

### Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd.

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# **TEST REPORT**

**Report Reference No. .....: TRE1710001001** R/C......: 39153

FCC ID .....: YAMMD78XGV3

Applicant's name ...... Hytera Communications Corporation Limited

Nanshan District, Shenzhen, China

Nanshan District, Shenzhen, China

Test item description.....: DIGITAL MOBILE RADIO

Trade Mark.....: Hytera

Model/Type reference .....: MD782G V(3)

Listed Model(s) .....: -

Standard .....: FCC Part 90/FCC Part 2

Date of receipt of test sample......... Oct. 10, 2017

Date of testing...... Oct. 11, 2017 – Nov. 01, 2017

Result ...... PASS

Compiled by

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Approved by

( position+printed name+signature) .: RF Manager Hans Hu

Testing Laboratory Name .....: Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd.

Gongming, Shenzhen, China

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## 1. TEST STANDARDS AND REPORT VERSION

## 1.1. Test Standards

The tests were performed according to following standards:

FCC Rules Part 90 Private land mobile radio services.

<u>TIA/EIA 603 D: June 2010</u> Land Mobile FM or PM Communications Equipment Measurement and Performance Standards.

FCC Part 15 Subpart B Unintentional Radiators

FCC Part 2 Frequency allocations and radio treaty matters, general rules and regulations.

KDB579009 D03 v01: Applications Part 90 Refarming Bands.

KDB971168 D01 v02r02: MEASUREMENT GUIDANCE FOR CERTIFICATION OF LICENSED DIGITAL TRANSMITTERS

## 1.2. Report version

Version No.	Date of issue	Description
00	Nov. 02, 2017	Original

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# 2. Test Description

Transmitter Requirement						
Test item	Standarda requirement		Result			
rest item	Standards requirement	Pass	N/A			
Maximum Transmitter Power	FCC Part 90.205, FCC Part 2.1046	$\boxtimes$				
Modulation Characteristic	FCC Part 90.207,FCC Part 2.1047	$\boxtimes$				
Occupied Bandwidth	FCC Part 90.209,FCC Part 90.210, FCC Part 2.1049	$\boxtimes$				
Emission Mask	FCC Part 90.209,FCC Part 90.210, FCC Part 2.1049	$\boxtimes$				
Frequency Stability	FCC Part 90.213, FCC Part 2.1055					
Transmitter Frequency Behavior	FCC Part 90.214		$\boxtimes$			
Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emission	FCC Part 90.210,FCC Part 2.1053					
Spurious Emission On Antenna Port	FCC Part 90.210,FCC Part 2.1051	$\boxtimes$				
Receiver Requirement						
Test item	Standarda raquiroment	Res	ult			
i est ileiti	Standards requirement	Pass	N/A			
Conducted Emission	FCC Part 15.107		$\boxtimes$			
Radiated Emission	FCC Part 15.109					

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## 3. **SUMMARY**

## 3.1. Client Information

Applicant: Hytera Communications Corporation Limited	
Address: Hytera Tower, Hi-Tech Industrial Park North,9108# Beihuan Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, China	
Manufacturer: Hytera Communications Corporation Limited	
Address: Hytera Tower, Hi-Tech Industrial Park North,9108# Beihuan Road Nanshan District, Shenzhen, China	

## 3.2. Product Description

Name of EUT:	DIGITAL MOBILE RADIO				
Trade mark:	Hytera				
Model/Type reference:	MD782G V(3)				
Listed model(s):	-				
Power supply:	DC 13.6V				
Battery information:	-				
Charger information:	-				
Adapter information:	-				
Operation Frequency Range:	From 210MHz to 270MHz				
Rated Output Power:	High Power: 25W (43.98dB	m); Low Power: 5W (36.99dBm)			
Madulation Type	Analog Voice:	FM			
Modulation Type:	Digital Voice/Digital Data:	4FSK			
Digital Type:	DMR				
	Analog Voice:				
Channel Separation:	Digital Voice /Digital Data:				
	Analog Voice:				
Emission Designator:	Digital Voice& Data:				
	Digital Data:				
Support data rate:	9.6kbps				
Antenna Type:	External				
Maximum Transmitter	Digital	26.30W for 12.5kHz Channel Separation			
Power:	Analog	24.89W for 12.5kHz Channel Separation			

#### Note:

- 1)The product has the same digital working characters when operating in both two digitized voice/data mode. So only one set of test results for digital modulation modes are provided in this test report.
- 2)This equipment is capable of supporting a minimum data rate of 4800 bits per second per 6.25 kHz of channel bandwidth. DMR interphone's bandwidth is 12.5 kHz, and it has a double time slot, one is the speech time slot, one is the data time slot, just language sequence is satisfied with 4800 bps/6.25 kHz BW.

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## 3.3. Test frequency list

Mode	Modulation	Channel Separation (kHz)	Operation Frequency Range (MHz)	Test Channel	Test Frequency (MHz)		
Analog	FM	12.5		CH <sub>L1</sub>	210.0125		
Analog	1 101	12.0	210~216	CH <sub>H1</sub>	215.9875		
Digital	4FSK	12.5	210~210	CH <sub>L1</sub>	210.0125		
Digital	4F5K	12.5		CH <sub>H1</sub>	215.9875		
Analog	FM	12.5		CH <sub>L2</sub>	216.0125		
Analog	LINI	12.5	046, 000	CH <sub>H2</sub>	219.9875		
Digital	4FSK	12.5	216~220	CH <sub>L2</sub>	216.0125		
Digital				CH <sub>H2</sub>	219.9875		
Analaa	FM	<b>EN</b> /		FM 12.5		CH <sub>L3</sub>	220.0125
Analog		12.5	220, 222	CH <sub>H3</sub>	221.9875		
Digital	4FSK 12.5	40.5	.5	CH <sub>L3</sub>	220.0125		
Digital		12.5		CH <sub>H3</sub>	221.9875		
Analog	ENA	12.5		CH <sub>L4</sub>	222.0125		
Analog  Digital	FM	12.5	222 270	CH <sub>H4</sub>	269.9875		
	4FSK	40.5	222~270	CH <sub>L4</sub>	222.0125		
		4FSK 12.5		CH <sub>H4</sub>	269.9875		

#### Note:

In section KDB 634817 D01 Sections II)f)1) and 2):

- (1) Test only on the allowed frequencies.
- (2) Test at least one frequency in each band for each rule part applied under and ensure the device is capable of operating on the frequency under each rule part. This requirement may result in testing on multiple frequencies. Testing on one frequency may be acceptable if multiple listed bands for a rule part with a continuous frequency range are split to remove a conflict with other rules and the technical requirements in the split bands are the same. Additional requirements for RF exposure may apply.

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## 3.4. EUT operation mode

Test mode	Transmitting	Receiving	Power level		Digital	Analog
rest mode	Transmitting		High	Low	12.5kHz	12.5kHz
TX1	√		√		√	
TX2	√			√	√	
TX3	√		√			√
TX4	√			√		√
RX1		√			√	
RX2		√				√
RX3		√				

 $<sup>\</sup>sqrt{\ }$ : is operation mode.

## 3.5. EUT configuration

The following peripheral devices and interface cables were connected during the measurement:

- - supplied by the manufacturer
- $\bigcirc$  supplied by the lab

•	Power Cable	Length (m):	/
		Shield :	Unshielded
		Detachable :	Undetachable
0	Multimeter	Manufacturer:	/
		Model No.:	/

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## 4. TEST ENVIRONMENT

## 4.1. Address of the test laboratory

Laboratory: Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd.

