

Product Name: 5.8G 4dBi Rubber Antenna Product model: TCTQ5800-4V60Z



Electrical Specifications				
Model	TCTQ5800-4V60Z			
FreqRange	5100-5900MHz			
Gain	4.5±0.5dBi			
Horizontal Beamwidth	360°			
Vertical Beamwidth	$60\pm15^{\circ}$			
VSWR	≤1.8			
Impedance	50 Ω			
Polarization	vertical			
Max. Power	50W			
Connector	RP-SMA-J			
Mechanical Specifications				
mm(Dimension)	196 x21.5x13 mm			
kg(Weight0)	25g			
material	copper			
Radome Color	Black			
Radome material	PC+PBT			
Operating temperaturec	-40~55 °			





1.Antenna Dimensions





1. Scope of application

The terminal rubber antenna is suitable for wireless transmission such as WLAN WIMAX, and the operating frequency is in the 5G band, which is convenient and quick to use.

2. Electrical performance test test method

The measurement block diagram is shown in Figure 1. The antenna test simulation diagram. The antenna farfield test system is a set of equipment that automatically completes the antenna's far-field measurement task under the control of a PC. The microcomputer outputs four control signals to the corresponding servo driver through the interface, respectively controls the movement of the azimuth axis, polarization axis and the polarization axis of the transmitting antenna of the antenna under test, and realizes the control of the 5071B vector network analyzer through the IEEE-488 interface. , complete the collection of the amplitude and phase signals of the antenna under test, and analyze the characteristic parameters of the antenna's far-field radiation field to obtain the antenna direction coefficient (or gain), half-power lobe width, arbitrary level lobe width, zero position and A series of parameters such as the position of each side lobe and the corresponding level value, the zero value depth of the monopulse antenna, and the difference slope.



Figure 1 Antenna test block diagram



1. The measurement block diagram is shown in Figure 1. Measurement steps:

(1) The antenna under test is aligned with the same polarization as the source antenna, and the antenna under test is connected with the receiver through switching;

(2) The antenna under test is rotated 360° around the vertical axis on the test turntable, and the received level is recorded as a function of the angle, and the horizontal beam width of the antenna is obtained from the curve;

(3) The antenna under test and the source antenna are rotated 90° at the same time, and the vertical beam width of the antenna can be measured by the same method;

(4) In order to express the radiation characteristics of the antenna in a given frequency band, the horizontal and vertical beamwidths of at least three frequency points, high, medium and low, are measured in the working frequency band.

The direction diagram of the test is as follows





E- Plane

H- Plane



Standing wave ratio measurement

The measurement block diagram is shown in Figure 2.



Figure 2 Antenna VSWR measurement block diagram

Measurement conditions: The antenna under test should be installed in a free space or simulated free space (no echo chamber) that is relatively free of reflection and far enough away from the measuring equipment and the measuring personnel. The inspection method is as follows: when the antenna under test (including its Bracket structure) move at least half a wavelength in 8 horizontal directions separated by 45°, and when moving up and down by half a wavelength, if the change of the voltage standing wave ratio is less than 10%, the test field is considered to be qualified.

Measurement steps:

(1) Install the antenna under test in a free space or simulated free space that meets the measurement conditions;

(2) The test port uses a short circuit or an open circuit to replace the antenna under test for system calibration;
(3) Connect the test port to the antenna under test, and directly read the VSWR or return loss of the antenna under test on the display. The standing wave test data are shown in Table 2 and the standing wave diagram.







testing regulations

Inspection classification: product inspection is divided into two types: type inspection (routine inspection) and factory inspection (delivery inspection).

Type inspection: conduct a comprehensive inspection of the indicators specified in the technical conditions of the product, generally once every two years. Type inspection must be carried out when one of the following situations is encountered:

(1) Trial type identification of new products or old products transferred to factories;

(2) After the official production, if there are major changes in the structure, material and process, which may affect the performance of the product;

(3) After the product has been discontinued for a long time, when the production is resumed;

(4) When there is a big difference between the factory inspection results and the last type inspection;

(5) When the state or industry quality supervision agency deems it necessary.

The type inspection adopts one sampling according to GB 2829: n=3, Ac=0, Re=1, the discrimination level is III, and the quality level (RQL) of the unqualified level is 65.

The factory inspection items should be carried out according to the provisions of Table 4.

 Table 4 Factory inspection items, qualified quality level and inspection level

Check item	skills requirement	AQL	Check level
General Structural Requirements	Refer to Antenna Specifications	6.5	II
VSWR	Refer to Antenna Specifications	2.5	S-3

5. Marking, packaging, transportation, storage

6.1 Logo

Products should have product logo and outer packaging logo.

There should be a product mark on the antenna, the basic content of which is: Manufacturer's name: Product Name: Trademark:



Product Model: Frequency Band, Gain: Inspection pass mark.

The outer packaging mark shall comply with the relevant provisions of Chapter II of GB 191-90.

