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TEST REPORT

Part 15 Subpart B&C 15.247

Equipment under test	Portable SKIN/HAIR Diagnosis System
Model name	APSII
FCC ID	XYCAPSII
Applicant	Aram Huvis Co., Ltd.
Manufacturer	Aram Huvis Co., Ltd.
Date of test(s)	2012.11.17 ~ 2012.12.03
Date of issue	2012.12.10

Issued to

Aram Huvis Co., Ltd.
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Issued by

KES Co., Ltd.
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Test and report completed by :	**Report approval by :**
	
J.J. Lee Test engineer	Gyu-cheol Shin Technical manager

Revision history

Revision	Date of issue	Test report No.	Description
-	2012.12.10	KES-RF-120084	Initial

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0 General product description 4
1.1 Test frequency 4
1.2 Information about variant model 4
1.3 Device modifications 4
1.4 Device Information 4
1.5 Test facility 5
1.6 Laboratory accreditations and listings 5
2.0 Summary of tests 6
2.1 Test data 7
2.1.1 Pre-scanned output power 7
2.1.2 6 dB bandwidth 8
2.1.3 Output power 15
2.1.4 Power spectral density 17
2.1.5 Radiated spurious emissions and conducted spurious emissions 24
2.1.6 AC conducted emissions 54
Appendix A. Test equipment used for test 57

1.0 General product description

Equipment under test	Portable SKIN/HAIR Diagnosis System
Model name	APSII
Serial number	N/A
Frequency Range	2 412 ㎒ ~ 2 462 ㎒(802.11 b/g/n_HT20) // 2 422 ㎒ ~ 2 452 ㎒(802.11 n_HT40) 2 402 ㎒ ~ 2 480 ㎒(Bluetooth BDR & EDR)
Modulation technique	DSSS, OFDM, GFSK, 8DPSK
Number of channels	11(802.11 b/g/n_HT20) // 7(802.11 n_HT40) // 79(Bluetooth BDR & EDR)
Antenna type & gain	Fixed type(Chip antenna) // 0.9 ㏈i
Power source	DC 3.7 V

1.1 Test frequency

- 802.11 b/g/n_HT20

	Low channel	**Middle channel**	**High channel**
Frequency (㎒)	2 412	2 437	2 462

- 802.11 n_HT40

	Low channel	**Middle channel**	**High channel**
Frequency (㎒)	2 422	2 437	2 452

1.2 Information about variant model

N/A

1.3 Device modifications

N/A

1.4 Device Information

-The average output power is < 60/f(㎓) calculated result and RF exposure evaluation is passed.
-The device transmits simultaneously for WiFi & Bluetooth.

1.5 Test facility

C3701 Dongil Techno Town, 889-1, Gwanyang 2-dong, Dongan-gu, Anyang-si, Gyeonggi-do, 431-716, Korea
477-6, Hageo-ri, Yeoju-eup, Yeoju-gun, Gyeonggi-do, 469-803, Korea

The open area test site is constructed in conformance with the requirements ANSI C63.4-2003.

1.6 Laboratory accreditations and listings

Country	Agency	Scope of accreditation	Certificate No.
USA	FCC	3 & 10 meter Open Area Test Sites and one conducted site to perform FCC Part 15/18 measurements.	343818
KOREA	KC	EMI (10 meter Open Area Test Site and two conducted sites) Radio (3 & 10 meter Open Area Test Sites and one conducted site)	KR0100
CANADA	IC	3 & 10 meter Open Area Test Sites and one conducted site	4769B-1

2.0 Summary of tests

Section in FCC Part 15	Parameter	Status
15.247(a)(2)	6 dB bandwidth	C
15.247(b)(3)	Output power	C
15.247(e)	Power spectral density	C
15.205, 15.209	Radiated spurious emission and conducted spurious emission	C
15.207	AC conducted emissions	C
Note: C=Complies NC=Not complies NT=Not tested NA=Not applicable		

Statement;

The measurement procedures described in the American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emission from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 ㎑ to 40 ㎓ (ANSI C63.4-2003) and the guidance provided in KDB 558074 D01 v02 (10/04/2012) were used in the measurement of the DUT.

2.1 Test data

2.1.1 Pre-scanned output power

Preliminary tests were performed in different data rate as below table and the highest power data rates(802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n(HT20 // HT40)) were chosen for full test in the following section to demonstrate compliance to the FCC limit line.

Test mode	Detector mode	Conducted power(dB m)			
		Data rate(Mbps)			
		1	2	5.5	11
802.11b	Peak	**11.119**	11.017	10.461	11.071
(Middle channel)	Average	**8.424**	8.341	8.322	8.394

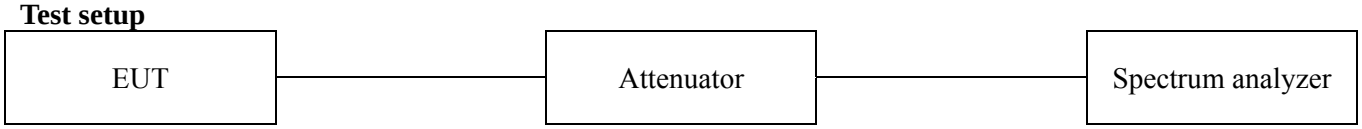
Test mode	Detector mode	Conducted power(dB m)							
		Data rate(Mbps)							
		6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54
802.11g	Peak	18.600	17.800	18.155	17.144	**18.606**	18.312	17.967	18.131
(Middle channel)	Average	8.327	8.286	8.306	8.097	**8.540**	8.027	8.463	8.006

Test mode	Detector mode	Conducted power(dB m)							
		Data rate(Mbps)							
		MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
802.11n(HT20)	Peak	17.532	17.641	17.612	17.757	17.552	17.484	**18.191**	17.537
(Middle channel)	Average	8.117	8.531	8.529	8.532	8.429	8.466	**8.478**	8.409

Test mode	Detector mode	Conducted power(dB m)							
		Data rate(Mbps)							
		MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
802.11n(HT40)	Peak	17.972	18.865	18.463	18.805	18.791	**18.950**	18.005	17.813
(Middle channel)	Average	8.405	8.441	8.305	8.233	8.366	**8.281**	8.304	8.266

2.1.2 6 dB bandwidth

Test setup



Test procedure

The testing follows KDB publication No. 558074 D01 v02 DTS measurement.

1. Set resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 1~5 % or DTS BW, not to exceed 100 ㎑.
2. Set the video bandwidth (VBW) ≥ 3 × RBW.
3. Detector = Peak.
4. Trace mode = max hold.
5. Sweep = auto couple.
6. Allow the trace to stabilize.
7. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

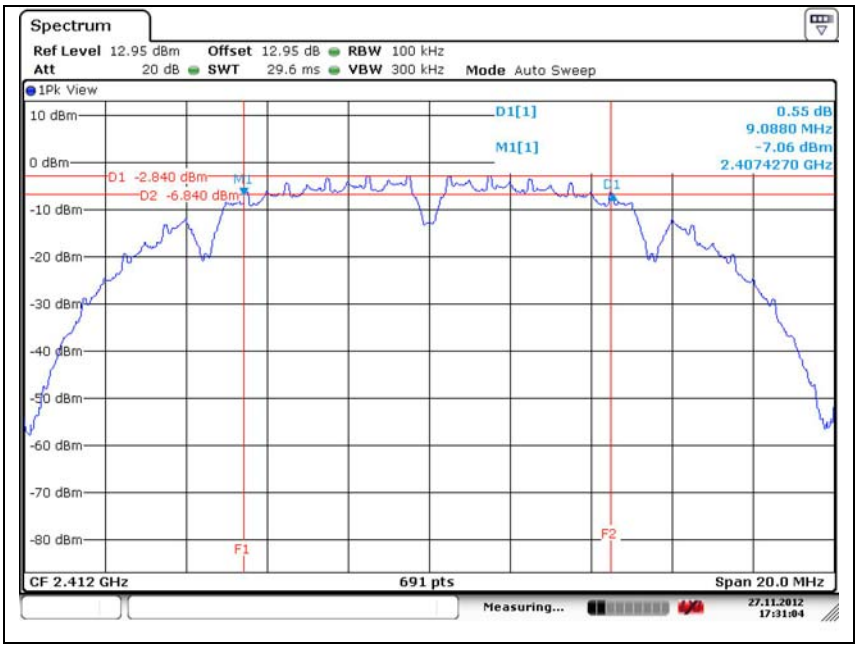
Limit

According to §15.247(a)(2), systems using digital modulation techniques may operate 902 ~ 928 ㎒, 2 400 ~ 2 483.5 ㎒, and 5 725 ~ 5 850 ㎒ bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 ㎑.

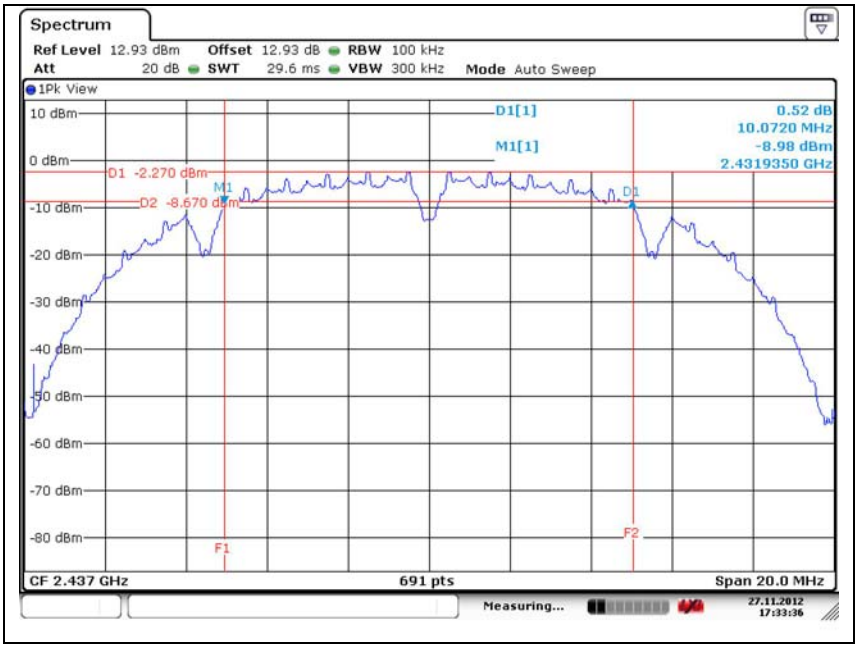
Test results

Operation mode	Frequency(㎒)	6 dB bandwidth(㎒)	Limit(㎒)
802.11b	2 412	9.088	0.5
	2 437	10.072	
	2 462	10.043	
802.11g	2 412	16.614	
	2 437	16.585	
	2 462	16.498	
802.11n(HT20)	2 412	17.685	
	2 437	17.685	
	2 462	17.800	
802.11n(HT40)	2 422	36.527	
	2 437	36.527	
	2 452	36.527	

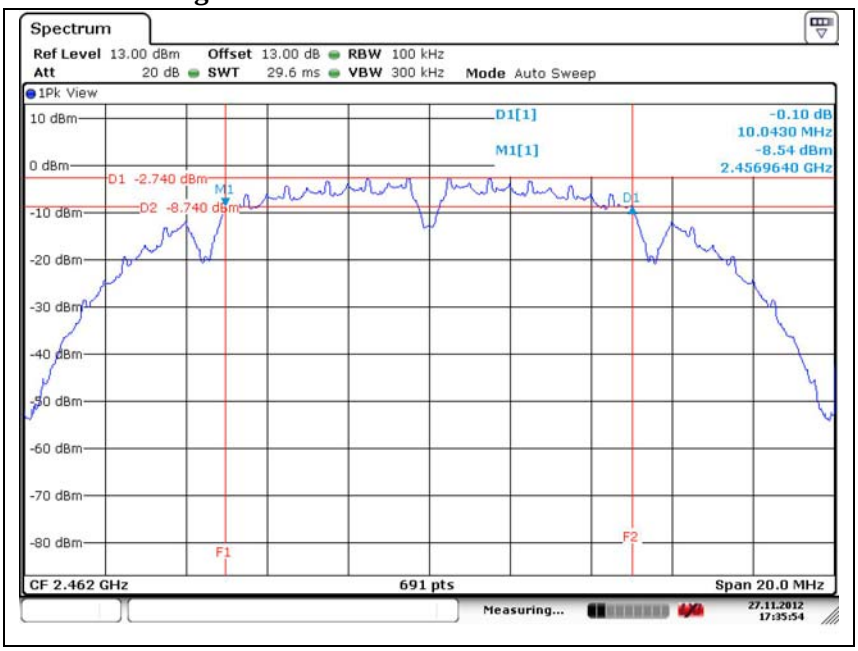
Low channel // 802.11b // 6 dB bandwidth



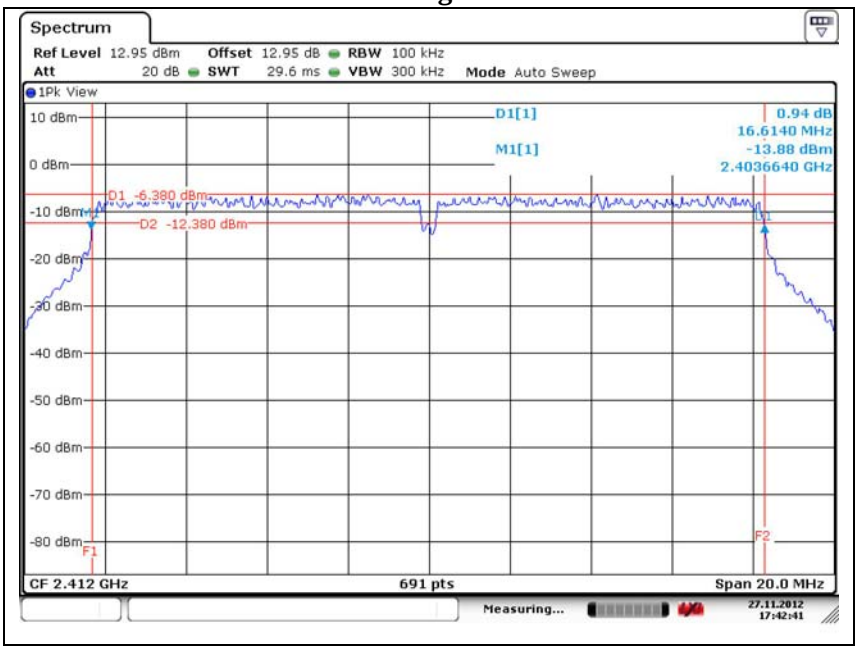
Middle channel // 802.11b // 6 dB bandwidth



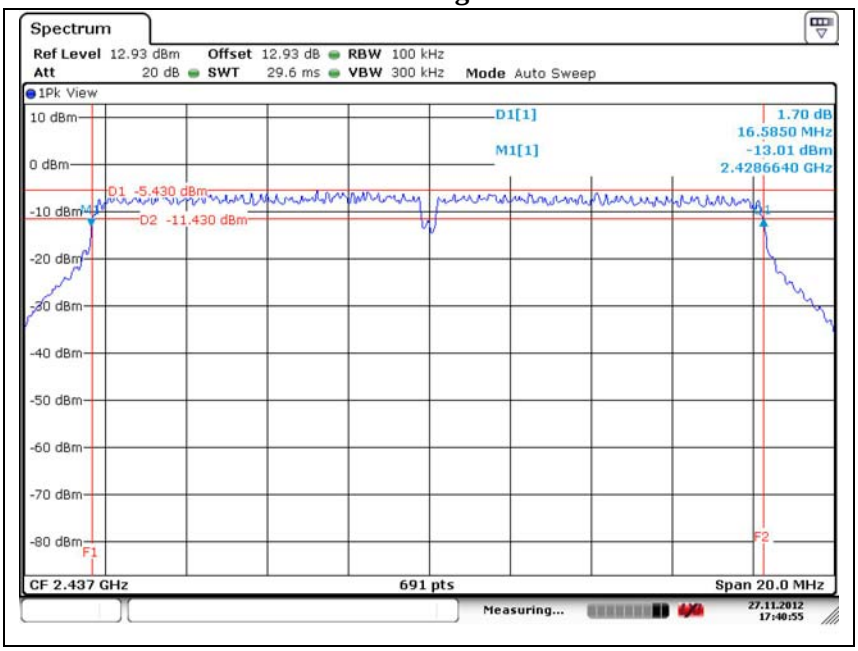
High channel // 802.11b // 6 dB bandwidth



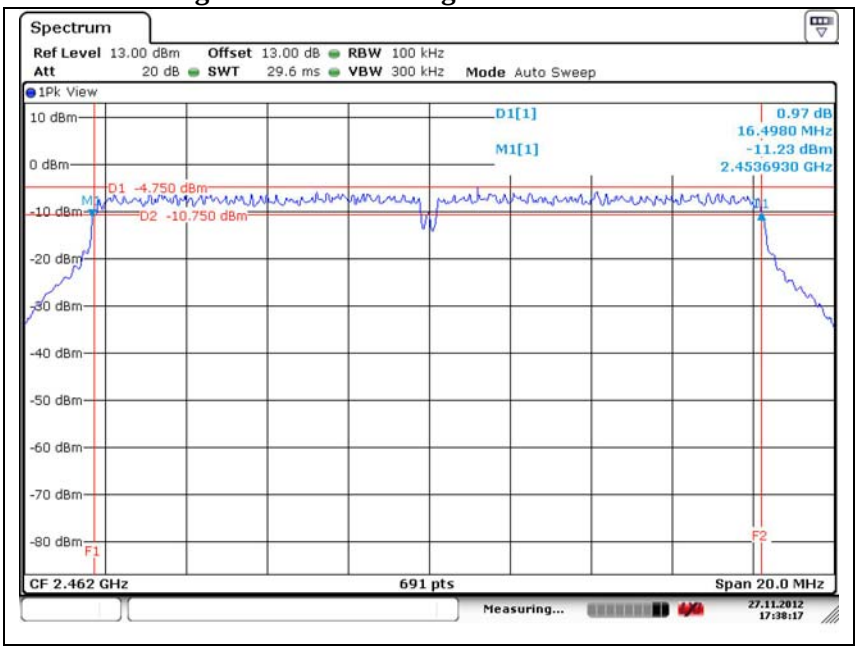
Low channel // 802.11g // 6 dB bandwidth