Address: 1/F, Bldg 3, Hongfa Hi-tech Industrial Park, Genyu Road, Tianliao, Gongming, Shenzhen, China Phone: 86-755-26748019 Fax: 86-755-26748089

#### 4.2. Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

CNAS-Lab Code: L1225

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for Testing and Calibration Laboratories (identical to ISO/IEC17025: 2005 General Requirements) for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories.

A2LA-Lab Cert. No.: 3902.01

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been accredited by A2LA for technical competence in the field of electrical testing, and proved to be in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025: 2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories and any additional program requirements in the identified field of testing.

FCC-Registration No.: 762235

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the FCC (Federal Communications Commission). The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Registration 762235.

IC-Registration No.: 5377B-1

Two 3m Alternate Test Site of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for the performance of radiated measurements with Registration No. 5377B-1.

#### ACA

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory can also perform testing for the Australian C-Tick mark as a result of our A2LA accreditation.

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#### 4.3. Environmental conditions

Normal Conditon				
Relative humidity:	20 % to 75 %.			
Air Pressure:	950~1050mba			
Voltage:	DC 13.6V			

## 4.4. Statement of the measurement uncertainty

The data and results referenced in this document are true and accurate. The reader is cautioned that there may be errors within the calibration limits of the equipment and facilities. The measurement uncertainty was calculated for all measurements listed in this test report acc. to CISPR 16 - 4 "Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods — Part 4: Uncertainty in EMC Measurements" and is documented in the Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd quality system acc. to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. Furthermore, component and process variability of devices similar to that tested may result in additional deviation. The manufacturer has the sole responsibility of continued compliance of the device.

Hereafter the best measurement capability for Shenzhen Huatongwei laboratory is reported:

Test Items	Measurement Uncertainty	Notes
Frequency stability	25 Hz	(1)
Transmitter power conducted	0.57 dB	(1)
Transmitter power Radiated	2.20 dB	(1)
Conducted spurious emission 9KHz-40 GHz	1.60 dB	(1)
Conducted Emission 9KHz-30MHz	3.39 dB	(1)
Radiated Emission 30~1000MHz	4.65 dB	(1)
Radiated Emission 1~18GHz	5.16 dB	(1)
Radiated Emission 18-40GHz	5.54 dB	(1)
Occupied Bandwidth	35 Hz	(1)
FM deviation	25 Hz	(1)
Audio level	0.62 dB	(1)
Low Pass Filter Response	0.76 dB	(1)
Modulation Limiting	0.42 %	(1)
Transient Frequency Behavior	6.8 %	(1)

<sup>(1)</sup> This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=1.96.

# 4.5. Equipments Used during the Test

Conducted Emission					
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	
Artificial Mains	Rohde&Schwarz	ESH2-Z5	100028	2016/11/13	
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde&Schwarz	ESCS 30	100038	2016/11/13	
Pulse Limiter	Rohde&Schwarz	ESHSZ2	100044	2016/11/13	
EMI Test Software	Rohde&Schwarz	ES-K1 V1.71	N/A	N/A	
RF COMMUNICATION TEST SET	HP	8920A	3813A10206	2016/11/13	
Artificial Mains	Rohde&Schwarz	ESH3-Z6	100210	2016/11/13	
Artificial Mains	Rohde&Schwarz	ESH3-Z6	100211	2016/11/13	
Test cable	ENVIROFLEX	3651	1101902	2016/11/13	

Modulation Characteristic					
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	
RF COMMUNICATION TEST SET	HP	8920A	3813A10206	2016/11/13	
RF Cable	Chengdu E-Microwave			2016/11/13	

Frequency Stability					
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	
RF COMMUNICATION TEST SET	HP	8920A	3813A10206	2016/11/13	
Signal Generator	Rohde&Schwarz	SMT03	100059	2016/11/13	
Climate Chamber	ESPEC	EL-10KA	05107008	2016/11/13	
RF Cable	Chengdu E-Microwave			2016/11/13	

Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emission						
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.		
Ultra-Broadband Antenna	Rohde&Schwarz	HL562	100015	2016/11/13		
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde&Schwarz	ESI 26	100009	2016/11/13		
RF Test Panel	Rohde&Schwarz	TS / RSP	335015/ 0017	N/A		
HORN ANTENNA	Rohde&Schwarz	HF906	100039	2016/11/13		
Turntable	ETS	2088	2149	N/A		
Antenna Mast	ETS	2075	2346	N/A		
EMI Test Software	Rohde&Schwarz	ES-K1 V1.71	N/A	N/A		
RF COMMUNICATION TEST SET	HP	8920A	3813A10206	2016/11/13		
Ultra-Broadband Antenna	ShwarzBeck	VULB9163	538	2016/11/13		
Ultra-Broadband Antenna	ShwarzBeck	VULB9163	539	2016/11/13		
HORN ANTENNA	ShwarzBeck	9120D	1012	2016/11/13		
HORN ANTENNA	ShwarzBeck	9120D	1011	2016/11/13		
TURNTABLE	MATURO	TT2.0		N/A		
ANTENNA MAST	MATURO	TAM-4.0-P		N/A		
Test cable	Siva Cables Italy	RG 58A/U	W14.02	2016/11/13		

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Maximum Transmitter Po	Maximum Transmitter Power & Spurious Emission On Antenna Port & Occupied Bandwidth & Emission  Mask						
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Last Cal.					
Receiver	Rohde&Schwarz	ESI 26	100009	2016/11/13			
Attenuator	R&S	ESH3-22	100449	2016/11/13			
RF COMMUNICATION TEST SET	HP	8920A	3813A10206	2016/11/13			
Digital Radio Test Set	AEROFLEX	3920	299001967	2016/11/13			
High-Pass Filter	Anritsu	MP526B	6220875256	2016/11/13			
High-Pass Filter	Anritsu	MP526D	6220878392	2016/11/13			
Spectrum Analzyer	Aglient	E4407B	MY44210775	2016/11/13			
Spectrum Analzyer	Rohde&Schwarz	FSP40	1164.4391.40	2016/11/13			
SPECTRUM ANALYZER	Agilent	E4407B	MY44210775	2016/11/13			
Attenuator	Chengdu E-Microwave	EMCAXX- 10RNZ-3		2016/11/13			
RF Cable	Chengdu E-Microwave			2016/11/13			
Combiner	Chengdu E-Microwave	EMPD-T-2-180- 10-600		2016/11/13			

Transient Frequency Behavior						
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer Model Serial Number Last Cal.					
Signal Generator	Rohde&Schwarz	SMT03	100059	2016/11/13		
Storage Oscilloscope	Tektronix	TDS3054B	B033027	2016/11/13		
RF COMMUNICATION TEST SET	HP	8920A	3813A10206	2016/11/13		
RF Cable	Chengdu E-Microwave			2016/11/13		

The calibration interval was one year.

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## 5. TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

#### 5.1. Maximum Transmitter Power

Applicants for licenses must request and use no more power than the actual power necessary for satisfactory operation.

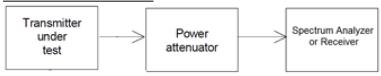
#### LIMIT

#### FCC Part 90.205, FCC Part 2.1046

Maximum ERP is dependent upon the station's antenna HAAT and required service area.

