

6. Measurement Data (continued)

6.11. Public Exposure to Radio Frequency Energy Levels (1.1307 (b)(1))

RSS-GEN 5.5, RSS 102

6.11.1. MPE Power Density Table.

| Channel | MPE Distance (cm) | DUT Output Power (dBm) | DUT Antenna Gain (dBi) | Power Density | | Limit (mW/cm ²) | Result |
|---------|-------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|
| | | | | (mW/cm ²) | (W/m ²) | | |
| | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | | (5) | |
| TX4 | 20 | 18.00 | 3.00 | 0.025 | 0.250 | 1 | Compliant |
| TX2 | 20 | 17.91 | 3.00 | 0.025 | 0.245 | 1 | Compliant |
| TX0 | 20 | 17.83 | 3.00 | 0.024 | 0.241 | 1 | Compliant |

$$PD = \frac{OP + AG}{(4 \times \pi \times d^2)}$$

PD = Power Density
 OP = DUT Output Power (dBm)
 AG = Antenna Gain (dBi)
 D = MPE Distance

1. Reference CFR 2.1093(b): For purposes of this section, a portable device is defined as a transmitting device designed to be used so that the radiating structure(s) of the device is/are within 20 centimeters of the body of the user.
2. Section 6.3 of this test report.
3. Data supplied by the client.
4. Power density is calculated from conducted power output measurement and antenna gain.
5. Reference CFR 1.1310, Table 1: Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE), Section (B): Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure.