Technical Note

Subject: FCC Submission - Telecell RF Radiation Exposure Levels

Date: 18 May 2010 Document ref: LLT167 01

1 Summary

This document outlines RF radiation exposure level calculations for the NEMA and Conduit Telecells. Levels are specified as a power density.

Limits are those defined in FCC § 1.1310 Radio frequency radiation exposure limits.

In summary, the RF radiation exposure levels at a distance of 20 cm are below the specified FCC limits.

2 FCC § 1.1310 Limits

2.1 Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposures

This is appropriate for the Telecells since they are deployed by trained personnel and fixed to the top of streetlight luminaires.

Limit:

$$PD_{\text{lim}} = \frac{f}{300}$$
 mW/cm², where f is the frequency in MHz.

At the minimum frequency of 910.5 MHz, the limit is 3.03 mW/cm².

3 RF Radiated Exposure Calculations

3.1 Power Density Expression

The power density, PD, at a range R from the transmitter with an effective isotropic radiated power EIRP, is given by:

$$PD = \frac{EIRP}{4\pi R^2}.$$

To calculate the closest range at which the power density reaches the FCC limits, the following expression is used.

$$R = \sqrt{\frac{EIRP}{4\pi PD_{\lim}}} \ .$$

3.1.1 Power Density at 20 cm

A worst case EIRP of 100 mW is assumed for the Telecell. At 20 cm, the power density is $0.02~\text{mW/cm}^2$, which is below the FCC limit of $3.03~\text{mW/cm}^2$. This is based on a duty cycle of 100%. However, during normal operation, the transmit duty cycle will typically be less than 1% when averaged over a 30 minute period which will mean that in practice the averaged power density will be closer to 0.0002mW/cm^2 .

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3.1.2 Minimum safe distance

Assuming a worst case EIRP of 100 mW and a duty cycle of 1%, the power density meets the FCC limit at a distance of 0.16 cm.