The output power shall not exceed by more than 20 percent either the output power shown in the Radio Equipment List for transmitters included in this list or when not so listed, the manufacturer's rated output power for the particular transmitter specifically listed on the authorization.

#### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

Measurements shall be made to establish the radio frequency power delivered by the transmitter the standard output termination. The power output shall be monitored and recorded and no adjustment shall be made to the transmitter after the test has begun, except as noted bellow:

If the power output is adjustable, measurements shall be made for the highest and lowest power levels. Connect the equipment as illustrated.

#### TEST MODE:

Please reference to the section 3.4

#### **TEST RESULTS**

⊠ Passed	■ Not Applicable

Please refer to the below test data:

Operation Mode	Test Channel	Measured power (dBm)	Measured power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
	CH <sub>L1</sub>	43.90	24.55		
	CH <sub>H1</sub>	43.90	24.55		
	CH <sub>L2</sub>	43.90	24.55		
TX1	CH <sub>H2</sub>	43.90	24.55	20~30	Pass
171	CH <sub>L3</sub>	43.90	24.55	20~30	Pass
	CH <sub>H3</sub>	43.90	24.55		
	CH <sub>L4</sub>	43.90	24.55		
	CH <sub>H4</sub>	44.20	26.30		
	CH <sub>L</sub>	37.30	5.37		
	CH <sub>M1</sub>	37.30	5.37		
	CH <sub>M2</sub>	37.30	5.37		
TX2	CH <sub>M3</sub>	37.20	5.25	4~6	Pass
1 1 2	CH <sub>M4</sub>	37.20	5.25		
	CH <sub>M5</sub>	37.20	5.25		
	CH <sub>M6</sub>	37.20	5.25		
	СНн	37.10	5.13		
	CH <sub>L1</sub>	43.75	23.71		
	CH <sub>H1</sub>	43.75	23.71		Dave
	CH <sub>L2</sub>	43.76	23.77		
TX3	CH <sub>H2</sub>	43.77	23.82	20~30	
173	CH <sub>L3</sub>	43.77	23.82	20~30	Pass
	CH <sub>H3</sub>	43.77	23.82		
	CH <sub>L4</sub>	43.78	23.88		
	CH <sub>H4</sub>	43.96	24.89		
	CH <sub>L1</sub>	36.84	4.83		
	CH <sub>H1</sub>	36.82	4.81		
	CH <sub>L2</sub>	36.83	4.82		
TX4	CH <sub>H2</sub>	36.76	4.74	4~6	Pass
1 1 1 1	CH <sub>L3</sub>	36.77	4.75	4~0	F 455
	CH <sub>H3</sub>	36.76	4.74		
	CH <sub>L4</sub>	36.76	4.74		
	CH <sub>H4</sub>	36.86	4.85		

## 5.2. Occupied Bandwidth

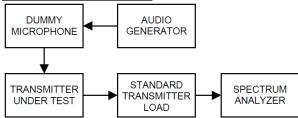
The occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits.

LIMIT

#### FCC Part 90.209, FCC Part 90.210, FCC Part 2.1049

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel spacing (kHz)	Authorized bandwidth (kHz)
Below 252		
25-50	20	20
72-76	20	20
150-174	17.5	1 320/11.25/6
216-2205	6.25	20/11.25/6
220-222	5	4
406-5122	16.25	1 320/11.25/6
806-809/851-854	12.5	20
809-824/854-869	25	20
896-901/935-940	12.5	13.6
902-9284		
929-930	25	20
1427-14325	12.5	12.5
32450-2483.52		
Above 25002		

#### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

- 1 The EUT was modulated by 2.5kHz sine wave audio signal; the level of the audio signal employed is 16dB greater than that necessary to produce 50% of rated system deviation. Rated system deviation is 2.5 kHz for 12.5kHz channel spacing).
- 2 Spectrum set as follow:

Centre frequency = fundamental frequency, span=50kHz for 12.5kHz channel spacing, RBW=100Hz, VBW=300Hz, Sweep = auto,

Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold

- 3 Set 99% Occupied Bandwidth and 26dB Occupied Bandwidth
- 4 Measure and record the results in the test report.

#### TEST MODE:

Please reference to the section 3.4

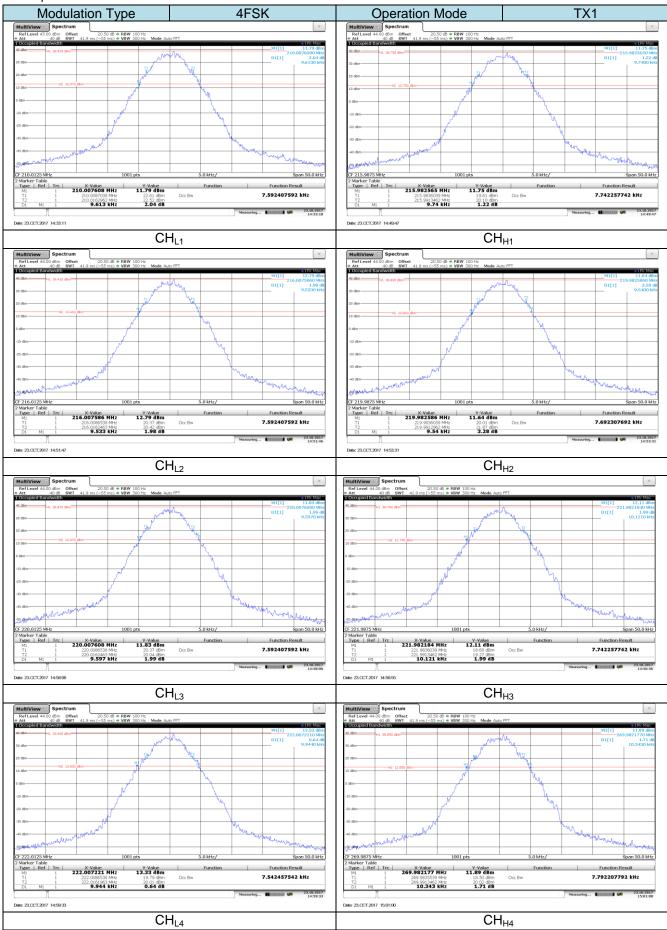
#### **TEST RESULTS**

Note: have pre-tested TX1 to TX4 mode, record the worst case mode TX1 and TX3 on the report.

Operation	Test Channel		Occupied Bandwidth (kHz)		Dooult
Mode	rest Channel	99%	26dB	Limit(kHz)	Result
	CH <sub>L1</sub>	7.59	9.613		
	CH <sub>H1</sub>	7.74	9.740		Pass
	CH <sub>L2</sub>	7.59	9.533		
TX1	CH <sub>H2</sub>	7.69	9.540	< 44 OF	
171	CH <sub>L3</sub>	7.59	9.597	- ≤11.25 -	
	СНнз	7.74	10.121		
	CH <sub>L4</sub>	7.54	9.944		
	CH <sub>H4</sub>	7.79	10.343		
	CH <sub>L1</sub>	9.99	10.180		
	CH <sub>H1</sub>	9.99	10.166		
	CH <sub>L2</sub>	9.99	10.171		
TX3	CH <sub>H2</sub>	9.99	10.198	≤11.25	Door
1/3	CH <sub>L3</sub>	9.99	10.223	≪11.25	Pass
	CH <sub>H3</sub>	9.94	10.123		
	CH <sub>L4</sub>	9.99	10.187		
	CH <sub>H4</sub>	9.99	10.178		

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## Test plot as follows:



Date: 23.CCT.2017 15:20:20

CH<sub>L4</sub>

Delte: 23.CCT.2017 15:21:28

CH<sub>H4</sub>

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#### 5.3. Emission Mask

Transmitters used in the radio services governed by this part must comply with the emission masks outlined in this section.

