech Industrial Park North, Nanshan District, Shenzhen China

FCC ID: YAMPD60XVHF

Report Type:		Product Type:					
Class II Permissive	Change	Digital Portable Radio					
Test Engineer:	Wilson Chen	Wilson then					
Report Number:	RSZ140508002	-20AA1					
Report Date:							
Keport Date.							
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Note: This test report is prepared for the customer shown above and for the device described herein. It may not be duplicated or used in part without prior written consent from Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp.

Attestation of Test Results							
Company Name			Hytera Communications Co., Ltd.				
EUT Description		EUT Description	Digital Portable Radio				
EUT FCC ID		FCC ID	YAMPD60XVHF				
		Model Number	PD660 VHF, PD662 VHF, PD665 VHF, PD666 V	VHF , PD668 VHF			
		Test Date	2014-07-13				
Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Ma	ax. SAR Level(s) Reported (1g)	Limit (W/Kg)			
Digital	136-174	12.5kHz	Face up: 0.459 W/kg Body-Back: 0.585 W/kg	9			
Analog	136-174	12.5kHz	Face up: 0.446 W/kg (50% duty cycle) Body-Back: 0.338 W/kg (50% duty cycle)	8			
ANSI / IEEE C95.1: 2005IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fileds,3 kHz to 300 GHz.ANSI / IEEE C95.3: 2002IEEE Recommended Practice for Measurements and Computations of Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields With Respect to Human Exposure to SuchFields,100 kHz—300 GHz.Applicable StandardsIEEE1528:2013IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices:							
Measurement Techniques KDB procedures KDB 447498 D01 Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipmen Authorization Policies. KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01. KDB 643646 SAR test Reduction Considerations for Occupational PTT Radios. KDB Inquiry: Tracking Number 316436 for SAR VHF system validation. Note: This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate SAR for Occupational /Controlled Exposure Environment limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Standards and has been tested							

The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.

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DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision	
0	R1401305-FCC-SAR	Original Report	2014-04-02	
1	RSZ140508002-20AA1	Class II permissive Change Report	2014-07-26	

This is a CIIPC application of the device, the differences between the original device and the current one are as follows:

- 1. Adding a screen and keyboard (8 buttons) in the current device, they have the same main board and transmitter module between the original device and the current one;
- Changing the model, the original models are PD600 VHF, PD602 VHF, PD605 VHF, PD606 VHF, PD608 VHF, HD605 VHF and the new models are PD660 VHF, PD662 VHF, PD665 VHF, PD666 VHF, PD668 VHF

For the change made to the device, all the worse case configuration was performed.

EUT DESCRIPTION

This report has been prepared on behalf of Hytera Communications Co., Ltd. and their product, FCC ID: YAMPD60XVHF, Model: PD662 VHF or the EUT(Equipment Under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

*Note: This series products model: PD660 VHF, PD662 VHF, PD665 VHF, PD666 VHF, PD668 VHF, we select model: PD662 VHF to test, there is no electrical change has been made to the equipment.

Technical Specification

Product Type	Portable	
Exposure Category:	Occupational/Controlled Exposure	
Antenna Type(s):	External Antenna	
Body-Worn Accessories:	Belt Clip and Headset Cable	
Face-Head Accessories:	None	
Modulation Type:	FM and 4FSK	
Frequency Band:	and: 136MHz-174MHz	
Conducted RF Power:	Power: 37.48dBm	
Dimensions (L*W*H):): $131 \text{mm}(\text{L}) \times 59 \text{mm}(\text{W}) \times 30 \text{mm}(\text{H})$	
Power Source:	: 7.4V Rechargeable Li-ION Battery	
Normal Operation:	Face Up and Body-worn	

REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUILDELINES

FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by EN62209-1 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

SAR Limits

	SAR (W/kg)				
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)			
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4			
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0			
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0			

FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

CE Limit (10g Tissue)

	SAR (W/kg)				
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)			
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4			
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10			
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0			

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

Occupational/Controlled environments Spatial Peak limit 8.0W/kg (FCC/IC) & 10 W/kg (CE) applied to the EUT.

FACILITIES

The test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) to collect data is located at 6/F, the 3rd Phase of WanLi Industrial Building, Shi Hua Road, Fu Tian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. of China

DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with ALSAS 10 Universal Integrated SAR Measurement system from APREL Laboratories.

ALSAS-10U System Description

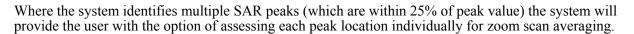
ALSAS-10-U is fully compliant with the technical and scientific requirements of IEEE 1528, IEC 62209, CENELEC, ARIB, ACA, and the Federal Communications Commission. The system comprises of a six axes articulated robot which utilizes a dedicated controller. ALSAS-10U uses the latest methodologies. And FDTD modeling to provide a platform which is repeatable with minimum uncertainty.

Applications

Predefined measurement procedures compliant with the guidelines of CENELEC, IEEE, IEC, FCC, etc are utilized during the assessment for the device. Automatic detection for all SAR maxima are embedded within the core architecture for the system, ensuring that peak locations used for centering the zoom scan are within a 1mm resolution and a 0.05mm repeatable position. System operation range currently available up-to 6 GHz in simulated tissue.

Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm2 step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.



Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the ALSAS-10U software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m3 is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x8 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 35mm in the Z axis.



ALSAS-10U Interpolation and Extrapolation Uncertainty

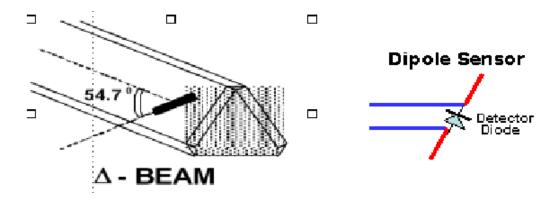
The overall uncertainty for the methodology and algorithms the used during the SAR calculation was evaluated using the data from IEEE 1528 based on the example f3 algorithm:

$$f_3(x, y, z) = A \frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + {x'}^2 + {y'}^2} \cdot \left(e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a+2z)^2}\right)$$

Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



SAR is assessed with a calibrated probe which moves at a default height of 5mm from the center of the diode, which is mounted to the sensor, to the phantom surface (in the Z Axis). The 5mm offset height has been selected so as to minimize any resultant boundary effect due to the probe being in close proximity to the phantom surface.

The following algorithm is an example of the function used by the system for linearization of the output from the probe when measuring complex modulation schemes.

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

Calibration Method	Frequency Dependent Below 1 GHz Calibration in air performed in a TEM Cell Above 1 GHz Calibration in air performed in waveguide			
Sensitivity	$0.70 \ \mu V/(V/m)^2$ to $0.85 \ \mu V/(V/m)^2$			
Dynamic Range	0.0005 W/kg to 100 W/kg			
Isotropic Response	Better than 0.1 dB			
Diode Compression Point (DCP)	Calibration for Specific Frequency			
Probe Tip Diameter	< 2.9 mm			
Sensor Offset	1.56 (+/- 0.02 mm)			
Probe Length	289 mm			
Video Bandwidth	 @ 500 Hz: 1 dB @ 1.02 kHz: 3 dB 			
Boundary Effect	Less than 2.1% for distance greater than 0.58 mm			
Spatial Resolution	The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.5% for 4.9mm diameter probe. The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.0% for 2.5mm diameter probe			

Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device

ALSAS-10U incorporates a boundary detection unit with a sensitivity of 0.05mm for detecting all types of surfaces. The robust design allows for detection during probe tilt (probe normalize) exercises, and utilizes a second stage emergency stop. The signal electronics are fed directly into the robot controller for high accuracy surface detection in lateral and axial detection modes (X, Y, & Z).

The probe is mounted directly onto the Boundary Detection unit for accurate tooling and displacement calculations controlled by the robot kinematics. The probe is connect to an isolated probe interconnect where the output stage of the probe is fed directly into the amplifier stage of the Daq-Paq.

