

Brickcom

Megapixel Day & Night
Fixed Box Network Camera

FB-100A Series

User's Manual

Quality Service Group

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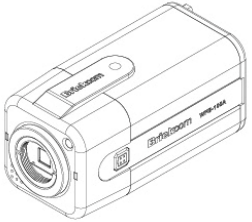
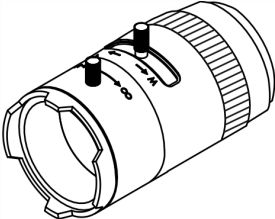
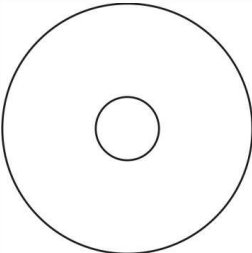
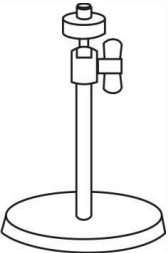

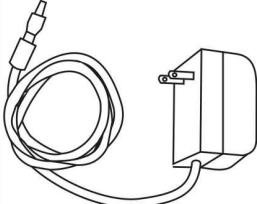

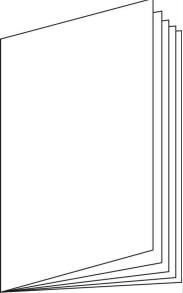
Before You Use This Product

The use of surveillance devices may be prohibited by law in your country. The Network Camera is not only a high-performance web-ready camera but also can be part of a flexible surveillance system. It is the user's responsibility to ensure that the operation of such devices is legal before installing this unit for its intended use.

It is important to first verify that all contents received are complete according to the list in the "Package Contents" chapter. Take notice of the warnings in "Quick installation guide" before the Network Camera is installed, then carefully read and follow the instructions in the "Installation" chapter to avoid damages due to faulty assembly and installation.



Package Contents

<p>a. FB-100A</p> 	<p>b. CS mount Lens (Optional)</p> 
<p>c. Product CD</p> 	<p>d. Camera Stand</p> 
<p>e. Warranty Card</p> 	<p>f. Power Adapter</p> 
<p>g. Detachable Antenna (WFB-100A)</p> 	<p>h. Quick Guide</p> 

Fixed Box Network Camera Overview

Brickcom FB-100A series offers highly efficient H.264 video compression, which reduce bandwidth and storage requirements without compromising image quality. Furthermore, M-JPEG and MPEG-4 are also supported for flexibility. FB-100A series offers the reliable and excellent video quality solution for 24-hour surveillance application that allow users to view live, motion image from anywhere by web browser or mobile phone via Internet or 3G network respectively. With the mega pixel progressive sensor and built-in removable IR-cut Filter, it delivers extremely clear and detailed images that CCTV cameras cannot offer. Also, FB-100A series supports SD/SDHC memory card slot, which allows for backup local storage if data connection is lost. In addition, the FB-100A series can transmit the video to portable devices via other technology, for instance, WiMax, 3G cell phone, NAS, Digital Frame and power line.

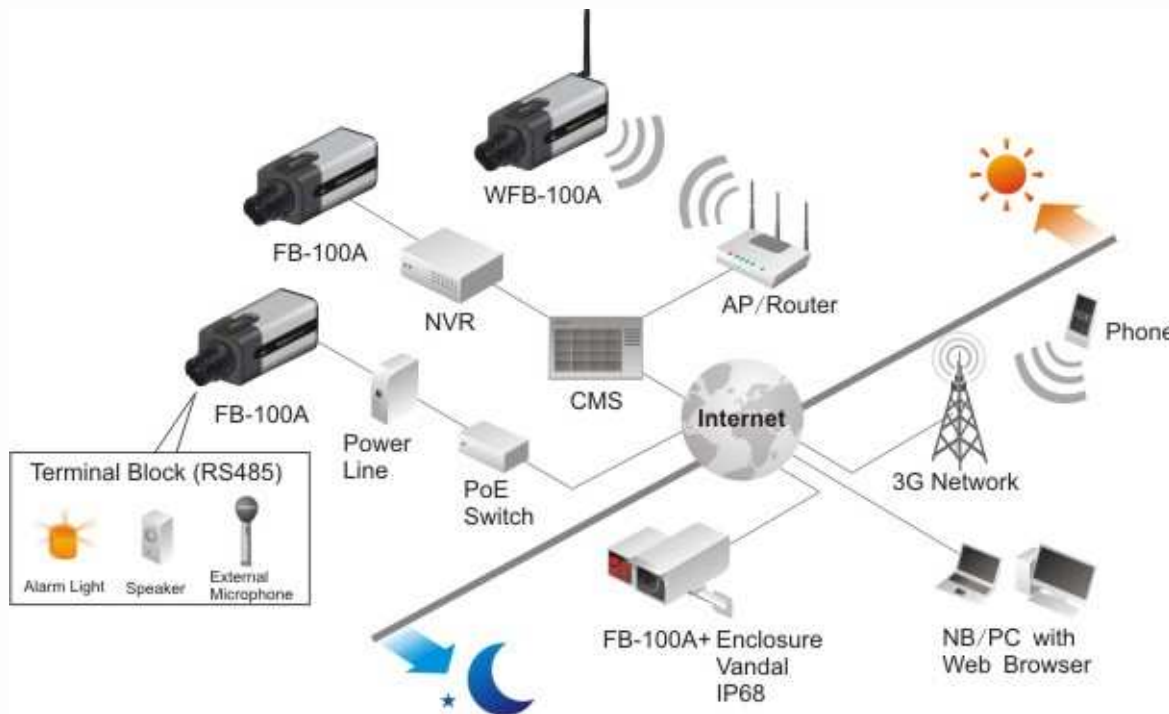
FB-100A series receives power through the same cable as for data transmission. This made for easy installation without external power supply- as easy as the PoE does.

For easy setup, "EasyConfig." makes the configuration simple even for users without any IT background. The Brickcom FB-100A series simplifies the hardware and software installation by flexible design and multiple applications.

With IEEE 802.11 b/g/n compliance, network Installation will not be restricted by location and landforms. WFB-100A series can be set in coverage of wireless. It is very convenient in particular site such as remote districts and historic spots.

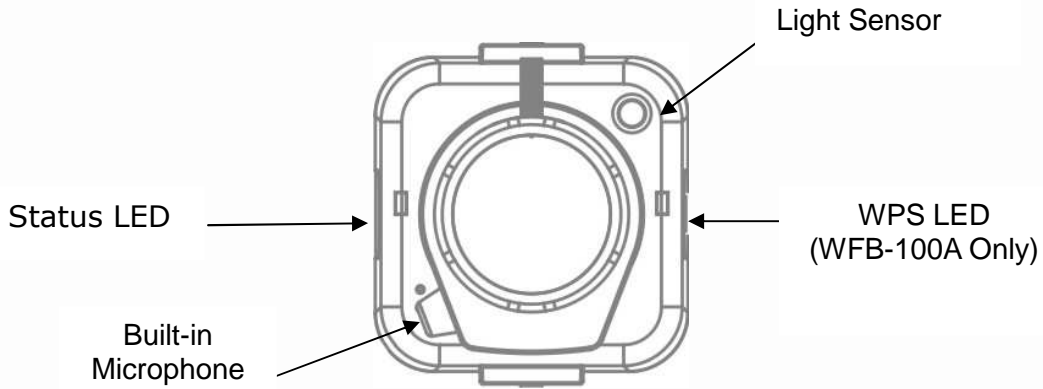
Other than the motion detection function, the FB-100Aa Series can also support intelligence surveillance such as object tracking, people counting, forbidden region alarm, and so on.



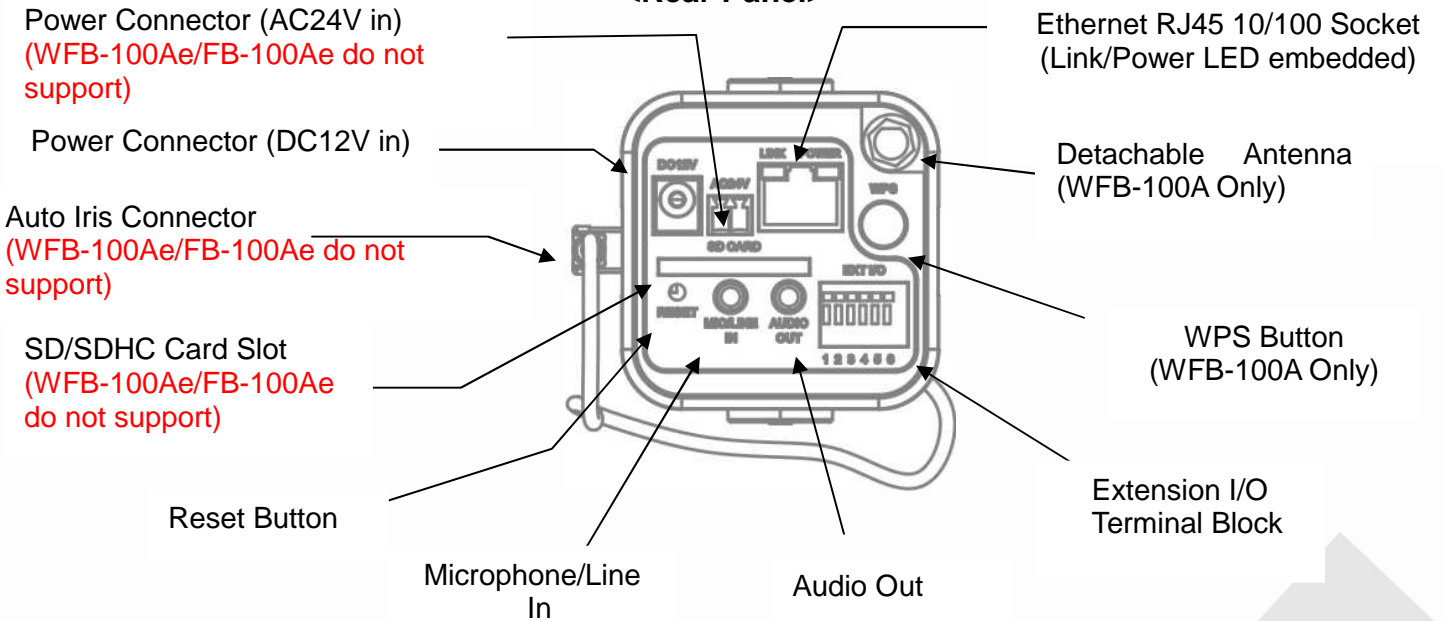


Device Appearance Description

<Front Panel>

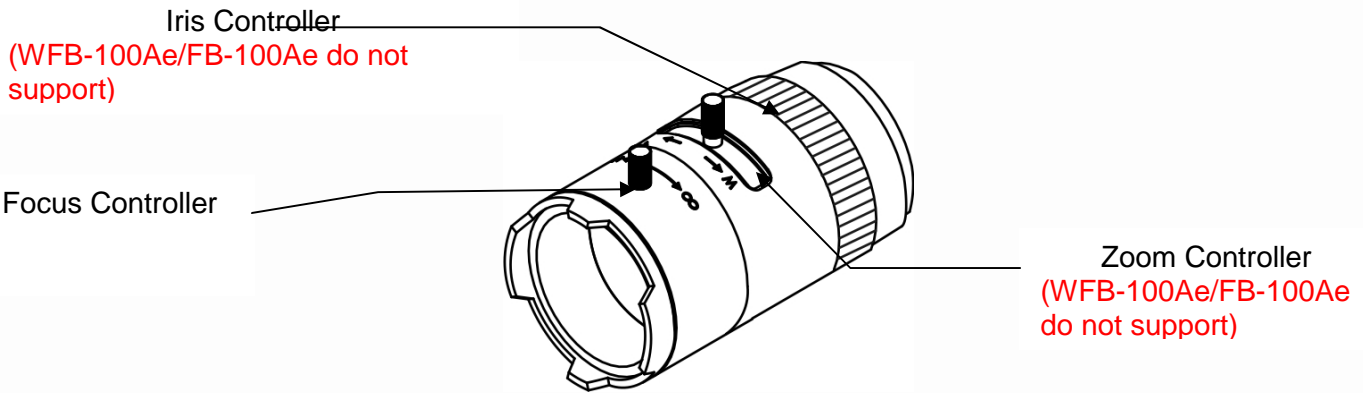


<Rear Panel>

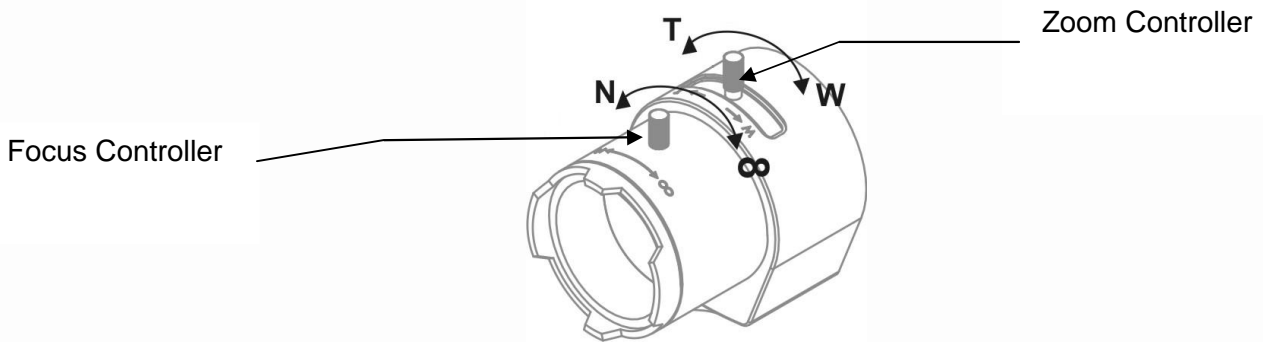


<CS Mount Lens>

<Optional Lens>
<Vari-focal Lens with Manual Iris>



<Optional Lens>
<Vari-focal Lens with Auto Iris (DC Drive)>

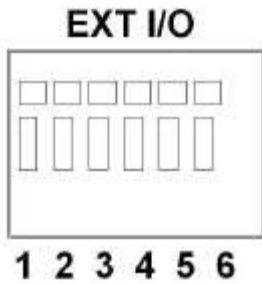


LED Behavior

Function	LED Behavior	Description	Remark
WPS		WPS in progress	WFB-100A Front Right (Blue)
WPS		WPS Error	WFB-100A Front Right (Blue)
WPS		Session overlap detected	WFB-100A Front Right (Blue)
WPS	Steady on	WPS Success	WFB-100A Front Right (Blue)
Status		Hardware failure	Front Left (Green)
Status	Steady On	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Restoring settings Normal Operation 	Front Left (Green)
Status	Unlighted	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Power Off Power On till System setup 	The LED can be configured to be unlighted during normal operation (Green)
Status		While F/W upgrading	Front Left (Green)
Link	Blinking	Blinking while network connection in progress	Rear Left (Orange)
Link	Unlighted	No connection	Rear Left (Orange)
Power	Steady On	Normal Operation	Rear Right (Green)
Power	Unlighted	Power off	Rear Right (Green)

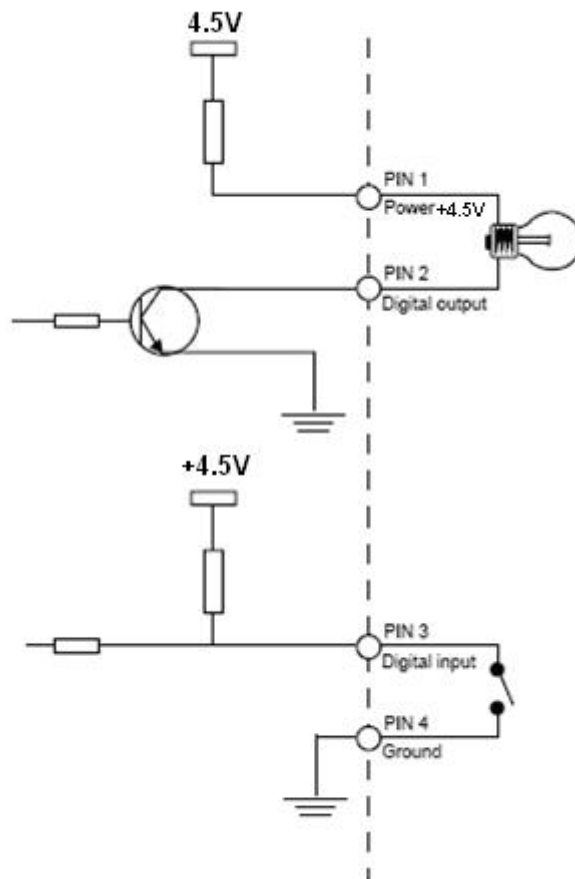
Extension I/O Terminal Block

The Network Camera provides an extension I/O terminal block which is used to connect external input/output devices. The pin definitions are listed as below.

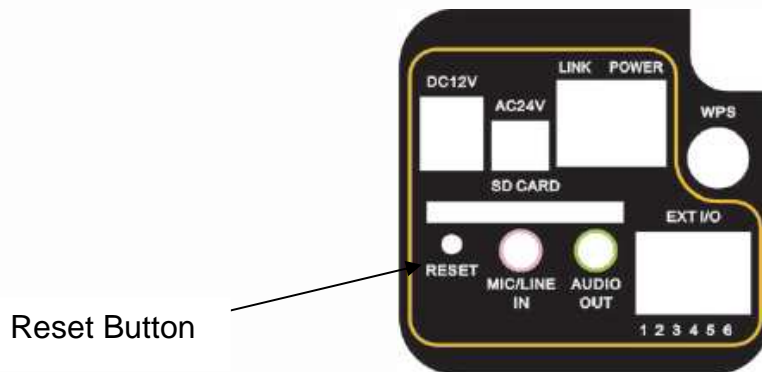


Pin	Function
1	Power +4.5V
2	Digital Output
3	Digital Input
4	Ground
5	RS-485 -
6	RS-485 +

DI/DO Diagram



Hardware Reset



The reset button is used to reset the system or restore the factory default settings. Sometimes resetting the system can return the camera to normal operation. If the problems remain after reset, please restore the factory settings and install it again.

Reboot: Please press and release the indented reset button within 1 second with paper clip or thin object. Wait for the network camera to reboot.

Restore: Please press and hold the reset button until the status of LED turns off. It takes about 10 seconds. Please note that all settings will be restored to factory default. Upon successful restore, the status of LED will be green again during normal operation.

SD Card Capacity (WFB-100Ae/FB-100Ae do not support)

The network camera is compliant with SD/SDHC (Maximum 32GB) cards.

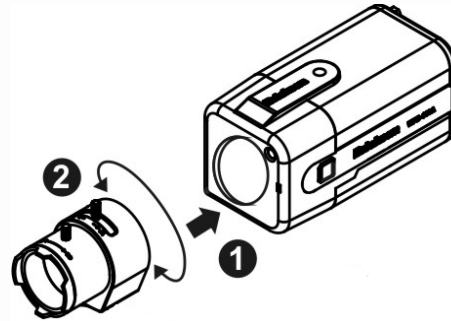
Installation

Hardware Installation

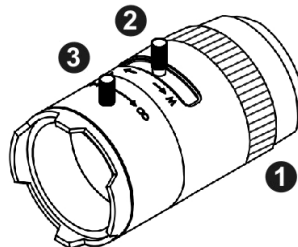
Mounting the CS-Mount Lens to the Camera

<Vari-focal Lens with Manual Iris> --- Optional Lens

1. Mount the CS-mount lens by turning it clockwise onto the camera mount until it stops.
2. If it's necessary, please turn the lens counterclockwise slowly until it gets the best position.

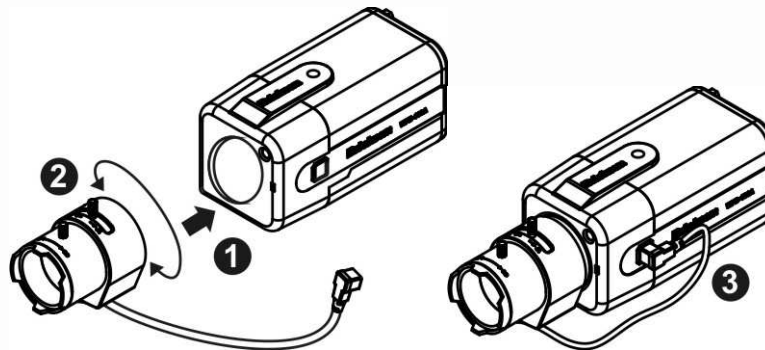


1. Turn the iris ring controller counterclockwise or clockwise until it gets the best performance.
2. Unscrew the zoom controller to adjust the zoom factor. Upon completion, tighten the zoom controller.
3. Unscrew the focus controller to adjust the focus range. Upon completion, tighten the focus controller.

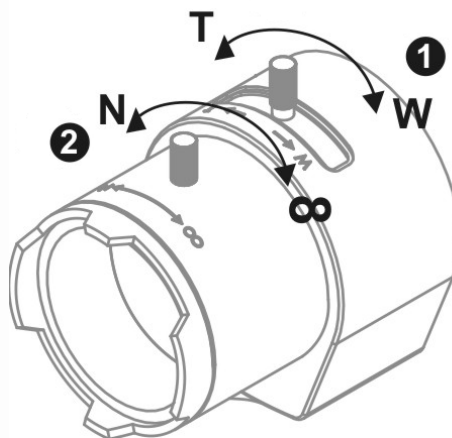


<Vari-focal Lens with Auto Iris> --- Optional Lens

1. Mount the CS-mount lens by turning it clockwise onto the camera mount until it stops.
2. If it's necessary, please turn the lens counterclockwise slowly until it gets the best position.
3. Connect the lens cable plug (DC Iris control cable) to the camera side connector.



1. Unscrew the zoom controller to adjust the zoom factor. Upon completion, tighten the zoom controller.
2. Unscrew the focus controller to adjust the focus range. Upon completion, tighten the focus controller.



For further information of vari-focal lens with auto iris, please refer to the supplied lens' instruction manual.

System Requirements

Operating System:

Microsoft Windows XP Home Edition SP2

Microsoft Windows XP Professional SP2

Computer:

IBM PC/AT Compatible

CPU:

Pentium 3GHz or faster

Memory:

1024 MB or more

Monitor:

1024 x 768 pixels or more, 24-bit True color or better

Network Interface:

10/100Mbps Network interface card must be installed

Web Browser:

Microsoft Internet Explorer 6.0 SP2

CD-ROM Drive:

It is necessary to read the operating instructions in the provided CD-ROM.

Adobe Reader:

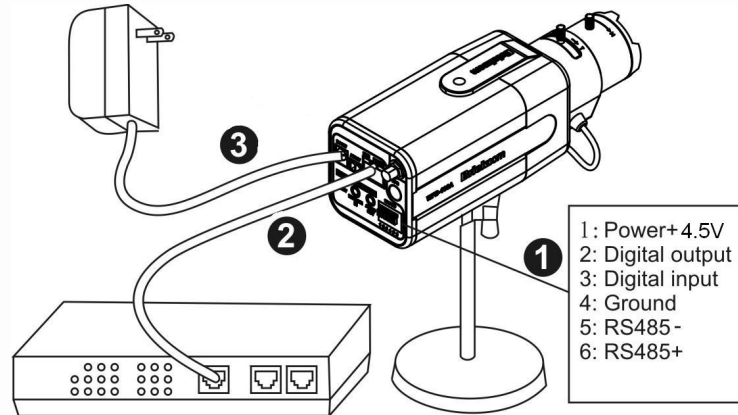
It is necessary to read the operating instructions in the provided CD-ROM.

- Audio function will not be working if a sound card is uninstalled on PC. Audio may be interrupted depending on the network environment.

Camera Connection

Basic Connection (Without PoE)

1. If you have external devices such as sensors and alarms, please make connections with extension I/O terminal block.
2. Connect the camera to a switch via Ethernet cable.
3. Connect the supplied power cable from the camera to the power outlet.



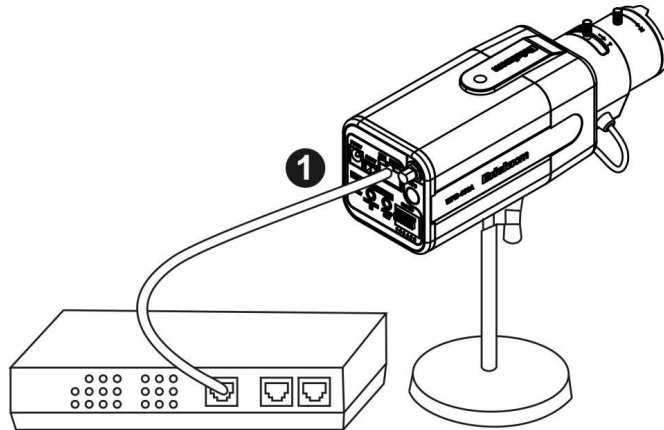
Please check your product package contains all the accessories listed in the foregoing Package Contents. Depending on the user's application, an Ethernet cable may be needed. The Ethernet cable should meet the specs of UTP Category 5 and not exceed 100 meters in length.

Upon powering up, the power LED will become lighted first and then the device will go through booting process. The link LED will be steady amber for getting IP address. After getting IP Address, the link LED will blink orange while network connection is processing.