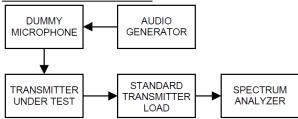
#### LIMIT

FCC Part 90.209, FCC Part 90.210, FCC Part 2.1049

Frequency band (MHz)	Mask for equipment with audio low pass filter	Mask for equipment without audio low pass filter
Below 251	A or B	A or C
25-50	В	С
72-76	В	С
150-1742	B, D, or E	C, D or E
150 paging only	В	С
220-222	F	F
421-5122 5	B, D, or E	C, D, or E
450 paging only	В	G
806-809/851-854	В	Н
809-824/854-8693 5	В	G
896-901/935-940	ı	J
902-928	K	K
929-930	В	G
4940-4990 MHz	L or M	L or M
5850-59254		
All other bands	В	С

- (f)Emission Mask F. For transmitters operating in the 220-222 MHz frequency band, any emission must be attenuated below the power (P) of the highest emission contained within the authorized bandwidth as follows:
- (1)On any frequency from the center of the authorized bandwidth fo to the edge of the authorized bandwidth f<sub>a</sub>:Zero dB.
- (2)On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency ( $f_d$  in kHz) of more than 2 kHz up to and including 3.75 kHz:  $30 + 20(f_d 2)$  dB or  $55 + 10 \log (P)$ , or 65 dB, whichever is the lesser attenuation.
- (3)On any frequency beyond 3.75 kHz removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth f<sub>d</sub>: At least 55 +10 log (P)dB.

#### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



## **TEST PROCEDURE**

- 1 Connect the equipment as illustrated.
- 2 Spectrum set as follow:

Centre frequency = fundamental frequency, span=120kHz for 12.5kHz channel spacing, RBW=100Hz, VBW=1000Hz, Sweep = auto,

Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold

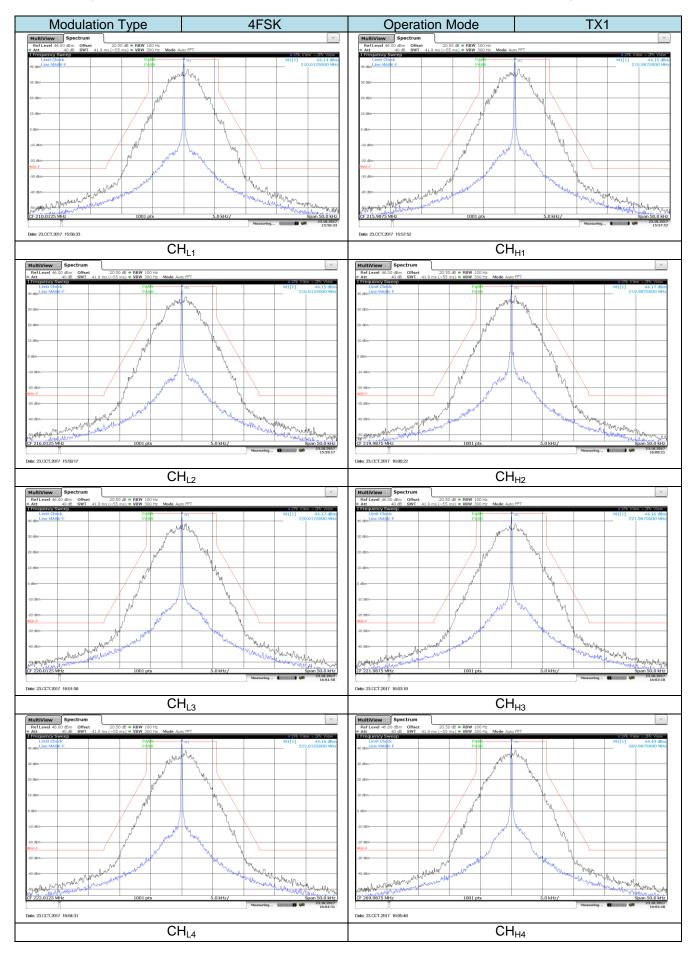
- 3 Key the transmitter, and set the level of the unmodulated carrier to a full scale reference line. This is the 0dB reference for the measurement.
- 4 Modulate the transmitter with a 2500 Hz sine wave at an input level 16 dB greater than that necessary to produce 50% of rated system deviation(Rated system deviation is 2.5 kHz for 12.5kHz channel spacing). The input level shall be established at the frequency of maximum response of the audio modulating circuit. Transmitters employing digital modulation techniques that bypass the limiter and the audio low-pass filter shall be modulated as specified by the manufacturer
- 5 Measure and record the results in the test report.

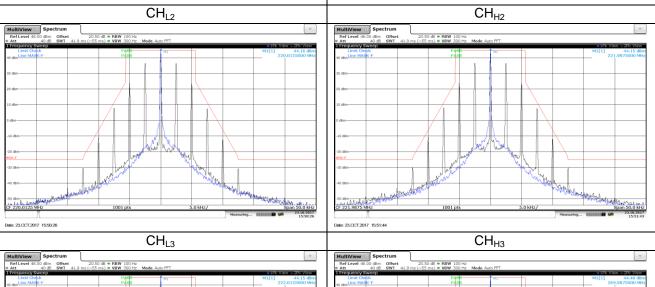
#### **TEST MODE:**

Please reference to the section 3.4

#### **TEST RESULTS**

 Note: have pre-tested TX1 to TX4 mode, record the worst case mode TX1 and TX3 on the report.





CF 269.9975 M17

Date: 23.CCT.2017 15:54:01

CH<sub>L4</sub>

CH<sub>H4</sub>

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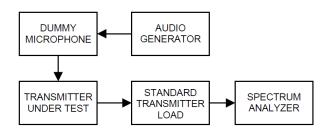
#### 5.4. Modulation Limit

Modulation limiting is the transmitter circuit's ability to limit the transmitter from producing deviations in excess of a rated system deviation.

#### LIMIT

FCC Part 2.1047(b) 2.5kHz for 12.5 kHz Channel Spacing System

#### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

- 1) Connect the equipment as illustrated.
- 2) Adjust the transmitter per the manufacturer's procedure for full rated system deviation.
- 3) Set the test receiver to measure peak positive deviation. Set the audio bandwidth for  $\leq$ 0.25 Hz to  $\geq$ 15,000 Hz. Turn the de-emphasis function off.
- 4) Apply a 1000 Hz modulating signal to the transmitter from the audio frequency generator, and adjust the level to obtain 60% of full rated system deviation, this level is as a reference (0dB) and vary the input level from –20 to +20dB.
- 5) Measure both the instantaneous and steady-state deviation at and after the time of increasing the audio input level
- 6) Repeat step 4-5 with input frequency changing to 300Hz, 1004Hz, 1500Hz and 2500Hz in sequence.

#### TEST MODE:

Please reference to the section 3.4

#### **TEST RESULTS**

Note: have pre-tested TX3 to TX4 mode, record the worst case mode TX3 on the report.