Daq-Paq (Analog to Digital Electronics)

ALSAS-10U incorporates a fully calibrated Daq-Paq (analog to digital conversion system) which has a 4 channel input stage, sent via a 2 stage auto-set amplifier module. The input signal is amplified accordingly so as to offer a dynamic range from $5\mu V$ to 800mV. Integration of the fields measured is carried out at board level utilizing a Co-Processor which then sends the measured fields down into the main computational module in digitized form via an RS232 communications port. Probe linearity and duty cycle compensation is carried out within the main Daq-Paq module.

ADC	12 Bit
Amplifier Range	20 mV to 200 mV and 150 mV to 800 mV
Field Integration	Local Co-Processor utilizing proprietary integration algorithms
Number of Input Channels	4 in total 3 dedicated and 1 spare
Communication	Packet data via RS232

Axis Articulated Robot

ALSAS-10U utilizes a six axis articulated robot, which is controlled using a Pentium based real-time movement controller. The movement kinematics engine utilizes proprietary (Thermo CRS) interpolation and extrapolation algorithms, which allow full freedom of movement for each of the six joints within the working envelope. Utilization of joint 6 allows for full probe rotation with a tolerance better than 0.05mm around the central axis.



Robot/Controller Manufacturer	Thermo CRS		
Number of Axis	Six independently controlled axis		
Positioning Repeatability	0.05 mm		
Controller Type	Single phase Pentium based C500C		
Robot Reach	710 mm		
Communication	RS232 and LAN compatible		

ALSAS Universal Workstation

ALSAS Universal workstation allows for repeatability and fast adaptability. It allows users to do calibration, testing and measurements using different types of phantoms with one set up, which significantly speeds up the measurement process.

Universal Device Positioner

The universal device positioner allows complete freedom of movement of the EUT. Developed to hold a EUT in a free-space scenario any additional loading attributable to the material used in the construction of the positioner has been eliminated. Repeatability has been enhanced through the linear scales which form the design used to indicate positioning for any given test scenario in all major axes. A 15° tilt indicator is included for the of aid cheek to tilt movements for head SAR analysis. Overall uncertainty for measurements have been reduced due to the design of the Universal device positioner, which allows positioning of a device in as near to a free-space scenario as possible, and by providing the means for complete repeatability.

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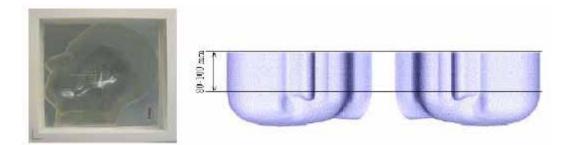


Phantom Types

The ALSAS-10U allows the integration of multiple phantom types. SAM Phantoms fully compliant with IEEE 1528, Universal Phantom, and Universal Flat.

APREL SAM Phantoms

The SAM phantoms developed using the IEEE SAM CAD file. They are fully compliant with the requirements for both IEEE 1528 and FCC Supplement C. Both the left and right SAM phantoms are interchangeable, transparent and include the IEEE 1528 grid with visible NF and MB lines.



APREL Laboratories Universal Phantom

The Universal Phantom is used on the ALSAS-10U as a system validation phantom. The Universal Phantom has been fully validated both experimentally from 30MHz to 6GHz and numerically using XFDTD numerical software.

The shell thickness is 2mm overall, with a 4mm spacer located at the NF/MB intersection providing an overall thickness of 6mm in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528.

The design allows for fast and accurate measurements, of handsets, by allowing the conservative SAR to be evaluated at on frequency for both left and right head experiments in one measurement.



Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Ingredients	Frequency (MHz)									
(% by weight)	45	0	8.	35	91	15	19	00	24	50
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (Nacl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton x-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (s/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body

Frequency	Head	Fissue	Body Tissue	
(MHz)	٤r	O' (S/m)	٤r	O' (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

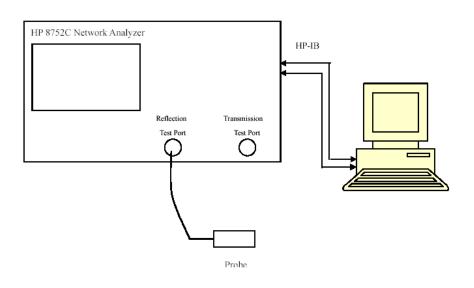
EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

Equipments List & Calibration Information

Equipment	Model	Calibration Date	S/N
CRS F3 robot	ALS-F3	N/A	RAF0805352
CRS F3 Software	ALS-F3-SW	N/A	N/A
CRS C500C controller	ALS-C500	N/A	RCF0805379
Probe mounting device & Boundary Detection Sensor System	ALS-PMDPS-3	N/A	120-00270
Universal Work Station	ALS-UWS	N/A	100-00157
Data Acquisition Package	ALS-DAQ-PAQ-3	2013-10-08	110-00212
Miniature E-Field Probe	E-020	2013-10-08	500-00283
Loop, 150 MHz	CLA150	2014-05-08	4004
Device holder/Positioner	ALS-H-E-SET-2	N/A	170-00510
Left ear SAM phantom	ALS-P-SAM-L	N/A	130-00311
Right ear SAM phantom	ALS-P-SAM-R	N/A	140-00359
UniPhantom	ALS-UM-FLAT	N/A	153-00104
Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Head	ALS-TS-150-H	Each Time	250-01302
Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	ALS-TS-150-B	Each Time	250-01304
Directional couple	DC6180A	2013-11-12	0325849
Attenuator	3dB	2014-05-08	5402
Network analyzer	8752C	2014-06-13	3410A02356
Dielectric probe kit	HP85070B	2014-06-13	N/A
Power Amplifier	5S1G4	N/A	71377
Synthesized Sweeper	HP 8341B	2014-05-08	2624A00116
EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	2013-11-12	101120

SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Liquid Verification



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

Liquid Verification Results

Frequency	Frequency Liquid		Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)	
(MHz)	Туре	٤ _r	O' (S/m)	٤ _r	O (S/m)	٤ _r	O' (S/m)	(%)
138.015	Head	51.95	0.76	52.30	0.76	-0.669	0.000	±5
138.015	Body	63.16	0.81	61.90	0.80	2.036	1.250	±5
149.050	Head	50.44	0.78	52.30	0.76	-3.556	2.632	±5
	Body	62.90	0.81	61.90	0.80	1.616	1.250	±5
157.050	Head	50.70	0.79	52.30	0.76	-3.059	3.947	±5
137.030	Body	62.76	0.82	61.90	0.80	1.389	2.500	±5
172.070	Head	51.00	0.79	52.30	0.76	-2.486	3.947	±5
173.970	Body	62.31	0.83	61.90	0.80	0.662	3.750	±5

*Liquid Verification was performed on 2014-07-13

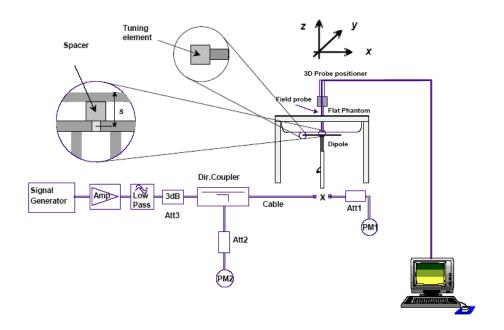
Please refer to the following tables.