Power over Ethernet (PoE) Connection

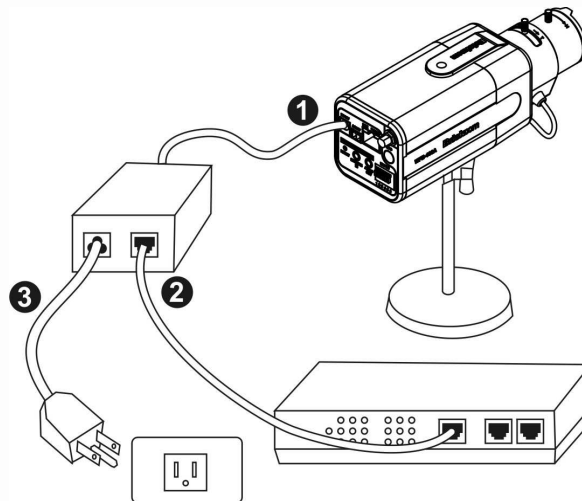
1. When connecting to PoE-enabled switch

The camera is PoE compliant and please connects the camera to a PoE-enabled switch via single Ethernet cable.



2. When connecting to a non-PoE switch

Please connect the camera to a non-PoE switch via PoE Injector (optional).



Software Installation

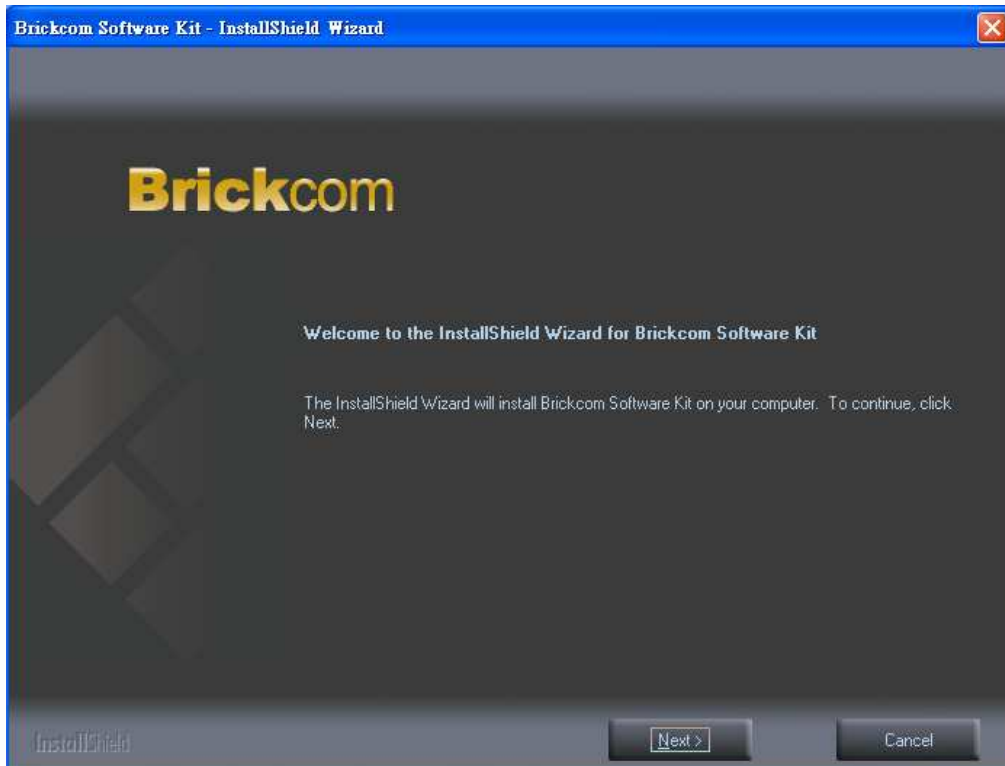
In this manual, "User" refers to whoever has access to the Network Camera, and "Administrator" refers to the person who can configure the Network Camera and grant user access to the camera.

After hardware connection checking, the users can run the Installation Wizard program included in the product CDROM to automatically search for the Network Camera in the Intranet. There may be many Network Cameras in the local network. Users can differentiate the Network Cameras with the serial number. The serial number is printed on the labels on the carton and the bottom of the Network Camera body.

Insert the Installation CD into the CD-ROM driver. Run Auto run Tool from the CD-ROM directly to start the installation. For the first time of installing Brickcom software kit, select a desired language for the interface. The available languages are listed in the scroll box. Click "Install" and follow the steps to install the easy configuration wizard on user's computer.

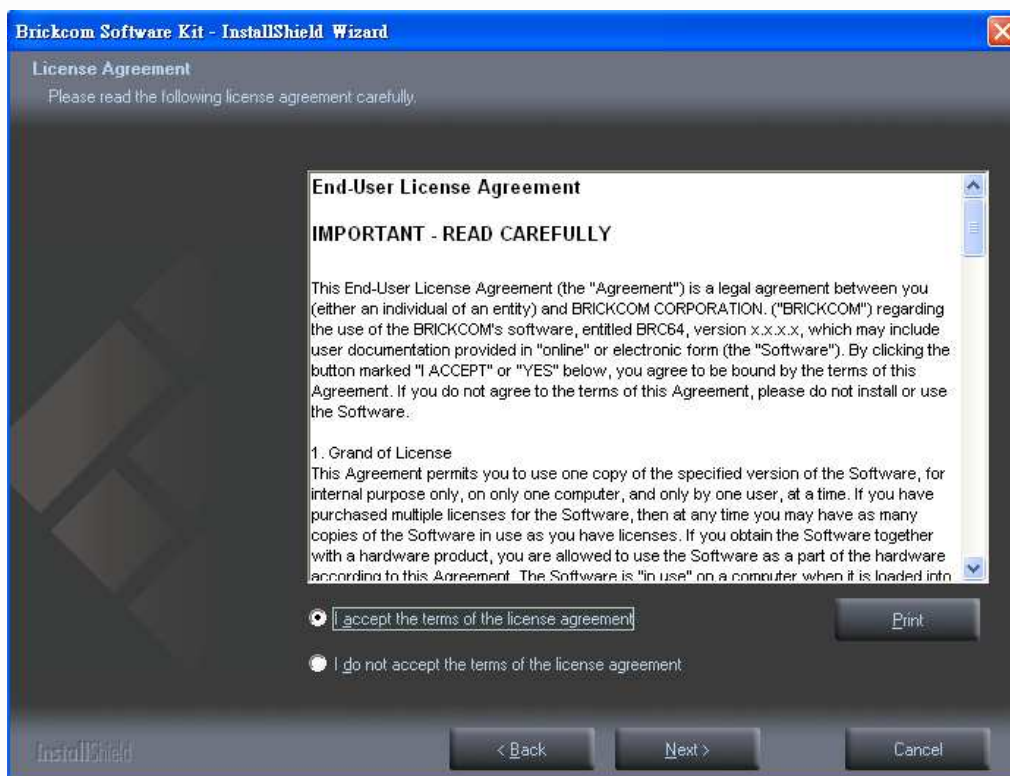


In the Install Shield Wizard dialog box, click <Next> to continue.

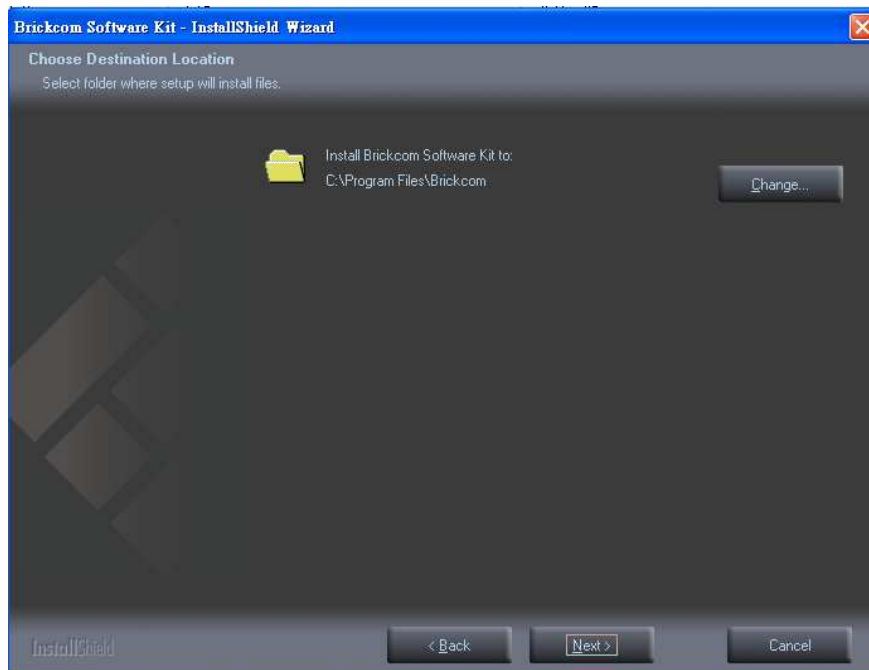


Check the option "I accept the terms of the license agreement".

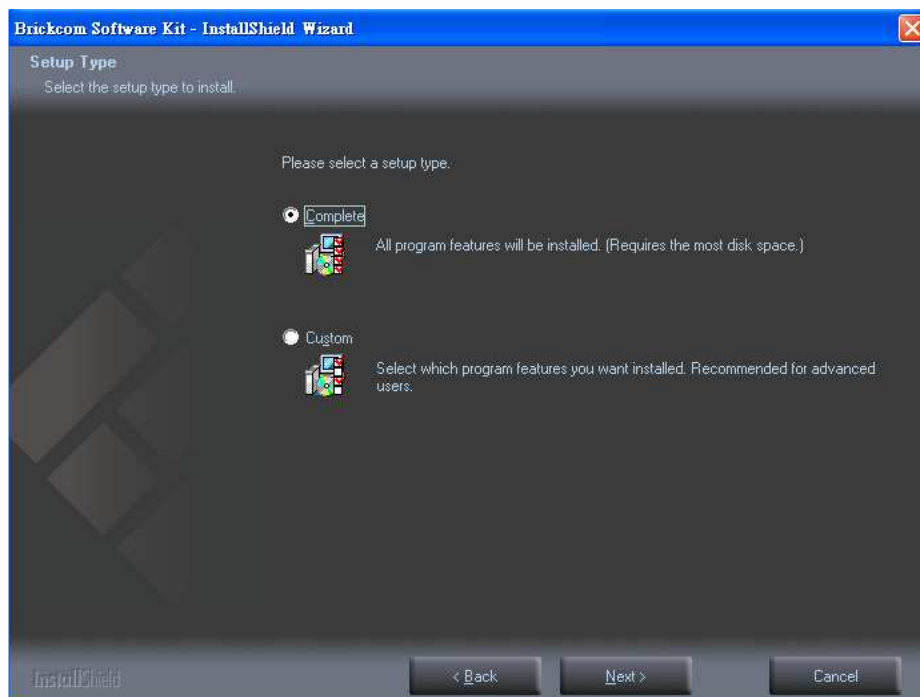
Click <Next> to continue.



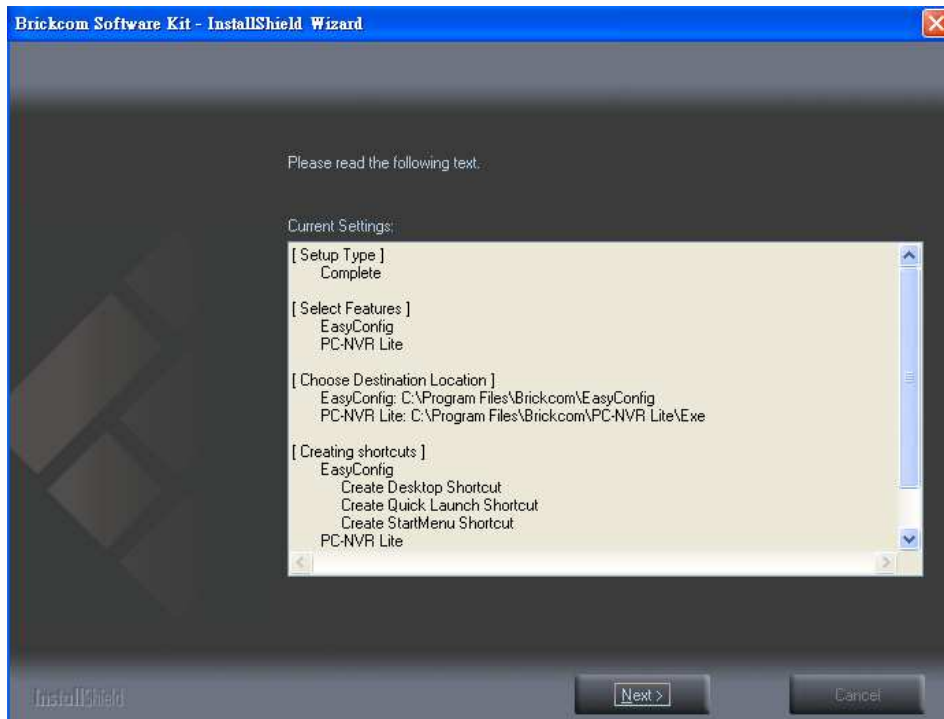
Select appointed folder where setup will install files to. Click **<Change>** to modify the installation directory. Click **<Next>** to continue.



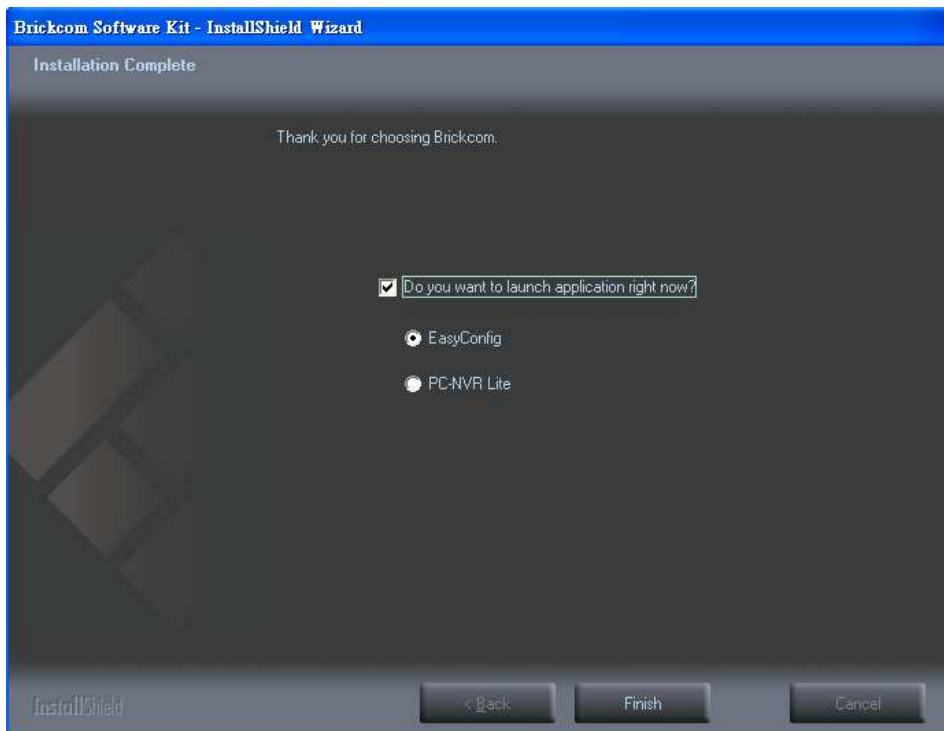
Select either "Complete" setup type or "Custom" setup type to install the System. If **COMPLETE SETUP TYPE is selected**, install **all program features** into the default directory. Check the option "**Complete**", and then click **<Next>**. All program features will be installed.



Display the installation information. Click <Next> to continue.



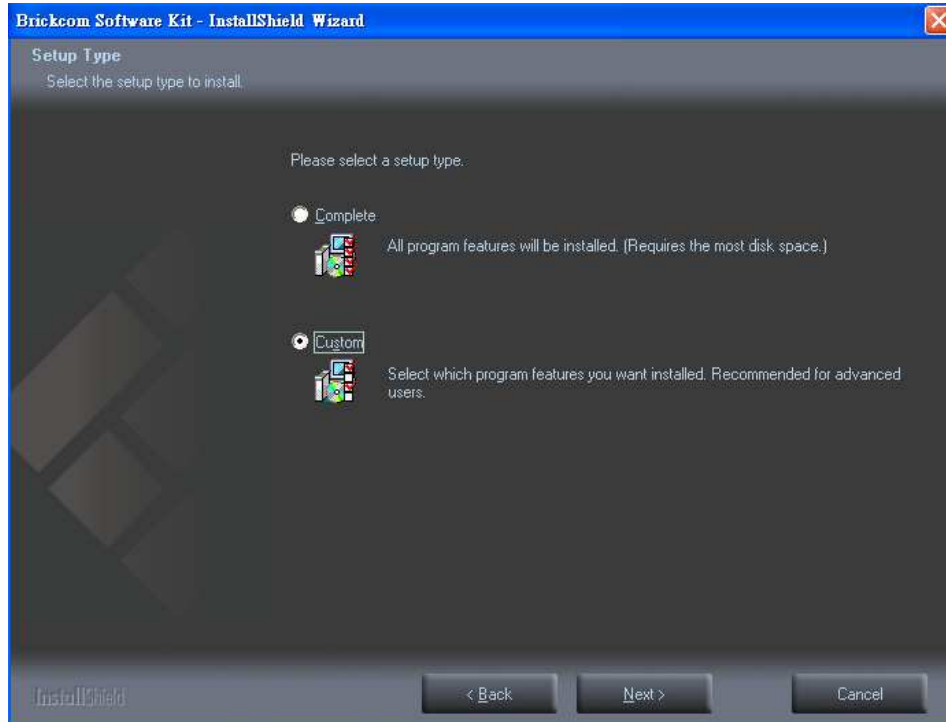
Select either EasyConfig or PC-NVR to launch.



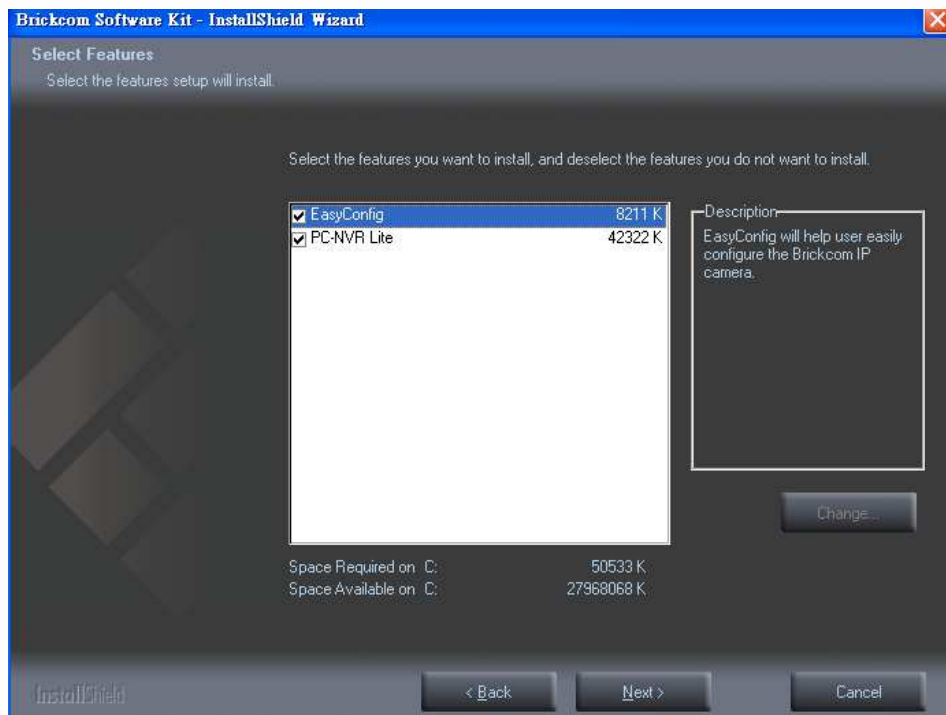
If CUSTOM SETUP TYPE is selected

Install the system to a preferred directory. Or select whichever program feature(s) to install. This is recommended for advanced users.

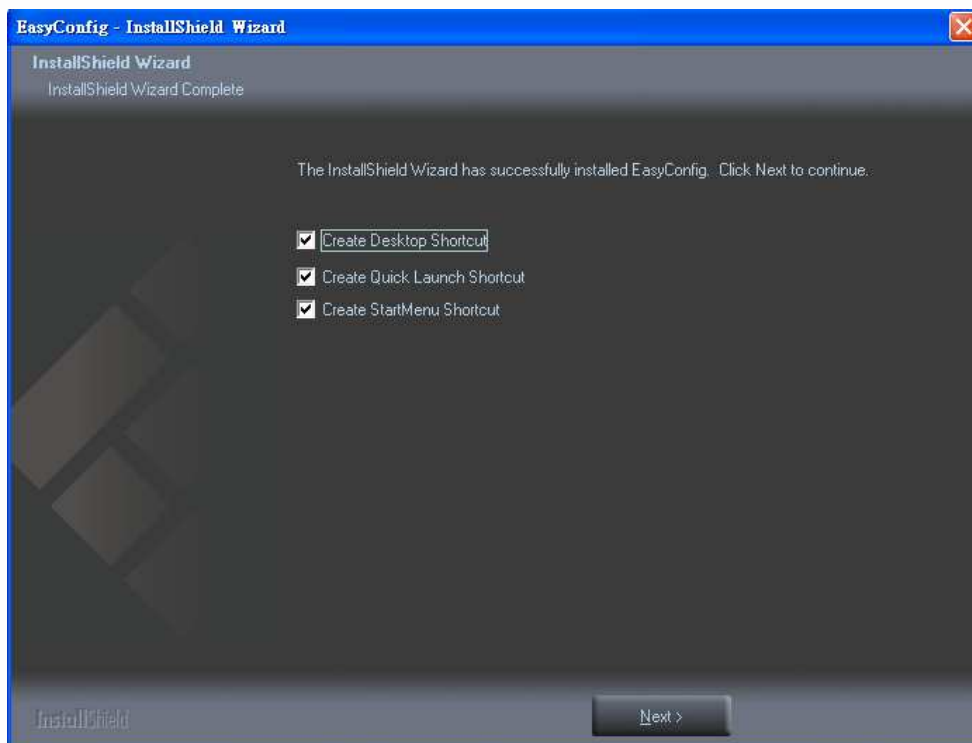
Check the option “**Custom**”, and then click <Next>.



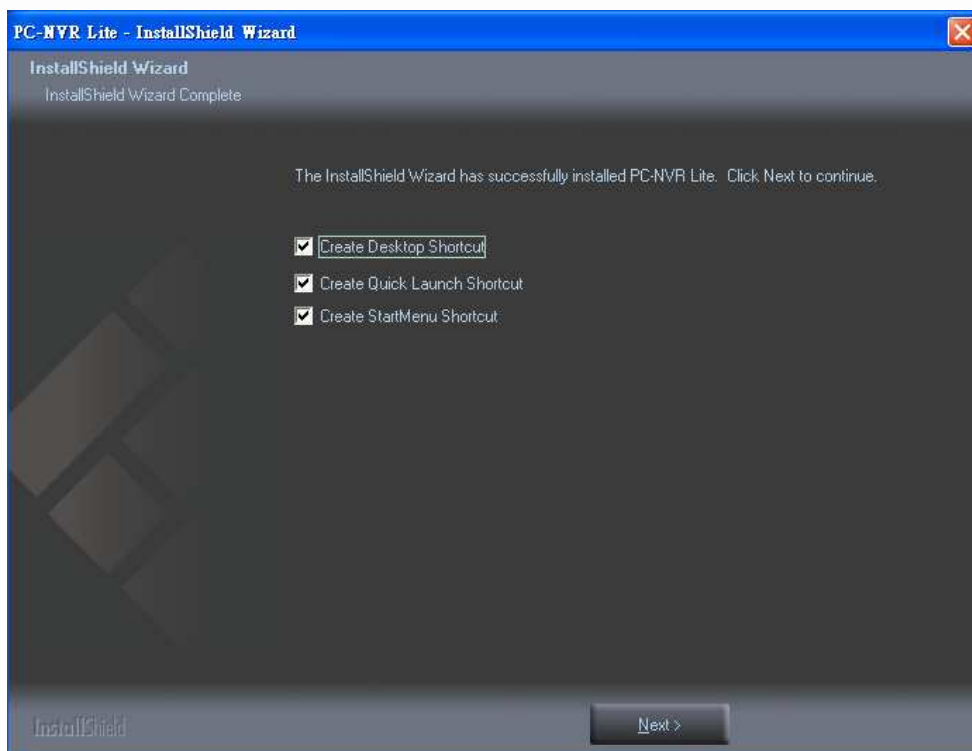
Select the features you want to install. Click <Next> to continue.



