

SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

CLC Hong Kong Limited

2209, Concordia Plaza, North Tower, No.1 Science Museum Road, Tsim Sha Tsui East, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

FCC ID: Y7WPLUME300

Report Type: **Product Type:** Original Report Ram Plus pucky xiao Test Engineer: Rocky Xiao **Report Number:** RDG150625001-20 **Report Date:** 2015-07-02 Sula Huang **Reviewed By:** RF Leader **Test Laboratory:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) No.69 Pulongcun, Puxinhu Industrial Zone, Tangxia, Dongguan, Guangdong, China Tel: +86-769-86858888 Fax: +86-769-86858891 www.baclcorp.com.cn

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Attestation of Test Results						
	Company Name	CLC Hong Kong Limited				
	EUT Description	Mobile Phone				
EUT Information	FCC ID	Y7WPLUME300				
inoi mation	Model Number	E300				
	Test Date	2015-07-01				
MOI	DE .	Max. SAR Level(s) Reported(W/Kg)	Limit(W/Kg)			
GSM 850	1g Head SAR	0.290				
GSIVI 050	1g Body SAR	0.491				
PCS 1900	1g Head SAR	0.166	1.6			
1 C5 1700	1g Body SAR	0.178	1.0			
Simultaneous	1g Head SAR	0.350				
Simultaneous	1g Body SAR	0.521				
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1: 2005 IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fileds, 3 kHz to 300 GHz. ANSI / IEEE C95.3: 2002 IEEE Recommended Practice for Measurements and Computations of Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields With Respect to Human Exposure to SuchFields, 100 kHz—300 GHz.					
	FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093 Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices					
Applicable Standards	IEEE1528:2013 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques					
	IEC 62209-2: 2010 Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices-Human models, instrumentation, and procedures-Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)					
	KDB procedures KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02. KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r02. KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03 KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r01					

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Note: This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Standards and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDB procedures.

The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.

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DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision	
0	RDG150625001-20	Original Report	2015-07-02	

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EUT DESCRIPTION

This report has been prepared on behalf of CLC Hong Kong Limited and their product, named as Ram Plus, Model: E300, FCC ID: Y7WPLUME300, or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

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Technical Specification

Product Type	Ram Plus
Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled
Antenna Type(s):	Internal Antenna
Body-Worn Accessories:	Portable
Face-Head Accessories:	None
Multi-slot Class:	Class12
Operation Mode :	GSM Voice, GPRS Data, Bluetooth
	GSM 850 : 824-849 MHz(TX) ; 869-894 MHz(RX)
Frequency Band:	PCS 1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX); 1930-1990 MHz(RX)
	Bluetooth: 2402MHz-2480MHz
	GSM 850 : 32.8dBm
Conducted RF Power:	PCS 1900: 29.9dBm
	Bluetooth: 1.5 dBm
Dimensions (L*W*H):	12.78 cm (L) x 6.05 cm (W) x 2.38 cm (H)
Power Source:	3.7 VDC Rechargeable Battery
Normal Operation:	Head and Body-worn

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REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUILDELINES

FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment(Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

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This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2mW/g as recommended by EN62209-1 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power(radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

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SAR Limits

FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

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	SAR (W/kg)			
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)		
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4		
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0		
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0		

CE Limit (10g Tissue)

	SAR (V	W/kg)
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg (FCC) & 2 W/kg (CE) applied to the EUT.

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FACILITIES

The Test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) to collect test data is located on the No.69 Pulongcun, Puxinhu Industrial Zone, Tangxia, Dongguan, Guangdong, China

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DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

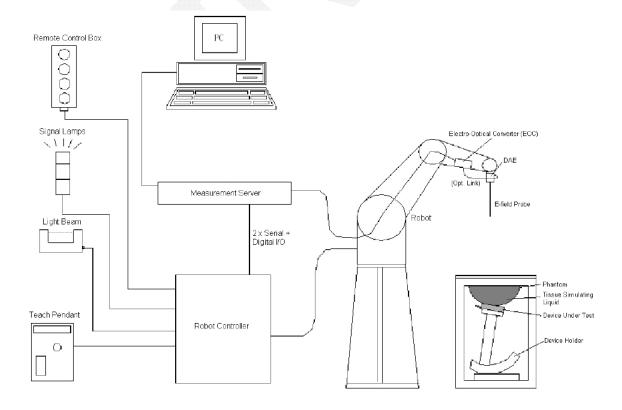
These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY5 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the Fifth generation of the system shown in the figure

hereinafter:



DASY5 System Description

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



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- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli TX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplication, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital
 communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC
 signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 profesional operating system and the DASY52 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

DASY5 Measurement Server

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.



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The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized point out, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

Data Acquisition Electronics

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifer with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

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The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

EX3DV4 E-Field Probes

Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	$10~\mu\text{W/g to} > 100~\text{mW/g}$ Linearity: $\pm~0.2~\text{dB}$ (noise: typically $<~1~\mu\text{W/g})$
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

SAM Twin Phantom

used (e.g., for different liquids)

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6 mm). The phantom has three measurement areas:

- _ Left hand
- _ Right hand
- _ Flat phantom

The phantom table for the DASY systems based on the TX90XL and RX160L robots have the size of $100 \times 50 \times 85 \text{ cm}$ (L xWx H). The phantom table for the compact DASY systems based on the RX60L robot have the size of $100 \times 75 \times 91 \text{ cm}$ (L xWx H); these tables are reinforced for mounting of the robot onto the table.

For easy dislocation these tables have fork lift cut outs at the bottom.

The bottom plate contains three pairs of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. Only one device holder is necessary if two phantoms are

A white cover is provided to cover the phantom during o_-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on top of this phantom cover are possible.

Three reference marks are provided on the phantom counter. These reference marks are used to teach the absolute phantom position relative to the robot.



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Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source in 5mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ± 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of $\pm 20\%$. An accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions, in which the devices must be measured, are defined by the standards.

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The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales are the ear reference point ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.



The DASY device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity "=3 and loss tangent _=0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

Robots

The DASY5 system uses the high precision industrial robots TX90XL from Staubli SA (France). The TX robot family is the successor of the well known RX robot family and offers the same features important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchron motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

The above mentioned robots are controlled by the Staubli CS8c robot controllers. All information regarding the use and maintenance of the robot arm and the robot controller is contained on the CDs delivered along with the robot. Paper manuals are available upon request direct from Staubli.

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Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm2 step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

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Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the DASY5 software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m3 is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x8 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 35mm in the Z axis.

