

## **FCC ID: Y4B-ACM1110**

### **FCC 15.247 Certification Information**

### **Operational Description**

#### **1. Circuit Principle:**

The ACM1110 product incorporates a Texas Instruments CC1110 system-on-chip radio transceiver. This implements a direct down conversion radio transceiver operating in the 900MHz ISM band. The maximum transmitter output power of this device is 10dBm. The AIC-EGW devices utilize a wideband digital modulation physical layer with the addition of a carrier sense multiple access (CSMA) medium access control (MAC) layer on each frequency channel. The data transmission rate is set to 100kpbs maximum.

Modulation	2-FSK, 240Khz frequency deviation
Radio Type	Low-IF Super heterodyne
Data rate	100kbps
Radio IF Frequency	270.13Khz (fixed)
Signal RF Bandwidth (6db)	540Khz
Maximum transmit power	5dBm
RF transmit frequencies	$908.40 + 1.123*n$ MHz (where $0 \leq n < 10$ )
RF channel spacing	1123.54Khz
Maximum packet size	1392 bits
MAC protocol	Carrier sense multiple access (CSMA)
PHY protocol	Digital modulation spread spectrum ( $>500$ Khz)

Table 1 Transmitter Details of Operation

Frequency channel	Transmitter Base Channel frequency (MHz)	Receiver Base Channel frequency (MHz)	Frequency channel	Transmitter Base Channel frequency (MHz)	Receiver Base Channel frequency (MHz)
1	908.40	908.40	6	914.02	914.02
2	909.52	909.52	7	915.14	915.14
3	910.65	910.65	8	916.26	916.26
4	911.77	911.77	9	917.38	917.38
5	912.89	912.89	10	918.50	918.50
			11	919.65	919.65

Table 2 Radio Frequency Channels

#### **2. Radio Signal Flow and Baseband Operations:**

The Radio is based on the Texas Instrument CC1110 system-on-chip (SoC) module. The CC1110 features a low-IF receiver. The received RF signal is amplified by the low noise

amplifier (LNA) and down-converted in quadrature (I and Q) to the intermediate frequency (IF). At IF, the I/Q signals are digitized by the ADCs. Automatic gain control (AGC), fine channel filtering, demodulation, and bit/packet synchronization is performed digitally.

The transmitter part of the CC1110 is based on direct synthesis of the RF frequency. The frequency synthesizer includes a complete on-chip LC VCO and a 90 degrees phase shifter for generating the I and Q signals to the down-conversion.

### **3. Antenna:**

There are two supported antenna options

Option 1: The module is a connected attached to a  $\frac{1}{4}$  wavelength monopole. The antenna is permanently affixed to the PCB with a solder junction.

Option 2: The antenna is connected through a coaxial connector on the PCB. The connector is a U.FL or compatible type. This supports a cabled connection to one of the validated third party antenna equipment types.