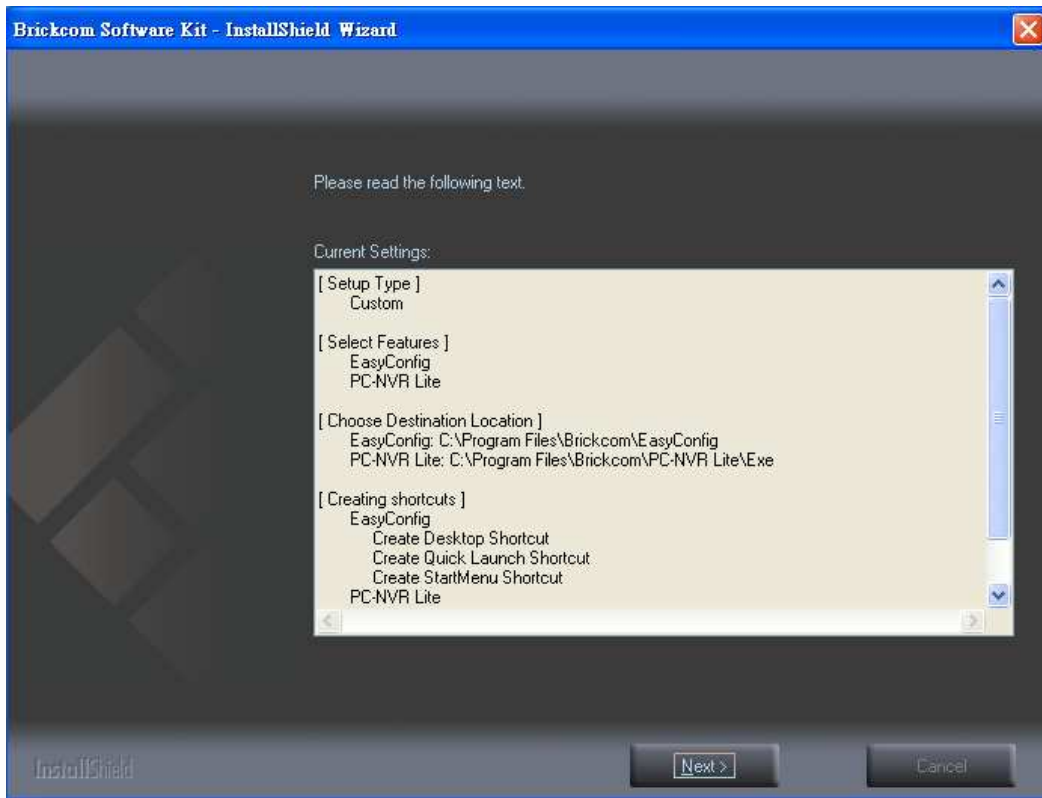
Select to create the EasyConfig shortcuts, click <Next> to continue.



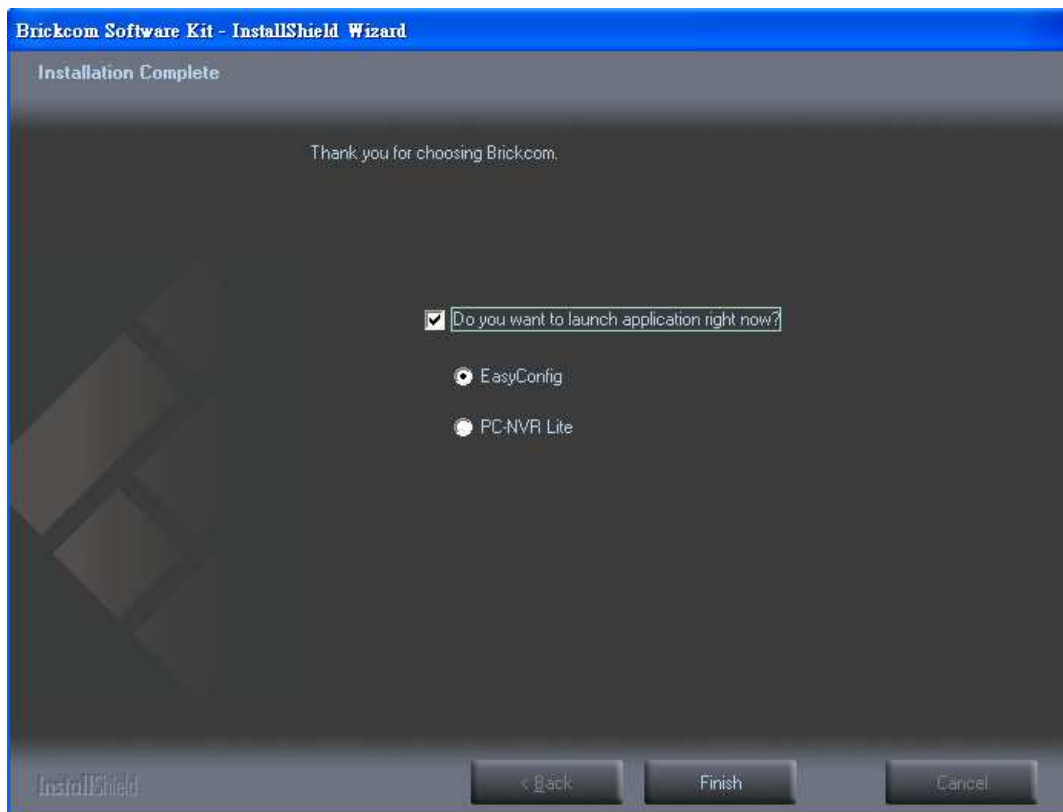
Select to create the PC-NVR Lite shortcuts, click <Next> to continue.



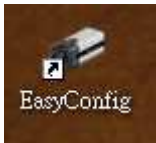
Display the installation information. Click <Next> to continue.



Select either EasyConfig or PC-NVR to launch. If user would like to launch the PC-NVR program, please refer to the PC-NVR user manual.



EasyConfig



Double click on the shortcut icon on the desktop. Note that this is only available if the "Shortcut Selection" component is installed.

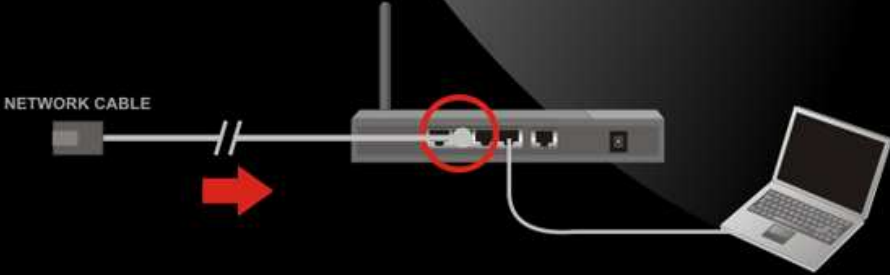
Do not check the option box if user would like to check the hardware installation settings, Otherwise check <Skip the hardware installation> to skip the hardware connection checking, the program will automatically search for the Network Camera in the Intranet. Click <Start> to continue.



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Connection

1 Plug one end of the supplied network cable into your network switch or router.



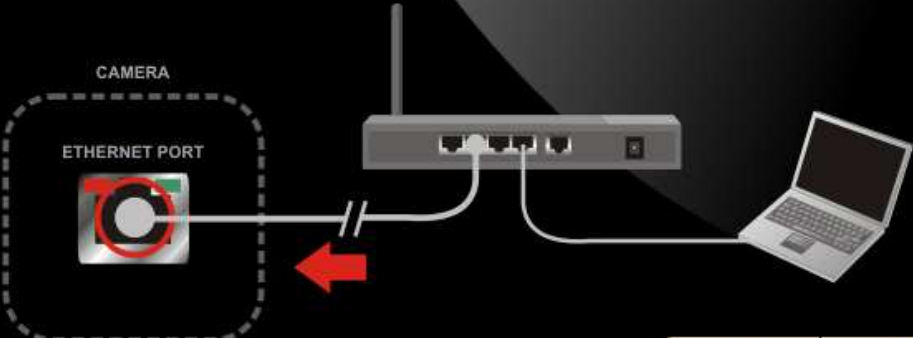
NETWORK CABLE

Diagram illustrating step 1: A network cable is being plugged into the Ethernet port of a network switch or router. The router is connected to a laptop. A red circle highlights the Ethernet port on the router, and a red arrow points to the network cable being inserted into it.

Navigation buttons: Previous, Next

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2 Plug the other end of the supplied network cable into the camera's Ethernet port.

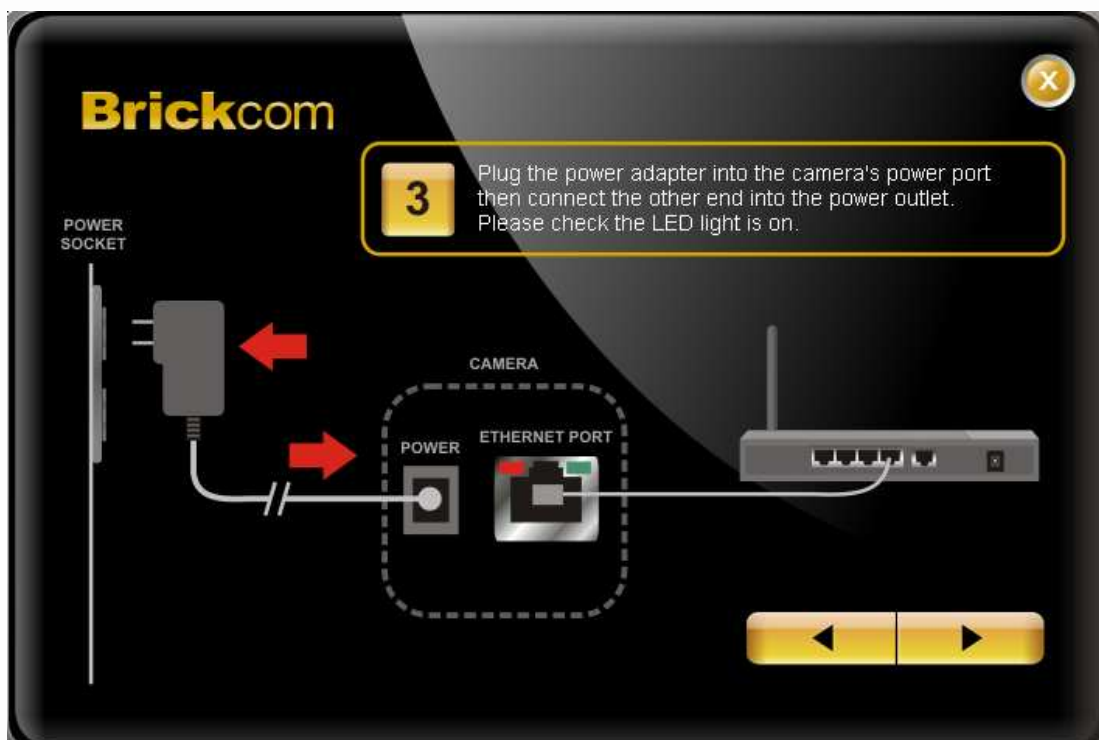


CAMERA

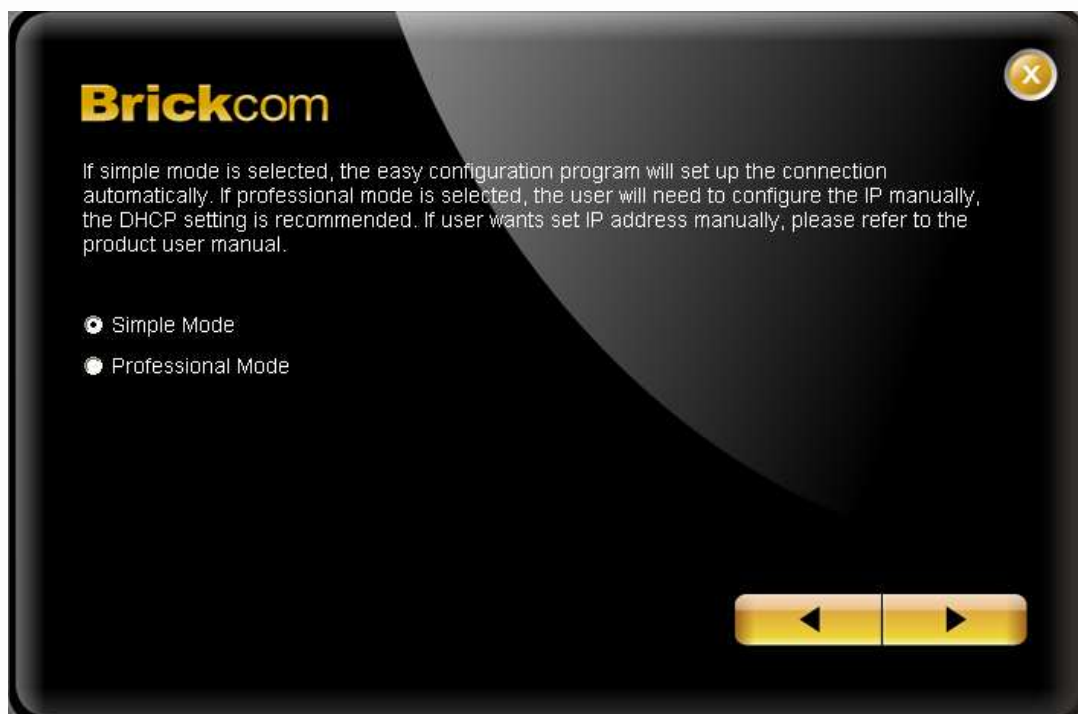
ETHERNET PORT

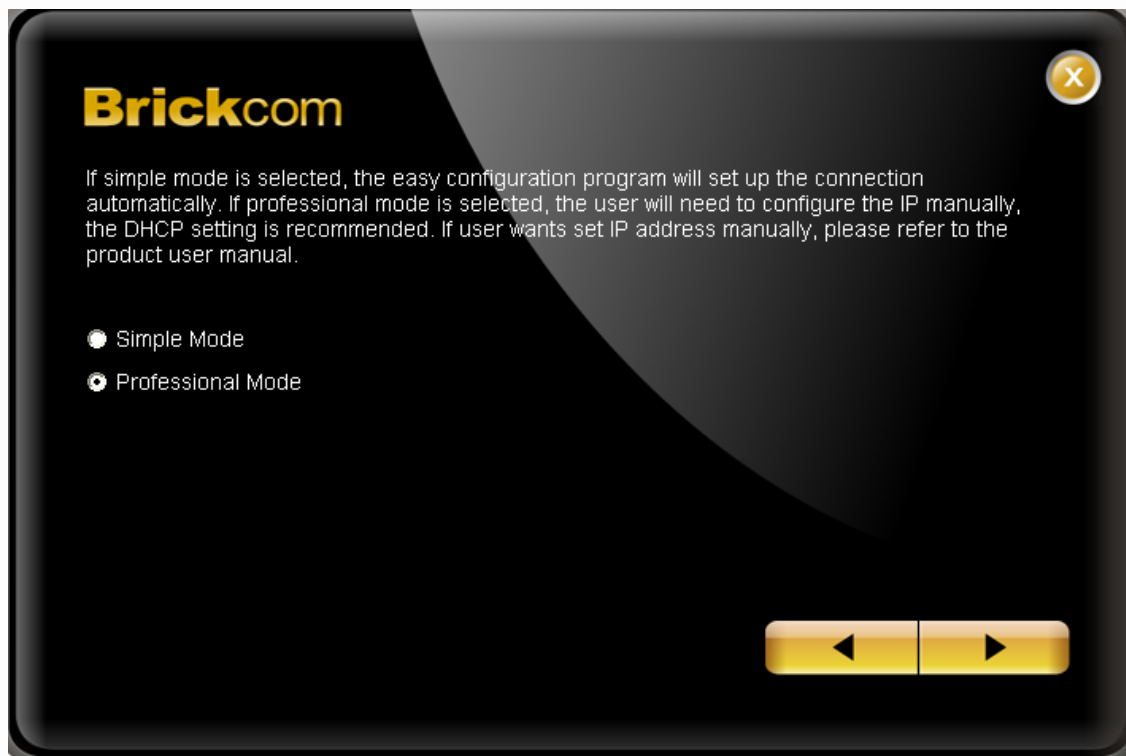
Diagram illustrating step 2: The other end of the network cable is being plugged into the Ethernet port of the camera. The camera is connected to a router, which is connected to a laptop. A red circle highlights the Ethernet port on the camera, and a red arrow points to the network cable being inserted into it.

Navigation buttons: Previous, Next

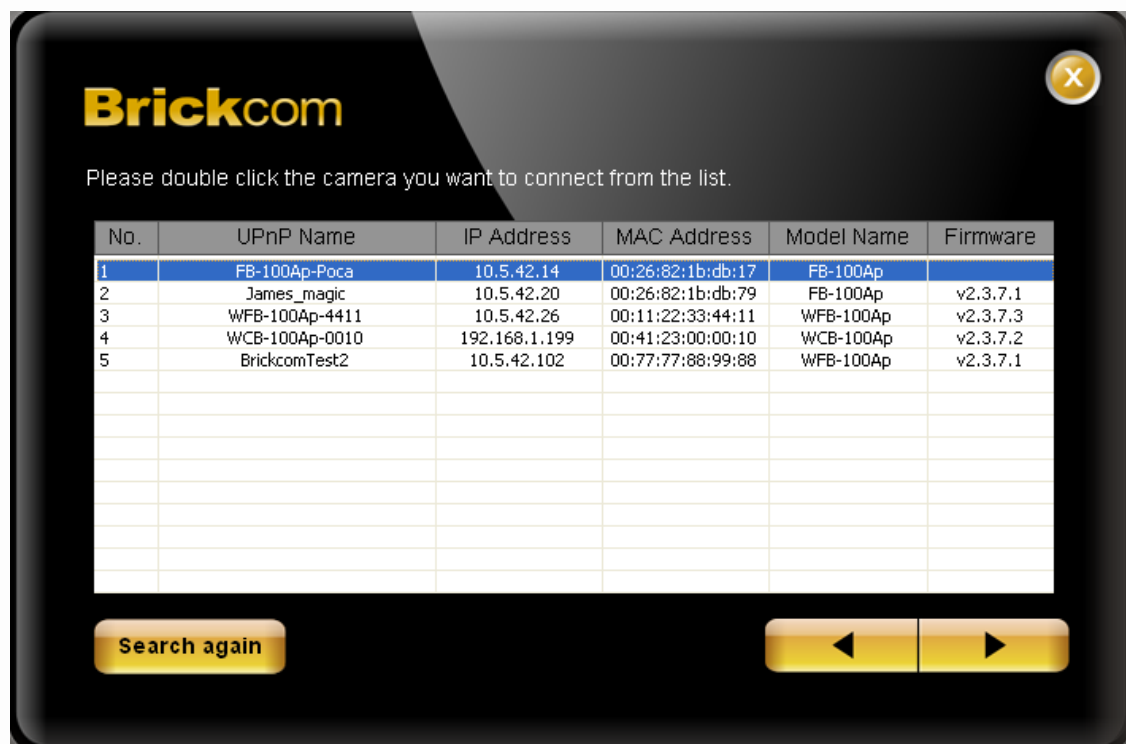


User can either select simple mode or professional mode for network camera IP setting. If simple mode is selected, the easy configuration program will set up the connection automatically. If professional mode is selected, the user will need to configure the IP manually.





There may be many Network Cameras in the local network. Users can differentiate the Network Cameras with the UPnP name. Select the Network Camera you want to connect from the survey list.



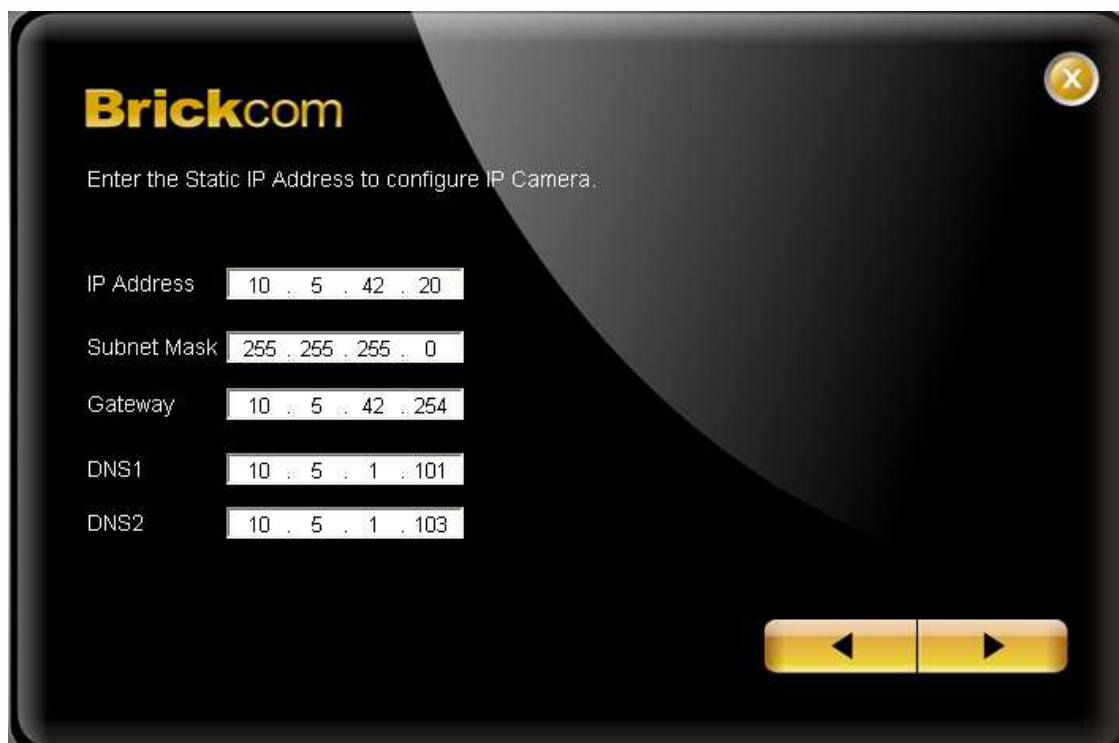
Please enter the username and password if other than default setting. The username and password are assigned as “**admin/admin**” as default.



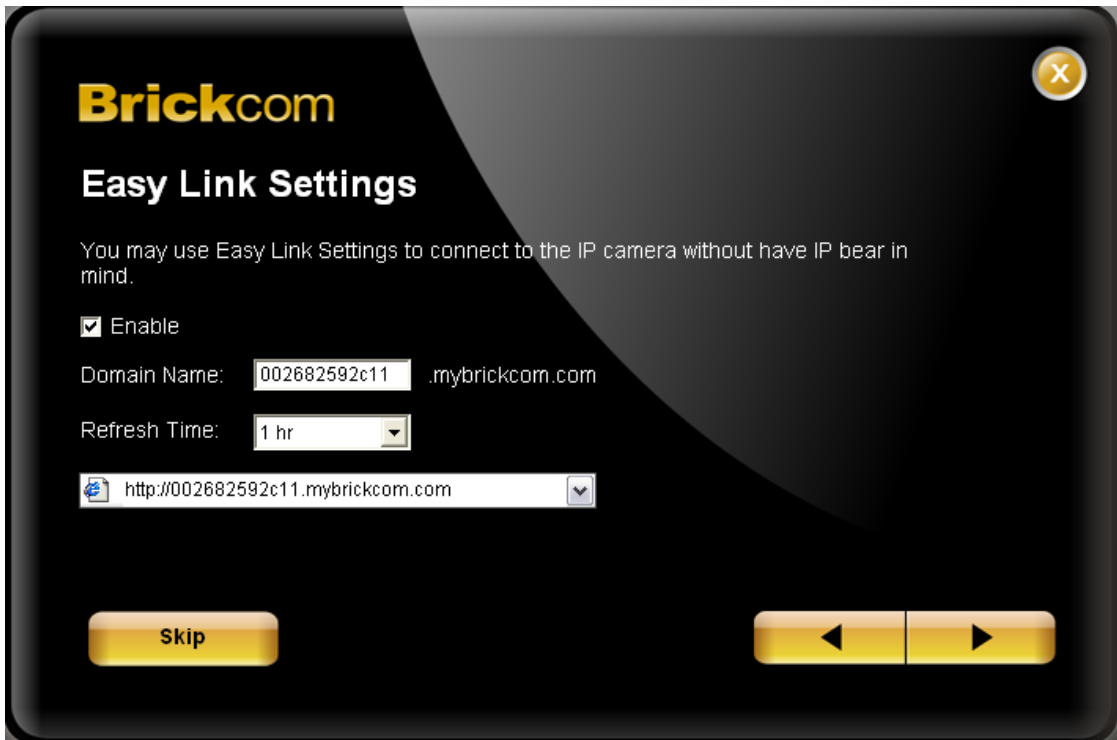
The DHCP setting is recommended. User can either select <Setting Remains the same> or set IP address manually, if user wants set IP address manually, please refer to the product user manual.



If <Set IP Address Configuration manually> is selected, the following pages will be displayed.



If device supports Easy Link function, the following page will be displayed.



Easy Link - Enables network camera comes with everything you need to quickly add a surveillance camera to your home or small office network. To view what the camera is seeing, simply log on to mybrickcom.com, choose your device domain name which you created, and start viewing – there is no need to configure your router to open up ports or remember hard-to-memorize Internet addresses.

As a mybrickcom-enabled device, the camera can be accessed anytime; anywhere you have an Internet connection by simply logging on to the mybrickcom website and selecting your camera.

Click to enable and enter the domain name, which length should be between 5-32 characters.

Select refresh time from the drop-down menu to confirm the connection status.

Click <Skip> to skip this setting or click <Next> to continue.

After finish setting, the connection successful or fail showed. If connection failed, user can either try again or quit the installation. User can either select PC-NVR or Live View to continue or click <X> on the top right of the screen to finish the installation. Click <Live View> to view the live video of connected IP Camera. Click <PC-NVR> to start the PC-NVR program. If user would like to launch the PC-NVR program, please refer to the PC-NVR user manual.



If DHCP is selected, the failure page will be displayed as below.



If Static IP is selected, the failure page will be displayed as below.