6.1 Packaging

The basic content of the packaging requirements shall comply with the provisions in GB 3873-83. The documents that come with the product are:

Product certification;

Product manual in Chinese; packing list;

list of accessories;

Other relevant technical information.

6.2 Transport

The antenna can be transported by means of transportation such as airplanes, cars, trains, ships, etc. During transportation, avoid large vibrations and collisions as much as possible, and abide by the regulations on the signs outside the box.

6.3 Storage

Packaged products should be placed in a ventilated and dry warehouse without acid, alkaline and other corrosive gases in the surrounding air. The storage period is not more than two years, and if the storage exceeds two years, it needs to be re-measured and can be used after passing the inspection.



Damp heat resistance, high temperature, low temperature, high and low temperature test report

Test product	Rubber Antenna Elem	ent	ſ	Model/Scation	Specifi	тстq5	800-4V60Z	
device name	Constant Device temperature model test box		manut e num	factur Iber		<u> </u>	Number of samples	5
Pilot projects	Damp heat resistance temperature test	test High te	mpera	ture te	st Low		High and lo temperatu	ow re test
experiment method	Put the sample into th constant temperature experimental box, adjust the temperature to 50 ° C, humidity is 100% RH The test was performed by placing in an incubator for 96 hours.	e Put the sam a constant temperature adjust the temperature °C, and p in the cons temperature for 24 houre	mple in re tal box re to 8 lace it stant re box rs for	n Put tl the c temp adjus 5 temp °C, s the c temp for 24	he sam onstant erature rimenta t the erature and pla onstant erature t hours ng.	ple into t l box, to -20 ce it in t box for	Put the sar the consta temperatur experimen and adjust temperatur +88°C for 3 minutes, a -25°C for 3 a total of 5 testing.	mple into nt re tal box the re to 30 nd then at 0 minutes, cycles for
test date								
Humidity in the test chamber (%RH)	95% RH							
Temperature inside the test chamber (°C)	50 ℃	85 °C	2		-20 °C		+88℃、	-25℃
Continuous test time (h)	96 h	24 1	ו		24h		High and le temperatur minutes ea cycle 5 tim	ow re for 30 ach, total es
Recovery time (h)	1.5 h	1 h			1 h		1	h
Test Standard	The temperature is 40±2°C, and the relative humidity is 90 95% in an incubator fo 96 hours, and it is recovered at room temperature for 1-2 hours.	The tempe is 80±5°C, - in the incu orof 24 hours, r at room temperatu 1-2 hours.	rature placed bator recove re for	The t a cor temp r 24 hc recov temp hours	empera 3 °C, pl estant erature ours, an vered at erature s.	ture is aced in box of d room for 1-2	Keep it for minutes at temperatur +85°C, and keep it for minutes at temperatur 25°C, for a cycles.	30 a re of then 30 a re of - total of 5
							warm up fo hours.	or 1-2



test results			
Test sample number	Outcome assessment	Remark	
Q-01	qualified		
Q-02	qualified		



5. Pull test report



深圳市天磁通科技有限公司

thrust test report

Pull (Push) Force	test	201711	09002			
Test	number					
TCTQ5800-4V60Z	Product Specificati	SMA Jack the glue	Under			
2017/11/9	样品数量	5P0	cs			
测试示意图 Will of the left of the l			equipment, he product,			
and confirm whether the test data meets the test standard and judge the product as OK or NG according to the test						
	Pull (Push) Force Test TCTQ5800-4V60Z 2017/11/9 测试示意图 During the test, clam twist the screw to pu and confirm whether and judge the produc	Pull (Push) Force test Test number TCTQ5800-4V60Z Product Specificati ons Ons muthal structure Muthal for the structure product During the test, clamp the product twist the screw to pull the product and confirm whether the test data and judge the product as OK or	Pull (Push) Force test 201711 Test number TCTQ5800-4V60Z Product SMA Jack Specification Specification Ons ons ons 2017/11/9 样品数量 5Pc 测试示意图 Juin Specification Specification During the test, clamp the product into the test twist the screw to pull the product away from the and confirm whether the test data meets the test and judge the product as OK or NG according to the product as OK or NG according			



	4 T he hel				
lest location and	1. The hold	aing force o		c and the lo	wer part (plastic
standard:	part)≥8kg				
sample code	1	2	3	4	5
test value	8.4kg	9.3kg	9.5kg	9.4kg	9.9kg
	The SMA	The SMA	The SMA	The SMA	The SMA and the
result	and the	and the	and the	and the	lower solid are
	lower	lower	lower	lower	not separated
	solid are	solid are	solid are	solid are	
	not	not	not	not	
	separated	separated	separated	separated	
determination	ок	ок	ок	ок	ок



r	1			
		_		
Comprehensive	OK		NG	
iudament				
Jac g				
Remark:				

Reviewer: Huang Wei

Inspector: Liang Xiaofen