150MHz Head				150MHz Body	
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''
136.0000	51.6162	101.2334	136.0000	63.4628	105.1123
136.7600	51.7152	100.1984	136.7600	63.3529	105.4189
137.5200	51.7342	100.1354	137.5200	62.9736	104.7919
138.2800	51.9542	99.2982	138.2800	63.1606	104.7342
139.0400	51.4307	99.0421	139.0400	63.4158	104.1671
139.8000	51.2477	98.9286	139.8000	63.2879	103.7065
140.5600	51.2745	98.1884	140.5600	63.2789	102.2787
141.3200	51.2596	97.2152	141.3200	63.2876	102.0872
142.0800	50.9865	97.5258	142.0800	63.1908	102.3265
142.8400	51.0861	97.0387	142.8400	63.2553	101.6781
143.6000	50.8222	96.5159	143.6000	62.9536	101.2825
144.3600	50.8589	96.1124	144.3600	63.2242	100.1256
145.1200	50.5697	95.6641	145.1200	62.9962	100.3346
145.8800	50.5247	95.7386	145.8800	63.1412	99.7401
146.6400	50.5133	95.1496	146.6400	63.1297	99.6876
147.4000	50.4891	94.7024	147.4000	63.0746	98.5998
148.1600	50.5295	94.2741	148.1600	63.0988	98.6783
148.9200	50.4443	93.7536	148.9200	62.9021	98.2001
149.6800	50.4314	93.7346	149.6800	62.8511	97.5174
150.4400	50.6462	93.2064	150.4400	62.8756	97.3143
151.2000	50.4412	93.1438	151.2000	62.7165	96.2306
151.9600	50.4898	92.5463	151.9600	62.6691	96.7631
152.7200	50.4122	92.1049	152.7200	62.6424	96.1471
153.4800	50.4265	92.2231	153.4800	62.7964	95.7517
154.2400	50.5339	91.6384	154.2400	62.6476	94.9267
155.0000	50.3265	90.6023	155.0000	62.2645	94.3231
155.7600	50.1877	90.2728	155.7600	62.6585	94.6915
156.5200	50.0989	90.7543	156.5200	62.7349	94.2472
157.2800	50.6998	89.9461	157.2800	62.7636	93.8858
158.0400	50.3135	89.7504	158.0400	62.4619	93.4497
158.8000	50.2318	89.7486	158.8000	62.8612	93.3511
159.5600	50.3482	88.4965	159.5600	62.5866	92.8373
160.3200	50.3464	88.5299	160.3200	62.8567	92.2772
161.0800	50.5798	88.2428	161.0800	62.5939	91.3732
161.8400	50.5794	87.6611	161.8400	62.3254	91.1308
162.6000	50.5593	87.4944	162.6000	62.6685	90.2891
163.3600	50.8758	87.3563	163.3600	62.4458	90.8509
164.1200	50.4325	86.8016	164.1200	62.9322	90.7291
164.8800	50.6095	86.5739	164.8800	62.4612	90.2835
165.6400 166.4000	<u>50.6563</u> 50.4816	86.3327 85.4479	165.6400 166.4000	62.2962	89.8634 89.2834
166.4000	50.2476	85.3348	166.4000	<u>62.4483</u> 62.2479	89.2834 88.9247
167.9200	50.2589	85.5063	167.1000	62.2479	88.6186
167.9200	50.3962	83.3063	167.9200	62.8713	88.3801
169.4400	50.6376	84.8145	168.0800	62.2179	88.1611
170.2000	50.8569	84.5366	170.2000	62.5393	88.2081
170.2000	50.5954	83.8829	170.2000	62.3281	87.6971
170.3000	50.8358	83.4697	170.9000	61.9764	87.1664
172.4800	50.6977	83.1841	172.4800	62.2458	86.6525
172.4800	51.0382	82.6435	172.4800	62.3215	86.2996
173.2400	50.9977	82.1586	173.2400	62.3123	86.2414
1/4.0000	30.9977	82.1380	1/4.0000	02.3123	80.2414

System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

System Verification Setup Block Diagram



Probe and dipole antenna List and Detail

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
APREL	Probe	ALS-E-020	500-00283	2013-10-08	2014-10-07
Speag	Loop antenna(150MHz)	CLA150	4004	2014-05-08	2017-05-07

System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Measured SAR (W/Kg)		Target Value (W/Kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2014-07-13	150	Head	1g	3.649	3.750	-1.082	±10
2014-07-13	150	Body	1g	3.896	3.810	2.526	±10

*All SAR values are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

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SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

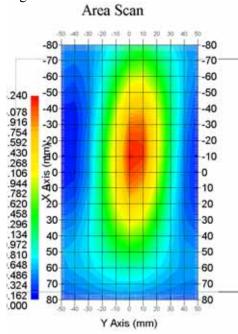
Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

System Performance Check 150 MHz Head Liquid

Loop150 MHz; Type: CLA150; S/N:4004

Product Data Device Name Serial No. Type Model Frequency Band Max. Transmit Pwr Drift Time Power Drift-Start Power Drift-Finish Power Drift (%)	
Phantom Data Name Type Serial No. Location Description Phantom Data	: APREL-Uni : Uni-Phantom : System Default : Center : Default
Tissue Data Type Serial No. Frequency Last Calib. Date Temperature Ambient Temp. Humidity Epsilon Sigma Density	: Head : 250-01302 : 150.00MHz : 13-Jul-2014 : 20.00 °C : 21.00 °C : 56.00 RH% : 50.27 F/m : 0.78 S/m : 1000.00 kg/cu. m
Probe Data Name Model Type Serial No. Last Calib. Date Frequency Band Duty Cycle Factor Conversion Factor Probe Sensitivity Compression Point Offset	: E-Field : E-020 : E-Field Triangle : 500-00283 : 08-Oct-2013 : 150 : 1 : 6.0 : 1.20 1.20 1.20 μV/(V/m)2 : 95.00 mV : 1.56 mm
Measurement Data Crest Factor Scan Type Tissue Temp. Ambient Temp. Area Scan Zoom Scan	: 1 : Complete : 21.00 °C : 21.00 °C : 8x10x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

1 gram SAR value	: 3.649 W/kg
10 gram SAR value	: 2.418 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR	: 4.037 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 6.117 W/kg



150 MHz System Validation with Head Tissue

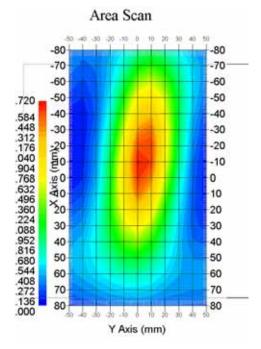
System Performance Check 150 MHz Body Liquid

Loop 150 MHz; Type: CLA150; S/N: 4004

Product Data Device Name Serial No. Type Model Frequency Band Max. Transmit Pwr Drift Time Power Drift-Start Power Drift-Finish Power Drift-Finish Power Drift (%)	: 3 min(s) : 2.582 W/kg
Phantom Data Name Type Serial No. Location Description Phantom Data	: APREL-Uni : Uni-Phantom : System Default : Center : Default
Tissue Data Type Serial No. Frequency Last Calib. Date Temperature Ambient Temp. Humidity Epsilon Sigma Density	: 20.00 °C
Probe Data Name Model Type Serial No. Last Calib. Date Frequency Band Duty Cycle Factor Conversion Factor Probe Sensitivity Compression Point Offset	: E-Field : E-020 : E-Field Triangle : 500-00283 : 08-Oct-2013 : 150 : 1 : 6.0 : 1.20 1.20 1.20 μV/(V/m)2 : 95.00 mV : 1.56 mm
Measurement Data Crest Factor Scan Type Tissue Temp. Ambient Temp. Area Scan Zoom Scan	: 1 : Complete : 21.00 °C : 21.00 °C : 8x10x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

Report No:	RSZ140508002-20AA1
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: 3.896 W/kg
: 2.702 W/kg
: 4.194 W/kg
: 6.516 W/kg



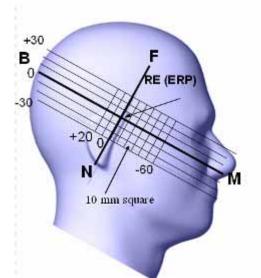


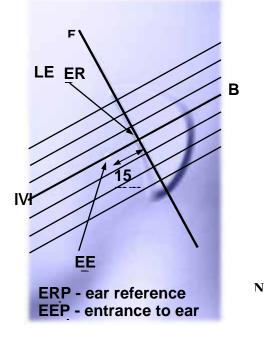
EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper ¹/₄ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The "vertical centerline" should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A "ear reference point" is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the "phantom reference plane" defined by the three lines joining the center of each "ear reference point" (left and right) and the tip of the mouth.