Once installation is completed, the Administrator should proceed to the next section "Access to the Network Camera" for necessary checks and configurations.

Access to the Network Camera

Check Network Settings

The Network Camera can be connected either before or immediately after software installation onto the Local Area Network. The Administrator should complete the network settings on the configuration page, including the correct subnet mask and IP address of gateway and DNS. Ask your network administrator or Internet service provider for the detail information.

Add Password to prevent Unauthorized Access

The Administrator should immediately implement a new password as a matter of prudent security practice. The user name and password for the Administrator are assigned as “**admin/admin**”. Once the Administrator’s password is saved, the Network Camera will ask for the user’s name and password before each access. The Administrator can set up a maximum of ten (10) user accounts. Each user can access the Network Camera except to perform system configuration. Once the password is changed, the browser will display an authentication window to ask for the new password. **Once the password is set, there is no provision to recover the Administrator’s password. The only option is to restore to the original factory default settings.**




Authentication

After opening the Web browser and typing in the URL of the Network Camera, a dialogue window pops up to request a username and password. The user name and password for the Administrator are assigned as “**admin/admin**”. Upon successful authentication, the following figure is displayed.


The foreground is the login window and the background shows the message if authentication fails. The user may check the option box to save the password for future convenience. This option is not available to the Administrator for obvious reason.



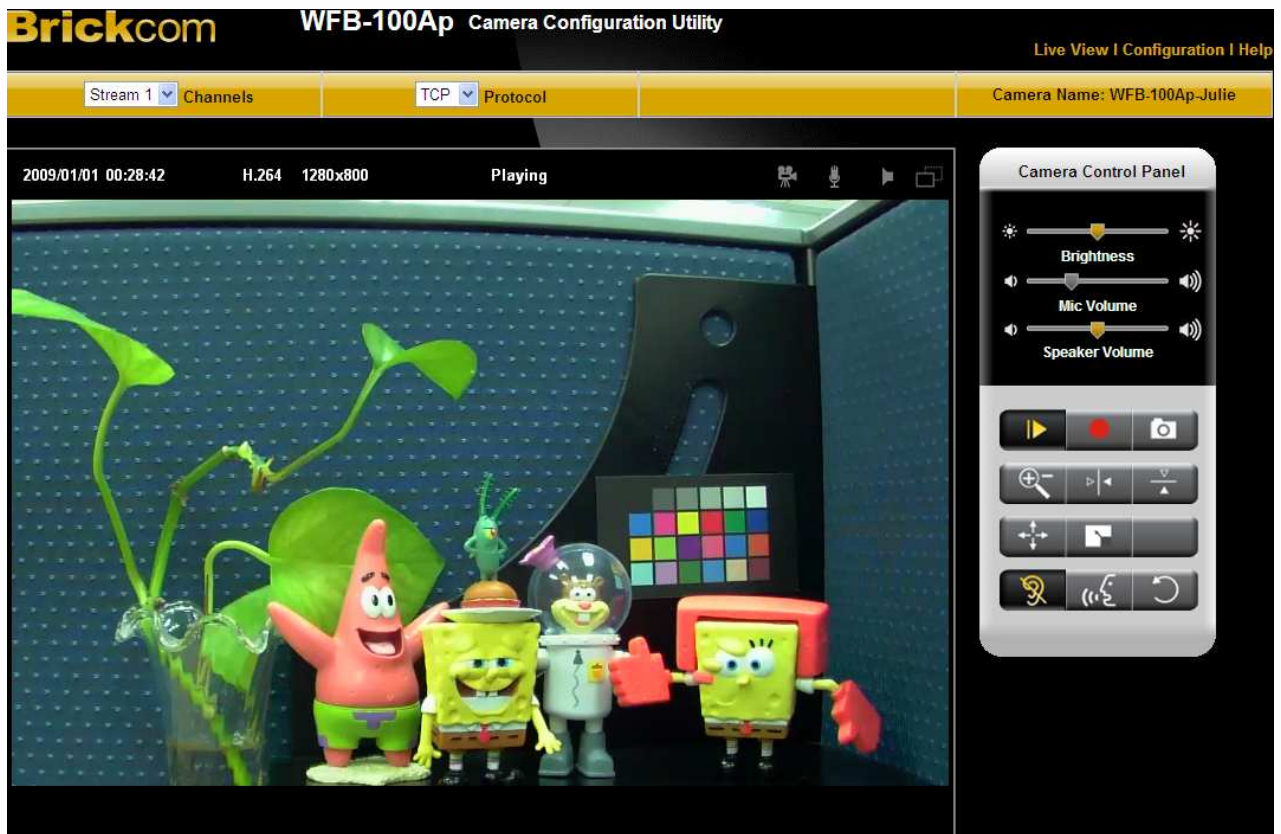
Installing plug-in

For the initial access to the Network Camera in Windows, the web browser may prompt for permission to install a new plug-in for the Network Camera on the Internet Explorer. Permission request depends on the Internet security settings of the user's PC or notebook. If the highest security level is set, the computer may prohibit any installation and execution attempt. This plug-in has been registered for certificate and is used to display the video in the browser. Users may click on  to proceed. If the web browser does not allow the user to continue to install, check the Internet security option and lower the security levels or contact your IT or networking supervisor for help.



 **NOTE** – If error or fail occurred, it is because of the version of the Electronic Signature is newly released, VeriSign has not submitted to Microsoft Windows update for validation. Therefore, user default will not have its root certificate. If IE discovers that there is no root certificate after user's PC connected to IPCam, it will automatically redirect to VeriSign Web site to download and install the latest root certificate to make the installation successfully. If the user's computer is able to connect to IPCam, but unable to access to the internet, then it would not be able to download the latest root certificate, therefore the installation will fail. This problem can be resolved if computer can be connected to both internet and IPCam at the same time and will not recur when Windows update patches become available.

Live View



Live View is the default page that opens when accessing the Network Camera. Live video is displayed directly in the browser window.

- **Stream1/Stream2 Channels**

The network camera offers simultaneous dual stream for optimized quality and bandwidth. To configure the codec compression and video resolution, please go to the Configuration->Camera/video/audio->Video to make the changes, or refer to the Video configuration on page 37.

- **TCP/UDP protocol**

TCP - This protocol guarantees the complete delivery of streaming data and thus provides better video quality. Nevertheless, the downside with this protocol is that its real-time effect is not as good as that of the UDP protocol.

UDP - This protocol allows for more real-time audio and video streams. However, network packets may be lost due to network burst traffic and images may be broken. Activate UDP connection when occasions require time-sensitive responses and the video quality is less important.



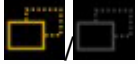
Recording on/off - shows the status of recording video



MIC on/off - shows the status of MIC volume



Speaker on/off - shows the status of Speaker



MD on/off - shows the status of Motion Detection

- **Brightness** - Drag the slider bar to adjust the image brightness level.
- **Mic volume** - Drag the slider bar to adjust the Mic volume.
- **Speaker volume** - The external speaker plays the sound of an audio clip from computer MIC when it is enabled.

For more Audio setting, please refer to the Audio configuration on page 40.



Play or Stop - Click this button to play or stop the video.



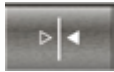
Recording - Click this button to record video to your computer.



Snapshot - Click this button to capture and save still images.



Digital Zoom - Click this button to enable the zoom operation.



Mirror - horizontally reflect the display of the live video.



Flip - vertically reflect the display of the live video.



Real Size - click this button to view the object in real size. Press this button again to switch back to normal mode.



Full Screen - Click this button to switch to full screen mode. Press “Esc” key to switch back to normal mode.



Motion Detection Alert - Click this button to enable motion detection alert function.



Mute – No sound.



Talk – Click this button to speak to the computer MIC.



Set Default – Click this button to reset to default setting.



NOTE - The <Camera Control Panel> function has no effect on the recorded video. Whatever changes made to the <Camera Control Panel> **will not** be applied to the recorded video.



Configuration

Click **Configuration** on the main page to enter the camera setting pages. Note that only Administrators can access the configuration page.

Camera/Video/Audio

Camera

The screenshot displays the 'Camera Setting' interface. The main area shows a live video feed of a scene with SpongeBob SquarePants, Patrick Star, and other characters. Below the feed are four sliders for Brightness, Contrast, Sharpness, and Saturation. To the right is a settings panel with sections for Exposure Control, Auto Iris, Mirror and Flip, Flicker Free, True Day & Night, and Color Effect. At the bottom right are buttons for 'Test in FullScreen', 'Apply', and 'Reset'.

Camera Setting

Brightness - Drag the slider bar to adjust the image brightness level, which ranges from -5 to +5.

Contrast - Drag the slider bar to adjust the image contrast level, which ranges from -5 to +5.

Sharpness - Drag the slider bar to adjust the image sharpness level, which ranges from -5 to +5.

Saturation - Drag the slider bar to adjust the image saturation level, which ranges from -5 to +5.

Exposure Control

Sport – Select this option when detecting the fast moving object.

Normal – Select this option with normal detection.

Night Vision – Select this option when detecting at night or at low lighting conditions.

User Defined – Select this option if user wants to define manually.

AGC (Auto Gain Control) - Set the Gain rate higher for a better video illumination. However, higher gain rate may cause bigger judder on fast moving images or blurring problems.

Shutter Speed

Fast – As sport exposure function.

Normal – As normal exposure function.

Slow – As night vision exposure function.

AE Lock (Auto Exposure)

The camera fixed the auto exposure even when change of the ambient light.

Auto Iris (WFB-100Ae/FB-100Ae do not support)- Enable when the auto Iris lens is installed. Manual Iris lens is the default lens.

Mirror and Flip

Mirror - Enable to horizontally reflect the display of the live video.

Flip - Enable to vertically reflect the display of the live video.

Flicker-Free – eliminate the problem of flicker.

Click radio button to select either outdoor or indoor mode based on the environment.

True Day & Night (WFB-100Ae-20/FB-100Ae-20 do not support)

Auto - The Network Camera automatically removes the filter by judging the level of ambient light.

Manual - In day mode, enable the IR CUT to switches on the IR cut filter at all times to block the infrared light from reaching the sensor so that the colors will not be distorted. In night mode, disable the IR CUT to switches off the IR cut filter at all times for the sensor to accept the infrared light, thus helps improve low light sensitivity.

Color Effect - Select to display colorful or black and white video streams.

Click **Apply** or **Reset** to take effect.

Video

You can set up two separate streams for the Network Camera for different viewing devices.

Stream 1	
Enabled	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Video Codec	H.264
Video Resolution	1280x800(WXGA)
Frame Rate	25 fps
<input type="radio"/> Quality <input checked="" type="radio"/> Bitrate	1500Kbps

Stream 2	
Enabled	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Video Codec	MJPEG
Video Resolution	1280x800(WXGA)
Frame Rate	25 fps
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Quality <input type="radio"/> Bitrate	3
HTTP Transport	<input type="checkbox"/>

Stream 1 & Stream 2

Video Codec - The Network Camera offers three choices of video codec standards for real-time viewing: H.264 (WFB-100Ae/FB-100Ae do not support), MPEG-4 and MJPEG.

Video Resolution - Select from the drop-down menu to choose the best resolution that fit your need.

Frame Rate - Select from the drop-down menu of the frame rate, which ranges from 2 to 30 fps when H.264 or MJPEG is selected. Only 3 to 15 fps can be chosen when MPEG-4 is selected. Set the frame rate higher for a smoother video quality.

Video quality and bit rate - User can either choose “quality” or “bitrate” to control the video quality with video codec at H.264 or MPEG4. Only “quality” can be chosen when video codec at MJPEG is selected. Set the bitrate higher for a better video quality. However, high bitrate may cost high network bandwidth resources.

The video qualities are selectable at the following settings: Level 1 to Level 6, Level 6 gives the best image quality.

HTTP Transport – Enable to use HTTP protocol for video/audio communication.

Click **Apply** or **Reset** to take effect.



NOTE - For best recording experience, configure your IP camera to one of the following frame rates based on the Flicker-Free setting:

Flicker-Free	Frame Rate
-----	-----
Outdoor	25, 10, 7, 5, 3, 2
Indoor (50/60 Hz)	25, 20, 10, 7, 5, 3, 2

Video Overlay

The video overlay only takes effect in stream 1

Check to enable the timestamp function and select display position from the drop-down menu if user wants date and time to be shown on the screen of the live video. User may also enable and enter the video description in text box; and select display position from the drop-down menu if user wants to make a note about the network camera.

Click **Apply** or **Reset** to take effect.



NOTE - The video overlay only takes effect in stream 1.

RTSP Server

Stream	Video Overlay	RTSP Server	Save File Folder
RTSP Server			
Port	<input type="text" value="554"/>		
Authentication	<input type="button" value="NONE"/>		
<input type="button" value="Apply"/>		<input type="button" value="Reset"/>	

To utilize RTSP authentication, make sure that you have set a password for the Network Camera first.

RTSP (Real-Time Streaming Protocol) controls the delivery of streaming media. By default the port number is set to 554.

Authentication - Depending on your network security requirements, the Network Camera provides two types of security settings for streaming via RTSP protocol: NONE and DIGEST.

If DIGEST authentication is selected, user credentials are encrypted using MD5 algorithm, thus providing better protection against unauthorized access.

Save file folder

Stream	Video Overlay	RTSP Server	Save File Folder
Recording Folder			
Path	<input type="text" value="D:\My Documents\Brickcom"/>		<input type="button" value="Browse"/>
Snapshot Folder			
Path	<input type="text" value="D:\My Documents\Brickcom"/>		<input type="button" value="Browse"/>
Type	<input type="button" value="BMP"/>		
<input type="button" value="Apply"/>		<input type="button" value="Reset"/>	

Recording folder path - The destination for saving the recording video files. Click browse to specify the saving path.

Snapshot folder path - The destination for saving the snapshot files. Click browse to specify the saving path and select saving type from the drop-down menu.

Click **Apply** or **Reset** to take effect.

Audio

You can set up two separate streams for the Network Camera for different viewing devices. User can either enable or disable the audio function. If audio enable is selected, select the Audio codec from the drop-down menu.

The screenshot shows the 'Advanced Settings' page for audio streams. It features two sections: 'Stream 1' and 'Stream 2'. Each section has an 'Enabled' checkbox and an 'Audio Codec' dropdown menu. Both 'Enabled' checkboxes are currently unchecked, and both 'Audio Codec' dropdowns are set to 'G.711'. At the bottom of the page, there are 'Apply' and 'Reset' buttons.

Advanced Settings

The screenshot shows the 'Advanced Settings' page for camera audio options. It features three sections: 'Camera MIC', 'Camera Speaker', and 'Echo Cancellation'. The 'Camera MIC' section has a 'Mic Type' dropdown menu set to 'Built-in MIC'. The 'Camera Speaker' section has an 'Enabled' checkbox checked and a 'Volume' dropdown menu set to '50%'. The 'Echo Cancellation' section has an 'Enabled' checkbox unchecked. At the bottom of the page, there are 'Apply' and 'Reset' buttons.

Mic Type – The Network Camera supports two way audio communications so that operators can transmit and receive audio simultaneously. By using the Network Camera's built-in or line in microphone and an external speaker, you can communicate with people around the Network Camera.

Camera Speaker – If speaker enable is selected, select the volume from the drop-down menu.

Echo cancellation Enabled - Enable to avoid an echo.

Click **Apply** or **Reset** to take effect.

Multicast

The screenshot shows a web interface for configuring Multicast. At the top, there is a yellow header with the word "Multicast". Below this, there are two sections for "Stream 1" and "Stream 2". Each section has an "Enabled" checkbox (currently unchecked) and a "Multicast Address" field with four sub-inputs for the IP address (234, 1, 2, 3) and a "Port" field (10000 for Stream 1, 10004 for Stream 2). At the bottom of the form, there are two buttons: "Apply" and "Reset".

Multicast sends a stream to the multicast group address and allows multiple clients to acquire the stream at the same time by requesting a copy from the multicast group address. Therefore, multicast can effectively save Internet bandwidth. The RTSP (Real-Time Streaming Protocol) controls the delivery of streaming media. Click to enable Multicast stream 1 / Multicast stream 2. The default value for multicast address and port are 234.1.2.3 and 10000. Use different port number for different stream. Use default value is recommended if you are not sure how to setting.

Note - Using the IP address of the camera enables you to view the video.

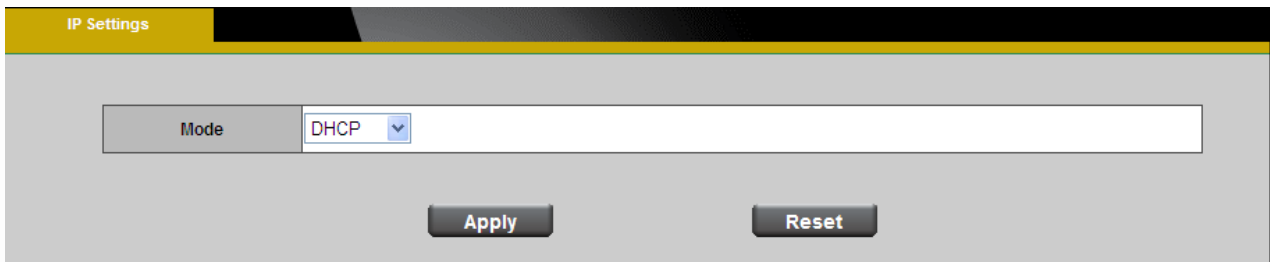
Example: <rtsp://192.168.1.1/channel1>

Click **Apply** or **Reset** to take effect.

Network

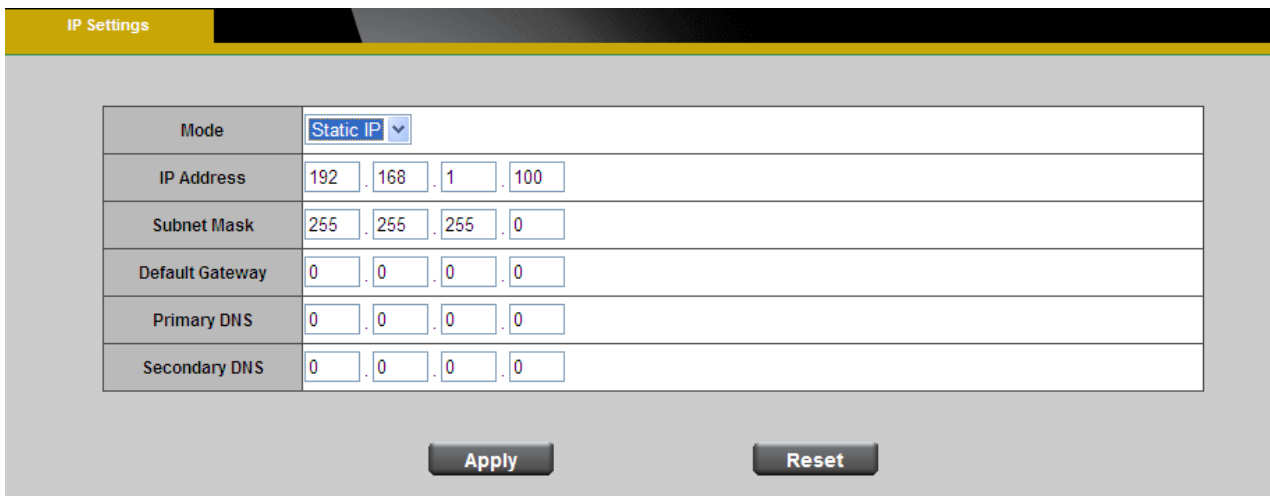
IP Settings

This section explains how to configure wired network connection for the Network Camera. There are several ways to setup the Network Camera over the Internet. The first way is to obtain an available dynamic IP address assigned by a DHCP server. The second way is to utilize a static IP. The third way is to use PPPoE. Select IP settings from the drop-down menu.



The screenshot shows the 'IP Settings' configuration page. At the top, there is a yellow header with the text 'IP Settings'. Below the header, there is a form with a 'Mode' dropdown menu set to 'DHCP'. At the bottom of the form, there are two buttons: 'Apply' and 'Reset'.

DHCP - Get IP address automatically. Select this option to obtain an available dynamic IP address assigned by a DHCP server each time the camera is connected to the LAN.



The screenshot shows the 'IP Settings' configuration page with the 'Mode' dropdown menu set to 'Static IP'. Below the mode selection, there are several input fields for network configuration:

Mode	Static IP
IP Address	192 . 168 . 1 . 100
Subnet Mask	255 . 255 . 255 . 0
Default Gateway	0 . 0 . 0 . 0
Primary DNS	0 . 0 . 0 . 0
Secondary DNS	0 . 0 . 0 . 0

At the bottom of the form, there are two buttons: 'Apply' and 'Reset'.

Static IP - Select this option to manually assign a static IP address to the Network Camera. Enter the static IP address, Subnet mask, Default Gateway, Primary and Secondary DNS provided by your ISP.

IP Settings	
Mode	PPPoE
User Name	
Password	
Apply Reset	

PPPoE - (Point-to-point over Ethernet): Choose this connection type if you are connected to the Internet via a DSL Line. Note that to utilize this feature, it requires an account provided by your ISP. Enter the user name and password provided by your ISP.

Click **Apply** or **Reset** to take effect.

UPnP

Only UPnP discovery supported. Enable this function to allow the user to search for devices of interest on the network. Enter the UPnP name as you wish to show on the intranet.

UPnP	
Enabled	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
UPnP Name	FB-100Ap-6122
Apply Reset	

Click **Apply** or **Reset** to take effect.

DDNS (dynamic domain name service)

DynDNS		TZO	
Enabled	<input type="checkbox"/>		
User Name			
Password			
Host Name			
Apply Reset			

DynDNS - Enable the DDNS service allows your Network Camera, especially when assigned with a dynamic IP address, to have a fixed host and domain name. Note that before utilizing this function; please apply a dynamic domain account first. Enter the username, password and hostname when enabled the DDNS.

Click **Apply** or **Reset** to take effect.

TZO

DynDNS	TZO
Enabled	<input type="checkbox"/>
E-mail Address	<input type="text"/>
TZO Password	<input type="text"/>
Domain Name	<input type="text"/>

TZO is one kind of the DDNS providers. User can refer to the [TZO.com](http://www.tzo.com/): visit <http://www.tzo.com/> to apply a dynamic domain account when selecting this DDNS provider. Enter the e-mail address, password and domain name when enabled the TZO. Click **Apply** or **Reset** to take effect.

Wireless

These settings control how the camera interacts with the wireless network. Apart from identifying the wireless network, it is also possible to enable wireless encryption.

(Note – For WFB Models only); With the W- variants optionally offering wireless connectivity for added flexibility.

Basic Settings

Site Survey List						
SSID	Mode	Security	Channel	Signal	Type	Select
000A79BFD019	11b/g/n	NONE	1	47%	Infrastructure	Select
CG-Guest	11b/g/n	NONE	1	37%	Infrastructure	Select
Test_steve_chung	11b	WEP	1	73%	Infrastructure	Select
PPPoE_Brickcom_MC_Test	11b/g/n	WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK	1	47%	Infrastructure	Select
AP0528251901KN1	11b/g	WEP	1	52%	Infrastructure	Select

Network Name (SSID) - The SSID is the network name shared among all points in a wireless network. The SSID must be identical for all devices in the wireless network. It is case-sensitive and can be up to 32 characters in length. Make sure this setting is the same for all points in your wireless network.

Wireless devices have a default wireless network name or Service Set Identifier (SSID) set by the factory, Brickcom wireless products use **Brickcom** as the default wireless network name. You should change the wireless network name to something unique to distinguish your wireless network from other wireless networks that may exist around you, but do not use personal information, because this information may be available for anyone to see when browsing for wireless networks.

Security - Encryption protects data transmitted over a wireless network. Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA-Personal/WPA2-personal) and Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP) offer different levels of security for wireless communication. A network encrypted with WPA-Personal/WPA2-personal is more secure than a network encrypted with WEP, because WPA-Personal/WPA2-personal uses dynamic key encryption. To protect the information as it passes over the airwaves, you should enable the highest level of encryption supported by your network equipment.

Site Survey

SSID Broadcast, when wireless clients survey the local area for wireless networks to associate with, they will detect the SSID broadcast of the camera.

WEP

WEP is a basic encryption method that is not as secure as WPA.

The screenshot shows a network configuration interface with three tabs: 'Basic Settings', 'Advanced Settings', and 'Wi-Fi Protected Setup'. The 'Wi-Fi Protected Setup' tab is active, displaying a form for WEP configuration. Below the form are 'Apply' and 'Reset' buttons. At the bottom, there is a 'Site Survey List' table.

Network Name (SSID)	Brickcom	Site survey				
Security	WEP					
TX Key	1					
WEP Encryption	40/64 bits (10 hex digits)					
Key 1						
Key 2						
Key 3						
Key 4						
Authentication	Open System					

Site Survey List						
SSID	Mode	Security	Channel	Signal	Type	Select
000A79BFD019	11b/g/n	NONE	1	47%	Infrastructure	Select
CG-Guest	11b/g/n	NONE	1	37%	Infrastructure	Select
Test_steve_chung	11b	WEP	1	73%	Infrastructure	Select
PPPoE_Brickcom_MC_Test	11b/g/n	WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK	1	47%	Infrastructure	Select
AP0528251901KN1	11b/g	WEP	1	52%	Infrastructure	Select

Tx Key - Select a key from the drop-down menu.

WEP Encryption - Select a level of WEP encryption, 64 bits 10 hex digits or 128 bits 26 hex digits. The default is 64 bits 10 hex digits.