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Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

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Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body

Frequency	Head	Tissue	Body Tissue		
(MHz)	Er	O (S/m)	Er	O (S/m)	
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80	
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92	
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94	
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97	
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05	
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06	
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30	
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40	
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52	
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95	
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73	
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00	

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EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

Equipments List & Calibration Information

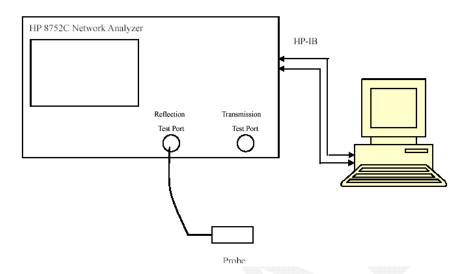
Equipment	Model	S/N	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Robot	RX90	D03636	N/A	N/A
DASY5 Test Software	DASY52.8	N/A	N/A	N/A
DASY5 Measurement Server	DASY5 4.5.12	1470	N/A	N/A
Data Acquistion Electronics	DAE4	1459	2015-01-26	2016-01-26
E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7329	2015-02-05	2016-02-05
Dipole, 835MHz	ALS-D-835-S-2	180-00558	2014-10-08	2017-10-08
Dipole,1900MHz	ALS-D-1900-S-2	210-00710	2013-10-09	2016-10-09
R&S, universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	105047	2014-11-20	2015-11-20
8960 Series 10 Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY50266471	2015-01-13	2016-01-13
Mounting Device	MD4HHTV5	SD 000 H01 KA	N/A	N/A
Twin SAM	Twin SAM V5.0	1874	N/A	N/A
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Head	TS-835-H	201504	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	TS-835-B	201505	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	TS-1900-H	201506	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	TS-1900-B	201507	Each Time	/
Network Analyzer	8752C	3140A02356	2015-06-03	2016-06-03
Dielectric probe kit	85070B	US33020324	N/A	N/A
Signal Generator	E4422B	MY41000355	2014-10-27	2015-10-27
Power Meter	EPM-441A	GB37481494	2014-11-03	2015-11-03
Power Meter Sensor	8481A	T-03-EM-127	2014-11-03	2015-11-03
Power Amplifier	5205PE	1015	N/A	N/A
Directional Coupler	488Z	N/A	N/A	N/A
attenuator	20dB, 100W	N/A	N/A	N/A

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SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Liquid Verification



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Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

Liquid Verification Results

Frequency	Liquid	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
1 0	Type	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	O (S/m)	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	O'(S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ (S/m)	(%)
824.2	Head	42.91	0.88	41.5	0.9	3.4	-2.22	±5
024.2	Body	55.13	0.96	55.2	0.97	-0.13	-1.03	±5
836.6	Head	42.87	0.89	41.5	0.9	3.3	-1.11	±5
830.0	Body	55.1	0.98	55.2	0.97	-0.18	1.03	±5
848.8	Head	42.71	0.9	41.5	0.9	2.92	0	±5
040.0	Body	55	0.99	55.2	0.97	-0.36	2.06	±5
1850.2	Head	39.86	1.36	40	1.4	-0.35	-2.86	±5
1650.2	Body	55.26	1.48	53.3	1.52	3.68	-2.63	±5
1880	Head	39.73	1.39	40	1.4	-0.68	-0.71	±5
1880	Body	53.72	1.54	53.3	1.52	0.79	1.32	±5
1909.8	Head	39.59	1.41	40	1.4	-1.02	0.71	±5
1909.8	Body	53.4	1.49	53.3	1.52	0.19	-1.97	±5

^{*}Liquid Verification was performed on 2015-07-01.

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Please refer to the following tables.

	835 MHz Head			835 MHz Body		
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	
824	42.8809	19.1625	824	55.1193	21.0791	
824.5	42.9504	19.1496	824.5	55.1477	20.9686	
825	42.9445	19.1194	825	55.1207	21.0193	
825.5	42.9401	19.1759	825.5	55.205	20.9766	
826	42.8948	19.1392	826	55.116	21.0375	
826.5	42.8861	19.1373	826.5	55.1474	21.0415	
827	42.9008	19.1753	827	55.004	20.9731	
827.5	42.9061	19.1445	827.5	55.156	20.9546	
828	42.9598	19.2196	828	55.1255	20.9734	
828.5	42.9303	19.1666	828.5	55.1627	21.0299	
829	42.94	19.2514	829	55.1092	20.9171	
829.5	42.9244	19.1743	829.5	55.0628	20.9026	
830	42.9886	19.1676	830	55.1008	20.9303	
830.5	42.9235	19.2256	830.5	55.1325	20.9895	
831	42.9216	19.2003	831	55.0939	20.9525	
831.5	42.8606	19.1605	831.5	55.1735	20.9632	
832	42.9673	19.2029	832	55.1807	20.9348	
832.5	42.933	19.2226	832.5	55.0889	20.9293	
833	42.9677	19.1778	833	55.1335	20.9042	
833.5	42.9053	19.242	833.5	55.1219	20.9398	
834	42.925	19.24	834	55.1717	21.0566	
834.5	42.907	19.1841	834.5	55.115	20.9459	
835	42.9637	19.2355	835	55.1064	20.9686	
835.5	42.9313	19.155	835.5	55.1078	20.9914	
836	42.927	19.172	836	55.1398	21.0038	
836.5	42.8752	19.1871	836.5	55.1044	20.9633	
837	42.8419	19.1673	837	55.1063	21.0071	
837.5	42.8712	19.2056	837.5	55.0462	20.9348	
838	42.887	19.2305	838	55.1097	21.0046	
838.5	42.8765	19.1819	838.5	55.1678	20.9867	
839	42.9341	19.1973	839	55.0619	20.9601	
839.5	42.891	19.163	839.5	55.0668	21.0142	
840	42.941	19.127	840	55.025	21.0211	
840.5	42.8641	19.1022	840.5	55.1592	20.952	
841	42.8997	19.2031	841	55.0772	21.0133	
841.5	42.9027	19.1119	841.5	55.0425	20.9949	
842	42.8847	19.0921	842	55.0654	20.9473	
842.5	42.8387	19.1315	842.5	55.0233	20.9871	
843	42.8211	19.0582	843	55.0546	20.9495	
843.5	42.8155	19.0737	843.5	55.0223	20.9604	
844	42.7845	19.0902	844	55.0825	20.9367	
844.5	42.8631	19.0345	844.5	55.0805	21.0442	
845	42.7821	19.0786	845	55.096	20.986	
845.5	42.8164	19.0591	845.5	55.0038	20.935	
846	42.8413	19.0407	846	55.0199	20.9815	
846.5	42.836	19.0114	846.5	55.0341	20.9346	
847	42.7479	19.0669	847	54.9912	20.9504	
847.5	42.7216	18.9904	847.5	55.0429	20.999	
848	42.7882	19.0174	848	55.0208	21.0024	
848.5	42.7346	18.9968	848.5	54.9974	20.9194	
849	42.6866	18.9745	849	55.0023	20.9314	

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	1900 MHz Head	I	1900 MHz Body				
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''		
1901	39.6844	13.3217	1901	54.1195	14.2528		
1902	39.5866	13.3399	1902	54.0606	14.2495		
1903	39.6233	13.2627	1903	53.9603	14.2312		
1904	39.6646	13.3622	1904	53.8566	14.1015		
1905	39.666	13.3448	1905	53.7844	14.1293		
1906	39.6026	13.3596	1906	53.6865	14.1031		
1907	39.5583	13.3051	1907	53.6596	14.1303		
1908	39.5613	13.3012	1908	53.5558	14.0244		
1909	39.602	13.3401	1909	53.4639	14.0168		
1910	39.5895	13.2901	1910	53.3856	14.0497		

Report No: RDG150625001-20

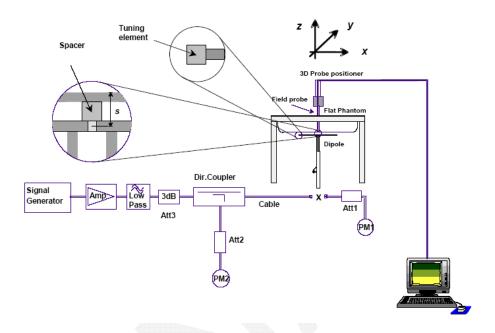
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System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

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System Verification Setup Block Diagram



System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Measured SAR (W/Kg)		Target Value (W/Kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
	925	Head	1g	10.12	9.773	3.55	±10
2015/7/1	835	Body	1g	9.37	9.736	-3.76	±10
2015/7/1	1900	Head	1g	39.4	39.481	-0.21	±10
		Body	1g	40.06	39.715	0.87	±10

^{*}All SAR values are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

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SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

System Performance 835MHz Head

DUT: ALS-D-835-S-2; Type: 835 MHz; Serial: 180-00558

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.894$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 42.964$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.52, 9.52, 9.52); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26

Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Report No: RDG150625001-20

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

System Performance 835MHz Head /Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.1 W/kg

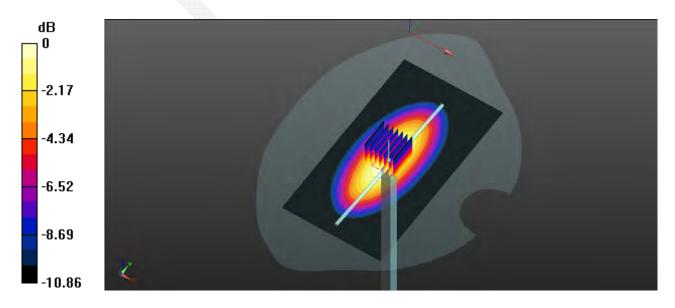
System Performance 835MHz Head /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 111.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.68 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.3 W/kg



0 dB = 11.3 W/kg = 10.53 dBW/kg

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Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

System Performance 835MHz Body

DUT: ALS-D-835-S-2; Type: 835 MHz; Serial: 180-00558

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.974$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.106$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.17, 9.17, 9.17); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26

Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Report No: RDG150625001-20

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

System Performance 835MHz Body /Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.96 W/kg

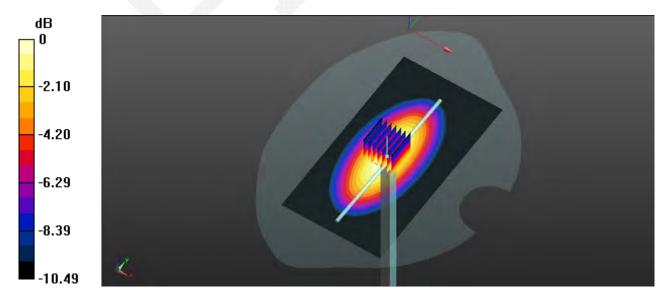
System Performance 835MHz Body /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 99.47 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 13.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.37 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.08 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.99 W/kg



0 dB = 9.99 W/kg = 10.00 dBW/kg

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Test Laboratory:Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

System Performance 1900MHz Head

DUT: ALS-D-1900-S-2; Type: 1900 MHz; Serial: 210-00710

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.642$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26

Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Report No: RDG150625001-20

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

System Performance 1900MHz Head /Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 46.9 W/kg

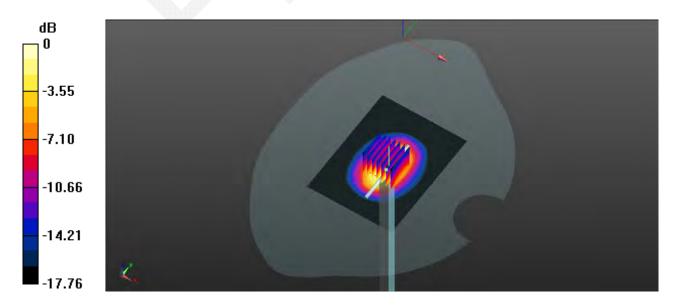
System Performance 1900MHz Head /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 174.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 74.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 39.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 20.4 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 44.4 W/kg



0 dB = 44.4 W/kg = 16.47 dBW/kg

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Test Laboratory:Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

System Performance 1900MHz Body

DUT: ALS-D-1900-S-2; Type: 1900 MHz; Serial: 210-00710

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.515$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.189$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26

Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Report No: RDG150625001-20

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

System Performance 1900MHz Body /**Area Scan (61x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 48.6 W/kg

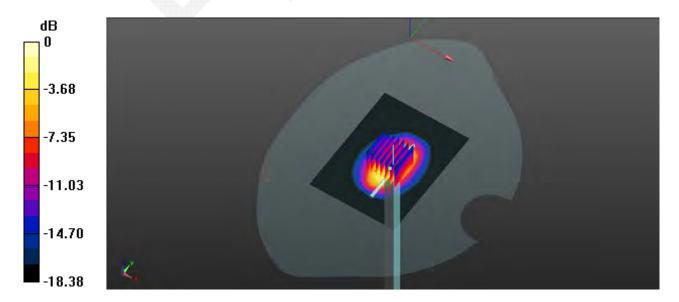
System Performance 1900MHz Body /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 171.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 78.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 40.06 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 20.5 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 47.0 W/kg



0 dB = 47.0 W/kg = 16.72 dBW/kg

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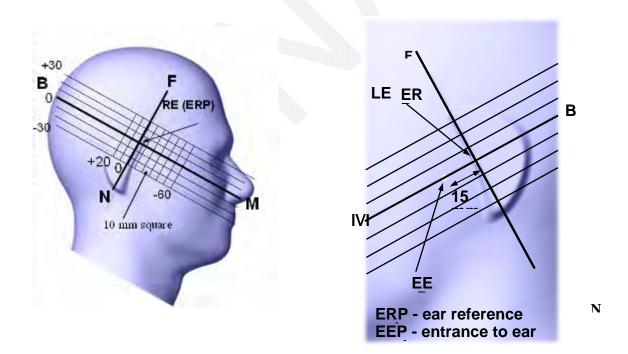
EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper ¼ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The "vertical centerline" should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A "ear reference point" is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the "phantom reference plane" defined by the three lines joining the center of each "ear reference point" (left and right) and the tip of the mouth.

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A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the "N-F" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane". This is called the "initial ear position". While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:



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Cheek/Touch Position

The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the "ear reference point" or along the "N-F" line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

This test position is established:

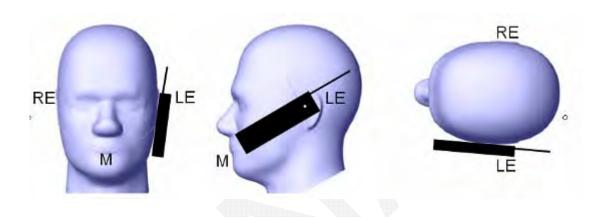
When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.

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(or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

Cheek / Touch Position



Ear/Tilt Position

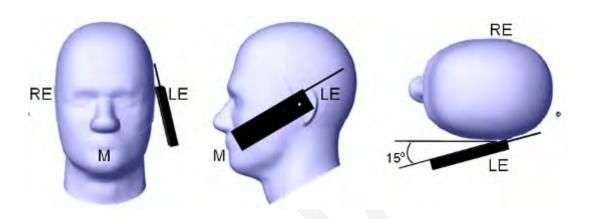
With the handset aligned in the "Cheek/Touch Position":

- 1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom's ear spacer (in the "Cheek/Touch position") and the peak SAR location for the "Cheek/Touch" position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the "initial ear position" by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.
- 2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the "test device reference point" until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point isby 15 80°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

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If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the "Cheek/Touch" and "Ear/Tilt" positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tilt/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

Ear /Tilt 15° Position



Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

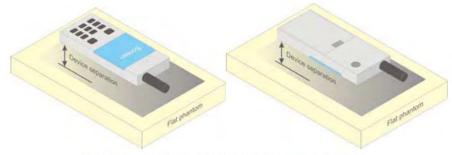


Figure 5 - Test positions for body-worn devices

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SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

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- Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or EUT and the horizontal grid spacing was 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.
- Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:
 - 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
 - 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

Test methodology

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02.

KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r02.

KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03

KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r01

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CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

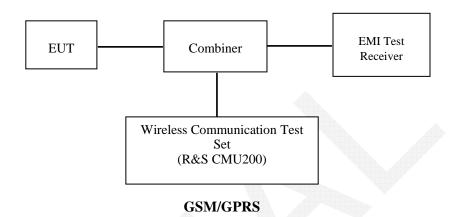
Provision Applicable

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the EMI Test Receiver through sufficient attenuation.

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Radio Configuration

The power measurement was configured by the Wireless Communication Test Set CMU200.

GSM

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900

Press Connection control to choose the different menus

Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings

Connection: Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings

Network Support > GSM + only

MS Signal

> 33 dBm for GSM 850

> 30 dBm for GSM 1900

BS Signal:Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel

Frequency Offset >+ 0 Hz

Mode > BCCH and TCH

BCCH Level > -85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stabe)

BCCH Channel >choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel)

and BCCH channel]

Channel Type > Off

P0 > 4 dB

TCH > choose desired test channel

Hopping >Off

AF/RF: Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input

Connection: Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

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GPRS

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900

Press Connection control to choose the different menus

Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings

Connection: Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings

Network Support > GSM + GPRS or GSM + EGSM

Main Service > Packet Data

Service selection > Test Mode A – Auto Slot Config. off

MS Signal:Press Slot Config Bottom on the right twice to select and change the number of time slots and power setting

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> Slot configuration > Uplink/Gamma

> 33 dBm for GPRS 850

> 30 dBm for GPRS 1900

BS Signal: Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel

Frequency Offset >+ 0 Hz

Mode >BCCH and TCH

BCCH Level >-85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stabe)

BCCH Channel > choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel]

Channel Type > Off

P0 > 4 dB

Slot Config > Unchanged (if already set under MS signal)

TCH > choose desired test channel

Hopping >Off

Main Timeslot >3

Network:Coding Scheme >CS4 (GPRS)

Bit Stream > 2E9-1 PSR Bit Stream

AF/RF: Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input Connection: Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

Maximum Target Output Power

Max Target Output Power (dBm)									
Mada/Dand	Channel								
Mode/Band	Low	Middle	High						
GSM 850	32.9	32.9	32.9						
GPRS 1 slot	32.4	32.4	32.4						
GPRS 2 slots	31.2	31.2	31.2						
GPRS 3 slots	29.9	29.9	29.9						
GPRS 4 slots	28.8	28.8	28.8						
PCS 1900	30	30	30						
GPRS 1 slot	29.5	29.5	29.5						
GPRS 2 slots	28.3	28.3	28.3						
GPRS 3 slots	27.1	27.1	27.1						
GPRS 4 slots	25.8	25.8	25.8						
Bluetooth	1.6	1.6	1.6						

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Test Results:

GSM:

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Time Based Average Power (dBm)
	128	824.2	32.8
GSM 850	190	836.6	32.8
	251	848.8	32.7
	512	1850.2	29.9
PCS 1900	661	1880	29.3
	810	1909.8	29.1

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GPRS:

D J	Channel	Frequency	RF Output Power (dBm)					
Band	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots		
	128	824.2	32.19	31.03	29.76	28.55		
GSM 850	190	836.6	32.25	31.1	29.82	28.67		
	251	848.8	32.04	30.97	29.71	28.49		
	512	1850.2	29.44	28.19	27.01	25.73		
PCS 1900	661	1880	29.07	27.95	26.86	25.4		
	810	1909.8	28.89	27.66	26.45	25.29		

For SAR, the time based average power is relevant, the difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal.

Number of Time slot	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.66	1:2
Time based Ave. power compared to slotted Ave. power	-9 dB	-6 dB	-4.25 dB	-3 dB
Crest Factor	8	4	2.66	2

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Dand	Channel	Frequency	Time based average Power (dBm)					
Вапа	Band No.		1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots		
	128	824.2	23.19	25.03	25.51	25.55		
GSM 850	190	836.6	23.25	25.1	25.57	25.67		
	251	848.8	23.04	24.97	25.46	25.49		
	512	1850.2	20.44	22.19	22.76	22.73		
PCS 1900	661	1880	20.07	21.95	22.61	22.4		
	810	1909.8	19.89	21.66	22.2	22.29		

Note:

- 1. Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester (CMU200) was used for the measurement of GSM peak and average output power for active timeslots.
 For GSM voice, 1 timeslot has been activated with power level 5 (850 MHz band) and 0 (1900 MHz
- 3. For GPRS, 1, 2, 3 and 4 timeslots has been activated separately with power level 3(850 MHz band) and 3(1900 MHz band).

Bluetooth

Mode	Channel No.	Channel frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
	0	2402	1.15
BDR(GFSK)	39	2441	1.5
	78	2480	1.16
	0	2402	0.67
EDR(4-DQPSK)	39	2441	0.88
	78	2480	0.61
	0	2402	1
EDR-8DPSK	39	2441	1.08
	78	2480	1.38

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SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

SAR Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	23-23.5 ℃
Relative Humidity:	36 %
ATM Pressure:	996 mbar

Testing was performed by Rocky Xiao on 2015-07-01

GSM 850:

EUT	Frequency	Test	Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR (W/Kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Drift (%)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	824.2	GSM	1.121	32.80	32.9	1.023	0.276	0.282	/
Left Head Cheek	836.6	GSM	1.625	32.80	32.9	1.023	0.283	0.29	1#
	848.8	GSM	-1.221	32.70	32.9	1.047	0.271	0.284	/
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Tilt	836.6	GSM	-2.99	32.80	32.9	1.023	0.175	0.179	/
	848.8	GSM	1	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Cheek	836.6	GSM	0.828	32.80	32.9	1.023	0.256	0.262	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GSM	1	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Tilt	836.6	GSM	1.687	32.80	32.9	1.023	0.168	0.172	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back-Headset (10mm)	836.6	GSM	-1.825	32.80	32.9	1.023	0.168	0.172	/
(1011111)	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Worn-Back (10mm)	824.2	GPRS	0.067	28.55	28.8	1.059	0.452	0.479	/
	836.6	GPRS	-3.172	28.67	28.8	1.03	0.477	0.491	2#
(1011111)	848.8	GPRS	3.401	28.49	28.8	1.074	0.45	0.483	/

Report No: RDG150625001-20

Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
- 4. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is > ½ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 5. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 1DL+4UL is the worst case.