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the "N-F" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane". This is called the "initial ear position". While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:





Cheek/Touch Position

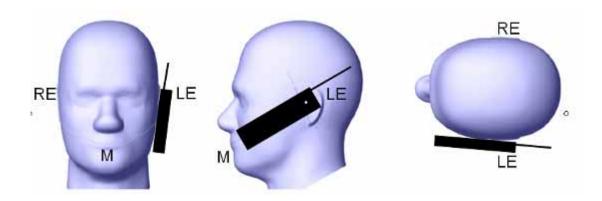
The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the "ear reference point" or along the "N-F" line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

This test position is established:

- When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.
- (or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

Cheek /Touch Position



Ear/Tilt Position

With the handset aligned in the "Cheek/Touch Position":

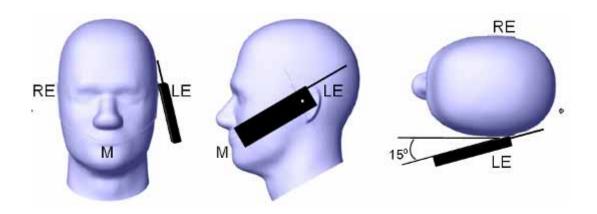
1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom's ear spacer (in the "Cheek/Touch position") and the peak SAR location for the "Cheek/Touch" position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the "initial ear position" by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.

2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the "test device reference point" until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point isby 15 80°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

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If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the "Cheek/Touch" and "Ear/Tilt" positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tile/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

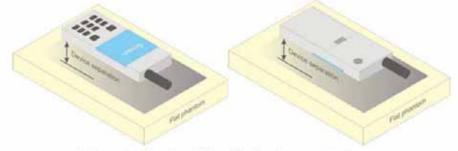
Ear /Tilt 15° Position



Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.





SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

- Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.
- Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or EUT and the horizontal grid spacing was 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.
- Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 35 mm x 35 mm x 35 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:
 - 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
 - 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

Test methodology

IEEE1528:2013 KDB 447498 D01 KDB 865664 D01 KDB 643646 KDB Inquiry: Tracking Number 316436

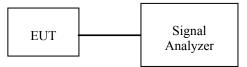
CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

Provision Applicable

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the Signal Analyzer through sufficient attenuation.



Maximum Output Power among production units

Max. tune-up tolerance power limit for Production Unit (dBm)				
PTT/Mode Frequency(136-174MHz)				
Digital-12.5K	37.50			
Analog-12.5K	37.50			

Test Results:

Mode	Frequency Spacing (kHz)	Frequency (MHz)	Output(dBm)	Output Power(W)	Power level
		138.015	37.26	5.321	High
		141.01	37.21	5.260	High
		149.05	37.31	5.383	High
Digital	12.5	153.05	37.03	5.047	High
		157.05	37.08	5.105	High
		165.015	37.22	5.272	High
		173.97	37.25	5.309	High
		138.015	37.32	5.395	High
		141.01	37.24	5.297	High
		149.05	37.35	5.433	High
Analog	12.5	153.05	37.28	5.346	High
		157.05	37.48	5.598	High
		165.015	37.14	5.176	High
	-	173.97	37.25	5.309	High

SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

SAR Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	21
Relative Humidity:	50%
ATM Pressure:	1002 mbar

* Testing was performed by Wilson Chen on 2014-07-13.

Associated Accessories List								
	1	AN0140H01(136-145MHz)						
A	2	AN0148H03(144-154MHz)						
Antenna	3	AN0158H02(153-164MHz)						
	4	AN0168H01(163-174MHz)						
Dattam	1	BL1502 1500mAh						
Battery	2	BL2010 2000mAh						
Body-worn Accessories	1	BC19						
	1	EWN07						
	2	EWN08						
	3	EAN19						
Audio Accessories	4	EAN21						
	5	SM26N1						
	6	SM26N2						
	9	ACN-02+(EH-01/EH-02/ES-01/ES-02)						

- 1. When multiple default body-worn accessories are supplied with a radio, the standard body-worn accessory expected to result in the highest SAR based on its construction and exposure conditions is considered the default body-worn accessory for making body-worn SAR measurements.
- 2. When multiple standard batteries are supplied with a radio, the battery with the highest capacity is considered the default battery for making head SAR measurements.
- 3. Testing a PTT radio with the thinnest battery and a standard (default) body-worn accessory that are both supplied with the radio and, if applicable, a default audio accessory, to measure the body SAR.
- 4. For audio accessories with similar construction and operating requirements, test only the audio accessory within the group that is expected to result in the highest SAR, with respect to changes in RF characteristics and exposure conditions for the combination.
- 5. The highlight accessories combination is regard as a default one for different construction and operating requirements accessories.

Test Result:

Digital (Modulation 4FSK; Channel Spacing 12.5 kHz):

Frequency		Body-Worn		Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated	1 g SAR Value(W/Kg)			
(MHz)	Antenna	Accessory	Battery	Drift (%)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	Face up (2.5cm)									
138.015	AN0140H01	/	BL2010	-1.873	37.26	37.50	1.057	0.434	0.459	1#
149.050	AN0148H03	/	BL2010	-0.524	37.31	37.50	1.045	0.213	0.223	/
157.050	AN0158H02		BL2010	1.898	37.08	37.50	1.102	0.195	0.215	/
173.970	AN0168H01	/	BL2010	-3.979	37.25	37.50	1.059	0.081	0.086	/
			Во	dy-Back ((0.0cm)					
138.015	AN0140H01	BC19	BL1502	-2.528	37.26	37.50	1.057	0.553	0.585	2#
149.050	AN0148H03	BC19	BL1502	1.745	37.31	37.50	1.045	0.247	0.258	/
157.050	AN0158H02	BC19	BL1502	3.612	37.08	37.50	1.102	0.284	0.313	/
173.970	AN0168H01	BC19	BL1502	-2.657	37.25	37.50	1.059	0.092	0.097	/

Analog (Modulation FM; Channel Spacing 12.5 kHz):

	Antenna	Body- Worn Accessory	Battery	Power Drift (%)	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max.	1 g SAR Value(W/Kg)				
Frequency (MHz)						Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	50% duty cycle	Plot
				Face u	p (2.5cm))					
138.015	AN0140H01	/	BL2010	1.892	37.32	37.50	1.042	0.857	0.893	0.446	3#
149.050	AN0148H03	/	BL2010	1.364	37.35	37.50	1.035	0.418	0.433	0.216	/
157.050	AN0158H02		BL2010	-3.147	37.48	37.50	1.005	0.375	0.377	0.188	/
173.970	AN0168H01	/	BL2010	-1.695	37.25	37.50	1.059	0.170	0.180	0.090	/
				Body-Ba	ack (0.0ci	n)					
138.015	AN0140H01	BC19	BL1502	3.202	37.32	37.50	1.042	0.649	0.676	0.338	4#
149.050	AN0148H03	BC19	BL1502	-0.655	37.35	37.50	1.035	0.397	0.411	0.205	/
157.050	AN0158H02	BC19	BL1502	-4.038	37.48	37.50	1.005	0.495	0.497	0.249	/
173.970	AN0168H01	BC19	BL1502	-1.118	37.25	37.50	1.059	0.228	0.241	0.121	/

Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR tested using the default battery and default accessories is $\leq 3.5W/Kg$ (corrected by Multiplying 50% for FM mode), testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. For a analog PTT, only simplex communication technology was supported, so the SAR value need to be corrected by Multiplying 50%.
- 3. The frequency points result in highest SAR value were selected to test.
- 4. Passive body-worn and audio accessories generally do not apply to the head SAR of PTT radios.
- 5. The whole antenna and radiating structures that may contribute to the measured SAR or influence the SAR distribution has been included in the area scan.