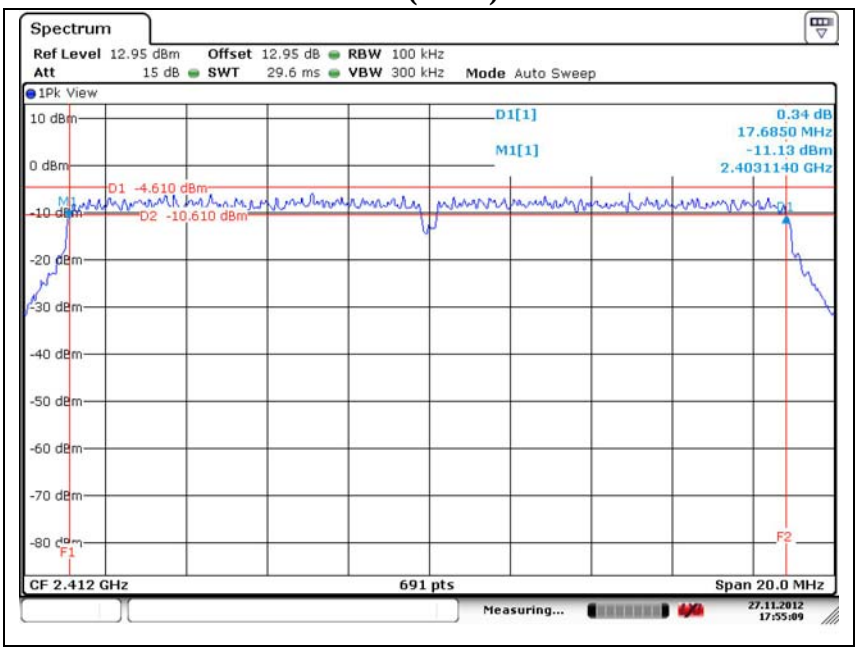
Middle channel // 802.11g // 6 dB bandwidth



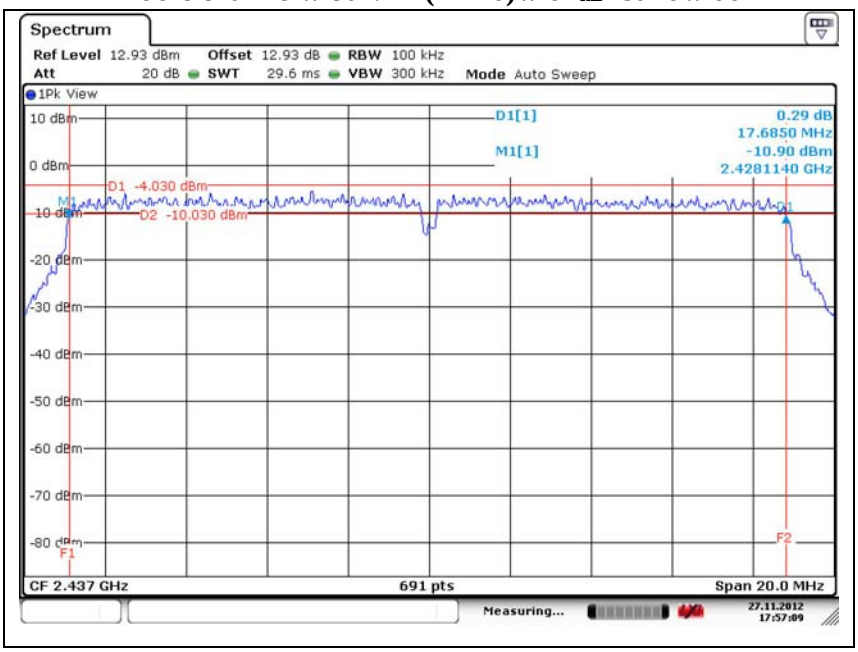
High channel // 802.11g // 6 dB bandwidth



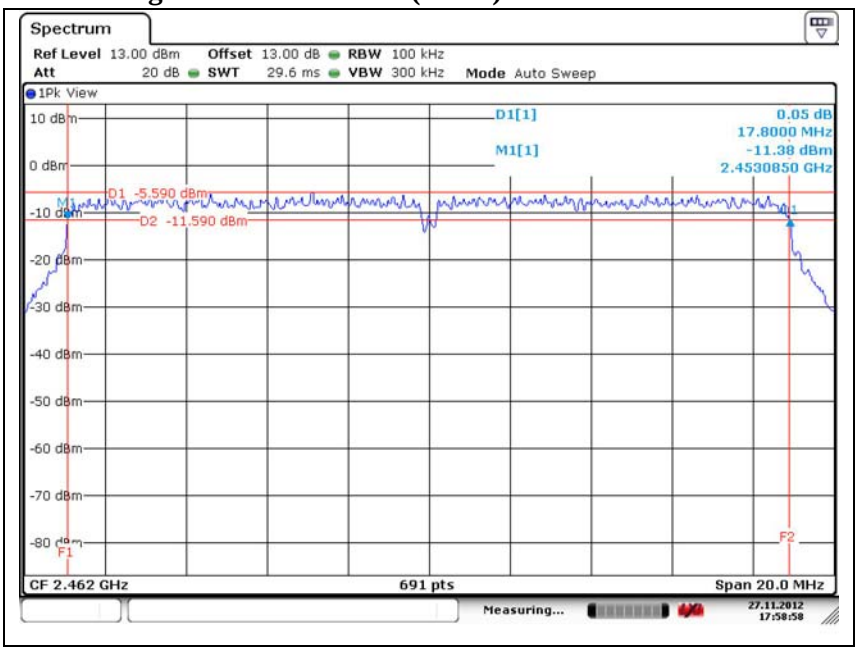
Low channel // 802.11n(HT20) // 6 dB bandwidth



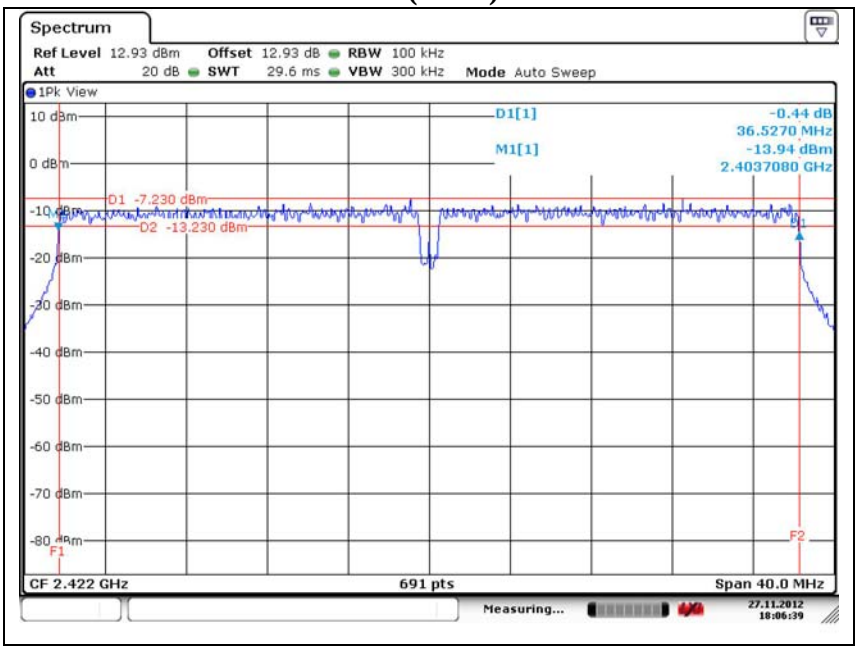
Middle channel // 802.11n(HT20) // 6 dB bandwidth



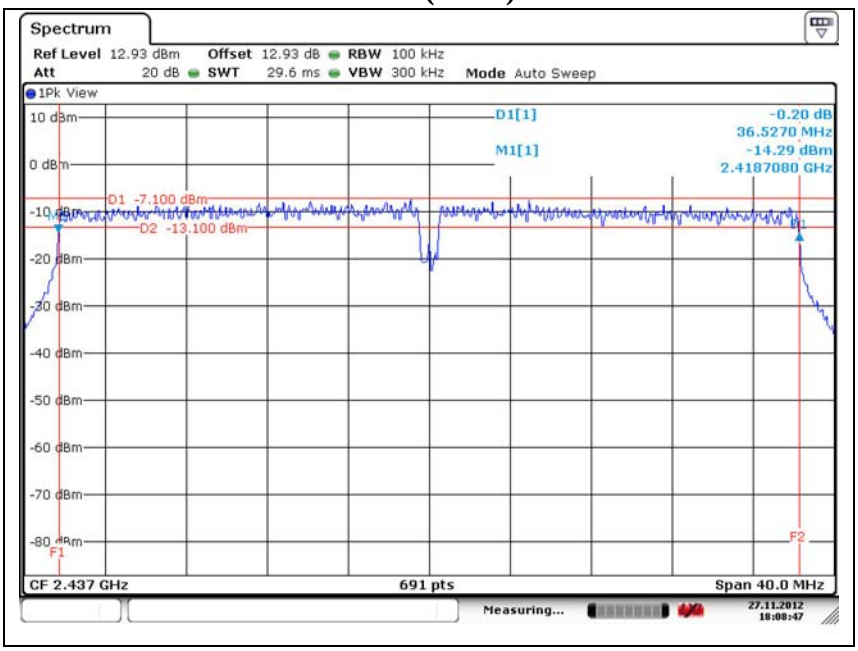
High channel // 802.11n(HT20) // 6 dB bandwidth



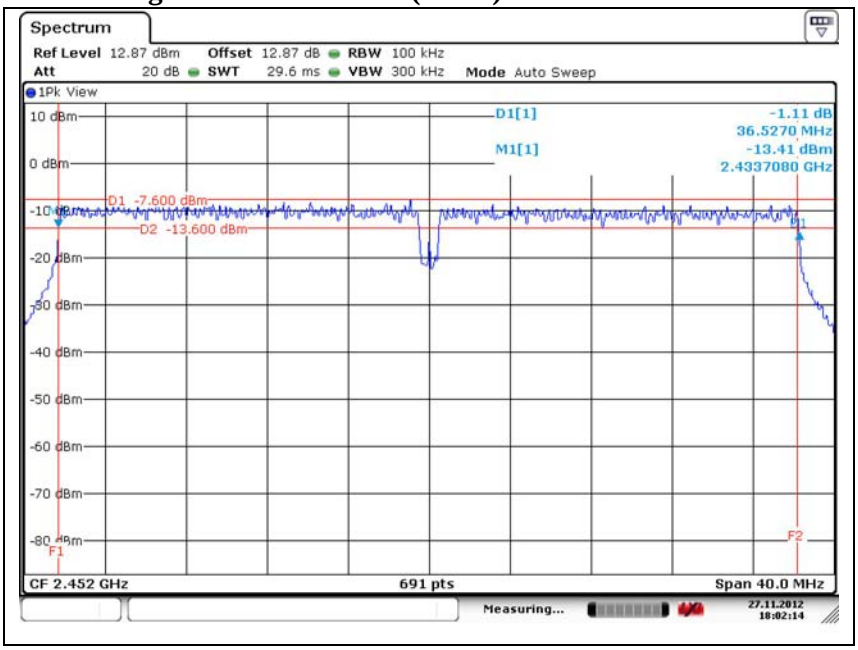
Low channel // 802.11n(HT40) // 6 dB bandwidth



Middle channel // 802.11n(HT40) // 6 dB bandwidth

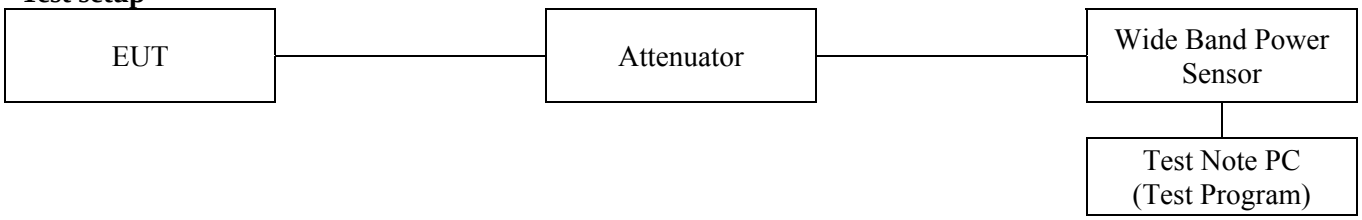


High channel // 802.11n(HT40) // 6 dB bandwidth



2.1.3 Output power

Test setup



Limit

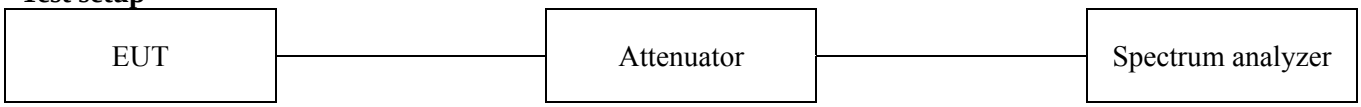
According to §15.247(b)(3), For systems using digital modulation in the 902~928 ㎒, 2 400~2 483.5 ㎒, and 5 725~5 850 ㎒ bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted out-put power. Maximum Conducted Out-put Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.
According to §15.247(b)(4), The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 ㏈i. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmit-ting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 ㏈i are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 ㏈i.

Test results

Test mode	Frequency(㎒)	Detector mode	Results (dBm)	Limit(dBm)
802.11b (1 Mbps)	2 412	Peak	11.132	30
		Average	8.440	
	2 437	Peak	11.119	
		Average	8.424	
	2 462	Peak	11.393	
		Average	8.705	
802.11g (24 Mbps)	2 412	Peak	18.455	
		Average	8.442	
	2 437	Peak	18.606	
		Average	8.540	
	2 462	Peak	18.627	
		Average	8.444	
802.11n(HT20) (MCS6)	2 412	Peak	18.029	
		Average	8.236	
	2 437	Peak	18.191	
		Average	8.478	
	2 462	Peak	18.391	
		Average	8.763	
802.11n(HT40) (MCS5)	2 422	Peak	18.581	
		Average	8.083	
	2 437	Peak	18.950	
		Average	8.281	
	2 452	Peak	18.861	
		Average	8.248	

2.1.4 Power spectral density

Test setup



Test procedure

The testing follows KDB publication No. 558074 D01v02 DTS measurement Section 9.1 Option 1

Measurement procedure

1. Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
2. Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS channel bandwidth.
3. Set the RBW ≥ 3 ㎑.
4. Set the VBW ≥ 3 x RBW.
5. Detector = peak.
6. Sweep time = auto couple.
7. Trace mode = max hold.
8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.
10. If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW(no less than 3 ㎑) and repeat.

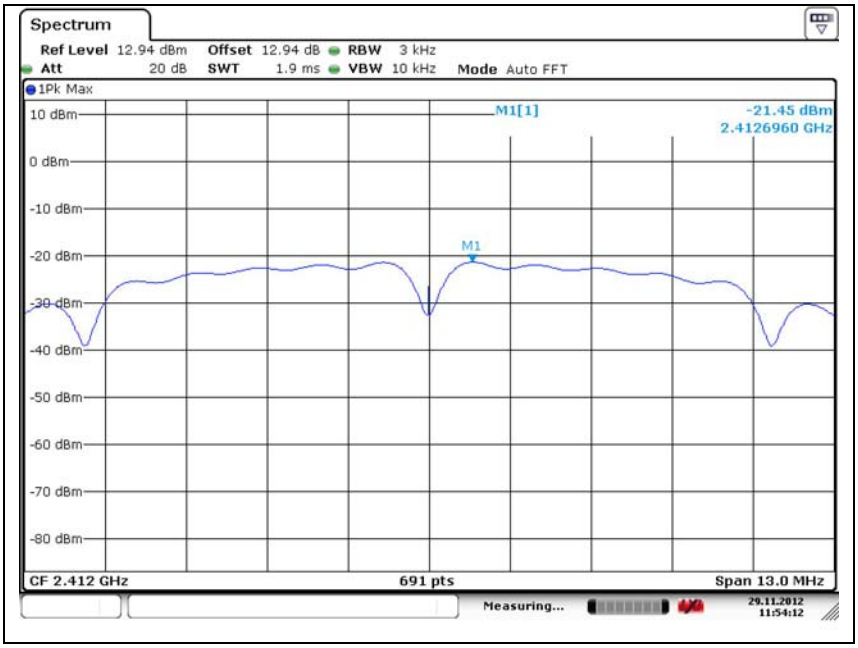
Limit

According to §15.247(e), For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 ㏈m in any 3 ㎑ band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

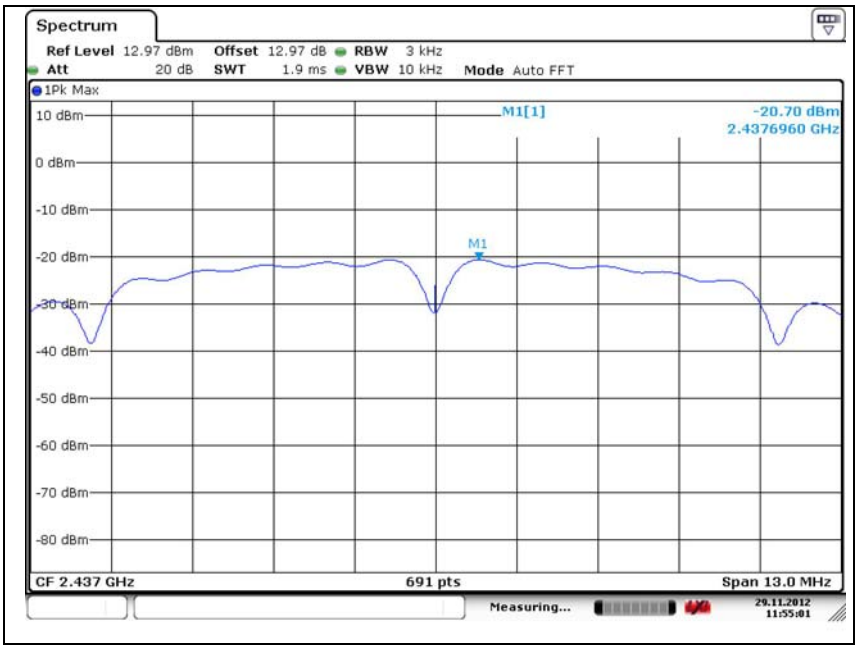
Test results

Operation mode	Frequency(㎒)	Measured PSD(㏈m)	Limit(㏈m)
802.11b (1 Mbps)	2 412	-21.45	8
	2 437	-20.70	
	2 462	-21.18	
802.11g (24 Mbps)	2 412	-21.27	
	2 437	-20.64	
	2 462	-16.46	
802.11n(HT20) (MCS6)	2 412	-20.10	
	2 437	-19.47	
	2 462	-17.43	
802.11n(HT40) (MCS5)	2 422	-21.51	
	2 437	-20.84	
	2 452	-21.51	