TX3: CH <sub>H2</sub>						
Modulation Level	Peak frequency deviation (kHz)				1226.70.11.3	5 1
(dB)	300Hz	1004Hz	1500Hz	2500 Hz	Limit (kHz)	Result
-20	0.06	0.11	0.12	0.17		
-15	0.07	0.14	0.180	0.27		
-10	0.09	0.21	0.29	0.45		
-5	0.12	0.33	0.49	2.2		
0	0.48	1.51	2.21	2.31	2.5	Pass
5	0.49	1.61	2.36	2.31		
10	0.47	1.6	2.34	2.32		
15	0.48	1.61	2.37	2.31		
20	0.51	1.74	2.35	2.32		

## Test plot as follows:

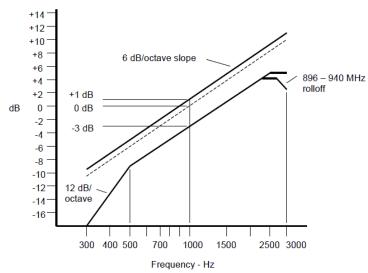


## 5.5. Audio Frequency Response

The audio frequency response is the degree of closeness to which the frequency deviation of the transmitter follows a prescribed characteristic.

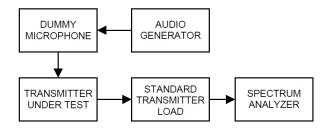
#### **LIMIT**

2.1047(a): Voice modulated communication equipment. A curve or equivalent data showing the frequency response of the audio modulating circuit over a range of 100 to 5000 Hz shall be submitted. For equipment required to have an audio low-pass filter, a curve showing the frequency response of the filter or of all circuitry installed between the modulation limiter and the modulated stage shall be submitted.



An additional 6 dB per octave attenuation is allowed from 2500 Hz to 3000 Hz in equipment operating in the 25 MHz to 869 MHz range.

#### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

- 1) Configure the EUT as shown in figure .
- 2) Adjust the audio input for 20% of rated system deviation at 1kHz using this level as a reference.
- 3) Vary the Audio frequency from 300Hz to 3 kHz and record the frequency deviation.
- 4) Audio Frequency Response =20log<sub>10</sub> (V<sub>FREO</sub>/V<sub>REF</sub>).

#### TEST MODE:

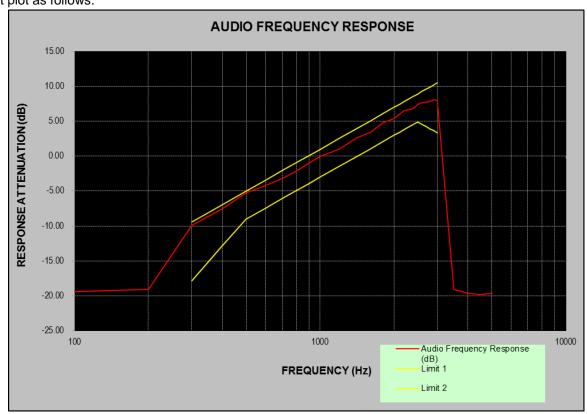
Please reference to the section 3.4

#### **TEST RESULTS**

Note: have pre-tested TX3 to TX4 mode, record the worst case mode TX3 on the report.

	TX3: CH <sub>H2</sub>						
Frequency (Hz)	Audio Frequency Response (dB)	Frequency (Hz)	Audio Frequency Response (dB)				
100	-19.37	2100	6.03				
200	-19.04	2200	6.53				
300	-9.93	2300	6.69				
400	-7.52	2400	6.87				
500	-5.26	2500	7.39				
600	-4.17	2600	7.67				
700	-3.19	2700	7.76				
800	-2.18	2800	7.86				
900	-1.02	2900	8.10				
1000	0.00	3000	8.01				
1200	1.03	3500	-19.09				
1400	2.61	4000	-19.62				
1600	3.42	4500	-19.83				
1800	4.80	5000	-19.64				
2000	5.40						

## Test plot as follows:



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## 5.6. Frequency Stability Test

The carrier frequency stability is the ability of the transmitter to maintain an assigned carrier frequency. **LIMIT** 

FCC Part 90.213, FCC Part 2.1055

	Mobile stations				
Frequency range (MHz)	Fixed and base stations	Over 2 watts output power	2 watts or less output power		
Below 25	1 2 3 1 0 0	100	200		
25-50	20	20	50		
72-76	5		50		
150-174	5 115	65	4 650		
216-220	1.0		1.0		
220-22212	0.1	1.5	1.5		
421-512	7 11 142.5	85	85		
806-809	141.0	1.5	1.5		
809-824	141.5	2.5	2.5		
851-854	1.0	1.5	1.5		
854-869	1.5	2.5	2.5		
896-901	140.1	1.5	1.5		
902-928	2.5	2.5	2.5		
902-92813	2.5	2.5	2.5		
929-930	1.5				
935-940	0.1	1.5	1.5		
1427-1435	9300	300	300		
Above 245010					

<sup>5</sup>In the 150-174 MHz band, fixed and base stations with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth must have a frequency stability of 2.5 ppm. Fixed and base stations with a 6.25 kHz channel bandwidth must have a frequency stability of 1.0 ppm.

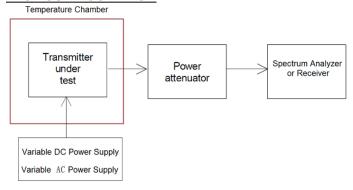
<sup>7</sup>In the 421-512 MHz band, fixed and base stations with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth must have a frequency stability of 1.5 ppm. Fixed and base stations with a 6.25 kHz channel bandwidth must have a frequency stability of 0.5 ppm.

<sup>11</sup>Paging transmitters operating on paging-only frequencies must operate with frequency stability of 5 ppm in the 150-174 MHz band and 2.5 ppm in the 421-512 MHz band.

<sup>14</sup>Control stations may operate with the frequency tolerance specified for associated mobile frequencies.

<sup>12</sup>Mobile units may utilize synchronizing signals from associated base stations to achieve the specified carrier stability.

#### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

- 1. According to FCC Part 2 Section 2.1055 (a)(1), the frequency stability shall be measured with variation of ambient temperature from -30°C to +50°C.
- 2. According to FCC Part 2 Section 2.1055 (d) (2), for battery powered equipment, the frequency stability shall be measured with reducing primary supply voltage to the battery operating end point, which is specified by the manufacture.
- 3. Vary primary supply voltage from 3.6V to 4.2V.
- 4. The EUT was set in the climate chamber and connected to an external DC power supply. The RF output was directly connected to Spectrum Analyzer, The coupling loss of the additional cables was recorded and taken in account for all the measurements. After temperature stabilization (approx. 20 min for each stage), the frequency for the lower, the middle and the highest frequency range was recorded. For Frequency stability Vs. Voltage the EUT was connected to a DC power supply and the voltage was adjusted in the required ranges. The result was recorded.

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## TEST MODE:

Please reference to the section 3.4

## **TEST RESULTS**

Note: have pre-tested TX1 to TX4 mode, record the worst case mode TX1 and TX3 on the report.