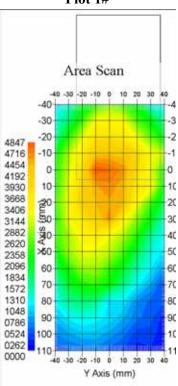
SAR Plots (Summary of the Highest SAR Values)

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

Face-Up 2.5cm (Digital 12.5k-138.015MHz)

Measurement Data Modulation mode Crest Factor Scan Type Area Scan Zoom Scan Power Drift-Start Power Drift-Finish Power Drift (%)	: 4FSK : 2 : Complete : 15x8x1: Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mn : 7x7x7: Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm : 0.366 W/kg : 0.359 W/kg : -1.873					
Tissue Data Type Frequency	: Head : 138.015 MHz					
Epsilon	: 51.95 F/m					
Sigma	: 0.76 S/m					
Density	: 1000.00 kg/cu. m					
Probe Data						
Serial No.	: 500-00283					
Frequency Band	: 150					
Duty Cycle Factor	: 2					
Conversion Factor	: 6.0					
Probe Sensitivity	1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$					
Compression Point	: 95.00 mV					
Offset	: 1.56 mm					
1 gram SAR value	: 0.434 W/kg					
10 gram SAR value	: 0.298 W/kg					
Area Scan Peak SAR	: 0.462 W/kg					
Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 0.759 W/kg					

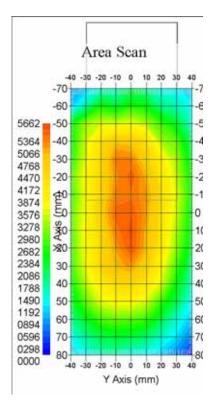
Plot 1#



Body-back 0.0cm (Digital 12.5k-138.015MHz)

Measurement Data Modulation mode Crest Factor Scan Type Area Scan Zoom Scan Power Drift-Start Power Drift-Finish Power Drift (%)	: 4FSK : 2 : Complete : 15x8x1: Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm : 7x7x7: Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm : 0.463 W/kg : 0.449 W/kg : -2.528					
Tissue Data Type Frequency Epsilon Sigma Density	: Body : 138.015 MHz : 63.16 F/m : 0.81 S/m : 1000.00 kg/cu. m					
Probe Data Serial No. Frequency Band Duty Cycle Factor Conversion Factor Probe Sensitivity Compression Point Offset	: 500-00283 : 150 : 2 : 6.0 : 1.20 1.20 1.20 μV/(V/m)2 : 95.00 mV : 1.56 mm					
1 gram SAR value 10 gram SAR value Area Scan Peak SAR Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 0.553 W/kg : 0.389 W/kg : 0.566 W/kg : 0.791 W/kg					

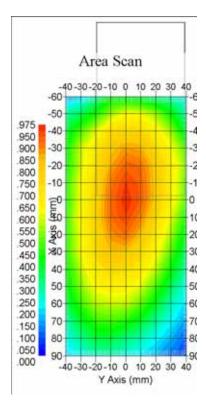
Plot 2#



Face-Up 2.5cm (Analog 12.5k-138.015MHz)

Measurement Data Modulation mode Crest Factor Scan Type Area Scan Zoom Scan Power Drift-Start Power Drift-Finish Power Drift (%)	: FM : 1 : Complete : 15x8x1: Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm : 7x7x7: Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm : 0.715 W/kg : 0.729 W/kg : 1.892					
Tissue Data Type Frequency Epsilon Sigma Density	: Head : 138.015 MHz : 51.95 F/m : 0.76 S/m : 1000.00 kg/cu. m					
Probe Data Serial No. Frequency Band Duty Cycle Factor Conversion Factor Probe Sensitivity Compression Point Offset	: 500-00283 : 150 : 1 : 6.0 : 1.20 1.20 μV/(V/m)2 : 95.00 mV : 1.56 mm					
1 gram SAR value 10 gram SAR value Area Scan Peak SAR Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 0.857 W/kg : 0.612 W/kg : 0.869 W/kg : 1.315 W/kg					

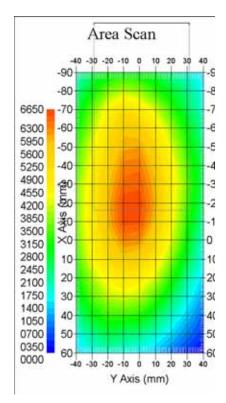
Plot 3#



Body-back 0.0cm (Analog 12.5k-138.015MHz)

Measurement Data Modulation mode Crest Factor Scan Type Area Scan Zoom Scan Power Drift-Start Power Drift-Finish Power Drift (%)	: FM : 1 : Complete : 15x8x1: Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mr : 7x7x7: Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm : 0.495 W/kg : 0.512 W/kg : 3.202					
Tissue Data Type Frequency Epsilon Sigma Density	: Body : 138.015 MHz : 63.16 F/m : 0.81 S/m : 1000.00 kg/cu. m					
Probe Data Serial No. Frequency Band Duty Cycle Factor Conversion Factor Probe Sensitivity Compression Point Offset	: 500-00283 : 150 : 1 : 6.0 : 1.20 1.20 1.20 μV/(V/m)2 : 95.00 mV : 1.56 mm					
1 gram SAR value 10 gram SAR value Area Scan Peak SAR Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 0.649 W/kg : 0.473 W/kg : 0.665 W/kg : 0.998 W/kg					

Plot 4#



SAR Evaluation Report

APPENDIX A – MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Source of Uncertainty	Tolerance Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c _i ¹ (1-g)	c _i ¹ (10-g)	Standard Uncertainty (1-g) %	Standard Uncertainty (10-g) %			
Measurement System										
Probe Calibration	3.5	normal	1	1	1	3.5	3.5			
Axial Isotropy	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-cp)^{1/2}$	$(1-cp)^{1}$	1.5	1.5			
Hemispherical Isotropy	10.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	√cp	√cp	4.4	4.4			
Boundary Effect	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6			
Linearity	4.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7			
Detection Limit	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6			
Readout Electronics	1.0	normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0			
Response Time	0.8	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5			
Integration Time	1.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.0	1.0			
RF Ambient Condition -Noise	0.6	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3			
RF Ambient Condition - Reflections	3.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7			
Probe Positioner Mech. Restrictions	0.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2			
		Res	triction							
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	2.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7			
Extrapolation and Integration	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.1	2.1			
Test Sample Positioning	2.3	normal	1	1	1	2.3	2.3			
Device Holder Uncertainty	6.215	normal	1	1	1	6.215	6.215			
Drift of Output Power	4.627	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.67	2.67			
		Phantor	n and Setu	սթ						
Phantom Uncertainty(shape & thickness tolerance)	3.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.0	2.0			
Liquid Conductivity(target)	5.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.5	2.0	1.4			
Liquid Conductivity(meas.)	1.938	normal	1	0.7	0.5	1.36	0.97			
Liquid Permittivity(target)	5.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.5	1.7	1.4			
Liquid Permittivity(meas.)	3.093	normal	1	0.6	0.5	1.86	1.55			
Combined Uncertainty		RSS				10.78	10.55			
Expanded uncertainty (coverage factor=2)		Normal(k=2)				21.56	21.10			

Measurement Uncertainty for 30 MHz to 6 GHz

APPENDIX B – PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No.: PC-1537

Task No: BACL-5745

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

> Equipment: Miniature Isotropic RF Probe Record of Calibration Head and Body Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories Model No.: E-020 Serial No.: 500-00283

Calibration Procedure: D01-032-E020-V2, D22-012-Tissue, D28-002-Dipole Project No: BACL-5745

Calibrated: 8th October 2013 Released on: 8th October 2013

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

CALIBRATION LABORATORIES te 102, 303 Teny Fox Dr. STTAWA, ONTARIO CANADA K2K 3J1

Division of APREL Lab TEL: (813) 435-8300 FAX: (813) 435-8306

Division of APREL Inc.