Key 1-4 - Enter the WEP key(s) manually.

Authentication - The default is set to open system, which allows either Shared Key or Auto authentication to be used. With Open System authentication, the sender and the recipient do NOT use a WEP key for authentication. With Shared Key authentication, the sender and recipient use a WEP key for authentication.

Click **Apply** or **Reset** to take effect.



WPA-Personal

Basic Settings | **Advanced Settings** | Wi-Fi Protected Setup

Network Name (SSID)	Brickcom	Site survey
Security	WPA-Personal	
Encryption	TKIP	
Shared Key	<input type="text"/> (8 to 63 characters)	

Apply **Reset**

Site Survey List						
SSID	Mode	Security	Channel	Signal	Type	Select
000A79BFD019	11b/g/n	NONE	1	47%	Infrastructure	Select
CG-Guest	11b/g/n	NONE	1	37%	Infrastructure	Select
Test_steve_chung	11b	WEP	1	73%	Infrastructure	Select
PPPoE_Brickcom_MC_Test	11b/g/n	WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK	1	47%	Infrastructure	Select
AP0528251901KN1	11b/g	WEP	1	52%	Infrastructure	Select

WPA supports two encryption methods, TKIP and AES, with dynamic encryption keys. Select the type of algorithm, TKIP or AES. The default is TKIP.

Shared Key - Enter the key shared between the Router and the server keys. Enter a passphrase of 8-63 characters.

Click **Apply** or **Reset** to take effect.

WPA2-Personal

Basic Settings Advanced Settings **Wi-Fi Protected Setup**

Network Name (SSID)	Brickcom	Site survey
Security	WPA2-Personal	
Encryption	AES	
Shared Key	<input type="text"/> (8 to 63 characters)	

Apply **Reset**

Site Survey List						
SSID	Mode	Security	Channel	Signal	Type	Select
000A79BFD019	11b/g/n	NONE	1	47%	Infrastructure	Select
CG-Guest	11b/g/n	NONE	1	37%	Infrastructure	Select
Test_steve_chung	11b	WEP	1	73%	Infrastructure	Select
PPPoE_Brickcom_MC_Test	11b/g/n	WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK	1	47%	Infrastructure	Select
AP0528251901KN1	11b/g	WEP	1	52%	Infrastructure	Select

WPA2 supports AES encryption method with dynamic encryption keys.

Shared Key - Enter the key shared between the Router and the server keys. Enter a passphrase of 8-63 characters.

NOTE: If you are using WPA or WPA2, each device in your wireless network **MUST** use the same WPA or WPA2 method and shared key, or else the network will not function properly.

Advanced Settings

Basic Settings	Advanced Settings	Wi-Fi Protected Setup
Network Mode	BGN-Mixed	
Radio Band	Auto-20/40MHz Channel	
Enable WMM (802.1e QoS)	Disabled	

Apply **Reset**

Network Mode - From this drop-down menu, you can select the wireless standards running on your network. If you have both Wireless-B, Wireless-G and Wireless-N (2.4GHz) devices in your network, keep the default setting, **BGN-Mixed**. If you have both Wireless-B, Wireless-G devices in your network, select **BG-Mixed**. If you have only Wireless-B devices, select **Wireless-B Only**. If you have only Wireless-G devices, select **Wireless-G Only**. If you have only Wireless-N (2.4GHz) devices, select **Wireless-N Only**.

Radio Band - The settings are available for the Auto-20/40MHz channel and Standard-20 MHz channel. The Auto-20/40MHz channel set up a network using the 20/40MHz band, and the Standard-20 MHz channel set up a network using the 20 MHz band.

Enable WMM (802.1e QoS) - WMM is a wireless Quality of Service feature that improves quality for audio, video, and voice applications by prioritizing wireless traffic. To use this feature, your wireless client devices in your network must support Wireless WMM. If you would like to disable this feature, select **Disabled**. Otherwise, keep the default, **Enabled**.

Wi-Fi Protected Setup

Basic Settings	Advanced Settings	Wi-Fi Protected Setup
Wi-Fi Protected Setup		
PIN Mode	Enter PIN number 38975127 in your AP device Enter your AP's SSID <input type="text" value="Brickcom"/> Click the Register button on the right to start WPS. Register	
Wi-Fi Protected-Status	Not Configured	
Hardware WPS Button		
Enabled	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Apply Reset		

Use this method if your client device has a Wi-Fi Protected Setup PIN number.

1. Enter the SSID from the device in the field.
2. Click <Register> to start WPS.

Click to Enable the Hardware WPS Button.

Click **Apply** or **Reset** to take effect.

HTTP/HTTPS

HTTP/HTTPS	
HTTP	
Enabled	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Port	<input type="text" value="80"/>
HTTPS	
Enabled	<input type="checkbox"/>
Port	<input type="text" value="443"/>

HTTP - This protocol allows the same quality as TCP protocol without needing to open specific ports for streaming under some network environments. Users inside a firewall can utilize this protocol to allow streaming data through.

HTTPS - (Hypertext Transfer Protocol over SSL) - This section explains how to enable authentication and encrypted communication over SSL (Secure Socket Layer). It helps protect streaming data transmission over the Internet on higher security level.

Click to enable and click **Apply** or **Reset** to take effect.

To enable HTTPS, you have to create and install certificate first. Click "Continue to this website" to install.



There is a problem with this website's security certificate.

The security certificate presented by this website was issued for a different website's address.

Security certificate problems may indicate an attempt to fool you or intercept any data you send to the server.

We recommend that you close this webpage and do not continue to this website.

- [Click here to close this webpage.](#)
- [Continue to this website \(not recommended\).](#)
- [More information](#)



Enter the User name and Password of the camera



Click "Certificate Error" on the top right of the window to view the certificate.



Click "Install Certificate" and follow the steps to finish the installation.

Event

Motion Detection

Motion can be detected by measuring change in speed or vector of an object or objects in the field of view. This section explains how to configure the Network Camera to enable motion detection. There are three motion detection windows can be configured.

Detection Setting Notification

MD Region Setting

Win 1 ● Win2 ● Win3 ●

Enable Windows 1

Sensitivity

Threshold

After enabling the Motion Detection Window, drag the mouse on preview video to indicate the detecting region.

※The MD setting only activate in stream 1 .

Apply Reset

Detection Setting - Select and enable the motion detection windows function. Easier to trigger event by higher the sensitivity value and lower the Threshold value.

Detection Setting **Notification**

FTP Notification

Samba Notification

SMTP Notification

HTTP Notification

DO Notification

Apply Reset

Notification - To react in response to particular events. A typical application is that when a motion is detected, the Network Camera sends buffered images to a FTP server, Samba, SMTP, HTTP or DO as notifications. In this page, you can specify which notification messages will be sent when a trigger is activated. Besides, you can select to enable the Digital Output when a trigger is activated. Click **Apply** or **Reset** to take effect.

Notification settings

When an event is triggered, you can specify what kind of action will be performed. You can attach video clip to your email address, FTP site, samba and use URL to send HTTP requests or DO as notification.

FTP - File Transfer Protocol (FTP) is often used as an application component to automatically transfer files for program internal functions. Select to send the media files to a FTP server when a trigger is activated. Enter the FTP IP address or hostname; by default, the FTP port server is set to 21, enter account name, password and FTP Path to configure the setting. There are two choices of media types available; video clip and SnapShot.

FTP	SMTP	Samba	HTTP
Server Selection	Primary FTP Server		
FTP Address	IP Address <input type="text" value="0"/> <input type="text" value="0"/> <input type="text" value="0"/> <input type="text" value="0"/>		
FTP Port	<input type="text" value="21"/>		
Account Name	<input type="text"/>		
Account Password	<input type="text"/>		
FTP Path	<input type="text"/>		
Attachment	<input type="radio"/> Video Clip <input checked="" type="radio"/> Snapshot		

Click **Apply** or **Reset** to take effect.

SMTP - Select to send the media files via Email when a trigger is activated.

From - Enter the email address of the sender.

To - Enter the email address of the recipient. Many recipients are separated by commas.

My name - The title shown in the email.

Subject - Enter the subject of the email.

Attachment - There are two choices of media types available; video Clip and SnapShot.

SMTP Server and port number - Enter the server host name and port number of the email server.

Authentication - Select the authentication type from the drop-down menu.

Email Account - Enter the user name of the email account if necessary.

Email Password - Enter the password of the email account if necessary.

FTP	SMTP	Samba	HTTP
From	<input type="text"/>		
To	<input type="text"/>		
CC	<input type="text"/>		
My Name	<input type="text"/>		
Subject	<input type="text"/>		
Attachment	<input type="radio"/> Video Clip <input checked="" type="radio"/> SnapShot		
Server Selection	Primary Email Server <input type="button" value="v"/>		
SMTP Server	<input type="text"/>		
SMTP Port	25 <input type="text"/>		
Authentication	LOGIN <input type="button" value="v"/>		
Email Account	<input type="text"/>		
Email Password	<input type="text"/>		
<input type="button" value="Apply"/>		<input type="button" value="Reset"/>	

Click **Apply** or **Reset** to take effect.

Samba - Select to send the network file system media files via network neighborhood when a trigger is activated.

IP Address - Enter the IP address of the samba server.

User Name - Enter the user name of the samba server.

Password - Enter the password of the samba server.

Workgroup - Enter the workgroup of the samba server.

Share DIR - Enter the share DIR of the samba server.

Attachment - There are two choices of media types available; video Clip and SnapShot.

FTP	SMTP	Samba	HTTP
Server Address	IP Address <input type="text"/> 0 <input type="text"/> 0 <input type="text"/> 0 <input type="text"/> 0		
User Name	<input type="text"/>		
Password	<input type="text"/>		
WorkGroup	<input type="text"/>		
Share DIR	<input type="text"/>		
Attachment	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Video Clip <input type="radio"/> SnapShot		
<input type="button" value="Apply"/>		<input type="button" value="Reset"/>	

Click **Apply** or **Reset** to take effect.

HTTP - Select to send the HTTP notification when a trigger is activated.

FTP	SMTP	Samba	HTTP
URL	<input type="text"/>		
Message	<input type="text"/>		
User Name	<input type="text"/>		
Password	<input type="text"/>		

URL – Specify the URL to send HTTP requests, the URL is normally written as follows:

http://ip_address/notification.cgi?parameter

ip_address – type the IP address or host name of the host to which you want to connect.

Parameter – type the notification parameter if necessary.

Example

URL - <http://192.168.1.1/xxxx.cgi>

Message - name1=value1&name2=vlaue2

Result - <http://192.168.1.1/xxxx.cgi?name1=value1&name2=vlaue2>

Ex:

<https://192.168.1.1/notification.cgi?event=MD&camera=FB-100A>

Message - Enter the message notification that informs you when a trigger is activated.

Enter the user name and password if necessary.

Click **Apply** or **Reset** to take effect.

Scheduled Event

The screenshot shows a web interface with a yellow header labeled 'Event'. Below the header is a table with the title 'Schedule'. The table has columns: Enabled, Name, Event, Start, End, Date, and Action. The table is currently empty, with the text 'The schedule is empty!' centered below it. Below the table is a dark button labeled 'New'.

Click **New** to open the recording setting page. In this page, you can define the recording schedule and recording capacity.

The screenshot shows the recording setting page. It features a 'Schedule' table at the top, which is empty. Below the table is a form with the following fields:

- Enabled:** A checkbox.
- Name:** A text input field.
- Event:** A dropdown menu with 'Record' selected.
- Times:** Two time pickers for 'Start' and 'End' in HH:MM format.
- Date:** A row of checkboxes for days of the week: Sun, Mon, Tue, Wed, Thu, Fri, Sat.

 At the bottom right of the form are two buttons: 'Add' and 'Cancel'.

Name - Enter a descriptive name for the recording setting.

Event - Select from the drop-down menu for the recording event.

Time - Specify the recording duration.

- Select the time for recording in 24-hr time format. End time must be more than start time.
- Select the days on weekly basis.

When completed, Click Add to have recording name appears in the recording list on the recording page. Select **Enabled**; the system begins recording and send recorded file to the Network Storage. To **edit** a recording setting; click Edit to modify. Upon the completion, click update to finish the modification. To remove a recording setting from the list, select a recording name from the list and then click **Delete**. Click New to add more events.

DI/DO

Di/Do	
Digital Input	Low <input type="button" value="v"/> (Current status: High)
Digital Output	Open <input type="button" value="v"/> Duration <input type="text" value="5"/> Sec (Current status: Low)
<input type="button" value="Apply"/> <input type="button" value="Reset"/>	

Digital input - Select High or Low to define normal status of the digital input. The Network Camera will report the current status.

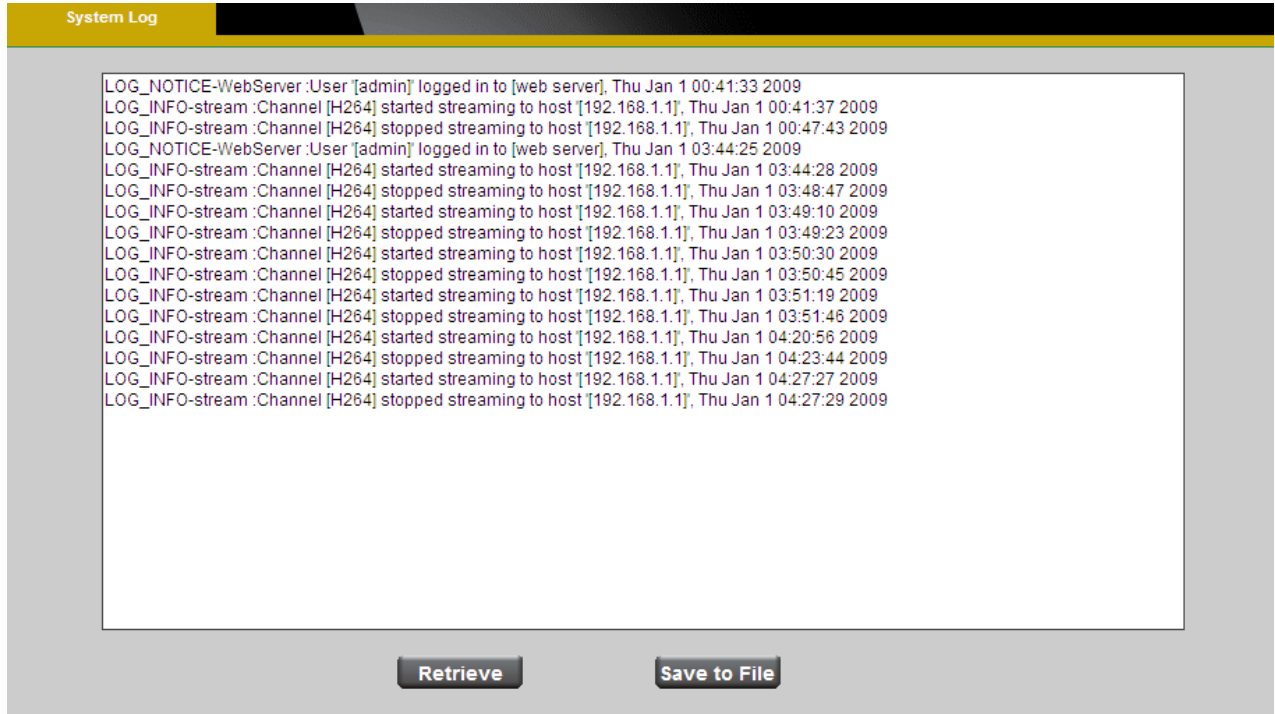
Digital output - Select Grounded or Open and enter the duration to define normal status of the digital output.



System

System Log

Send a system log to the network camera when a trigger is activated.



The screenshot shows a web interface for viewing system logs. At the top, there is a yellow header with the text "System Log". Below the header is a large white rectangular area containing a list of log entries. The entries are as follows:

```
LOG_NOTICE-WebServer :User [admin] logged in to [web server], Thu Jan 1 00:41:33 2009
LOG_INFO-stream :Channel [H264] started streaming to host [192.168.1.1], Thu Jan 1 00:41:37 2009
LOG_INFO-stream :Channel [H264] stopped streaming to host [192.168.1.1], Thu Jan 1 00:47:43 2009
LOG_NOTICE-WebServer :User [admin] logged in to [web server], Thu Jan 1 03:44:25 2009
LOG_INFO-stream :Channel [H264] started streaming to host [192.168.1.1], Thu Jan 1 03:44:28 2009
LOG_INFO-stream :Channel [H264] stopped streaming to host [192.168.1.1], Thu Jan 1 03:48:47 2009
LOG_INFO-stream :Channel [H264] started streaming to host [192.168.1.1], Thu Jan 1 03:49:10 2009
LOG_INFO-stream :Channel [H264] stopped streaming to host [192.168.1.1], Thu Jan 1 03:49:23 2009
LOG_INFO-stream :Channel [H264] started streaming to host [192.168.1.1], Thu Jan 1 03:50:30 2009
LOG_INFO-stream :Channel [H264] stopped streaming to host [192.168.1.1], Thu Jan 1 03:50:45 2009
LOG_INFO-stream :Channel [H264] started streaming to host [192.168.1.1], Thu Jan 1 03:51:19 2009
LOG_INFO-stream :Channel [H264] stopped streaming to host [192.168.1.1], Thu Jan 1 03:51:46 2009
LOG_INFO-stream :Channel [H264] started streaming to host [192.168.1.1], Thu Jan 1 04:20:56 2009
LOG_INFO-stream :Channel [H264] stopped streaming to host [192.168.1.1], Thu Jan 1 04:23:44 2009
LOG_INFO-stream :Channel [H264] started streaming to host [192.168.1.1], Thu Jan 1 04:27:27 2009
LOG_INFO-stream :Channel [H264] stopped streaming to host [192.168.1.1], Thu Jan 1 04:27:29 2009
```

At the bottom of the log area, there are two buttons: "Retrieve" and "Save to File".

This page displays the system's log in chronological order. The system log is stored in the Network Camera's buffer area and will be overwritten when reaching a certain amount. Click **Retrieve** to retrieve the log, or click **Save to file** to save the file in the specify location.

Date & Time

Manual - The user enters the date and time manually.

Clone from PC - Sync with computer time; check clone box to synchronize the date and time of the Network Camera with the local computer. The read-only date and time of the PC is displayed as updated.

NTP - Select to update the time with the NTP server on hourly, daily, weekly, or monthly basis.

Time Zone - According to your local time zone, select one from the drop-down menu.

NTP Server 1 and Server 2 - Enter the address of the NTP server.

Daylight Saving - Enable this option to retain the Daylight Saving Time changes automatically.

Date and Time	
Manual	Year <input type="text" value="2009"/> Month <input type="text" value="1"/> Day <input type="text" value="1"/> Hour <input type="text" value="0"/> Minute <input type="text" value="0"/> Second <input type="text" value="0"/>
	Clone from PC
Clone from PC	Year <input type="text" value="2009"/> Month <input type="text" value="12"/> Day <input type="text" value="31"/> Hour <input type="text" value="15"/> Minute <input type="text" value="47"/> Second <input type="text" value="58"/>
	<input type="checkbox"/> Clone
NTP	TimeZone <input type="text" value="(GMT+8)HONG KONG"/>
	NTP Server 1 <input type="text" value="tick.stdtime.gov.tw"/>
	NTP Server 2 <input type="text" value="clock.stdtime.gov.tw"/>
	Daylight Saving <input type="checkbox"/> Enabled
<input type="button" value="Apply"/> <input type="button" value="Reset"/>	

Click **Apply** or **Reset** to take effect.

Device Information

System Information - To view the entire system information about the network camera.

System Information	Network Settings	Video/Audio Settings
Lan MAC Address	00:26:82:1b:db:fd	
Wireless MAC Address	00:26:82:1b:db:fe	
Firmware Version	v2.3.7.5.1	
Firmware Release	02/08/2010	
Product Name	WFB-100Ap	
Model Number	100	
Company Name	Brickcom Corporation	
Comments	[Fixed Box HD IPCam Professional][Wireless]	
UPnP Name	WFB-100Ap-Julie	

Network Settings - To view the entire network setting information about the network camera.

Video/Audio Settings	Network Settings	System Information
IP setting type	Static	
IP Address	192.168.1.100	
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
Default Gateway	192.168.1.2	
Primary DNS	192.168.1.2	
Secondary DNS	168.95.192.1	
UPnP	Enabled	
DynDNS	Disabled	
TZO	Disabled	

Video/Audio Settings - To view the entire video/audio setting information about the network camera.

System Information	Network Settings	Video/Audio Settings
Stream 1		
Video Codec	H264	
Video Resolution	1280x800(WXGA)	
Video Frame Rate	25 fps	
Video Bitrate	1500 Kbps	
Audio Codec	N/A	
Multicast IP	N/A	
Stream 2		
Video Codec	MJPEG	
Video Resolution	1280x800(WXGA)	
Video Frame Rate	25 fps	
Video Quality	3	
Audio Codec	N/A	
Multicast IP	N/A	

Storage Management

(WFB-100Ae/FB-100Ae do not support)

To view the entire recorded files in the SD card.

The screenshot shows the 'Storage Management' interface. At the top, there are two tabs: 'Storage Management' (selected) and 'Advanced Settings'. Below the tabs is a 'Local Storage Information' section with a table:

Local Storage Information	
Total Capacity	7.42GB
Used Size	2.21GB
Available Size	5.21GB
Safely Remove Card	<input type="button" value="Remove"/>

Below this is the 'Storage Management' section, which contains a table of recorded files:

<input type="checkbox"/>	Filename ▲	Size	Time	Download
<input type="checkbox"/>	19700201Sun0002_offline-000.mp4	2,994KB	1980/01/01 Tue 00:00:00	<input type="button" value="Download"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	19700201Sun0004_offline-000.mp4	12,976KB	1980/01/01 Tue 00:00:00	<input type="button" value="Download"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	19700201Sun0005_offline-000.mp4	45,789KB	1980/01/01 Tue 00:00:00	<input type="button" value="Download"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	19700201Sun0005_offline-001.mp4	45,945KB	1980/01/01 Tue 00:00:00	<input type="button" value="Download"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	19700201Sun0006_offline-000.mp4	5,707KB	1980/01/01 Tue 00:00:00	<input type="button" value="Download"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	19700201Sun0009_offline-000.mp4	2,858KB	1980/01/01 Tue 00:00:00	<input type="button" value="Download"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	19700201Sun0015_offline-000.mp4	19,481KB	1980/01/01 Tue 00:00:00	<input type="button" value="Download"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	19700201Sun0018_offline-000.mp4	13,288KB	1980/01/01 Tue 00:00:00	<input type="button" value="Download"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	20090101Thu0000_offline-000.mp4	813KB	2009/01/01 Thu 00:00:58	<input type="button" value="Download"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	20090101Thu0001_offline-000.mp4	887KB	2009/01/01 Thu 00:01:54	<input type="button" value="Download"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	20090101Thu0002_offline-000.mp4	1,004KB	2009/01/01 Thu 00:02:50	<input type="button" value="Download"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	20090101Thu0003_offline-000.mp4	956KB	2009/01/01 Thu 00:04:04	<input type="button" value="Download"/>

At the bottom of the interface, there are three buttons: 'Delete', 'Reload', and 'Download' (which is part of the table headers).

Click **Remove** to safely remove the storage device. Click **Delete** to delete the recorded file. Click **Reload** to view the list. Click **Download** to save the file in the desired folder.

Advanced Settings

The screenshot shows the 'Advanced Settings' interface. At the top, there are two tabs: 'Storage Management' and 'Advanced Settings' (selected). Below the tabs are two sections:

Automatic Recycle

Enabled	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
---------	-------------------------------------

Offline Record

Enabled	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
---------	-------------------------------------

At the bottom of the interface, there are two buttons: 'Apply' and 'Reset'.

Automatic Recycle – Enable to automatically overwritten when size of SD card is full.

Offline Record – Enable to keep recording while the network camera offline.

Keeps the default setting, Enable is recommended.

Click **Apply** or **Reset** to take effect.

Maintenance

User Management

This section explains how to enable password protection and create multiple accounts.

Privilege Setting - Enter the new user's name and password. Select the privilege for new user account. Click **Add** to take effect. The administrator account name is "admin", which is permanent and can not be deleted.

Access rights are sorted as following (Viewer, Administrator and Remote Viewer). Only administrators can access the Configuration page. Viewers can access the main page for live viewing only. The privilege of Remote Viewer is same as viewer except TCP protocol can only be selected for live viewing page. Administrators can add up to 10 user accounts. Administrator also can change user's access rights or delete user accounts. Select an existing account to modify and make necessary changes; then click **Update** or **Delete** to take effect.

Privilege Setting

Index	User Name	Password	Confirm Password	Privilege	Action		
1	admin	•••••	•••••	Administrator	Add	Delete	Update
2	<input type="text"/>	<input type="password"/>	<input type="password"/>	Viewer	Add	Delete	Update
3	<input type="text"/>	<input type="password"/>	<input type="password"/>	Viewer	Add	Delete	Update
4	<input type="text"/>	<input type="password"/>	<input type="password"/>	Viewer	Add	Delete	Update
5	<input type="text"/>	<input type="password"/>	<input type="password"/>	Viewer	Add	Delete	Update
6	<input type="text"/>	<input type="password"/>	<input type="password"/>	Viewer	Add	Delete	Update
7	<input type="text"/>	<input type="password"/>	<input type="password"/>	Viewer	Add	Delete	Update
8	<input type="text"/>	<input type="password"/>	<input type="password"/>	Viewer	Add	Delete	Update
9	<input type="text"/>	<input type="password"/>	<input type="password"/>	Viewer	Add	Delete	Update
10	<input type="text"/>	<input type="password"/>	<input type="password"/>	Viewer	Add	Delete	Update

IP Filter

Enable the IP filter and set of allow or deny IP address range to server. Click **Add to list** to add the IP range to the IP filter list.

