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CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE SAR EVALUATION

Dejero Labs Inc. 412 Albert St., Suite 100 Waterloo, ON N2L 3V3 Canada

Dates of Test: Test Report Number: May 18-25, 2015 SAR.20150508

Revision A

FCC ID: Y99MC7354 12762A-MC7354 IC Certificate: Model(s): LIVE+ EnGo Part Number: 10-110-XX

Contains Module: Sierra Wireless Model MC7354 Engineering Unit Same as Production Test Sample:

Serial Number: Eng 1

Equipment Type: Wireless Video Transceiver Classification: Portable Transmitter Next to Body

704 - 716 MHz, 777 - 787 MHz, 806 - 849 MHz, 1710 - 1755 MHz, 1850 - 1910 MHz TX Frequency Range:

Frequency Tolerance:

Maximum RF Output: 850 MHz (CDMA) - 24.49 dBm, 1900 MHz (CDMA) - 24.41 dBm, 850 MHz (UMTS) - 23.91 dBm,

1750 MHz (UMTS) - 23.95 dBm, 1900 MHz (UMTS) - 23.86 dBm; 700 MHz (LTE) - 24.00 dBm, 782 MHz (LTE) - 23.48 dBm, 1750 MHz (LTE) - 24.00 dBm, 850 MHz (LTE) - 24.00 dBm,

1900 MHz (LTE) - 24.00 dBm Conducted

Signal Modulation: CDMA, WCDMA, QPSK, 16QAM

Antenna Type: Internal Application Type: Certification FCC Rule Parts: Part 2, 22, 24

KDB Test Methodology: KDB 447498 D01 v05r02, KDB 941225 D01 v02, KDB 941225 D05 v02r01

Industry Canada: RSS-102 Issue 5, Safety Code 6

Maximum SAR Value: 0.61 W/kg Reported Max. Simultaneous: 0.02 Separation Ratio

Separation Distance: 0 mm

This wireless mobile and/or portable device has been shown to be compliant for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and IEC 62209-2:2010 (See test report).

I attest to the accuracy of the data. All measurements were performed by myself or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

RF Exposure Lab, LLC certifies that no party to this application is subject to a denial of Federal benefits that includes FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 853(a).

Jay M. Moulton Vice President





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1. Introduction

This measurement report shows compliance of the Dejero Labs Inc. Model LIVE+ EnGo FCC ID: Y99MC7354 with FCC Part 2, 1093, ET Docket 93-62 Rules for mobile and portable devices and IC Certificate: 12762A-MC7354 with RSS102 Issue 5 & Safety Code 6. The FCC have adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on August 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC regulated portable devices. [1], [6]

The test results recorded herein are based on a single type test of Dejero Labs Inc. Model LIVE+ EnGo and therefore apply only to the tested sample.

The test procedures, as described in ANSI C95.1 – 1999 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz [2], ANSI C95.3 – 2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields [3], IEEE Std.1528 – 2003 Recommended Practice [4], and Industry Canada Safety Code 6 Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3kHz to 300 GHz were employed.

The following table indicates all the wireless technologies operating in the LIVE+ EnGo Wireless Video Transceiver. The table also shows the tolerance for the power level for each mode (if applicable). The client requested only some of the technologies to be tested. All technologies marked as "not tested" must be turned off with firmware.

Band	Technology	Class	3GPP Nominal Power dBm	Tolerance dBm	Lower Tolerance dBm	Upper Tolerance dBm
Band 25 – 1900 MHz	LTE – FDD	3	23	+1.0/-1.5	21.5	24.0
Band 2 – 1900 MHz	LTE – FDD	3	23	+1.0/-1.5	21.5	24.0
Band 17 – 700 MHz	LTE – FDD	3	23	+1.0/-1.5	21.5	24.0
Band 13 - 782 MHz	LTE – FDD	3	23	+1.0/-1.5	21.5	24.0
Band 5 – 850 MHz	LTE – FDD	3	23	+1.0/-1.5	21.5	24.0
Band 4 – 1750 MHz	LTE – FDD	3	23	+1.0/-1.5	21.5	24.0
Band 5 – 850 MHz	GPRS	4	33			
Band 5 – 850 MHz	EDGE	E2	27		Not Tested	
Band 2 – 1900 MHz	GPRS	1	30		Not rested	
Band 2 – 1900 MHz	EDGE	E2	26			
BC0 – 835 MHz	CDMA	3	24	+1.0/-1.5	22.5	25.0
BC1 – 1900 MHz	CDMA	3	24	+1.0/-1.5	22.5	25.0
BC10 – 835 MHz	CDMA	3	24	+1.0/-1.5	22.5	25.0
Band 5 – 850 MHz	UMTS	3	23	+1.0/-1.5	21.5	24.0
Band 4 – 1750 MHz	UMTS	3	23	+1.0/-1.5	21.5	24.0
Band 2 – 1900 MHz	UMTS	3	23	+1.0/-1.5	21.5	24.0



SAR Definition [5]

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dV} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). SAR can be related to the electric field at a point by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \mid E \mid^2}{\rho}$$

where:

 σ = conductivity of the tissue (S/m)

 ρ = mass density of the tissue (kg/m³)

E = rms electric field strength (V/m)



2. SAR Measurement Setup

Robotic System

These measurements are performed using the DASY52 automated dosimetric assessment system. The DASY52 is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, Intel Core2 computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the generic twin phantom containing the brain equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF) (see Fig. 2.1).

System Hardware

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller teach pendant (Joystick), and a remote control used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the HP Intel Core2 computer with Windows XP system and SAR Measurement Software DASY52, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

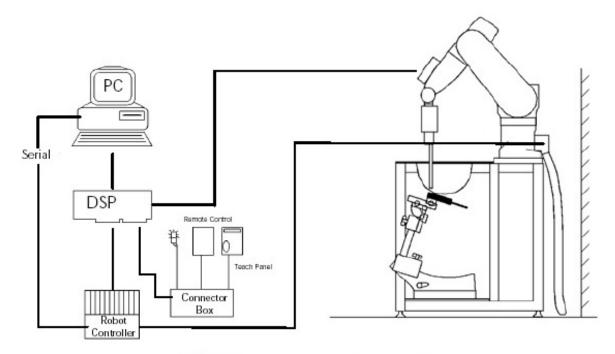


Figure 2.1 SAR Measurement System Setup



System Electronics

The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer. The system is described in detail in.

Probe Measurement System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4, designed in the classical triangular configuration (see Fig. 2.2) and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multi fiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. (see Fig. 2.3) It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY52 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting. The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.



DAE System



Probe Specifications

Calibration: In air from 10 MHz to 6.0 GHz

In brain and muscle simulating tissue at Frequencies of 450 MHz, 835 MHz, 1750 MHz, 1900 MHz, 2450 MHz, 2600 MHz, 3500 MHz, 5200

MHz, 5300 MHz, 5600 MHz, 5800 MHz

Frequency: 10 MHz to 6 GHz

Linearity: ±0.2dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)

Dynamic: 10 mW/kg to 100 W/kg

Range: Linearity: ±0.2dB

Dimensions: Overall length: 330 mm

Tip length: 20 mm

Body diameter: 12 mm

Tip diameter: 2.5 mm

Distance from probe tip to sensor center: 1 mm

Application: SAR Dosimetry Testing

Compliance tests of wireless device

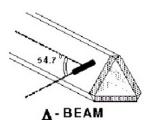


Figure 2.2 Triangular Probe Configurations



Figure 2.3 Probe Thick-Film Technique



Probe Calibration Process

Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure described in with accuracy better than +/- 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in and found to be better than +/-0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y, Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (Conv F) of the probe is tested.

Free Space Assessment

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz, and in a waveguide above 1GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1 mW/cm².

Temperature Assessment *

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium, correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

$$SAR = \frac{\left|E\right|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

where: where:

 Δt = exposure time (30 seconds), σ = simulated tissue conductivity,

C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle), ρ = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm³ for brain tissue)

 ΔT = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to $\Delta T / \Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue

heating, before thermal diffusion takes place.

Now it's possible to quantify the electric field in the simulated tissue by equating the thermally derived SAR to the E- field;

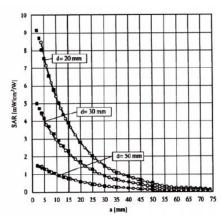


Figure 2.4 E-Field and Temperature Measurements at 900MHz

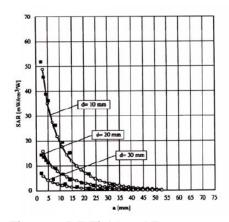


Figure 2.5 E-Field and Temperature Measurements at 1800MHz



Data Extrapolation

The DASY52 software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given like below:

with
$$V_i = \text{compensated signal of channel i}$$
 (i=x,y,z)
$$U_i = \text{input signal of channel i}$$
 (i=x,y,z)
$$C_i = \text{crest factor of exciting field}$$
 (DASY parameter)
$$C_i = C_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$
 (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes: with
$$V_i$$
 = compensated signal of channel i (i = x,y,z) Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x,y,z) $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E-field probes ConvF = sensitivity of enhancement in solution E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermetian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^{\,2} \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000} \hspace{1cm} \text{with} \hspace{1cm} \begin{array}{ll} \text{SAR} & = \text{local specific absorption rate in W/g} \\ E_{tot} & = \text{total field strength in V/m} \\ \sigma & = \text{conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]} \\ \rho & = \text{equivalent tissue density in g/cm}^3 \end{array}$$

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770}$$
 with $P_{pwe} = \text{equivalent power density of a plane wave in W/cm}^2$ = total electric field strength in V/m



Scanning procedure

- The DASY installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and system check. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.
- The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. +/- 5 %.
- The highest integrated SAR value is the main concern in compliance test applications. These values can mostly be found at the inner surface of the phantom and cannot be measured directly due to the sensor offset in the probe. To extrapolate the surface values, the measurement distances to the surface must be known accurately. A distance error of 0.5mm could produce SAR errors of 6% at 1800 MHz. Using predefined locations for measurements is not accurate enough. Any shift of the phantom (e.g., slight deformations after filling it with liquid) would produce high uncertainties. For an automatic and accurate detection of the phantom surface, the DASY5 system uses the mechanical surface detection. The detection is always at touch, but the probe will move backward from the surface the indicated distance before starting the measurement.
- The "area scan" measures the SAR above the DUT or verification dipole on a parallel plane to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR with 2D spline interpolation. The robot performs a stepped movement along one grid axis while the local electrical field strength is measured by the probe. The probe is touching the surface of the SAM during acquisition of measurement values. The scan uses different grid spacings for different frequency measurements. Standard grid spacing for head measurements in frequency ranges 2GHz is 15 mm in x and y- dimension. For higher frequencies a finer resolution is needed, thus for the grid spacing is reduced according the following table:

Area scan grid spacing for different frequency ranges					
Frequency range	Grid spacing				
≤ 2 GHz	≤ 15 mm				
2 – 4 GHz	≤ 12 mm				
4 – 6 GHz	≤ 10 mm				

Grid spacing and orientation have no influence on the SAR result. For special applications where the standard scan method does not find the peak SAR within the grid, e.g. mobile phones with flip cover, the grid can be adapted in orientation. Results of this coarse scan are shown in annex B.



• A "zoom scan" measures the field in a volume around the 2D peak SAR value acquired in the previous "coarse" scan. It uses a fine meshed grid where the robot moves the probe in steps along all the 3 axis (x,y and z-axis) starting at the bottom of the Phantom. The grid spacing for the cube measurement is varied according to the measured frequency range, the dimensions are given in the following table:

Zoom scan grid spacing and volume for different frequency ranges						
	Grid spacing	Grid spacing	Minimum zoom			
	for x, y axis	for z axis	scan volume			
≤ 2 GHz	≤ 8 mm	≤ 5 mm	≥ 30 mm			
2 – 3 GHz	≤ 5 mm	≤ 5 mm	≥ 28 mm			
3 – 4 GHz	≤ 5 mm	≤ 4 mm	≥ 28 mm			
4 – 5 GHz	≤ 4 mm	≤ 3 mm	≥ 25 mm			
5 – 6 GHz	≤ 4 mm	≤ 2 mm	≥ 22 mm			

DASY is also able to perform repeated zoom scans if more than 1 peak is found during area scan. In this document, the evaluated peak 1g and 10g averaged SAR values are shown in the 2D-graphics in annex B. Test results relevant for the specified standard (see section 3) are shown in table form in section 7.



Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The spatial peak SAR - value for 1 and 10 g is evaluated after the Cube measurements have been done. The basis of the evaluation are the SAR values measured at the points of the fine cube grid consisting of all points in the three directions x, y and z. The algorithm that finds the maximal averaged volume is separated into three different stages.

- The data between the dipole center of the probe and the surface of the phantom are extrapolated. This data cannot be measured since the center of the dipole is 1 to 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is about 1 mm (see probe calibration sheet). The extrapolated data from a cube measurement can be visualized by selecting 'Graph Evaluated'.
- The maximum interpolated value is searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10 g) are computed using the 3d-spline interpolation algorithm. If the volume cannot be evaluated (i.e., if a part of the grid was cut off by the boundary of the measurement area) the evaluation will be started on the corners of the bottom plane of the cube.
- All neighbouring volumes are evaluated until no neighbouring volume with a higher average value is found.

Extrapolation

The extrapolation is based on a least square algorithm [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.168-180]. Through the points in the first 3 cm along the z-axis, polynomials of order four are calculated. These polynomials are then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The points, calculated from the surface, have a distance of 1 mm from each other.

Interpolation

The interpolation of the points is done with a 3d-Spline. The 3d-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.141-150] (x, y and z-direction) [Numerical Recipes in C, Second Edition, p.123ff].

Volume Averaging

At First the size of the cube is calculated. Then the volume is integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. 8000 points (20x20x20) are interpolated to calculate the average.

Advanced Extrapolation

DASY uses the advanced extrapolation option which is able to compensate boundary effects on Efield probes.



SAM PHANTOM

The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. (see Fig. 2.6)

Phantom Specification

Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom (V4.0) **Shell Material:** Vivac Composite

Thickness: $2.0 \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$

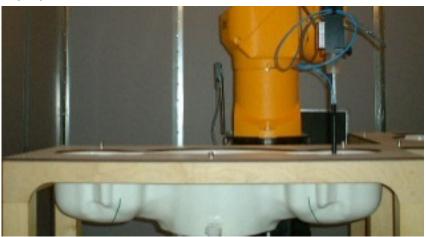


Figure 2.6 SAM Twin Phantom

Device Holder for Transmitters

In combination with the SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 the Mounting Device (see Fig. 2.7), enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeat ably be positioned according to the FCC, CENELEC, IEC and IEEE specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).



Figure 2.7 Mounting Device

Note: A simulating human hand is not used due to the complex anatomical and geometrical structure of the hand that may produce infinite number of configurations. To produce the worst-case condition (the hand absorbs antenna output power), the hand is omitted during the tests.



3. Probe and Dipole Calibration

See Appendix D and E.



4. Phantom & Simulating Tissue Specifications

Head & Body Simulating Mixture Characterization

The head and body mixtures consist of the material based on the table listed below. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue. Body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the issue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations.

Table 4.1 Typical Composition of Ingredients for Tissue

Ingredients		Simulating Tissue					
		750 MHz Body	835 MHz Body	1750 MHz Body	1900 MHz Body		
Mixing Percentage							
Water Sugar Salt HEC			52.50		69.91		
		Proprietary Purchased from Speag	45.00	Proprietary Purchased from Speag	0.00		
			1.40		0.13		
			1.00		0.00		
Bactericide		-13	0.10		0.00		
DGBE			0.00		29.96		
Dielectric Constant	Target	55.5	55.20	53.4	53.30		
Conductivity (S/m)	Target	0.96	0.97	1.49	1.52		



5. ANSI/IEEE C95.1 – 1992 RF Exposure Limits [2]

Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Table 5.1 Human Exposure Limits

	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIROMENT Professional Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR ¹ Head	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR ² Whole Body	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR ³ Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.00	20.00

¹ The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

² The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

³ The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.



6. Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty table is not required per KDB 865664 D01 v01 section 2.8.2 page 12. SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is required in the SAR report only when the highest measured SAR in a frequency band is \geq 1.5 W/kg for 1-g SAR. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) should be applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions. The highest reported value is less than 1.5 W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required.



7. System Validation

Tissue Verification

Table 7.1 Measured Tissue Parameters

Table 7.1 Weasured Tissue Faraineters								
		750 MHz Body		835 MHz Body		1750 MHz Body		
Date(s)		May	22, 2015	May 21, 2015		May 23, 2015		
Liquid Temperature (°C) 20.0		Target Measured		Target	Measured	Target	Measured	
Dielectric Constant: ε		55.53	54.69	55.20	54.37	53.43	52.68	
Conductivity: σ		0.96	0.94	0.97	0.98	4.49	1.56	
		1900	MHz Body					
Date(s)		May	18, 2015					
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.0	Target Measured						
Dielectric Constant: ε		53.30	53.17					
Conductivity: σ		1.52	1.54					

See Appendix A for data printout.

Test System Verification

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the $\pm 10\%$ of the specifications at the test frequency by using the system kit. Power is normalized to 1 watt. (Graphic Plots Attached)

Table 7.2 System Dipole Validation Target & Measured

	Test Frequency	Targeted SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Measure SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Tissue Used for Verification	Deviation Target and Fast SAR to SAR (%)	Plot Number
22-May-2015	750 MHz	8.74	8.65	Body	- 1.03	1
21-May-2015	835 MHz	9.51	9.43	Body	- 0.84	2
23-May-2015	1750 MHz	37.30	38.50	Body	+ 3.22	3
18-May-2015	1900 MHz	40.20	40.20	Body	+ 0.00	4

See Appendix A for data plots.

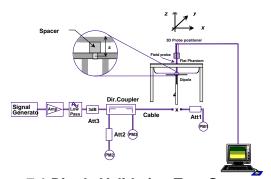


Figure 7.1 Dipole Validation Test Setup



8. SAR Test Data Summary

See Measurement Result Data Pages

See Appendix B for SAR Test Data Plots. See Appendix C for SAR Test Setup Photos.

Procedures Used To Establish Test Signal

The device was either placed into simulated transmit mode using the manufacturer's test codes or the actual transmission is activated through a base station simulator or similar equipment. See data pages for actual procedure used in measurement.