TX1											
Test conditions		Frequency error (ppm)									
Voltage(V)	Temp(°C)	CH <sub>L1</sub>	CH <sub>H1</sub>	CH <sub>L2</sub>	CH <sub>H2</sub>	CH <sub>L3</sub>	СНнз	CH <sub>L4</sub>	CH <sub>H4</sub>	Limit (ppm)	Result
13.6	-30	-0.08	-0.08	-0.07	-0.09	-0.07	-0.06	-0.09	-0.08	Note	Pass
	-20	-0.09	-0.08	-0.10	-0.10	-0.09	-0.09	-0.08	-0.07		
	-10	-0.10	-0.07	-0.07	-0.10	-0.08	-0.08	-0.08	-0.09		
	0	-0.09	-0.10	-0.08	-0.09	-0.08	-0.07	-0.07	-0.07		
	10	-0.10	-0.10	-0.10	-0.10	-0.08	-0.06	-0.07	-0.09		
	20	-0.10	-0.07	-0.10	-0.10	-0.09	-0.07	-0.09	-0.07		
	30	-0.09	-0.10	-0.08	-0.08	-0.07	-0.06	-0.06	-0.09		
	40	-0.09	-0.09	-0.08	-0.09	-0.07	-0.08	-0.07	-0.07		
	50	-0.08	-0.07	-0.08	-0.10	-0.08	-0.07	-0.07	-0.08		
11.56	20	-0.09	-0.10	-0.07	-0.08	-0.08	-0.08	-0.08	-0.07		
15.64	20	-0.07	-0.08	-0.09	-0.08	-0.09	-0.07	-0.08	-0.09		

Note:  $\pm 1$ ppm for 210~220MHz,  $\pm 0.1$ ppm for 220~270MHz.

TX3											
Test conditions		Frequency error (ppm)									
Voltage(V)	Temp(°C)	CH <sub>L1</sub>	CH <sub>H1</sub>	CH <sub>L2</sub>	CH <sub>H2</sub>	CH <sub>L3</sub>	CH <sub>H3</sub>	CH <sub>L4</sub>	CH <sub>H4</sub>	Limit (ppm)	Result
13.6	-30	0.27	0.26	0.27	0.24	0.08	0.06	0.07	0.07	Note	Pass
	-20	0.25	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.08	0.07	0.07	0.06		
	-10	0.24	0.23	0.25	0.23	0.09	0.09	0.06	0.07		
	0	0.27	0.23	0.23	0.24	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08		
	10	0.26	0.24	0.24	0.27	0.07	0.08	0.09	0.09		
	20	0.27	0.27	0.26	0.26	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.08		
	30	0.26	0.24	0.26	0.25	0.07	0.09	0.07	0.06		
	40	0.26	0.25	0.25	0.24	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08		
	50	0.26	0.25	0.27	0.24	0.09	0.07	0.08	0.07		
11.56	20	0.25	0.25	0.27	0.26	0.09	0.09	0.06	0.09		
15.64	20	0.26	0.23	0.27	0.23	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.09		

Note:  $\pm 1$ ppm for 210~220MHz,  $\pm 0.1$ ppm for 220~270MHz.

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## 5.7. Transmitter Frequency Behaviour

#### LIMIT

#### FCC part 90.214

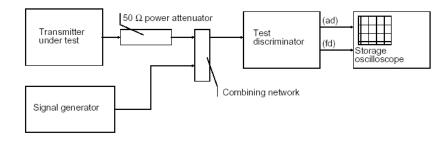
Transmitters designed to operate in the 150-174 MHz and 421-512 MHz frequency bands must maintain transient frequencies within the maximum frequency difference limits during the time intervals indicated:

	Maximum	All equipment							
	frequency								
Time intervals <sup>1 2</sup>	difference <sup>3</sup>	150 to 174 MHz	421 to 512 MHz						
Transient Frequency Behavior for Equipment Designed to Operate on 25 kHz Channels									
t <sub>1</sub> 4	±25.0 kHz	5.0 ms	10.0 ms						
t <sub>2</sub>	±12.5 kHz	20.0 ms	25.0 ms						
t <sub>3</sub> 4	±25.0 kHz	5.0 ms	10.0 ms						
Transient Frequency Behavior for Equipment Designed to Operate on 12.5 kHz Channels									
t <sub>1</sub> 4	±12.5 kHz	5.0 ms	10.0 ms						
t <sub>2</sub>	±6.25 kHz	20.0 ms	25.0 ms						
t <sub>3</sub> 4	±12.5 kHz	5.0 ms	10.0 ms						
Transient Frequency Behavior for Equipment Designed to Operate on 6.25 kHz Channels									
t <sub>1</sub> 4	±6.25 kHz	5.0 ms	10.0 ms						
t <sub>2</sub>	±3.125 kHz	20.0 ms	25.0 ms						
t <sub>3</sub> 4	±6.25 kHz	5.0 ms	10.0 ms						

#### Note:

- 1. On is the instant when a 1 kHz test signal is completely suppressed, including any capture time due to phasing.
  - 1) t<sub>1</sub> is the time period immediately following ton.
  - 2) t<sub>2</sub> is the time period immediately following t<sub>1</sub>.
  - 3) t<sub>3</sub> is the time period from the instant when the transmitter is turned off until toff.
  - 4) t<sub>off</sub> is the instant when the 1 kHz test signal starts to rise.
- 2. During the time from the end of  $t_2$  to the beginning of  $t_3$ , the frequency difference must not exceed the limits specified in § 90.213.
- 3. Difference between the actual transmitter frequency and the assigned transmitter frequency.
- 4. If the transmitter carrier output power rating is 6 watts or less, the frequency difference during this time period may exceed the maximum frequency difference for this time period.

#### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



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#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

According to TIA/EIA-603 2.2.19 requirement, as for the product different from PTT, we use test steps as follows:

- 1. Connect DUT into Test discriminator and Storage Oscilloscope and keep DUT stats ON;
- 2. Input 1kHz signal into DUT;
- 3. Set the modulation domain analyzer to trigger on the rising edge of the waveform in order to capture a single-shot turn-on of the transmitter signals;
- 4. Keep DUT in OFF state and Key the PTT;
- 5. Observe the stored oscilloscope of modulation domain analyzer. The signal trace shall be maintained within the allowable limits during the periods t<sub>1</sub> and t<sub>2</sub>, and shall also remain within limits following t<sub>2</sub>;
- 6. Adjust the modulation domain analyzer to trigger on the falling edge of the transmitter waveform in order to capture a single-shot turn-off transmitter of the transmitter signal.
- 7. Keep the digital portable radio in ON state and unkey the PTT;
- 8. Observe the stored oscilloscope of modulation domain analyzer, The signal trace shall be maintained within the allowable limits during the period t<sub>3</sub>.
- 9. Set the signal generator to the assigned transmitter frequency and modulate it with a 1 kHz tone at ±12.5 kHz deviation and set its output level to -100dBm.
- 10. Turn on the transmitter.
- 11. Supply sufficient attenuation via the RF attenuator to provide an input level to the stored oscilloscope
- 12. that is 40 dB below the maximum allowed input power when the transmitter is operating at its rated power level. Note this power level on the stored oscilloscope as P<sub>0</sub>.
- 13. Turn off the transmitter.
- 14. Adjust the RF level of the signal generator to provide RF power equal to P<sub>0</sub>. This signal generator RF level shall be maintained throughout the rest of the measurement.
- 15. Remove the attenuation, so the input power to the stored oscilloscope is increased by 30 dB when the transmitter is turned on.
- 16. Adjust the vertical amplitude control of the stored oscilloscope to display the 1000 Hz at ±4 divisions vertically centered on the display. Set trigger mode of the Spectrum Analyzer to "Video", and tune the "trigger level" on suitable level. Then set the "tiger offset" to -10ms for turn on and -15ms for turn off.
- 17. Turn on the transmitter and the transient wave will be captured on the screen of Spectrum Analyzer. Observe the stored display. The instant when the 1 kHz test signal is completely suppressed is considered to be ton. The trace should be maintained within the allowed divisions during the period t<sub>1</sub> and t<sub>2</sub>.
- 18. Then turn off the transmitter, and another transient wave will be captured on the screen of Spectrum
- 19. Analyzer. The trace should be maintained within the allowed divisions during the period t<sub>3</sub>.