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DUC	Engaran	To #4	Power	Max.	Max. Rated	1	lg SAR (V	V/Kg)	
EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Drift (%)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	1850.2	GSM	3.753	29.90	30	1.023	0.162	0.166	3#
Left Head Cheek	1880	GSM	-3.971	29.30	30	1.175	0.141	0.166	/
	1909.8	GSM	2.542	29.10	30	1.23	0.121	0.149	/
	1850.2	GSM	-0.021	29.90	30	1.023	0.081	0.083	/
Left Head Tilt	1880	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GSM	-1.784	29.90	30	1.023	0.145	0.148	/
Right Head Cheek	1880	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GSM	-2.267	29.90	30	1.023	0.082	0.084	/
Right Head Tilt	1880	GSM	/	/	/	/	1	/	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GSM	-3.348	29.90	30	1.023	0.158	0.162	/
Body-Back-Headset (10mm)	1880	GSM	/	/	1	/	/	/	/
(1011111)	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GPRS	-2.949	27.01	27.1	1.021	0.174	0.178	4#
Body-Worn-Back (10mm)	1880	GPRS	-1.073	26.86	27.1	1.057	0.16	0.169	/
(1011111)	1909.8	GPRS	1.303	26.45	27.1	1.161	0.152	0.176	/

Report No: RDG150625001-20

Note:

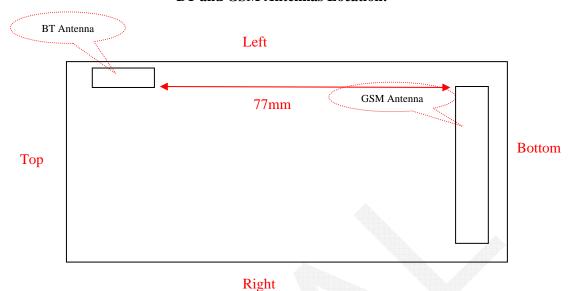
- 1. When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
- 4. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 5. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 2DL+3UL is the worst case.

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SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION

BT and GSM Antennas Location:

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Simultaneous Transmission:

Description of Simultane	Antonno Distance (mm)		
Transmitter Combination	Simultaneous?	Hotspot?	Antennas Distance (mm)
GSM + Bluetooth	1	×	77
GPRS + Bluetooth	V	×	77

Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g)	SAR Test Exclusion
Bluetooth	2450	1.6	1.45	0	0.45	3	YES

NOTE:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] \cdot [$\sqrt{f(GHz)}$] \leq 3.0 for 1-g SAR and \leq 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where 1. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.

- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
 The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
- 4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

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Standalone SAR estimation:

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Distance (mm)	Estimated 1-g (W/kg)
Bluetooth Head	2450	1.6	1.45	0	0.0603
Bluetooth Body	2450	1.6	1.45	10	0.03015

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When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance,mm)] · [$\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm;

where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion

Simultaneous SAR test exclusion considerations:

Mode (SAR1+SAR2)	Position		ted SAR V/kg)	ΣSAR < 1.6W/kg
(SARITSAR2)		SAR1	SAR2	< 1.0 W/Ng
	Left Head Cheek	0.29	0.0603	0.3503
~~~	Left Head Tilt	0.179	0.0603	0.2393
GSM 850+ Bluetooth	Right Head Cheek	0.262	0.0603	0.3223
	Right Head Tilt	0.172	0.0603	0.2323
	Body-Back-Headset	0.172	0.03015	0.20215
GPRS 850 + Bluetooth	Body-Back	0.491	0.03015	0.52115
	Left Head Cheek	0.166	0.0603	0.2263
	Left Head Tilt	0.083	0.0603	0.1433
GSM 1900+ Bluetooth	Right Head Cheek	0.148	0.0603	0.2083
Diactoon	Right Head Tilt	0.084	0.0603	0.1443
	Body-Back-Headset	0.162	0.03015	0.19215
GPRS 1900 +Bluetooth	Body-Back	0.178	0.03015	0.20815

#### **Conclusion:**

 $\Sigma$  SAR < 1.6 W/kg therefore simultaneous transmission SAR with Volume Scans is **not** required.

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# SAR Plots (Summary of the Highest SAR Values)

Test Laboratory:Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

#### Test Plot 1: GSM 850-Left Head Check Middle Channel

DUT: Ram Plus; Type: E300

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.893 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 42.875$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Left Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.52, 9.52, 9.52); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Report No: RDG150625001-20

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Head/Left Cheek/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.155 W/kg

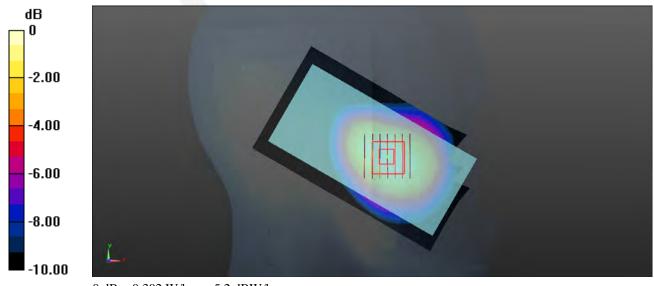
Head/Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.591 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.600 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.283 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.188 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.302 W/kg



0 dB = 0.302 W/kg = -5.2 dBW/kg

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### Test Plot 2: GSM 850 Body-Back-Worn Middle Channel

#### DUT: Ram Plus; Type: E300

Communication System: GPRS 850-4 SLOT; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.976$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 55.104$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(9.17, 9.17, 9.17); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Report No: RDG150625001-20

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**Body/Back/Area Scan (61x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.263 W/kg

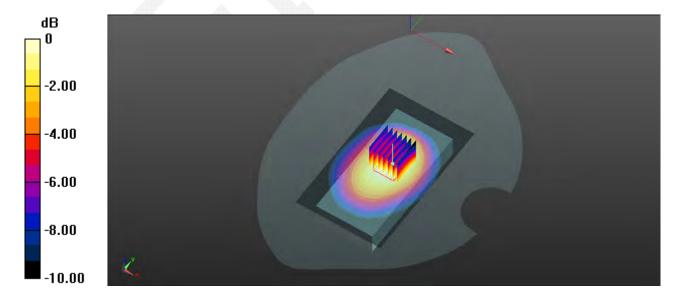
Body/Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.17 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.646 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.477 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.335 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.507 W/kg



0 dB = 0.253 W/kg = -2.95 dBW/kg

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#### Test Laboratory:Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

#### Test Plot 3: PCS 1900 Left-Head-Check Low Channel

#### **DUT: Ram Plus; Type: E300**

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.36 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 39.844;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m 3 

Phantom section: Left Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(8.12, 8.12, 8.12); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26

• Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Report No: RDG150625001-20

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Head/Left Cheek/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0820 W/kg

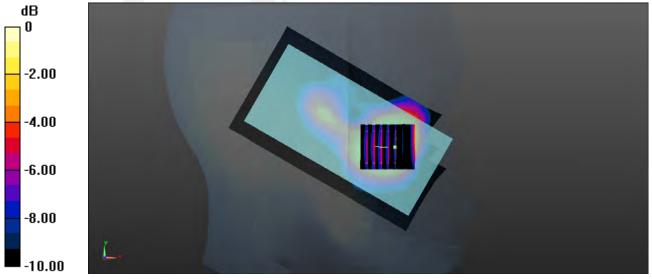
Head/Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.674 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.234 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.162 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.093 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.161 W/kg



0 dB = 0.161 W/kg = -7.93 dBW/kg

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#### Test Laboratory:Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

#### Test Plot 4: PCS 1900 Body-Back-Worn Low Channel

#### **DUT: Ram Plus; Type: E300**

Communication System: GPRS 1900-3 SLOT; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.67

Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.48 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 55.259$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.85, 7.85, 7.85); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Report No: RDG150625001-20

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**Body/Back/Area Scan (61x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.108 W/kg

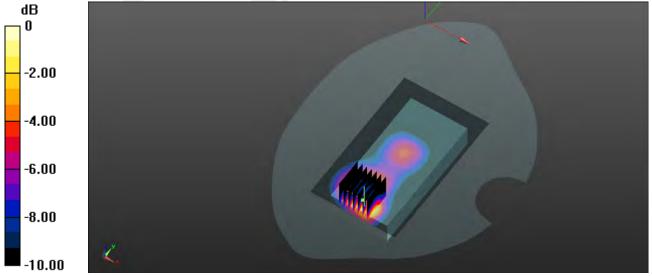
Body/Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.594 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.311 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.174 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.091 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.193 W/kg



0 dB = 0.193 W/kg = -7.14 dBW/kg

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# APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Report No: RDG150625001-20

## Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Disisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
		Measuremer	nt system		•	•	•
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambientconditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions-reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2
		Test sample	erelated			_	_
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9
		Phantom an	d set-up				
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.3	23.9

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# Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEC62209-2 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Disisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
	<u> </u>	Measuremer	it system		I	<u> </u>	L
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Modulation Response	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambientconditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2
		Test sample	e related				
Device holder Uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Power scaling	4.5	R	√3	1	1	2.6	2.6
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9
		Phantom an	d set-up				
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3
Algorithm for correcting SAR for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.1	0.9
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Temp. unc Conductivity	1.7	R	√3	0.78	0.71	0.8	0.7
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.3	R	√3	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.1
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)		_				24.5	24.2

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#### APPENDIX B – PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalennage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Report No: RDG150625001-20

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client BACL China (Vitec)

Certificate No: EX3-7329_Feb15

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:7329

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01,v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date. February 5, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceubility to retional standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).

The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID:	Cat Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power mister E44199	GB41293874	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915)	Apr-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-D1919)	Apr-15
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	63-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 660	14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660 Jan15)	Jan-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

Name	Function	Signatury
Claudio Leubler	Laboratory Technicien	
Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	Se let