Device Test Condition

In order to verify that the device was tested at full power, conducted output power measurements were performed before and after each SAR measurement to confirm the output power unless otherwise noted. If a conducted power deviation of more than 5% occurred, the test was repeated. The power drift of each test is measured at the start of the test and again at the end of the test. The drift percentage is calculated by the formula ((end/start)-1)*100 and rounded to three decimal places. The drift percentage is calculated into the resultant SAR value on the data sheet for each test.

The EUT was tested on the end of the device where the antennas are located and on each side next to the antenna. All measurements for the device were conducted with the side of the device 10 mm from the phantom. The 10 mm gap was to simulate the closest distance the side can get to the user when installed in the carrying bag which is the normal use for the device. The carrying bag is made of all nylon and Styrofoam.

The device was on a minimum of 10 cm of Styrofoam during each test.

The 1xRTT testing was conducted in RC3 with the device configured using TDSO/SO32 with FCH transmitting at full rate. The power control was set to "All Bits Up." 1xRTT did not require SAR testing due to the measured power being less than ¼ dB higher than Rev. 0.

The Rev. 0 testing was conducted with the Reverse Data Channel rate of 153.6 kbps. The Forward Traffic Channel data rate is set to the 2-slot version of 307.2 kbps with the ACK Channel transmitting in all slots. The power control was set to "All Bits Up." Other rates were not tested due to the conducted power measured was less than ¼ dB higher than 153.6 kbps.

The Rev. A Subtype 2 testing was conducted with the Reverse Data Channel payload size of 4096 bits and Termination Target of 16 slots. The Forward Traffic Channel data rate is set to the 2-slot version of 307.2 kbps with the ACK Channel transmitting in all slots. The power control was set to "All Bits Up." Rev. A did not require SAR testing due to the measured power being less than ¼ dB higher than Rev. 0.

The WCDMA testing was conducted using 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1. The HSPA testing was conducted with HS-DPCCH, E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH all enabled and a 12.2 kbps RMC. FRC was configured according to HS-DPCCH Sub-Test 1 using H-set 1 and QPSK.



9. LTE Document Checklist

1) Identify the operating frequency range of each LTE transmission band used by the device

LTE Operating	Uplink (transmit)	Downlink (Receive)	Duplex mode
Band	Low - high	Low - high	(FDD/TDD)
4	1710-1755	2110-2155	FDD
5	824-849	869-894	FDD
13	777-787	746-756	FDD
17	704-716	734-746	FDD
2 & 25	1850-1915	1930-1995	FDD

2) Identify the channel bandwidths used in each frequency band; 1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20 MHz etc

LTE Band Class	Bandwidth (MHz)	Frequency or Freq. Band (MHz)
4	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	1710-1755
5	5, 10	824-849
13	5, 10	777-787
17	5, 10	704-716
2 & 25	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	1850-1915

3) Identify the high, middle and low (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE frequency band

LTE Band	Bandwidth	Frequency (MHz)/Channel #					
Class	(MHz)	Lo	ow	Mid		High	
4	1.4	1710.7	19957	1732.5	20175	1754.3	20393
4	3	1711.5	19965	1732.5	20175	1753.5	20385
4	5	1712.5	19975	1732.5	20175	1752.5	20375
4	10	1715.0	20000	1732.5	20175	1750.0	20350
4	15	1717.5	20025	1732.5	20175	1747.5	20325
4	20	1720.0	20050	1732.5	20175	1745.0	20300
5	5	826.5	20425	836.5	20525	846.5	20625
5	10	829.0	20450	836.5	20525	844.0	20600
13	5	779.5	23205	782.0	23230	784.5	23255
13	10			782.0	23230		
17	5	706.5	23755	710.0	23790	713.5	23825
17	10	709.0	23780	710.0	23790	711.0	23800
2 & 25	1.4	1850.7	18607	1882.5	26365	1914.3	26715
2 & 25	3	1851.5	18615	1882.5	26365	1913.5	26690
2 & 25	5	1852.5	18625	1882.5	26365	1912.5	26665
2 & 25	10	1855.0	18650	1882.5	26365	1910.0	26640
2 & 25	15	1857.5	18675	1882.5	26365	1907.5	26615
2 & 25	20	1860.0	18700	1882.5	26365	1905.0	26590



- 4) Specify the UE category and uplink modulations used:
 - UE Category: 3
 - Uplink modulations: QPSK and 16QAM
- 5) Include descriptions of the LTE transmitter and antenna implementation; and also identify whether it is a standalone transmitter operating independently of other wireless transmitters in the device or sharing hardware components and/or antenna(s) with other transmitters etc

The device has 8 antennas:

- WWAN Main (6-Transmit and 8-Receive) Antenna
- 6) Identify the LTE voice/data requirements in each operating mode and exposure condition with respect to head and body test configurations, antenna locations, handset flip-cover or slide positions, antenna diversity conditions etc

The device is a data only device. Data mode was tested in each operating mode and exposure condition in the body configuration. See test setup photos to see all configurations tested.

- 7) Identify if Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) is optional or mandatory, i.e. built-in by design:
 - a) Only mandatory MPR may be considered during SAR testing, when the maximum output power is permanently limited by the MPR implemented within the UE; and only for the applicable RB (resource block) configurations specified in LTE standards

MPR is mandatory, built-in by design on all production units. It was enabled during testing.

Modulation	Ch	Channel Bandwidth/transmission Bandwidth Configuration						
		(RB)						
	1.4	1.4 3.0 5 10 15 20						
	MHz	MHZ	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz		
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1	
16QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1	
16QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	<u>≤</u> 2	

b) A-MPR (additional MPR) must be disabled

A-MPR was disabled during testing.



8) Include the maximum average conducted output power on the required test channels for each channel bandwidth and UL modulation used in each frequency band:

The maximum average conducted output power for the testing is listed on pages 26-35 of this report. The below table shows the factory set point with the allowable tolerance.

LTE Band	Power Class	Modulation	Factory Conducted Power (dBm)		
			Set point	Tolerance (+/-)	
4	3	QPSK	23.0	+1.0/-1.5	
4	3	16QAM	22.0	+1.0/-1.5	
5	3	QPSK	23.0	+1.0/-1.5	
5	3	16QAM	22.0	+1.0/-1.5	
13	3	QPSK	23.0	+1.0/-1.5	
13	3	16QAM	22.0	+1.0/-1.5	
17	3	QPSK	23.0	+1.0/-1.5	
17	3	16QAM	22.0	+1.0/-1.5	
2 & 25	3	QPSK	23.0	+1.0/-1.5	
2 & 25	3	16QAM	22.0	+1.0/-1.5	

9) Identify all other U.S. wireless operating modes (3G, Wi-Fi, WiMax, Bluetooth etc), device/exposure configurations (head and body, antenna and handset flip-cover or slide positions, antenna diversity conditions etc.) and frequency bands used for these modes

Other wireless modes:

Technology	Frequency (MHz)	Band Name	Transmitter	Receiver	Factory Conducted Power (dBm)		
recillology	rrequency (winz)	Dallu Name	Range	Range	Set point	Tolerance (+/-)	
CDMA	EvDo Rev 0	850 MHz – BC0, BC10	806-849, 896-901	851-894, 935-940	24.0	+1.0/-1.5	
		1900 MHz – BC1	1850-1910	1903-1990	24.0	+1.0/-1.5	
HIGD) (1 / HIGD)	R7 HSDPA Cat 10 R6 HSUPA Cat 6	Band II – 1900MHz	1850-1900	1930-1990	23.0	+1.0/-1.5	
WCDMA/HSPA		Band V – 850MHz	826-850	970-890	23.0	+1.0/-1.5	

10) Include the maximum average conducted output power measured for the other wireless modes and frequency bands.

The maximum average conducted output power measured for the testing is listed on pages 22-23 of this report. The table in item 9 shows the factory set point with the allowable tolerance.

11) When power reduction is applied to certain wireless modes to satisfy SAR compliance for



simultaneous transmission conditions, other equipment certification or operating requirements, include the maximum average conducted output power measured in each power reduction mode applicable to the simultaneous voice/data transmission configurations for such wireless configurations and frequency bands; and also include details of the power reduction implementation and measurement setup

Power reduction is not required to satisfy SAR compliance.

12) Include descriptions of the test equipment, test software, built-in test firmware etc. required to support testing the device when power reduction is applied to one or more transmitters/antennas for simultaneous voice/data transmission

Power reduction is not required to satisfy SAR compliance.

13) When appropriate, include a SAR test plan proposal with respect to the above

Power reduction is not required to satisfy SAR compliance.

14) If applicable, include preliminary SAR test data and/or supporting information in laboratory testing inquiries to address specific issues and concerns or for requesting further test reduction considerations appropriate for the device; for example, simultaneous transmission configurations.

Not applicable.



10. FCC 3G Measurement Procedures

Power measurements were performed using a base station simulator under average power.

10.1 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR

The device was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a screen room. Such test signals offer a consistent means for testing SAR and recommended for evaluating SAR. The SAR measurement software calculates a reference point at the start and end of the test to check for power drifts. If conducted power deviations of more than 5% occurred, the tests were repeated.

10.2 SAR Measurement Conditions for WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA

Configure the call box 8960 to support all WCDMA tests in respect to the 3GPP 34.121 (listed in Table below). Measure the power at Ch4132, 4182 and 4233 for US cell; Ch9262, 9400 and 9538 for US PCS band.

For Rel99

- Set a Test Mode 1 loop back with a 12.2kbps Reference Measurement Channel (RMC).
- Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the device
- Measure the power at the device antenna connector using the power meter with average detector.

For HSDPA Rel 6

- Establish a Test Mode 1 look back with both 1 12.2kbps RMC channel and a H-Set1 Fixed Reference Channel (FRC). With the 8960 this is accomplished by setting the signal Channel Coding to "Fixed Reference Channel" and configuring for HSET-1 QKSP.
- Set beta values and HSDPA settings for HSDPA Subtest1 according to Table below.
- Send continuously Up power control commands to the device
- Measure the power at the device antenna connector using the power meter with modulated average detector.
- Repeat the measurement for the HSDPA Subtest2, 3 and 4 as given in Table below.

For HSUPA Rel 6

- Use UL RMC 12.2kbps and FRC H-Set1 QPSK, Test Mode 1 loop back. With the 8960 this is accomplished by setting the signal Channel Coding to "E-DCH Test Channel" and configuring the equipment category to Cat5_10ms.
- Set the Absolute Grant for HSUPA Subtest1 according to Table below.
- Set the device power to be at least 5dB lower than the Maximum output power
- Send power control bits to give one TPC_cmd = +1 command to the device. If device doesn't send any E-DPCH data with decreased E-TFCI within 500ms, then repeat this process until the decreased E-TFCI is reported.
- Confirm that the E-TFCI transmitted by the device is equal to the target E-TFCI in Table below. If the E-TFCI transmitted by the device is not equal to the target E-TFCI, then send power control bits to give one TPC_cmd = -1 command to the UE. If UE sends any E-DPCH data with decreased E-TFCI within 500 ms, send new power control bits to give one TPC_cmd = -1 command to the UE. Then confirm that the E-TFCI transmitted by the UE is equal to the target E-TFCI in Table below.
- Measure the power using the power meter with modulated average detector.
- Repeat the measurement for the HSUPA Subtest2, 3, 4 and 5 as given in Table below.



10.3 SAR Measurement Conditions for CDMA2000, 1xEV-DO

10.3.1 Output Power Verification 1xRTT

Use CDMA2000 Rev 6 protocol in the call box.

- 1) Test for RC 3 Reverse FCH, RC3 Reverse SCH0 and demodulation of RC 3, 4 and 5.
 - a. Set up a call using Supplemental Channel Test Mode 3 (RC 3, SO 32) with 9600 bps Fundamental Channel and 9600 bps SCH0 data rate.
 - b. As per C.S0011 or TIA/EIA-98-F Table 4.4.5.2-2, set the test parameters.
 - c. Send alternating '0' and '1' power control bit to the device
 - d. Determine the active channel configuration. If the desired channel configuration is not the active channel configuration, increase Îor by 1 dB and repeat the verification. Repeat this step until the desired channel configuration becomes active.
 - e. Measure the output power at the device antenna connector.
 - f. Decrease Îor by 0.5 dB.
 - g. Determine the active channel configuration. If the active channel configuration is the desired channel configuration, measure the output power at the device antenna connector.
 - h. Repeat step f and g until the output power no longer increases or the desired channel configuration is no longer active. Record the highest output power achieved with the desired channel configuration active.
 - i. Repeat step a through h ten times and average the result.

10.3.2 Output Power Verification 1xEvDo

- 1) Use 1xEV-DO Rel 0 protocol in the call box 8960.
 - a. FTAP
 - Select Test Application Protocol to FTAP
 - Set FTAP Rate to 307.2 kbps (2 Slot, QPSK)
 - Generator Info -> Termination Parameters -> Max Forward Packet Duration -> 16 Slots
 - Set Îor to -60 dBm/1.23 MHz
 - Send continuously '0' power control bits
 - Measure the power at device antenna connector
 - b. RTAP
 - Select Test Application Protocol to RTAP
 - Set RTAP Rate to 9.6 kbps
 - Generator Info -> Termination Parameters -> Max Forward Packet Duration -> 16 Slots
 - Set Îor to -60 dBm/1.23 MHz
 - Send continuously '0' power control bits
 - Measure the power at device antenna connector
 - Repeat above steps for RTAP Rate = 19.2 kbps, 38.4 kbps, 76.8 kbps and 153.6 kbps respectively
- 2) Use 1xEV-DO Rev A protocol in the call box 8960
 - a. FETAP
 - Select Test Application Protocol to FETAP
 - Set FETAP Rate to 307.2 kbps (2 Slot, QPSK)
 - Generator Info -> Termination Parameters -> Max Forward Packet Duration -> 16 Slots
 - Set Îor to -60 dBm/1.23 MHz



- Send continuously '0' power control bits
- Measure the power at device antenna connector

b. RETAP

- Select Test Application Protocol to RETAP
- F-Traffic Format -> 4 (1024, 2, 128) Canonical (307.2k, QPSK) Set R-Data Pkt Size to 128
- Protocol Subtype Config -> Release A Physical Layer Subtype -> Subtype 2 >PL Subtype 2 Access Channel MAC Subtype -> Default (Subtype 0)
- Generator Info -> Termination Parameters -> Max Forward Packet Duration -> 16 Slots -> ACK R-Data After -> Subpacket 0 (All ACK)
- Set Îor to -60 dBm/1.23 MHz
- Send continuously '0' power control bits
- Measure the power at device antenna connector
- Repeat above steps for R-Data Pkt Size = 256, 512, 768, 1024, 1536, 2048, 3072, 4096, 6144, 8192, 12288 respectively.

3GPP Release	Mode	Cellular Band [dBm]		Sub-Test (See Table	MPR	
Version		4132	4183	4233	Below)	
99	WCDMA	23.89	23.91	23.87	-	-
6		23.86	23.87	23.79	1	0
6	HSDPA	23.82	23.89	23.85	2	0
6	порга	23.39	23.42	23.37	3	0.5
6		23.94	23.49	23.40	4	0.5
6		23.80	23.90	23.83	1	0
6		21.95	21.99	21.96	2	2
6	HSUPA	22.97	23.08	22.99	3	1
6		22.06	22.01	22.04	4	2
6		23.82	23.84	23.87	5	0

3GPP Release	Mode	PCS Band [dBm]			Sub-Test (See Table	MPR
Version		9262	9400	9538	`Below)	
99	WCDMA	23.83	23.86	23.81	-	-
6		23.79	23.82	23.76	1	0
6	HSDPA	23.81	23.75	23.79	2	0
6	ПЗДРА	23.36	23.34	23.36	3	0.5
6		23.41	23.31	23.39	4	0.5
6		23.84	23.82	23.75	1	0
6		21.97	22.01	21.89	2	2
6	HSUPA	22.94	23.05	22.94	3	1
6	-	21.99	21.95	22.03	4	2
6		23.82	23.80	23.71	5	0



3GPP Release			AWS Band [dBm]			MPR
Version		1312	1413	1513	`Below)	
99	WCDMA	23.88	23.95	23.90	-	-
6		23.82	23.86	23.74	1	0
6	HSDPA	23.74	23.72	23.76	2	0
6	порга	23.45	23.39	23.38	3	0.5
6		23.43	23.34	23.35	4	0.5
6		23.80	23.80	23.77	1	0
6		21.98	22.06	21.84	2	2
6	HSUPA	22.92	23.01	22.98	3	1
6		21.97	21.92	22.05	4	2
6		23.85	23.87	23.68	5	0

Sub-Test Setup for Release 6 HSDPA

Sub-Test	$oldsymbol{eta_c}$	β_{d}	B _c / β _d	β_{hs}					
1	2/15	15/15	2/15	4/15					
2	12/15	15/15	15/15	24/15					
3	15/15	8/15	15/8	30/15					
4	15/15	4/15	15/4	30/15					
$\Delta_{ m ack}$, $\Delta_{ m nack}$ a	$\Delta_{\rm ack}$, $\Delta_{\rm nack}$ and $\Delta_{\rm cqi} = 8$								

Sub-Test Setup for Release 6 HSUPA

Sub-Test	eta_{c}	β_{d}	B _c / β _d	eta_{hs}	B_{ec}	B_{ed}	MPR	AG Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15	15/15	11/15	22/15	209/225	1039/225	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	15/9	30/15	30/15	47/15	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/15	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	15/15	15/15	30/15	24/15	134/15	0.0	21	81
Δ_{ack} , Δ_{nack} and	$nd \Delta_{cqi} = 8$	3							

		IS-2000	1Xev-Do Rev. 0	1Xev-Do Rev. A Subtype 0/1
	Channel	TDSO SO32 RC3	RTAP/153.6 kbps [dBm]	RETAP/4096 kbps [dBm]
	50	24.32	24.36	24.31
	670	24.29	24.34	24.29
Cellular	1013	24.30	24.31	24.31
Cellulai	384	24.36	24.49	24.44
	777	24.15	24.46	24.40
	870	24.19	24.22	24.18
	25	24.20	24.22	24.25
	25	24.28	24.32	24.25
PCS	600	24.39	24.41	24.37
	1175	24.28	24.30	24.21



Figure 10.1 Test Reduction Table - CDMA

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
Band/ Frequency (MHz)	Technology	Required Channel	Tested/ Reduced					
		50	Reduced ¹					
		670	Reduced ¹					
BC0 & BC10		1013	Reduced ¹					
824-849 MHz		384	Tested					
	CDMA ²	777	Reduced ¹					
		870	Reduced ¹					
Band 2		25	Reduced ¹					
1850-1910 MHz		600	Tested					
1000-1910 MITZ		1175	Reduced ¹					

Figure 10.1 Test Reduction Table – WCDMA

Band/	Technology	Required	Tested/	
Frequency (MHz)		Channel	Reduced	
Band 2		9262	Reduced ¹	
1850-1910 MHz		9400	Tested	
1650-1910 WITZ	WCDMA ²	9538	Reduced ¹	
Dand F	WCDIVIA-	4132	Reduced ¹	
Band 5 824-849 MHz		4183	Tested	
024-049 NIUZ		4233	Reduced ¹	

Reduced¹ – When the mid channel is 3 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v05r02 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Reduced² – All reductions were the same for each side where the antenna was close enough to require testing. For all other sides, the testing was reduced per KDB447498 D01 v05r02 section 4.3.1 1) page 11.