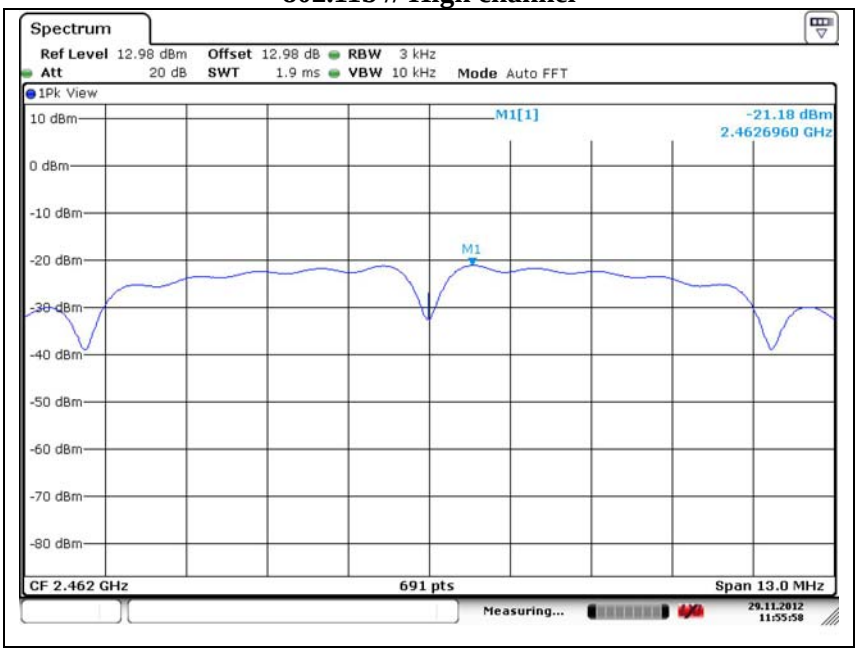
802.11b // Low channel



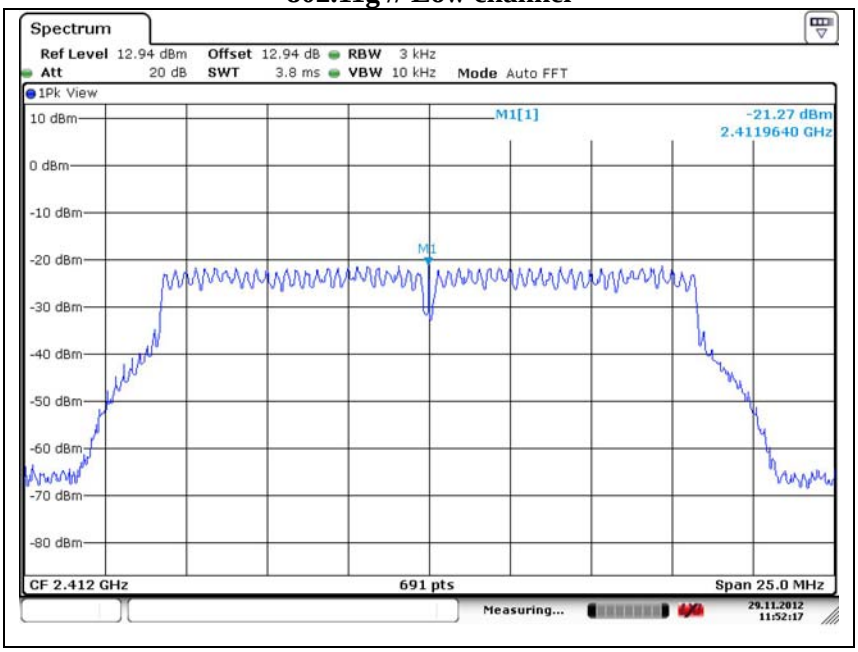
802.11b // Middle channel



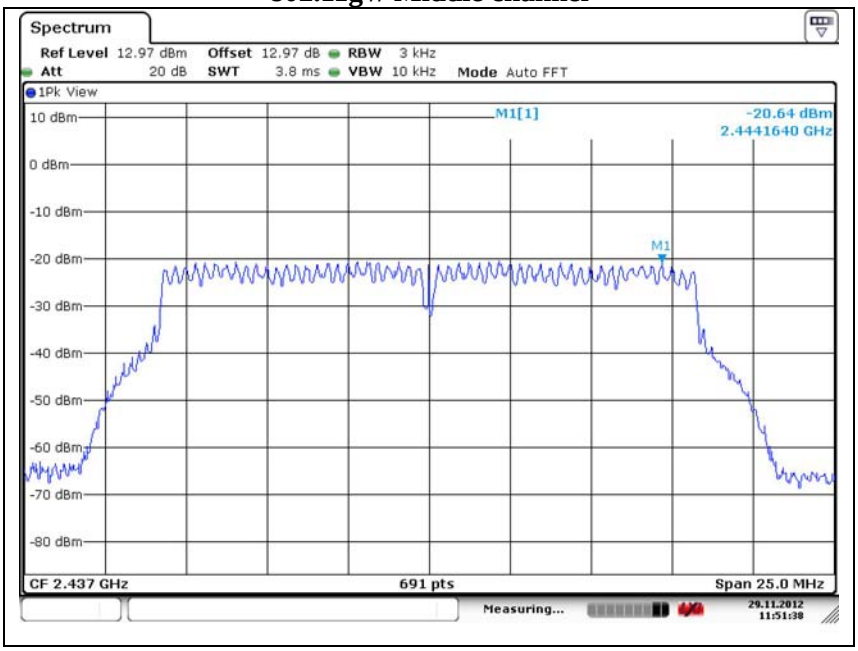
802.11b // High channel



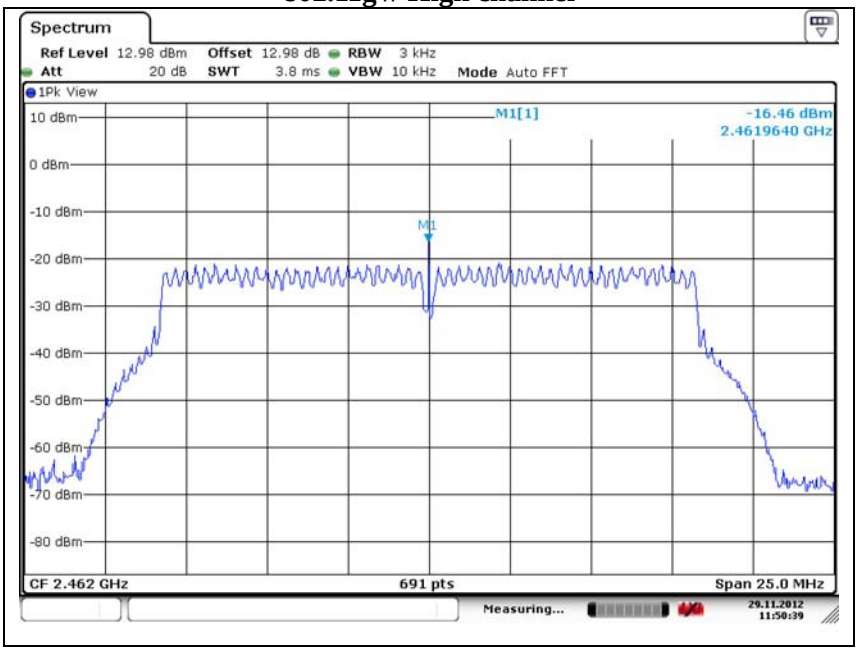
802.11g // Low channel



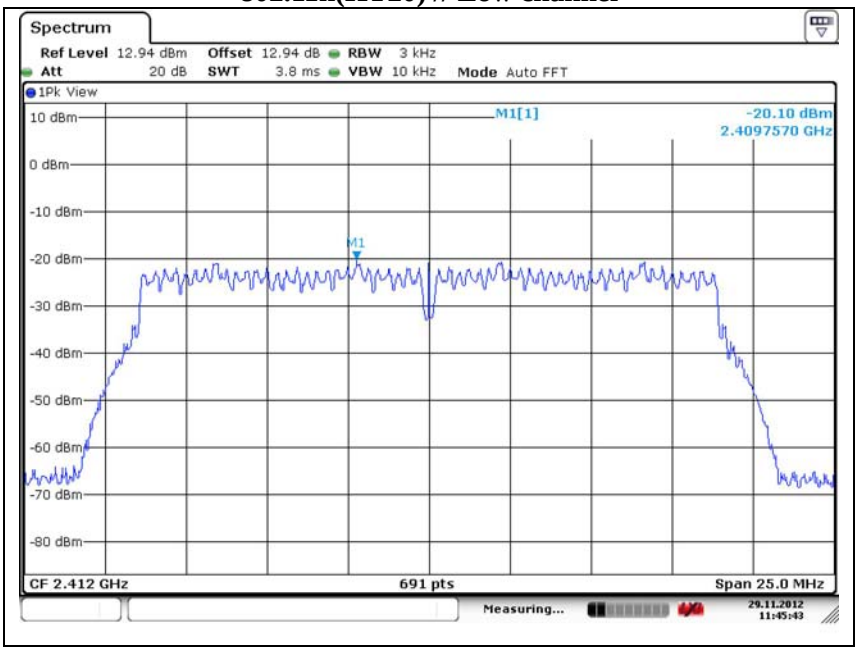
802.11g // Middle channel



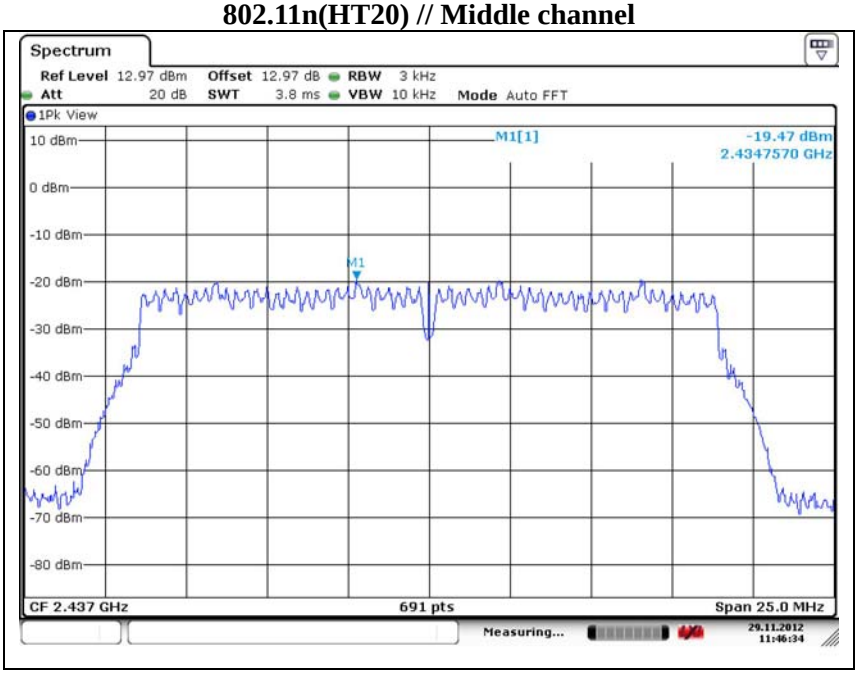
802.11g // High channel



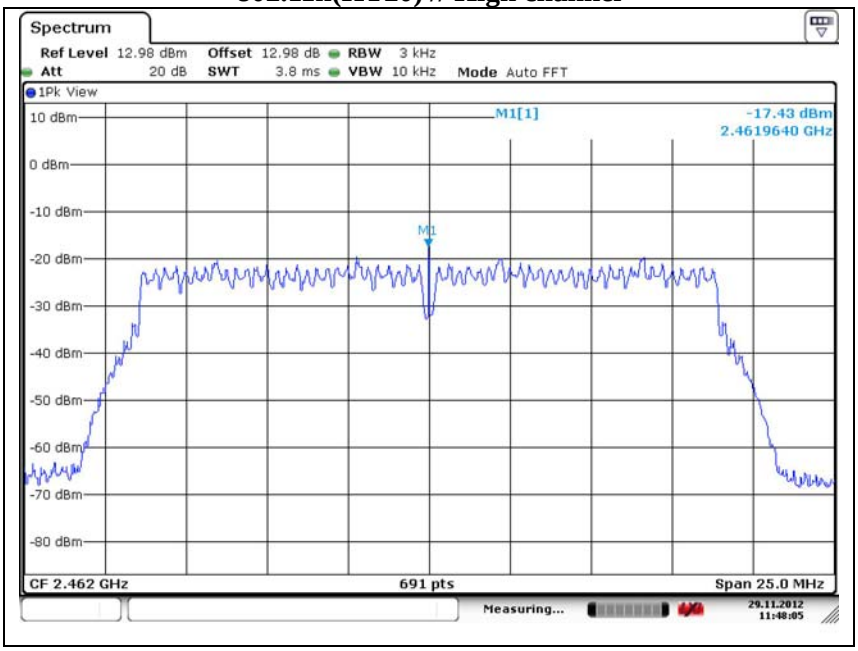
802.11n(HT20) // Low channel



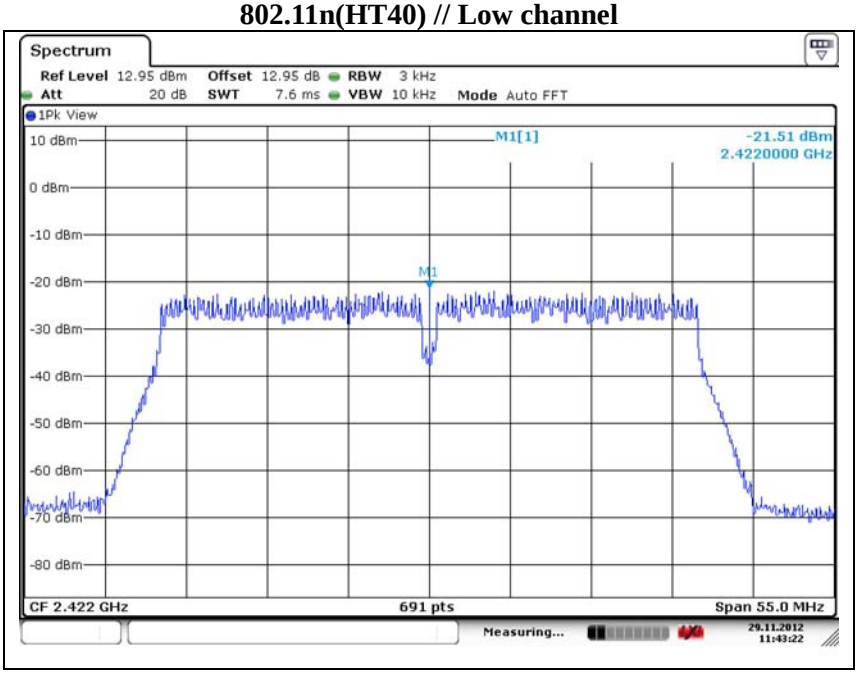
802.11n(HT20) // Middle channel



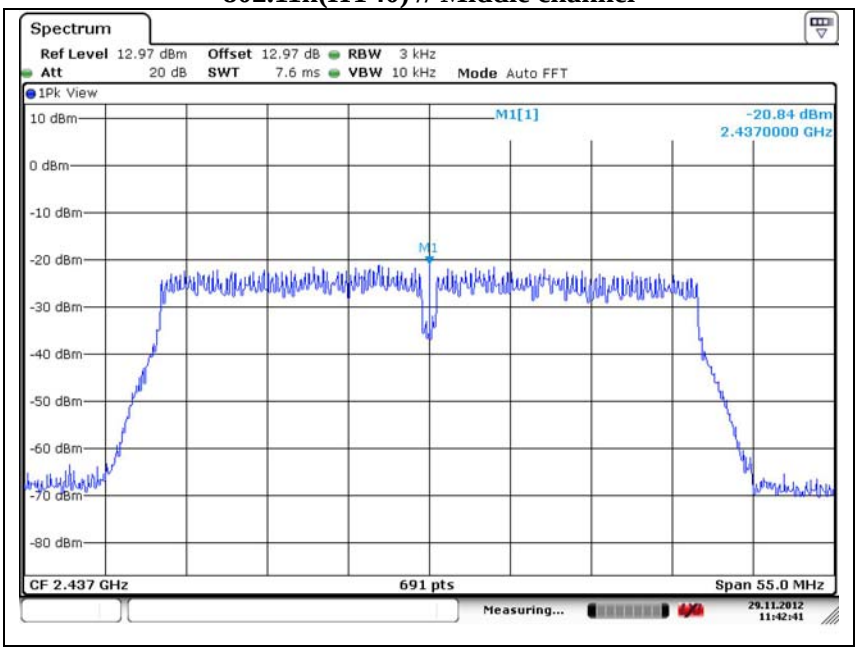
802.11n(HT20) // High channel



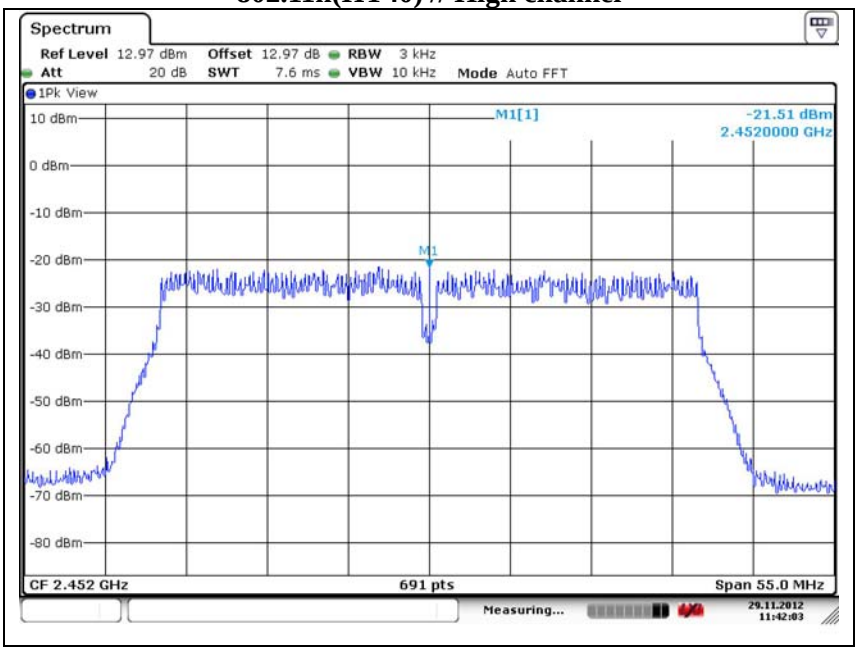
802.11n(HT40) // Low channel



802.11n(HT40) // Middle channel



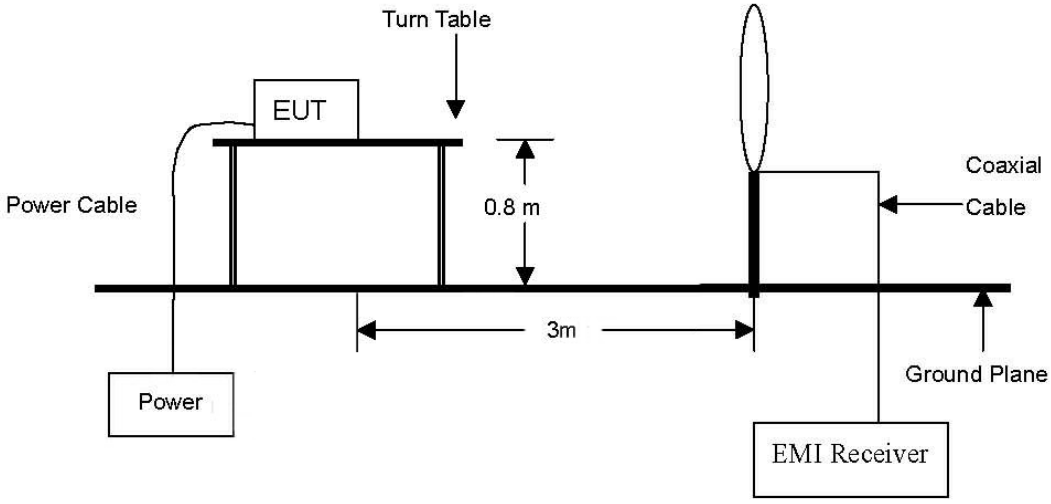
802.11n(HT40) // High channel



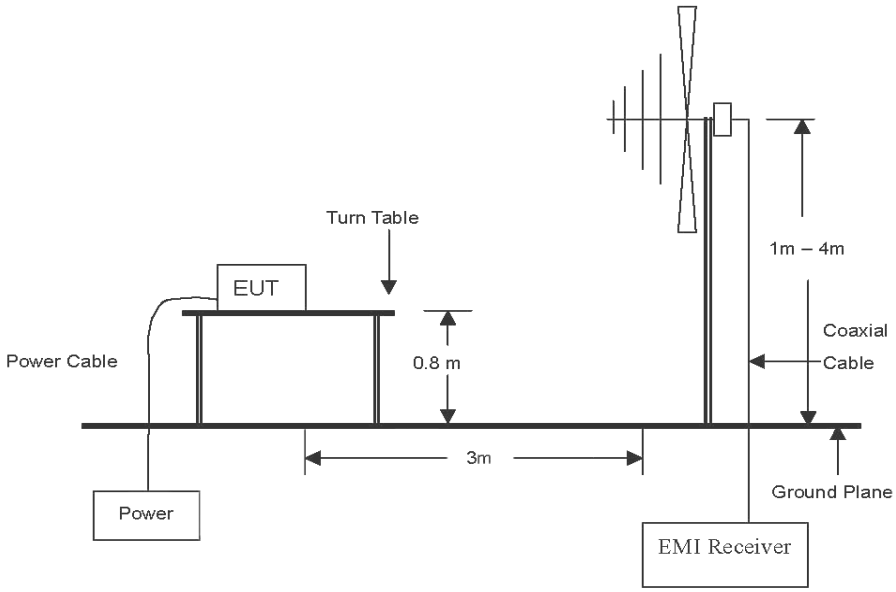
2.1.5 Radiated spurious emissions and conducted spurious emissions