		Issued February 9, 2015
	Claudio Leubler	Claudio Leubler Laboratory Technicien

Certificate No: EX3-7329_Feb15

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalennage
Servizie svizzero di turatura
Swiss Calibration Service

Report No: RDG150625001-20

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service Is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificales

#### Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A. B. C. D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 3 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center).

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques," June 2013.
- Techniques", June 2013
  b) IEC 62209-1, Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx, y, z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz; R22 waveguide).
   NORMx, y, z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx, y, z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
  implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
  in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z, Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z; A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NDRMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe to
  (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No EX3-7329_Feb15

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EX3DV4 - SN:7329 February 5, 2015

Report No: RDG150625001-20

# Probe EX3DV4

SN:7329

Manufactured: December 11, 2014 Calibrated: February 5, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: EX3-7329_Feb15

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February 5, 2015

Report No: RDG150625001-20

# EX3DV4-SN:7329

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7329

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (µV/(V/m) ² ) ^A	0.48	0.43	0.46	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ⁸	96.7	97.6	94.2	

#### **Modulation Calibration Parameters**

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	137.9	±3.0 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		147.0	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		150.5	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

Uncertainty is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

Report No: RDG150625001-20

February 5, 2015 EX3DV4- SN:7329

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7329

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
900	41.5	0.97	9.52	9.52	9.52	0.40	0.86	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.12	8.12	8.12	0.29	0.90	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.88	7.88	7.88	0.68	0.61	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.06	7.06	7.06	0.33	0.84	± 12.0 %

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RISS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

**At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (c and a) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (c and a) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

**AlphaDepth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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EX3DV4- SN:7329

Report No: RDG150625001-20

February 5, 2015

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7329

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
900	55.0	1.05	9.17	9.17	9.17	0.41	0.90	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	7.85	7.85	7.85	0.70	0.64	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.56	7.56	7.56	0.56	0.70	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.20	7.20	7.20	0.78	0.59	± 12.0 %

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

*At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (c and α) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (c and α) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

*Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration, SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

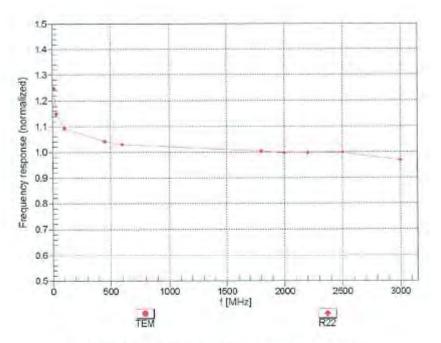
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EX3DV4- SN:7329 February 5, 2015

# Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

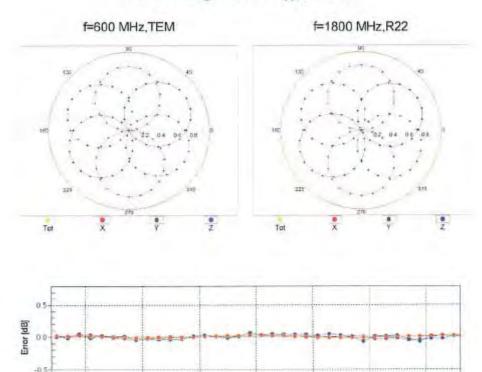
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EX3DV4- SN:7329 February 5, 2015

# Receiving Pattern (\$\phi\$), 9 = 0°



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

1800 MHZ

600 MHz

100 MHz

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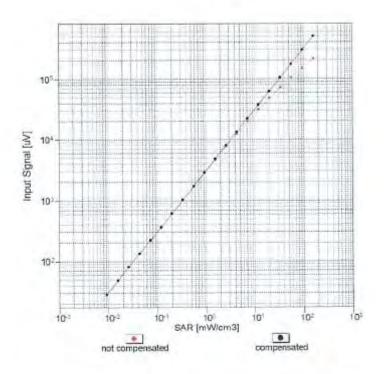
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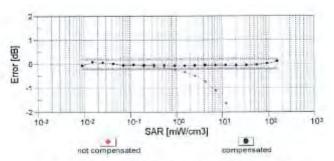
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# Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)



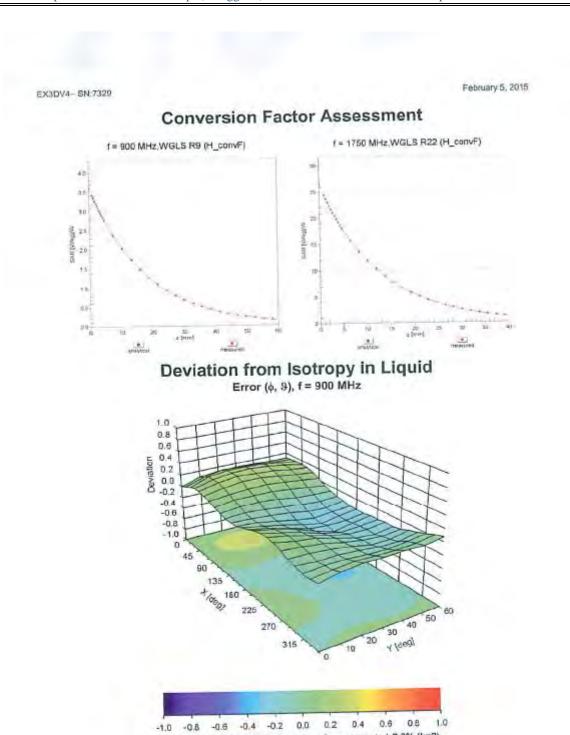


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

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Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

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February 5, 2015

Report No: RDG150625001-20

EX3DV4- SN:7329

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7329

#### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (*)	24.5
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

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### APPENDIX C DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

#### **NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES**

Report No: RDG150625001-20

Calibration File No: DC-1599 Project Number: BAC-dipole-cal-5779

# CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole(Head and Body)

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories Part number: ALS-D-835-S-2 Frequency: 835 MHz Serial No: 180-00558

Customer: Bay Area Compliance Laboratory (China)

Calibrated: 8th October 2014 Released on: 8th October 2014

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

ite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr. Kanata, ONTARIO CANADA K2K 3J1 Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 435-8300 FAX: (613)435-8306

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

#### Conditions

Dipole 180-00558 was received with a damaged connection for a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C Temperature of the Tissue: 21 °C +/- 0.5°C

#### Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Report No: RDG150625001-20

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Maryna Nesterova Calibration Engineer

#### **Primary Measurement Standards**

 Instrument
 Serial Number
 Cal due date

 Tektronix USB Power Meter
 11C940
 May 14, 2015

 Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C
 002106
 Feb. 20, 2015

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

# **Calibration Results Summary**

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

#### **Mechanical Dimensions**

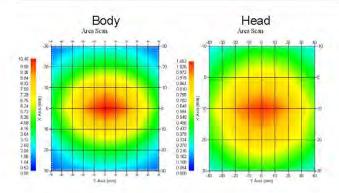
**Length:** 162.2 mm **Height:** 89.4 mm

#### **Electrical Specification**

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	835 MHz	1.066 U	-30.344 dB	49.001 Ω
Body	835 MHz	1.089 U	-28.118 dB	53.117 Ω

#### System Validation Results

Tissue	Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak
Head	835 MHz	9.773	6.174	14.713
Body	835 MHz	9.736	6.297	14.513



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Report No: RDG150625001-20

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

#### Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole 180-00558. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 30 MHz to 6 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 225.

#### References

- IEC-62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and bodymounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"
- Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for handheld devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)"
- TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field probe calibration procedure
- D22-012-Tissue dielectric tissue calibration procedure
- D28-002-Dipole procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole
- IEEE 1309 Draft Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9kHz to 40GHz