11.4 SAR Measurement Conditions for LTE Bands

11.4.1 LTE Functionality

The follow table identifies all the channel bandwidths in each frequency band supported by this device.

LTE Band Class	Bandwidth (MHz)	Frequency or Freq. Band (MHz)
4	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	1710-1755
5	5, 10	824-849
13	5, 10	777-787
17	5, 10	704-716
2 & 25	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	1850-1915

11.4.2 Test Conditions

All SAR measurements for LTE were performed using the Anritsu MT8820C. A closed loop power control setting allowed the UE to transmit at the maximum output power during the SAR measurements. The Figure 11.1 table indicates all the test reduction utilized for this report.

MPR was enabled for this device. A-MPR was disabled for all SAR test measurements.



Band	Modulation	Randwidth	RB Size	RR Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
Danu	iviodulation	Danawiath	IND SIZE	ND Offset	Chamilei	Trequency	rowei
	T	T	I	T	Π	T	I
					19957	1710.7	23.2
			6	6 0	20175	1732.5	23.1
					20393	1754.3	23.2
					19957	1710.7	24.0
			3	1	20175	1732.5	24.0
		1.4 MHz			20393	1754.3	24.0
		2.1141112			19957	1710.7	24.0
			1	0	20175	1732.5	23.9
					20393	1754.3	23.9
					19957	1710.7	24.0
			1	5	20175	1732.5	24.0
					20393	1754.3	23.9
					19965	1711.5	23.3
			15	0	20175	1732.5	23.4
		2 1411-			20385	1753.5	23.2
			8	8 3	19965	1711.5	23.1
					20175	1732.5	23.1
_	ODCK				20385	1753.5	23.2
4	QPSK	3 MHz	1		19965	1711.5	24.0
				1 0	20175	1732.5	24.0
					20385	1753.5	23.9
					19965	1711.5	24.0
			1	14	20175	1732.5	24.0
					20385	1753.5	24.0
					19975	1712.5	23.3
			25	0	20175	1732.5	23.3
					20375	1752.5	23.2
					19975	1712.5	23.1
			12	6	20175	1732.5	23.3
		5.8411			20375	1752.5	23.2
		5 MHz			19975	1712.5	24.0
			1	0	20175	1732.5	24.0
					20375	1752.5	24.0
					19975	1712.5	24.0
			1	24	20175	1732.5	24.0
					20375	1752.5	23.9



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
					20000	1715	23.1
			50	0	20175	1732.5	23.2
					20350	1750	23.3
					20000	1715	23.2
			25	12	20175	1732.5	23.3
		40 8411-			20350	1750	23.4
		10 MHz			20000	1715	24.0
			1	0	20175	1732.5	24.0
					20350	1750	24.0
					20000	1715	24.0
			1	24	20175	1732.5	24.0
					20350	1750	24.0
				0	20025	1717.5	23.1
			75	0	20175	1732.5	23.2
				0	20325	1747.5	23.2
					20025	1717.5	23.2
			36	19	20175	1732.5	23.2
4	QPSK	15 MHz		19	20325	1747.5	23.2
4	QP3K	12 1/111/2			20025	1717.5	24.0
			1	0	20175	1732.5	24.0
					20325	1747.5	24.0
					20025	1717.5	24.0
			1	74	20175	1732.5	24.0
					20325	1747.5	24.0
					20050	1720	23.2
			100	0	20175	1732.5	23.2
					20300	1745	23.3
					20050	1720	23.1
			50	25	20175	1732.5	23.1
		20 MHz			20300	1745	23.3
		ZU IVITIZ			20050	1720	24.0
			1	0	20175	1732.5	24.0
					20300	1745	24.0
			1	99	20050	1720	24.0
					20175	1732.5	24.0
					20300	1745	24.0



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
					19957	1710.7	22.0
			6	0	20175	1732.5	22.0
					20393	1754.3	22.2
					19957	1710.7	23.1
			3	1	20175	1732.5	23.1
					20393	1754.3	23.2
		1.4 MHz			19957	1710.7	23.0
			1	0	20175	1732.5	23.0
					20393	1754.3	23.1
						1710.7	23.1
			1	19957 20175 20393 19965 0 20175 20385 19965 3 20175 20385		1732.5	23.0
						1754.3	23.1
						1711.5	22.2
			15	0		1732.5	22.3
						1753.5	22.4
						1711.5	22.1
			8	3		1732.5	22.3
						1753.5	22.2
4	16QAM	3 MHz			19965	1711.5	23.1
			1	0	20175	1732.5	23.0
					20385	1753.5	23.1
					19965	1711.5	23.3
			1	14	20175	1732.5	23.2
					20385	1753.5	23.4
					19975	1712.5	22.3
			25	0	20175	1732.5	22.2
					20375	1752.5	22.1
					19975	1712.5	22.3
			12	6	20175	1732.5	22.2
					20375	1752.5	22.4
		5 MHz			19975	1712.5	23.0
			1	0	20175	1732.5	23.0
					20375	1752.5	23.1
			1	24	19975	1712.5	23.0
					20175	1732.5	23.0
					20375	1752.5	23.1



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
			50 0	20000	1715	22.2	
				0	20175	1732.5	22.1
					20350	1750	22.3
					20000	1715	22.3
			25	12	20175	1732.5	22.2
		40.444			20350	1750	22.4
		10 MHz			20000	1715	23.3
			1	0	20175	1732.5	23.2
					20350	1750	23.2
					20000	1715	23.3
			1	24 20175	1732.5	23.1	
					20350	1750	23.2
					20025	1717.5	22.1
			75	0	20175	1732.5	22.0
					20325	1747.5	22.1
					20025	1717.5	22.3
			36	19	20175	1732.5	22.3
4	16QAM	1 F N 4 L I ¬			20325	1747.5	22.2
4	IOQAIVI	15 MHz	1 0	20025	1717.5	23.2	
				0	20175	1732.5	23.3
					20325	1747.5	23.3
				2002	20025	1717.5	23.1
			1	74	20175	1732.5	23.0
					20325	1747.5	23.2
					20050	1720	22.2
			100	0	20175	1732.5	22.1
					20300	1745	22.3
					20050	1720	22.1
			50	25	20175	1732.5	22.0
		20 MHz			20300	1745	22.2
		20 MHz			20050	1720	23.3
			1	0	20175	1732.5	23.4
					20300	1745	23.2
			1	99	20050	1720	23.1
					20175	1732.5	23.2
					20300	1745	23.2



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
					20407	824.7	23.0
			6	0		836.5	23.0
						848.3	23.1
					20407	824.7	24.0
			3	1	20525	836.5	23.9
		4 4 5 4 1			848.3	24.0	
		1.4 MHz			20407	824.7	23.9
			1	0	20525	836.5	24.0
					20643	848.3	24.0
					20407	824.7	24.0
			1	0	20525	836.5	23.9
					20643	848.3	24.0
					20415	825.5	23.0
			15	0	20525	836.5	22.9
				0	20635	847.5	23.1
					20415	825.5	23.0
			8	3	20525	836.5	23.1
5	QPSK	3 MHz			20635	847.5	23.1
,	QF3K	3 101112			20415	825.5	23.9
			1	. 0	20525	836.5	24.0
					20635	847.5	24.0
					20415	825.5	24.0
			1	14	20525	836.5	24.0
			20635	847.5	24.0		
					20425	826.5	23.1
			25	0	20525	836.5	22.9
					20625	846.5	23.1
					20425	826.5	23.0
			12	6	20525	836.5	23.1
		5 MHz			20625	846.5	23.1
		3 141112			20425	826.5	23.8
			1	0	20525	836.5	24.0
					20625	846.5	24.0
					20425	826.5	24.0
			1	24	20525	836.5	24.0
					20625	846.5	24.0



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
				0	20450	829	22.9
			50		20525	836.5	22.8
					20600	844	22.8
					20450	829	23.0
			25	12	20525	836.5	22.9
	QPSK	10 MHz			20600	844	23.0
	QP3K	10 MILE			20450	829	24.0
			1	0	20525	836.5	24.0
					20600	844	23.9
					20450	829	23.9
			1 24 20525 8 20600 20407 8	836.5	24.0		
					20600	844	24.0
				0	20407	824.7	22.1
			6		20525	836.5	22.2
					20643	848.3	22.2
					20407	824.7	22.9
			3	1	20525	836.5	23.0
		1 4 544		1 0	20643	848.3	23.1
5		1.4 MHz			20407	824.7	23.1
			1		20525	836.5	23.2
					20643	848.3	23.2
					20407	824.7	23.2
			1	5	20525	836.5	23.2
	460444			0 24 0	20643	848.3	23.4
	16QAM				20415	825.5	22.0
			15	0	20525	836.5	22.1
					20635	847.5	22.1
					20415	825.5	21.9
			8	3	20525	836.5	22.1
					20635	847.5	22.0
		3 MHz			20415	825.5	23.0
			1	0	20525	836.5	23.1
					20635	847.5	23.1
					20415	825.5	23.4
			1	1 14	20525	836.5	23.3
					20635	847.5	23.4



						_	
Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
				25 0	20425	826.5	21.9
			25		20525	836.5	21.9
					20625	846.5	21.9
					20425	826.5	22.1
			12	6	20525	836.5	22.1
		5 MHz			20625	846.5	22.3
		3 101112			20425	826.5	23.0
			1	0	0 20525 20625	836.5	23.2
				0	20625	846.5	23.2
					20425	826.5	23.3
			1	24	20525	836.5	23.3
_	46044				20625	846.5	23.4
5	16QAM			 	20450	829	21.8
			50		20525	836.5	21.8
					20600	844	21.9
					20450	829	21.9
			25	12	20525	836.5	21.9
		10 1411-			20600	844	21.9
		10 MHz			20450	829	23.1
			1	0	20525	836.5	23.4
					20600	844	23.2
			1		20450	829	23.1
				24	20525	836.5	23.3
					20600	844	23.3



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
Danu	Wiodulation	Danuwiutii	ND SIZE	ND Offset	Citatillei	Frequency	POWEI
			25	0	23205	779.5	23.35
			23	Ü	23255	784.5	23.35
			12	6	23205	779.5	23.46
		5 MHz	12	Ü	23255	784.5	23.47
		3 101112	1	0	23205	779.5	23.45
	QPSK		1	O	23255	784.5	23.40
			1	24	23205	779.5	23.49
			1	24	23255	784.5	23.44
		10 MHz	50	0	23230	782.0	23.26
			25	13	23230	782.0	23.51
		10 MILI	1	0	23230	782.0	23.48
13			1	49	23230	782.0	23.48
13			25	0	23205	779.5	22.33
			23	U	23255	784.5	22.32
			12	6	23205	779.5	22.58
		5 MHz	12	0	23255	784.5	22.66
		2 IVITZ	1	0	23205	779.5	23.48
	16QAM		1	U	23255	784.5	23.55
	TOUAIVI		1	24	23205	779.5	23.64
			1	<u> </u>	23255	784.5	23.57
			50	0	23230	782.0	22.20
		10 MHz	25	13	23230	782.0	22.48
		TO IVIUS	1	0	23230	782.0	23.38
			1	49	23230	782.0	23.30



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	DR Offcot	Channol	Frequency	Power
Dallu	iviouulation	Danuwiutii	ND SIZE	KB Oliset	Chainlei	riequeiicy	Power
		T	T	T			
					23755	706.5	23.1
			25	0	23790	710	23.2
					23825	713.5	23.0
					23755	706.5	23.0
			12	6	23790	710	23.2
		5 MHz			23825	713.5	23.1
		J IVITIZ			23755	706.5	23.9
			1	0	23790	710	23.9
					23825	713.5	24.0
					23755	706.5	24.0
	QPSK		1	24	23790	710	24.0
17					23825	713.5	23.8
1/			50	0	23780	709	22.9
					23790	710	22.9
					23800	711	23.1
					23780	709	23.0
			25	12	23790	710	23.0
		10 MALI-			23800	711	23.0
		10 MHz			23780	709	23.9
			1	0	23790	710	23.9
					23800	711	24.0
					23780	709	24.0
			1	24	23790	710	23.8
					23800	711	24.0



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
			•	•	•	•	•
					26047	1850.7	23.2
			6	0	26365	1882.5	23.1
					26683	1914.3	23.0
			3	1	26047	1850.7	24.0
					26365	1882.5	24.0
					26683	1914.3	23.8
		1.4 MHz			26047	1850.7	24.0
			1	0	26365	1882.5	24.0
					26683	1914.3	23.9
					26047	1850.7	24.0
			1	5	26365	1882.5	24.0
					26683	1914.3	23.8
					26055	1851.5	23.1
			15	0	26365	1882.5	23.1
					26675	1913.5	22.9
					26055	1851.5	23.4
			8	3	26365	1882.5	23.3
25	QPSK	3 MHz			26675	1913.5	23.2
23	QPSK	3 IVITZ	1		26055	1851.5	24.0
				0	26365	1882.5	24.0
					26675	1913.5	23.9
			1	14	26055	1851.5	24.0
					26365	1882.5	24.0
					26675	1913.5	23.9
					26065	1852.5	23.1
			25	0	26365	1882.5	23.0
					26665	1912.5	22.9
					26065	1852.5	23.2
			12	6	26365	1882.5	23.0
		E MILIZ			26665	1907.5	23.1
		5 MHz			26065	1852.5	24.0
			1	0	26365	1882.5	24.0
					26665	1907.5	24.0
					26065	1852.5	24.0
			1	24	26365	1882.5	24.0
					26665	1907.5	23.8



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
					26090	1855	23.2
			50	0	26365	1882.5	23.0
					26640	1910	23.0
					26090	1855	23.2
			25	12	26365	1882.5	23.0
		10 MHz			26640	1910	23.1
		10 MHz			26090	1855	24.0
			1	0	26365	1882.5	24.0
					26640	1910	24.0
					26090	1855	24.0
			1	24	26365	1882.5	24.0
					26640	1910	23.9
					26115	1857.5	23.2
			75	0	26365	1882.5	23.0
					26615	1907.5	23.1
		15 MHz			26115	1857.5	23.2
			36	19	26365	1882.5	23.0
25	QPSK				26615	1907.5	23.0
25					26115	1857.5	24.0
			1	0	26365	1882.5	24.0
				74	26615	1907.5	24.0
					26115	1857.5	24.0
			1		26365	1882.5	24.0
					26615	1907.5	23.8
					26140	1860	23.0
			100	0	26365	1882.5	23.0
					26590	1905	23.2
					26140	1860	22.9
			50	25	26365	1882.5	23.0
		20 MHz			26590	1905	23.1
		ZU IVITIZ			26140	1860	24.0
			1	0	26365	1882.5	24.0
					26590	1905	24.0
					26140	1860	24.0
			1	99	26365	1882.5	24.0
					26590	1905	23.9



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
					26047	1850.7	22.1
			6	0	26365	1882.5	21.9
					26683	1914.3	22.0
					26047	1850.7	23.0
			3	1	26365	1882.5	22.9
					26683	1914.3	23.0
		1.4 MHz			26047	1850.7	23.2
			1	0	26365	1882.5	23.3
					26683	1914.3	23.1
					26047	1850.7	23.0
			1	5	26365	1882.5	22.9
					26683	1914.3	23.0
		3 MHz			26055	1851.5	22.2
			15	0	26365	1882.5	22.0
					26675	1913.5	22.2
					26055	1851.5	22.2
			8	3	26365	1882.5	21.9
25	16QAM				26675	1913.5	22.1
25					26055	1851.5	23.2
			1	0	26365	1882.5	23.3
					26675	1913.5	23.1
				14	26055	1851.5	23.0
			1		26365	1882.5	23.2
					26675	1913.5	23.1
					26065	1852.5	22.3
			25	0	26365	1882.5	22.2
					26665	1912.5	22.2
					26065	1852.5	22.0
			12	6	26365	1882.5	22.0
		5 MHz			26665	1907.5	22.2
		J IVITZ			26065	1852.5	23.1
			1	0	26365	1882.5	23.0
					26665	1907.5	23.0
					26065	1852.5	22.9
			1	24	26365	1882.5	23.1
					26665	1907.5	23.0



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
					26090	1855	22.2
			50	0	26365	1882.5	22.3
					26640	1910	22.1
					26090	1855	22.3
		10 8411-	25	12	26365	1882.5	22.2
					26640	1910	22.1
		10 MHz			26090	1855	23.1
			1	0	26365	1882.5	23.3
					26640	1910	23.2
					26090	1855	23.2
			1	24	26365	1882.5	23.0
					26640	1910	23.0
					26115	1857.5	22.0
			75	0	26365	1882.5	22.1
					26615	1907.5	21.9
					26115	1857.5	22.1
			36	19	26365	1882.5	22.1
25	16QAM	15 MHz			26615	1907.5	21.9
25					26115	1857.5	23.2
			1	0	26365	1882.5	23.3
					26615	1907.5	23.3
				74	26115	1857.5	23.1
			1		26365	1882.5	23.2
					26615	1907.5	23.0
					26140	1860	22.1
			100	0	26365	1882.5	22.0
					26590	1905	21.9
					26140	1860	22.1
			50	25	26365	1882.5	22.2
		20 MHz			26590	1905	22.1
		ΖΟ ΙΝΙΠΖ			26140	1860	23.3
			1	0	26365	1882.5	23.3
					26590	1905	23.2
					26140	1860	23.1
			1	99	26365	1882.5	23.2
					26590	1905	23.0



SAR Data Summary –LTE Band 17

MEA	MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
Gap	Plot	Position/ Antenna		luency	BW/ Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	MPR Target	End Power	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Reported SAR (W/kg)
		7 ii koimia	MHz	Ch.		OILO	0001	raigot	(dBm)	Orat (Wing)	Orat (III/kg)
		End/T1	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.102	0.10
		End/T1	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.0987	0.10
		End/T2	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.106	0.11
		End/T2	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.0893	0.09
		End/T3	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.103	0.10
		End/T3	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.0863	0.09
		End/T4	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.102	0.10
		End/T4	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.0915	0.09
		End/B1	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.108	0.11
		End/B1	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.0856	0.09
		End/B2	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.107	0.11
		End/B2	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.0936	0.09
		End/B3	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.105	0.11
		End/B3	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.0865	0.09
		End/B4	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.104	0.10
		End/B4	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.0769	0.08
		Short/T1	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.113	0.11
		Short/T1	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.0924	0.09
		Short/T2	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.111	0.11
		Short/T2	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.0987	0.10
		Short/T3	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.116	0.12
		Short/T3	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.0859	0.09
		Short/T4	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.109	0.11
10		Short/T4	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.0778	0.08
mm		Short/B1	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.112	0.11
		Short/B1	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.0839	0.08
		Short/B2	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.114	0.11
		Short/B2	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.0942	0.09
		Short/B3	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.118	0.12
		Short/B3	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.0856	0.09
		Short/B4	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.116	0.12
		Short/B4	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.0921	0.09
	1	Long/T1	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.152	0.15
		Long/T1	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.120	0.12
		Long/T2	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.143	0.14
		Long/T2	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.116	0.12
		Long/T3	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.146	0.15
		Long/T3	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.118	0.12
		Long/T4	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	1 05	24	0	24.0	0.145	0.15
		Long/T4	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.121	0.12
		Long/B1	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.139	0.14
		Long/B1	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	'	23.0	0.113	0.11
		Long/B2	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	1 25	24	0	24.0	0.147	0.15
		Long/B2	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK		12		23.0	0.119	0.12
		Long/B3	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.138	0.14
		Long/B3	710 710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK 10 MHz/QPSK	25 1	12 24	0	23.0 24.0	0.108	0.11 0.15
		Long/B4	710	23790		25	12	1		0.148	
		Long/B4	710	23790	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.120	0.12

1.	SAR Measurement			
	Phantom Configuration	☐Left Head	⊠Eli4	☐Right Head
	SAR Configuration	□Head	⊠Body	_
2.	Test Signal Call Mode	☐Test Code		
3	Test Configuration	□With Relt Clir	DWithout Relt Clip. ⊠N/Δ	

Jay M. Moulton Vice President

2.

Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram



SAR Data Summary –LTE Band 13

Prot	MEA	SUR	EMENT RE	SULTS	3							
### Ch. MHz/QPSK 1 24 0 24 0 32 0 0.13	Gap	Plot				BW/ Modulation				End Power		
Find Find			7	MHz			0.20	0001	901	(dBm)	or are (117.11g)	07 iii (1171ig)
									0			
			End/T1		23230		25		1	23.0	0.104	0.10
			End/T2	_	23230							0.13
Second Second			End/T2	782	23230	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.104	0.10
Fig. Fig.			End/T3		23230				0			0.13
EndB1 782 23230			End/T3	782	23230	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.103	0.10
Find Find			End/T4	782	23230	10 MHz/QPSK		24	0	24.0	0.132	0.13
			End/T4	782	23230	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.104	0.10
Find Find			End/B1	782	23230	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.132	0.13
Find R2			End/B1	782	23230	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.103	0.10
			End/B2	782	23230	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.131	0.13
Find Find			End/B2	782	23230	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.104	0.10
			End/B3	782	23230	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.132	0.13
			End/B3	782	23230	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.104	0.10
Short/T1 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 1 24 0 24.0 0.280 0.28			End/B4	782	23230	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.132	0.13
Short/T1			End/B4	782	23230	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.104	0.10
Short/T2 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 1 24 0 24.0 0.280 0.28			Short/T1	782	23230	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.280	0.28
Short/T2 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 1 24 0 24.0 0.280 0.28			Short/T1	782		10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.232	0.23
Short/T2			Short/T2	782	23230	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0		0.28
Short/T3							25	12				
Short/T3 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.231 0.23							_		0			
							25					
Short/F4				782			1	24	0			0.28
Short/B1	10						25	12				
Short/B1 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.229 0.23 Short/B2 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 1 24 0 24.0 0.280 0.28 Short/B3 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.231 0.23 Short/B3 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 1 24 0 24.0 0.279 0.28 Short/B3 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.229 0.23 Short/B4 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.229 0.23 Short/B4 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 1 24 0 24.0 0.281 0.28 Short/B4 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 1 24 0 24.0 0.281 0.28 Short/B4 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 1 24 0 24.0 0.281 0.28 Short/B4 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 1 24 0 24.0 0.249 0.25 Long/T1 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 1 24 0 24.0 0.249 0.25 Long/T1 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.197 0.20 Long/T2 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 1 24 0 24.0 0.245 0.25 Long/T2 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 1 24 0 24.0 0.245 0.25 Long/T3 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 1 24 0 24.0 0.245 0.25 Long/T3 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 1 24 0 24.0 0.245 0.25 Long/T3 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 1 24 0 24.0 0.246 0.248 0.25 Long/T3 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 1 24 0 24.0 0.246 0.25 Long/T4 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 1 24 0 24.0 0.246 0.25 Long/T4 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 1 24 0 24.0 0.246 0.25 Long/T4 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.196 0.20 Long/T4 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 1 24 0 24.0 0.247 0.25 Long/T4 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 1 24 0 24.0 0.247 0.25 Long/B1 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.193 0.19 Long/B1 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.194 0.19 Long/B2 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.194 0.19 Long/B2 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.194 0.19 Long/B3 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.194 0.19 Long/B3 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.193 0.194 Long/B4 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.193 0.194									0			
Short/B2 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 1 24 0 24.0 0.280 0.28 Short/B2 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.231 0.23 Short/B3 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 1 24 0 24.0 0.279 0.28 Short/B3 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 1 24 0 0 24.0 0.279 0.28 Short/B4 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.299 0.23 Short/B4 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.299 0.23 Short/B4 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.232 0.23 2 Long/T1 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.232 0.23 2 Long/T1 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.249 0.25 Long/T2 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.197 0.20 Long/T2 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.197 0.20 Long/T2 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.198 0.20 Long/T3 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.198 0.20 Long/T3 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.198 0.20 Long/T3 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.196 0.20 Long/T4 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.196 0.20 Long/T4 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.196 0.20 Long/T4 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.196 0.20 Long/T4 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.196 0.20 Long/B1 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.191 0.19 Long/B1 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.191 0.19 Long/B1 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.193 0.191 Long/B1 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.193 0.19 Long/B2 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.193 0.19 Long/B2 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.193 0.19 Long/B2 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.193 0.19 Long/B3 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.193 0.19 Long/B3 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.193 0.19 Long/B3 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.193 0.19 Long/B4 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.193 0.19 Long/B4 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.193 0.19							25					
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Short/B3 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 1 24 0 24.0 0.279 0.28 Short/B3 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.229 0.23 Short/B4 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.281 0.28 Short/B4 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.232 0.23 2 Long/T1 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 1 24 0 24.0 0.240 0.249 0.25 Long/T1 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.197 0.20 Long/T2 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 1 24 0 24.0 0.245 0.25 Long/T2 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 1 24 0 24.0 0.245 0.25 Long/T2 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 1 24 0 24.0 0.248 0.25 Long/T3 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 1 24 0 24.0 0.248 0.25 Long/T3 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 1 24 0 24.0 0.248 0.25 Long/T3 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 1 24 0 24.0 0.246 0.25 Long/T4 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.196 0.20 Long/T4 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 1 24 0 24.0 0.246 0.25 Long/T4 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 1 24 0 24.0 0.246 0.25 Long/T4 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 1 24 0 24.0 0.246 0.25 Long/B1 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 1 24 0 24.0 0.247 0.25 Long/B1 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 1 24 0 24.0 0.247 0.25 Long/B2 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.193 0.19 Long/B2 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.193 0.19 Long/B3 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.193 0.19 Long/B3 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.193 0.19 Long/B3 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.193 0.19 Long/B3 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.193 0.19 Long/B3 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.193 0.19 Long/B3 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.193 0.19 Long/B3 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.193 0.19 Long/B4 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 25 12 1 23.0 0.193 0.19				782			25	12	1			
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Long/B4 782 23230 10 MHz/QPSK 1 24 0 24.0 0.242 0.24												
				_					0			
			Long/B4									

		1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram
ad	⊠Eli4	Right

1.	SAR Measurement
	Phantom Configuration
	SAR Configuration
2.	Test Signal Call Mode

☐Left Head ☐Head ☐Test Code ⊠Eli4 □Right Head ⊠Body

Body

3. Test Configuration

☐Test Code ☐With Belt Clip ☐ Base Station Simulator
☐ Without Belt Clip ☐ N/A

4. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm



SAR Data Summary – 835 MHz Body – CDMA BC0

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Gap	Plot	Freque		Modulation	Position/ Antenna	End Power	Reverse Channel	Forward Channel	Measured SAR	Reported SAR
		MHz	Ch.			(dBm)			(W/kg)	(W/kg)
		836.52	384		End/T1	24.49	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.174	0.17
		836.52	384		End/T2	24.49	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.175	0.18
		836.52	384		End/T3	24.49	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.174	0.17
		836.52	384		End/T4	24.49	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.174	0.17
		836.52	384		End/B1	24.49	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.175	0.18
		836.52	384		End/B2	24.49	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.174	0.17
		836.52	384		End/B3	24.49	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.175	0.18
		836.52	384		End/B4	24.49	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.175	0.18
		836.52	384		Short/T1	24.49	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.411	0.41
		836.52	384		Short/T2	24.49	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.412	0.41
		836.52	384		Short/T3	24.49	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.410	0.41
10		836.52	384	CDMA	Short/T4	24.49	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.409	0.41
mm		836.52	384	CDIVIA	Short/B1	24.49	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.410	0.41
		836.52	384		Short/B2	24.49	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.409	0.41
		836.52	384		Short/B3	24.49	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.409	0.41
		836.52	384		Short/B4	24.49	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.410	0.41
	3	836.52	384		Long/T1	24.49	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.430	0.43
		836.52	384		Long/T2	24.49	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.427	0.43
		836.52	384		Long/T3	24.49	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.427	0.43
		836.52	384		Long/T4	24.49	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.428	0.43
		836.52	384		Long/B1	24.49	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.426	0.43
		836.52	384		Long/B2	24.49	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.425	0.43
		836.52	384		Long/B3	24.49	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.425	0.43
		836.52	384		Long/B4	24.49	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.425	0.43

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

1.	SAR Measurement			
	Phantom Configuration	Left Head	⊠Eli4	Right Head
	SAR Configuration	Head	\boxtimes Body	
2.	Test Signal Call Mode	Test Code	⊠ Base Station Sim	ulator
3.	Test Configuration		☐Without Belt Clip	N/A
4.	Tissue Depth is at least 15.0	cm		



SAR Data Summary – 850 MHz Body – UMTS Band 5

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Gap	Plot	Frequency		Modulation	Position/	End Power	RMC	Test Set Up	Measured SAR	Reported SAR
Сар	1 100	MHz	Ch.	Wooddiation	Antenna	(dBm)	KWIC	rest set op	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
		836.6	4183		End/T1	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.137	0.14
		836.6	4183		End/T2	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.139	0.14
		836.6	4183		End/T3	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.140	0.14
		836.6	4183		End/T4	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.139	0.14
		836.6	4183		End/B1	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.139	0.14
		836.6	4183		End/B2	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.139	0.14
		836.6	4183		End/B3	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.139	0.14
		836.6	4183		End/B4	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.139	0.14
		836.6	4183		Short/T1	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.347	0.35
		836.6	4183		Short/T2	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.348	0.36
		836.6	4183		Short/T3	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.348	0.36
10		836.6	4183	WCDMA	Short/T4	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.348	0.36
mm		836.6	4183	VVCDIVIA	Short/B1	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.347	0.35
		836.6	4183		Short/B2	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.346	0.35
		836.6	4183		Short/B3	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.346	0.35
		836.6	4183		Short/B4	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.346	0.35
		836.6	4183		Long/T1	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.403	0.41
		836.6	4183		Long/T2	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.404	0.41
		836.6	4183		Long/T3	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.406	0.42
	4	836.6	4183		Long/T4	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.415	0.42
		836.6	4183		Long/B1	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.412	0.42
		836.6	4183		Long/B2	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.409	0.42
		836.6	4183		Long/B3	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.411	0.42
		836.6	4183		Long/B4	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.411	0.42

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

1.	SAR Measurement			
	Phantom Configuration	Left Head	⊠Eli4 □I	Right Head
	SAR Configuration	Head	\boxtimes Body	
2.	Test Signal Call Mode	Test Code	⊠ Base Station Simulator	
3.	Test Configuration	☐With Belt Clip	☐Without Belt Clip ☑	N/A

4. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm



SAR Data Summary –LTE Band 5

MEASUREMENT RESULTS											
Gap	Plot	Position/ Antenna		uency	BW/ Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	MPR Target	End Power	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Reported SAR (W/kg)
		7	MHz	Ch.		0.20	0001	901	(dBm)	o, at (11,11g)	07 iii (1171ig)
		End/T1	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.111	0.11
		End/T1	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.0841	0.08
		End/T2	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.111	0.11
		End/T2	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.0842	0.08
		End/T3	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.111	0.11
		End/T3	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.0851	0.09
		End/T4	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.111	0.11
		End/T4	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.0849	0.08
		End/B1	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.110	0.11
		End/B1	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.0849	0.08
		End/B2	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.111	0.11
		End/B2	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.0884	0.09
		End/B3	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.110	0.11
		End/B3	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.085	0.09
		End/B4	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.110	0.11
		End/B4	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.0849	0.08
		Short/T1	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.330	0.33
		Short/T1	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.253	0.25
		Short/T2	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.330	0.33
		Short/T2	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.253	0.25
		Short/T3	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.330	0.33
		Short/T3	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.253	0.25
		Short/T4	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.330	0.33
10		Short/T4	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.253	0.25
mm		Short/B1	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.329	0.33
		Short/B1	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.252	0.25
		Short/B2	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.328	0.33
		Short/B2	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.253	0.25
		Short/B3	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.328	0.33
		Short/B3	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.252	0.25
		Short/B4	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.328	0.33
		Short/B4	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.251	0.25
		Long/T1	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.316	0.32
		Long/T1	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.257	0.26
		Long/T2	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.317	0.32
		Long/T2	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.256	0.26
		Long/T3	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.315	0.32
		Long/T3	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.257	0.25
		Long/T4	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.328	0.33
		Long/T4	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.256	0.26
		Long/B1	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.319	0.32
		Long/B1	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.255	0.26
		Long/B2	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.320	0.32
		Long/B2	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.256	0.26
		Long/B3	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.320	0.32
		Long/B3	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.256	0.26
	5	Long/B4	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.0	0.330	0.33
		Long/B4	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.0	0.256	0.26

1.	SAR Measurement			,
	Phantom Configuration	☐Left Head	⊠Eli4	☐Right Head
	SAR Configuration	□Head	⊠Body	_
2.	Test Signal Call Mode	☐Test Code		
3	Test Configuration	□With Belt Clir	DWithout Belt Clip ⊠N/A	

Jay M. Moulton Vice President

Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram



SAR Data Summary –LTE Band 4

MEASUREMENT RESULTS											
Gap	Plot	Position/ Antenna		uency	BW/ Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	MPR Target	End Power	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Reported SAR (W/kg)
		7	MHz	Ch.		0.20	0001		(dBm)	07 iii (1171ig)	07 (117.1.g)
		End/T1	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.194	0.19
		End/T1	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.144	0.14
		End/T2	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.192	0.19
		End/T2	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.140	0.14
		End/T3	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.189	0.19
		End/T3	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.142	0.14
		End/T4	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.193	0.19
		End/T4	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.144	0.14
		End/B1	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.187	0.19
		End/B1	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.139	0.14
		End/B2	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.188	0.19
		End/B2	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.142	0.14
		End/B3	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.192	0.19
		End/B3	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.144	0.14
		End/B4	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.191	0.19
		End/B4	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.140	0.14
		Short/T1	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.221	0.22
		Short/T1	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.164	0.16
		Short/T2	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.219	0.22
		Short/T2	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.165	0.17
		Short/T3	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.220	0.22
		Short/T3	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.163	0.16
		Short/T4	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.217	0.22
10		Short/T4	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.168	0.17
mm		Short/B1	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.211	0.21
		Short/B1	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.159	0.16
		Short/B2	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.215	0.22
		Short/B2	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.162	0.16
		Short/B3	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.220	0.22
		Short/B3	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.165	0.17
		Short/B4	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.217	0.22
		Short/B4	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.166	0.17
	6	Long/T1	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.485	0.49
		Long/T1	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.357	0.36
		Long/T2	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.479	0.48
		Long/T2	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.352	0.35
		Long/T3	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.481	0.48
		Long/T3	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.355	0.36
		Long/T4	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.483	0.48
		Long/T4	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.352	0.35
		Long/B1	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.478	0.48
		Long/B1	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.350	0.35
		Long/B2	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.480	0.48
		Long/B2	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.352	0.35
		Long/B3	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.476	0.48
		Long/B3	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.349	0.35
		Long/B4	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.482	0.48
		Long/B4	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.350	0.35

				Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram
l.	SAR Measurement Phantom Configuration SAR Configuration	☐Left Head	⊠Eli4 ⊠Body	☐Right Head
2. 3. 4.	Test Signal Call Mode Test Configuration Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm	Test Code With Belt Clip	■ Base Station Sin ■ Without Belt Cli	



SAR Data Summary – 1750 MHz Body – UMTS Band 4

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Gap	Plot	Frequency		Modulation	Position/ Antenna	End Power	RMC	Test Set Up	Measured SAR	Reported SAR
		MHz	Ch.		Antoma	(dBm)			(W/kg)	(W/kg)
		1732.6	1413		End/T1	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.141	0.14
		1732.6	1413		End/T2	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.134	0.14
		1732.6	1413		End/T3	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.145	0.14
		1732.6	1413		End/T4	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.148	0.14
		1732.6	1413		End/B1	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.146	0.14
		1732.6	1413		End/B2	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.144	0.14
		1732.6	1413		End/B3	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.142	0.14
		1732.6	1413		End/B4	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.148	0.14
		1732.6	1413		Short/T1	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.352	0.35
		1732.6	1413	WCDMA	Short/T2	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.356	0.36
		1732.6	1413		Short/T3	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.355	0.36
10		1732.6	1413		Short/T4	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.359	0.36
mm		1732.6	1413	WCDIVIA	Short/B1	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.352	0.35
		1732.6	1413		Short/B2	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.356	0.35
		1732.6	1413		Short/B3	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.352	0.35
		1732.6	1413		Short/B4	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.358	0.35
		1732.6	1413		Long/T1	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.405	0.41
		1732.6	1413		Long/T2	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.409	0.41
		1732.6	1413		Long/T3	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.411	0.42
	7	1732.6	1413		Long/T4	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.418	0.42
		1732.6	1413		Long/B1	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.416	0.42
		1732.6	1413		Long/B2	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.410	0.42
		1732.6	1413		Long/B3	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.415	0.42
		1732.6	1413		Long/B4	23.91	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.414	0.42