Introduction

This Calibration Report reproduces the results of the calibration performed in line with the references listed below. Calibration is performed using accepted methodologies as per the references listed below. Probes are calibrated for air, and tissue and the values reported are the results from the physical quantification of the probe through meteorgical practices.

Calibration Method

Probes are calibrated using the following methods.

- <1000MHz
- TEM Cell for sensitivity in air

Standard phantom using temperature transfer method for sensitivity in tissue

>1000MHz

Waveguide* method to determine sensitivity in air and tissue

*Waveguide is numerically (simulation) assessed to determine the field distribution and power

The boundary effect for the probe is assessed using a standard flat phantom where the probe output is compared against a numerically simulated series of data points

References

- IEEE Standard 1528
- IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
- EN 62209-1
- Human Exposure to RF Fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices - Human models. instrumentation, and procedures-Part 1: Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held mobile wireless devices
- IEC 62209-2
- Human exposure to RF fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless devices Human models, instrumentation, and procedures - Part 2: specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices (30 MHz - 6 GHz)
- TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field probe calibration procedure
- o D22-012-Tissue dielectric tissue calibration procedure
- D28-002-Dipole procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole
- IEEE 1309 Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9kHz to 40GHz

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This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

Division of APREL Inc.

Conditions

Probe 500-00283 was a recalibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:	22 °C +/- 1.5°C
Temperature of the Tissue:	21 °C +/- 1.5°C
Relative Humidity:	< 60%

Primary Measurement Standards

Instrument	Serial Number	Cal due date
Tektronix USB Power Meter	11C940	May 14, 2015
Signal Generator HP 83640B	384 <mark>4</mark> A00689	Feb 12, 2015

Secondary Measurement Standards

Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C	002106	Feb. 20, 2015

Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Dan Brooks, Test Engineer

Page 3 of 10 This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

Division of APREL Inc.

Probe Summary

Probe Type:	E-Field Probe E020	
Serial Number:	500-00283	
Frequency:	As presented on page 5	
Sensor Offset: 1.56		
Sensor Length: 2.5		
Tip Enclosure:	Composite*	
Tip Diameter:	< 2.9 mm	
Tip Length:	55 mm	
Total Length: 289 mm		

*Resistive to recommended tissue recipes per IEEE-1528

Sensitivity in Air

Channel X:	1.2 µV/(V/m) ²
Channel Y:	1.2 µV/(V/m) ²
Channel Z:	1.2 µV/(V/m) ²
Diode Compression Point:	95 mV

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NCL Calibration Laboratories Division of APREL Inc.

Calibration	for Tissue	(Head H	, Body B)	
-------------	------------	---------	-----------	--

Frequency	Tissue Type	Measured Epsilon	Measured Sigma	Standard Uncertainty (%)	Calibration Frequency Range (MHz)	Conversion Factor
450 H	Head	44.29	0.86	3.5	±50	5.7
450 B	Body	56.6	0.94	3.5	±50	5.8
750 H	Head	42.7	0.85	3.5	±50	5.6
750 B	Body	56.6	0.94	3.5	±50	5.5
835 H	Head	42.35	0.938	3.5	±50	5.9
835 B	Body	56.65	1.018	3.5	±50	5.9
900 H	Head	x	X	X	X	x
900 B	Body	x	x	X	X	x
1450 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
1450 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
1500 H	Head	X	X	Х	X	X
1500 B	Body	X	X	Х	Х	X
1640 H	Head	X	X	X	Х	X
1640 B	Body	X	X	X	Х	X
1750 H	Head	38.51	1.36	3.5	±75	5.4
1750 B	Body	51.79	1.53	3.5	±75	5.3
1800 H	Head	38.26	1.41	3.5	±75	5.0
1800 B	Body	51.61	1.58	3.5	±75	5.0
1900 H	Head	38.03	1.36	3.5	±75	4.8
1900 B	Body	53.13	1.58	3.5	±75	4.5
2000 H	Head	x	X	X	X	X
2000 B	Body	x	x	X	X	X
2100 H	Head	x	x	Х	X	x
2100 B	Body	x	x	X	Х	X
2300 H	Head	X	x	Х	Х	X
2300 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
2450 H	Head	37.64	1.88	3.5	±75	4.9
2450B	Body	50.7	2.03	3.5	±75	4.3
2600 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
2600 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
3000 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
3000 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
3600 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
3600 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
5250 H	Head	34.65	4.8	3.5	±100	2.7
5250 B	Body	47.6	5.3	3.5	±100	2.6
5600 H	Head	33.2	5.15	3.5	±100	2.5
5600 B	Body	45.21	5.57	3.5	±100	2.2
5800 H	Head	32.72	5.38	3.5	±100	3.2
5800 B	Body	44.28	6.04	3.5	±100	2.5

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Boundary Effect:

Uncertainty resulting from the boundary effect is less than 2.1% for the distance between the tip of the probe and the tissue boundary, when less than 0.58mm.

Spatial Resolution:

The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.5% for 4.9mm diameter probe. The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.0% for 2.5mm diameter probe.

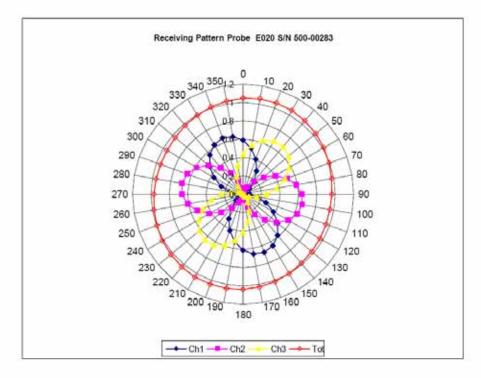
DAQ-PAQ Contribution

To minimize the uncertainty calculation all tissue sensitivity values were calculated using a load impedance of 5 M $\!\Omega$

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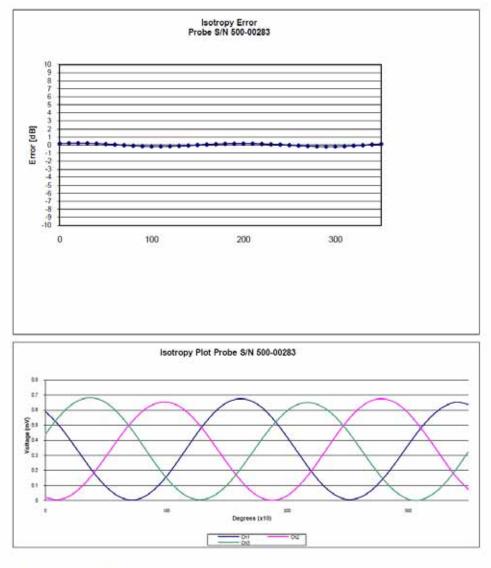
Receiving Pattern Air



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Isotropy Error Air



Isotropicity Tissue:

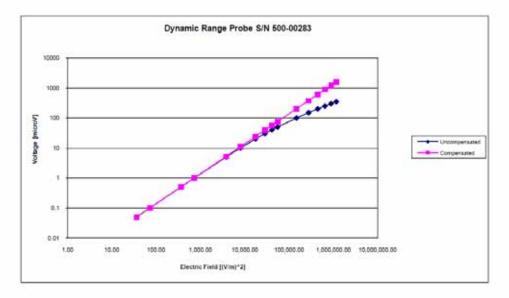
0.10 dB

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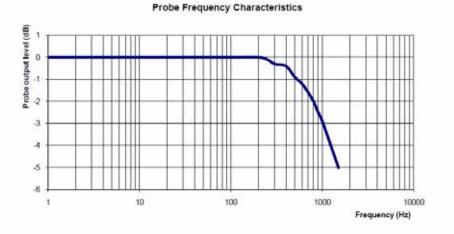
Dynamic Range



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Division of APREL Inc.

Video Bandwidth



Video Bandwidth at 500 Hz Video Bandwidth at 1.02 KHz: 1 dB 3 dB

Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List May 2013.