#### TEST MODE:

Please reference to the section 3.4

#### TEST RESULTS

☐ Passed
☑ Not Applicable

Note:

The operating frequency range of this device is 210MHz~270MHz.

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## 5.8. Spurious Emission on Antenna Port

Conducted spurious emissions are emissions at the antenna terminals on a frequency or frequencies that are outside a band sufficient to ensure transmission of information of required quality for the class of communication desired

#### LIMIT

FCC Part 90.210 (f)(3),FCC Part 2.1051:

On any frequency beyond 3.75 kHz removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth fd: At least 55 + 10 log (P) dB.At least 55 + 10 log (P) dB

Note: In general, the worse case attenuation requirement shown above was applied.

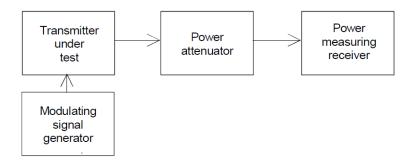
Calculation: Limit (dBm) =EL-55-10log10 (TP)

EL is the emission level of the Output Power expressed in dBm,

In this application, the EL is P(dBm)

Limit (dBm) =  $P(dBm)-55-10 \log (Pwatts) = -25dBm$ 

#### TEST CONFIGURATION



#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

- The RF output of the EUT was connected to a spectrum analyzer through appropriate attenuation.
- 2. The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was set to 100 kHz. Sufficient scans were taken to show any out of band emission up to 10<sup>th</sup>. Harmonic for the lower and the highest frequency range.
- Set RBW 100 kHz, VBW 300 kHz in the frequency band 30MHz to 1GHz, while set RBW=1MHz.VBW=3MHz from the 1GHz to 10<sup>th</sup> Harmonic.
- 4. The audio input was set the unmodulated carrier, the resulting picture is print out for each channel separation.

#### **TEST MODE:**

Please reference to the section 3.4

#### **TEST RESULTS**

#### □ Passed □ Not Applicable

- 1. The measurement frequency range from 30 MHz to 3 GHz.
- 2. We tested TX1 to TX3 recorded worst case TX1 and TX3.

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## 5.9. Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emission

Radiated spurious emissions are emissions from the equipment when transmitting into a nonradiating load on a frequency or frequencies that are outside an occupied band sufficient to ensure transmission of information of required quality for the class of communications desired.

#### LIMIT

FCC Part 90.210 (f)(3),FCC Part 2.1051:

On any frequency beyond 3.75 kHz removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth fd: At least 55 + 10 log (P) dB.At least 55 + 10 log (P) dB

Note: In general, the worse case attenuation requirement shown above was applied.

Calculation: Limit (dBm) =EL-55-10log10 (TP)

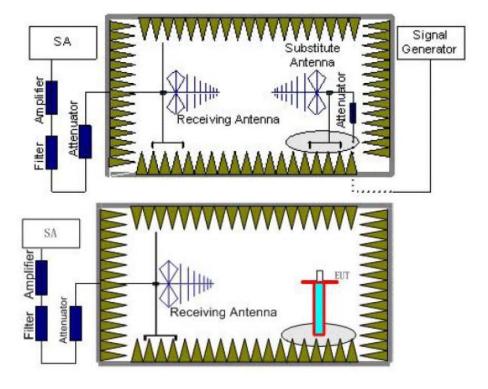
EL is the emission level of the Output Power expressed in dBm,

In this application, the EL is P(dBm)

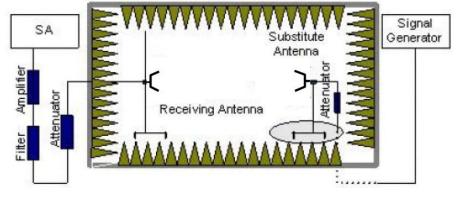
Limit (dBm) =  $P(dBm)-55-10 \log (Pwatts) = -25dBm$ 

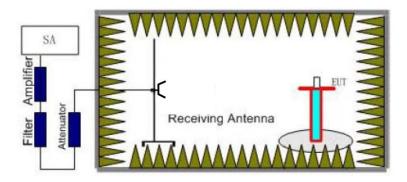
#### **TEST CONFIGURATION**

## Below 1GHz:



#### **Above 1GHz:**





#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

- 1. Standard Transmitter Load with a 50  $\Omega$  input impedance and an output impedance matched to the test equipment.
- 2. EUT was placed on a 0.8 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from the receive antenna. A receiving antenna was placed on the antenna mast 3 meters from the EUT for emission measurements. The height of receiving antenna is 1. 0 m. Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the EUT through 360° and adjusting the receiving antenna polarization. The radiated emission measurements of all transmit frequencies in six channels were measured with peak detector.
- 3. A log-periodic antenna or double-ridged waveguide horn antenna shall be substituted in place of the EUT. The log-periodic antenna will be driven by a signal generator and the level will be adjusted till the same power value on the spectrum analyzer or receiver. The level of the spurious emissions can be calculated through the level of the signal generator, cable loss, the gain of the substitution antenna and the reading of the spectrum analyzer or receiver.
- 4. The EUT is then put into continuously transmitting mode at its maximum power level during the test. Set Test Receiver or Spectrum RBW=1MHz,VBW=3MHz for above 1GHz and RBW=100kHz,VBW=300kHz for 30MHz to 1GHz, And the maximum value of the receiver should be recorded as (Pr).
- 5. The EUT shall be replaced by a substitution antenna. In the chamber, an substitution antenna for the frequency band of interest is placed at the reference point of the chamber. An RF Signal source for the frequency band of interest is connected to the substitution antenna with a cable that has been constructed to not interfere with the radiation pattern of the antenna. A power (PMea) is applied to the input of the substitution antenna, and adjust the level of the signal generator output until the value of the receiver reach the previously recorded (Pr). The power of signal source (PMea) is recorded. The test should be performed by rotating the test item and adjusting the receiving antenna polarization.
- 6. A amplifier should be connected to the Signal Source output port. And the cable should be connect between the Amplifier and the Substitution Antenna. The cable loss (PcI) ,the Substitution Antenna Gain (Ga) and the Amplifier Gain (PAg) should be recorded after test.

The measurement results are obtained as described below:

Power(EIRP)=PMea- PAg - Pcl - Ga

We used SMF100A micowave signal generator which signal level can up to 33dBm,so we not used power Amplifier for substituation test; The measurement results are amend as described below:

Power(EIRP)=PMea- PcI - Ga

- 7. This value is EIRP since the measurement is calibrated using an antenna of known gain (2.15 dBi) and known input power.
- 8. ERP can be calculated from EIRP by subtracting the gain of the dipole, ERP = EIRP-2.15dBi.