The screenshot shows the 'IP Filter' configuration page. At the top, there is a tab labeled 'IP Filter'. Below it, there are three radio buttons: 'Enable IP Filter' (checked), 'Allow List', and 'Deny List'. Underneath, there are two IP address input fields labeled 'From' and 'To', each with four segments for octets. To the right of the 'To' field is a yellow 'Add to List' button. At the bottom of the form are two dark grey buttons: 'Apply' and 'Reset'.

Click **Apply** or **Reset** to take effect.

Firmware Upgrade

This feature allows you to upgrade the firmware on your Network Camera. It takes about few minutes to complete the process. Note that do not power off the Network Camera during the upgrade.

Upgrade - Click **Browse...** and specify the firmware file. Click **Upgrade**. The Network Camera starts to upgrade and will reboot automatically when the upgrade completes.

The screenshot shows the 'Firmware Upgrade' page. It features a 'Select a file' label, an empty text input field, and a 'Browse...' button. Below these elements is a dark grey 'Upgrade' button.

Configuration

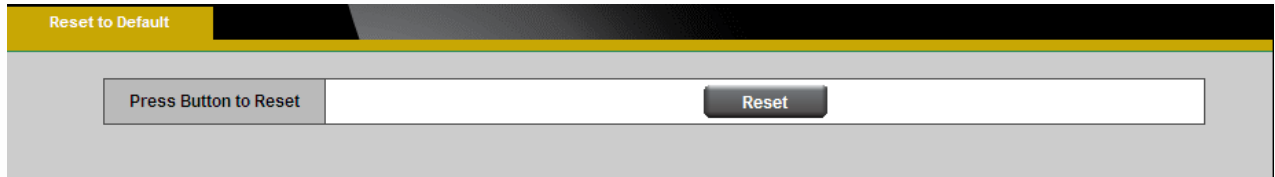
This feature allows you to export/import the configuration files of the network camera.

Import/Export - Click **export** to pop up a dialog to indicate the location and file to export. Click **browse** to indicate the location and file of the camera configuration and click **import** to import the configuration file back into the network camera.

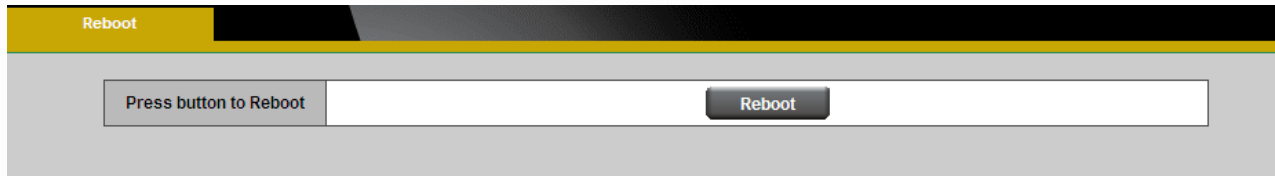
The screenshot shows the 'Import / Export' page. It has two main sections. The top section is for 'Export', with an 'Export' button. The bottom section is for 'Import', with the text 'Please browse a file to import', an empty text input field, a 'Browse...' button, and an 'Import' button.

Reset to default

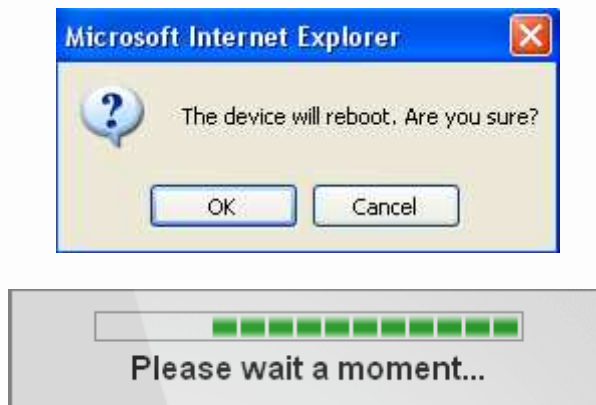
Click **Reset** to restore the network camera to factory default setting.



Reboot



This feature allows you to reboot the Network Camera, which takes about one minute to complete. When completed, the live video page will be displayed in your browser. The following message will show during the rebooting process.



Regulatory Information

Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

FCC Caution: Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

IMPORTANT NOTE:

FCC Radiation Exposure Statement:

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator & your body.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

The availability of some specific channels and/or operational frequency bands are country dependent and are firmware programmed at the factory to match the intended destination. The firmware setting is not accessible by the end user.

BRICKCOM IPCAM HTTP API

Preface

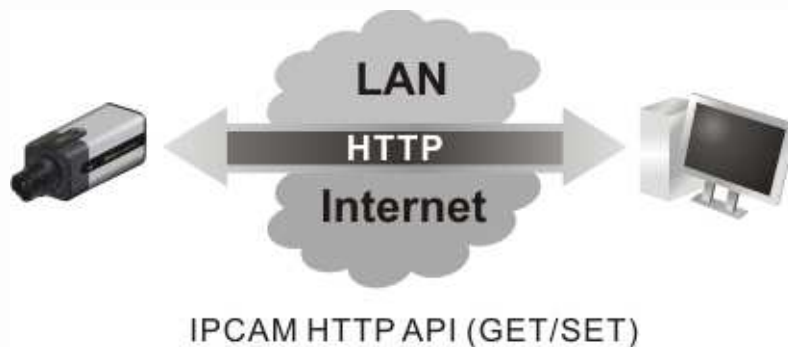
This document specifies the Brickcom IPCAM HTTP API which enables applications to access and/or configure the IP Cameras manufactured by Brickcom over a TCP/IP capable network. Developers who wish to write their own utility should follow the API specification herein.

Overview

Brickcom IPCAM HTTP API is the proprietary network control protocol designed by Brickcom Technology to enable applications to access IP Cameras manufactured by Brickcom. The API allows for configuration of the settings and inquiry of current status on these IP Cameras. The API is structured and transmitted over HTTP protocols and hence is given the name HTTP API.

The complete API is further divided into several categories for ease of management. We dedicate one chapter for each API category to better expound on that API subset.

Figure 1, Illustration of API generic transactions



HTTP API Transaction

An HTTP API transaction is always started with a request from a client application, which is received by the Web server on the IP Camera device and processed by the IP Camera and finally ends with a response sent back to the requesting client.

The client HTTP request takes in either one of the two forms:

- HTTP GET: Normally used to retrieve the settings or status of the IP Camera
- HTTP POST: Normally used to configure the settings of the IP Camera

If the request is successfully received by the IP Camera, the response will contain a HTTP header with a 200 OK response code and the HTTP body with the actual response data or other value if error occurs. An example is provided for each request type below:

Illustration 1, Get the network setting from the IP Camera

Client request

```
GET http://<IP Camera address>/network.cgi HTTP/1.0
```

...

Server response

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK
```

```
Content-Type: text/plain
```

```
IPAddress=192.168.1.1
```

```
SubnetMask=255.255.255.0
```

...

Illustration 2, Set the network setting from the IP Camera

Client request

```
POST http://<IP Camera address>/network.cgi HTTP/1.0
```

```
IPAddress=192.168.1.1
```

```
SubnetMask=255.255.255.0
```

Server response

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK
```

...

Error Response

If the IP Camera is unable to handle the client HTTP API request due to certain conditions such as system busy, incorrect parameters, or any other reason, an appropriate HTTP status code **400 Bad Request** is returned accompanied with an error code and error string that explains the failure.

Client request

GET/POST ...

Server response

HTTP/1.0 400 Bad Request

...

ErrorCode=XXX

ErrorString=Invalid IP Address



API Categories

The API categories are listed in the table below.

Table 1, API Categories

API Category	Description
Streaming	Enable users to set/get the setting about multimedia streaming.
Camera	Enable users to set/get the camera/lens setting.
Audio	Enable user to set/get the audio devices' setting.
Network	Enable users to set/get the network setting.
Event	Enable users to register to listen for notification coming from IPCAM.
Storage	Enable users to configure storage device for storing media content.
System	Enable users to set/get miscellaneous system settings.
Admin	Enables users to perform administrative tasks over the IP Camera.
Capability	Provide users with the list of available features supported by the IP Camera.
Motion detection	Enable user to set/get the motion detection setting and add/delete/update detection region.
Event	Enable user to set/get the event setting and set/get the notification setting.
I/O control	Enable user to control I/O status

Ps: Fields marked in gray are reserved.

Streaming API

Streaming API allows applications to

- 1) set/get the IP Camera streaming setting
- 2) help users to view video streaming

Data structures

Data Structure	Description
SVideoFormatSetting	The selected video codec format, encode rate, etc.
SAudioFormatSetting	The selected audio codec format, encode rate, etc.
STransportSetting	The selected network transport.
SVideoSessionSetting	The selected setting of video session used for streaming
SAudioSessionSetting	The selected setting of audio session used for streaming
SChannelSetting	The selected setting of media session (audio+video) used for aggregate streaming.
SChannelSetSetting	The set of available channels on this IPCam

```
enum _ConstantBitrate{
    VBR = 0,
    CBR,
};
```

```
enum _bitrateKbps{
    kbps_64 = 64,
    kbps_128 = 128,
    kbps_256 = 256,
    kbps_384 = 384,
    kbps_512 = 512,
    kbps_768 = 768,
    kbps_1500 = 1500,
    kbps_2000 = 2000,
    kbps_4000 = 4000,
    kbps_6000 = 6000,
    kbps_8000 = 8000,
    kbps_10000 = 10000,
    kbps_12000 = 12000,
```

```
    kbps_15000 = 15000,
};
```

```
/* SVideoFormatSetting */
typedef struct _videoFormatSetting {
    int sourceDevice;           // reserved
    char codecType [16];       //
    char codecSubType [16];
    int constantBitrate;       // 0:enabled 1:disabled
    int bitrateInKbps;         // Kbps
    int resolutionWidth;
```

```
int resolutionHeight;
int quality;           // JPEG Specific
int frameRate;        // FPS
int gop;               // (reserved)

} SVideoFormatSetting;

typedef struct _audioFormatSetting {
    int sourceDevice;      // reserved
    char codecType[16];    // G711
    char codecSubType[16]; // AUTO
    int numberOfChannel;   // (reserved) Mono, Stereo =>0
    int sampleRate;        // (reserved) 8KHZ
    int frameIntervalMS;   //(reserved) 10MS
    int sampleSizeBit;     //(reserved)16 Bit

} SAudioFormatSetting;

/* SMetaFormatSetting */
typedef struct _metaFormatSetting {
    int mdAlarmEnabled;
} SMetaFormatSetting;

/* STransportSetting */
typedef struct _transportSetting {
    int multicastEnabled;
    char multicastAddress[16];
    int multicastPort;
    int ttl;                // 0-255
} STransportSetting;

/* SVideoSessionSetting */
typedef struct _videoSessionSetting {
    int enabled;
    SVideoFormatSetting format;
    STransportSetting transport;
} SVideoSessionSetting;

/* SAudioSessionSetting */
typedef struct _audioSessionSetting {
    int enabled;
    SAudioFormatSetting format;
    STransportSetting transport;
} SAudioSessionSetting;

/* SMetaSessionSetting */
typedef struct _metaSessionSetting {
```

```
int enabled;  
  SMetaFormatSetting format;  
  STransportSetting transport;  
} SMetaSessionSetting;
```

```
/* SChannelSetting */
```

```
typedef struct _channelSetting {  
    int enabled;  
    int index; // (Unique) 0: reserved. 1+: valid index  
    char name[16];  
    int transportType;  
    SVideoSessionSetting video;  
    SAudioSessionSetting audio;  
    SMetaSessionSetting meta;  
} SChannelSetting;
```

```
/* SChannelSetting */
```

```
enum _TransportType {  
    TRANSPORT_TYPE_RTSP_RTP=0,  
    TRANSPORT_TYPE_RTP_ONLY=1,  
    TRANSPORT_TYPE_HTTP=2,  
    TRANSPORT_TYPE_MSN=3,  
};
```

```
typedef struct _channelSetting {  
    int enabled;  
    int index; // (Unique) 0: reserved. 1+: valid index  
    char name[16];  
    int transportType; // enum _TransportType  
    SVideoSessionSetting video;  
    SAudioSessionSetting audio;  
    SMetaSessionSetting meta;  
} SChannelSetting;
```

```
typedef struct _SChannelSetList {  
    int size;  
    SChannelSetting channels[5];  
} SChannelSetList;
```

```
/* SChannelSetSetting */
```

```
typedef struct _channelSetSetting {  
    SChannelSetList channelList;  
} SChannelSetSetting;
```

ActionEvents

ActionEvent	Description
getChannels	Get all available channels
getChannel	Get a channel info
addChannel	Add a new channel
updateChannel	Update an existing channel
updateChannels	Update all existing channels
deleteChannel	Delete a channel
getStream	Request to receive a RTSP streaming session

1.1 getChannels

ActionEvent: getChannels

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/channels.cgi?action=get
Response	<pre> size = CH1.index=1 CH1.enabled= CH1.name= CH1.transportType= CH1.video.enabled= CH1.video.format.sourceDevice= CH1.video.format.codecType= CH1.video.format.codecSubType= CH1.video.format.constantBitrate= CH1.video.format.bitrateInKbps= CH1.video.format.resolutionWidth= CH1.video.format.resolutionHeight= CH1.video.format.frameRate= CH1.video.format.gop= CH1.video.format.quality= CH1.video.transport.multicastEnabled= CH1.video.transport.multicastAddress= CH1.video.transport.multicastPort= CH1.video.transport.ttl= CH1.audio.enabled= CH1.audio.format.codecType= CH1.audio.format.codecSubType= CH1.audio.transport.multicastEnabled= CH1.audio.transport.multicastAddress= CH1.audio.transport.multicastPort= CH1.audio.transport.ttl= CH1.meta.enabled= CH1.meta.format.mdAlarmEnabled= CH1.meta.transport.multicastEnabled= CH1.meta.transport.multicastAddress= CH1.meta.transport.multicastPort= CH1.meta.transport.ttl= </pre>

	Ch2.index=2
Comment	
Method	GET

1.2 getChannel

ActionEvent: getChannel

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/channels.cgi?action=getChannel&index=<index>
Response	enabled= name= transportType= video.enabled= video.format.codecType= video.format.codecSubType= video.format.constantBitrate= video.format.bitrateInKbps= video.format.resolutionWidth= video.format.resolutionHeight= video.format.frameRate= video.format.gop= video.format.quality= video.transport.multicastEnabled= video.transport.multicastAddress= video.transport.multicastPort= video.transport.ttl= audio.enabled= audio.format.codecType= audio.format.codecSubType= audio.transport.multicastEnabled= audio.transport.multicastAddress= audio.transport.multicastPort= audio.transport.ttl= meta.enabled= meta.format.mdAlarmEnabled= meta.transport.multicastEnabled= meta.transport.multicastAddress= meta.transport.multicastPort= meta.transport.ttl=
Comment	
Method	GET

1.3 addChannel

ActionEvent: addChannel

Request	<pre> http://<IP>/cgi-bin/channels.cgi action=add index=<index> enabled= name= transportType= video.enabled= video.format.codecType= video.format.codecSubType= video.format.constantBitrate= video.format.bitrateInKbps= video.format.resolutionWidth= video.format.resolutionHeight= video.format.frameRate= video.format.gop= video.format.quality= video.transport.multicastEnabled= video.transport.multicastAddress= video.transport.multicastPort= video.transport.ttl= audio.enabled= audio.format.codecType= audio.format.codecSubType= audio.transport.multicastEnabled= audio.transport.multicastAddress= audio.transport.multicastPort= audio.transport.ttl= meta.enabled= meta.format.mdAlarmEnabled= meta.transport.multicastEnabled= meta.transport.multicastAddress= meta.transport.multicastPort= meta.transport.ttl= </pre>
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

1.4 updateChannel

ActionEvent: updateChannel

Request	<pre> http://<IP>/cgi-bin/channels.cgi action=update index=<index> enabled= name= transportType= video.enabled= video.format.codecType= video.format.codecSubType= video.format.constantBitrate= video.format.bitrateInKbps= video.format.resolutionWidth= video.format.resolutionHeight= video.format.frameRate= video.format.gop= video.format.quality= video.transport.multicastEnabled= video.transport.multicastAddress= video.transport.multicastPort= video.transport.ttl= audio.enabled= audio.format.codecType= audio.format.codecSubType= audio.transport.multicastEnabled= audio.transport.multicastAddress= audio.transport.multicastPort= audio.transport.ttl= meta.enabled= meta.format.mdAlarmEnabled= meta.transport.multicastEnabled= meta.transport.multicastAddress= meta.transport.multicastPort= meta.transport.ttl= </pre>
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

1.5 updateChannels

ActionEvent: updateChannels

Request	<pre> http://<IP>/cgi-bin/channels.cgi action=updateAll c1Enable=& c1Name=& c1TransportType=& c1VideoEnabled=& c1VideoFormatCodecType=& c1VideoFormatCodecSubType=& c1VideoFormatConstantBitrate=& c1VideoFormatBitrateInKbps =& c1VideoFormatResolutionWidth=& c1VideoFormatResolutionHeight=& c1VideoFormatFrameRate=& c1VideoFormatGop=& c1VideoFormatQuality =& c1VideoTransportMulticastEnabled=& c1VideoTransportMulticastAddress=& c1VideoTransportMulticastPort=& c1VideoTransportTtl=& c1AudioEnabled=& c1AudioFormatCodecType=& c1AudioFormatCodecSubType =& c1AudioTransportMulticastEnabled=& c1AudioTransportMulticastAddress=& c1AudioTransportMulticastPort=& c1AudioTransportTtl=& c1MetaEnabled=& c1MetaFormatMdAlarmEnabled =& c1MetaTransportMulticastEnabled=& c1MetaTransportMulticastAddress=& c1MetaTransportMulticastPort=& c1MetaTransportTtl=& c2Enable=&..... </pre>
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

ActionEvent: deleteChannel

Request	<pre> http://<IP>/cgi-bin/channels.cgi action=delete&index=<index> </pre>
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

1.6 getStream

ActionEvent: getStream

Request	rtsp://<IP>/channel<index>
Response	
Comment	<Index> is the index number of the SChannelSetting.
Method	



Camera API

The camera API allows applications to set/get the Camera/lens setting.

Data structures

Data Structure	Description
SWhiteBalanceSetting	White balance setting of the Camera
SBrightnessSetting	Brightness setting of the Camera
SColorSaturationSetting	Color Saturation setting of the Camera
SMirrorFlipSetting	MirrorFlip setting of the Camera
SSharpnessSetting	Sharpness setting of the Camera
SContrastSetting	Contrast setting of the Camera
SFrequencySetting	50Hz / 60Hz switching
SEffectSetting	Special Effect switching
SEnvModeSetting	Indoors / Outdoor switching
SIRCutFilterSetting	IR cut-off filter setting
SIRLEDSetting	IR LED setting
SVideoOverlaySetting	Video overlay setting

```
/* SWhiteBalanceSetting */
enum WhiteBalanceMode {
    WB_MODE_OFF=0,
    WB_MODE_SIMPLE,
    WB_MODE_ADVANCED,
```

```
};
/* SAutoExposureSetting */
enum AutoExposureMode {
    AE_MODE_OFF=0,
    AE_MODE_AEC,
    AE_MODE_AGC,
};
```

```
/* SExposureSetting */
typedef struct _ExposureSetting {
    int mode; // enum AutoExposureMode
} SExposureSetting;
```

```
/* SWhiteBalanceSetting */
typedef struct _whiteBalanceSetting {
    int mode; // enum WhiteBalanceMode
    int level; //
} SWhiteBalanceSetting;
```

```
/* SBrightnessSetting */
```

```
typedef struct _brightnessSetting {
    int level; //
} SBrightnessSetting;

/* SColorSaturationSetting */
typedef struct _colorSaturationSetting {
    int level; //
} SColorSaturationSetting;

/* SMirrorFlipSetting */
typedef struct _MirrorFlipSetting {
    int mirror_enabled;
    int flip_enabled;
} SMirrorFlipSetting;

/* SSharpnessSetting */
typedef struct _sharpnessSetting {
    int level; //
} SSharpnessSetting;

/* SContrastSetting */
typedef struct _contrastSetting {
    int level; //
} SContrastSetting;

enum Frequency {
    FREQ_60HZ=0,
    FREQ_50HZ,
};

/* SFrequencySetting */
typedef struct _frequencySetting {
    int freq; // 60Hz : 0 , 50Hz : 1
} SFrequencySetting;

enum SpecialEffectMode {
    EFFECT_MODE_DISABLED=0,
    EFFECT_MODE_NEGATIVE,
    EFFECT_MODE_BLACKWHITE,
};

enum IndoorOutdoorMode {
    MODE_OUTDOOR=0,
    MODE_INDOOR,
};

typedef struct _effectSetting {
    int effectMode; // enum SpecialEffectMode
} SEffectSetting;
```

```
typedef struct _EnvModeSetting {  
    int envMode; // enum IndoorOutdoorMode  
} SEnvModeSetting;
```

```
/* SIRCutFilterSetting */  
enum IRCutMode {  
    IRCUT_MODE_OFF=0,  
    IRCUT_MODE_ON,  
    IRCUT_MODE_AUTO,  
};
```

```
typedef struct _IRCutFilterSetting {  
    int mode; // enum IRCutMode  
    int thresholdLevel; // (reserved) 0-100  
} SIRCutFilterSetting;
```

```
/* SIRLEDSetting */  
enum IRLEDMode {  
    IRLED_OFF=0,  
    IRLED_ON,  
    IRLED_MODE_AUTO,  
};
```

```
typedef struct _IRLEDSetting {  
    int mode; // enum IRCutMode  
    int thresholdLevel; // (reserved) 0-100  
} SIRLEDSetting;
```

```
/*SAutoIris*/  
enum AutoIrisMode {  
    AUTOIRIS_DISABLED=0,  
    AUTOIRIS_ENABLED,  
};  
typedef struct _autoIris {  
    int enabled; //enum AutoIrisMode  
}SAutoIris;
```

```
/* SVideoOverlaySetting */  
enum TimeStampMode{  
    TimeStamp_off=0,  
    TimeStamp_on,  
};  
enum UseImage{  
    NO_IMAGE = 0,  
    UPLOAD_IMAGE,  
};
```

```

typedef struct _OsdPalette {
    int y;    //Range:0~255
    int Cb;  //Range:0~255
    int Cr;  //Range:0~255
} SOsdPalette;
typedef struct _OsdWindow {
    int x;    //Range:depends on resolution
    int y;    //Range:depends on resolution
    int transparent;//Range:0~3
} SOsdWindow;

/* SVideoOverlaySetting */
typedef struct _VideoOverlaySetting {
    int useTimestamp;           // 0: no timestamp, 1: use timestamp
    char displayString[50];
    int useImage;               // 0: no image, 1: use uploaded image.
    int enabled;
    SOsdPalette osdPalette1;
    SOsdPalette osdPalette2;
    SOsdWindow osdWindow1;
    SOsdWindow osdWindow2;
} SVideoOverlaySetting;

```

ActionEvents

ActionEvent	Description
setWhiteBalance	Set white balance
getWhiteBalance	Get white balance
setBrightness	Set brightness
getBrightness	Get brightness
setColorSaturation	Set Color Saturation
getColorSaturation	Get Color Saturation
setMirrorFlip	Set MirrorFlip
getMirrorFlip	Get MirrorFlipof
setSharpness	Set Sharpness
getSharpness	Get Sharpness
setContrast	Set Contrast
getContrast	Get Contrast
setFrequency	Set Frequency
getFrequency	Get Frequency
setEffect	Set Effect
getEffect	Get Effect
setEnvMode	Set EnvMode
getEnvMode	Get EnvMode
setIRCutFilter	Set IR cut Filter
getIRCutFilter	Get IR cut filter
setIRLED	Set IR LED

getIRLED	Get IR LED
setVideoOverlay	Set video overlay
getVideoOverlay	Get video overlay
setCameraSetting	Set all camera setting.
getCameraSetting	Get all camera setting.