Page 10 of 10 This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

ANNEX

PROBE ALS-E020 S/N 500-00283 CALIBRATION

Conditions

Ambient Temperature of the laboratory:	20 °C +/- 1.5°C
Temperature of the Tissue:	21 °C +/- 1.5°C
Relative Humidity:	< 55%

Frequency	Tissue Type	Measured Epsilon	Measured Sigma	Standard Uncertainty (%)	Calibration Frequency Range (MHz)	Conversion Factor
150 H	Head	50.6	0.78	3.5	±50	6.0
150 B	Body	60.8	0.82	3.5	±50	6.0

Probe Calibration Uncertainty

Uncertainty component	Tolerance (±%)	Probability distribution	Divisor	Standard uncertainty (± %)
Incident or forward power	2.5	R	√3	1.44
Reflected power	2	R	√3	1.15
Liquid conductivity measurement	1	R	√3	0.58
Liquid permittivity measurement	1	R	√3	0.58
Liquid conductivity deviation	1.5	R	<mark>√</mark> 3	0.87
Liquid permittivity deviation	1.5	R	√3	0.87
Frequency deviation	2.25	R	√3	1.30
Field homogeneity	2.5	R	√3	1.44
Field-probe positioning	2.5	R	V3	1.44
Field-probe linearity	1.55	R	√3	0.89
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS		3.50

APPENDIX C – DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

ation Service (SAS) e is one of the signatorie ecognition of calibration CERTIFICATE CLA150 - SN: 40	s to the EA certificates Certificate M	m No.: SCS 108 to: CLA150-4004_May14
	March West Store	to: CLA150-4004_May14
CLA150 - SN: 40		
001100 011.10	04	
QA CAL-15.v8 Calibration proce	dure for system validation sour	ces below 700 MHz
May 09, 2014		
cted in the closed laborator	y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)	
TE critical for calibration)		$^{\circ}C$ and humidity < 70%,
TE critical for calibration)	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	°C and humidity < 70%, Scheduled Calibration
ID # GB41293874 MY41498087	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Scheduled Calibration
ID # GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: 55054 (3c)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15
ID # GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: 55054 (3c) SN: 55058 (20k)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15
ID # GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: 55054 (3c) SN: 55058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15
ID # GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: 55054 (3c) SN: 55058 (20k)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 06-Jan-14 (No. EX3-3877_Jan14)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Jan-15
ID # GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: 55054 (3c) SN: 55058 (20k) SN: 55047.2 / 06327 SN: 3877 SN: 654	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15
ID # GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: 55054 (3c) SN: 55058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3877 SN: 654 ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 06-Jan-14 (No. EX3-3877_Jan14) 18-Jul-13 (No. DAE4-654_Jul13) Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Jan-15 Jul-14 Scheduled Check
ID # GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: 55054 (3c) SN: 55058 (20k) SN: 55047.2 / 06327 SN: 3877 SN: 654	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 06-Jan-14 (No. EX3-3877_Jan14) 18-Jul-13 (No. DAE4-654_Jul13)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Jan-15 Jul-14
ID # GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: 55054 (3c) SN: 55058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3877 SN: 654 ID # U\$3642U01700	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 06-Jan-14 (No. EX3-3877_Jan14) 18-Jul-13 (No. DAE4-654_Jul13) Check Date (in house) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Jan-15 Jul-14 Scheduled Check In house check: Apr-16 In house check: Oct-14
ID # GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: 55054 (3c) SN: 55058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3877 SN: 654 ID # US3642U01700 US37390585 S4206	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 06-Jan-14 (No. EX3-3877_Jan14) 18-Jul-13 (No. DAE4-654_Jul13) Check Date (in house) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Jan-15 Jul-14 Scheduled Check In house check: Apr-16
	Calibration proce May 08, 2014	Calibration procedure for system validation sour

Report No: RSZ140508002-20AA1

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst

- S Service suisse d'étalonnage C
- Servizio svizzero di taratura S

Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2013
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

c) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- · Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the . center marking of the flat phantom.
- · Return Loss: This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- · SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: CLA150-4004_May14

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	ELI4 Flat Phantom Shell thicknes	
EUT Positioning	Touch Position	
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5.0 mm	
Frequency	150 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.3	0.76 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	49.9 ± 6 %	0.76 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 "C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ² (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition		
SAR measured	1 W input power	3.79 W/kg	
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	3.75 W/kg ± 18.4 % (k=2)	
SAB averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition		
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured	condition 1 W input power	2.51 W/kg	

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	61.9	0.80 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) "C	62.5 ± 6 %	0.80 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	1 W input power	3.80 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	3.81 W/kg ± 18.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ^e (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL SAR measured	condition 1 W input power	2.55 W/kg

Certificate No: CLA150-4004_May14

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Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	45.5 Ω - 10.6 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 18.4 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.0 Ω - 14.6 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 16.2 dB	

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG	
Manufactured on	August 23, 2013	

Certificate No: CLA150-4004_May14

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 08.05.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: CLA150; Type: CLA150; Serial: CLA150 - SN: 4004

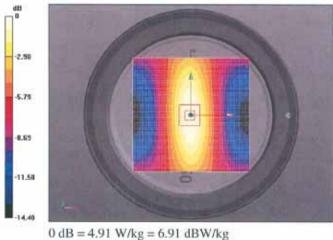
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 150 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 150 MHz; $\sigma = 0.76$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 49.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3877; ConvF(11.76, 11.76, 11.76); Calibrated: 06.01.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn654; Calibrated: 18.07.2013
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1003
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

CLA Calibration for HSL-LF Tissue/CLA150, touch configuration, Pin=1W/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.91 W/kg

CLA Calibration for HSL-LF Tissue/CLA150, touch configuration, Pin=1W/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 80.11 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.11 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 3.79 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.51 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.89 W/kg

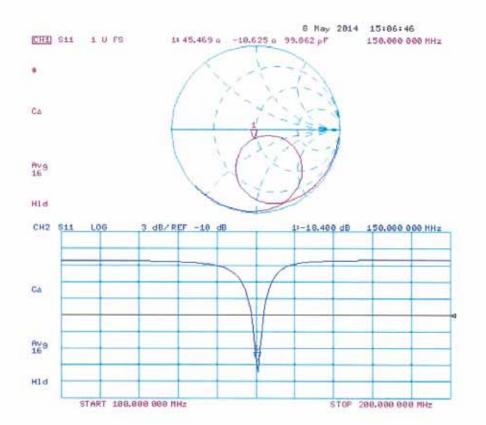


0 ub = 4.91 w/kg = 0.9

Certificate No: CLA150-4004_May14

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: CLA150-4004_May14

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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 08.05.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: CLA150; Type: CLA150; Serial: CLA150 - SN: 4004

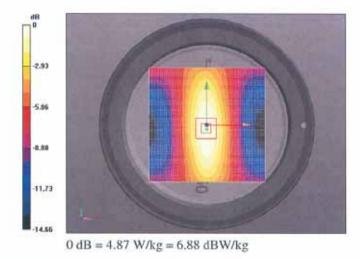
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 150 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 150 MHz; $\sigma = 0.8$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 62.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3877; ConvF(11.45, 11.45, 11.45); Calibrated: 06.01.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn654; Calibrated: 18.07.2013
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1003
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

CLA Calibration for MSL-LF Tissue/CLA150, touch configuration, Pin=1W/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.87 W/kg

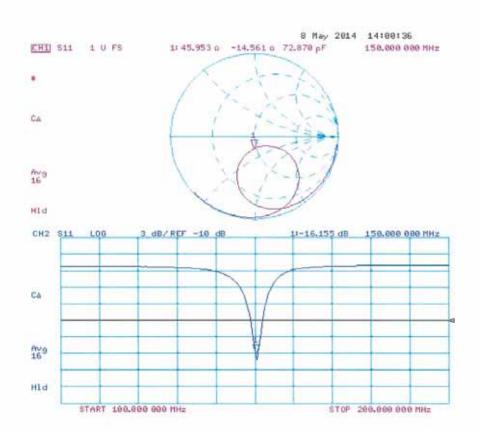
CLA Calibration for MSL-LF Tissue/CLA150, touch configuration, Pin=1W/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 77.84 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.05 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 3.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.55 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.88 W/kg