Test setup for radiated spurious emissions

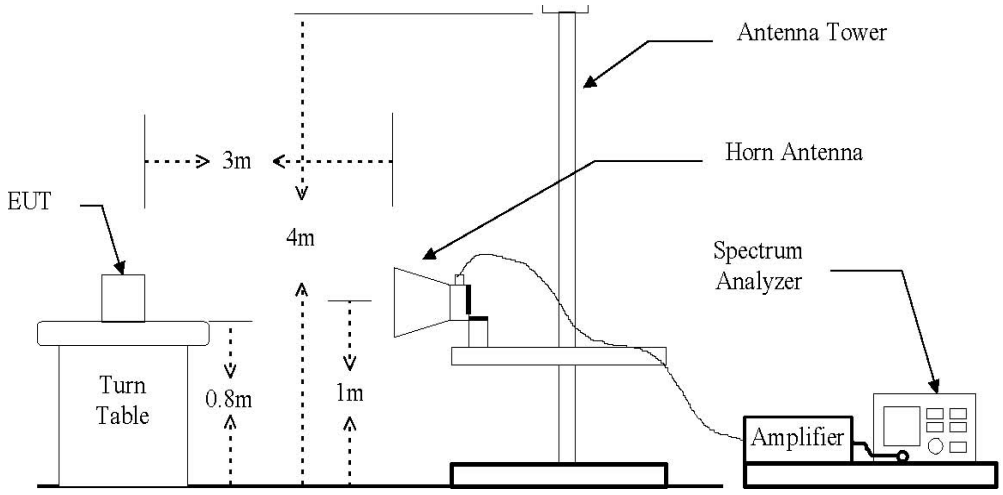
The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 9 ㎑ to 30 ㎒ Emissions.



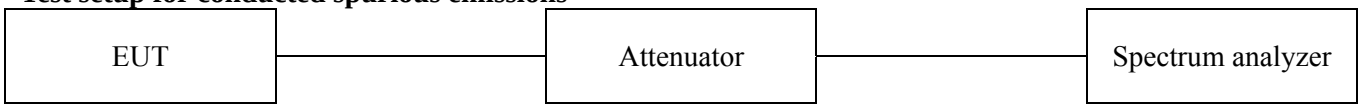
The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 30 ㎒ to 1 ㎓ emissions.



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 1 ㎓ to 24 ㎓ emissions.



Test setup for conducted spurious emissions



Test procedures for radiated spurious emissions

Radiated emissions from the EUT were measured according to the dictates in section 10.0 of KDB 558074

[9 ㎑ to 30 ㎒]

The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meter above the ground at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation. Then antenna is a loop antenna is fixed at one meter above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both parallel and perpendicular of the antenna are set to make the measurement. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading. The test-receiver system was set to Quasi-peak function and specified bandwidth with maximum hold mode.

The spectrum analyzer is set to:

1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer 200 ㎐ for Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 9 ㎑~ 150 ㎑.
2. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer 9 ㎑ for Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 150 ㎑~ 30 ㎒.

[30 ㎒ to 1 ㎓ and 1 ㎓ to 24 ㎓]

The height of the measuring antenna was varied between 1 to 4 m and the table was rotated a full revolution in order to obtain maximum values of the electric field intensity.

The measurement was made in both the vertical and horizontal polarization, and the maximum value is presented in the report.

The spectrum analyzer is set to:

1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer 120 ㎑ for Peak detection (PK) or Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1 ㎓.
2. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 ㎒ for Peak detection at frequency above 1 ㎓.
3. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 ㎒ and the video bandwidth is 10 ㎐ for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1 ㎓.

Note;

All data rates and modes were investigated for radiated spurious emissions. Only the radiated emissions of the configuration that produced the worst case emissions are reported in this section.

Test procedure for conducted spurious emissions

Per the guidance of KDB 558074, section 10.1.1, the reference level for out of band emissions is established from the plots of this section since the band edge emissions are measured with a RBW of 100 ㎑. This reference level is then used as the limit in subsequent plots for out of band spurious emissions shown in page 42 of the test report. The limit for out of band spurious emission at the band edge is 20㏈ below the fundamental emission level measured in a 100 ㎑ bandwidth.

Limit for radiated spurious emissions

According to 15.209(a), for an intentional radiator devices, the general required of field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the following values：

Frequency (㎒)	Distance (Meters)	Radiated (㎶/m)
0.009 ~ 0.490	300	2400 / F(㎑)
0.490 ~ 1.705	30	24000 / F(㎑)
1.705 ~ 30.0	30	30
30 ~ 88	3	100**
88 ~ 216	3	150**
216 ~ 960	3	200**
Above 960	3	500

**Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54 ~ 72 ㎒, 76 ~ 88 ㎒, 174 ~ 216 ㎒ or 470 ~ 806 ㎒. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

Limit for conduced spurious emission

According to 15.247(d), in any 100 ㎑ bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 ㏈ below that in the 100 ㎑ bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval , as permitted under paragraph(b)(3) of this section , the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 ㏈ instead of 20 ㏈. Attenuation below the general limits specified in section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emission which in the restricted band, as define in section 15.205(a), must also comply the radiated emission limits specified in section 15.209(a) (see section 15.205(c))

Test results (Below 30 ㎒) – Worst case configuration: 802.11g

The frequency spectrum from 9 ㎑ to 30 ㎒ was investigated.

Radiated emissions		Ant.	Correction factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dB㎶)	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Cable loss (dB)	F_d (dB)	Actual (dB㎶/m)	Limit (dB㎶/m)	Margin (dB)
Below 30	Not detected							

※ Remark

1. All spurious emission at channels are almost the same below 30 ㎒, so that high channel was chosen at representative in final test.
2. Actual = Reading + Ant. factor + Cable loss + F_d
3. $F_d = 40\log(D_m / D_s)$
   Where:
   F_d = Distance factor in dB
   D_m = Measurement distance in meters
   D_s = Specification distance in meters

Test results (Below 1 000 ㎒) – Worst case configuration: 802.11g

The frequency spectrum from 30 ㎒ to 1 000 ㎒ was investigated.

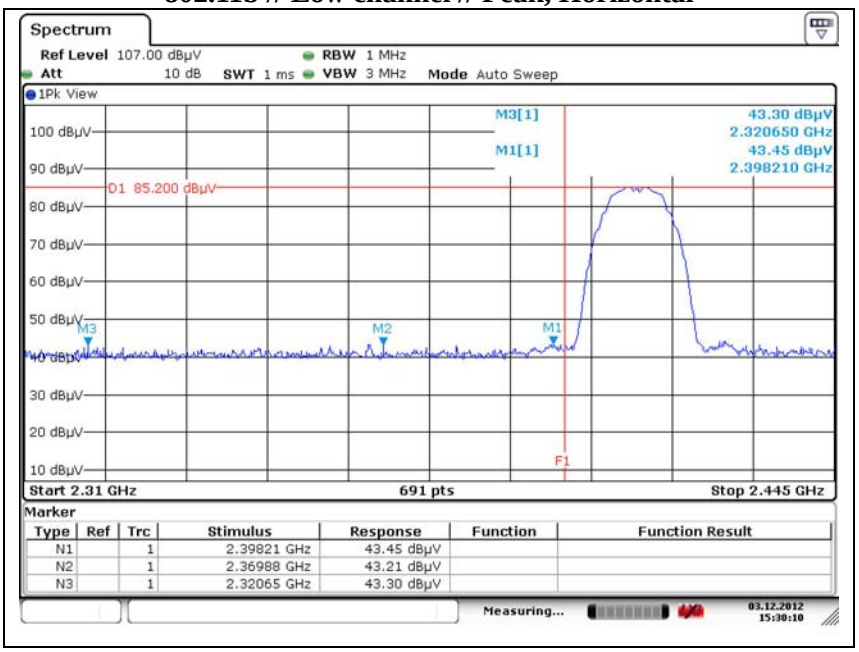
Radiated emissions		Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dB㎶)	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Actual (dB㎶/m)	Limit (dB㎶/m)	Margin (dB)
56.7	8.99	V	13.29	0.96	23.24	40.00	16.76
90.6	11.95	V	7.79	1.19	20.93	43.50	22.57
102.8	8.54	H	9.01	1.26	18.81	43.50	24.69
144.0	10.97	H	12.81	1.40	25.18	43.50	18.32
202.2	14.00	V	10.02	1.78	25.80	43.50	17.70
220.4	6.75	H	10.65	1.82	19.22	46.00	26.78
255.5	16.00	H	11.86	1.91	29.77	46.00	16.23
284.0	14.57	H	12.82	1.95	29.34	46.00	16.66
430.1	7.97	V	16.25	2.30	26.52	46.00	19.48
481.4	7.62	V	17.33	2.49	27.44	46.00	18.56
599.9	7.46	V	19.73	2.86	30.05	46.00	15.95
602.3	9.29	H	19.76	2.87	31.92	46.00	14.08

※ Remark

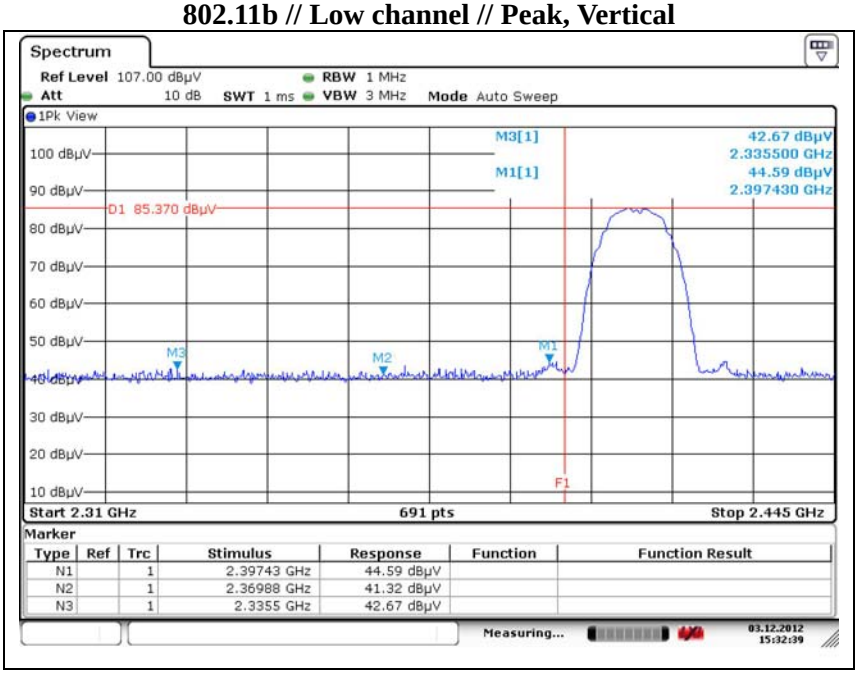
1. All spurious emission at channels are almost the same below 1 ㎓, so that middle channel was chosen at representative in final test.
2. Actual = Reading + Ant. factor + Cable loss
3. Detector mode: Quasi peak
4. To get a maximum emission level from the EUT, the EUT was moved throughout the XY, XZ and YZ planes.

Test results (Above 1 000 ㎒)

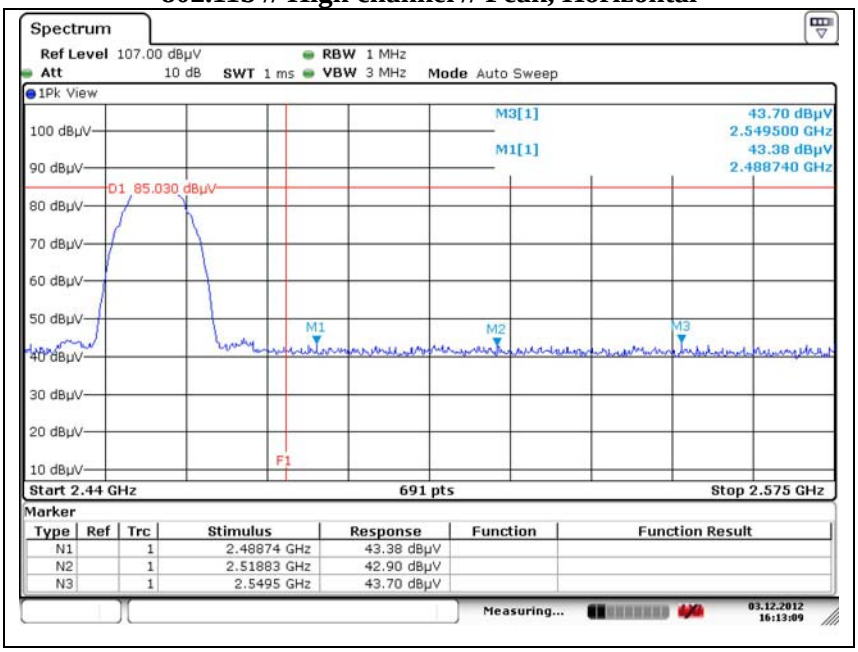
802.11b // Low channel // Peak, Horizontal



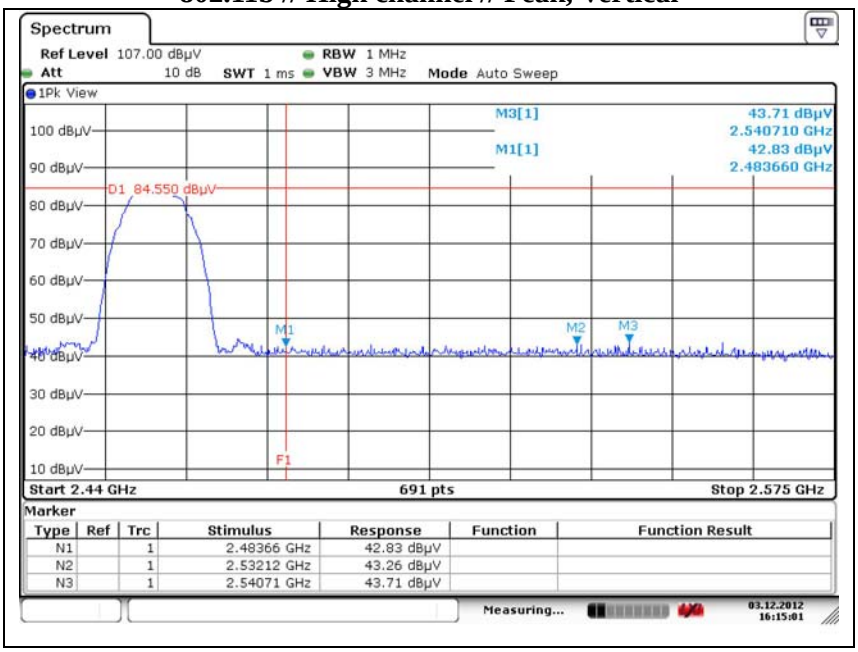
802.11b // Low channel // Peak, Vertical



802.11b // High channel // Peak, Horizontal



802.11b // High channel // Peak, Vertical



The frequency spectrum from 1 ㎓ to 25 ㎓ was investigated. No Emissions were found above 20 dB below the limit.