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

1.	SAR Measurement			
	Phantom Configuration	Left Head	⊠Eli4	ad
	SAR Configuration	Head	⊠Body	
2.	Test Signal Call Mode	Test Code	⊠ Base Station Simulator	
3.	Test Configuration	With Belt Clip	Without Belt Clip ⊠N/A	
		=	_	

4. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm



SAR Data Summary – 1900 MHz Body – CDMA BC1

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

	1			1	I				I	
Gap	Plot	Freque	ency	Modulation	Position/	End Power	Reverse	Forward	Measured SAR	Reported SAR
Cap	1 100	MHz	Ch.		Antenna	(dBm)	Channel	Channel	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
		1880.0	600		End/T1	24.41	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.125	0.14
		1880.0	600		End/T2	24.41	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.188	0.22
		1880.0	600		End/T3	24.41	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.178	0.20
		1880.0	600		End/T4	24.41	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.109	0.13
		1880.0	600		End/B1	24.41	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.128	0.15
		1880.0	600		End/B2	24.41	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.263	0.30
		1880.0	600		End/B3	24.41	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.192	0.22
		1880.0	600		End/B4	24.41	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.158	0.18
		1880.0	600		Short/T1	24.41	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.262	0.30
		1880.0	600		Short/T2	24.41	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.145	0.17
		1880.0	600		Short/T3	24.41	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.117	0.13
10		1880.0	600	ODMA	Short/T4	24.41	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.100	0.12
mm		1880.0	600	CDMA	Short/B1	24.41	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.161	0.18
		1880.0	600		Short/B2	24.41	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.164	0.19
		1880.0	600		Short/B3	24.41	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.249	0.29
		1880.0	600		Short/B4	24.41	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.149	0.17
		1880.0	600		Long/T1	24.41	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.479	0.55
		1880.0	600		Long/T2	24.41	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.477	0.55
		1880.0	600		Long/T3	24.41	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.423	0.49
		1880.0	600		Long/T4	24.41	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.406	0.47
		1880.0	600		Long/B1	24.41	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.410	0.47
		1880.0	600		Long/B2	24.41	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.395	0.45
	8	1880.0	600		Long/B3	24.41	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.530	0.61
		1880.0	600		Long/B4	24.41	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.381	0.44
					·					

Body							
1.6	W/kg	(mW/g)					
averaged over 1 gram							

1.	SAR Measurement		
	Phantom Configuration	Left Head	⊠Eli4
	SAR Configuration	Head	\boxtimes Body
2.	Test Signal Call Mode	Test Code	⊠ Base Station Simulator
3.	Test Configuration	☐With Belt Clip	☐Without Belt Clip ☐N/A

4. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm



SAR Data Summary – 1900 MHz Body – UMTS Band 2

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

	Plot	Frequency		Modulation	Position/ Antenna	End		Test Set Up	Measured	Reported
Gap						Power	RMC		SAR	SAR
		MHz	Ch.		7 tirtorina	(dBm)			(W/kg)	(W/kg)
		1880.0	9400	ļ	End/T1	23.86	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.258	0.27
		1880.0	9400		End/T2	23.86	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.210	0.22
		1880.0	9400		End/T3	23.86	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.221	0.23
		1880.0	9400	WCDMA	End/T4	23.86	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.221	0.23
		1880.0	9400		End/B1	23.86	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.220	0.23
		1880.0	9400		End/B2	23.86	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.221	0.23
		1880.0	9400		End/B3	23.86	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.222	0.23
		1880.0	9400		End/B4	23.86	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.222	0.23
		1880.0	9400		Short/T1	23.86	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.356	0.37
		1880.0	9400		Short/T2	23.86	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.236	0.24
		1880.0	9400		Short/T3	23.86	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.203	0.21
10		1880.0	9400		Short/T4	23.86	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.205	0.21
mm		1880.0	9400		Short/B1	23.86	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.205	0.21
		1880.0	9400		Short/B2	23.81	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.206	0.21
		1880.0	9400		Short/B3	23.86	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.205	0.21
		1880.0	9400		Short/B4	23.86	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.207	0.21
		1880.0	9400		Long/T1	23.86	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.380	0.39
		1880.0	9400		Long/T2	23.86	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.294	0.30
		1880.0	9400		Long/T3	23.86	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.413	0.43
		1880.0	9400		Long/T4	23.86	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.416	0.43
	9	1880.0	9400		Long/B1	23.86	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.418	0.43
		1880.0	9400		Long/B2	23.86	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.409	0.42
		1880.0	9400		Long/B3	23.86	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.401	0.41
		1880.0	9400		Long/B4	23.86	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.404	0.42

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

1.	SAR Measurement			
	Phantom Configuration	Left Head	⊠Eli4	Right Head
	SAR Configuration	Head	\boxtimes Body	
2.	Test Signal Call Mode	Test Code	⊠Base Station Simulat	or
3.	Test Configuration	☐With Belt Clip	☐Without Belt Clip ☐	N/A

4. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm



SAR Data Summary –LTE Band 25

MEASUREMENT RESULTS											
Gap	Plot	Position/ Antenna		uency	BW/ Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	MPR Target	End Power	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Reported SAR (W/kg)
		7	MHz	Ch.		0.20	0001		(dBm)	07.11 (117.1g)	Orac (mag)
		End/T1	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.182	0.18
		End/T1	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.135	0.14
		End/T2	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.178	0.18
		End/T2	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.135	0.14
		End/T3	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.176	0.18
		End/T3	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.135	0.14
		End/T4	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.177	0.18
		End/T4	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.134	0.13
		End/B1	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.177	0.18
		End/B1	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.136	0.14
		End/B2	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.177	0.18
		End/B2	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.135	0.14
		End/B3	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.179	0.18
		End/B3	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.139	0.14
		End/B4	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.181	0.18
		End/B4	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.138	0.14
		Short/T1	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.170	0.17
		Short/T1	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.139	0.14
		Short/T2	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.168	0.17
		Short/T2	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.139	0.14
		Short/T3	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.167	0.17
		Short/T3	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.136	0.14
		Short/T4	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.168	0.17
10		Short/T4	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.140	0.14
mm		Short/B1	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.168	0.17
		Short/B1	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.141	0.14
		Short/B2	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.169	0.17
		Short/B2	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.140	0.14
		Short/B3	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.168	0.17
		Short/B3	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.139	0.14
		Short/B4	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.169	0.17
		Short/B4	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.139	0.14
		Long/T1	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.330	0.33
		Long/T1	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.332	0.33
		Long/T2	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.326	0.33
		Long/T2	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.332	0.33
		Long/T3	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.325	0.33
		Long/T3	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.330	0.33
		Long/T4	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.318	0.32
		Long/T4	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.323	0.32
		Long/B1	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.326	0.33
		Long/B1	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.329	0.33
		Long/B2	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.324	0.32
		Long/B2	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.329	0.33
		Long/B3	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.323	0.32
_		Long/B3	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.328	0.33
	10	Long/B4	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.0	0.347	0.35
		Long/B4	1882.5	26365	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	23.0	0.293	0.29

				Body 6 W/kg (mW/g) aged over 1 gram
1.	SAR Measurement			
	Phantom Configuration	☐Left Head	⊠Eli4	☐Right Head
	SAR Configuration	□Head	⊠Body	•
2	Test Signal Call Mode	☐Test Code	⊠Rase Station Simulate	nr.

☐Without Belt Clip ☑N/A

Test Configuration Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm

Jay M. Moulton Vice President

☐With Belt Clip



SAR Data Summary – Simultaneous Evaluation

The cellular antennas can transmit simultaneously with each other. The highest SAR value measured for each side was used to determine the separation ratio for each side. The closest distance for the end is 35 mm, for the short side is 35 mm and for the long side is 60 mm. Using the highest reported SAR to calculate the simultaneous Tx using peak separation ratio, the highest ratio would be 0.02 which meets the requirements of KDB 447498 section 4.3.2 3) on page 13. The calculation is shown below.

Simultaneous Separation Ratio Calculation

 $(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5}/R_i \le 0.04$ rounded to two digits

 $(0.27 + 0.27)^{1.5}/35 = 0.01$, for the End $(0.41 + 0.41)^{1.5}/35 = 0.02$, for the Short Side $(0.61 + 0.61)^{1.5}/60 = 0.02$, for the Long Side $(0.41 + 0.80)^{1.5}/64 = 0.02$, for the Short Side Cellular to WiFi



12. Test Equipment List

Table 12.1 Equipment Specifications

Туре	Calibration Due Date	Calibration Done Date	Serial Number
Staubli Robot TX60L	N/A	N/A	F07/55M6A1/A/01
Measurement Controller CS8c	N/A	N/A	1012
ELI4 Flat Phantom	N/A	N/A	1251
Device Holder	N/A	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronics 4	08/12/2015	08/12/2014	759
SPEAG E-Field Probe EX3DV4	01/23/2016	01/23/2015	3833
Speag Validation Dipole D750V2	12/03/2015	12/03/2012	1016
Speag Validation Dipole D835V2	12/03/2015	12/03/2012	4d089
Speag Validation Dipole D1750V2	12/05/2015	12/05/2012	1018
Speag Validation Dipole D1900V2	12/06/2015	12/06/2012	5d116
Agilent N1911A Power Meter	03/24/2016	03/24/2015	GB45100254
Agilent N1922A Power Sensor	06/25/2015	06/25/2014	MY45240464
Advantest R3261A Spectrum Analyzer	03/26/2017	03/26/2015	31720068
Agilent (HP) 8350B Signal Generator	03/26/2017	03/26/2015	2749A10226
Agilent (HP) 83525A RF Plug-In	03/26/2017	03/26/2015	2647A01172
Agilent (HP) 8753C Vector Network Analyzer	03/26/2017	03/26/2015	3135A01724
Agilent (HP) 85047A S-Parameter Test Set	03/26/2017	03/26/2015	2904A00595
Agilent (HP) 8960 Base Station Sim.	03/31/2017	03/31/2015	MY48360364
Anritsu MT8820C	07/29/2015	07/29/2014	6201176199
Agilent 778D Dual Directional Coupler	N/A	N/A	MY48220184
MiniCircuits BW-N20W5+ Fixed 20 dB	N/A	N/A	N/A
Attenuator			
MiniCircuits SPL-10.7+ Low Pass Filter	N/A	N/A	R8979513746
Aprel Dielectric Probe Assembly	N/A	N/A	0011
Body Equivalent Matter (750 MHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Body Equivalent Matter (835/900 MHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Body Equivalent Matter (1750 MHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Body Equivalent Matter (1900 MHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A



13. Conclusion

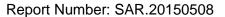
The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC/IC. These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body is a very complex phenomena that depends on the mass, shape, and size of the body; the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors; and, the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because innumerable factors may interact to determine the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide shall consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.



14. References

- [1] Federal Communications Commission, ET Docket 93-62, Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of Radio Frequency Radiation, August 1996
- [2] ANSI/IEEE C95.1 1992, American National Standard Safety Levels with respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 300kHz to 100GHz, New York: IEEE, 1992.
- [3] ANSI/IEEE C95.3 1992, IEEE Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields RF and Microwave, New York: IEEE, 1992.
- [4] International Electrotechnical Commission, IEC 62209-2 (Edition 1.0), Human Exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body mounted wireless communication devices Human models, instrumentation, and procedures Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz), March 2010.
- [5] IEEE Standard 1528 2013, IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak-Spatial Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication Devices: Measurement Techniques, June 2013.
- [6] Industry Canada, RSS 102 Issue 5, Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands), March 2015.
- [7] Health Canada, Safety Code 6, Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3kHz to 300 GHz, 2009.





Appendix A – System Validation Plots and Data

```
Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter
Fri 22/May/2015
Freq Frequency(GHz)
FCC_eH Limits for Head Epsilon
FCC_sH Limits for Head Sigma
FCC_eB Limits for Body Epsilon
FCC_sB Limits for Body Sigma
Test_e Epsilon of UIM
Test_s Sigma of UIM
*************
* value interpolated
Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter
Thu 25/May/2015
Freq Frequency(GHz)
FCC_eH Limits for Head Epsilon
FCC_sH Limits for Head Sigma
FCC_eB Limits for Body Epsilon
FCC_sB Limits for Body Sigma
Test_e Epsilon of UIM
Test_s Sigma of UIM
******************
Freq FCC_eB FCC_sB Test_e Test_s
0.8050 55.32 0.97 54.24 0.94
0.8150 55.28 0.97 54.28 0.95
0.8250 55.24 0.97 54.33 0.96
0.8350 55.20 0.97 54.37 0.98
0.83652 55.196 0.972 54.375 0.982*
0.8366 55.195 0.972 54.375 0.982*
0.8450 55.17 0.98 54.40 0.99
0.8550 55.14 0.99 54.44 1.02
0.8650 55.11 1.01 54.48 1.04
0.8650
             55.11 1.01 54.48 1.04
```

* value interpolated



```
*************
Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter
Sat 23/May/2015
Freq Frequency(GHz)
FCC_eH Limits for Head Epsilon
FCC_sH Limits for Head Sigma
FCC_eB Limits for Body Epsilon
FCC_sB Limits for Body Sigma
Test_e Epsilon of UIM
Test_s Sigma of UIM
*****************
                FCC_eB FCC_sB Test_e Test_s 53.59 1.45 52.89 1.51
Freq
1.6900
1.7000
                   53.56 1.46 52.85 1.52
1.7100
                   53.54 1.46 52.81 1.53

    1.7100
    53.54
    1.46
    52.81
    1.53

    1.7200
    53.51
    1.47
    52.78
    1.54

    1.7300
    53.48
    1.48
    52.74
    1.55

    1.7325
    53.475
    1.48
    52.73
    1.55*

    1.7400
    53.46
    1.48
    52.70
    1.55

    1.7500
    53.43
    1.49
    52.68
    1.56

    1.7600
    53.41
    1.49
    52.66
    1.56

    1.7700
    53.38
    1.50
    52.65
    1.57

    1.7800
    53.35
    1.51
    52.58
    1.59

* value interpolated
Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter
Mon 18/May/2015
Freq Frequency(GHz)
FCC_eH Limits for Head Epsilon
FCC_sH Limits for Head Sigma
FCC_eB Limits for Body Epsilon
FCC_sB Limits for Body Sigma
Test_e Epsilon of UIM
Test s Sigma of UIM
 ****************
Freq FCC_eB FCC_sB Test_e Test_s
1.8500 53.30 1.52 53.27 1.49
1.8600 53.30 1.52 53.25 1.50
                  53.30 1.52 53.23 1.51
53.30 1.52 53.21 1.52
53.30 1.52 53.205 1.523*
53.30 1.52 53.19 1.53
1.8700
1.8700
1.8800
1.8825
1.8900
1.9000
                   53.30 1.52 53.17 1.54

      1.9100
      53.30
      1.52
      53.15
      1.55

      1.9200
      53.30
      1.52
      53.14
      1.57

      1.9300
      53.30
      1.52
      53.12
      1.58
```

^{*} value interpolated



RF Exposure Lab

Plot 1

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz D750V3; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN:1016

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL750; Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; σ = 0.94 S/m; ϵ_r = 54.69; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 5/22/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3833; ConvF(8.75, 8.75, 8.75); Calibrated: 1/23/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn759; Calibrated: 8/12/2014 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1251

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Procedure Notes:

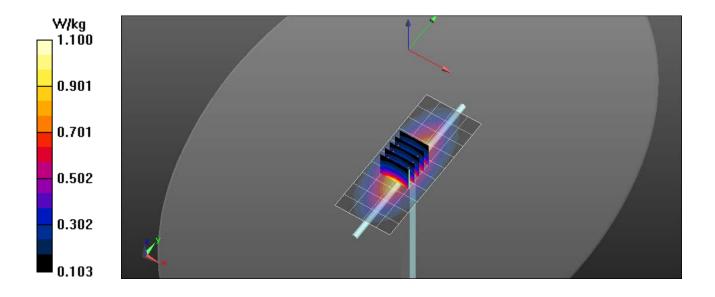
750 MHz/Verification/Area Scan (5x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.08 W/kg

750 MHz/Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

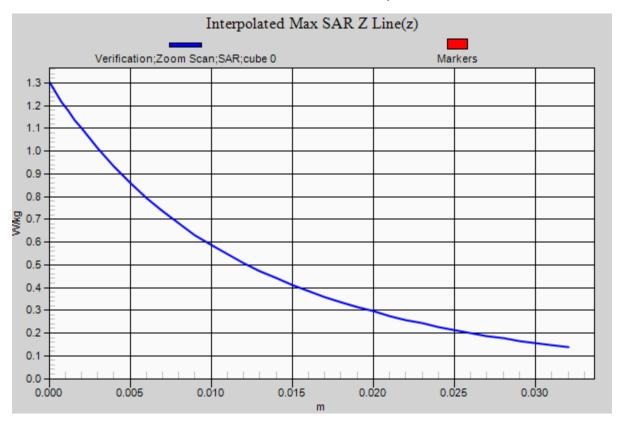
Reference Value = 31.227 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.30 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.865 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.569 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.10 W/kg









RF Exposure Lab

Plot 2

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz D835V2; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d089

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL835; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.98 S/m; ε_r = 54.37; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 5/21/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3833; ConvF(8.51, 8.51, 8.51); Calibrated: 1/23/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn759; Calibrated: 8/12/2014 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1251

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Procedure Notes:

835 MHz/Verification/Area Scan (5x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.18 W/kg

835 MHz/Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

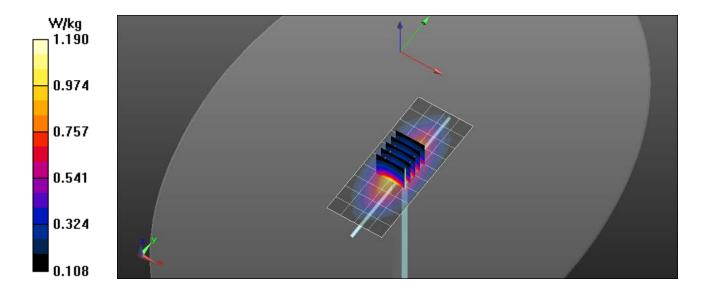
Reference Value = 31.227 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.47 W/kg

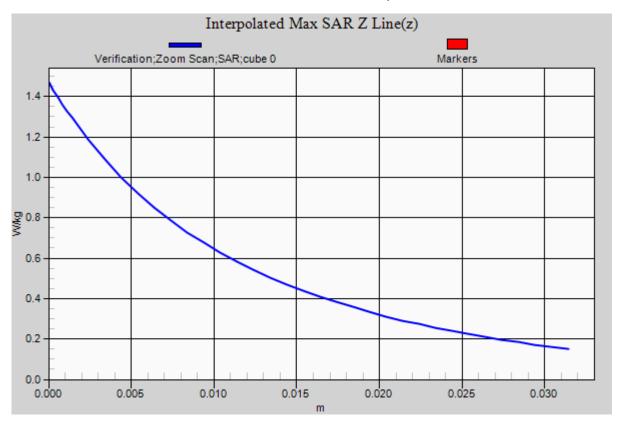
SAR(1 g) = 0.943 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.619 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.19 W/kg









RF Exposure Lab

Plot 3

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz D1750V2; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN:1018

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1750; Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; σ = 1.56 S/m; ε_r = 52.68; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 5/23/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3833; ConvF(7.18, 7.18, 7.18); Calibrated: 1/23/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn759; Calibrated: 8/12/2014 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1251

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Procedure Notes:

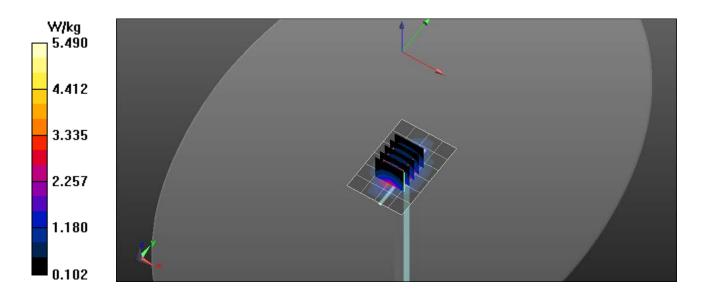
1750 MHz/Verification/Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.33 W/kg

1750 MHz/Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

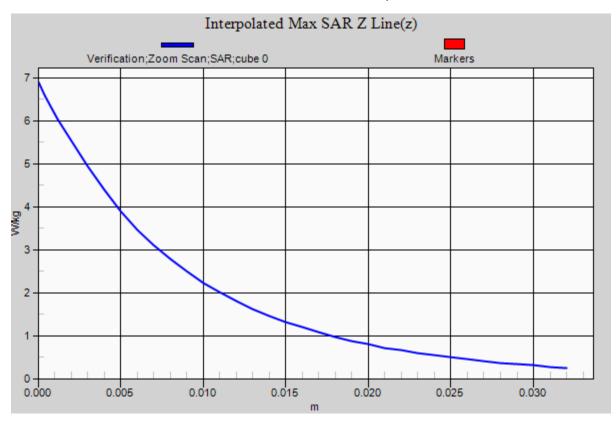
Reference Value = 31.227 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.89 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.85 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.03 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.49 W/kg









RF Exposure Lab

Plot 4

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz D1900V2; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d116

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.54 S/m; ϵ_r = 53.17; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 5/18/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3833; ConvF(7.04, 7.04, 7.04); Calibrated: 1/23/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn759; Calibrated: 8/12/2014 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1251

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Procedure Notes:

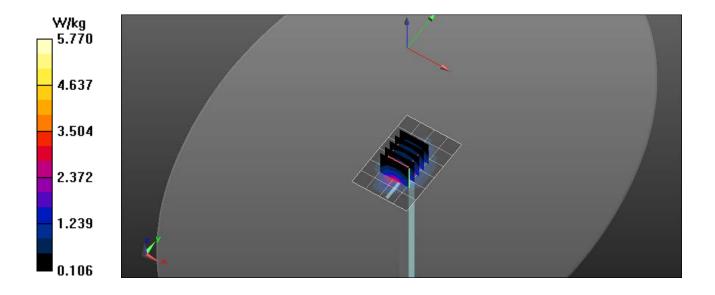
1900 MHz/Verification/Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.44 W/kg

1900 MHz/Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

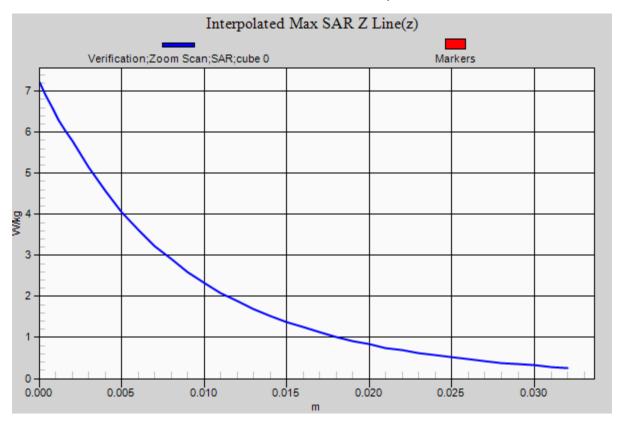
Reference Value = 31.227 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.22 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.02 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.1 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.77 W/kg









Appendix B – SAR Test Data Plots



RF Exposure Lab

Plot 1

DUT: LIVE+ EnGo; Type: Wireless TV Video Case; Serial: Eng 1

Communication System: LTE (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 710 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL750; Medium parameters used: f = 710 MHz; σ = 0.9 S/m; ϵ_r = 54.92; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 5/23/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3833; ConvF(8.98, 8.98, 8.98); Calibrated: 1/23/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn759; Calibrated: 8/12/2014 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1251

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

750 MHz B17 LTE Long Edge/Ant T1 Mid 1RB 24 Offset/Area Scan (9x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm,

dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.177 W/kg

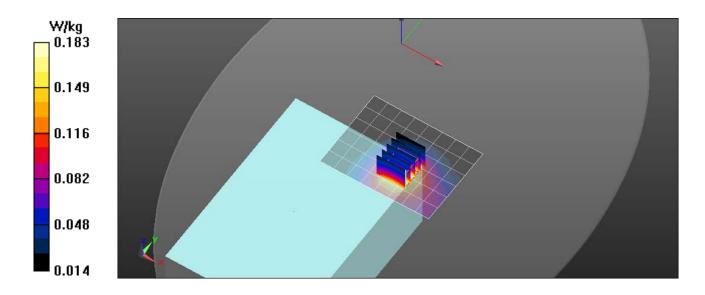
750 MHz B17 LTE Long Edge/Ant T1 Mid 1RB 24 Offset/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.23 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.208 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.152 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.108 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.183 W/kg





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 2

DUT: LIVE+ EnGo; Type: Wireless TV Video Case; Serial: Eng 1

Communication System: LTE (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 782 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL750; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 782 MHz; $\sigma = 0.972$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.556$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 5/23/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3833; ConvF(8.98, 8.98, 8.98); Calibrated: 1/23/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn759; Calibrated: 8/12/2014 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1251

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

750 MHz B13 LTE Long Edge/Ant T1 Mid 1RB 24 Offset/Area Scan (9x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.286 W/kg

750 MHz B13 LTE Long Edge/Ant T1 Mid 1RB 24 Offset/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

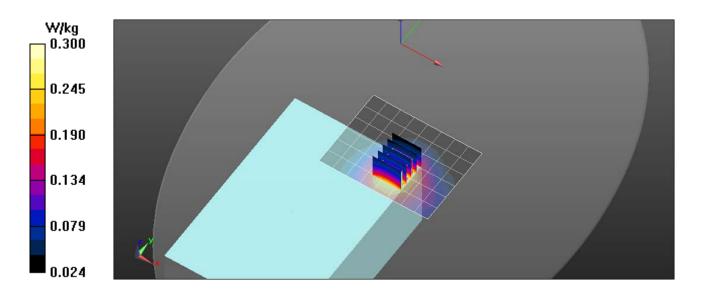
Reference Value = 14.43 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.339 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.249 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.177 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.300 W/kg





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 3

DUT: LIVE+ EnGo; Type: Wireless TV Video Case; Serial: Eng 1

Communication System: CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO); Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL835; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.52 MHz; $\sigma = 0.982 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.375$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 5/22/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3833; ConvF(8.51, 8.51, 8.51); Calibrated: 1/23/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn759; Calibrated: 8/12/2014 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1251

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

835 MHz EvDo Long Edge/Ant T1 Mid/Area Scan (9x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.512 W/kg

835 MHz EvDo Long Edge/Ant T1 Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,

dz=5mm

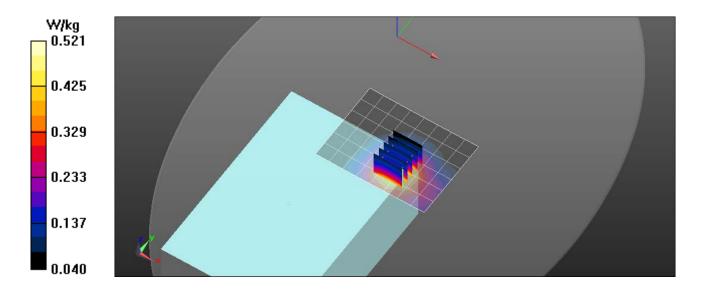
Reference Value = 17.73 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.598 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.430 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.301 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.521 W/kg





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 4

DUT: LIVE+ EnGo; Type: Wireless TV Video Case; Serial: Eng 1

Communication System: UMTS (WCDMA); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL835; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.982 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.375$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 5/21/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3833; ConvF(8.51, 8.51, 8.51); Calibrated: 1/23/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn759; Calibrated: 8/12/2014 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1251

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

835 MHz WCDMA Long Edge/Ant T4 Mid/Area Scan (9x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.483 W/kg

835 MHz WCDMA Long Edge/Ant T4 Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,

dz=5mm

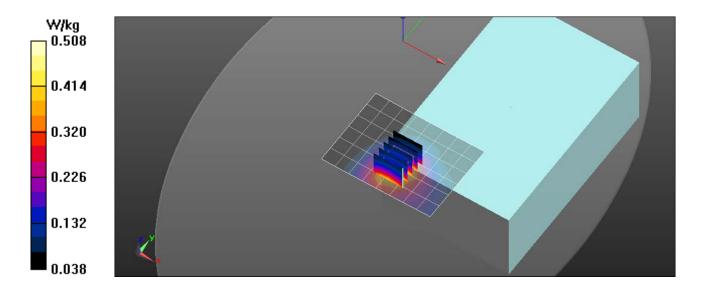
Reference Value = 18.42 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.581 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.415 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.287 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.508 W/kg





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 5

DUT: LIVE+ EnGo; Type: Wireless TV Video Case; Serial: Eng 1

Communication System: LTE (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL835; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.5 MHz; σ = 0.982 S/m; ϵ_r = 54.375; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 5/22/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3833; ConvF(8.51, 8.51, 8.51); Calibrated: 1/23/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn759; Calibrated: 8/12/2014 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1251

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

835 MHz LTE Long Edge/Ant B4 Mid 1RB 24 Offset/Area Scan (9x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.387 W/kg

835 MHz LTE Long Edge/Ant B4 Mid 1RB 24 Offset/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm

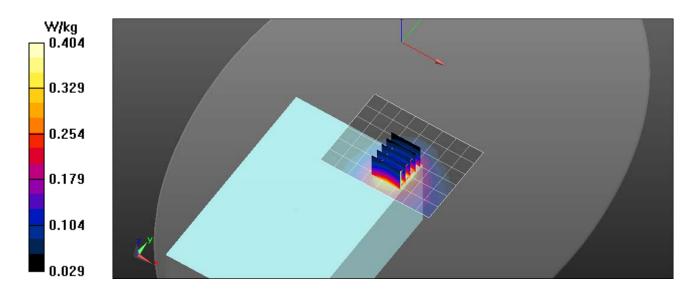
Reference Value = 15.74 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.462 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.330 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.227 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.404 W/kg





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 6

DUT: LIVE+ EnGo; Type: Wireless TV Video Case; Serial: Eng 1

Communication System: LTE (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL1750; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1732.5 MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.73$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 5/23/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3833; ConvF(7.18, 7.18, 7.18); Calibrated: 1/23/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn759; Calibrated: 8/12/2014 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1251

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

1750 MHz LTE Long Edge/Ant T1 Mid 1RB 49 Offset/Area Scan (9x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.625 W/kg

1750 MHz LTE Long Edge/Ant T1 Mid 1RB 49 Offset/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm

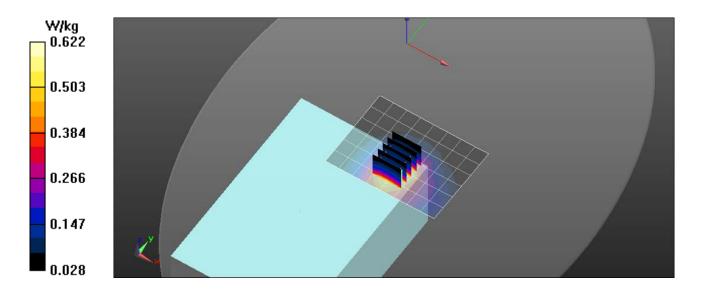
Reference Value = 16.40 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.753 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.485 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.302 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.622 W/kg





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 7

DUT: LIVE+ EnGo; Type: Wireless TV Video Case; Serial: Eng 1

Communication System: UMTS (WCDMA); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1750; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1732.5 MHz; $\sigma = 1.55 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.73$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 5/24/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3833; ConvF(7.18, 7.18, 7.18); Calibrated: 1/23/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn759; Calibrated: 8/12/2014 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1251

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

1750 MHz WCDMA Long Edge/Ant T4 Mid/Area Scan (9x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.496 W/kg

1750 MHz WCDMA Long Edge/Ant T4 Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,

dz=5mm

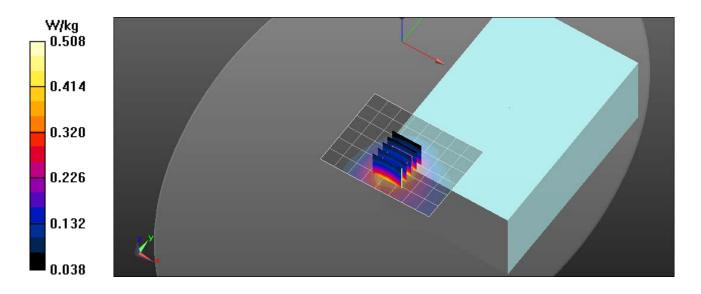
Reference Value = 18.63 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.593 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.418 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.282 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.506 W/kg





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 8

DUT: LIVE+ EnGo; Type: Wireless TV Video Case; Serial: Eng 1

Communication System: CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.52 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.21$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 5/19/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3833; ConvF(7.04, 7.04, 7.04); Calibrated: 1/23/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn759; Calibrated: 8/12/2014 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1251

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

1900 MHz EvDo Long Edge/Ant B3 Mid/Area Scan (9x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.661 W/kg

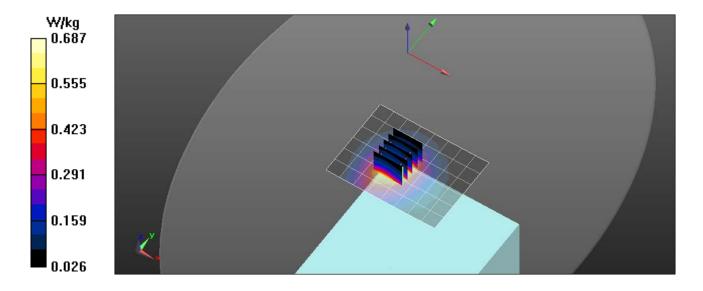
1900 MHz EvDo Long Edge/Ant B3 Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.45 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.823 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.530 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.330 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.687 W/kg





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 9

DUT: LIVE+ EnGo; Type: Wireless TV Video Case; Serial: Eng 1

Communication System: UMTS (WCDMA); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.52 S/m; ε_r = 53.21; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 5/20/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3833; ConvF(7.04, 7.04, 7.04); Calibrated: 1/23/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn759; Calibrated: 8/12/2014 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1251

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

1900 MHz WCDMA Long Edge/Ant B1 Mid/Area Scan (9x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.502 W/kg

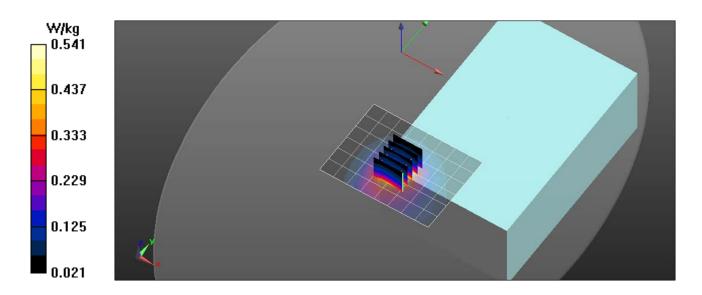
1900 MHz WCDMA Long Edge/Ant B1 Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.01 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.649 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.418 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.259 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.541 W/kg





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 10

DUT: LIVE+ EnGo; Type: Wireless TV Video Case; Serial: Eng 1

Communication System: LTE (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 1882.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL1900; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1882.5 MHz; σ = 1.523 S/m; ϵ_r = 53.205; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 5/20/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3833; ConvF(7.04, 7.04, 7.04); Calibrated: 1/23/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn759; Calibrated: 8/12/2014 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1251

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

1900 MHz LTE Long Edge/Ant B4 Mid 1RB 49 Offset/Area Scan (9x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.447 W/kg