#### Conditions

Dipole 180-00558 was repaired prior to this calibration. The repair reliability depends upon correct usage of the dipole.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C Temperature of the Tissue: 20 °C +/- 0.5°C

#### **Dipole Calibration uncertainty**

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

Mechanical1%Positioning Error1.22%Electrical1.7%Tissue2.2%Dipole Validation2.2%

TOTAL 8.32% (16.64% K=2)

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

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# NCL Calibration Laboratories Division of APREL Laboratories.

# **Dipole Calibration Results**

#### **Mechanical Verification**

APREL	APREL	Measured	Measured
Length	Height	Length	Height
161.0 mm	89.8 mm	162.2 mm	89.4 mm

#### **Electrical Verification**

Tissue Type	Return Loss:	SWR:	Impedance:
Head	-30.344 dB	1.066 U	49.001Ω
Body	-28.118 dB	1.089 U	53.117 Ω 🗆

#### **Tissue Validation**

	Dielectric constant, sr	Conductivity, o [S/m]
Head Tissue 835MHz	43.42	0.94
Body Tissue 835MHz	55.77	1.01

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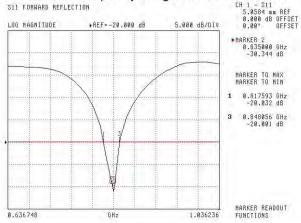
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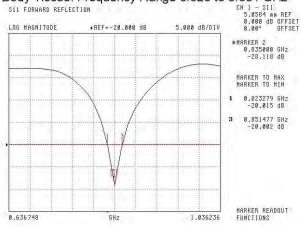
The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

#### **S11 Parameter Return Loss**

#### Head Tissue: Frequency Range 0.817 to 0.848 GHz



#### Body Tissue: Frequency Range 0.823 to 0.851 GHz

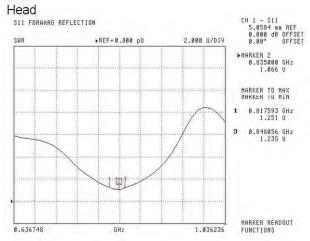


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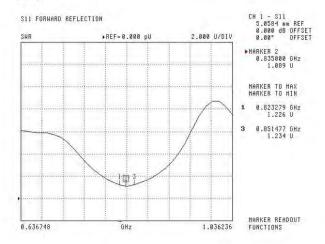
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#### SWR



#### Body

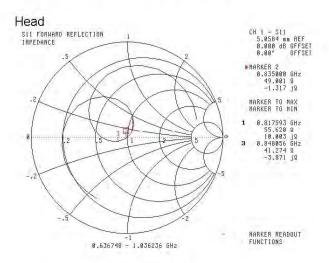


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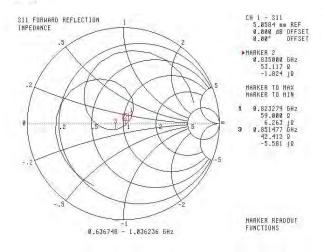
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Division of APREL Laboratories.

## Smith Chart Dipole Impedance



#### Body



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Division of APREL Laboratories.

# **Test Equipment**

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List 2014.

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

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#### **NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES**

Report No: RDG150625001-20

Calibration File No: DC-1601 Project Number: BAC-dipole -cal-5779

## CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole (Head & Body)

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories
Part number: ALS-D-1900-S-2
Frequency: 1900 MHz
Serial No: 210-00710

Customer: Bay Area Compliance Laboratory (China)

Calibrated: 9th October, 2014 Released on: 9th October, 2014

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Suite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr. Kanata, ONTARIO CANADA K2K 3J1 Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 435-8300 FAX: (613)435-8306

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#### Conditions

Dipole 210-00710 was received in good condition and was a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C Temperature of the Tissue: 21 °C +/- 0.5°C

#### Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Report No: RDG150625001-20

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Maryna Nesterova ¢alibration Engineer

#### **Primary Measurement Standards**

 Instrument
 Serial Number
 Cal due date

 Tektronix USB Power Meter
 11 C940
 May 14, 2015

 Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C
 002106
 Feb. 20, 2015

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

#### **Calibration Results Summary**

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

#### **Mechanical Dimensions**

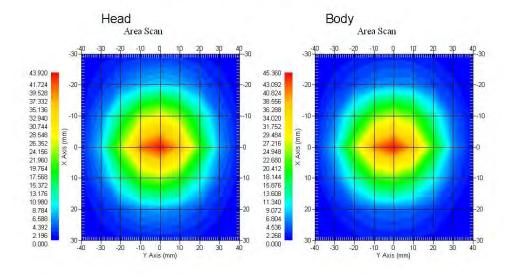
**Length:** 67.1 mm **Height:** 38.9 mm

**Electrical Specification** 

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	1900MHz	1.084 U	-27.92 dB	52.247 Ω
Body	1900MHz	1.128 U	-24.40 dB	52.618 Ω

#### **System Validation Results**

Ti	ssue	Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak
H	lead	1900 MHz	39.481	20.44	73.364
E	Body	1900 MHz	39.715	20.552	73.565



This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

#### Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole 210-00710. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 30 MHz to 6 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 225.

#### References

- IEC-62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and bodymounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"
- Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for handheld devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)"
- TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field probe calibration procedure
- D22-012-Tissue dielectric tissue calibration procedure
- D28-002-Dipole procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole
- IEEE 1309 Draft Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9kHz to 40GHz

#### Conditions

Dipole 210-00710 was a recalibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C Temperature of the Tissue: 20 °C +/- 0.5°C

#### Dipole Calibration uncertainty

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

Mechanical1%Positioning Error1.22%Electrical1.7%Tissue2.2%Dipole Validation2.2%

TOTAL 8.32% (16.64% K=2)

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

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# **Dipole Calibration Results**

#### **Mechanical Verification**

APREL	APREL	Measured	Measured
Length	Height	Length	Height
68.0 mm	39.5 mm	67.1mm	38.9 mm

## **Electrical Validation**

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	1900MHz	1.084 U	-27.92 dB	52.247 Ω
Body	1900MHz	1.128 U	-24.40 dB	52.618 Ω

#### **Tissue Validation**

	Dielectric constant, sr	Conductivity, o [S/m]
Head Tissue 1900MHz	40.20	1.38
Body Tissue 1900MHz	52.63	1.46

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

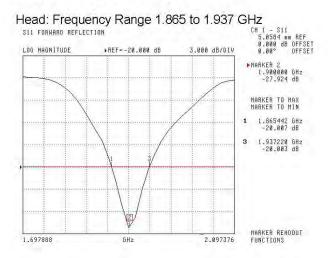
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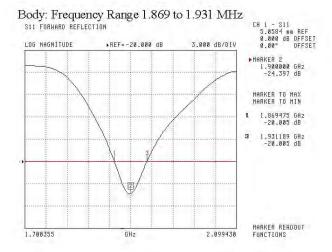
5

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The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

#### S11 Parameter Return Loss



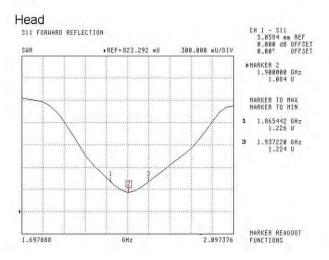


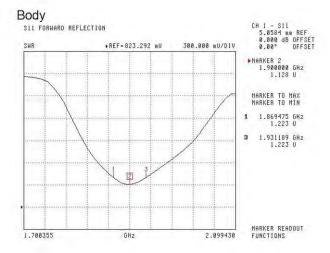
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#### SWR



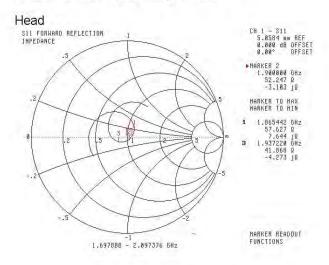


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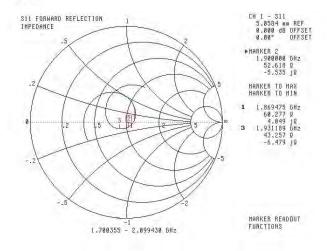
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## Smith Chart Dipole Impedance



#### Body



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# **Test Equipment**

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List 2014

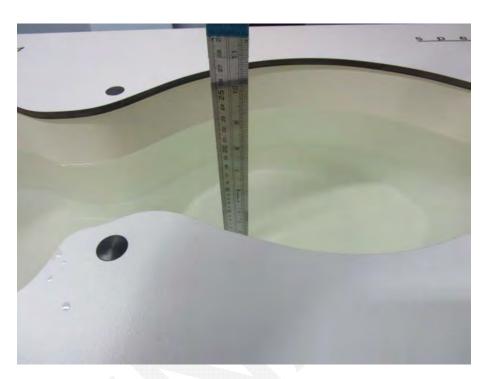
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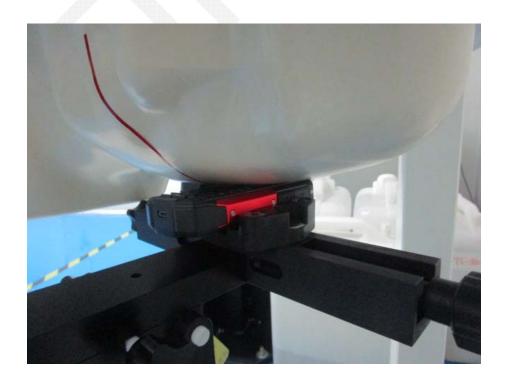
9

# APPENDIX D EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS

# $Liquid\ depth \geq 15cm$

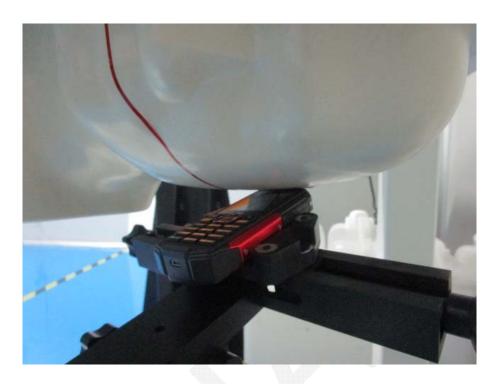


**Left Head Cheek** 

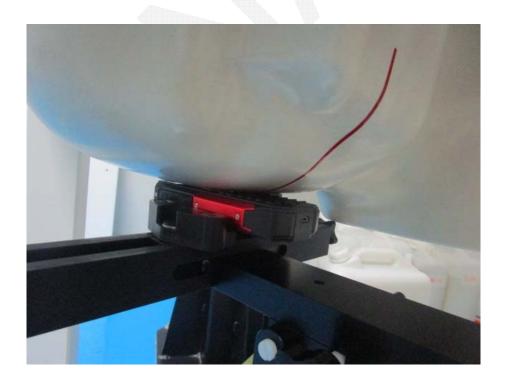


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# **Left Head Tilt**

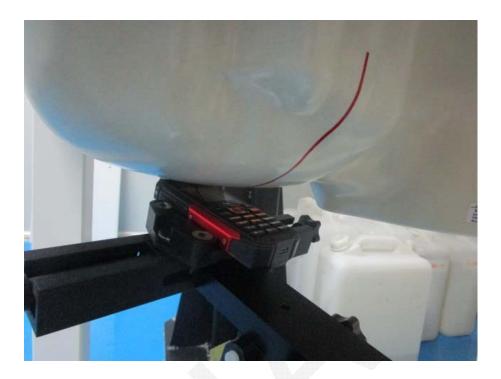


**Right Head Cheek** 

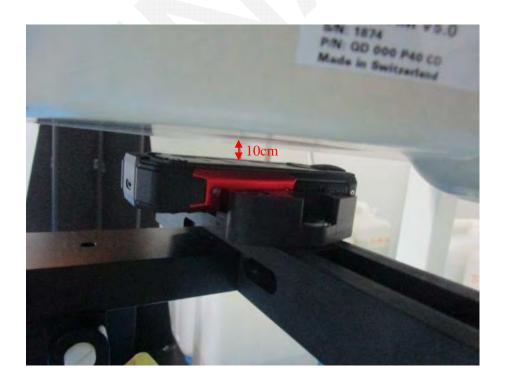


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# **Right Head Tilt**



Body -Worn-Back (10mm)



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# Body-Back-Headset (10mm)

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## **APPENDIX E EUT PHOTOS**

#### **EUT – Front View**



**EUT - Back View** 



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## **EUT –Left Side View**



EUT – Right Side View



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# EUT –Top Side View



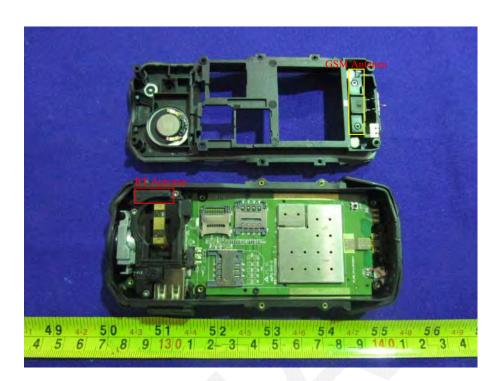
**EUT – Bottom Side View** 



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# **EUT – Uncover View**

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***** END OF REPORT *****

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