2.1 setWhiteBalance

ActionEvent: setWhiteBalance

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/camera.cgi action= setWhiteBalance mode= level=
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

2.2 getWhiteBalance

ActionEvent: getWhiteBalance

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/camera.cgi?action= getWhiteBalance
Response	mode= level=
Comment	
Method	GET

2.3 setBrightness

ActionEvent: setBrightness

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/camera.cgi action= setBrightness level=
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

2.4 getBrightness

ActionEvent: getBrightness

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/camera.cgi?action= getBrightness
Response	level=
Comment	
Method	GET

2.5 setColorSaturation

ActionEvent: setColorSaturation

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/camera.cgi action= setColorSaturation level=
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

2.6 getColorSaturation

ActionEvent: getColorSaturation

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/camera.cgi?action= getColorSaturation
Response	level=
Comment	
Method	GET

2.7 setMirrorFlip

ActionEvent: setMirrorFlip

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/camera.cgi action= setMirrorFlip mirrorEnabled = flipEnabled=
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

2.8 getMirrorFlip

ActionEvent: getMirrorFlip

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/camera.cgi?action= getMirrorFlip
Response	flipEnabled= mirrorEnabled =
Comment	
Method	GET

2.9 setSharpness

ActionEvent: setSharpness

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/camera.cgi action= setSharpness level=
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

2.10 getSharpness

ActionEvent: getSharpness

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/camera.cgi?action= getSharpness
Response	level=
Comment	
Method	GET



2.11 setContrast

ActionEvent: setContrast

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/camera.cgi action= setContrast level=
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

2.12 getContrast

ActionEvent: getContrast

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/camera.cgi?action= getContrast
Response	level=
Comment	
Method	GET

2.13 setFrecucny

ActionEvent: setFrecucny

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/camera.cgi action= setFrequency freq =
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

2.14 getFrequency

ActionEvent: getFrequency

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/camera.cgi?action= getFrequency
Response	freq=
Comment	
Method	GET

2.15 setEffect

ActionEvent: setEffect

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/camera.cgi action= setEffect effectMode =
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

2.16 getEffect

ActionEvent: getEffect

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/camera.cgi?action= getEffect
Response	effectMode=
Comment	
Method	GET

2.17 setEnvMode

ActionEvent: setEnvMode

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/camera.cgi action= setEnvMode envMode =
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

2.18 getEnvMode

ActionEvent: getEnvMode

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/camera.cgi?action= getEnvMode
Response	envMode=
Comment	
Method	GET

2.19 setIRCutFilter

ActionEvent: setIRCutFilter

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/camera.cgi action= setIRCutFilter mode= thresholdLevel=
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST



2.20 getIRCutFilter

ActionEvent: getIRCutFilter

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/camera.cgi?action= getIRCutFilter
Response	mode= thresholdLevel=
Comment	
Method	GET

2.21 setIRLED

ActionEvent: setIRLED

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/camera.cgi action= setIRLED mode= thresholdLevel=
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

2.22 getIRLED

ActionEvent: getIRLED

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/camera.cgi?action= getIRLED
Response	mode= thresholdLevel=
Comment	
Method	GET

2.23 setVideoOverlay

ActionEvent: setVideoOverlay

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/camera.cgi action= setVideoOverlay useTimestamp= displayString= useImage= useText= osdPalette1.y= osdPalette1.Cb= osdPalette1.Cr= osdPalette2.y= osdPalette2.Cb= osdPalette2.Cr= osdWindow1.x= osdWindow1.y= osdWindow1.transparent= osdWindow2.x= osdWindow2.y= osdWindow2.transparent=
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

2.24 getVideoOverlay

ActionEvent: getVideoOverlay

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/camera.cgi?action= getVideoOverlay
Response	useTimestamp= displayString= useImage= useText= osdPalette1.y= osdPalette1.Cb= osdPalette1.Cr= osdPalette2.y= osdPalette2.Cb= osdPalette2.Cr= osdWindow1.x= osdWindow1.y= osdWindow1.transparent= osdWindow2.x= osdWindow2.y= osdWindow2.transparent=
Comment	
Method	GET

2.25 setAutolris

ActionEvent: setAutolris

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/camera.cgi action= setAutolris enabled
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

2.26 getAutolris

ActionEvent: getAutolris

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/camera.cgi?action= getAutolris
Response	enabled=
Comment	
Method	GET

2.27 setCameraSetting

ActionEvent: setCameraSetting

Request	<pre> http://<IP>/cgi-bin/camera.cgi action=setCameraSetting whiteBalance.mode=0 whiteBalance.level=0 brightness.level=1 colorSaturation.level=-1 flipEnabled=0 mirrorEnabled=0 sharpness.level=2 contrast.level=0 freq=0 effectMode=0 envMode=1 IRCutFilter.mode=2 IRCutFilter.thresholdLevel=0 IRLED.mode=2 IRLED.thresholdLevel=0 autoIris.enabled=1 videoOverlay.useTimestamp=1 videoOverlay.displayString=HELLO videoOverlay.useImage=0 videoOverlay.useText= videoOverlay.osdPalette1.y=255 videoOverlay.osdPalette1.Cb=128 videoOverlay.osdPalette1.Cr=128 videoOverlay.osdPalette2.y=16 videoOverlay.osdPalette2.Cb=128 videoOverlay.osdPalette2.Cr=128 videoOverlay.osdWindow1.x=0 videoOverlay.osdWindow1.y=13 videoOverlay.osdWindow1.transparent=0 videoOverlay.osdWindow2.x=0 videoOverlay.osdWindow2.y=0 videoOverlay.osdWindow2.transparent=0 </pre>
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

2.28 getCameraSetting

ActionEvent: getCameraSetting

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/camera.cgi?action= getCameraSetting
Response	<pre> whiteBalance.mode=0 whiteBalance.level=0 brightness.level=1 colorSaturation.level=-1 flipEnabled=0 mirrorEnabled=0 sharpness.level=2 contrast.level=0 freq=0 effectMode=0 envMode=1 IRCutFilter.mode=2 IRCutFilter.thresholdLevel=0 IRLED.mode=2 IRLED.thresholdLevel=0 autoIris.enabled=1 videoOverlay.useTimestamp=1 videoOverlay.displayString=HELLO videoOverlay.useImage=0 videoOverlay.useText= videoOverlay.osdPalette1.y=255 videoOverlay.osdPalette1.Cb=128 videoOverlay.osdPalette1.Cr=128 videoOverlay.osdPalette2.y=16 videoOverlay.osdPalette2.Cb=128 videoOverlay.osdPalette2.Cr=128 videoOverlay.osdWindow1.x=0 videoOverlay.osdWindow1.y=13 videoOverlay.osdWindow1.transparent=0 videoOverlay.osdWindow2.x=0 videoOverlay.osdWindow2.y=0 videoOverlay.osdWindow2.transparent=0 </pre>
Comment	
Method	GET

Audio API

Audio API allows applications to

- 1) set/get the audio device setting
- 2) set/get the audio volume of the device

Data structures

Data Structure	Description
SAudioDeviceSetting	Basic audio device setting

```
/* SAudioDeviceSetting */
typedef struct _audioDeviceSetting {
    int muted;                // True (muted), False (un-muted)
    int level;                // volume level 1-100
    int mediaType;           // (reserved) Full=0, Half duplex=1
    int voiceSource;        // voice MIC/Line in =>0/1 =>0
} SAudioDeviceSetting;
```

ActionEvents

ActionEvent	Description
setAudioDevice	Set audio device setting
getAudioDevice	Get audio device setting
setAudioMuteState	Mute or un-mute audio
getAudioMuteState	Get the mute state of audio
setAudioVolume	Set audio volume setting
getAudioVolume	Get audio volume setting

3.1 setAudioDevice

ActionEvent: setAudioDevice

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/audio.cgi action= setAudioDevice muted= level = voiceSource =
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

3.2 getAudioDevice

ActionEvent: getAudioDevice

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/ audio.cgi?action= getAudioDevice
Response	muted = level = voiceSource =
Comment	
Method	GET

3.3 setAudioMuteState

ActionEvent: setAudioMuteState

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/audio.cgi action= setAudioMuteState muted=
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

3.4 getAudioMuteState

ActionEvent: getAudioMuteState

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/audio.cgi?action= getAudioMuteState
Response	muted=
Comment	
Method	GET

3.5 setAudioVolume

ActionEvent: setAudioVolume

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/audio.cgi action= setAudioVolume level=
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

3.6 getAudioVolume

ActionEvent: getAudioVolume

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/audio.cgi?action= getAudioVolume
Response	level=
Comment	
Method	GET



Network API

Network API allows applications to set/get the network-related settings including IP address, WIFI network, etc.

Data structures

Data Structure	Description
SBasicNetworkSetting	Basic network setting such as IP address, netmask, etc.
SUPnPSetting	UPnP setting for SSDP advertisement
SDDNSSetting	DDNS setting
SEthernetSetting	Ethernet (802.3?) setting
SWIFISetting	802.11 WLAN setting
SIPFilterSetting	IPFilter setting

/* SBasicNetworkSetting */

```
enum NetAddressType {
    NET_ADDRESS_TYPE_STATIC=0,
    NET_ADDRESS_TYPE_DHCP,
    NET_ADDRESS_TYPE_PPPOE,
};
```

```
typedef struct _DHCPSetting {
    // Currently reserved
} SDHCPSetting;
```

```
typedef struct _PPPoESetting {
    char username[128];
    char password[128];
} SPPPoESetting;
```

```
typedef struct _BasicNetworkSetting {
    int addressType; // enum NetAddressType
    char ipv4Address[16];
    char subnetMask[16];
    char gatewayAddress[16];
    char dnsAddress1[16];
    char dnsAddress2[16];
    SDHCPSetting
    SPPPoESetting

    // TBD: IPv6, ....
} SBasicNetworkSetting;
```

/* SUPnPSetting */

```
typedef struct _UPnPSetting {
    int enabled;
```

```
dhcp;
pppoe;
```

```
char upnpName[128];
} SUPnPSetting;

/* SDDNSSetting */
enum ddnsServerType{
    DYNDNS = 0,
    TZO,
};

typedef struct _SDDNSEntry{
    int wildcardEnabled;//0:disable 1:enable
    char username[128];
    char password[128];
    char hostname[128];
}SDDNSEntry;

typedef struct _DDNSSetting {
    int dyndnsEnabled;
    int tzodnsEnabled;
    SDDNSEntry dyndns;
    SDDNSEntry tzodns;
} SDDNSSetting;

/* SEthernetSetting */
enum EthernetMediaType {
    ETHER_MEDIA_TYPE_AUTO=0,
    ETHER_MEDIA_TYPE_10_HALF_DUPLEX,
    ETHER_MEDIA_TYPE_10_FULL_DUPLEX,
    ETHER_MEDIA_TYPE_100_HALF_DUPLEX,
    ETHER_MEDIA_TYPE_100_FULL_DUPLEX,
    ETHER_MEDIA_TYPE_1000_FULL_DUPLEX,
};

typedef struct _EthernetSetting {
    Int mediaType; // enum EthernetMediaType
} SEthernetSetting;

/* SWIFISetting */
enum WIFIWPA_algorithmType {
    WL_TKIP=0,
    WL_AES,
    WL_TKIP_AES,
};

enum WIFIWEP__authenticationType {
    WL_OPEN=0,
    WL_SHARED,
```



```
    WL_WEPAUTO,  
};  
  
enum WiFiSecurityMode {  
    WL_NONE=0,  
    WL_WEP,  
    WL_WPA2PSK,  
    WL_WPA2PSK,  
    //WL_WPA_ENTERPRISE,  
    //WL_WPA2_ENTERPRISE,  
};  
  
enum WiFiAccessMode {  
    WIFI_ACCESS_MODE_INFRASTRUCTURE=0,  
    WIFI_ACCESS_MODE_ADHOC,  
};  
  
enum WiFiOperationMode {  
    WIFI_OP_MODE_AUTO=0,  
    WIFI_OP_MODE_11G_ONLY,  
    WIFI_OP_MODE_11B_ONLY,  
    WIFI_OP_MODE_11N_ONLY,  
    WIFI_OP_MODE_11BG_MIXED,  
    WIFI_OP_MODE_11GN_MIXED,  
    WIFI_OP_MODE_11BGN_MIXED,  
};  
  
enum WiFiPreambleType {  
    WIFI_PREAMBLE_TYPE_LONG=0,  
    WIFI_PREAMBLE_TYPE_SHORT,  
};  
  
enum WiFiAuthenticationType {  
    WIFI_AUTHENTICATION_TYPE_OPEN=0,  
    WIFI_AUTHENTICATION_TYPE_SHARED_KEY,  
};  
  
enum WiFiChannelBandWidth {  
    FORTY_MHZ=0,  
    TWENTY_MHZ,  
};  
  
enum WiFiWPSMode {  
    NONE=0,  
    PIN,  
    PBC,  
};
```

```
typedef struct _SSWPS {
    int WPSMode;           // enum WIFIWPSMode
    char PINCode[64];
}SWPS;

typedef struct _SSWPA {
    int algorithmType;     // enum WIFIWPA_algorithmType
    char sharedKey[64];
}SWPA;

typedef struct _SSKeyentry {
    char encryptionKey[64];
}SKeyentry;

typedef struct _SSEncryptionKeyList {
    int size;
    SKeyentry keyEntry[4];
}SEncryptionKeyList;

typedef struct _SSWEP {
    int authenticationType; // enum WIFIWEP__authenticationType
    int defaultTransmitKeyIndex;
    int wepKeyLength;
    SEncryptionKeyList encryptionKeyList;
}SWEP;

//===== IEEE 802.1X =====
//authenticationProtocolType
enum IEEE_802_1x_authenticationProtocolType {
    WL_EAP_TLS=0,
    WL_EAP_TTLS,
    WL_EAP_PEAP,
    WL_EAP_FAST,
    WL_EAP_LEAP,
};
//authenticationMethod
enum IEEE_802_1x_authenticationMethod {
    WL_MSCHAP=0,
    WL_MSCHAPV2,
    WL_PAP,
    WL_EAP_MD5,
};

//innerEAPProtocolType
enum IEEE_802_1x_innerEAPProtocolType {
    WL_INNER_EAP_TLS=0,
    WL_EAP_OTP,
};
```

```
typedef struct _IEEE_802_1xSetting {
    int enabled;
    int authenticationProtocolType; //enum authenticationProtocolType
    int innerTTLSSAuthenticationMethod; //enum authenticationMethod
    int innerEAPPProtocolType; //enum innerEAPPProtocolType
    int validateServerEnabled;
    char userName[65];
    char password[65];
    char anonymousID[65];
    int autoPACProvisioningEnabled;
    int caline;
    int clientline;
    int PACline;
} SIEEE_802_1xSetting;
```

```
typedef struct _WIFISetting {
    int enabled;
    int mode; // enum WiFiAccessMode
    int operationMode; // WiFiOperationMode
    int channel; // (0) Auto,
    int wmm; // 0:disabled 1:enabled
    char SSID[31];
    int preamble; // enum WiFiPreambleType
    int rtsThreshold; //
    int fragmentationThreshold;
    int authentication; // enum WiFiAuthenticationType
    int channelBandWidth; // enum WiFichannelBandWidth
    int securityMode; // enum WiFiSecurityMode
    SWEP WEP;
    SWPA WPA;
    SWPS WPS;
    SIEEE_802_1xSetting wl_802_1x;
} SWIFISetting;
```

```
enum IPFilterPermissionType {
    Deny=0,
    Allow,
};
```

```
typedef struct _SSFilterAddressEntry {
    int enabled;
    char startIP[16];
    char endIP[16];
} SFilterAddressEntry;
```

```
typedef struct _SSFilterAddressList {
    int size;
    SFilterAddressEntry filterEntry[16];
} SFilterAddressList;
```

```
typedef struct _SSIPFilterSetting {
```



```

int enabled;
int permissionType;
SFilterAddressList allowList;
SFilterAddressList denyList;
}SIPFilterSetting;

```

ActionEvents

ActionEvent	Description
setBasicNetwork	Set the basic network setting
getBasicNetwork	Get the basic network setting
setUPnP	Set UPnP setting
getUPnP	Get UPnP setting
setDDNS	Set DDNS setting
getDDNS	Get DDNS setting
setEthernet	Set Ethernet setting
getEthernet	Get Ethernet setting
setWIFI	Set WIFI setting
getWIFI	Get WIFI setting
setIPFilter	Set IPFilter setting
getIPFilter	Get IPFilter setting

4.1 setBasicNetwork

ActionEvent: setBasicNetwork

Request	<pre> http://<IP>/cgi-bin/basicNetwork.cgi action= set ----- //STATIC addressType=0 ipv4Address= subnetMask= gatewayAddress= dnsAddress1= dnsAddress2= ----- // DHCP, addressType=1 ----- // PPPOE addresssType=2 pppoe.username= pppoe.password= </pre>
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

4.2 getBasicNetwork

ActionEvent: getBasicNetwork

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/basicNetwork.cgi?action= get
Response	addressType= (0=Static,1=DHCP, 2=PPPoE) ipv4Address= subnetMask= gatewayAddress= dnsAddress1= dnsAddress2= pppoe.username= pppoe.password=
Comment	
Method	GET



4.3 setUPnP

ActionEvent: setUPnP

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/upnp.cgi action= set enabled= name=
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

4.4 getUPnP

ActionEvent: getUPnP

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/upnp.cgi?action= get
Response	enabled= name=
Comment	
Method	GET

4.5 setDDNS

ActionEvent: setDDNS

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/ddns.cgi action= set dyndnsEnabled= dyndns.wildcardEnabled= dyndns.username= dyndns.password= dyndns.hostname= tzodnsEnabled= tzodns.wildcardEnabled= tzodns.username= tzodns.password= tzodns.hostname=
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

4.6 getDDNS

ActionEvent: getDDNS

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/ddns.cgi? action= get
Response	dyndnsEnabled=0 dyndns.wildcardEnabled= dyndns.username= dyndns.password= dyndns.hostname= tzodnsEnabled= tzodns.wildcardEnabled= tzodns.username= tzodns.password= tzodns.hostname=
Comment	
Method	GET

4.7 setEthernet

ActionEvent: setEthernet

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/ethernet.cgi action= set mediaType=
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

4.8 getEthernet

ActionEvent: getEthernet

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/ethernet.cgi?action= get
Response	mediaType=
Comment	
Method	GET

4.9 setWIFI

ActionEvent: setWIFI

Request	<pre> http://<IP>/cgi-bin/wifi.cgi action=set enabled= mode= operationMode= channel= SSID= preamble= rtsThreshold= fragmentationThreshold= authentication= channelBandWidth= securityMode= WEP. authenticationType= WEP. defaultTransmitKeyIndex = WEP. wepKeyLength = WEP. encryptionKeyList. Keyentry1.encryptionKey= WEP. encryptionKeyList. Keyentry2.encryptionKey= WEP. encryptionKeyList. Keyentry3.encryptionKey= WEP. encryptionKeyList. Keyentry4.encryptionKey= WPA. algorithmType= WPA.sharedKey= WPS.WPSMode= WPS.PINCode= </pre>
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

4.10 getWIFI

ActionEvent: getWIFI

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/wifi.cgi? action= get
Response	<pre> enabled= mode= operationMode= channel= SSID= preamble= rtsThreshold= fragmentationThreshold= authentication= channelBandWidth= securityMode= (a.) securityMode=0 return Nothing!! (b.) securityMode=1 WEP. authenticationType= WEP. defaultTransmitKeyIndex = WEP. wepKeyLength= WEP. encryptionKeyList.Keyentry1.encryptionKey= WEP. encryptionKeyList.Keyentry2.encryptionKey= WEP. encryptionKeyList.Keyentry3.encryptionKey= WEP. encryptionKeyList.Keyentry4.encryptionKey= (c.) securityMode=2 WPA. algorithmType= WPA.sharedKey= (d.) securityMode=3 WPA. algorithmType= WPA.sharedKey= WPS.WPSMode= WPS.PINCode </pre>
Comment	
Method	GET

4.11 setIPFilter

ActionEvent: setIPFilter

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/IPFilter.cgi action= set permissionType= enabled= allow.enabled1= allow.startIP1= allow.endIP1= allow.enabled2= allow.startIP2= allow.endIP2= deny.enabled1= deny.startIP1= deny.endIP1= deny.enabled2= deny.startIP2= deny.endIP2=
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST



4.12 getIPFilter

ActionEvent: getIPFilter

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/ IPFilter.cgi? action= get
Response	enabled= permissionType= allow.size= allow.enabled1= allow.startIP1= allow.endIP1= allow.enabled2= allow.startIP2= allow.endIP2= deny.size= deny.enabled1= deny.startIP1= deny.endIP1= deny.enabled2= deny.startIP2= deny.endIP2=
Comment	
Method	GET



Storage API (TBD)

Storage API allows applications to configure the storage devices reachable by the IPCAM unit.

Data structures

Data Structure	Description

ActionEvents

ActionEvent	Description

ActionEvent:

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/stream. l?action=
Response	
Comment	
Method	



System API

System API allows applications to configure miscellaneous system settings not covered by any other category. These settings include Time, Syslog, and etc.

// NOTE: In the future, we may switch to rsyslog instead of syslogd.

Data structures

Data Structure	Description
SDeviceInfo	IP Camera device info
STimeSetting	Time setting
SSyslogSetting	Syslog setting
SSystemStatus	Structure containing system status info

/* SDeviceInfo */

```
typedef struct _SSDeviceInfo {
    char chipVersion[65];
    char sensorID[65];
    char macAddress[17];
    char firmwareVersion[65];
    char firmwareReleasedDate[65];
    char InternalName[65];
    char ProductName[65];
    char ModelNumber[16];
    char CompanyName[32];
    char Comments[128];
} SDeviceInfo;
```

/* STimeSetting */

```
enum TimeConfigType {
    TIME_CONFIG_TYPE_NONE=0,
    TIME_CONFIG_TYPE_MANUAL,
    TIME_CONFIG_TYPE_NTP,
};
```

// TODO: TBD.

```
enum TimeZoneID {
    TIME_ZONE_MIN,
    TIME_ZONE_KWAJALEIN,
    TIME_ZONE_SAMOA,
    TIME_ZONE_HAWAII,
    TIME_ZONE_ALASKA,
    TIME_ZONE_LOS_ANGELES,
    TIME_ZONE_PHOENIX,
    TIME_ZONE_MEXICO_CITY,
    TIME_ZONE_NEW_YORK,
    TIME_ZONE_SANTIAGO,
```



```
TIME_ZONE_SAO_PAULO,
TIME_ZONE_NORONHA_ISLAND,
TIME_ZONE_PRAIA,
TIME_ZONE_LONDON,
TIME_ZONE_PARIS,
TIME_ZONE_CAIRO,
TIME_ZONE_MOSCOW,
TIME_ZONE_DUBAI,
TIME_ZONE_KARACHI,
TIME_ZONE_DHAKA,
TIME_ZONE_JAKARTA,
TIME_ZONE_HONG_KONG,
TIME_ZONE_TOKYO,
TIME_ZONE_SYDNEY,
TIME_ZONE_NOUMEA,
TIME_ZONE_NewZealand,
TIME_ZONE_MAX
};

// Reserved for internal use...
typedef struct _TimeZone {
    int id;           // Time zone id.
    Char TZSyntax[128];
} STimeZone;

typedef struct _TimeZoneList {
    int size;
    STimeZone timezone[60];
} STimeZoneList;

typedef struct _ManualTimeSetting {
    int year;
    int month;
    int day;
    int hour;
    int minute;
    int second;
} SManualTimeSetting;

typedef struct _NTPTimeSetting {
    char ntpServerLoc1[100]; // IP address or FQDN of NTP server
    char ntpServerLoc2[100];
} SNTPTimeSetting;

typedef struct _TimeSetting
{
    int type;           // enum TimeConfigType
    int enabledDST;     // Daylight saving. (0: disabled, 1: enabled)
    int timezoneID;     // enum TimeZoneID

```

```
SManualTimeSetting manual;
SNTPTimeSettingntp;
} STimeSetting;

/* SsyslogSetting */
// Note, these values are taken from manpage for syslog (3).
enum LogPriority {
    SLOG_EMERG=0,           // system is unusable
    SLOG_ALERT,           // action must be taken immediately
    SLOG_CRIT,            // critical conditions
    SLOG_ERR,             // error conditions
    SLOG_WARNING,        // warning conditions
    SLOG_NOTICE,         // normal, but significant, condition
    SLOG_INFO,           // informational message
    SLOG_DEBUG,          // debug-level message
};
enum AddressFormatType {
    IP_TYPE,
    HOSTNAME_TYPE,
};

Typedef struct _SyslogSetting {
    int localLogLevel; // Log with LogPriority value smaller than this is logged to local
file.
    Int useRemoteLog; // 0: disabled, 1: enabled
    int addressingFormatType;
    char remoteServerAddress[128]; // IP address or FQDN of the syslog server
    int remoteServerPort; // Port number of the syslog server
} SsyslogSetting;

Typedef struct _systemStatus
{
    // TBD
} SSystemStatus;
```

ActionEvents

ActionEvent	Description
getDeviceInfo	Get device info
setTimeSetting	Set time setting
getTimeSetting	Get time setting
setSyslogSetting	Set syslog setting
getSyslogSetting	Get syslog setting
getSyslogFile	Get syslog file.
SyslogClear	Clear syslog.
getSystemStatus	Get system status

5.1 getDeviceInfo

ActionEvent: getDeviceInfo

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/system.cgi?action=get
Response	chipVersion= sensorID= macAddress= firmwareVersion= firmwareReleasedDate= InternalName= ProductName= ModelNumber= CompanyName= Comments=
Comment	
Method	GET

5.2 setTimeSetting

ActionEvent: setTimeSetting

Request	<pre> http://<IP>/cgi-bin/time.cgi action=set type=0 or ===== type=1 enableDST= timezoneID= manual.year= manual.month= manual.day= manual.hour= manual.minute= manual.second= or ===== type=2 enableDST= timezoneID= ntp.ntpServerLoc1= ntp.ntpServerLoc2= </pre>
----------------	---

Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

5.3 getTimeSetting

ActionEvent: getTimeSetting

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/time.cgi?action= get
Response	type= enableDST= timezoneID= manual.year= manual.month= manual.day= manual.hour= manual.minute= manual.second= enableDST= timezoneID= ntp.ntpServerLoc1= ntp.ntpServerLoc2=
Comment	
Method	GET

5.4 setSyslogSetting

ActionEvent: setSyslogSetting

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/syslog.cgi action= set localLogLevel= useRemoteLog= addressingFormatType= remoteServerAddress= remoteServerPort=
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

5.5 getSyslogSetting

ActionEvent: getSyslogSetting

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/syslog.cgi?action= get
Response	localLogLevel= useRemoteLog= addressingFormatType= remoteServerAddress= remoteServerPort=
Comment	
Method	GET

5.6 getSyslogFile

ActionEvent: getSyslogFile

Request	http://<IP>/syslog.dump
Response	Content of syslog.
Comment	
Method	GET

5.7 syslogClear

ActionEvent: syslogClear

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/syslog.cgi?action=clear
Response	
Comment	Clear syslog.
Method	GET

ActionEvent: getSystemStatus

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/systemStatus.cgi?action=get
Response	
Comment	
Method	GET



Admin API

Admin API enables applications to perform administrative tasks on the IPCAM unit. The tasks include add/delete users, upgrade firmware, etc.