1900 MHz LTE Long Edge/Ant B4 Mid 1RB 49 Offset/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm

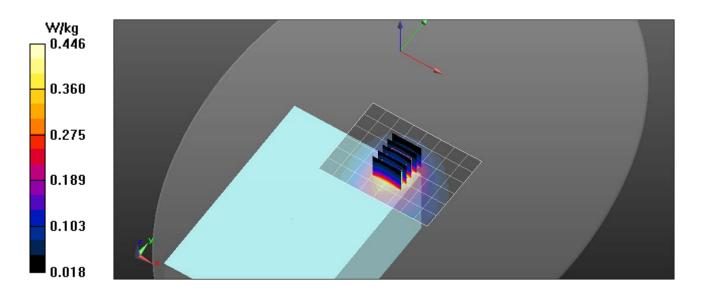
Reference Value = 15.12 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.536 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.347 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.217 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.446 W/kg





Appendix C – SAR Test Setup Photos



Test Configuration End 10 mm Gap





Test Configuration Short Side 10 mm Gap



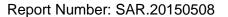


Test Configuration Long Side 10 mm Gap





Front of Device

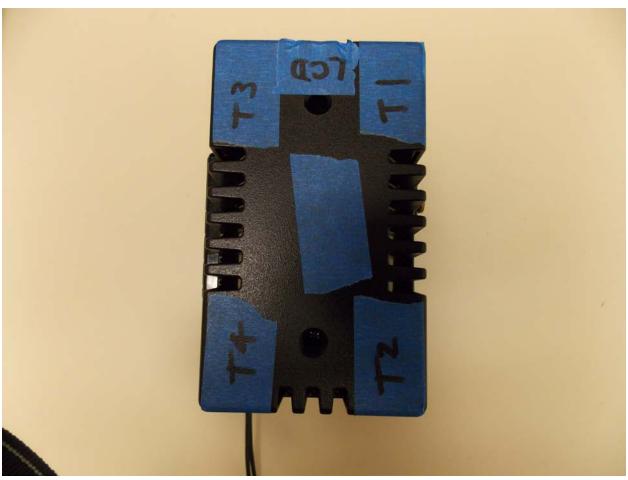






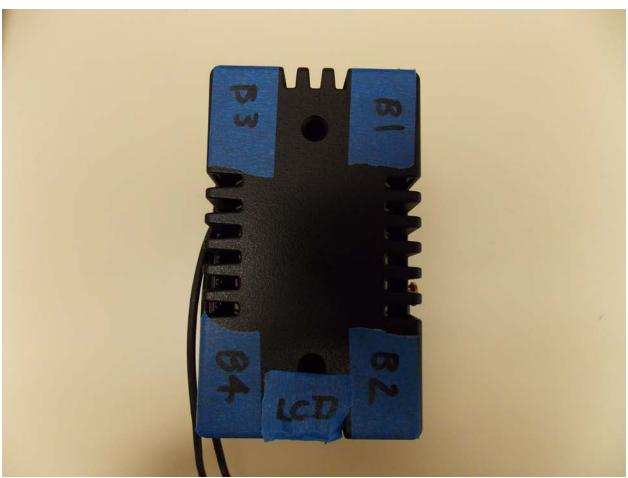
Back of Device





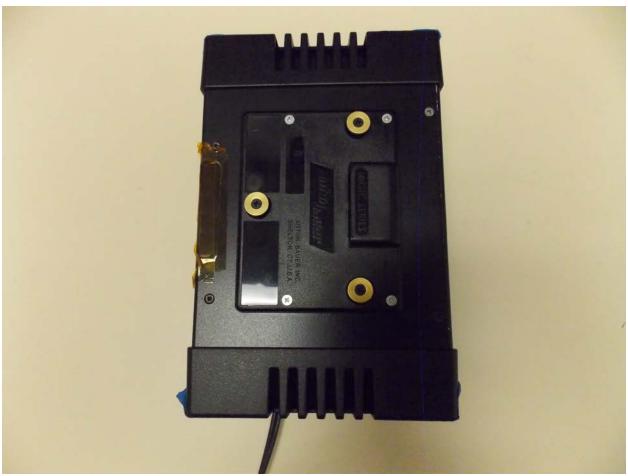
Top of Device





Bottom of Device





Left Side of Device





Right Side of Device





Top of Device in Carrying Case Opened





Bottom of Device in Carrying Case Opened





Right Side of Device in Carrying Case Opened





Front of Device in Carrying Case Opened





Front of Device in Carrying Case Closed



Appendix D – Probe Calibration Data Sheets

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

RF Exposure Lab

Certificate No: EX3-3833_Jan15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:3833

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5,

QA CAL-25.v6

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

January 23, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915)	Apr-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919)	Apr-15
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 660	14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15)	Jan-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

Calibrated by:

Name

Function

Cluadio Leubler

Laboratory Technician

Signature

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic

Technical Manager

Issued: January 26, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: EX3-3833_Jan15 Page 1 of 11

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura

Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

 a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EX3-3833_Jan15 Page 2 of 11

January 23, 2015 EX3DV4 - SN:3833

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3833

Calibrated:

Manufactured: November 7, 2011 January 23, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

January 23, 2015 EX3DV4-SN:3833

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3833

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.47	0.49	0.35	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	101.8	100.3	103.5	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	131.5	±3.5 %
		Υ	0.0	0.0	1.0		133.2	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		131.7	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

EX3DV4- SN:3833 January 23, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3833

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
150	52.3	0.76	11.02	11.02	11.02	0.00	1.00	± 13.3 %
220	49.0	0.81	10.50	10.50	10.50	0.00	1.00	± 13.3 %
300	45.3	0.87	10.41	10.41	10.41	0.10	1.25	± 13.3 %
450	43.5	0.87	9.34	9.34	9.34	0.16	1.40	± 13.3 %
600	42.7	0.88	9.41	9.41	9.41	0.10	1.10	± 13.3 %
750	41.9	0.89	8.98	8.98	8.98	0.35	0.98	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	8.51	8.51	8.51	0.34	0.99	± 12.0 %
1640	40.3	1.29	7.50	7.50	7.50	0.23	1.08	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	7.42	7.42	7.42	0.49	0.70	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.29	7.29	7.29	0.57	0.62	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	6.58	6.58	6.58	0.41	0.76	± 12.0 %
5200	36.0	4.66	4.62	4.62	4.62	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	4.44	4.44	4.44	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.18	4.18	4.18	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.03	4.03	4.03	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.12	4.12	4.12	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

EX3DV4- SN:3833 January 23, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3833

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
150	61.9	0.80	11.21	11.21	11.21	0.00	1.00	± 13.3 %
220	60.2	0.86	10.20	10.20	10.20	0.00	1.00	± 13.3 %
300	58.2	0.92	10.29	10.29	10.29	0.06	1.15	± 13.3 %
450	56.7	0.94	10.02	10.02	10.02	0.08	1.12	± 13.3 %
600	56.1	0.95	9.37	9.37	9.37	0.10	1.10	± 13.3 %
750	55.5	0.96	8.75	8.75	8.75	0.24	1.32	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	8.51	8.51	8.51	0.41	0.88	± 12.0 %
1640	53.8	1.40	7.64	7.64	7.64	0.31	0.95	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	7.18	7.18	7.18	0.34	0.93	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.04	7.04	7.04	0.60	0.67	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	6.69	6.69	6.69	0.80	0.57	± 12.0 %
5200	49.0	5.30	3.92	3.92	3.92	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	3.81	3.81	3.81	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	3.52	3.52	3.52	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.47	3.47	3.47	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	3.57	3.57	3.57	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %

Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

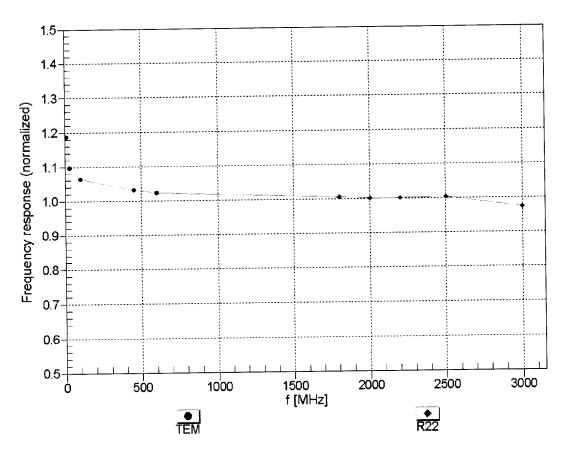
At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tiesue parameters (a and =) can be releved to ± 100 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the CopyE uncertainty for indicated target fissue parameters

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Galpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

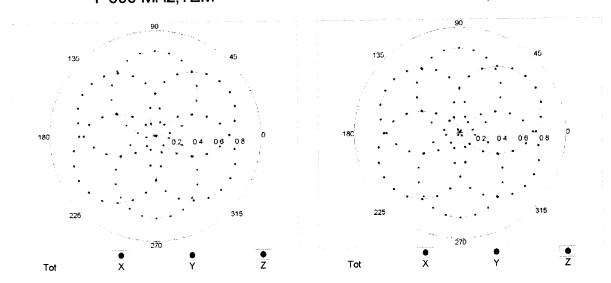


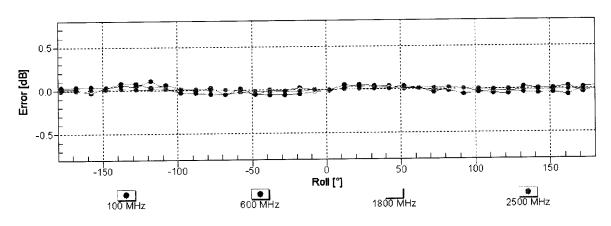
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

f=600 MHz,TEM

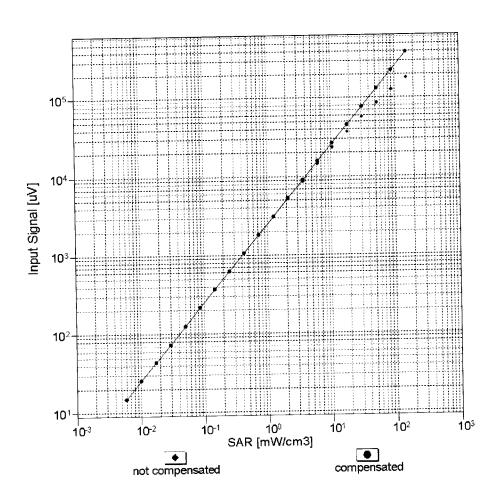
f=1800 MHz,R22

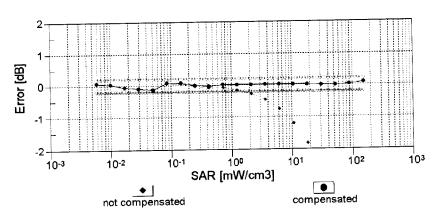




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)

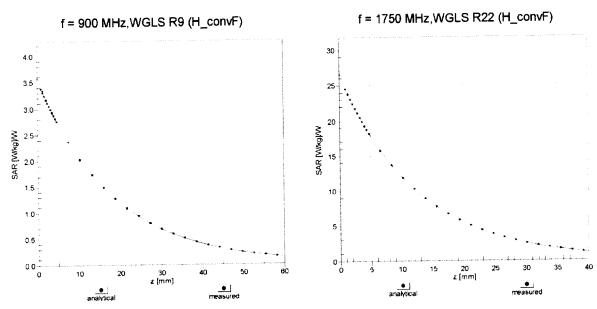




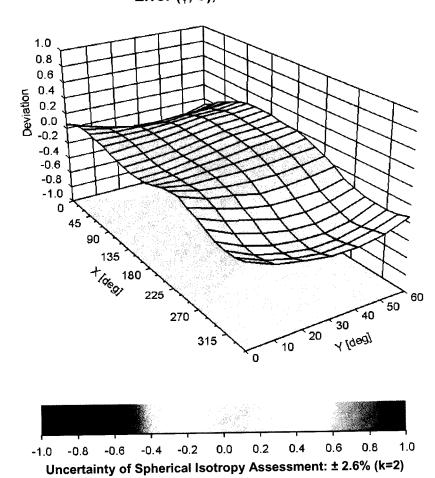
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

January 23, 2015

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



EX3DV4- SN:3833 January 23, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3833

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	12.2
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

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Appendix E – Dipole Calibration Data Sheets

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

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Client

RF Exposure Lab

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

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Certificate No: D750V3-1016_Dec12

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D750V3 - SN: 1016

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-05.v8

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date:

December 03, 2012

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530)	Apr-13
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533)	Apr-13
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11)	Dec-12
DAE4	SN: 601	27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12)	Jun-13
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13

Calibrated by:

Name Israe El-Naouq Function

Laboratory Technician

Signature

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic

Technical Manager

Issued: December 3, 2012

Israe El Dancy

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D750V3-1016_Dec12

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Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.3
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy , $dz = 5 mm$	
Frequency	750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.9	0.89 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.6 ± 6 %	0.89 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.10 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	8.39 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.37 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	5.47 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

***************************************	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.5	0.96 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.6 ± 6 %	0.97 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.21 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	8.74 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.46 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	5.79 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D750V3-1016_Dec12 Page 3 of 8

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$54.2 \Omega + 0.3 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 27.9 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.0 Ω - 1.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 38.1 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.037 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	March 22, 2010

Certificate No: D750V3-1016_Dec12 Page 4 of 8

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 03.12.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1016

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; $\sigma = 0.89 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 41.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.33, 6.33, 6.33); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012

Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001

• DASY52 52.8.3(988); SEMCAD X 14.6.7(6848)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

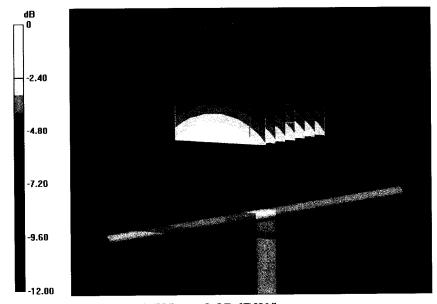
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.855 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.19 W/kg

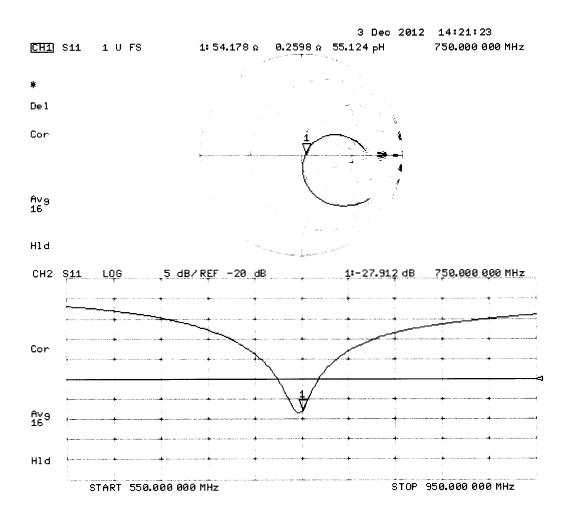
SAR(1 g) = 2.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.37 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.44 W/kg



0 dB = 2.44 W/kg = 3.87 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 03.12.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1016

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; $\sigma = 0.97 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 54.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.12, 6.12, 6.12); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012

• Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001

DASY52 52.8.3(988); SEMCAD X 14.6.7(6848)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

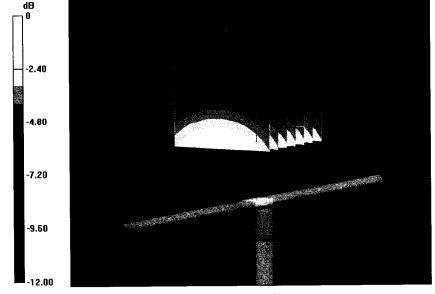
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.855 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.31 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.21 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.46 W/kg

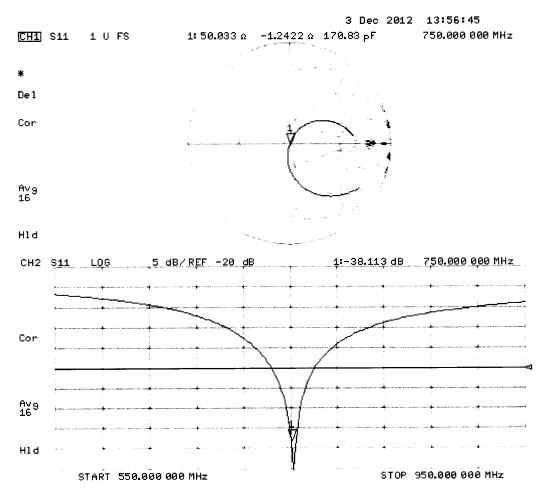
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.56 W/kg



0 dB = 2.56 W/kg = 4.08 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D750V3-1016_Dec12 Page 7 of 8

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Extended Calibration

Certificate No: D750V3-1016_Dec12

Usage of SAR dipoles calibrated less than 2 years ago but more than 1 year ago were confirmed in maintaining return loss (< -20 dB, within 20% of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5 ohm from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibrations in KDB Publication 865664 D01 v01r03.