#### **TEST MODE:**

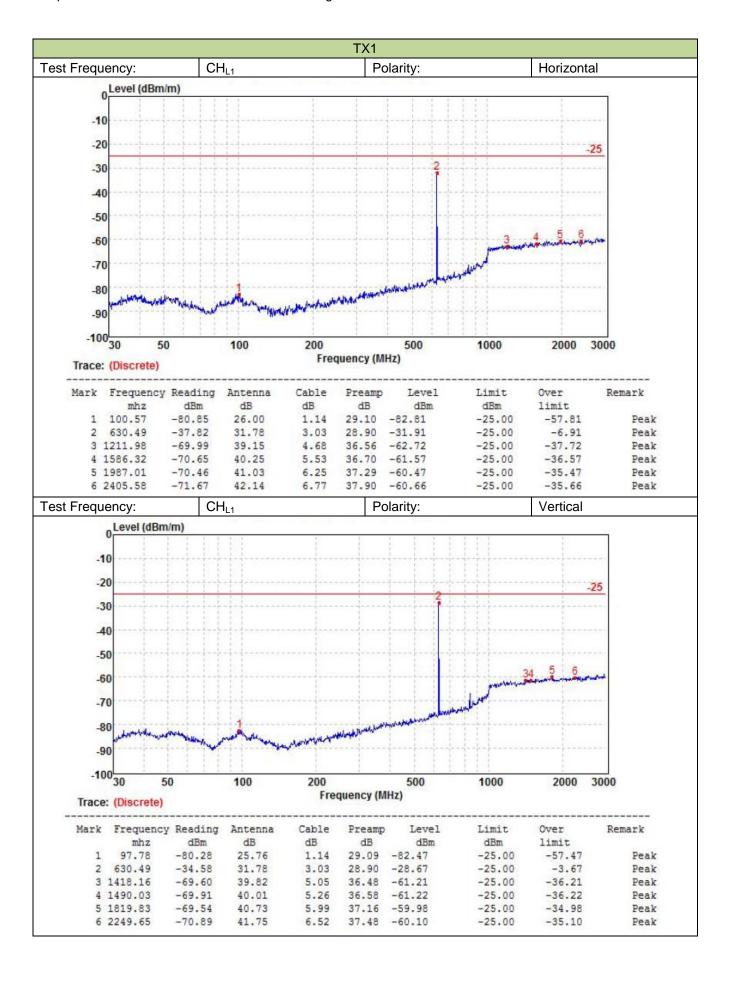
Please reference to the section 3.4

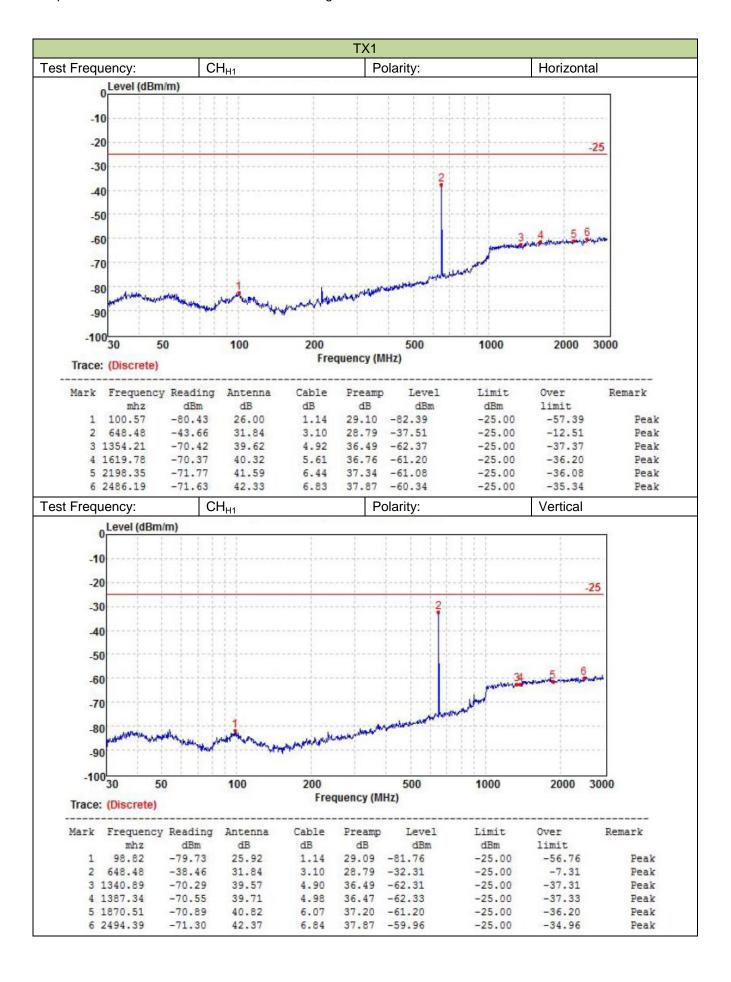
#### **TEST RESULTS**

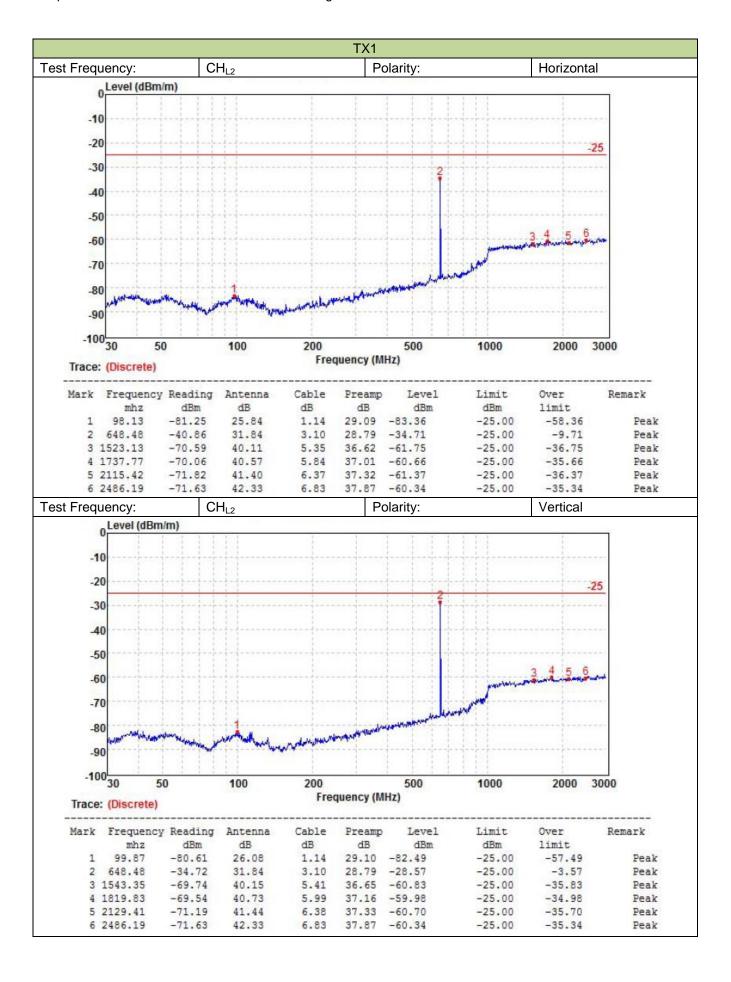
#### 

#### Note:

- 1. In general, the worse case attenuation requirement shown above was applied.
- 2. The measurement frequency range from 30 MHz to 3 GHz.
- 3. We tested TX1 to TX3 recorded worst case TX1 and TX3.







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