802.11b // Low channel

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dB㎶)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp + CL (dB)	Actual (dB㎶/m)	Limit (dB㎶/m)	Margin (dB)
2 320.6	43.30	Peak	H	28.17	-39.00	32.47	74.00	41.53
2 335.5	42.67	Peak	V	28.20	-38.98	31.89	74.00	42.11
2 369.8	43.21	Peak	H	28.27	-38.92	32.56	74.00	41.44
2 369.8	41.32	Peak	V	28.27	-38.92	30.67	74.00	43.33
2 398.2	43.45	Peak	H	28.33	-38.86	32.92	74.00	41.08
2 397.4	44.59	Peak	V	28.33	-38.86	34.06	74.00	39.94

802.11b // Middle channel

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dB㎶)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp + CL (dB)	Actual (dB㎶/m)	Limit (dB㎶/m)	Margin (dB)
Above 1 000	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	74.00	-

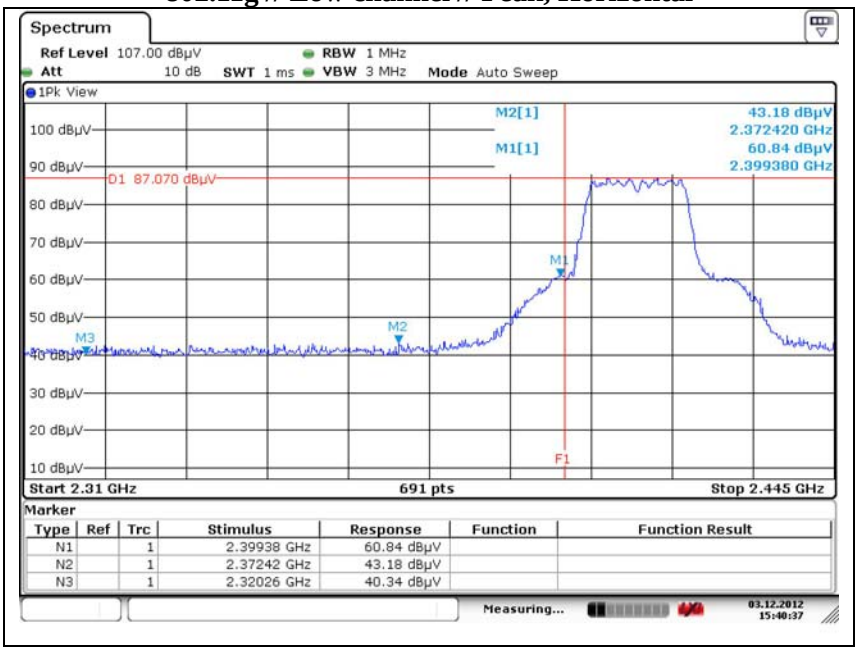
802.11b // High channel

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dB㎶)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp + CL (dB)	Actual (dB㎶/m)	Limit (dB㎶/m)	Margin (dB)
2 483.6	42.83	Peak	V	28.50	-38.73	32.60	74.00	41.40
2 488.7	43.38	Peak	H	28.51	-38.73	33.16	74.00	40.84
2 518.8	42.90	Peak	H	28.57	-38.68	32.79	74.00	41.21
2 532.1	43.26	Peak	V	28.60	-38.66	33.20	74.00	40.80
2 540.7	43.71	Peak	V	28.62	-38.65	33.68	74.00	40.32
2 549.5	43.70	Peak	H	28.64	-38.63	33.71	74.00	40.29

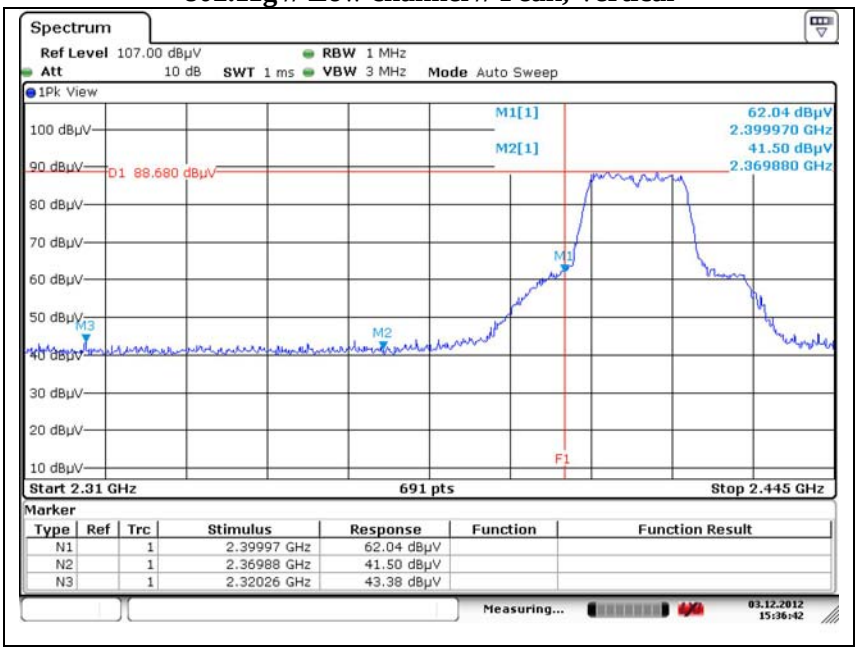
※ Remark

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 ㎓ to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1 000 ㎒ were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Actual = Reading + Ant. factor + Amp + CL (Cable loss)
5. To get a maximum emission level from the EUT, the EUT was moved throughout the XY, XZ and YZ planes.

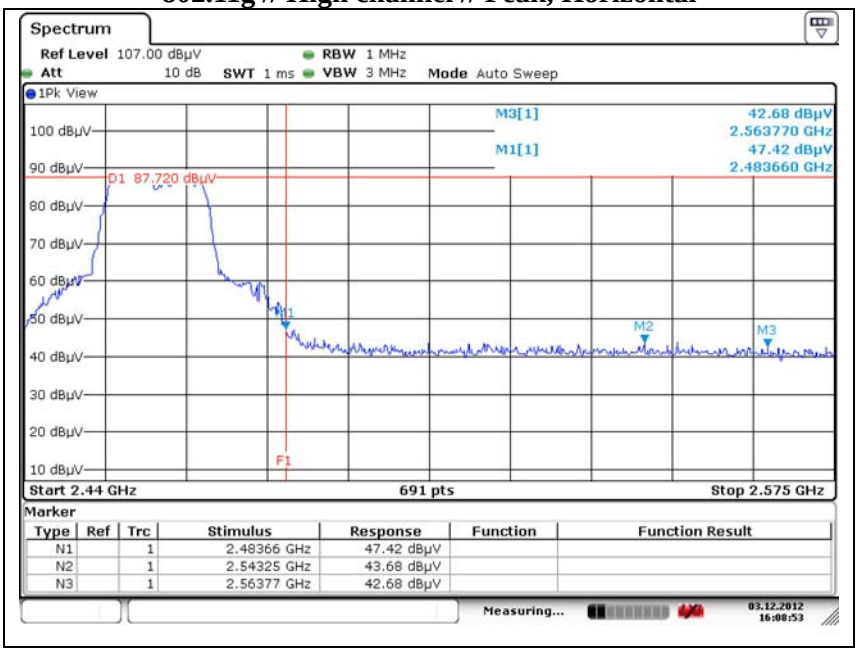
802.11g // Low channel // Peak, Horizontal



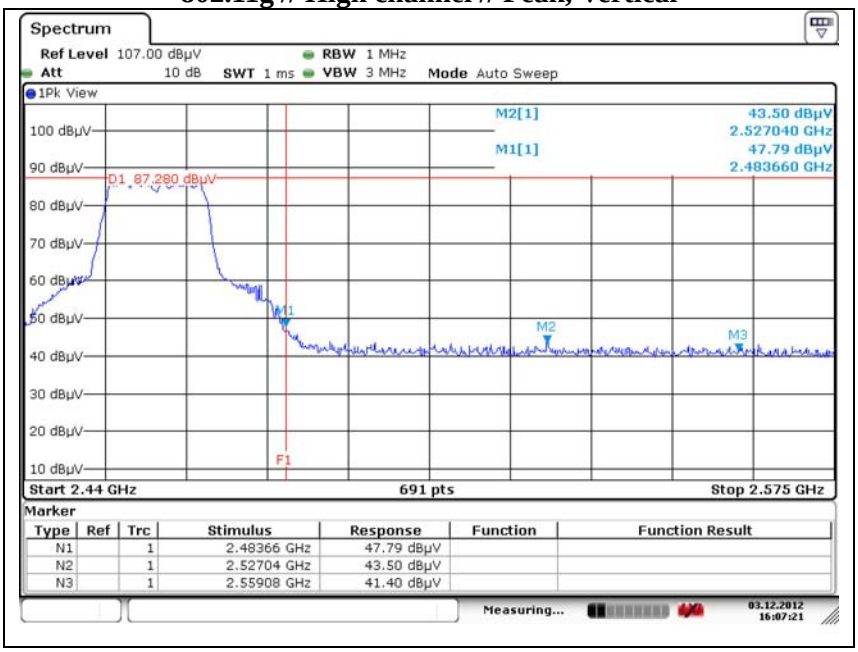
802.11g // Low channel // Peak, Vertical



802.11g // High channel // Peak, Horizontal



802.11g // High channel // Peak, Vertical



The frequency spectrum from 1 ㎓ to 25 ㎓ was investigated. No Emissions were found above 20 dB below the limit.

802.11g // Low channel

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dB㎶)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp + CL (dB)	Actual (dB㎶/m)	Limit (dB㎶/m)	Margin (dB)
2 320.2	43.38	Peak	V	28.17	-39.00	32.55	74.00	41.45
2 372.4	43.18	Peak	H	28.28	-38.91	32.55	74.00	41.45
2 399.3	60.84	Peak	H	28.33	-38.86	50.31	74.00	23.69
2 399.9	62.04	Peak	V	28.33	-38.86	51.51	74.00	22.49

802.11g // Middle channel

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dB㎶)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp + CL (dB)	Actual (dB㎶/m)	Limit (dB㎶/m)	Margin (dB)
Above 1 000	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	74.00	-

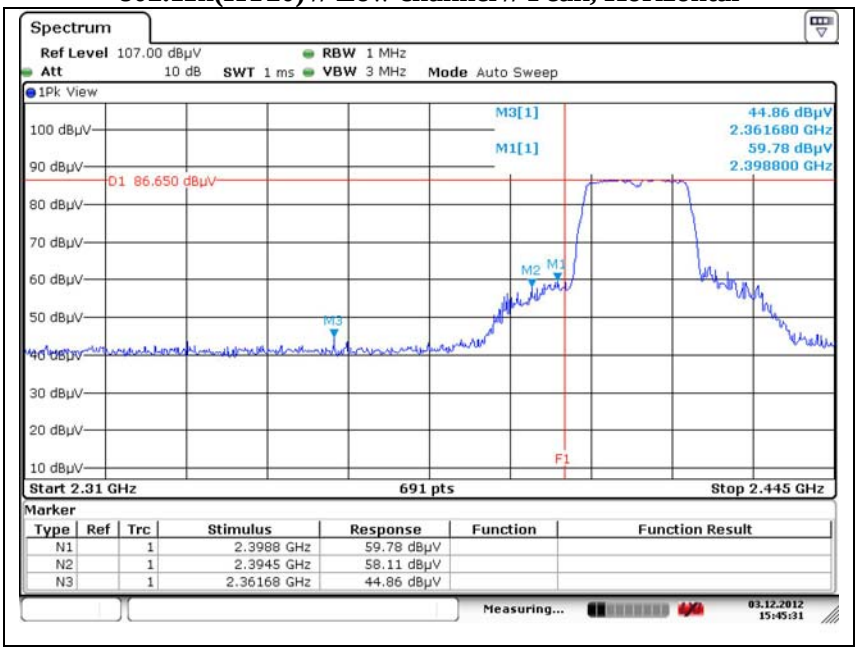
802.11g // High channel

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dB㎶)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp + CL (dB)	Actual (dB㎶/m)	Limit (dB㎶/m)	Margin (dB)
2 483.6	47.42	Peak	H	28.50	-38.73	37.19	74.00	36.81
2 483.6	47.79	Peak	V	28.50	-38.73	37.56	74.00	36.44
2 527.0	43.50	Peak	V	28.59	-38.67	33.42	74.00	40.58
2 543.2	43.68	Peak	H	28.62	-38.64	33.66	74.00	40.34
2 559.0	41.40	Peak	V	28.65	-38.62	31.43	74.00	42.57
2 563.7	42.68	Peak	H	28.66	-38.61	32.73	74.00	41.27

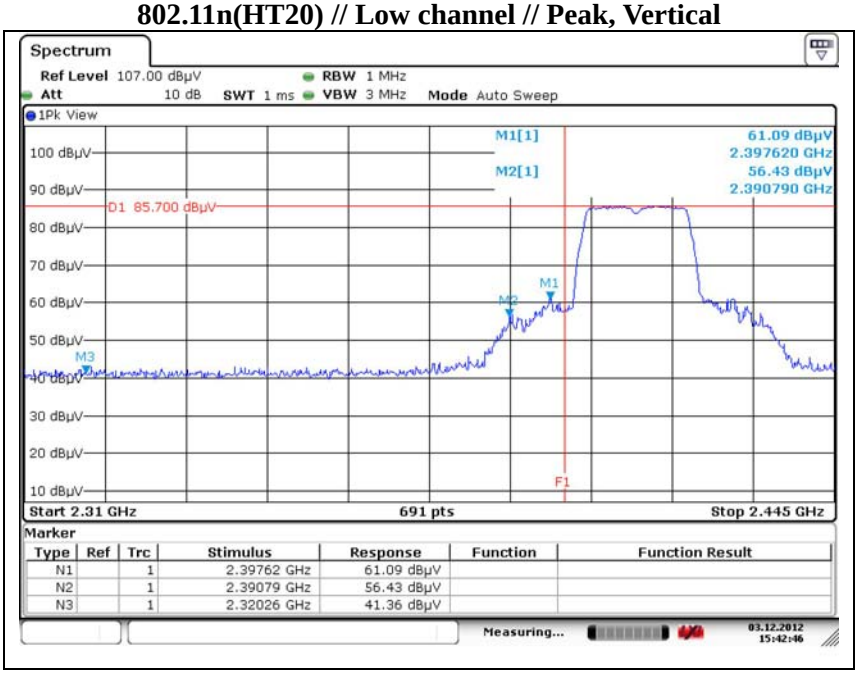
※ Remark

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 ㎓ to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1 000 ㎒ were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Actual = Reading + Ant. factor + Amp + CL (Cable loss)
5. To get a maximum emission level from the EUT, the EUT was moved throughout the XY, XZ and YZ planes.

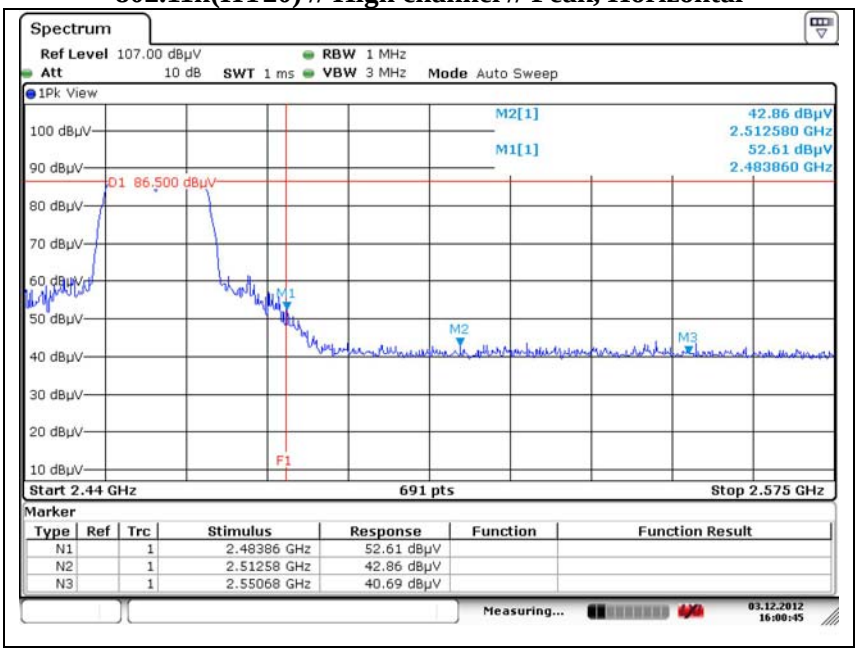
802.11n(HT20) // Low channel // Peak, Horizontal



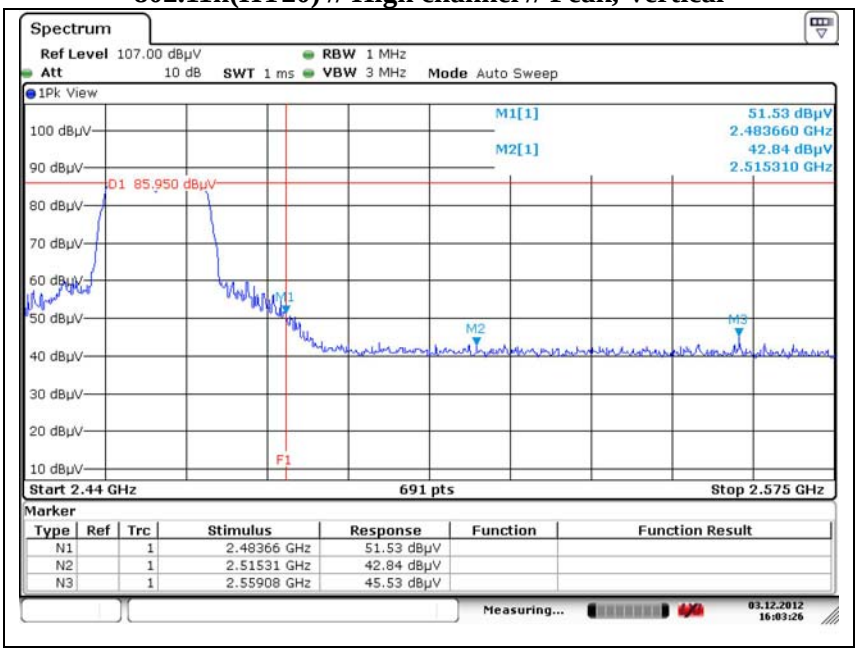
802.11n(HT20) // Low channel // Peak, Vertical



802.11n(HT20) // High channel // Peak, Horizontal



802.11n(HT20) // High channel // Peak, Vertical



The frequency spectrum from 1 ㎓ to 25 ㎓ was investigated. No Emissions were found above 20 dB below the limit.