Certificate No: CLA150-4004_May14

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: CLA150-4004_May14

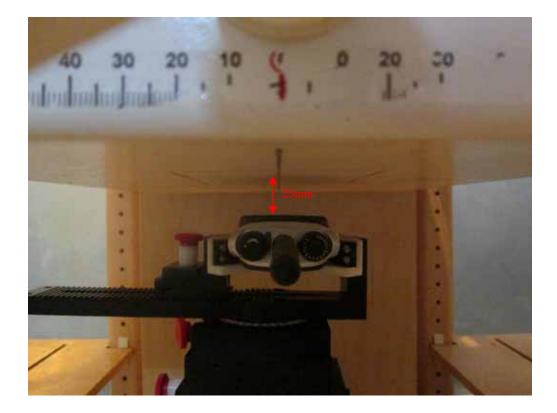
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APPENDIX D – EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS

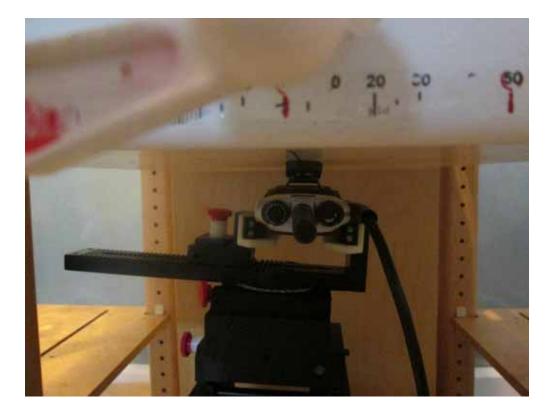
Liquid depth \geq 15cm



Face-Up 2.5 cm Separation to Flat Phantom Setup Photo



Body-Back 0.0 cm Separation to Flat Phantom Setup Photo (BC12)



APPENDIX E – EUT PHOTOS

EUT – Front View



EUT – Back View



SAR Evaluation Report



EUT – Right View



EUT – Left View

EUT – Top View



EUT – Bottom View





EUT – Uncovered View

EUT - Battery: BL1502 1500mAh

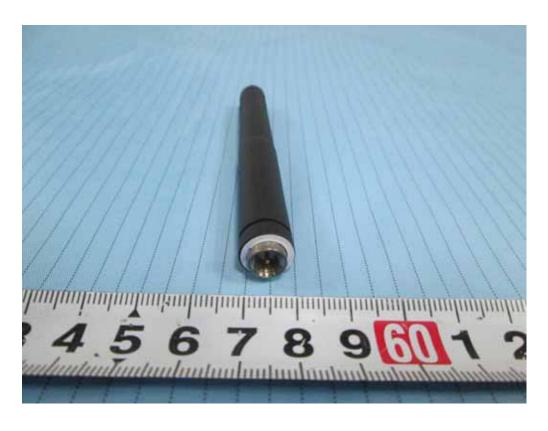


SAR Evaluation Report

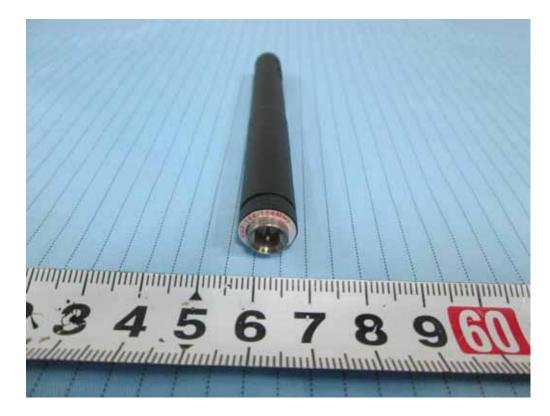


EUT - Battery: BL2010 2000mAh

EUT – Antenna 1: AN0140H01



EUT – Antenna 2: AN0148H03



EUT – Antenna 3: AN0158H02



EUT – Antenna 4: AN0168H01



EUT – Body-Worn Accessories View: BC19



EUT – Headset: EWN07



EUT – Headset: EWN08



SAR Evaluation Report

EUT – Headset: EAN19



EUT – Headset: EAN21



EUT – Headset: ACN-02



EUT – Headset: EH-01



EUT – Headset: EH-02



EUT – Headset: ES-01



EUT – Headset: ES-02



EUT –Remote speaker microphone: SM26N1



SAR Evaluation Report



EUT –Remote speaker microphone: SM26N2

APPENDIX F – ACCESSORIES LIST

Accessory Name	Mode	1	Description
	Antenna 1	AN0140H01	136-145 MHz
A	Antenna 2	AN0148H03	144-154 MHz
Antenna	Antenna 3	AN0158H02	153-164 MHz
	Antenna 4	AN0168H01	163-174 MHz
Battery	Thicker Battery	BL1502	Li-ion Battery;7.4V 1500 mAh
Dattery	Thinner Battery	BL2010	Li-ion Battery;7.4V 2000 mAh
Body Worn	Belt Clip	BC19	/
	Earphone 1	EWN07	Digital Wireless Covert Earpiece With in-Line Controller (Neckloop Sensor)
	Earphone 2	EWN08	Digital Wireless Covert Earpiece (Flatpack Sensor)
	Earphone 3	EAN19	3-wire Surveillance Earpiece with Transparent Acoustic Tube (Beige)
	Earphone 4	EAN21	3-wire Surveillance Earpiece with Transparent Acoustic Tube(Beige)
	Earphone 5	ESN14	Detachable Earpiece with Transparent Acoustic Tube, contains two parts, one is ACN- 02, the other is ES-01
	Earphone 6	EAN22	Detachable Earpiece with Transparent Acoustic Tube, contains two parts, one is ACN-02, the other is ES-02
	Earphone 7	EHN20	Remote Swivel Earset, contains two parts, one is ACN-02, the other is EH-02
Audio Accessories	Earphone 8	EHN21	Remote C-Earset, contains two parts, one is ACN-02, the other is EH-01
	Earphone 9	ACN-02	PTT&MIC cable(for use with Receive-Only Earpiece)
	Earphone 10	EH-01	Receive - Only C Style Earloop(for use with PTT&MIC cable)
	Earphone 11	EH-02	Receive - Only Ajustable Earhook with Swivel Speaker(for use with PTT&MIC cable)
	Earphone 12	ES-02	Receive-Only Earpiece with Transparent Acoustic Tube
	Earphone 13	ES-01	Receive - Only Earpiece(for use with PTT&MIC cable)
	Remote speaker microphone 1	SM26N1	Remote speaker microphone IP67 protect
	Remote speaker microphone 2	SM26N2	Remote speaker microphone IP54 protect with earpiece

Note: The manufacturer is Hytera Communications Co., Ltd.

APPENDIX F – INFORMATIVE REFERENCES

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[2] David L. Means Kwok Chan, Robert F. Cleveland, \Evaluating compliance with FCC guidelines for human exposure to radiofrequency electromagnetic fields", Tech. Rep., Federal Communication Commission, O_ce of Engineering & Technology, Washington, DC, 1997.

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[15] FCC OET KDB643646 SAR Test Reduction Considerations for Occupational PTT Radios.

PRODUCT SIMILARITY DECLARATION LETTER



2014-05-29

Product Similarity Declaration

To Whom It May Concern,

We, Hytera Communications Corporation Ltd., hereby declare that our Digital Portable Radio, Model Number: PD660 VHF, PD665 VHF, PD666 VHF, PD668 VHF are electrically identical with PD662 VHF that were certified by BACL. They are named different due to market purpose.

Please contact me if you have any question.

Signature:

LeiXiong

Lei Xiong General Director

***** END OF REPORT *****