D750V3 SN: 1016 - Head						
Date of Measurement	Return Loss (dB)	Δ%	Impedance (Ω)	ΔΩ	Impedance Imaginary (jΩ)	ΔΩ
12/3/2012	-27.9		54.2		0.3	
12/4/2013	-28.9	3.6	53.9	-0.3	0.1	-0.2
12/4/2014	-26.5	-5.0	55.6	1.4	0.4	0.1

D750V3 SN: 1016 - Body						
Date of Measurement	Return Loss (dB)	Δ%	Impedance (Ω)	ΔΩ	Impedance Imaginary (jΩ)	ΔΩ
12/3/2012	-38.1		50.0		-1.2	
12/4/2013	-36.7	-3.7	48.7	-1.3	-0.6	0.6
12/4/2014	-37.5	-1.6	49.8	-0.2	-0.9	0.3

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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RF Exposure Lab Client

Certificate No: D835V2-4d089_Dec12

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D835V2 - SN: 4d089

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v8

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

December 03, 2012 Calibration date:

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530)	Apr-13
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533)	Apr-13
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11)	Dec-12
DAE4	SN: 601	27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12)	Jun-13
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Israe El-Naouq	Laboratory Technician	Israu Endanie
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	28 las

Issued: December 3, 2012

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Certificate No: D835V2-4d089_Dec12

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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

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Glossarv:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.3
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy , $dz = 5 mm$	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	***

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

<u> </u>	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.4 ± 6 %	0.92 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.38 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.36 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.55 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.12 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.5 ± 6 %	0.99 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.42 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.51 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.59 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.27 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D835V2-4d089_Dec12 Page 3 of 8

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.7 Ω - 2.5 jΩ
Return Loss	- 30.5 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.4 Ω - 4.8 jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.0 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

and the second s	
Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.391 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	October 17, 2008

Certificate No: D835V2-4d089_Dec12 Page 4 of 8

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 03.12.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d089

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012

• Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001

• DASY52 52.8.3(988); SEMCAD X 14.6.7(6848)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

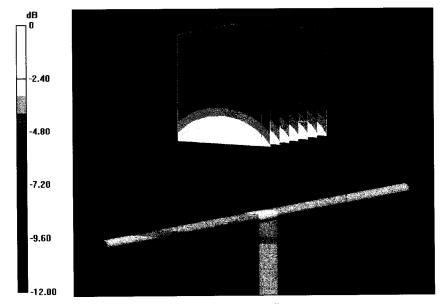
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.782 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.58 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.55 W/kg

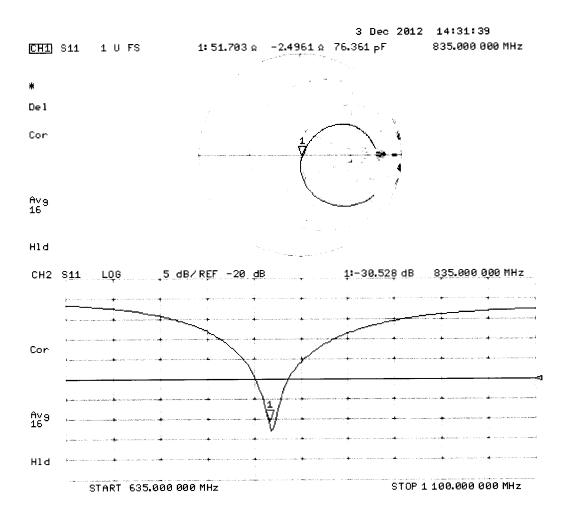
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.79 W/kg



0 dB = 2.79 W/kg = 4.46 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D835V2-4d089_Dec12 Page 5 of 8

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 03.12.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d089

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.02, 6.02, 6.02); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012

Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001

• DASY52 52.8.3(988); SEMCAD X 14.6.7(6848)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

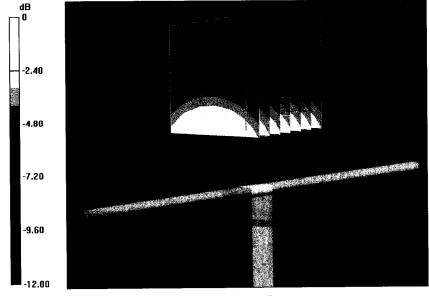
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.384 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.54 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.42 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 W/kg

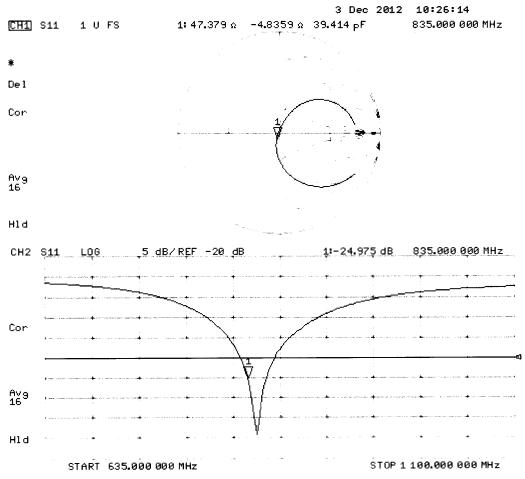
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.82 W/kg



0 dB = 2.82 W/kg = 4.50 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D835V2-4d089_Dec12 Page 7 of 8

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Extended Calibration

Usage of SAR dipoles calibrated less than 2 years ago but more than 1 year ago were confirmed in maintaining return loss (< -20 dB, within 20% of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5 ohm from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibrations in KDB Publication 865664 D01 v01r03.

D835V2 SN: 4d089 - Head						
Date of Measurement	Return Loss (dB)	Δ%	Impedance (Ω)	ΔΩ	Impedance Imaginary (jΩ)	ΔΩ
12/3/2012	-30.5		51.7		-2.5	
12/4/2013	-28.7	-5.9	52.4	0.7	-1.5	1.0
12/4/2014	-29.2	-4.3	50.7	-1.0	-1.2	1.3

D835V2 SN: 4d089 - Body						
Date of Measurement	Return Loss (dB)	Δ%	Impedance (Ω)	ΔΩ	Impedance Imaginary (jΩ)	ΔΩ
12/3/2012	-25.0		47.4		-4.8	
12/4/2013	-24.6	-1.6	48.2	0.8	-5.2	-0.4
12/4/2014	-26.7	6.8	46.3	-1.1	-3.7	1.1

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Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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RF Exposure Lab Client

Certificate No: D1750V2-1018_Dec12

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

D1750V2 - SN: 1018 Object

QA CAL-05.v8 Calibration procedure(s)

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

December 05, 2012 Calibration date:

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) °C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
GB37480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
US37292783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
SN: 5058 (20k)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530)	Apr-13
SN: 5047.3 / 06327	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533)	Apr-13
· 1	30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11)	Dec-12
SN: 601	27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12)	Jun-13
ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13
	GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.3 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 100005	GB37480704 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) US37292783 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) SN: 5058 (20k) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530) SN: 5047.3 / 06327 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533) SN: 3205 30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11) SN: 601 27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12) ID # Check Date (in house) MY41092317 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11) 100005 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)

Calibrated by:

Israe El-Naouq

Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic

Technical Manager

Issued: December 5, 2012

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Certificate No: D1750V2-1018_Dec12

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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D1750V2-1018_Dec12 Page 2 of 8

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.3
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.1	1.37 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.3 ± 6 %	1.34 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.02 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	36.4 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	4.82 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	19.4 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.4	1.49 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.8 ± 6 %	1.47 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.30 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	37.3 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	4.99 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.0 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D1750V2-1018_Dec12 Page 3 of 8

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.2 Ω + 0.8 jΩ
Return Loss	- 42.2 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.2 Ω + 0.7 jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.9 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.221 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	February 11, 2009

Certificate No: D1750V2-1018_Dec12 Page 4 of 8

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 05.12.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1018

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.34$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.22, 5.22, 5.22); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001

• DASY52 52.8.3(988); SEMCAD X 14.6.7(6848)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

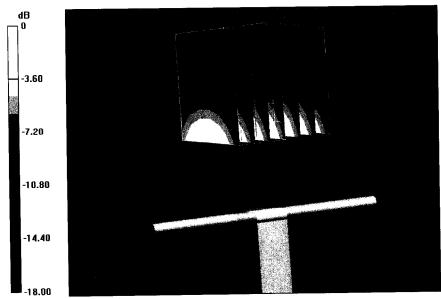
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 92.822 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.02 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.82 W/kg

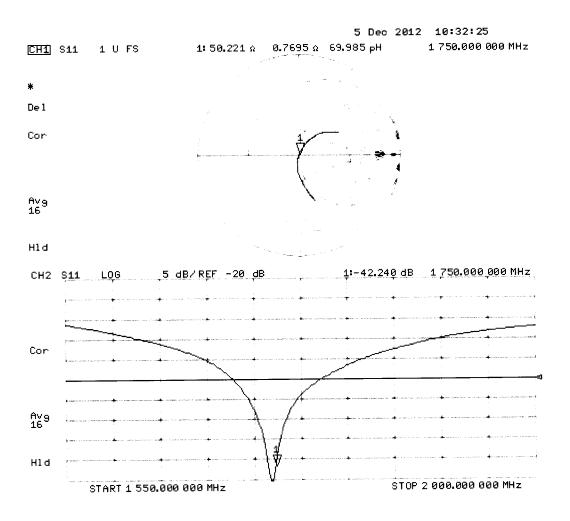
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.0 W/kg



0 dB = 11.0 W/kg = 10.41 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D1750V2-1018_Dec12 Page 5 of 8

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 05.12.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1018

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.47$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.85, 4.85, 4.85); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012

• Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002

• DASY52 52.8.3(988); SEMCAD X 14.6.7(6848)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

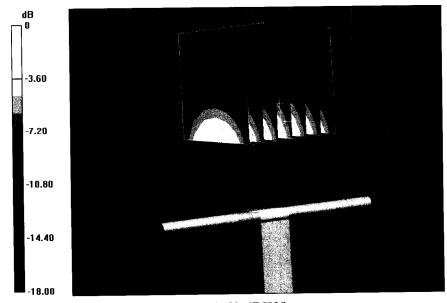
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 92.822 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.99 W/kg

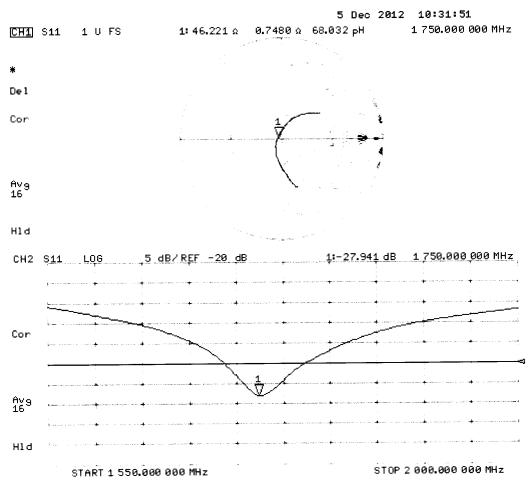
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.7 W/kg



0 dB = 11.7 W/kg = 10.68 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D1750V2-1018_Dec12

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Extended Calibration

Usage of SAR dipoles calibrated less than 2 years ago but more than 1 year ago were confirmed in maintaining return loss (< -20 dB, within 20% of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5 ohm from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibrations in KDB Publication 865664 D01 v01r03.

D1750V2 SN: 1018 - Head						
Date of Measurement	Return Loss (dB)	Δ%	Impedance (Ω)	ΔΩ	Impedance Imaginary (jΩ)	ΔΩ
12/5/2012	-42.2		50.2		0.8	
12/5/2013	-41.8	-0.9	52.1	1.9	0.6	-0.2
12/5/2014	-40.5	-4.0	51.6	1.4	0.2	-0.6

D1750V2 SN: 1018 - Body						
Date of Measurement	Return Loss (dB)	Δ%	Impedance (Ω)	ΔΩ	Impedance Imaginary (jΩ)	ΔΩ
12/5/2012	-27.9		46.2		0.7	
12/5/2013	-28.2	1.1	45.9	-0.3	0.4	-0.3
12/5/2015	-26.2	-6.1	44.8	-1.4	0.9	0.2

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RF Exposure Lab Client

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d116_Dec12

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

D1900V2 - SN: 5d116 Object

QA CAL-05.v8 Calibration procedure(s)

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date:

December 06, 2012

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530)	Apr-13
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533)	Apr-13
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11)	Dec-12
	011 004	27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12)	Jun-13
DAE4	SN: 601	21-Juli-12 (No. DAL4-001_Juli12)	0011 10
	SN: 601	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Secondary Standards	1	•	
DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check

Calibrated by:

Name Israe El-Naouq **Function**

Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic

Technical Manager

Issued: December 6, 2012

Moran El Dacong

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Certificate No: D1900V2-5d116_Dec12

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Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

N/A r

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003

b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)",

February 2005

c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.3
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

The following parameters and calculations were app.	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.5 ± 6 %	1.38 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.97 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.1 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.24 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.0 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

Ų,	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.2 ± 6 %	1.52 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.1 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.2 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.31 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.2 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d116_Dec12 Page 3 of 8

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$51.4 \Omega + 6.6 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 23.5 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$47.4 \Omega + 6.7 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 22.7 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.202 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	August 21, 2009

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d116_Dec12 Page 4 of 8

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 06.12.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d116

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.38$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001

DASY52 52.8.3(988); SEMCAD X 14.6.7(6848)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

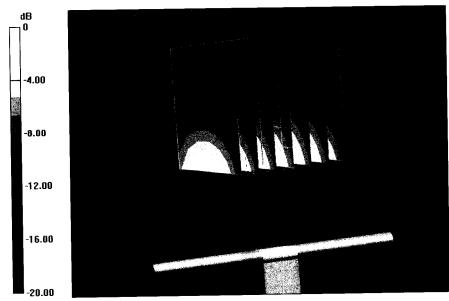
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.363 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.97 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.24 W/kg

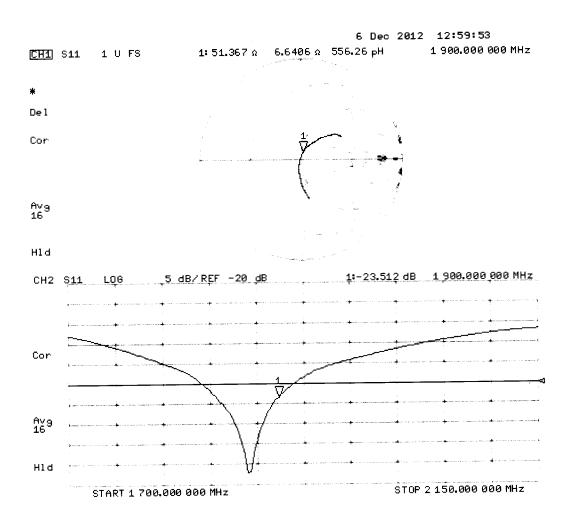
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.3 W/kg



0 dB = 12.3 W/kg = 10.90 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d116_Dec12 Page 5 of 8

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 06.12.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d116

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.62, 4.62, 4.62); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002

• DASY52 52.8.3(988); SEMCAD X 14.6.7(6848)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

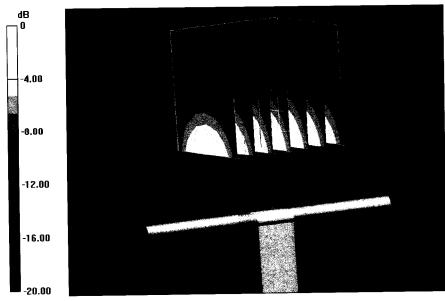
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 95.415 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.31 W/kg

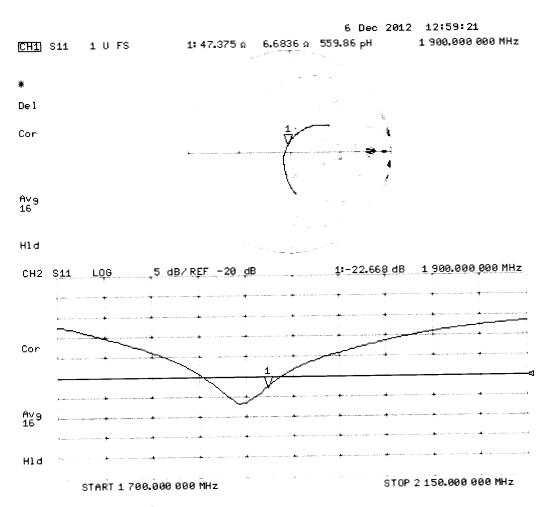
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.7 W/kg



0 dB = 12.7 W/kg = 11.04 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d116_Dec12 Page 7 of 8

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Extended Calibration

Usage of SAR dipoles calibrated less than 2 years ago but more than 1 year ago were confirmed in maintaining return loss (< -20 dB, within 20% of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5 ohm from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibrations in KDB Publication 865664 D01 v01r03.

D1900V2 SN: 5d116 - Head						
Date of Measurement	Return Loss (dB)	Δ%	Impedance (Ω)	ΔΩ	Impedance Imaginary (jΩ)	ΔΩ
12/6/2012	-23.5	~	51.4		6.6	
12/6/2013	-23.6	0.4	51.0	-0.4	6.1	-0.5
12/6/2014	-22.7	-3.4	50.5	-0.9	6.7	0.1

D1900V2 SN: 5d116 - Body						
Date of Measurement	Return Loss (dB)	Δ%	Impedance (Ω)	ΔΩ	Impedance Imaginary (jΩ)	ΔΩ
12/6/2012	-22.7		47.4		6.7	
12/6/2013	-21.9	-3.5	46.9	-0.5	5.8	-0.9
12/6/2014	-22.9	0.9	45.4	-2.0	6.1	-0.6



Report Number: SAR.20150508

Appendix F – Phantom Calibration Data Sheets

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Certificate of Conformity / First Article Inspection

Item	Oval Flat Phantom ELI 4.0
Type No	QD OVA 001 B
Series No	1003 and higher
Manufacturer	Untersee Composites
	Knebelstrasse 8
	CH-8268 Mannenbach, Switzerland

Tests

Complete tests were made on the prototype units QD OVA 001 AA 1001, QD OVA 001 AB 1002, pre-series units QD OVA 001 BA 1003-1005 as well as on the series units QD OVA 001 BB, 1006 ff.

Test	Requirement	Details	Units tested
Material	Compliant with the standard	Bottom plate:	all
thickness	requirements	2.0mm +/- 0.2mm	
Material	Dielectric parameters for required	< 6 GHz: Rel. permittivity = 4	Material
parameters	frequencies	+/-1, Loss tangent ≤ 0.05	sample
Material	The material has been tested to be	DGBE based simulating	Equivalent
resistivity	compatible with the liquids defined in	liquids.	phantoms,
	the standards if handled and cleaned	Observe Technical Note for	Material
	according to the instructions.	material compatibility.	sample
Shape	Thickness of bottom material,	Bottom elliptical 600 x 400 mm	Prototypes,
	Internal dimensions,	Depth 190 mm,	Sample
	Sagging	Shape is within tolerance for	testing
	compatible with standards from	filling height up to 155 mm,	
	minimum frequency	Eventual sagging is reduced or	
		eliminated by support via DUT	

Standards

- [1] CENELEC EN 50361-2001, « Basic standard for the measurement of the Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz – 3 GHz) », July 2001
- [2] IEEE 1528-2003, "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques, December 2003
- [3] IEC 62209 1, "Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz Measurement Procedure, Part 1: Hand-held mobile wireless communication devices", February 2005
- [4] IEC 62209 2, Draft, "Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Handheld and Body-Mounted Wireless Communication Devices Human models, Instrumentation and Procedures Part 2: Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the head and body for 30 MHz to 6 GHz Handheld and Body-Mounted Devices used in close proximity to the Body.", February 2005
- [5] OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C, "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields", Edition January 2001

Based on the tests above, we certify that this item is in compliance with the standards [1] to [5] if operated according to the specific requirements and considering the thickness. The dimensions are fully compliant with [4] from 30 MHz to 6 GHz. For the other standards, the minimum lower frequency limit is limited due to the dimensional requirements ([1]: 450 MHz, [2]: 300 MHz, [3]: 800 MHz, [5]: 375 MHz) and possibly further by the dimensions of the DUT.

Date

28.4.2008

Signature / Stamp

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