

MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE FOR SUBPART C, SECTION 15.249

Calculations

Power density at the specific separation:

$$\begin{aligned} S &= PG / (4R^2\pi) \\ S &= EIRP / (4R^2\pi) \\ S &= (1.97) / (4 * 20^2 * \pi) \\ S &= 0.0003919 \text{ mW/cm}^2 \text{ (at 20 cm)} \\ \text{Limit} &= 1 \text{ mW/cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} S &= \text{Maximum power density (mW/cm}^2\text{)} \\ P &= \text{Power input to the antenna (mW) -} \\ G &= \text{Numeric power gain of the antenna} \\ R &= \text{distance to the center of the radiation of the antenna (20 cm = limit for MPE)} \\ \text{EIRP} &= \text{Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power in mW} \\ \text{EIRP (dBm)} &= \text{dBuV/m} + [20 \text{ Log (Test Distance in Meters)}] - 104.77 \\ \text{The worst case is 98.18 dBuV/m peak at 3 Meters} &= 1.97 \text{ mW EIRP} \end{aligned}$$

The maximum permissible exposure (MPE) for the general population is 1 mW/cm².

The power density at 20 cm does not exceed the 1 mW/cm² limit. Therefore, the exposure condition is compliant with FCC rules.