802.11n(HT20) // Low channel

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dB㎶)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp + CL (dB)	Actual (dB㎶/m)	Limit (dB㎶/m)	Margin (dB)
2 320.2	41.36	Peak	V	28.17	-39.00	30.53	74.00	43.47
2 361.6	44.86	Peak	H	28.25	-38.93	34.18	74.00	39.82
2 390.7	56.43	Peak	V	28.31	-38.88	45.86	74.00	28.14
2 394.5	58.11	Peak	H	28.32	-38.87	47.56	74.00	26.44
2 397.6	61.09	Peak	V	28.33	-38.86	50.56	74.00	23.44
2 398.8	59.78	Peak	H	28.33	-38.86	49.25	74.00	24.75

802.11n(HT20) // Middle channel

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dB㎶)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp + CL (dB)	Actual (dB㎶/m)	Limit (dB㎶/m)	Margin (dB)
Above 1 000	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	74.00	-

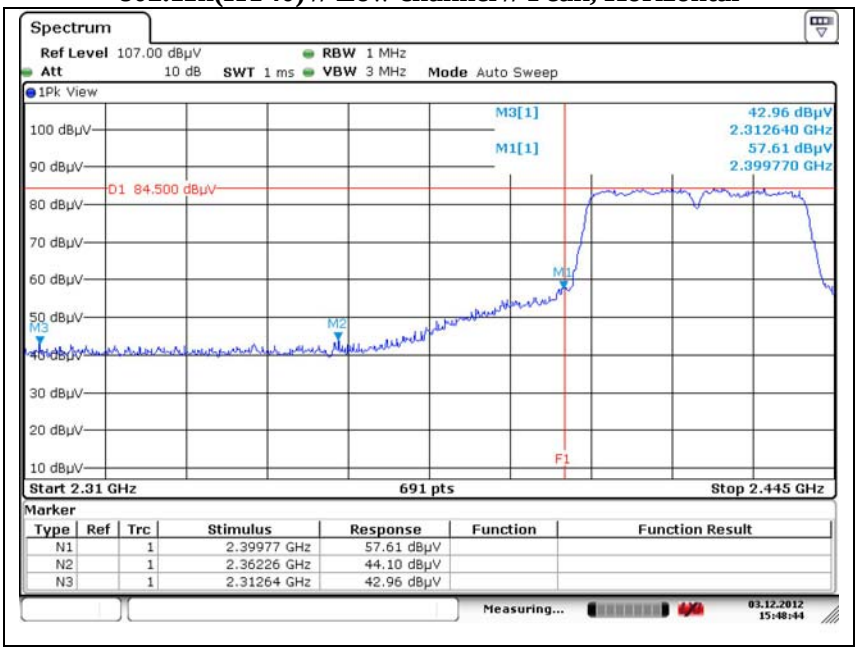
802.11n(HT20) // High channel

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dB㎶)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp + CL (dB)	Actual (dB㎶/m)	Limit (dB㎶/m)	Margin (dB)
2 483.6	51.53	Peak	V	28.50	-38.73	41.30	74.00	32.70
2 483.8	52.61	Peak	H	28.50	-38.73	42.38	74.00	31.62
2 512.5	42.86	Peak	H	28.56	-38.69	32.73	74.00	41.27
2 515.3	42.84	Peak	V	28.57	-38.69	32.72	74.00	41.28
2 550.6	40.69	Peak	H	28.64	-38.63	30.70	74.00	43.30
2 559.0	45.53	Peak	V	28.65	-38.62	35.56	74.00	38.44

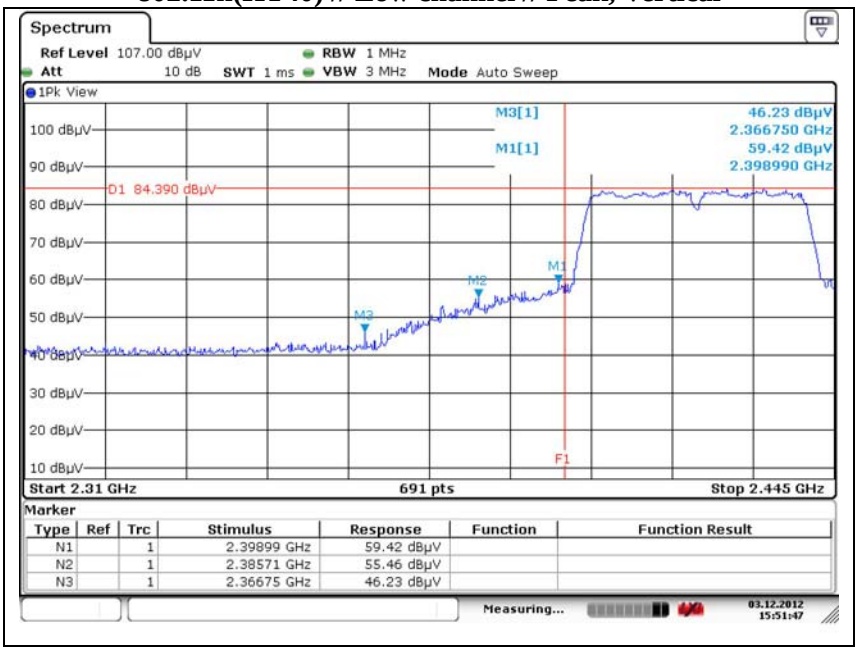
※ Remark

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 ㎓ to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1 000 ㎒ were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Actual = Reading + Ant. factor + Amp + CL (Cable loss)
5. To get a maximum emission level from the EUT, the EUT was moved throughout the XY, XZ and YZ planes.

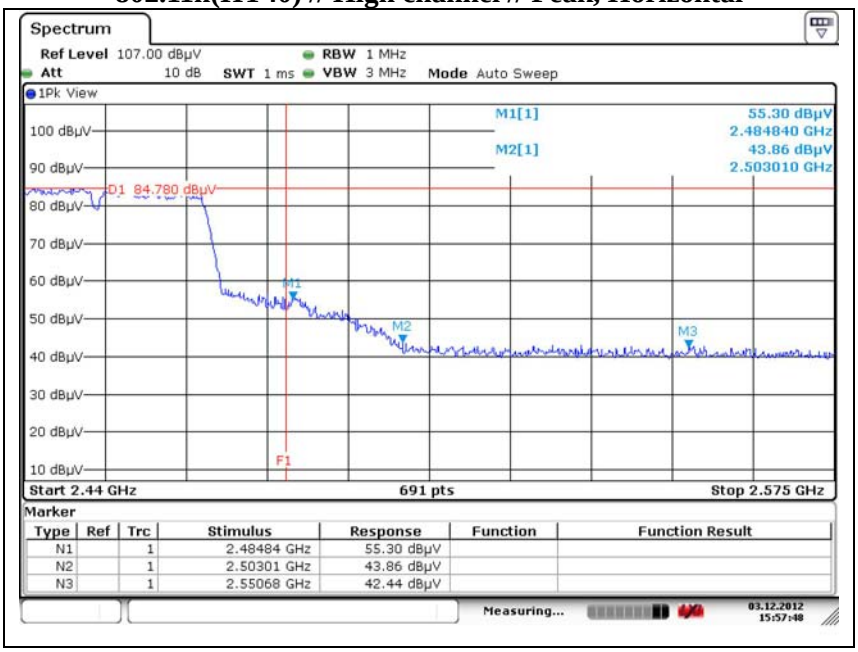
802.11n(HT40) // Low channel // Peak, Horizontal



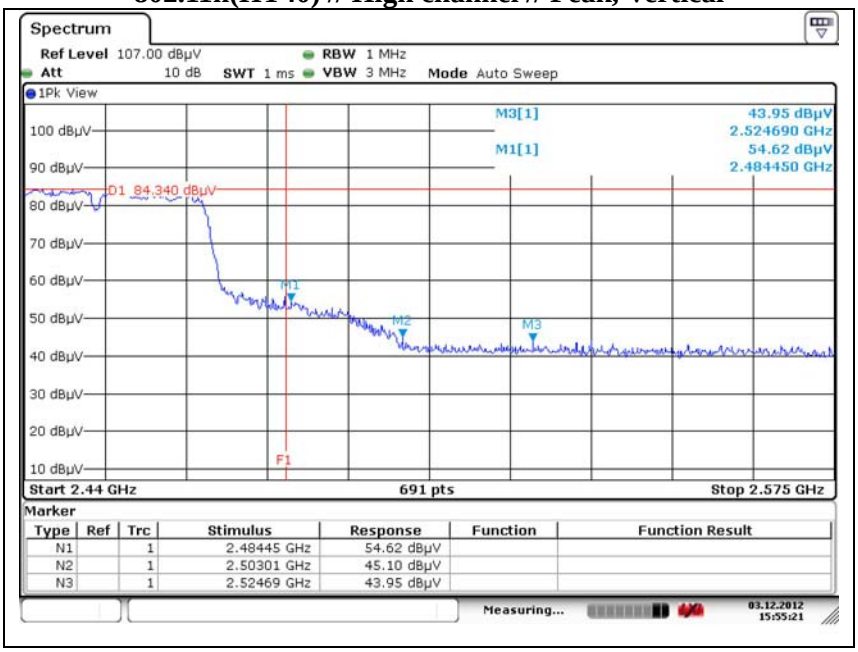
802.11n(HT40) // Low channel // Peak, Vertical



802.11n(HT40) // High channel // Peak, Horizontal



802.11n(HT40) // High channel // Peak, Vertical



The frequency spectrum from 1 ㎓ to 25 ㎓ was investigated. No Emissions were found above 20 dB below the limit.

802.11n(HT40) // Low channel

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dB㎶)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp + CL (dB)	Actual (dB㎶/m)	Limit (dB㎶/m)	Margin (dB)
2 312.6	42.96	Peak	H	28.15	-39.02	32.09	74.00	41.91
2 362.2	44.10	Peak	H	28.26	-38.93	33.43	74.00	40.57
2 366.7	46.23	Peak	V	28.26	-38.92	35.57	74.00	38.43
2 385.7	55.46	Peak	V	28.30	-38.89	44.87	74.00	29.13
2 398.9	59.42	Peak	V	28.33	-38.86	48.89	74.00	25.11
2 399.7	57.61	Peak	H	28.33	-38.86	47.08	74.00	26.92

802.11n(HT40) // Middle channel

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dB㎶)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp + CL (dB)	Actual (dB㎶/m)	Limit (dB㎶/m)	Margin (dB)
Above 1 000	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	74.00	-

802.11n(HT40) // High channel

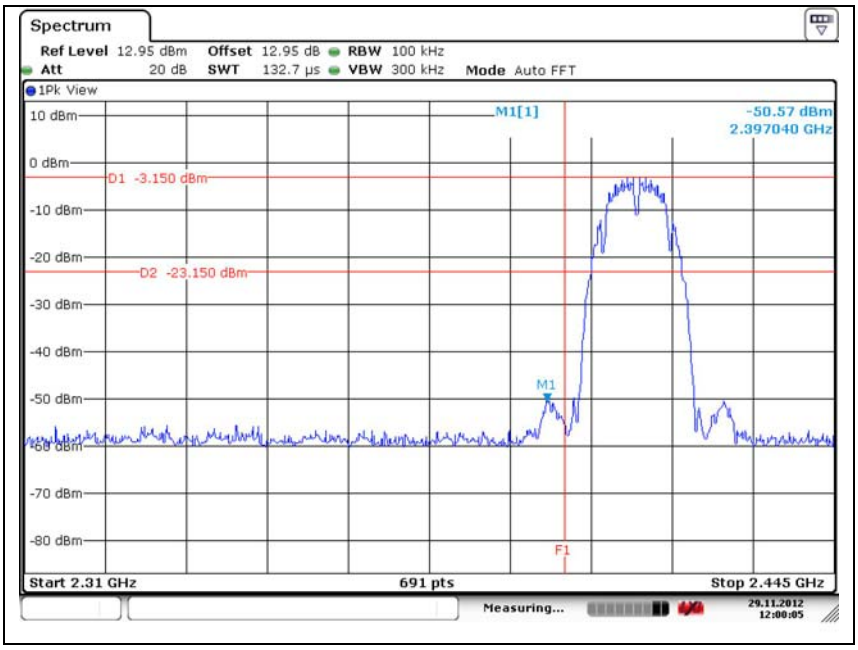
Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dB㎶)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp + CL (dB)	Actual (dB㎶/m)	Limit (dB㎶/m)	Margin (dB)
2 484.4	54.62	Peak	V	28.50	-38.73	44.39	74.00	29.61
2 484.8	55.30	Peak	H	28.50	-38.73	45.07	74.00	28.93
2 503.0	43.86	Peak	H	28.54	-38.70	33.70	74.00	40.30
2 503.0	45.10	Peak	V	28.54	-38.70	34.94	74.00	39.06
2 524.6	43.95	Peak	H	28.58	-38.67	33.86	74.00	40.14
2 550.6	42.44	Peak	V	28.64	-38.63	32.45	74.00	41.55

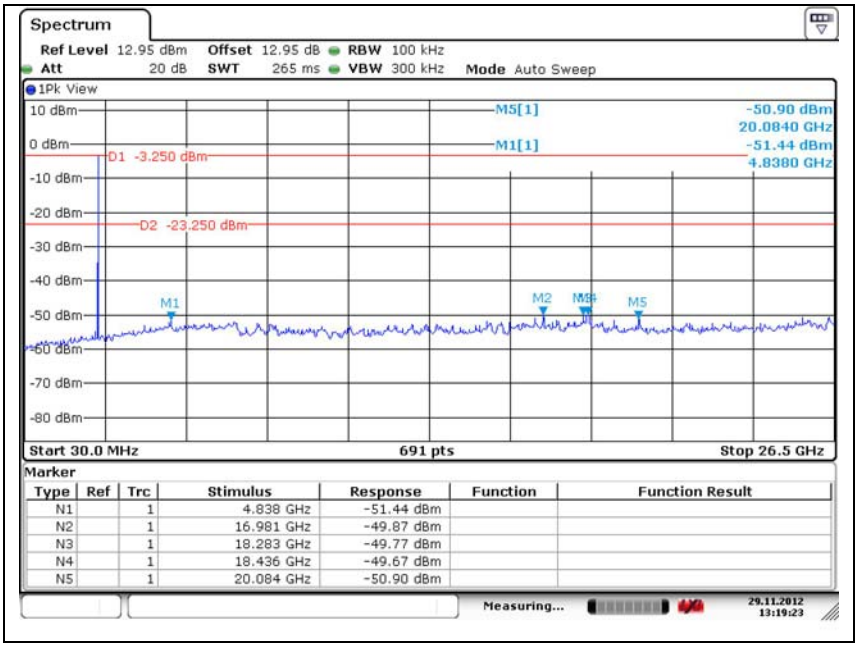
※ Remark

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 ㎓ to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1 000 ㎒ were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Actual = Reading + Ant. factor + Amp + CL (Cable loss)
5. To get a maximum emission level from the EUT, the EUT was moved throughout the XY, XZ and YZ planes.