Data structures

Data Structure	Description
SUserSetting	Setting for a user account
SUserSetSetting	All user accounts
SHTTPSetting	HTTP setting
SHTTPSSetting	HTTPS setting

ActionEvents

ActionEvent	Description
addUser	Add a user to the system
deleteUser	Delete a user from the system
updateUser	Update the account of user <username>
getUsers	Get all user accounts
setHTTP	Set HTTP setting
setHTTP/HTTPS	Set HTTP/HTTPS in one request.
getHTTP	Get HTTP setting
setHTTPS	Set HTTPS setting
getHTTPS	Get HTTPS setting
resetToDefault	Reset the IPCamera setting to factory default.
upgradeFirmware	Upgrade firmware
Reboot	Reboot the system.
importConfigFile	This function is used to upload configuration to the device.
exportConfigFile	This function is used to get the configuration from the device.
setPWDComplexity	Set password Complexity.
getPWDComplexity	Get password Complexity.

```
enum UserPrivilegeType {
    USER_PRIVILEGE_VIEW=0,
    USER_PRIVILEGE_ADMIN,
    USER_PRIVILEGE_REMOTE_VIEW,
};

/* SUserSetting */
typedef struct _userSetting {
    int index;
    char username[30]; // Unique key.
    char password[30];
    int privilege; // Administration, Viewer
} SUserSetting;
\
/* SUserSetSetting */
typedef struct _userSetList {
    int size;
    SUserSetting users[10];
} SUserSetList;

typedef struct _userSetSetting {
    SUserSetList userList;
} SUserSetSetting;

enum ProtocolMode{
    PROTOCOL_HTTP=0,
    PROTOCOL_HTTPS,
    PROTOCOL_HTTP_HTTPS
};

/* SHTTPSetting */
typedef struct _HTTPSetting {
    int enabled;
    int port;
} SHTTPSetting;

/* SHTTPSSetting */
typedef struct _HTTPSSetting {
    int enabled;
    int port;
} SHTTPSSetting;

typedef struct _FWUPGRADE{
    char filename[64];
    int status;
} SFWUPGRADE;

typedef struct _ConfigFile{
```



```
char filename[64];
} SConfigFile;

/* SComplexityPWDSetting */
typedef struct _SSComplexityPWDSetting {
    int pwdRule1Enabled;
    int pwdRule2Enabled;
    int pwdRule3Enabled;
}SComplexityPWDSetting;
```

6.1 addUser

ActionEvent: addUser

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/users.cgi action= add index= username=<username> password=<password> privilege=<privilege>
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

6.2 deleteUser

ActionEvent: deleteUser

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/users.cgi action= delete username=<username>
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

6.3 getUsers

ActionEvent: getUsers

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/users.cgi?action= getUsers
Response	Size= User1.index= User1.username= User1.password= User1.privilege= ... User2.username= User2.password= User2.privilege=
Comment	
Method	GET

6.4 updateUser

ActionEvent: updateUser

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/users.cgi action= update index= username=<xxxx> password= privilege=
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

6.5 setHTTP

ActionEvent: setHTTP

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/http.cgi action= set enabled= port=
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

6.6 setHTTP/HTTPS

ActionEvent: setHTTP/HTTPS

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/http.cgi action= setAll enabled= port= httpsEnabled= httpsPort=
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

6.7 getHTTP

ActionEvent: getHTTP

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/http.cgi?action= get
Response	enabled= port=
Comment	
Method	GET

6.8 setHTTPS

ActionEvent: setHTTPS

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/https.cgi action= set enabled= port=
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

6.9 getHTTPS

ActionEvent: getHTTPS

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/https.cgi?action= get
Response	enabled= port=
Comment	
Method	GET

6.10 resetToDefault

ActionEvent: resetToDefault

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/reset.cgi?action= reset
Response	
Comment	Reset all settings to factory default
Method	GET

6.11 upgradeFirmware

ActionEvent: upgradeFirmware

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/upgradeFirmware.cgi action= upgrade Followed by the IPCam firmware
Response	
Comment	Upgrade the system firmware upon this request
Method	POST

6.12 reboot

ActionEvent: reboot

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/reboot.cgi?action= reboot
Response	
Comment	Reboot the system
Method	GET/POST

6.13 importConfigFile

ActionEvent: importConfigFile

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/ConfigFile.cgi action= set filename =
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

6.14 exportConfigFile

ActionEvent: exportConfigFile

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/ConfigFile.cgi?action= get
Response	
Comment	
Method	get

6.15 setPWDComplexity

ActionEvent: setPWDComplexity

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/complexity.cgi action= set pwdRule1Enabled = pwdRule2Enabled = pwdRule3Enabled =
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

6.16 getPWDComplexity

ActionEvent: getPWDComplexity

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/complexity.cgi?action= get
Response	pwdRule1Enabled = pwdRule2Enabled = pwdRule3Enabled =
Comment	
Method	GET

Capability API (TBD)

ActionEvents

ActionEvent	Description
getCapability	Get camera Capability .

7.1 getCapability

ActionEvent: getCapability

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/ Capability .cgi?action= get
Response	<p>Streaming.VideoCodec.size=2 Streaming.VideoCodec1=h264 Streaming.VideoCodec2=mjpeg</p> <p>Streaming.name1=h264 Streaming.name1.resolution.size=3 Streaming.name1.resolutionWidth1=320 Streaming.name1.resolutionHeight1=192 Streaming.name1.resolutionWidth2=640 Streaming.name1.resolutionHeight2=400 Streaming.name1.resolutionWidth3=1280 Streaming.name1.resolutionHeight3=800</p> <p>Streaming.name2=mjpeg Streaming.name2.resolution.size=3 Streaming.name2.resolutionWidth1=320 Streaming.name2.resolutionHeight1=192 Streaming.name2.resolutionWidth2=640 Streaming.name2.resolutionHeight2=400 Streaming.name2.resolutionWidth3=1280 Streaming.name2.resolutionHeight3=800</p> <p>Audio.codec.size=3 Audio.codec1=PCMA Audio.codec2=PCMU Audio.codec3=G.726</p> <p>Network.Type.size=2 Network.Type1=Wire Network.Type2=Wireless</p>
Comment	
Method	GET

Motion detection API

Motion detection API allows applications to

- 1) set/get the motion detection setting

Data structures

Data Structure	Description
SMotionDetectionSetting	Basic motion detection setting.
SMDList	List of detection channels.
SChannelMotionDetection	Keep the information of detection channels.
SMDRegionList	List of detection regions.
SMDRegion	Keep the information of detection regions.

```
/* SMotionDetection */
// Upper left coordinte (x,y), bottom right coordinate (x1, y1)
typedef struct _MDRegionEntry {
    int enabled;
    int sensitivity; // 1-100. (low->high)
    int threshold; // 1-100. (low->high)
    int x;
    int y;
    int x1;
    int y1;
} SMDRegionEntry;

/*SMDRegionList*/
typedef struct _MDRegionList {
    int size;
    SMDRegionEntry regionEntry[5];
}SMDRegionList;

typedef struct _MDEntry {
    int enabled;
    int channelIndex; //match stream channel index , (Unique) 0: reserved. 1+: valid
index
    int detectionInterval; // The time interval to carry out another MD after previous
one.
    SMDRegionList MDRLList;
} SMDEntry;

typedef struct _MDList {
    int size;
    SMDEntry MDEntry[5];//match stream
}SMDList;
```

```
typedef struct _MotionDetectionSetting {
    SMDList MDList;
}SMotionDetectionSetting;
```

ActionEvents

ActionEvent	Description
setMotionDetection	Set motion detection setting
getMotionDetection	Get motion detection setting
getMotionDetections	Get all motion detections setting

8.1 setMotionDetection

ActionEvent: setMotionDetection

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/motiondetection.cgi action= set enabled=1 channelIndex detectionInterval= region1.enabled= region1.sensitivity= region1.threshold= region1.x= region1.y= region1.x1= region1.y1= region2.enabled= region2.sensitivity= region2.threshold= region2.x= region2.y= region2.x1= region2.y1= region3.enabled= region3.sensitivity= region3.threshold=
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

8.2 getMotionDetection

ActionEvent: getMotionDetection

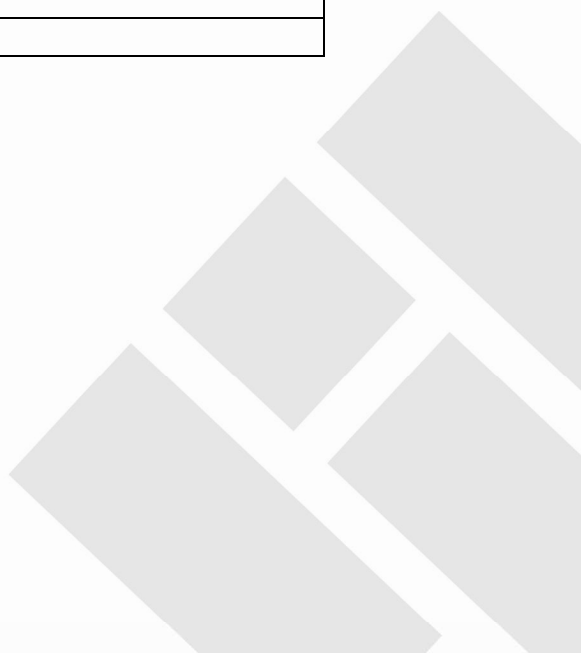
Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/motiondetection.cgi?action= getMD &index=<index>
Response	enabled=1 detectionInterval= region.size region1.enabled= region1.sensitivity= region1.threshold= region1.x= region1.y= region1.x1= region1.y1= region2.enabled= region2.sensitivity= region2.threshold= region2.x= region2.y= region2.x1= region2.y1= region3.enabled= region3.sensitivity= region3.threshold=
Comment	
Method	GET



8.3 getMotionDetections

ActionEvent: getMotionDetections

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/ motiondetection.cgi?action= get
Response	<pre> size= MD1.enabled=1 MD1.channelIndex MD1.detectionInterval= MD1.region.size MD1.region1.enabled= MD1.region1.sensitivity= MD1.region1.threshold= MD1.region1.x= MD1.region1.y= MD1.region1.x1= MD1.region1.y1= MD1.region2.enabled= MD1.region2.sensitivity= MD1.region2.threshold= MD1.region2.x= MD1.region2.y= MD1.region2.x1= MD1.region2.y1= MD1.region3.enabled= MD1.region3.sensitivity= MD1.region3.threshold= MD1.region3.x= MD1.region3.y= MD1.region3.x1= MD1.region3.y1= </pre>
Comment	
Method	GET



Event API

Event API allows applications to

- 1) set/get the event setting
- 2) set/get the notification setting

Data structures

Data Structure	Description
SEventPolicySetting	General setting for events.
SEventRuleSettingList	List of event rules.
SEventRuleSetting	Details the setting of each event.
SEventScheduleSetting	Set up the schedule for triggering events
SEmailSetting	Details the setting of email.
SMailingServerList	List of email servers.
SMailingServer	Details the email servers.
SFTPSetting	Details the setting of ftp.
SFTPServerList	List of ftp servers.
SFTPServer	Details the ftp servers.
SMediaInfo	Specify the format of media.
SambaServer	Details the samba servers.

```
enum _eventScheduleType {  
    EVENT_SCHEDULE_ALWAYS=0,  
    EVENT_SCHEDULE_WEEKLY=1, // TODO: TBD.  
    EVENT_SCHEDULE_NEVER=2,  
};
```

```
typedef struct _eventScheduleSetting {  
    int type; /* type of schedule */  
    char time[128];
```

```
/*
```

```
Weekly schedule:
```

```
Mon:0900-1700,Tue:0900-1700,Wed:0900-1700,Thu:0900-1700,Fri:0900-1700,Sat:0900-1700,Sun:0900-1700
```

```
*/
```

```
} SEventScheduleSetting;
```

```
#define ACTION_NAME_FTP "ftp"  
#define ACTION_NAME_EMAIL "smtp"  
#define ACTION_NAME_SAMBA "samba"
```

```
typedef struct _eventRuleSetting {  
    int index; //unique id  
    int enabled;  
    char name[10];  
    unsigned int eventID; /* type of event */  
    SEventScheduleSetting sched;
```

```
char actions[128];          /* list of references to action names separated by comma
'; */
} SEventRuleSetting;

typedef struct _eventRuleSettingList {
    int size;
    SEventRuleSetting rule[10];
} SEventRuleSettingList;

typedef struct _eventPolicySetting {
    SEventRuleSettingList ruleList;
} SEventPolicySetting;

enum AuthMOde{
    PLAIN=0,
    LOGIN=1,
    LOGIN_TLS=2
};

typedef struct _mailingServer {
    unsigned int authenticationMode;// => enum { PLAIN , LOGIN , TLS_LOGIN }
    unsigned int portNo; //=> 25
    unsigned char smtpServerHostName[64]; //=> smtp.gmail.com
    unsigned char accountName[64]; //=> XXXXXX
    unsigned char password[64]; //=> XXXXXX
} SMailingServer;

/* SEmailSetting */
typedef struct _emailSetting {
    unsigned char senderAddress[64]; //=> XXX@gmail.com
    unsigned char receiverAddress1[64]; //=> XXX@brickcom.com.tw // if NULL, disable
    unsigned char receiverAddress2[64]; //=> YYY@brickcom.com.tw // if NULL, disable
    unsigned char senderName[64]; //=> IPCAM
    unsigned char subject[64]; //=> "IPCAM Alert"
    unsigned int attachedVideoURLEnabled; //=> 0/1
    unsigned int attachedSnapshotEnabled; //=> 0/1
    unsigned int attachedVideoClipEnabled; //=> 0/1
    SMailingServer primary;
    SMailingServer secondary;
} SEmailSetting;

/* SFTPServer */
typedef struct _ftpServer {
    unsigned int addressType;
    unsigned char hostname[64];
    unsigned char ipAddress[32];
    unsigned char ipv6Address[48];
    unsigned int portNo;
```

```
    unsigned char accountName[64];
    unsigned char password[64];
    unsigned int passiveModeEnabled;
} SFTPServer;

/* SFTPSetting */
typedef struct _ftpSetting {
    unsigned int uploadSnapShotEnabled;
    unsigned int uploadVideoClipEnabled;
    SFTPServer primary;
    SFTPServer secondary;
} SFTPSetting;

/* SAlarmMedialInfo */
typedef struct _medialInfo {
    unsigned int snapShotEnabled;
    unsigned int videoClipEnabled;
    unsigned int preAlarmInterval;
    unsigned int postAlarmInterval;
} SAlarmMedialInfo;

enum EVENT_TYPE_DATA {
    EVENT_NONE,
    EVENT_MD,
    EVENT_IO,
    EVENT_NETWORK,
    EVENT_RESOURCE,
    EVENT_DAEMON,
};

enum NOTIFICATION_METHOD_DATA{
    NOTIFICATION_NONE,
    NOTIFICATION_FTP,
    NOTIFICATION_MAIL,
    NOTIFICATION_SAMBA,
};

enum NOTIFICATION_RECURRENCE_DATA{
    RECURRENCE_START,
    RECURRENCE_START_AND_END,
    RECURRENCE,
};

typedef struct _SambaServer {
    unsigned char HostDns[32];
    unsigned char IpAddress[32];
    unsigned char Ipv6Address[48];
    unsigned char UserName[16];
    unsigned char Password[16];
    unsigned int AddressType;
    unsigned char Preserve[12];
};
```

```
    unsigned char workGroup[32];
    unsigned char shareDIR[32];
} SambaServer;

//////////
// Event notification //
//////////

/* Event subscription */
enum _eventTransportMode {
    EVENT_TRANSPORT_MODE_PUSH=0,
    EVENT_TRANSPORT_MODE_PULL=1,
};

/* Event transport type */
enum _eventTransportProtocol {
    EVENT_TRANSPORT_PROTOCOL_RESERVED=0,
    EVENT_TRANSPORT_PROTOCOL_UDP=1,
    EVENT_TRANSPORT_PROTOCOL_TCP=2,
    EVENT_TRANSPORT_PROTOCOL_HTTP=3,
};

enum _eventTransportDataFormat {
    EVENT_TRANSPORT_DATA_FORMAT_BINARY=0,
    EVENT_TRANSPORT_DATA_FORMAT_TEXT=1,
    EVENT_TRANSPORT_DATA_FORMAT_XML=2,
};

typedef struct _eventTransportSetting {
    int mode;          /* Binary (host byte order) or text */
    int protocol;     /* UDP, TCP, HTTP */
    int dataFormat;
    char destIPv4Address[16];
    unsigned short destPort;
} SEventTransportSetting;

typedef struct _eventSubscriptionSetting {
    unsigned int id;      /* Subscription ID (unique across system) */
    unsigned int leaseTime; /* 0: always active, lease time in second */
                        /* TODO: How to represent time.. */
    SEventTransportSetting transport;
} SEventSubscriptionSetting;

typedef struct _eventSubscriptionSettingList {
    int size;
    SEventSubscriptionSetting subscription[10];
} SEventSubscriptionSettingList;
```

ActionEvent	Description
setEventSetting	Set event setting
getEventPolicy	Get event policy
getEventRule	Get event rule
addEventSetting	Add event setting
updateEventSetting	Update event setting
removeEventSetting	Remove event setting
setEmailSetting	Set Email setting
getEmailSetting	Get Email setting
setFTPSetting	Set FTP setting
getFTPSetting	Get FTP setting
setAlarmMediaInfo	Set alarm media info
getAlarmMediaInfo	Get alarm media info
setSamba	Set samba server setting.
getSamba	Get samba server setting.

9.1 setEventSetting

ActionEvent: setEventSetting

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/event.cgi action= setEventSetting R1index= R1enabled= R1name= R1eventID= R1sched.type= R1sched.time= R1actions= R2index=... ...
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

9.2 addEventSetting

ActionEvent: addEventSetting

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/event.cgi action= addEventSetting index= enabled= name= eventID= sched.type= sched.time= actions=
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

9.3 updateEventSetting

ActionEvent: updateEventSetting

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/event.cgi action= updateEventSetting index= enabled= name= eventID= sched.type= sched.time= actions=
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

9.4 removeEventSetting

ActionEvent: removeEventSetting

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/event.cgi action= removeEventSetting index=
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

9.5 getEventPolicy

ActionEvent: getEventPolicy

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/event.cgi?action= getEventPolicy
Response	size= R1index= R1enabled= R1name= R1eventID= R1sched.type= R1sched.time= R1actions= R2index=...
Comment	
Method	GET

9.6 getEventRule

ActionEvent: getEventRule

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/event.cgi?action= getEventRule
Response	index=0 enabled=0 name= eventID=0 sched.type=0 sched.time= actions=
Comment	
Method	GET

9.7 setEmailSetting

ActionEvent: setEmailSetting

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/event.cgi action= setEmailSetting senderAddress= receiverAddress1= receiverAddress2= senderName= subject= attachedVideoURLEnabled= attachedSnapshotEnabled= attachedVideoClipEnabled= authenticationMode1= port1= smtpServerHostName1 accountName1= password1= authenticationMode2= port2= smtpServerHostName2= accountName2= password2=
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

9.8 getEmailSetting

ActionEvent: getEmailSetting

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/event.cgi?action= getEmailSetting
Response	senderAddress= receiverAddress1= receiverAddress2= senderName= subject= attachedVideoURLEnabled= attachedSnapshotEnabled= attachedVideoClipEnabled= authenticationMode1= port1= smtpServerHostName1 accountName1= password1= authenticationMode2= port2= smtpServerHostName2= accountName2= password2=
Comment	
Method	GET

9.9 setFTPSetting

ActionEvent: setFTPSetting

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/event.cgi action= setFTPSetting uploadSnapShotEnabled= uploadVideoClipEnabled= addressType1= hostName1= ipAddress1= ipv6Address1= port1= accountName1= password1= passiveMode1= addressType2= hostName2= ipAddress2= ipv6Address2= port2= accountName2= password2= passiveMode2=
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

9.10 getFTPSetting

ActionEvent: getFTPSetting

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/event.cgi?action= getFTPSetting
Response	uploadSnapShotEnabled= uploadVideoClipEnabled= addressType1= hostName1= ipAddress1= ipv6Address1= port1= accountName1= password1= passiveMode1= addressType2= hostName2= ipAddress2= ipv6Address2= port2= accountName2= password2= passiveMode2=
Comment	
Method	GET

9.11 setAlarmMedialInfo

ActionEvent: setAlarmMedialInfo

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/event.cgi action= setAlarmMedialInfo snapShotEnabled = videoClipEnabled = timeBeforeEvent= timeAfterEvent=
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

9.12 getAlarmMedialInfo

ActionEvent: getAlarmMedialInfo

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/event.cgi?action= getAlarmMedialInfo
Response	snapShotEnabled = videoClipEnabled = timeBeforeEvent= timeAfterEvent=
Comment	
Method	GET

9.13 setSamba

ActionEvent: setSamba

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/event.cgi action= setSamba hostDns= IpAddress= Ipv6Address= UserName= Password= workgroup= shareDIR= addressTyep= Preserve=
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

9.14 getSamba

ActionEvent: getSamba

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/event.cgi?action= getSamba
Response	addressType= hostDns= ipAddress= ipv6Address= userName= password= preserve= shareDIR= workGroup=
Comment	
Method	GET

I/O Control API

I/O Control API allows applications to

- 1) set/get the GPIO setting

Data structures

Data Structure	Description
SGPIO	General I/O setting.

```

/*GOPI */
enum{
    GPIO_DIR_IN,
    GPIO_DIR_OUT,
};
enum{
    GPIO_STATUS_LOW,
    GPIO_STATUS_HIGH,
};
    
```

ActionEvents

ActionEvent	Description
setGPIOSetting	Set GPIO setting
getGPIOSetting	Get GPIO setting
getGPIOStatus	Get GPIO status

10.1 setGPIOSetting

ActionEvent: setGPIOSetting

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/gpio.cgi
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

10.2 getGPIOSetting

ActionEvent: getGPIOSetting

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/event.cgi?action= get
Response	
Comment	
Method	GET

10.3 getGPIOStatus

ActionEvent: getGPIOStatus

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/event.cgi?action= getStatus
Response	
Comment	
Method	GET



MSN API

MSN API allows applications to

- 1) set/get the IP Camera MSNBot setting

Data structures

Data Structure	Description
SMsnbot	Details the setting of MSNBot.
SMsnBuddyList	List of msn buddy.
MsnBuddy	Details the buddy information.

```
/*MSNbot */
typedef struct _MsnBuddy{
    int enabled;
    char account[128];           //msn account
    int isNotifiedAcnt;        //0:no 1:yes
}MsnBuddy;

/*SMsnBuddyList */
typedef struct _MsnBuddyList    {
    int size;
    MsnBuddy buddy[5];
}SMsnBuddyList;

typedef struct _msnbotSetting{
    char account[128];
    char passwd[128];
    char msnOpPasswd[128];
    char friendlyName[128];
    int webcamEnabled;          //0:disable 1:enable
    int alarmNotifyEnabled;     //0:disable 1:enable
    SMsnBuddyList bList;
}SMsnbot;
```

ActionEvents

ActionEvent	Description
setMSNBot	Set MSNBot setting
getMSNBot	Get MSNBot setting

11.1 setMSNBot

ActionEvent: setMSNBot

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/msn.cgi action=set account= passwd= msnOpPasswd= friendlyName= buddy0.enabled= buddy0.account= buddy0.isNotifiedAcnt= buddy1.enabled= buddy1.account= buddy1.isNotifiedAcnt= buddy2.enabled= buddy2.account= buddy2.isNotifiedAcnt= buddy3.enabled= buddy3.account= buddy3.isNotifiedAcnt= buddy4.enabled= buddy4.account= buddy4.isNotifiedAcnt= webcamEnabled= alarmNotifyEnabled=
Response	
Comment	
Method	POST

11.2 getMSNBot

ActionEvent: getMSNBot

Request	http://<IP>/cgi-bin/msn.cgi?action= get
Response	account= passwd= msnOpPasswd= friendlyName= buddy0.enabled= buddy0.account= buddy0.isNotifiedAcnt= buddy1.enabled= buddy1.account= buddy1.isNotifiedAcnt= buddy2.enabled= buddy2.account= buddy2.isNotifiedAcnt= buddy3.enabled= buddy3.account= buddy3.isNotifiedAcnt= buddy4.enabled= buddy4.account= buddy4.isNotifiedAcnt= webcamEnabled= alarmNotifyEnabled=
Comment	
Method	GET