Test results: conducted spurious emission

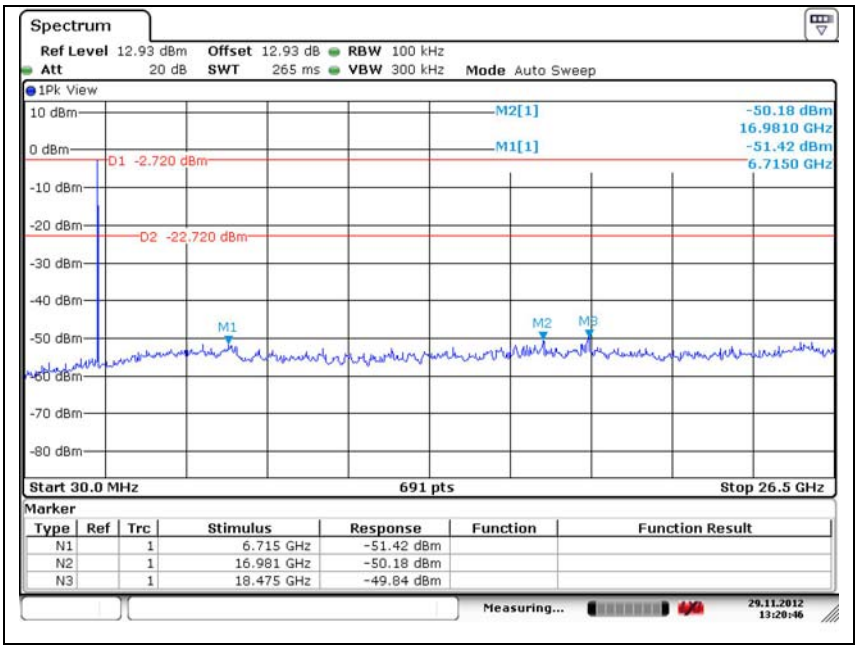
802.11b // Low channel



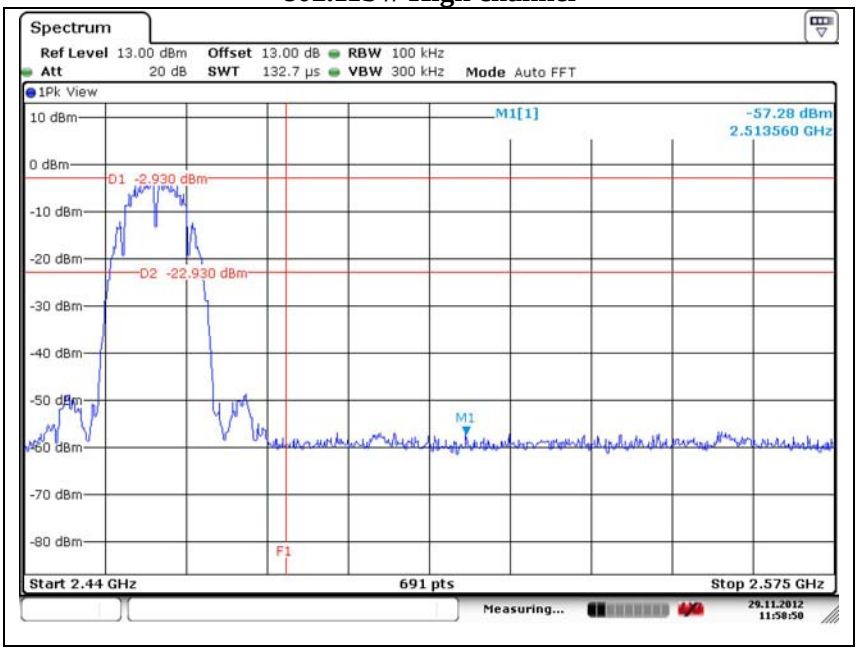


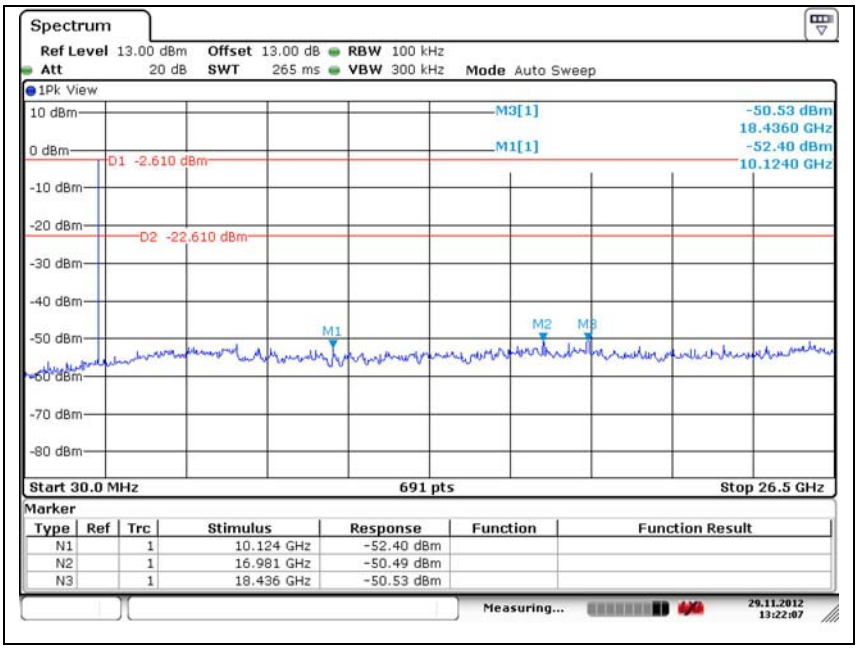
802.11b // Middle channel

N/A

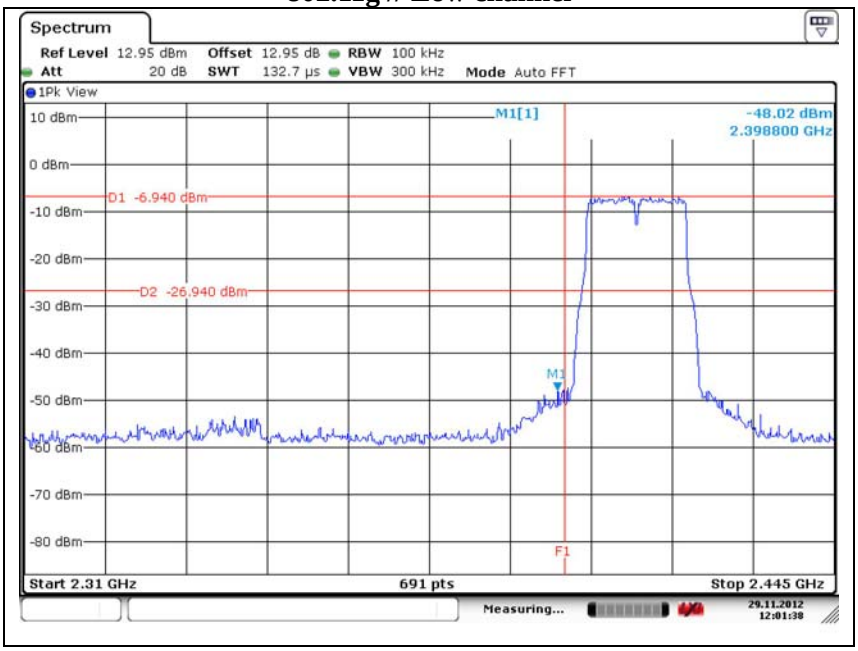


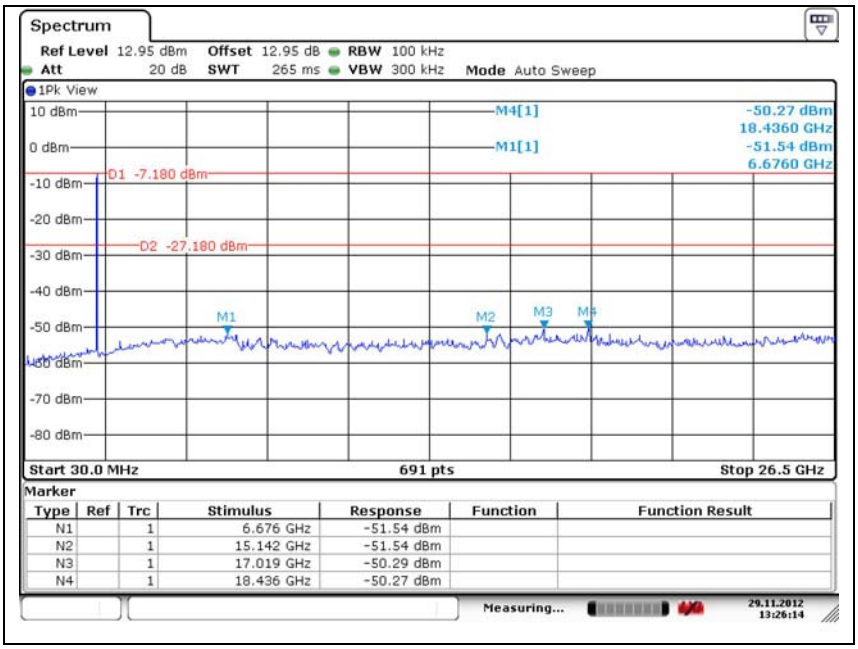
802.11b // High channel





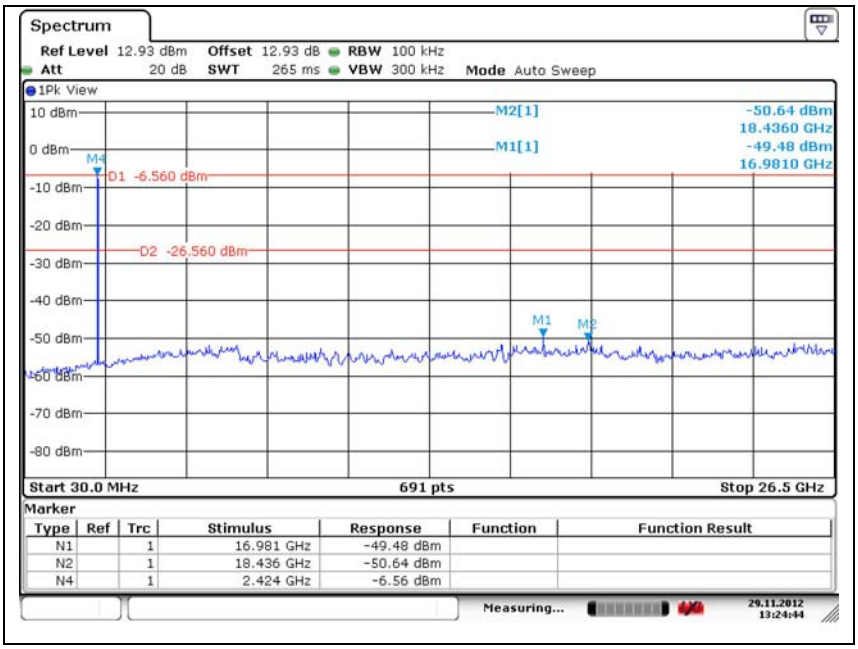
802.11g // Low channel



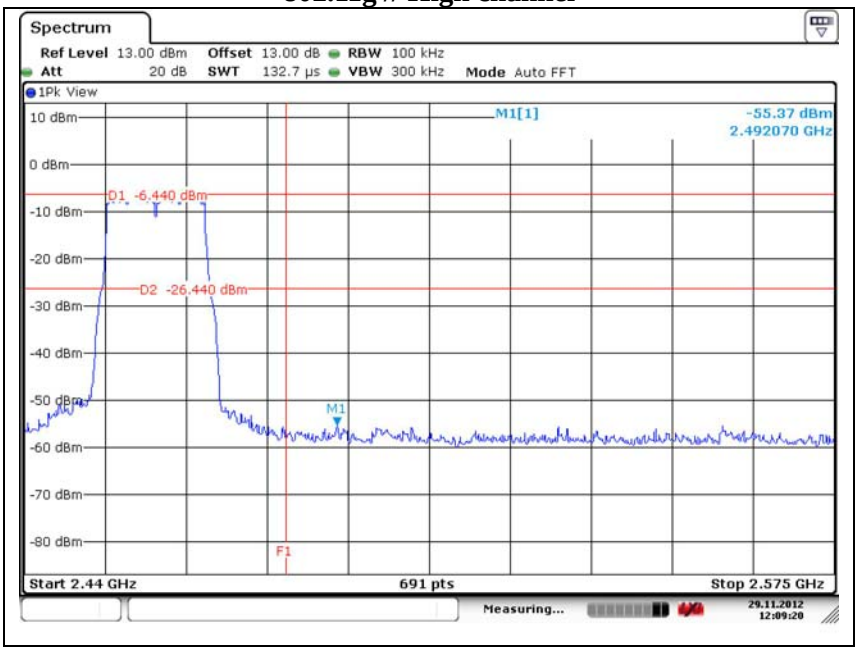


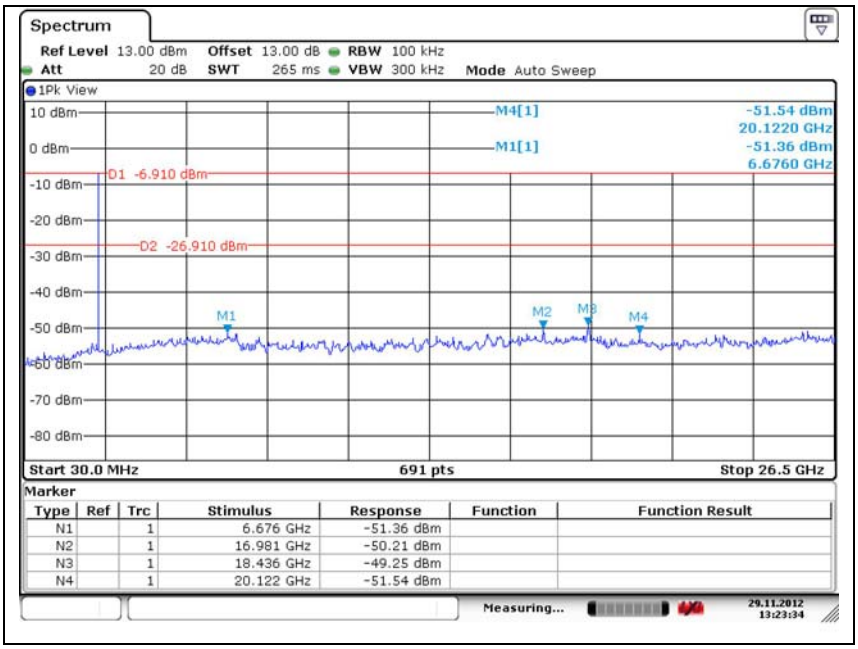
802.11g // Middle channel

N/A

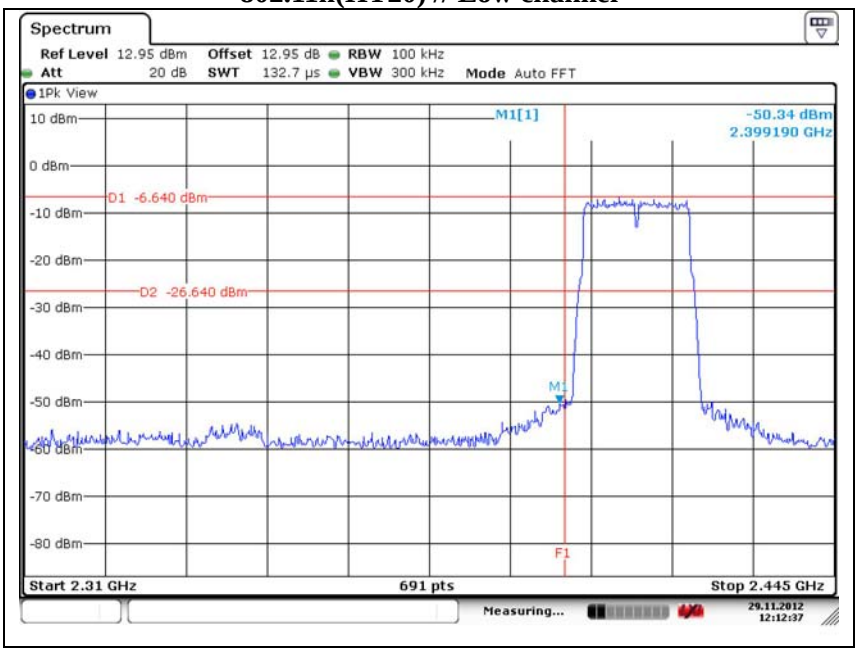


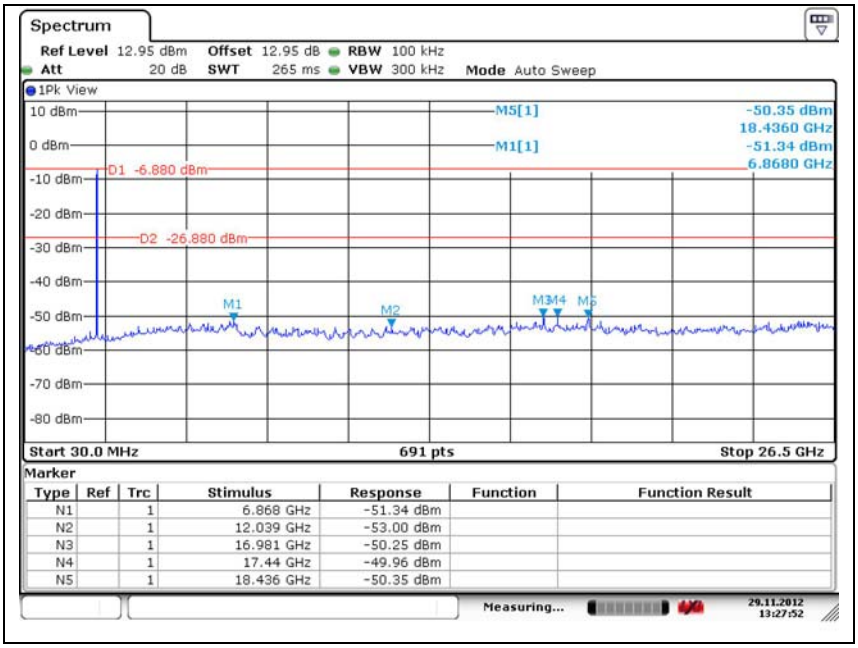
802.11g // High channel





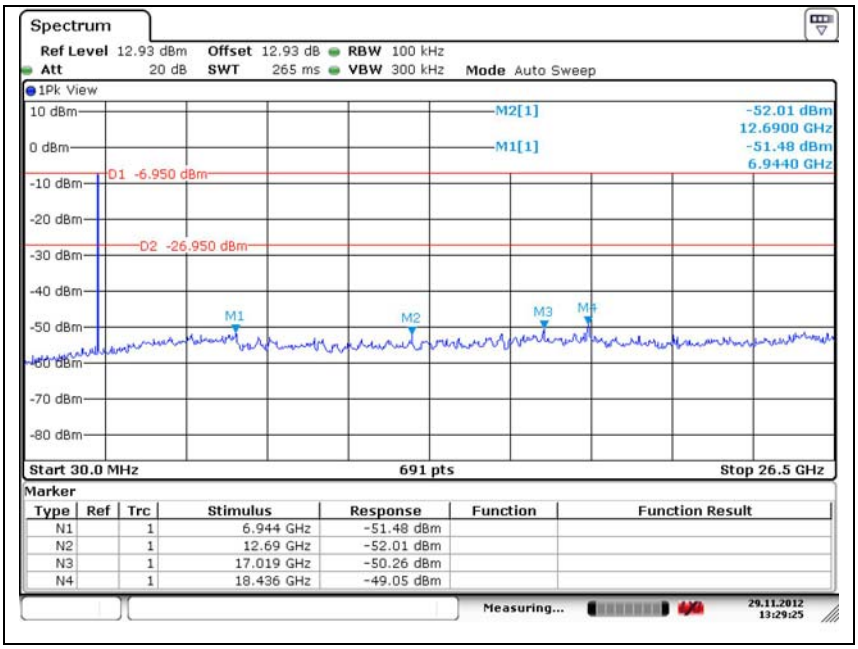
802.11n(HT20) // Low channel



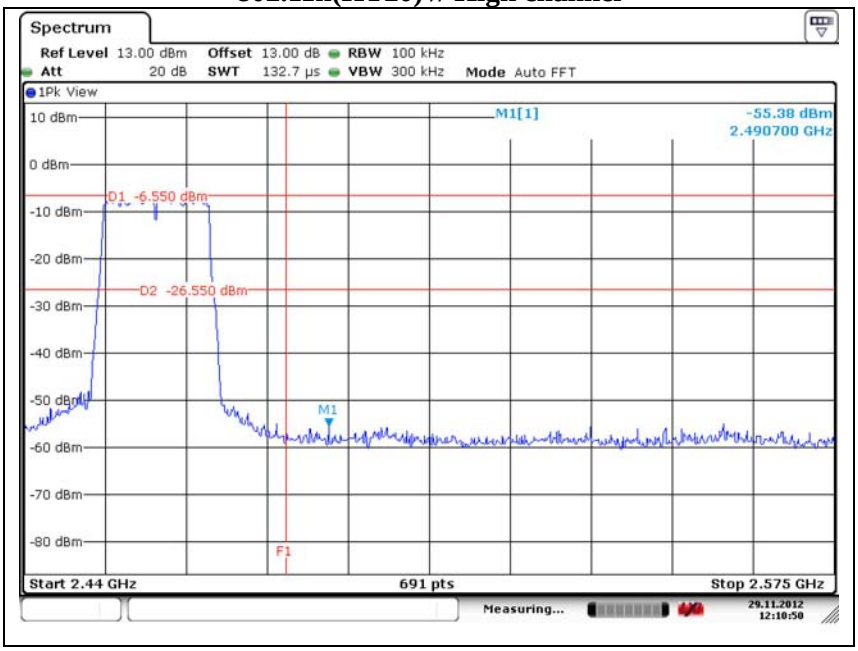


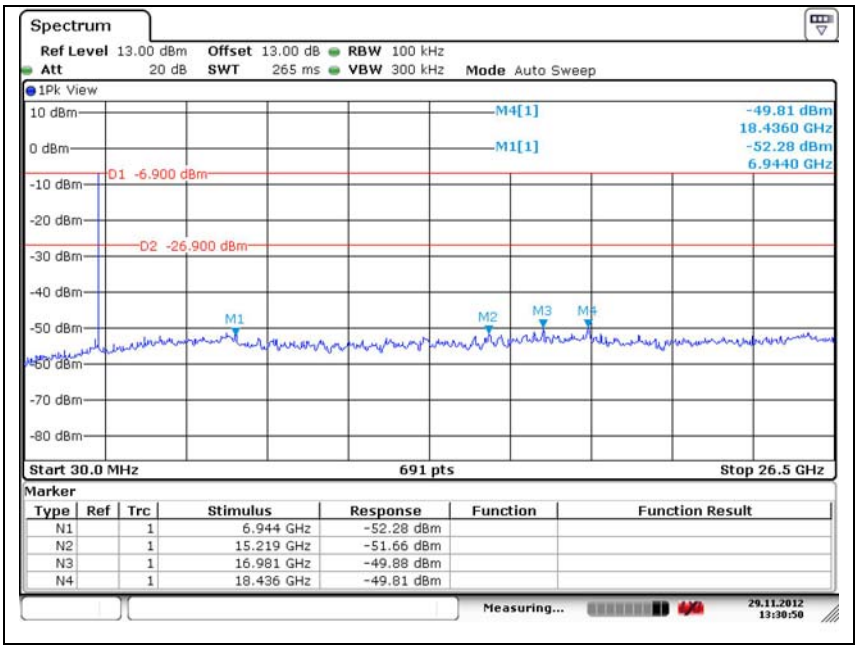
802.11n(HT20) // Middle channel

N/A

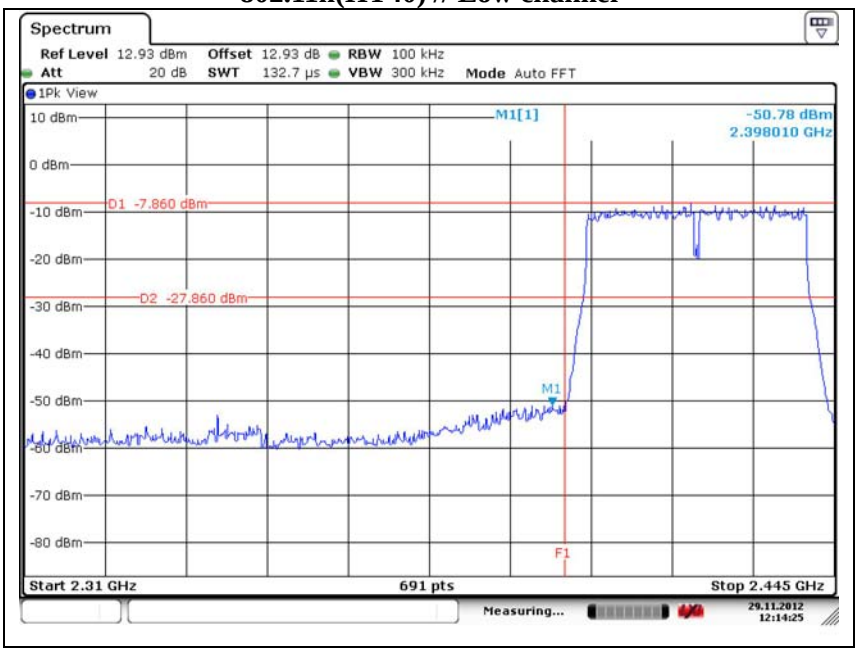


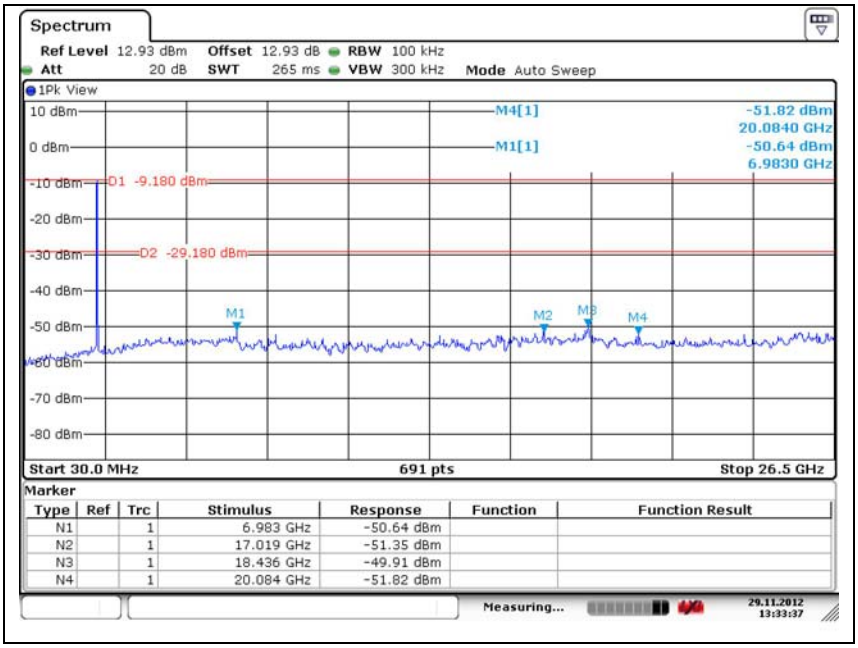
802.11n(HT20) // High channel





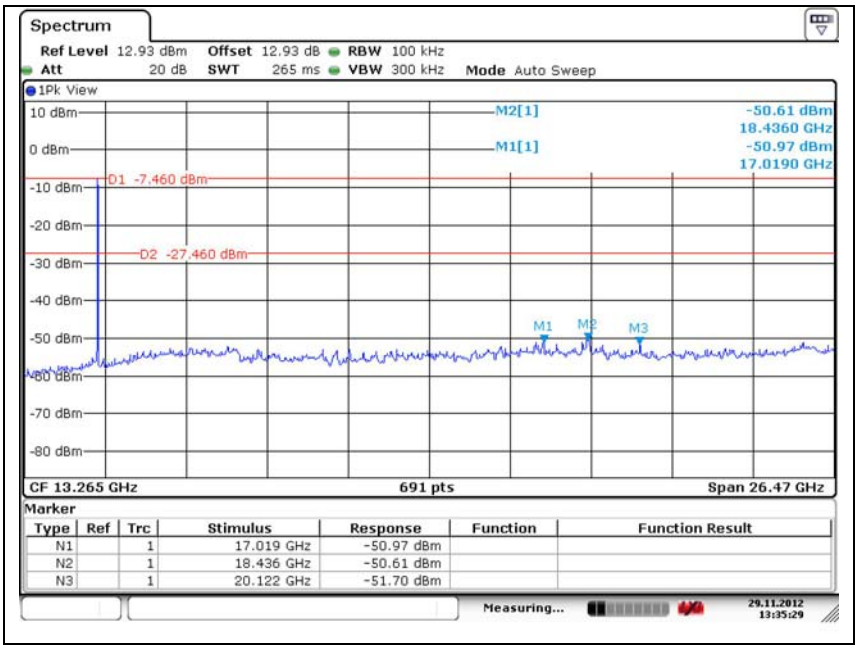
802.11n(HT40) // Low channel



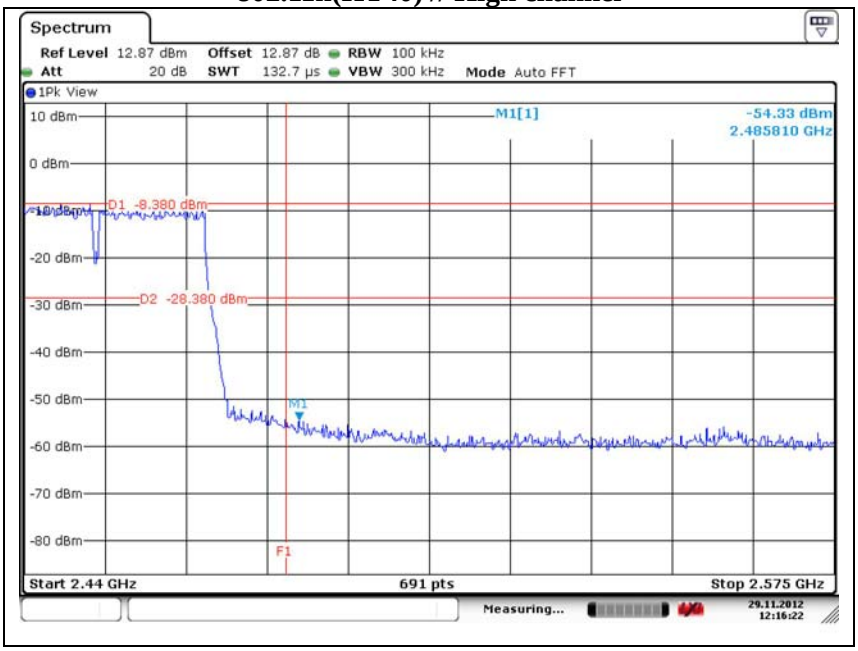


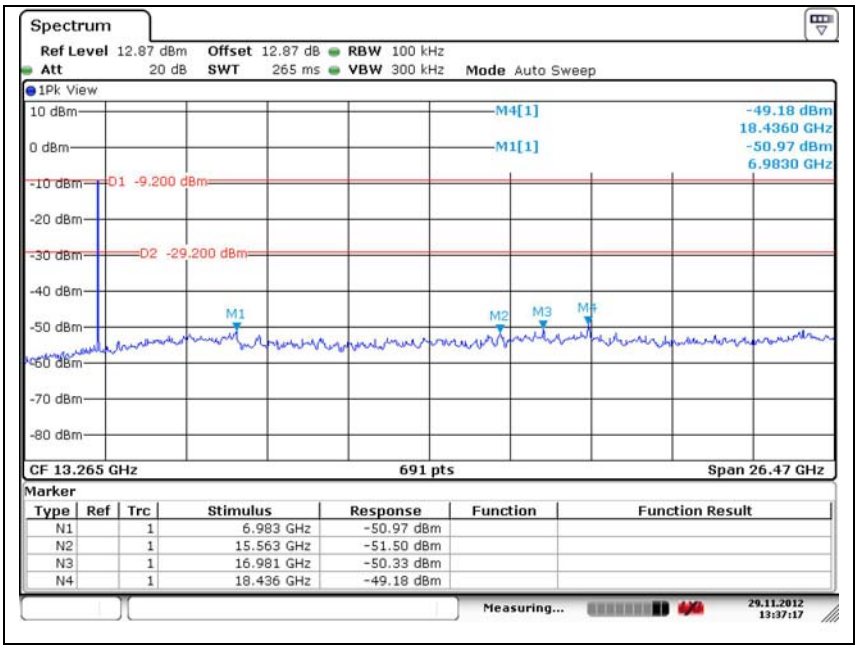
802.11n(HT40) // Middle channel

N/A



802.11n(HT40) // High channel





2.1.6 AC conducted emissions

Frequency range of measurement
150 ㎑ to 30 ㎒

Instrument settings
IF Band Width: 9 ㎑

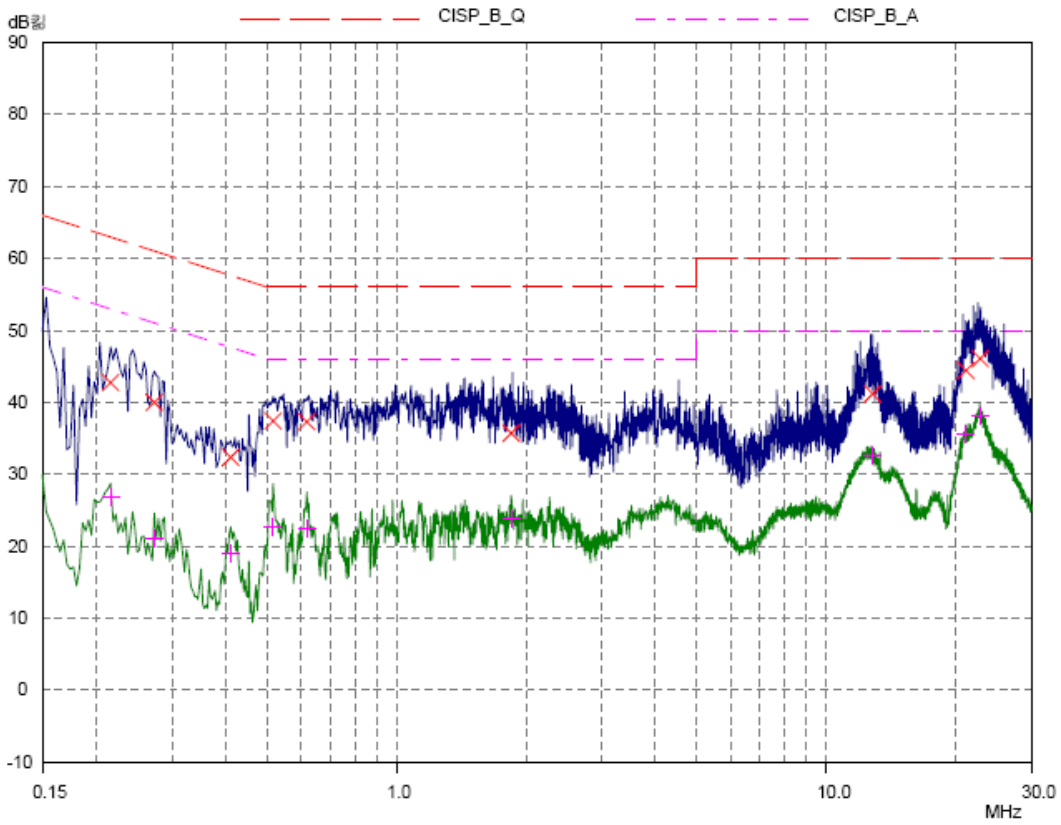
Test procedures
The EUT was placed on a non-metallic table 0.8m above the metallic, grounded floor and 0.4m from the reference ground plane wall. The distance to other metallic surfaces was at least 0.8m. Amplitude measurements were performed with a quasi-peak detector and an average detector.

Limit
According to 15.207(a), for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 ㎑ to 30 ㎒, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50uH/50 ohm line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provision of this paragraph shall on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower applies at the boundary between the frequencies ranges.

Frequency of Emission (㎒)	Conducted limit (dB㎶/m)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 – 0.50	66 - 56*	56 - 46*
0.50 – 5.00	56	46
5.00 – 30.0	60	50

※ Remark
Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

Test results

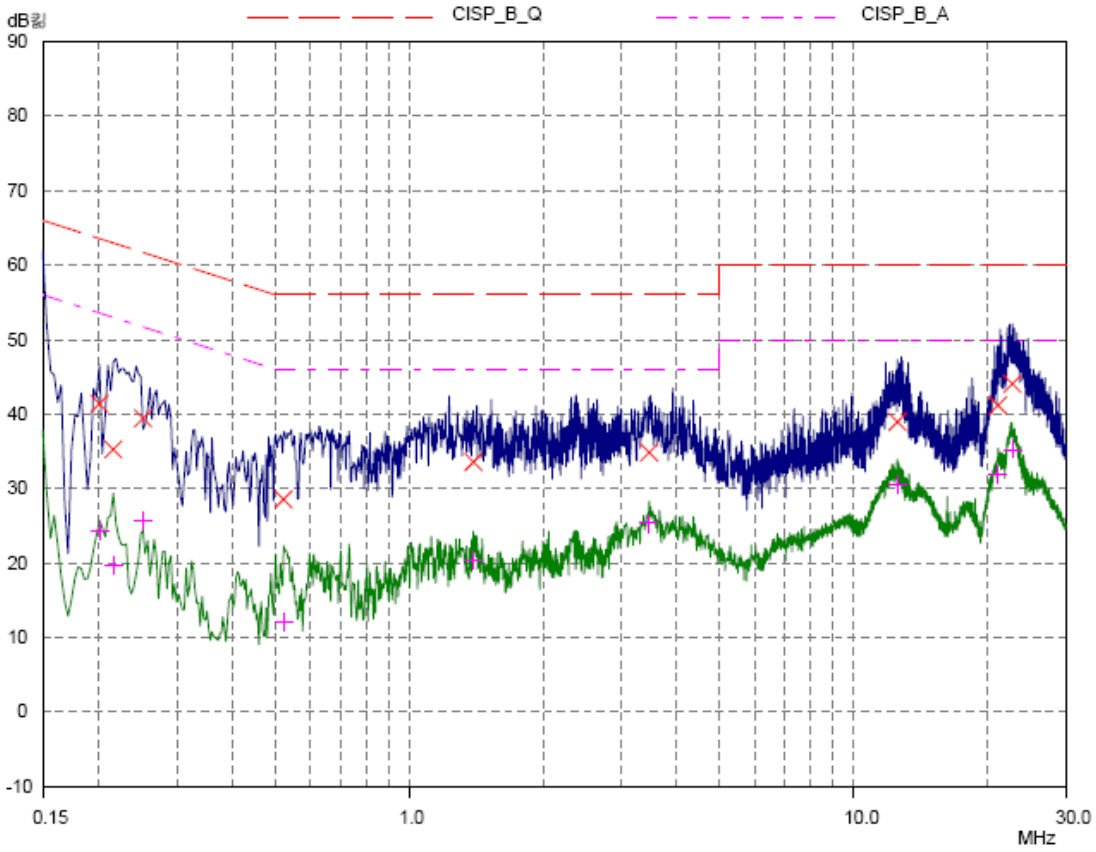


Final Measurement Results

Frequency MHz	QP Level dBµV	QP Limit dBµV	QP Delta dB
0.216	42.73	62.97	20.24
0.273	39.98	61.03	21.05
0.411	32.34	57.63	25.29
0.516	37.40	56.00	18.60
0.618	37.28	56.00	18.72
1.848	35.70	56.00	20.30
12.81	41.15	60.00	18.85
21.126	44.42	60.00	15.58
22.791	46.04	60.00	13.96

Frequency MHz	AV Level dBµV	AV Limit dBµV	AV Delta dB
0.216	26.92	52.97	26.05
0.273	21.12	51.03	29.91
0.411	19.07	47.63	28.56
0.516	22.75	46.00	23.25
0.618	22.41	46.00	23.59
1.848	23.75	46.00	22.25
12.81	32.60	50.00	17.40
21.126	35.67	50.00	14.33
22.791	38.18	50.00	11.82

Note;
Both Cable loss and LISN factor are included in measurement level(QP Level or AV Level).



Final Measurement Results

Frequency MHz	QP Level dBµV	QP Limit dBµV	QP Delta dB
0.201	41.35	63.57	22.22
0.216	35.25	62.97	27.72
0.252	39.40	61.69	22.29
0.522	28.54	56.00	27.46
1.395	33.54	56.00	22.46
3.468	34.84	56.00	21.16
12.54	38.93	60.00	21.07
21.126	41.15	60.00	18.85
22.755	44.06	60.00	15.94

Frequency MHz	AV Level dBµV	AV Limit dBµV	AV Delta dB
0.201	24.38	53.57	29.19
0.216	19.57	52.97	33.40
0.252	25.69	51.69	26.00
0.522	12.14	46.00	33.86
1.395	20.44	46.00	25.56
3.468	25.32	46.00	20.68
12.54	30.56	50.00	19.44
21.126	31.84	50.00	18.16
22.755	35.24	50.00	14.76

Note;
Both Cable loss and LISN factor are included in measurement level(QP Level or AV Level).

Appendix A. Test equipment used for test

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Calibration due.
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV30	2013.01.10
8360B Series Swept Signal Generator	HP	83630B	2013.06.06
Attenuator	HP	8495B	2013.05.04
Attenuator	HP	8494B	2013.05.04
AC POWER SOURCE ANALYZER	HP	6813A	2013.07.06
Loop Antenna	R&S	HFH2-Z2.335.4711.52	2013.03.10
Trilog-Broadband Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9168	2013.10.25
Horn Antenna	A.H. System	SAS-571	2013.03.22
Horn Antenna	A.H. System	SAS-572	2013.09.07
High Pass Filter	Wainwright Instrument	WHJS3000-10TT	2013.01.10
Preamplifier	A.H. System	PAM-0118	2013.05.04
Power Amplifier	MITEQ	AFS43-01002600	2013.10.07
EMC Analyzer	Agilent	E7405A	2013.05.04
EMI TEST Receiver	R & S	ESHS10	2013.05.04
LISN	R & S	ENV216	2013.02.27
LISN	EMCO	3810/2	2013.04.18
Wideband Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z81	2012.12.21

Peripheral devices

Device	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.
Notebook(Laptop)	Samsung Electronics	NT-R410Y	Z9YJ93CS300631H

Appendix B. Test setup photos

Radiated field emissions

AC conducted emission